

Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions.
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid strong oxidizing agents
Conditions of Reactivity:	Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Fuels, Diesel, No. 2	LD50 Dermal: Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral: Rat: > 9000 mg/kg
Routes of Exposure:	Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.
Irritancy:	This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin sensitizer.
Acute Toxicity:	Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.
Chronic Effects:	Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression.
Pre-existing Conditions:	Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Mistle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability:	Not readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulation:	Potential for bioaccumulation
Partition Coefficient (log K_{ow}):	Not available

Aquatic Toxicity

May be harmful to aquatic life.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Fuels, Diesel, No. 2	EL50 - growth rate: Algae (72hr): 10 - 100 mg/L EL50: Daphnia Magna (48hr): 10 - 100 mg/L LL50 (WAF method): Rainbow Trout (96hr): 10 - 100 mg/L

Definition(s): LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.
WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licensed waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on site. Incinerate at a licensed waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number	UN1202
Proper Shipping Name	DIESEL FUEL
Hazard Class	Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Packing Group	PG-II
Additional Information	Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.
Shipping Description	DIESEL FUEL Class 3 UN1202 PG II Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

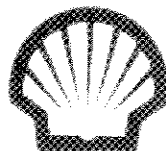
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the *MSDS* contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:	Class B3 - Combustible Liquid Class D2B - Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant
DSL/NDSL Status:	This product, or its components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act
Other Regulatory Status:	No Canadian federal standards

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HAZARD STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement :	Combustible Liquid. Irritating to skin.
Handling Statement:	Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.
First Aid Statement :	Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Flush eyes with water. If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.
Revisions:	This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section 1 Section 3 Section 5 Section 8 Section 9 Section 12



Shell Canada Limited

Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2005-08-15

Supersedes: 2002-08-14



Class 53: Combustible Liquid
Class 02B: Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: SHELL JET A-1 WITH AIA
SYNONYMS: Aviation Turbine Fuel (Kerosene Type)
 May contain anti-icing additive (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)
PRODUCT USE: Fuel Solvent
MSDS Number: 142-017

MANUFACTURER
 Shell Canada Limited
 P.O. Box 100, Station M
 400-4th Ave. S.W.
 Calgary, AB, Canada
 T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS
 Shell Emergency Number: 1-800-861-7378
CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 613-996-6006
 For general information: 1-800-661-1600
 For MSDS information: 403-691-3082
 (From 7:00 to 4:30 Mountain Time) 403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Kerosene (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	64742-61-0	50-100	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid, Bright Clear, Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.
Hazards:

(Combustible Liquid)
 Irritating to skin.
 Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.
 Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small quantities may result in aspiration pneumonia.
 Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages.
Handling: Eliminate all ignition sources.
 Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.
 Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.
 Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.
 Empty containers are hazardous: may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 1.1

4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Skin: Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
 Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.
Inhalation: Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.
Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonia. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide
 Foam
 Dry Chemical
 Water Fog
Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread fire. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous Combustion Products: A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain liquid spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours, contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand. Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene. Combustible.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapour (skin): 200 mg/m³ (Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation: Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Concentrations in air should be maintained below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face. If product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

Skin Protection: Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection: Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH approved supplied-air respirator.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:	Liquid
Appearance:	Bright Clear
Odour:	Hydrocarbon Odour
Odour Threshold:	Not available
Freezing/Pour Point:	Freeze Point: $< -47^{\circ}\text{C}$
Boiling Point:	$146 - 300^{\circ}\text{C}$
Density:	$775 - 840 \text{ kg/m}^3$ @ 15°C
Vapour Density (Air = 1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure (absolute):	$1 - 1.4 \text{ kPa}$ @ 37.8°C
pH:	Not available
Flash Point:	Tag Closed Cup $> 43^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lower Explosion Limit:	0.7% (vol.)
Upper Explosion Limit:	5% (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature:	210°C
Viscosity:	$< 8 \text{ cSt}$ @ -20°C
Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):	Not available
Partition Coefficient (log K_{ow}):	$3.3 - 9$
Water Solubility:	Insoluble
Other Solvents:	Hydrocarbon Solvents

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:	Yes
Hazardous Polymerization:	No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:	No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:	Yes
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions.
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions of Reactivity:

Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Kerosene (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
Routes of Exposure:	Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.
Irritancy:	This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin sensitizer.
Chronic Effects:	Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression.
Pre-existing Conditions:	Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Mistle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability:	Not readily biodegradable. Rapid volatilization
Bioaccumulation:	Potential for bioaccumulation
Partition Coefficient (log K _{OW}):	3.3 - 6

Aquatic Toxicity

Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Kerosene	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L
(Petroleum),	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L
Hydrodesulfurized	EL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L

Definition(s): LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licensed waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licensed waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number	UN1983
Proper Shipping Name	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE
Hazard Class	Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Packing Group	PG II
Additional Information	Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres
Shipping Description	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, Class 3 UN1983 PG II Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:	Class B3 - Combustible Liquid Class D2B - Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant
DSL/NDSL Status:	This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
Other Regulatory Status:	No Canadian federal standards.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement : Combustible Liquid
Irritating to skin

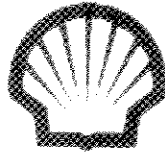
Handling Statement: Eliminate all ignition sources
Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours
Wear suitable gloves and eye protection
Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.
Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts
liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water
Flush eyes with water.
If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air
Do not induce vomiting.
Obtain medical attention

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.
Changes have been made to
Section 3
Section 4
Section 5
Section 7
Section 8
Section 9
Section 12
Section 14

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

211-001*
Revision Number: 5



Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2005-07-26

Supersedes: 2002-05-14



Class 92: Flammable
Liquid



Class D2A: Other Toxic
Effects - Carcinogen



Class D2B: Other Toxic
Effects - Eye Irritant

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

SYNONYMS: Automotive Fuel
Petrol

PRODUCT USE: Fuel

MSDS Number: 211-001

MANUFACTURER

Shell Canada Limited
P.O. Box 100, Station M
400-4th Ave. S.W.
Calgary, AB, Canada
T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Shell Emergency Number: 1-800-881-7378
CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER: 613-998-6626

For general information: 1-800-881-1500
For MSDS information: 403-681-3982
(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time) 403-681-2225

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Gasoline	88200-81-6	> 90	Yes
Ethyl Acetate	84-17-5	0-10	Yes
Benzene	71-43-2	< 1.0	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid, Clear, Typical Gasoline Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

211 001
Revision Number: 5

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, and anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid

Irritating to eyes

May cause cancer

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus; run lungs as small quantities may result in aspiration pneumonia.

May be absorbed by skin contact. Prolonged immersion in liquid may lead to chemical burns.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

4. FIRST AID

Eyes:

Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin:

Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

Inhalation:

Remove victim from further exposure and initiate breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.

Notes to Physician:

The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonia. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media:

Dry Chemical
Carbon Dioxide
Foam
Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions:

Extremely flammable. Do not use water except as a fog. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain (and spills): contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours, contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand. Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Extremely flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not use as a cleaning solvent. Never siphon by mouth. Empty containers are hazardous: may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Protect against physical damage to containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)

Ethanol: 1000 ppm

Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation: Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection:	Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.
Skin Protection:	Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.
Respiratory Protection:	Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For limited time exposures (< 1 hour) exceeding the OEL, use an organic vapour cartridge. For longer exposures or high concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:	Liquid
Appearance:	Clear
Odour:	Typical Gasoline Odour
Odour Threshold:	< 0.25 ppm
Freezing/Pour Point:	Not available
Boiling Point:	35 - 220 °C
Density:	720 - 760 kg/m ³ @ 15 °C
Vapour Density (Air = 1):	3.6
Vapour Pressure (absolute):	< 107 kPa @ 38 °C
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	0.74
pH:	Not applicable
Flash Point:	Tag Closed Cup: 30 °C
Lower Explosion Limit:	1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Explosion Limit:	7.6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature:	280 °C
Viscosity:	< 1 cSt @ 38 °C
Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):	Not available
Partition Coefficient (log K_{ow}):	2.3
Water Solubility:	insoluble
Other Solvents:	Hydrocarbon Solvents
Formula:	C ₄ - C ₁₁

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:	Yes
Hazardous Polymerization:	No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:	No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:	Yes
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.
Conditions of Reactivity:	Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

211-001
Revision Number: 5

Ethyl Alcohol	LD50 Dermal Rabbit = 20000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse = 3450 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 21000 ppm for 10 hours LD50 Oral Rat = 7080 mg/kg
Benzene	LC50 Inhalation Rat = 13700 ppm for 4 hours LD50 Oral Rat = 930 - 5600 mg/kg

Routes of Exposure:	Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation
Irritancy:	Based on the ingredients, this product would be expected to be irritating to the eyes.
Acute Toxicity:	Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.
Chronic Effects:	Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions.
Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:	According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

Biodegradability:	Not readily biodegradable. Rapid volatilization.
Bioaccumulation:	Potential for bioaccumulation.
Partition Coefficient (log K _{ow}):	2.3

Aquatic Toxicity

May be harmful to aquatic life.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	EL60 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L
Ethyl Alcohol	
Benzene	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licensed waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licensed waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number	UN1203
Proper Shipping Name	GASOLINE
Hazard Class	Class 3 Flammable Liquids
Packing Group	PG II
Additional information	Marine Pollutant
Shipping Description	GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II Marine Pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:	Class B2 - Flammable Liquid Class D2A - Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen Class D2B - Other Toxic Effects - Eye Irritant
DSL/NDSL Status:	This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.
Other Regulatory Status:	No Canadian federal standards.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement:	Flammable Liquid. Irritating to eyes. May cause cancer.
Handling Statement:	Eliminate all ignition sources. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Empty containers are hazardous. May contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

211-001
Revision Number: 6

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.
Flush eyes with water.
If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.
Do not induce vomiting.
Obtain medical attention.

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.
A WHMIS class has been added in this MSDS.
The ingredients have changed. Other information may also be affected by that change.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product: DIPSOL

MAGNUS CHEMICALS LIMITED
1271 AMPERE
BOUCHERVILLE, QUEBEC, J4B 5Z5

EMERGENCY PHONE: 450-655-1344 FAX: 450-655-5428 (8:30 to 16:30)
(613) 996-6666 (CANUTEC)

1- PRODUCT INFORMATION:

Product Manufacturer: MAGNUS CHEMICALS LIMITED
Product Identifier: Dipsol
Product Use: General use solvent for light paint-brush degreasing.

2- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

MATERIAL or COMPOUND:	C.A.S. No.:	PERCENT: W/W	THRESHOLD LIMIT		LD50 oral, rat
			VALUE (TLV)	PPM: mg/m3	
Aliphatic naphtha	NAV	60-100	200	1250	NAV
Aromatic hydrocarbon	64742-94-5	15-40	100	550	> 500 mg/kg
NAP: Not Applicable, NAV: Not Available					

3- PHYSICAL DATA:

Physical State: Liquid.
Appearance and Odor: Clear colorless liquid, citrus odor.
Odour Threshold: Not available.
Specific Gravity: 0.813
Vapor Pressure: 0.5 kpa at 38oC
Vapor Density: 4.7-5.4 (air=1)
Evaporation Rate: 0.04 (butyl acetate= 1)
Boiling Point: 182 to 210oC
Freezing Point: Not applicable.
pH: Not applicable.
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution: .. Not available.
Percent Volatile: 100%
Solubility in Water: Negligible.

4- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Conditions of Flammability: Temperature above flash point.
Extinguishing Media: CO2, dry chemical, foam.
Flash Point and Method: 60oC TCC
Flammable Limits - UEL: 6.0
Flammable Limits - LEL: 0.9
Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not available.
Hazardous Combustion Product: Carbon monoxide.
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact / Static Discharge: Ground the container.
Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: None known.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product: DIPSOL

5- REACTIVITY DATA

Stability, If Not, Under Which Condition: Stable.
 Incompatibility - Materials to Avoid: ... Oxidizer.
 Hazardous Polymerization: ... Will not occur.
 Corrosion: ... None known.
 Hazardous Decomposition Products: ... Not available.

6- PREVENTIVE MEASURES

Environmental Data: ... Not available.
 Handling: ... Practice good industrial hygiene when handling this product.
 Personal Protective Equipment:
 Eye Protection: ... Safety glasses.
 Hand Protection: ... Neoprene, gauntlet type.
 Respiratory Protective Equipment: .. When TLV is exceeded, an approved respirator is advised.
 Other Protective Equipment: ... Determined by the application.
 Recommended Disposal: ... Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regulations.
 Spill Response: ... Extinguish all ignition sources, Absorb with a commercial absorbent, Ventilate the area.
 Storage Requirements: ... Store in a well ventilated area, away from ignition source.
 Ventilation Requirements: ... Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions below the TLV.

7- TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

ROUTE OF ENTRY: ... Eyes and skin contact. Inhalation.

7.1 - EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE:

Eye Contact: ... Possibility of a light irritation.
 Skin Contact: ... Possibility of a light irritation.
 Inhalation: ... In high concentration, may cause irritation.
 Ingestion: ... Low toxicity.

7.2 - EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE:

Carcinogenicity: ... Not applicable.
 Reproductive Toxicity: ... Not applicable.
 Teratogenicity: ... Not applicable.
 Mutagenicity: ... Not applicable.
 Synergistic Product: ... Not available.
 Sensitization: ... Not available.

8- SUGGESTED FIRST AID

Eye Contact: ... Rinse with plenty of water during at least 15 minutes.
 Skin Contact: ... Wash with soap and water.
 Inhalation: ... Remove victim to fresh air.
 If Swallowed: ... Do not induce vomiting.
 Other First Aid: ... Contact a physician.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Product: DIPSOL

9- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

TDG Classification: Not-regulated.
WHMIS Classification: B3

10- PREPARATION INFORMATION

Preparation: MAGNUS Industrial Hygiene Department TEL: 450-655-1344
FAX: 450-655-5428

Code. : 018294

Date of Preparation: 11/06/2004

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within MAGNUS CHEMICALS LIMITED. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of MAGNUS CHEMICALS LIMITED, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

msds02/dipsola