

UMA Engineering Ltd.
2540 Kensington Road NW
Calgary, Alberta T2N 3S3
T 403.270.9200 F 403.270.0399 www.uma.aecom.com

February 5, 2007 Project No.: LFM (1.14)

Ms. Phyllis Beaulieu Manager of Licensing Nunavut Water Board P.O. Box 119 Gjoa Haven, NU X0B 1J0

Dear Ms. Beaulieu:

Re: Water Use License Application for FOX-4, Cape Hooper DEW Line Site

UMA Engineering Ltd. is submitting the enclosed Water Use Licence Application for the continuation of the landfill monitoring program at the former FOX-4, Cape Hooper DEW Line Site. The project was previously screened and approved by the NWB (1BR-FOX0406). The application is being submitted on behalf of Defence Construction Canada and the Department of National Defence.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 403-270-9220.

Sincerely,

UMA Engineering Ltd.

ha al

Eva Schulz, P.Ag.
Environmental Scientist
eschulz@umagroup.com

Encl: Water Use License Application

c.c. Nahed Farah, DCC



P.O. Box 119 GJOA HAVEN, NU XOB 1J0 TEL: (867) 360-6338 FAX: (867) 360-6369 KNK5 wmoEp5 vtmpq NUNAVUT IMALIRIYIN KATIMAYINGI NUNAVUT WATER BOARD OFFICE DES EAUX DU NUNAVUT

WATER LICENCE APPLICATION FORM

| Application for: (check one) | |
|--|--|
| ☐ New ☐ Renewal ☐ Amend | lment |
| LICENCE NO: (for NWB use only) | |
| 1. NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT/LICENSEE | 2. ADDRESS OF CORPORATE OFFICE IN CANADA (if applicable) |
| Nahed Farah, P.Eng Associate Project Manager | |
| Defence Construction Canada Ltd. Constitution Square, Suite 1720 | Phone: Fax: |
| 350 Albert Street Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0K3 | e-mail: |
| Phone: 613-998-7917 Fax: 613-998-0468 e-mail: Nahed.Farah@dcc-cdc.gc.ca | |
| as administered by: Eva Schulz, P.Ag., Environmental Scientist 2540 Kensington Road NW | |
| UMA Engineering Ltd. Calgary, Alberta T2N 3S3 | |
| Phone: <u>403-270-9220</u> Fax: <u>403-270-0399</u> e-mail: <u>Eva.Schulz@uma.aecom.com</u> | |
| 3. LOCATION OF UNDERTAKING (describe and components of the Undertaking) | l attach a topographical map, indicating the main |
| Latitude: (68°26' "N) Longitude: (66°44' "NTS Map Sheet No. <u>27B</u> Scale: <u>1:50,000</u> | 'W) |
| 4. DESCRIPTION OF UNDERTAKING (attach pl | ans and drawings) |
| The purpose of the project is to collect sufficient information geotechnical and environmental perspective. The landfill mount and chemical and thermal monitoring of landfills. | n to assess the performance of the landfills from a onitoring plan specifies the requirements for visual inspection, |
| 5. TYPE OF PRIMARY UNDERTAKING (A supplication for undertakings listed in "bold") | plementary questionnaire <u>must</u> be submitted with the |

| ☐ Industrial ☐ Mining and Milling(includes ☐ Municipal (includes camps/lo ☐ Power | | ☐ Agricultural ☐ Conservation ☐ Recreational ☐ Miscellaneous (describe below): |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Landfill monitoring, including the collection | n of soil and groun | ındwater samples. |
| See Schedule II of <i>Northwest Terr</i> 6. WATER USE | itories Waters Reg | egulations for Description of Undertakings |
| ☐ To obtain water ☐ To cross a watercourse ☐ To modify the bed or bank of a | | ☐ Flood control ☐ To divert a watercourse ☐ To alter the flow of , or store, water |
| | - | |
| 7. QUANTITY OF WATER INVO quality to be returned to source) | DLVED (cubic met | etres per day including both quantity to be used and |
| Water use ⊠ 100m³/day or less | ay; if greater, indic | icate quantities to be used for each purpose (camp, |
| Water returned to source $\underline{0}$ m ³ /day | | |
| 8. WASTE (for each type of waste of treatment and disposal, etc.) | lescribe: composition | tion, quantity (cubic metres per day), methods of |
| ☑ Sewage☑ Solid Waste☑ Hazardous☑ Bulky Items/Scrap Metal | ⊠ Grey □ Slud | aste oil eywater udges her describe): |
| | al stockpiles from e | ilet. Once the work at the site is completed, the pits will a excavation of the pits. Greywater will be deposited |
| 9. OTHER PERSONS OR PROPI address and location; attach if nec | | TED BY THIS UNDERTAKING (give name, mailing |
| Land Use Permit DIAND | ⊠ Yes □ No | No If no, date expected |
| Regional Inuit Association | ☐ Yes ⊠ No | No If no, date expected |
| Commissioner | ☐ Yes ☐ No | No If no, date expected |

| 10. | PREDICTED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF UNDERTAKING AND PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES (direct, indirect, cumulative impacts, etc.) | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| | NIRB Screening | Yes No If no, date | e expected | |
| 11. | INUIT WATER RI | IGHTS | | |
| | | ctivity substantially affect the quality ne rights of Inuit under Article 20 of t | | |
| | N/A | | | |
| | compensation for any | ant entered into an agreement with the yloss or damage that may be caused will compensation be determined? | | |
| N/A | CTORG | | | |
| 12. | | AND SUB-CONTRACTORS (nam | , | |
| | | se of this work has not yet been tende nd sub-contractors are not available a | | e names, addresses and |
| 13. A full en | | TAKEN TO DATE (list and attach of the site was completed in 1999. | | |
| 14. | | G DOCUMENTS <u>MUST</u> BE INCL ROCESS TO BEGIN | LUDED WITH THE APPLIC | ATION FOR THE |
| Supplen | nentary Questionnaire | e (where applicable: see section 5) | ☐ Yes ☐ No If no, date 6 | expected |
| Inuktitut | t and/or Inuinnaqtun/F | English Summary of Project | ☐ Yes ☐ No If no, date 6 | expected |
| Applicat | tion fee of \$30.00 (Pa | yee Receiver General for Canada) | ☐ Yes ☐ No If no, date 6 | expected |
| | | ess otherwise indicated in Section 9 | of the NWT Waters Regulation: | s; Payee Receiver |
| General | for Canada) | | ☐ Yes ☒ No If no, date | expected |
| 15. | | E SCHEDULE (unless otherwise ind | dicated, the NWB will consider | the application for |
| | a five (5) year term) | one year or less (or) | Multi Year | |
| | | Start Date: July 1, 2007Comp | oletion Date: <u>September 30, 202</u> | <u>.3</u> |
| Na | Eva Schulz ame (Print) | Environmental Scientist Title (Print) | Signature | February 5, 2007 Date |
| For Nun | navut Water Board offic | ce use only | | |
| APPLIC | CATION FEE | Amount: \$ Pay ID No. | <u>:</u> | |
| WATEI | R USE DEPOSIT | Amount: \$ Pay ID No. | : | |

Post-Construction Monitoring Program

INTRODUCTION

The following summary is being provided for the post-construction landfill monitoring program as described in the DND-NTI Environmental Cooperation Agreement for the former FOX-4, Cape Hooper DEW Line site. Information on both the development and review process for the program, as well as the specific components of the program are included.

BACKGROUND

The Department of National Defence (DND), in cooperation with Nunavut Tunngavik Incorporated (NTI), developed a landfill monitoring plan to address post closure monitoring requirements for the landfills at the DEW Line Sites. Defence Construction Canada (DCC) is managing the cleanup and monitoring programs on behalf of DND.

The objective of the landfill monitoring program is to collect sufficient information to assess the performance of the landfills from a geotechnical and environmental perspective. The landfill monitoring plan specifies the requirements for visual inspection, and chemical and thermal monitoring of landfills at the DEW Line sites under DND's jurisdiction.

PROGRAM COMPONENTS

The post-construction landfill monitoring program consists of four main components to measure the performance of the landfills, depending on the remediation plan for each landfill. These components are visual, soil, active layer water and thermal monitoring. Details on each of the monitoring components are provided below.

Visual Monitoring: The physical integrity of the landfill is inspected and reported using hand-drawn sketches. Documented observations include:

- Evidence of settlement, ponding, frost action, erosion, and lateral movement.
- Sloughing of berms/covering layers, thermal contraction cracks, etc.

Photographic records are to be provided to document the general condition of the landfill and to substantiate all recorded observations. The location of all photographic viewpoints will be referenced to existing monuments.

Soil and Active Layer Water Monitoring: The soil and active layer water monitoring program consists of baseline/background assessment and contaminant evaluation. Background conditions represent soil and water quality from an area not impacted by the landfill. Background (naturally occurring) values are obtained from samples collected from areas that were not directly influenced by activities at the DEW Line site, but are indicative of the prevailing geochemistry. These samples are taken hydraulically upgradient and at some distance from the landfill. Baseline conditions refer to existing soil and water quality at the landfill area, prior to any remediation and/or construction work being carried out. These samples are generally collected from areas both up and downgradient of the landfill.

Soil and active layer water samples (where required) are collected prior to construction/closure of a landfill, to represent background as well as baseline conditions. The results of subsequent landfill monitoring events are compared to these baseline and background values to evaluate any potential changes in environmental conditions.

In general, one monitoring well was installed upgradient and two to three wells were installed downgradient of the landfill during the construction phase. Using water elevation data from a minimum of three wells allows assessment of the hydraulic gradient and flow velocities. Review of analytical data from water samples collected from wells up and down gradient allows evaluation of potential impacts associated with the landfill. Soil samples are collected from the toe of the landfill, generally from the same locations as the monitoring wells. Contamination in soil samples at the toe of the landfill reflects chronic input from water that may have infiltrated the landfill, and is an important factor of contaminated leachate.

Prior to collection of samples from a monitoring well, the well is purged and allowed to reach equilibrium. Physical measurements are collected prior to and after purging and are referenced to the top of the monitoring well pipe. The measured physical parameters include:

- Water elevation;
- Total depth of water;
- Presence of hydrocarbons;
- Hydrocarbon layer thickness (if appropriate);
- Colour, odour;
- pH;
- · Conductivity; and
- Temperature.

Thermal Monitoring: Geothermal analyses were carried out as part of the design to predict the length of time required for permafrost aggradation through landfills requiring leachate containment, including the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility. These analyses also provided information on the long and short term thermal regime in the ground, and the depth of the active layer in the cover material.

A thermal monitoring system provides measurement of sub-surface ground temperatures, which allows comparison to and verification of the predicted ground temperatures. The thermal monitoring system consists of installation of thermistor strings, with thermistor beads at selected intervals to provide ground temperature profiles at various locations within the landfill. The thermistor strings are attached to automated data-loggers that allow for remote data collection. In general, a minimum of three thermistors are installed at each landfill where permafrost aggradation through the landfill contents is an integral part of the design.

FREQUENCY

The landfill monitoring program consists of three phases, as described in detail below.

Phase I: Phase I involves monitoring of conditions to confirm that equilibrium is achieved. The frequency of monitoring events during Phase I monitoring is dependent on the closure or

remediation design at specific landfills. The Helipad Landfills – East and West, Station Area Landfill, Lower Site Landfill and the Tier II soils disposal facility have been monitored on an annual basis for the last four years and are in the last year of Phase I monitoring. The five-year term was selected on the basis that ground-temperature thermal regimes at these specific landfills will require three to five years to reach equilibrium.

The Barrel Dump. Airstrip Landfill and Tanner Bay Landfill were regraded, and the Phase I monitoring was carried out over a reduced frequency in the first, third and fifth years following construction.

An evaluation of all Phase I data will be carried out at the end of five years to confirm that thermal and chemical equilibrium had been achieved, and that no stability issues had been identified. The landfill monitoring events are carried out by independent contractors, who successfully win the competitive tender.

Phase II: Phase II monitoring is the verification of equilibrium conditions established in Phase I. The monitoring frequency in Phase II is downgraded from Phase I and will be carried out according to the following schedule, year 7, year 10, year 15 and year 25. Year 25 marks the end of Phase II monitoring. FOX-4 is currently in Phase II monitoring.

Phase III: Phase III involves the monitoring for long-term issues such as liner integrity, permafrost stability, and significant storm events. At the end of the Phase II program, 25 years after construction, a re-evaluation of the landfill monitoring program will be carried out prior to initiating any Phase III program. The scope of the Phase III monitoring program is not included here, but is anticipated to be based on a 10 year monitoring interval.

REVIEW AND EVALUATION PROCESS

An Environmental Working Group (EWG) was established to provide a technical report and to support to the DLCU Steering Committee. This working group is comprised of qualified engineering and environmental scientists with expertise in environmental remediation and clean up in northern climates. The EWG has four designated representatives, two from each of the Owner (DND) and the Inuit (through the NTI), respectively.

During the monitoring program, the EWG reviews the results of the monitoring program in accordance with the methodology as described previously. The results of the review and any recommendations regarding changes to the monitoring plan and/or remediation requirements are reported to the DND/NTI Steering Committee.

The requirement for further monitoring after 25 years is evaluated. Monitoring may be terminated if the performance of the landfill was satisfactory over the period of monitoring from an environmental, geotechnical and thermal perspective, as appropriate. The assessment of satisfactory performance is carried out jointly by the NTI and DND.



Defence Construction Canada

Landfill Monitoring Program - Updated

FOX-4, Cape Hooper

Prepared by: UMA Engineering Ltd. 2540 Kensington Road NW Calgary, AB T2N 3S3

Project Number: 0171-135-01-08

January 2007



Disclaimer

The attached Report (the "Report") has been prepared by UMA Engineering Ltd. ("UMA") for the benefit of Defence Construction Canada ("Client") in accordance with the agreement between UMA and Client for the services described in the Report (the "Agreement"), and is subject to the budgetary, time and other constraints and limitations set forth in the Agreement.

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1.0 Post Construction Monitoring Program

1.1 Introduction

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1.2 Background

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1.3 Program Components

The post-construction landfill monitoring program consists of four main components to measure the performance of the landfills, depending on the remediation plan for each landfill. These components are visual, soil, active layer water and thermal monitoring. Details on each of the monitoring components are provided below.

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- Evidence of settlement, ponding, frost action, erosion, and lateral movement.
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In general, one monitoring well was installed upgradient and two to three wells were installed downgradient of the landfill during the construction phase. Using water elevation data from a minimum of three wells allows assessment of the hydraulic gradient and flow velocities. Review of analytical data from water samples collected from wells up and downgradient allows evaluation of potential impacts associated with the landfill. Soil samples are collected from the toe of the landfill, generally from the same locations as the monitoring wells. Contamination in soil samples at the tow of the landfill reflects chronic input from water that may have infiltrated the landfill, and is an important factor of contaminated leachate.

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- Water elevation;
- Total depth of water;
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Thermal Monitoring: Geothermal analyses were carried out as part of the design to predict the length of time required for permafrost aggradation through landfills requiring leachate containment, including the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility. These analyses also provided information on the long and short term thermal regime in the ground, and the depth of the active layer in the cover material.

A thermal monitoring system provides measurement of sub-surface ground temperatures, which allows comparison to and verification of the predicted ground temperatures. The thermal monitoring system consists of installation of thermistor strings, with thermistor beads at selected intervals to provide ground temperature profiles at various locations within the landfill. The thermistor strings are attached to automated data-loggers that allow for remote data collection. In general, a minimum of three thermistors are installed at each landfill where permafrost aggradation through the landfill contents in an integral part of the design.

1.4 Frequency

The landfill monitoring program consists of three phases, as described in detail below.

1.4.1 Phase I & Phase II

Phase I involved monitoring of conditions to confirm that equilibrium is achieved. The Phase I monitoring at FOX-4 was completed in 2003 and is currently in Phase II monitoring. The frequency of Phase II monitoring is typically downgraded from Phase I. At FOX-4, the Phase II monitoring is being carried out on the following schedule: 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2013, and 2023. Monitoring in Year 23 marks the end of the Phase II monitoring.

1.4.2 Phase III

Phase III involves the monitoring for long term issues such as liner integrity, permafrost stability, and significant storm events. At the end of the Phase II program, 25 years after construction, a re-evaluation



of the landfill monitoring program will be carried out prior to initiating any Phase II program. The scope of the Phase III monitoring program is not included here, but is anticipated to be based on a 10 year monitoring interval.

1.5 Review and Evaluation Process

An Environmental Working Group (EWG) was established to provide a technical report and to support to the DLCU Steering Committee. This working group is comprised of qualified engineering and environmental scientists with expertise in environmental remediation and clean up in northern climates. The EWG has four designated representatives, two from each of the Owner (DND) and the Inuit (through the NTI), respectively.

During the monitoring program, the EWG reviews the results of the monitoring program in accordance with the methodology as described previously. The results of the review and any recommendations regarding changes to the monitoring plan and/or remediation requirements are reported to the DND/NTI Steering Committee.

The requirement for further monitoring after 25 years is evaluated. Monitoring may be terminated if the performance of the landfill was satisfactory over the period of monitoring from an environmental, geotechnical and thermal perspective, as appropriate. The assessment of satisfactory performance is carried out jointly by the NTI and DND.

2.0 Detailed Landfill Monitoring Requirements

The following sections provide a summary and the detailed monitoring requirement for each landfill at FOX-4.

2.1 Helipad Landfills – East and West

The Helipad Landfills are located at the upper site to the west of the Short Range Radar facilities. The long term monitoring of these landfills includes visual inspection to monitor for evidence of settlement or erosion, and periodic collection of soil and groundwater samples to monitor for the presence of leachate. Monitoring Wells Nos. 3 and 4 were installed upgradient of both landfills. Well Nos. 1, 2, and 6 were installed downgradient of Helipad Landfill – West. Only one monitoring well, Well No. 5, was installed downgradient of Helipad Landfill – East, due to access constraints. Table 1 provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations, while Table 2 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Helipad Landfills – East and West. See Figure FOX-4.2 for details.

Table 1: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Helipad Landfills - East and West

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordinates | | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| MW-1 (soil & groundwater) | 9839.1 | 9997.6 | 382 |
| MW-2 (soil groundwater) | 9901.6 | 9977.5 | 379 |
| MW-3 (soil & groundwater) | 9878.9 | 10 074.0 | 398 |
| MW-4 (soil & groundwater) | 9930.8 | 10 040.0 | 397 |
| MW-5 (soil & groundwater) | 9958.9 | 10 059.0 | 390 |
| MW-6 (soil & groundwater) | 9917.3 | 10 008.5 | 390 |
| F4-1 (soil) | 9912 | 10 110 | - |
| F4-17 (soil) | 9837 | 10 013 | - |
| F4-18 (soil) | 9855 | 9980 | - |
| F4-19 (soil) | 9880 | 9972 | - |
| F4-20 (soil) | 9975 | 9942 | - |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations. Monitoring well coordinates are as provided by the cleanup contractor's survey.

Table 2: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Helipad Landfills - East and West

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| $MW-1 \rightarrow MW-6$ | $W-1 \rightarrow MW-6$ Groundwater Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | | Total Arsenic |
| | | Total Cadmium | |
| | | | Total Chromium |
| | | | Total Cobalt |
| | | | Total Copper |
| | | | Total Lead |
| | | | Total Nickel |
| | | | Total Zinc |
| | | Total Mercury | |
| | | PCBs | |
| | | | Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (C ₆ - C ₃₂) |
| MW-1 → MW-6, F4-1, | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| F4-17 → F4-20 | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | Nickel Zinc | Nickel |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |

2.2 Barrel Dump

The Barrel Dump is a small landfill located at the upper site, west of the SRR facilities, and the Helipad Landfills East and West. The long term monitoring of this landfill includes visual inspection to monitor for evidence of settlement or erosion, and periodic collection of soil samples to monitor for the presence of leachate. Approximate locations for the collection of soil samples are identified on Figure FOX-4.2. Table 3 provides the landfill monitoring station coordinates and Table 4 provides the details of the landfill monitoring requirements at the Barrel Dump.

Table 3: Monitoring Station Coordinates - Barrel Dump

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordinates | | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| F4-2 (soil) | 9980 | 9960 | - |
| F4-3 (soil) | 9976 | 9942 | - |
| F4-4 (soil) | 9990 | 9942 | - |
| F4-5 (soil) | 9979 | 9934 | - |
| F4-21 (soil) | 9970 | 9966 | - |
| F4-22 (soil) | 9969 | 9948 | - |
| F4-23 (soil) | 9978 | 9923 | - |
| F4-24 (soil) | 9964 | 9962 | - |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations. Monitoring station coordinates are as provided by the cleanup contractor's survey.

Table 4: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Barrel Dump

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|--------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| F4-2 → F4-5; | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| F4-21 → F4-24 | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | | Nickel |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |

2.3 Station Area Landfill

The Station Area Landfill is a new landfill constructed for the disposal of demolition and site wastes generated during the cleanup. The long term monitoring plan consists of visual monitoring for signs of settlement, collection of soil and groundwater samples to evaluate the effectiveness of the leachate containment system. Table 5 provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations and Table 6 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Station Area Landfill. See Figure FOX-4.3 for details.

Table 5: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Station Area Landfill

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordinates | | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| MW-7 (soil & groundwater) | 9692.0 | 10422.9 | 389 |
| MW-8 (soil & groundwater) | 9726.8 | 10297.7 | 383 |
| MW-9 (soil & groundwater) | 9736.8 | 10338.0 | 382 |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations. Monitoring well coordinates are as provided by the cleanup contractor's survey.

Table 6: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Station Area Landfill

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|--------------------|-------------|--|---|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| MW-7 → MW-9 | Groundwater | Once per year in | Total Arsenic |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | Total Cadmium |
| | | 2010 dila 2020 | Total Chromium |
| | | | Total Cobalt |
| | | | Total Copper |
| | | | Total Lead |
| | | | Total Nickel |
| | | | Total Zinc |
| | | | Total Mercury |
| | | | PCBs |
| | | | Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (C_{6} - C_{32}) |
| MW-7 → MW-9 | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | 2010 dnd 2020 | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | Copper | |
| | | | Lead |
| | | | Nickel |
| | | Zinc | |
| | | | Mercury |

2.4 Lower Site Landfill (Non-Hazardous Waste Landfill)

The Lower Site Landfill and DCC Tier II Soil Disposal Area are located near the west end and north of the airstrip, in relatively close proximity to one another. The long term monitoring requirements for the Lower Site Landfill include visual inspection for evidence of settlement, or erosion, and groundwater and soil sampling and analyses. Table 7 provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations and Table 8 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Lower Site Landfill. See Figure FOX-4.3 for details.

Table 7: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Lower Site Landfill

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordinates | | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| MW-14 (soil & groundwater) | 20096.0 | 20503.0 | 23.3 |
| MW-15 (soil & groundwater) | 20098.0 | 20396.0 | 20.3 |
| MW-16 (soil & groundwater) | 20159.4 | 20449.0 | 22.5 |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations. Monitoring well coordinates are as provided by the cleanup contractor's survey.

Table 8: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Lower Site Landfill

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|--------------------|-------------|--|---|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| MW-14 → MW-16 | Groundwater | Once per year in | Total Arsenic |
| | | years 2007, 2008, | Total Cadmium |
| | | 2013 and 2023 | Total Chromium |
| | | | Total Cobalt |
| | | | Total Copper |
| | | | Total Lead |
| | | | Total Nickel |
| | | | Total Zinc |
| | | | Total Mercury |
| | | | PCBs |
| | | | Total Petroleum |
| | | | Hydrocarbons (C ₆ -C ₃₂) |
| MW-14 → MW-16 | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | | Nickel |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |



2.5 Tier II Soil Disposal Facility

The DCC Tier II Soil Disposal Facility was constructed for the disposal of DCC Tier II contaminated soil excavated from the FOX-4 site. Long term monitoring of the Tier II soil disposal facility consists of visual monitoring for evidence of settlement, erosion, differential movement, collection of soil and groundwater samples from around the facility to monitor the effectiveness of the containment system, and monitoring of sub-surface ground temperatures in the berms and in the main body of the disposal facility. Table 9 provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations and Table 10 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility. See Figure FOX-4.6 for details.

Table 9: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordinates | | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| MW-10 (soil & groundwater) | 20071.0 | 20374.8 | 19.6 |
| MW-11 (soil & groundwater) | 20027.3 | 20374.8 | 20.1 |
| MW-12 (soil & groundwater) | 20011.5 | 20444.4 | 20.0 |
| MW-13 (soil & groundwater) | 20030.8 | 20483.1 | 20.5 |
| T1 (temperature) | 20050.0 | 20388.0 | - |
| T2 (temperature) | 20062.0 | 20410.0 | - |
| T3 (temperature) | 20043.0 | 20417.0 | - |
| T4 (temperature) | 20071.0 | 20042.0 | - |
| T5 (temperature) | 20031.0 | 20453.0 | - |
| T6 (temperature) | 20048.0 | 20448.0 | - |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations. Monitoring well and thermistor coordinates are as provided by the cleanup contractor's survey.

Table 10: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| $MW-10 \rightarrow MW-13$ | Groundwater | Once per year in | Total Arsenic |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | Total Cadmium |
| | | | Total Chromium |
| | | | Total Cobalt |
| | | | Total Copper |
| | | | Total Lead |
| | | | Total Nickel |
| | | | Total Zinc |
| | | | Total Mercury |
| | | | PCBs |
| | | | Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (C ₆ - C ₃₂) |
| MW-10 → MW-13 | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | Nickel | |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |
| T1 → T6 | Thermal | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | Temperature |

2.6 Airstrip Landfill

The Airstrip landfill is located at the lower site on high ground south of the east end of the Airstrip. The long term monitoring plan for this landfill includes visual inspection to monitor for evidence of settlement and/or erosion, and periodic collection of soil samples to monitor for the presence of leachate. Table 11

provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations and Table 12 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Tier II Soil Disposal Facility. See Figure FOX-4.5 for details.

Table 11: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Airstrip Landfill

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coordi | Elevation (masl) | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------|---|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| F4-8 (soil) | 19515 | 21088 | - |
| F4-9 (soil) | 19632 | 21100 | - |
| F4-10 (soil) | 19592 | 21052 | - |
| F4-25 (soil) | 19 589 | 21 071 | - |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations.

Table 12: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Airstrip Landfill

| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|---------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| F4-8 → F4-10; F4-25 | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | | Nickel |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |

2.7 Tanner Bay Landfill

The Tanner Bay landfill is located at the original beach landing area for the site, along Tanner Bay. The long term monitoring plan for this landfill includes visual inspection to monitor for evidence of settlement and/or erosion, and periodic collection of soil samples to monitor for the presence of leachate. Table 13 provides the coordinates of the monitoring stations and Table 14 provides the detailed monitoring requirements at the Tanner Bay. See Figure FOX-4.6 for details.

Table 13: Monitoring Station Coordinates at the Tanner Bay Landfill

| Landfill Monitoring Station | Coord | dinates | Elevation (masl) |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------|------------------|
| | North (m) | East (m) | |
| F4-11 (soil) | 830 | 920 | - |
| F4-12 (soil) | 845 | 960 | - |
| F4-13 (soil) | 852 | 930 | - |

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to a local site grid and are approximate only for the soil sampling locations.

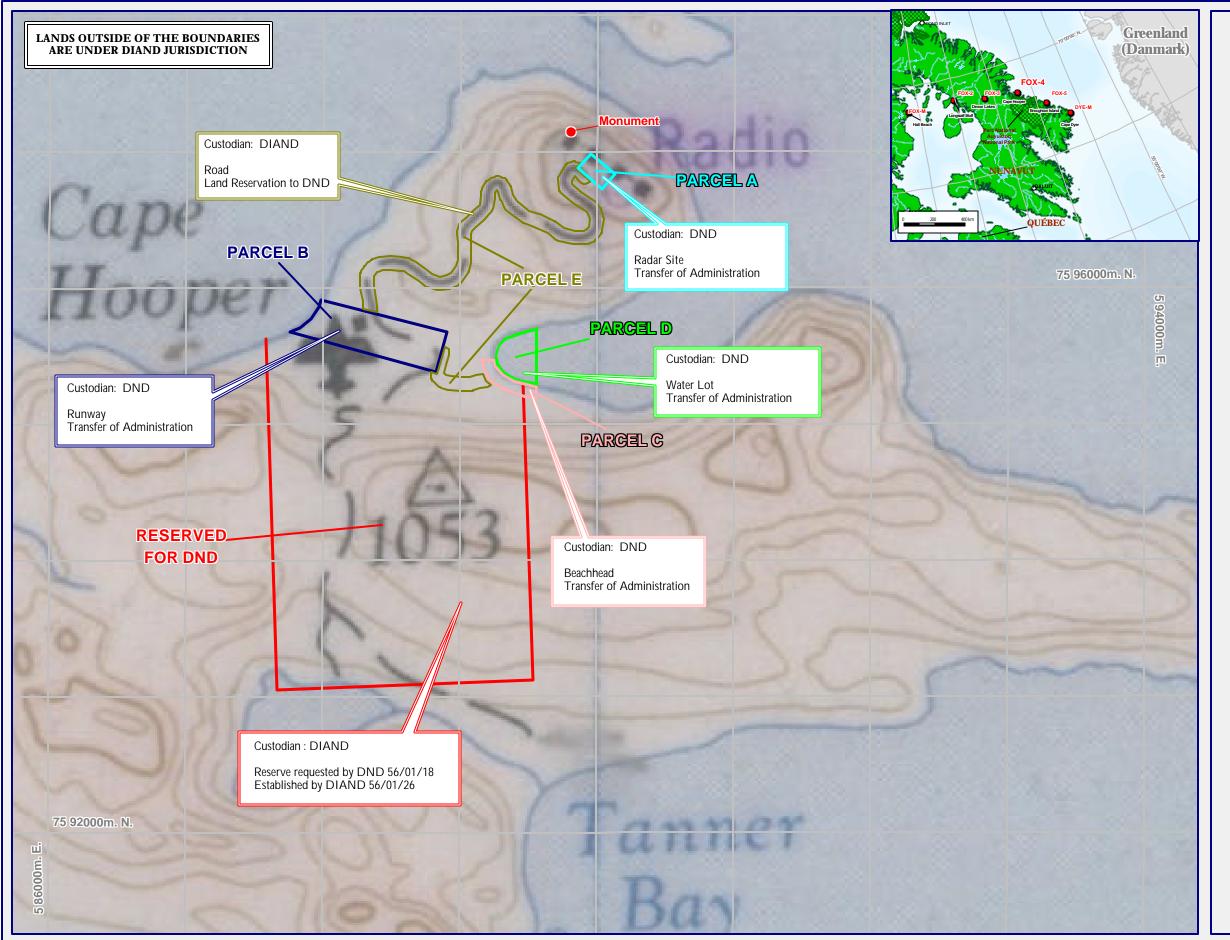
Table 14: Detailed Monitoring Requirements at the Tanner Bay Landfill

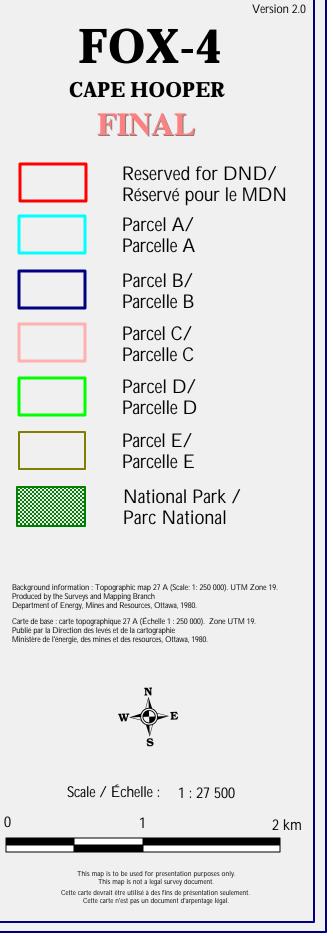
| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
|--------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Location | Sample Type | Frequency | Parameters |
| Determined on site | Visual | Once per year in years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | N/A |
| F4-11 → F4-13 | Soil | Once per year in | PCBs |
| | | years 2007, 2008, 2013 and 2023 | TPH as F1 (C ₆ -C ₁₀) |
| | | | TPH as F2 (C ₁₀ -C ₁₆) |
| | | | TPH as F3 (C ₁₆ - C ₃₄) |
| | | | Arsenic |
| | | | Cadmium |
| | | | Chromium |
| | | | Cobalt |
| | | | Copper |
| | | | Lead |
| | | | Nickel |
| | | | Zinc |
| | | | Mercury |

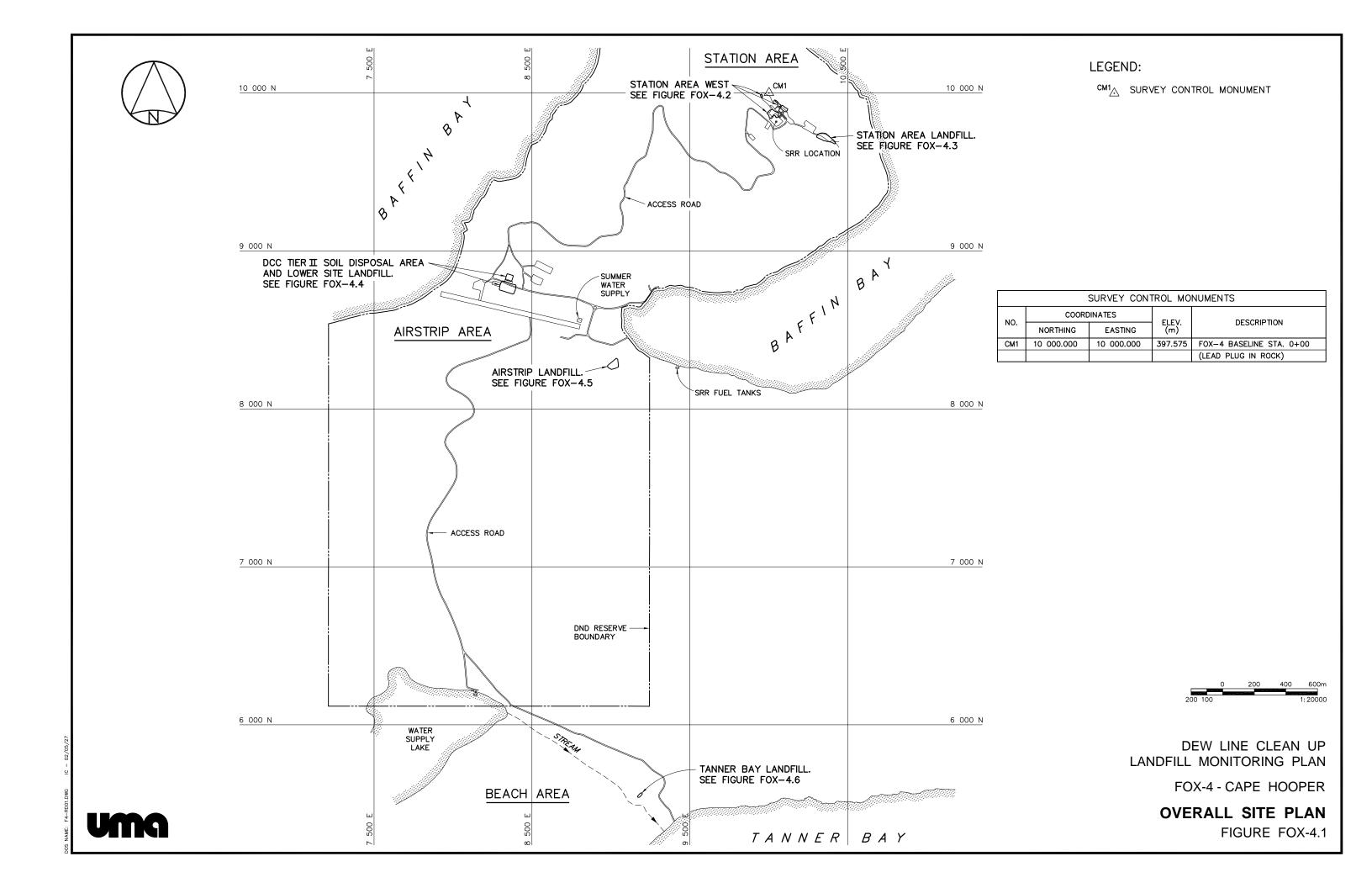
Appendix A

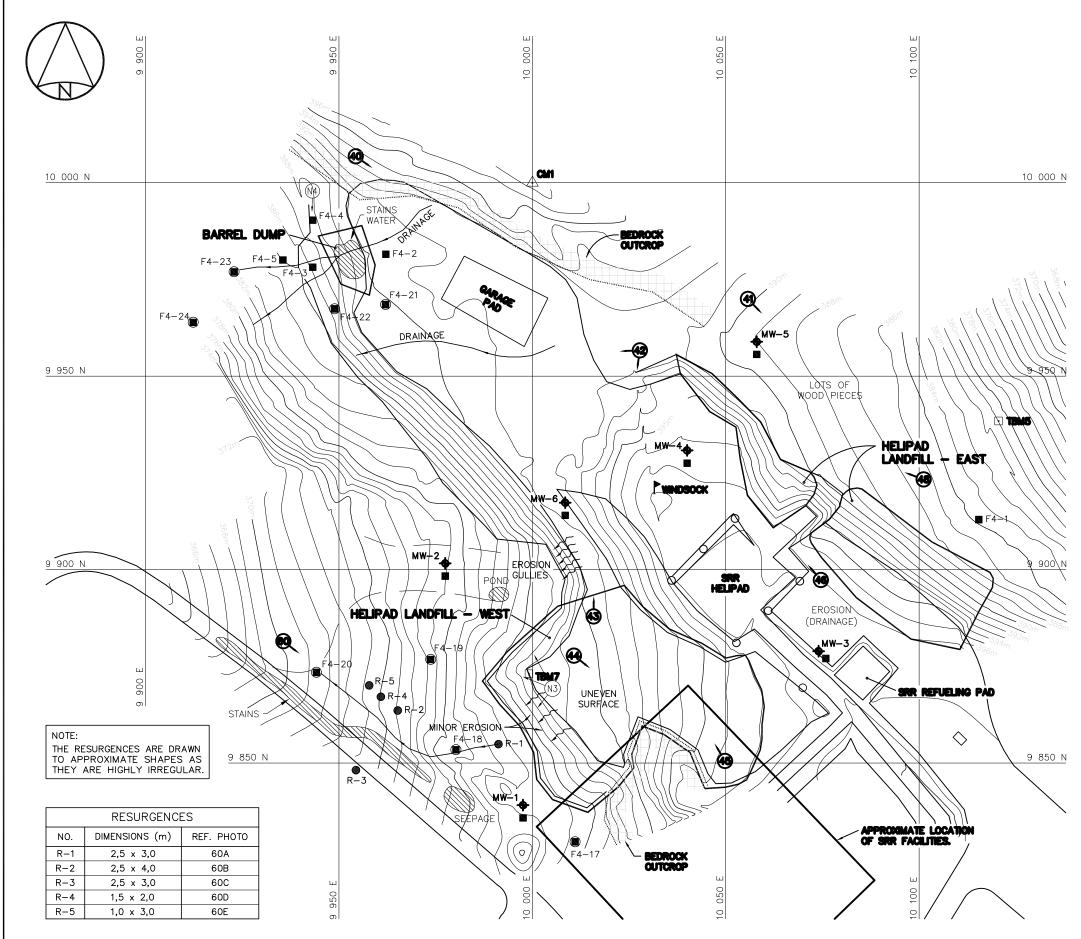
Figures

Site Plan
Figure FOX-4.1 – Overall Site Plan
Figure FOX-4.2 – Station Area West
Figure FOX-4.3 – Station Area Landfill
Figure FOX-4.4 – DCC Tier II Soil Disposal Area and Lower Site Landfill
Figure FOX-4.5 – Airstrip Landfill
Figure FOX-4.6 – Tanner Bay Landfill









LEGEND:

CM1 SURVEY CONTROL MONUMENT

TEMPORARY BENCHMARK

- MONITORING WELL LOCATION
- MONITORING SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION
- NEW MONITORING SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION
- RESURGENCE
- PHOTOGRAPHIC MEW POINT (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)

| TEMPORARY BENCHMARKS | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|---------|-------------------|--|
| NO. | COORDINATES | | ELEV. | DESCRIPTION | |
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | (m) | DESCRIPTION | |
| 5 | 9 938.442 | 10 120.491 | 388.170 | CROSS CUT IN ROCK | |
| 7 | 9 873.107 | 9 999.103 | 388.170 | NAIL | |
| | | | | | |

| | SURVEY CONTROL MONUMENTS | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| NO | COORE | INATES | | DESCRIPTION | | |
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEV. (m) | DESCRIPTION | | |
| CM1 | 10 000.000 | 10 000.000 | 397.575 | FOX-4 BASELINE STA. 0+00 | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | MONITORING WELLS | | | | |
|------|------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| NO. | COORDINATES | | | | |
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | | | |
| MW-1 | 9 839.1 | 9 997.6 | | | |
| MW-2 | 9 901.6 | 9 977.5 | | | |
| MW-3 | 9 8789 | 10 074.0 | | | |
| MW-4 | 9 930.8 | 10 040.0 | | | |
| MW-5 | 9 958.9 | 10 058.0 | | | |
| MW-6 | 9 917.3 | 10 008.5 | | | |



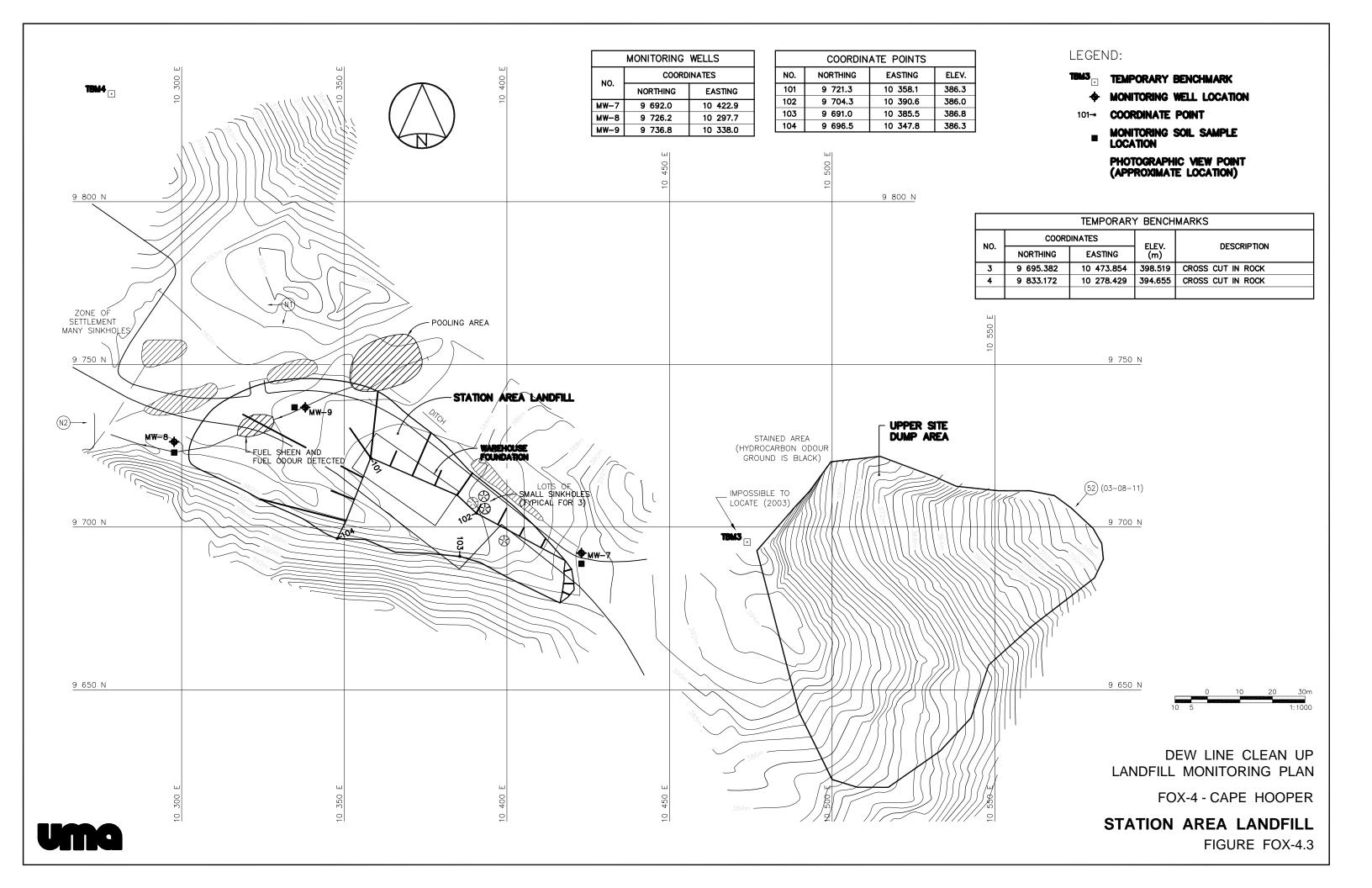
DEW LINE CLEAN UP LANDFILL MONITORING PLAN

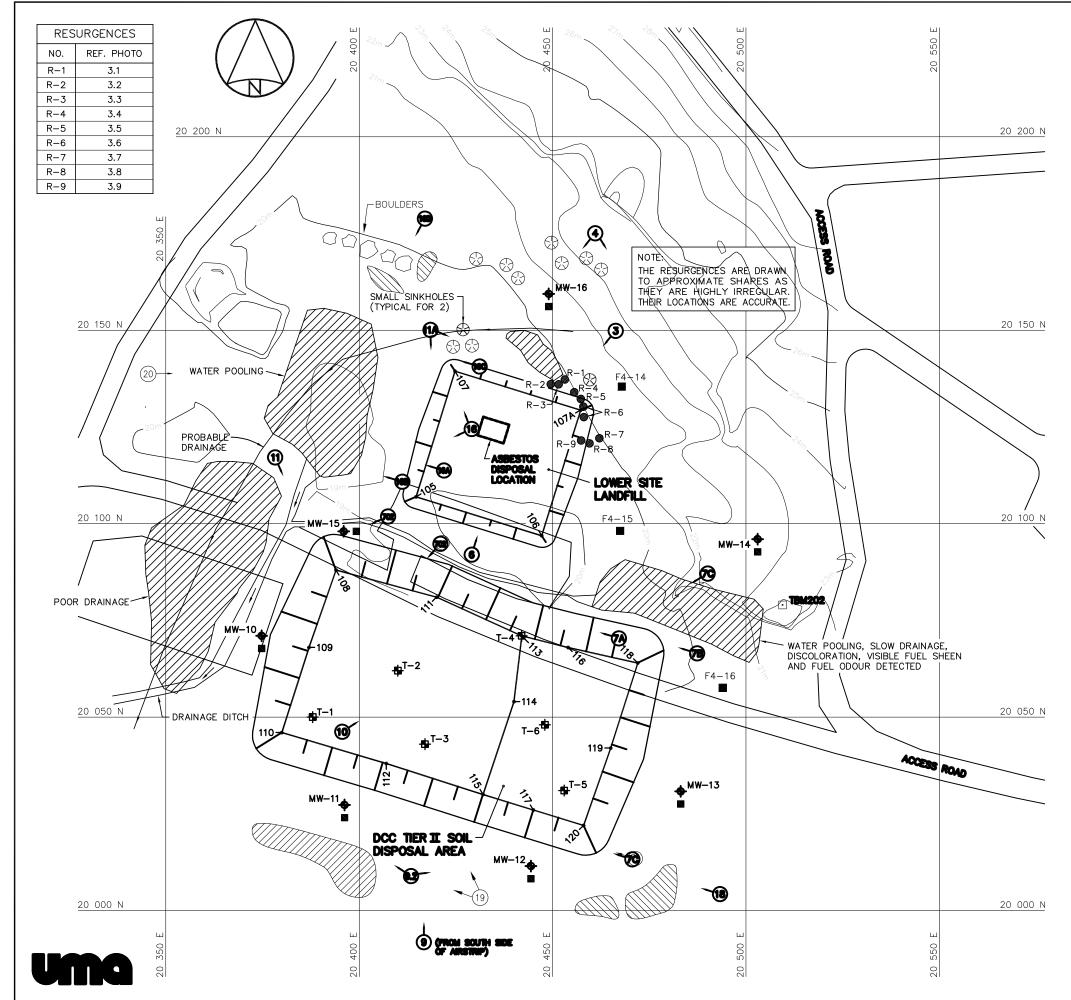
FOX-4 - CAPE HOOPER

STATION AREA WEST

FIGURE FOX-4.2







LEGEND:

TBM202. TEMPORARY BENCHMARK

MONITORING WELL LOCATION

105→ COORDINATE POINT

- MONITORING SOIL SAMPLE LOCATION
- RESURGENCE
- PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEW POINT (APPROXIMATE LOCATION)

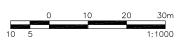
| TEMPORARY BENCHMARKS | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|--------|----------------|--|
| NO. | COORDINATES | | ELEV. | DESCRIPTION | |
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEV. | DESCRIPTION | |
| 202 | 20 079.007 | 20 509.423 | 24.110 | 19mm DIA. PIPE | |
| | | | | | |

| MONITORING WELLS | | | | |
|------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| NO. | COORD | INATES | | |
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | | |
| MW-10 | 20 071.0 | 20 374.8 | | |
| MW-11 | 20 027.3 | 20 396.2 | | |
| MW-12 | 20 011.5 | 20 444.4 | | |
| MW-13 | 20 030.8 | 20 483.1 | | |
| MW-14 | 20 096.0 | 20 503.0 | | |
| MW-15 | 20 098.0 | 20 396.0 | | |
| MW-16 | 20 159.4 | 20 449.0 | | |

| VERTICAL THERMISTORS | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|----------|--|--|--|
| NO. | COORDINATES | | | | |
| | NORTHING | EASTING | | | |
| T-1 | 20 050.0 | 20 388.0 | | | |
| T-2 | 20 062.0 | 20 410.0 | | | |
| T-3 | 20 043.0 | 20 417.0 | | | |
| T-4 | 20 071.0 | 20 442.0 | | | |
| T-5 | 20 031.0 | 20 453.0 | | | |
| T-6 | 20 048.0 | 20 448.0 | | | |

| | COORDINATE POINTS | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------|----------|-------|-----|----------|----------|-------|--|--|
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEV. | NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEV. | | |
| 108 | 20 088.0 | 20 394.0 | 22.10 | 115 | 20 030.0 | 20 432.0 | 22.04 | | |
| 109 | 20 068.0 | 20 387.0 | 22.65 | 116 | 20 068.0 | 20 454.0 | 22.34 | | |
| 110 | 20 046.0 | 20 380.0 | 21.89 | 117 | 20 026.0 | 20 445.0 | 22.34 | | |
| 111 | 20 081.0 | 20 420.0 | 22.30 | 118 | 20 064.0 | 20 472.0 | 22.31 | | |
| 112 | 20 038.0 | 20 407.0 | 22.00 | 119 | 20 042.0 | 20 465.0 | 22.60 | | |
| 113 | 20 071.0 | 20 442.0 | 22.28 | 120 | 20 022.0 | 20 458.0 | 22.01 | | |
| 114 | 20 054.0 | 20 440.0 | 22.75 | | | | | | |

| COORDINATE POINTS | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------|---------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| NO. | NORTHING | EASTING | ELEV. | | | | |
| 105 | 20 107 | 20 415 | 21.0 | | | | |
| 106 | 20 097 | 20 447 | 21.3 | | | | |
| 107 | 20 139 | 20 425 | 21.1 | | | | |
| 107A | 20 129 | 20 457 | 21.6 | | | | |



DEW LINE CLEAN UP LANDFILL MONITORING PLAN

FOX-4 - CAPE HOOPER

DCC TIER II SOIL DISPOSAL AREA
AND LOWER SITE LANDFILL

FIGURE FOX-4.4

