

**E. Gruben's Transport Ltd.**

**Fuel Contingency Plan**

**Remediation of Hope Lake, NU**

**2013/2014 Project Components**



**October 22, 2012**

## Introduction

The objective of the project is to remediate and restore three small remote arctic mining exploration sites collectively known as Hope Lake. These include the main Hope Lake site located at 67° 26' 30" N, 116° 28' 00" W in the Kitikmeot Region of Nunavut, approximately 75 kilometers southwest of the community of Kugluktuk NU as well as two peripheral sites, Husky Creek and Willow Creek. Husky Creek is located approximately 20 kilometers northeast of Hope Lake and Willow Creek is located approximately 22 kilometers southeast of Hope Lake. The work to be conducted in the late winter/early spring of 2013 will be "Cat Train" of supplies and equipment required to complete the summer site work into the Hope Lake site from Kugluktuk along with the removal of some of the large fuel tanks to Kugluktuk on the trip back to Kugluktuk. Summer of 2013 works will be based at the main Hope Lake site and will include a hard a soft wall camp set-up to support the site remediation activities, and finally winter 2014 operations will entail a "Cat Train" to facilitate the demobilization of all camp facilities, ancillary equipment and disposal items to Kugluktuk.

E. Gruben's Transport Ltd. (EGT) of Tuktoyaktuk is the prime contractor on this project. Responsibility and authority for the remediation of the Hope Lake sites rests with Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada (AANDC) who have retained the services of Public Works and Government Services Canada (PWGSC) to provide technical support, contract administration and site supervision. Activities related to the sites and the project are subject to the terms of the Nunavut Comprehensive Land Claims Agreement. EGT is responsible for the overall project management, logistics and the completion of the remediation activities.

The remediation work for the Hope Lake site requires the handling and disposal of both non-hazardous and hazardous materials. Any hazardous materials encountered on site will be handled according to regulations stipulated by the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA), Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (TDGA) and the Nunavut/NWT Guideline for the General Management of Hazardous Waste as applicable. All remediation materials will be disposed of offsite, transported and disposed at licensed hazardous waste facilities.

Work on the site may include some minor upgrading of site roads and airstrips to facilitate construction activities; demolition, segregation and disposal of buildings and infrastructure; collection, sorting, on-site transport and incineration of non-hazardous, unpainted, untreated combustible waste; transport and disposal of waste, off-site transport and disposal of designated contaminated soil to the Designated Waste Disposal Facility, or onsite treatment of soil; collection, excavation, sorting, containerization and off-site transport to the Designated Hazardous Waste Disposal Facility of all hazardous demolition, hazardous debris, hazardous soils and hazardous liquids; collection, cleaning and disposal of barrels and contents; dewatering and re-grading of site works and backfilling and grading of all excavated areas using local borrow material.

Mobilization to the site will take place via EGT/Kikiak operated "Cat Train" in late March early April of 2013. Contract work will be conducted on-site during the summer of 2013. Demobilization from the site will take place in late March early April of 2014.

## **Spill Prevention**

EGT pre-emergency planning emphasizes the prevention of spills through training, refueling procedures and to ensure that adequate and appropriate equipment is available in the unlikely event of a spill.

Diesel P-50 fuel will be delivered to Hope Lake via Cat Train in 2 newly built fuel sloops each containing 5 individual new 3000 liter double walled, fully certified, IBC fuel tanks. Upon arrival the fuel will then be transferred by properly trained and certified personnel into a 30,000 liter double walled AGI Enviro-tank. The storage tank that EGT intends to use will be registered with Environment Canada on the “Federal Identification Registry for Storage Tank Systems” (FIRSTS) database and mobilized to Hope Lake empty during the initial project mobilization.

Each tank will be set up in accordance with the “Environmental Code of Practice for Above Ground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products Guidelines”. The tanks will be fully certified tanks that meet the CEPA (1999), and the “Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations SOR/2008-197”.

Any gasoline required for the project will be transported and stored in 205 liter drums. The drums will be individually identifiable, labeled to industry standards and all information necessary for health, safety and environmental purposes will be available. Appropriate MSDS will be maintained at site. All barrels will be stored in accordance with the Land Use Permit, and labeled with EGT’s name.

All fueling activities will be conducted by properly trained staff, and only those personnel authorized will be permitted to dispense fuel. Daily inspections will be carried out and proper inspection logs will be maintained. Fuel usage records will be maintained on-site and will be kept to track individual unit usage as well as task usage.

Fire extinguishers, emergency spill equipment including appropriate personal protective equipment, empty drums, and absorbent materials sufficient to cleanup a 1000 liter spill will be positioned at fuel storage sites. Smoking will be strictly prohibited within 100 meters of this area and No-Smoking signs will be posted. Spill trays will be utilized during refueling operations. All mobile equipment will be equipped with spill kits.

Contractor’s fuel storage tanks will be located adjacent to the camp generator building. Fuel storage tanks will be located greater than 30 meters from the closest body of water.

There will be no bulk storage of oils, lubes, antifreeze in containers larger than 45 gallon drums. All will be supplied to site in 45 gallon drums and 5 gallon (22.5 l) pails or smaller containers. All drums will be new.

Propane will be used onsite for the camp facilities and will be stored in 1000 lb. propane tanks and 350 lb. “pig” tanks. Propane for shop use will be supplied in 100 lb. and 20 lb. cylinders.

Tanks, drums and cylinders belonging to EGT will be clearly marked with spray paint and stencils to distinguish them from tanks, drums and cylinders belonging to others on site.

MSDS will be available for all consumable products on site and all EGT personnel will have received WHMIS training. All handling and transport of dangerous goods will be supervised by TDG certified personnel.

A list of potentially harmful substances that could be spilled on site is as follows:

- Diesel Fuel P-50 – MSDS attached
- Jet “A” Fuel – MSDS attached
- Jet “B” Fuel – MSDS attached
- Gasoline – MSDS attached
- Engine Oil 15W-40 – MSDS attached
- Gear Oil 75W-90 – MSDS attached
- Two-cycle Engine Oil – MSDS attached
- Windshield Washer Fluid – MSDS attached
- Brake Fluid – MSDS attached
- Automatic Transmission Fluid – MSDS attached
- Hydraulic Oil AW22 – MSDS attached
- Diesel Antifreeze – MSDS attached
- Gas line Antifreeze – MSDS attached
- Chain Oil – MSDS attached
- White Gas (Coleman Fuel) – MSDS attached
- HD Grease – MSDS attached
- WD-40 – MSDS attached

The Site Superintendent will inspect all fuel storage areas daily. Wildlife monitors will also be required to conduct daily checks of fuel storage facilities as part of their normal rounds of inspection.

See attached fueling and fuel transfer procedures.

## **Spill Response**

The Site Superintendent will develop an onsite Emergency Response Plan, which will establish muster points, evacuation routes, the safe distances of approach and places of refuge prior to the commencement of work. It will include the directions and methods of contacting and acquiring emergency medical transportation to the nearest or most appropriate medical center. If required, medical aid will be provided by the onsite trained first aid personnel.

Fuel storage/refueling areas will have more substantial “drum” spill kits as well as extra overpack drums on hand. ATVs will carry small portable spill kits. All crews on site will have hand-held radio communication. Two satellite phones will also be on site at all times.

All spills will be reported and recorded for internal records. Minor spills will be reported to the Site Superintendent by radio. The Site Superintendent will assess the situation, including the potential risks to personnel, and will decide on the most appropriate immediate response. This may be as simple as applying sorbent pads or shoveling of soil into plastic bags for transfer to a sea-can with hydro-carbon resistant liner.

A larger, more catastrophic spill would result in Emergency Response Procedures. For a larger spill, the same emergency radio procedures will apply as for a medical emergency. The person who discovers the spill will use the radio call, “MEDIC! MEDIC! MEDIC!”. This will signal all site personnel to cease any other radio use, cease other work and stand by for further direction. The Site Superintendent will take control of the situation.

The response to a larger spill may involve allocating greater numbers of personnel to the task. Appropriate PPE for the task will be checked and a Job Safety Analysis will be completed. The hazard assessment will reference the applicable MSDS prior to the cleanup effort.

## **Fuel Spill Action Plan**

### Response procedures in the event of a spill.

#### Priority 1 – Identify spill source and assess the hazard

Ensure safety of all persons in the vicinity.

- Assess source, type and extent of spill.
- Assess hazards from the spill.
- Check for fire and explosion risk:
  - Extinguish all ignition sources in the area
  - Move machinery only if safe to do so or shut down if necessary
  - Isolate all live equipment to prevent sparks and enforce no smoking by site personnel
- Raise alarm and close affected area.

#### Priority 2 – Stop flow of spill

- Ensure that any necessary personal protective equipment is worn.
- Stop flow at source of spill – use ready mixed sealing compound to seal holes or fractures in containers, drums, bungs.
- Attempt to limit immediate spread of spill. Prevent off-site migration by surface runoff by placing sorbent materials to form a runoff barrier and/or by shoveling small berms and lining with poly barrier and sorbents.
- Priority should be given to protecting any water bodies.

### Priority 3 – Notify Site Superintendent

- Notify Site Superintendent as soon as possible after ensuring the safety of all personnel and attempting to stop flow and limit spread. Notify the source and volume of spill, fire risk, casualties etc.
- Site Superintendent to assess spill response classification and appropriate means of clean-up.
- Site Superintendent to notify Departmental Representative and appropriate regulatory agencies.

### Priority 4 – Spill Containment

Containing spills significantly reduces the effort required to control and clean up the spill.

- For all spills, deploy absorbents to contain and soak up the fuel
- Prevent spread of fuel by using booms
- It may be possible to hold the fuel in depressions by using absorbent materials, or by building small dams.
- Response operations should not be commenced in the affected area until deemed safe.

### Priority 5 – Spill Recovery and Clean-up

If the spill has been successfully contained on-site, commence spill clean-up operations.

The Site Superintendent will monitor spill and co-ordinate clean-up operations. He will also complete the spill incident report and submit copies to appropriate agencies.

- Recover as much fuel as possible
- If possible, use pumps to remove the fuel from the ground straight into empty drums. Ensure that empty drums of good quality and/or overpack drums are available near spill site.
- Absorbent pads should be spread on any remaining fuel that cannot be pumped or manually removed.
- Fuel soaked absorbents will be picked up and placed in plastic bags or empty drums.
- Contaminated soil or snow can be stored in drums which have had their tops removed. Allow the snow to melt and decant off the fuel.
- Any waste drums containing a mixture of fuel and snow or water are likely to freeze. To prevent drums from splitting use only good condition drums and do not fill to top.
- Drums containing recovered fuel or water, oil soaked absorbents and contaminated clothing must be disposed of in a proper manner.

### Notes:

- As much fuel as possible should be removed immediately after the spill.
- The health and safety of personnel is paramount in the case of a fuel spill. Emergency spill response actions should not be undertaken in extreme weather conditions or during periods of darkness, unless the situation has been fully assessed by the Site Superintendent and deemed safe.
- Personnel should ensure that they are aware of the location and content of the spill kits.

- Medium to large spills (>200 liters) require a dedicated clean-up team.
- Spill Response Classification
  - Minor spills – Less than 10 liters – Easily contained.
  - Moderate spills – Less than 600 liters – Contain and clean up by on-site Spill Response Team.
  - Major spills – More than 1000 liters – Possible off-site assistance may be required.

As well as a ready and plentiful supply of labor, we have at the site considerable other materials and equipment for the purposes of our contract work which could be used for spill containment and recovery. These include but are not limited to the following:

Drum Spill Kits: Polyethylene over-pack drum containing 2 ea. 10' socks, 5 ea. 4' socks, 1 lb. pre-mixed plugging compound, 50 pads, 5 pillows, 1 drain cover, 1 caution tape, 2 pairs of nitrile gloves, 2 ea. safety goggles, 2 coveralls, 10 disposal bags.

Equipment Spill Kits: Nylon carry bag containing 1 ea. 10' sock, 30 pads, 1 pillow, 1 lb. pre-mixed plugging compound, 1 lb. dry plugging compound, 1 pr. nitrile gloves.

General Supplies:

Bundles (100 ea.) sorbent pads,  
 Polyethylene over-pack drums  
 "floor dry" sorbent  
 Wooden 2.3 cubic meter sea-cans  
 Hydrocarbon resistant sea-can liners  
 6 mil poly sea-can liners  
 Fuel transfer pumps  
 Empty steel drums  
 Sorbent booms, shovels, 6 mil poly bags

A spill kit, containing items from the above list, including shovels, barrels and absorbents will be readily available at all locations where fuel is being stored or transferred in order to provide immediate response in the event of a spill.

## **Training**

Site personnel will be trained on refueling procedures and on spill response. Spill response training will include site layout and identification of storage areas; how to initiate the spill response system; safety concerns related to spills including fire and explosion; personal exposure risks to potentially hazardous materials and the PPE which may be required to handle spills; environmental risks to both ground and waterways; approaches and options to containment and cleanup utilizing the various materials and equipment available onsite; the deployment of booms and other absorbents and the use of spill kits and their contents including the use of plugs and plugging compounds; and reporting requirements

## Reporting

All spills regardless of quantity will be reported to the on-site Departmental Representative, EGT CEO/Project Manager, EGT Superintendent of Operations, EGT Safety Manager, AANDC Water Resources Inspector @867-975-4295 and the NWT/NU Spill Line @ 867-920-8130 (NWT/NU Spill Line Fax 867-873-6924) where the release:

- Is near or into a water body;
- Is near or into a designated sensitive environment or sensitive wildlife habitat;
- Poses an imminent threat to human health or safety; or,
- Poses an imminent threat to a listed species at risk or its critical habitat.

If applicable a detailed report including GPS location must be submitted to the AANDC Water Resources Inspector no later than 30 days after the initial report for any occurrence.

Spill Report Forms will be kept with a copy of the spill contingency plan at all areas where potentially harmful substances or fuel are stored or transferred and extra copies will be available with the Site Superintendent.

The Site Superintendent will be responsible for all reporting and incident investigation requirements on site and will have full authority to ensure the safety of site personnel, to respond to spills immediately and to take any actions he deems necessary to prevent an escalation of any unplanned event or spill. The CEO/Project Manager, Superintendent of Operations and the Safety Officer will provide advice, logistical and technical support and financial authority to respond to any unplanned event or spill as required.

**Chief Executive Officer/Project Manager**  
Russell Newmark

**TEL: 867-977-7008**  
**CEL: 867-678-0040**

**Superintendent of Operations**  
Doug Saunders

**TEL: 867-977-7017**  
**CEL: 867-678-0045**

**Site Superintendent**  
Jim Stevens - Onsite

**Handheld radio Chan 31**

**Safety/Loss Control Manager**  
Randy G. Hein

**TEL: 867-977-7014**  
**CEL: 403-638-9636**

Other useful contact numbers include:

GNU, Environmental Protection

867-975-6000

GNU, Water Board

867-360-6338



AANDC Regional Resource Management Officer (Baba Pedersen)	867-982-4306
Kitikmeot Inuit Association	867-983-2458
DFO	867-979-8000
Environment Canada	867-945-4644



## **E.GRUBEN'S TRANSPORT LTD**

### **FUELING UP EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES**

**When approaching fueling station you must first observe the area for any unusual appearances.**

- **Fuel on the ground**
- **Hoses and nozzle on the ground**
- **Nozzle torn off hose**
- **Hose torn off pump or tank**

**If you notice anything like that, immediately report it to your supervisor, before fueling up.**

- **Before you begin fueling procedures shut off engine.**
- **Put drip pan into place.**
- **Clean around fill cap (dust, mud, snow, ice, etc.).**
- **Open filler cap carefully, a vacuum might be present.**
- **If filler cap can't be reached from the ground and you must climb onto the equipment, use extreme caution, especially during adverse conditions (wet, mud, snow and ice. If no steps or platforms are available use an appropriate ladder.**
- **Avoid going up steps or ladder with hose**
- **Turn pump on if so equipped and / or open valve at tank.**
- **Begin fueling, don't leave nozzle unattended. NEVER rely on automatic shut off.**
- **Don't overfill tank leave room for expansion.**
- **When finished reverse procedure.**
- **Use three point contact when ascending or descending.**
- **In case of a spill protect yourself, fuels can cause severe eye and skin irritations, contain the spill if possible, report the spill.**

### **READ LABELS OR MSDS, in particular FIRST AID MEASURES**

- **Make sure pump and / or valves are turned off and hose put back in proper place.**
- **Don't forget to put cap back on**

**This Job procedure is to be utilized as a guide only. Worksite practices and/or worksite conditions may necessitate change to the content, or order, of task steps in order to complete the job safely & efficiently.**

**Common sense should prevail**



## **E.GRUBEN'S TRANSPORT LTD.**

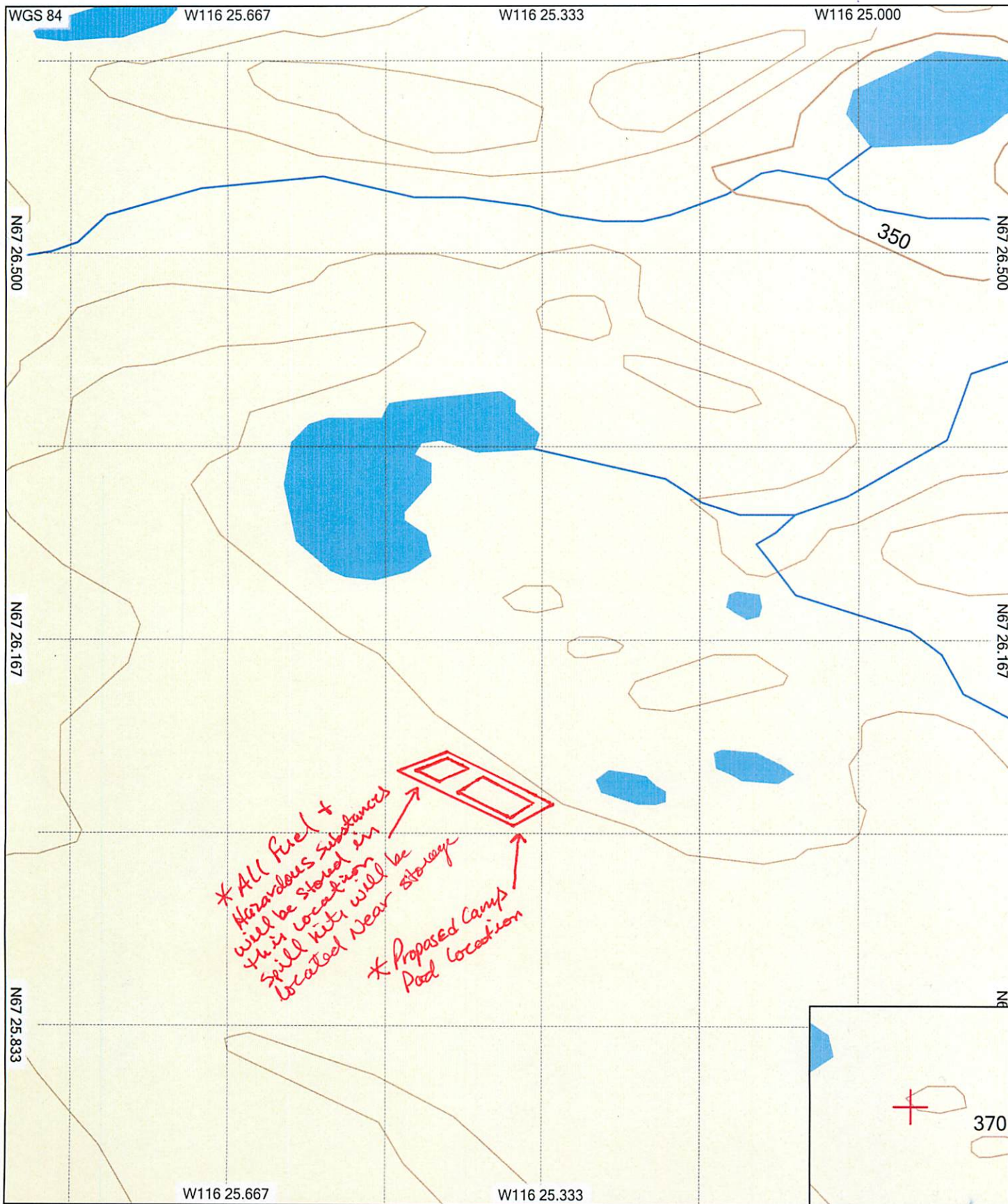
### **FLUID TRANSFER GUIDELINES**

Many spills occur during routine fueling, pumping, and other fluid transfer operations. Most of these spills can be avoided by paying attention and taking simple precautions. EGT has developed field-wide fluid transfer guidelines, which are summarized below.

- Do not operate equipment unless trained by a competent person.
- Check all vehicles and equipment. If a leak is apparent, or there are other obvious problems with the equipment; stop the job and have repairs done. Surface liners or drip pans may be used to contain leaks for a short time during critical operations; however, liners are not an acceptable substitute for maintenance.
- Park vehicles and equipment away from water bodies, tundra, and wildlife habitat. Do not park on the edges of the pad.
- Position equipment so that valves, piping, tanks, etc., are protected from damage by other vehicles or equipment.
- Verify that adequate surface liners and absorbents are on hand.
- Make sure all equipment is properly grounded.
- Inspect hoses, connections, valves, etc., before starting any fluid transfers. Be sure that valves are in proper position and each connection is tightened properly.
- Before starting, check all tank and container levels, valves, and vents to prevent overfilling or accidental releases.
- Surface liners or drip pans are required under all potential spill points.
- Maintain a constant line-of sight with critical components throughout fluid transfer procedure. Be prepared to stop the transfer immediately if you notice any leaks. Do not attempt to fix a leak while fluid is being transferred. Never leave fluid transfer operations unattended. After transfer is complete, continue to take precautions while breaking connections. When finished, check the area for spills. Report all spills immediately to your supervisor and the 24-hour Spill Report Line (867) 920-8130.

This Job procedure is to be utilized as a guide only. Worksite practices and/or worksite conditions may necessitate change to the content, or order, of task steps in order to complete the job safely & efficiently.

Common sense should prevail.



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\* Hope Lake Nunavut  
Camp location + fuel storage locations

GARMIN.



Canada

# NT-NU SPILL REPORT

OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE

TEL: (867) 920-8130

FAX: (867) 873-6924

EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

REPORT LINE USE ONLY

A	REPORT DATE: MONTH – DAY – YEAR		REPORT TIME		<input type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT, OR <input type="checkbox"/> UPDATE # _____ TO THE ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT	<b>REPORT NUMBER</b> _____
	OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH – DAY – YEAR		OCCURRENCE TIME			
C	LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)			WATER LICENCE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)		
	GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME OR DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM NAMED LOCATION				REGION <input type="checkbox"/> NWT <input type="checkbox"/> NUNAVUT <input type="checkbox"/> ADJACENT JURISDICTION OR OCEAN	
E	LATITUDE			LONGITUDE		
	DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONDS	DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONDS
F	RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VESSEL NAME		RESPONSIBLE PARTY ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION			
	ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVED		CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION			
H	PRODUCT SPILLED		QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES		U.N. NUMBER	
	SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED (IF APPLICABLE)		QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES		U.N. NUMBER	
I	SPILL SOURCE		SPILL CAUSE		AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SQUARE METRES	
	FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL OR RECOVERY		DESCRIBE ANY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED		HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR EQUIPMENT	
K	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, COMMENTS, ACTIONS PROPOSED OR TAKEN TO CONTAIN, RECOVER OR DISPOSE OF SPILLED PRODUCT AND CONTAMINATED MATERIALS					
L	REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY	POSITION	EMPLOYER	LOCATION CALLING FROM	TELEPHONE	
	ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT	POSITION	EMPLOYER	ALTERNATE CONTACT LOCATION	ALTERNATE TELEPHONE	

## REPORT LINE USE ONLY

N	RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY	POSITION	EMPLOYER	LOCATION CALLED	REPORT LINE NUMBER
		STATION OPERATOR		YELLOWKNIFE, NT	(867) 920-8130
LEAD AGENCY <input type="checkbox"/> EC <input type="checkbox"/> CCG <input type="checkbox"/> GNWT <input type="checkbox"/> GN <input type="checkbox"/> ILA <input type="checkbox"/> INAC <input type="checkbox"/> NEB <input type="checkbox"/> TC			SIGNIFICANCE <input type="checkbox"/> MINOR <input type="checkbox"/> MAJOR <input type="checkbox"/> UNKNOWN		FILE STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> OPEN <input type="checkbox"/> CLOSED
AGENCY		CONTACT NAME	CONTACT TIME	REMARKS	
LEAD AGENCY					
FIRST SUPPORT AGENCY					
SECOND SUPPORT AGENCY					
THIRD SUPPORT AGENCY					



# Material Safety Data Sheet



DIESEL FUEL



## 1 . Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: DIESEL FUEL
<b>Synonym</b>	: Seasonal Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1 Heating Oil, D50, D60, P40, P50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel, Furnace special, Biodiesel blend, B1, B2, B5, Diesel Low Cloud (LC).
<b>Code</b>	: W104, W293; SAP: 120, 121, 122, 125, 126, 129, 130, 135, 287, 288
<b>Material uses</b>	: Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining Diesel has a higher flash point requirement, for safe use in underground mines.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2 . Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Bright oily liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:   Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: WARNING! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Combustible liquid. Severely irritating to the skin. Irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.
<b>Skin</b>	: Severely irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Irritating to eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 2 . Hazards identification

- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized / Fuels, diesel / Fuel Oil No. 2	64742-81-0 / 68334-30-5 / 68476-30-2	95 - 100
Fatty acids methyl esters	61788-61-2 / 67784-80-9 / 73891-99-3	0 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Combustible liquid
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur compounds (H<sub>2</sub>S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Fuels, diesel	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).
Fuel oil No. 2	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

#### Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Bright oily liquid.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Diesel fuel: Closed cup: $\geq 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $\geq 104^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: $\geq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $\geq 140^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: $\geq 52^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $\geq 126^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: $225^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $437^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
<b>Flammable limits</b>	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 6%
<b>Colour</b>	: Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation purposes).
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: $150$ to $371^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $302$ to $699.8^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: $0.80$ to $0.88$ kg/L @ $15^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $59^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: $1$ kPa ( $7.5$ mm Hg) @ $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $68^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
<b>Vapour density</b>	: $4.5$ [Air = 1]
<b>Volatility</b>	: Semivolatile to volatile.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Diesel fuel: $1.3$ - $4.1$ cSt @ $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Marine Diesel Fuel: $1.3$ - $4.4$ cSt @ $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
<b>Pour point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Hazardous polymerisation</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	: Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Fuels, diesel	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	24500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-
Fuel oil No. 2	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	A3	-	-	-	-	-
Fuels, diesel	A3	3	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil No. 2	A3	3	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN1202	DIESEL FUEL	3	III		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Combustible liquid  
Irritating material

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

## 15 . Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	2
Flammability	2
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	H

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



### References

- : Available upon request.  
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**Date of printing** : 7/6/2010.

**Date of issue** : 6 July 2010

**Date of previous issue** : 7/3/2009.

**Responsible name** : Product Safety - JDW

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet



JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL
Synonym	: Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8; NATO F-34; Jet F-34; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB-3.32)
Code	: W213, SAP: 149
Material uses	: Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel (if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.
Manufacturer	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
In case of emergency	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	: Clear liquid.
Odour	: Kerosene-like.
WHMIS (Canada)	:   Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  <b>The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.</b> <b>The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.</b>
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview	: CAUTION! COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. Combustible liquid. Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Ingestion	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.
Skin	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
Eyes	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
Potential chronic health effects	
Chronic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C9-C16)*(Kerosene)	8008-20-6	99.9
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added**): (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)	111-77-3	0.1 - 0.15
Anti-static, antioxidant and metal deactivator additives	Not applicable	<0.1

\*Aromatic content is 25% maximum (benzene: nil).

\*\*Please note that Jet A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).
<b>Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
<b>Not suitable</b>	: Do not use water jet.
<b>Special exposure hazards</b>	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.



## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## 7 . Handling and storage

### Storage

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosene	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### Engineering measures

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### Respiratory

- : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### Hands

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

#### Eyes

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### Skin

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Clear liquid.

**Flash point** : Closed cup:  $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\geq 100.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) [Tag. Closed Cup]

**Auto-ignition temperature** :  $210^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $410^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

**Flammable limits** : Lower: 0.7%  
Upper: 5%

**Colour** : Clear and colourless.

**Odour** : Kerosene-like.

**Odour threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point** :  $140$  to  $300^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $284$  to  $572^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

**Melting/freezing point** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 0.775 to 0.84 (Water=1)

**Vapour pressure** : 0.7 kPa (5.25 mm Hg) @  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $68^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

**Vapour density** : 4.5 [Air = 1]

**Volatility** : Volatile.

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : 1.0 - 1.9 cSt @  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $104^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

**Pour point** :  $< -51^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $< -60^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

**Solubility** : Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible with other petroleum solvents.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

## 11 . Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

<b>Product/ingredient name</b>	<b>ACGIH</b>	<b>IARC</b>	<b>EPA</b>	<b>NIOSH</b>	<b>NTP</b>	<b>OSHA</b>
Kerosene	A3	3	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	3	III		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Combustible liquid

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

**The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.**

**The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		2
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		H

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



### **References**

: Available upon request.  
™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

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**Responsible name** : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

## 16 . Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet



JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL
<b>Synonym</b>	: Jet B; Jet B DI; JP-4; Jet F-40; NATO F-40; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Wide Cut Type (Can/CGSB-3.22); Low Vapour Pressure Naphtha.
<b>Code</b>	: W219, SAP: 101855, 101854
<b>Material uses</b>	: Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Clear liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Gasoline like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:   Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: DANGER!  EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.  Extremely flammable liquid. Irritating to skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.
<b>Skin</b>	: Irritating to skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: May cause eye irritation.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14)	64741-41-9	60 - 100
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1 - 0.5
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added**): (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)	111-77-3	0.1 - 0.15
Anti-static, antioxidant, corrosion inhibitor and metal deactivator additives.	Not applicable	< 0.1

\*\* Please note that Jet B DI, JP-4, Jet F-40 and NATO F-40 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII). corrosion inhibitor

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: Flammable liquid (NFPA).
<b>Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
<b>Not suitable</b>	: Do not use water jet.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.



## 7 . Handling and storage

### Storage

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Benzene	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minute(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### Engineering measures

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### Respiratory

- : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### Hands

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

#### Eyes

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### Skin

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state** : Clear liquid.

**Flash point** : Closed cup: -31°C (-23.8°F) [NFPA]

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 240°C (464°F) [NFPA]

**Flammable limits** : Lower: 1.3% [NFPA]  
Upper: 8% [NFPA]

**Colour** : Clear and colourless.

**Odour** : Gasoline like.

**Odour threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point** : 50 to 270°C (122 to 518°F)

**Melting/freezing point** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 0.75 to 0.8 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

**Vapour pressure** : 14-21 kPa (158 mm Hg) @ 37.8°C (100°F)

**Vapour density** : 3.5 [Air = 1]

**Volatility** : Not available.

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Not available.

**Pour point** : Freezing point: <-51°C (<-60°F) for all types of Jet B including F40

**Solubility** : Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible with other petroleum solvents.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, diborane and halogen compounds.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>50000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Benzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	13200 ppm	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

## 11 . Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14)	-	2A	-	-	-	-
Benzene	A1	1	A	+	Proven.	+

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	3	II		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid  
Irritating material  
Carcinogen

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		H

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



**References** : Available upon request.  
™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

## 16 . Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet



GASOLINE - ETHANOL



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: GASOLINE - ETHANOL
<b>Synonym</b>	: SuperClean, SuperClean 94 (Montreal), GASOHOL, Regular, Mid-Grade, Plus, WinterGas, RegularClean, PlusClean, marked or dyed gasoline, Super Premium (94 RO), E-10, Ultra 94, Ethanol blended gasoline
<b>Code</b>	: GASOHOL
<b>Material uses</b>	: Gasoline-Ethanol is used in spark ignition engines including motor vehicles, farm vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines and recreational vehicles.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Clear liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Gasoline
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:   Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: WARNING! FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.  Flammable liquid. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Skin</b>	: Irritating to skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Irritating to eyes.

## 2 . Hazards identification

### Potential chronic health effects

<b>Chronic effects</b>	: This product contains an ingredient or ingredients, which have been shown to cause chronic toxic effects. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce blood disorders.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Gasoline	86290-81-5	90 - 97
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - 20
Ethanol	64-17-5	5 - 10
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5 - 1.5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: Flammable.
<b>Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
<b>Not suitable</b>	: Do not use water jet.
<b>Special exposure hazards</b>	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
<b>Products of combustion</b>	: Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), lead, aldehydes, ketones, phenols, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
<b>Special remarks on fire hazards</b>	: Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back.
<b>Special remarks on explosion hazards</b>	: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	
<b>Small spill</b>	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

<b>Handling</b>	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take
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## 7 . Handling and storage

precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Ground all equipment containing material.

### Storage

- : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Gasoline	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).
Toluene	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).
Ethanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s).
Benzene	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minute(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

### Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### Engineering measures

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### Respiratory

- : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Clear liquid.
- Flash point** : -43°C (-45.4°F) (NFPA)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Lower: 1.4% (NFPA)  
Upper: 7.6% (NFPA)
- Colour** : Clear to slightly yellow, undyed liquid. May be dyed for taxation purposes.
- Odour** : Gasoline
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : 26 to 200°C (78.8 to 392°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.7 to 0.78 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : 41 to 107 kPa (307 to 802 mm Hg) @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour density** : 3 to 4 [Air = 1] (NFPA)
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 0.6 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)
- Pour point** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Ethyl alcohol is completely soluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and interhalogens.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, aldehydes, ketones, phenols, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Gasoline	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13600 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12125 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	7585 ppm	4 hours
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>32380 ppm	4 hours
Benzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>8240 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	13700 ppm	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Gasoline	A3	2B	-	-	-	-
Toluene	A4	3	D	-	-	-
Ethanol	A3	-	-	-	-	-
Benzene	A1	1	A	+	Proven.	+

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There is a wealth of information about the teratogenic hazards of Toluene in the literature; however, based upon professional judgement regarding the body of evidence, WHMIS classification as a teratogen is not warranted.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN1203	GASOLINE	3	II		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid  
Irritating material  
Carcinogen

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	3
Flammability	3
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	H

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



**References** : Available upon request.  
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**Responsible name** : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

DURON™ 15W-40 HEAVY DUTY ENGINE OIL



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: DURON™ 15W-40 HEAVY DUTY ENGINE OIL
<b>Code</b>	: DUR15
<b>Material uses</b>	: DURON 15W-40 engine oil may be used in a wide range of compression and spark ignition engines in mobile and stationary equipment where this viscosity grade is recommended. The product may also be used in many types of wet clutch transmissions and hydraulic systems.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

### 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), calcium oxides (CaO<sub>x</sub>), aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.



## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Open cup: 233°C (451.4°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Fire Point: 247°C (476.6°F)
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Light amber.
- Odour** : Mild petroleum oil like.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.8695 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 112.8 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 15.6 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=143
- Pour point** : -48°C (-54°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, halogens and halogen compounds.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, SiO<sub>x</sub>, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	Dusts and mists			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

## 11 . Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

ACGIH

A4

IARC

-

EPA

-

NIOSH

-

NTP

-

OSHA

-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.  
Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
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Responsible name : **Product Safety - JDW**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

## 16 . Other information

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

DEXRON GEAR OIL 75W-90



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: DEXRON GEAR OIL 75W-90
<b>Code</b>	: DEX75
<b>Material uses</b>	: A rear axle and differential lubricant for light duty vehicles. Meets General Motors specification 9986285.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like or no odour.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4



## 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Open cup: 187°C (368.6°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Fire Point: 225 °C (437°F)
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Colourless to light yellow.
- Odour** : Mild petroleum oil like or no odour.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.8567 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 88.5 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 15.2 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=182
- Pour point** : <-57°C (<-71°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, alkalis and reducing agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release COx, POx, SOx, NOx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	Dusts and mists			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

## 11 . Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

ACGIH

A4

IARC

-

EPA

-

NIOSH

-

NTP

-

OSHA

-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : At least one component is not listed.

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS):** At least one component is not listed.  
**China inventory (IECSC):** At least one component is not listed.  
**Japan inventory:** At least one component is not listed.  
**Korea inventory:** At least one component is not listed.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS):** At least one component is not listed.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
 ™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

Date of printing : **5/2/2012.**

Date of issue : 5 April 2012

Date of previous issue : 9/16/2011.

Responsible name : **Product Safety - RS**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

## 16 . Other information

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



# Material Safety Data Sheet

2-CYCLE MOTOR OIL



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: 2-CYCLE MOTOR OIL
<b>Code</b>	: TWOCYC
<b>Material uses</b>	: A low ash 2-cycle engine oil designed to lubricate conventional pre-mixed fuel/oil as well as oil injection lubricated engines powering air-cooled two-stroke cycle engines.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64741-95-3, 64742-01-4, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-62-7, 72623-83-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

### 4 . First-aid measures

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>                | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b>               | : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. |
| <b>Inhalation</b>                 | : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.                                      |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                  | : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.  |
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  |

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Flammability of the product</b>                    | : May be combustible at high temperature.  |
| <b><u>Extinguishing media</u></b>                     |  |
| <b>Suitable</b>                                       | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.  |
| <b>Not suitable</b>                                   | : None known.  |
| <b>Special exposure hazards</b>                       | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.  |
| <b>Products of combustion</b>                         | : Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion. |
| <b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b> | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.                          |
| <b>Special remarks on fire hazards</b>                | : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.  |
| <b>Special remarks on explosion hazards</b>           | : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.   |

### 6 . Accidental release measures

- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Personal precautions</b>           | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). |
| <b>Environmental precautions</b>      | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).   |
| <b><u>Methods for cleaning up</u></b> |   |

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Open cup: 152°C (305.6°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Blue-green.
- Odour** : Mild petroleum oil like.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 20.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 4.5 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=132
- Pour point** : -57°C (-71°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, alkalis and acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, aldehydes, methacrylate monomers, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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## 11 . Toxicological information

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	A4	-	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :	Health	1
	Flammability	1
	Physical hazards	0
	Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
<sup>TM</sup> Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

Date of printing : 1/19/2012.

Date of issue : 19 January 2012

Date of previous issue : 1/19/2012.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)



## 16 . Other information

### Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

**To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.**

**Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**

# Material Safety Data Sheet




PETRO-CANADA 4-SEASON ADVANCED NON-SMEAR WINDSHIELD WASHER



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PETRO-CANADA 4-SEASON ADVANCED NON-SMEAR WINDSHIELD WASHER
<b>Synonym</b>	: Windshield washer antifreeze
<b>Code</b>	: 4SAWW
<b>Material uses</b>	: Windshield washer is a premixed washer fluid with antifreeze for cleaning windshields.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Alcohol. (Slight)
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:    Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: WARNING!  FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.  Flammable liquid. Moderately irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.
<b>Skin</b>	: May cause skin irritation.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Moderately irritating to eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

## 2 . Hazards identification

- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Methanol	67-56-1	40 - 50

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), formaldehyde, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. May accumulate in confined spaces.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Methanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation. A minimum of NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: nitrile, Viton, neoprene, natural rubber (latex). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

#### Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F) [Tagliabue.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385°C (725°F)
Flammable limits	: Lower: 6% Upper: 36%
Colour	: Purple.
Odour	: Alcohol. (Slight)
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.9 to 0.95 (Water=1)
Vapour pressure	: <12.8 kPa (<96 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F)
Vapour density	: <1.11 [Air = 1]
Volatility	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: 2.1 (Butyl acetate. = 1)
Viscosity	: Not available.
Pour point	: Not available.
Solubility	: Soluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Materials to avoid	: Reactive with oxidising agents, metals, acids and halogenated compounds.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release COx, formaldehyde, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.



## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		1.36 Class 3, Flammable Liquids: Alcohol Exemption (For transport on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a ship on a domestic voyage.)
<b>DOT Classification</b>	UN1987	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (Methanol)	3	III		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid  
Irritating material

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid  
Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : Not available.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		B

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



**References** : Available upon request.  
<sup>TM</sup> Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

**Date of printing** : 4/26/2010.

**Date of issue** : 26 April 2010

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation.

**Responsible name** : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet



PETRO-CANADA BRAKE FLUID



## 1 . Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PETRO-CANADA BRAKE FLUID
<b>Code</b>	: W449
<b>Material uses</b>	: Brake Fluid is a synthetic glycol-based fluid for use in automotive applications requiring DOT 3 type fluids.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2 . Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Not available.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:   Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes and skin. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Toxic if swallowed.
<b>Skin</b>	: Irritating to skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Irritating to eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.
<b>See toxicological information (Section 11)</b>	

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether	112-50-5	50-70
Polyethylene Glycol	25322-68-3	15-40
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	111-46-6	10-12

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4 . First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: May be combustible at high temperature.
<b><u>Extinguishing media</u></b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Not suitable</b>	: None known.
<b>Special exposure hazards</b>	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
<b>Products of combustion</b>	: Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
<b>Special remarks on fire hazards</b>	: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
<b>Special remarks on explosion hazards</b>	: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Respiratory</b>                     | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter |
| <b>Hands</b>                           | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.<br>Recommended: nitrile rubber   |
| <b>Eyes</b>                            | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.   |
| <b>Skin</b>                            | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  |
| <b>Environmental exposure controls</b> | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.                               |

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Physical state</b>             | : Viscous liquid.   |
| <b>Flash point</b>                | : Closed cup: 132°C (269.6°F) [Pensky-Martens.]   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>  | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flammable limits</b>           | : Not available.  |
| <b>Colour</b>                     | : Colourless to light amber.  |
| <b>Odour</b>                      | : Not available.  |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>            | : Not available.  |
| <b>pH</b>                         | : Not available.  |
| <b>Boiling/condensation point</b> | : 235 to 246°C (455 to 474.8°F)   |
| <b>Melting/freezing point</b>     | : Not available.  |
| <b>Relative density</b>           | : 1.038 to 1.04 (Water=1)   |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>            | : <0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [20°C]  |
| <b>Vapour density</b>             | : Not available.  |
| <b>Volatility</b>                 | : Not available.  |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>           | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                  | : Not available.  |
| <b>Pour point</b>                 | : Not available.  |
| <b>Solubility</b>                 | : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, methanol and diethyl ether. |

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Chemical stability</b>               | : The product is stable.   |
| <b>Hazardous polymerisation</b>         | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.     |
| <b>Materials to avoid</b>               | : Reactive with oxidising agents.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b> | : May release CO <sub>x</sub> , smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition. |



## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Triethylene glycol monomethyl ether	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	5798 mg/kg	-
Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2300 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Toxic material  
Irritating material

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	2
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	B

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



### References

: Available upon request.  
™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

**Date of printing** : 10/14/2011.

**Date of issue** : 14 October 2011

**Date of previous issue** : 12/17/2008.

**Responsible name** : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

## 16 . Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet



PC HEAVY DUTY SYNTHETIC BLEND AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID

## 1 . Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PC HEAVY DUTY SYNTHETIC BLEND AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID
<b>Code</b>	: PCHDATE
<b>Material uses</b>	: A heavy duty synthetic blend automatic transmission fluid for use in commercial service in a variety of automatic transmission makes and as a hydraulic and power steering fluid for mobile equipment.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2 . Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: No odour or slight petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

## 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 160°C (320°F) [Pensky-Martens.]  
Open cup: 189°C (372.2°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Fire Point: 212°C (413.6°F)
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Dark red.
- Odour** : No odour or slight petroleum oil like.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.8544 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 34.3 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 7.8 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=208
- Pour point** : -45°C (-49°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	Dusts and mists			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

#### **ACGIH**

A4

#### **IARC**

-

#### **EPA**

-

#### **NIOSH**

-

#### **NTP**

-

#### **OSHA**

-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.  
**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Japan inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS):** All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
<sup>TM</sup> Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

Date of printing : **8/2/2012.**

Date of issue : 2 August 2012

Date of previous issue : 5/27/2009.

Responsible name : **Product Safety - JDW**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

## 16 . Other information

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

HYDREX™ AW 22, 32, 46, 68, 80, 100



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: HYDREX™ AW 22, 32, 46, 68, 80, 100
<b>Code</b>	: HDXAW22; HDXAW32; HDXAW46; HDXAW68; HDXAW80; HDXAW10
<b>Material uses</b>	: These products are designed for use as heavy duty hydraulic power transmission fluids and for lubrication where good anti-wear and anti-oxidation properties are required. They would typically be used in high-pressure hydraulic systems, machine tools, presses, compressors, pumps, gear sets, and centralized bearing lubrication systems.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

### 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), phosphorus oxides (PO<sub>x</sub>), calcium oxides (CaO<sub>x</sub>), zinc oxides (ZnO<sub>x</sub>), silicon oxides (SiO<sub>x</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

### 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up



## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Open cup:  $\geq 207^{\circ}\text{C}$  (404.6°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Pale, straw-yellow.
- Odour** : Mild petroleum oil like.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.8587 to 0.8728 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : **22:** 21.59 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 4.26 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=101; **32:** 34.5 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 5.68 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=103; **46:** 46.6 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 6.94 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=105; **68:** 65.7 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 9.4 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=115; **80:** 80.0 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 9.71 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=99; **100:** 100.0 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 11.32 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=99
- Pour point** : **22:** -45°C (-49°F); **32:** -39°C (-38°F); **46:** -33°C (-27°F); **68:** -33°C (-27°F); **80:** -24°C (-11°F); **100:** -30°C (-22°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, methacrylate monomers, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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## 11 . Toxicological information

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5.2 mg/l	4 hours
	Dusts and mists			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	A4	-	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Japan inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :	Health	1
	Flammability	1
	Physical hazards	0
	Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
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Date of issue : 10 October 2012

Date of previous issue : 10/21/2010.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## 16 . Other information

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

**To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.**

**Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**

# Material Safety Data Sheet



PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE
<b>Synonym</b>	: Universal Antifreeze, Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Antifreeze-Coolant, Petro-Canada Heavy Duty Antifreeze-Coolant, Pre-Mix Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Premium Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Engine Coolant, Pre-Mixed Radiator Antifreeze/Coolant Petro-Canada.
<b>Code</b>	: W269
<b>Material uses</b>	: Used as an engine antifreeze coolant.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Clear viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Odourless.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:   Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: CAUTION!  MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.  May be harmful if swallowed. Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and diarrhea. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	



## 2 . Hazards identification

<b>Chronic effects</b>	: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Target organs</b>	: The substance may be toxic to kidneys and liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	45 - 99

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: Non-flammable.
<b><u>Extinguishing media</u></b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Not suitable</b>	: None known.
<b>Special exposure hazards</b>	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Ethylene glycol	ACGIH TLV (United States). CEIL: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (aerosol)

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Engineering measures** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Clear viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Yellow.
- Odour** : Odourless.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : 129°C (264.2°F)
- Melting/freezing point** : -37°C (-34.6°F)
- Relative density** : 1.06 to 1.09
- Vapour pressure** : 0.008 kPa (0.06 mm Hg)
- Vapour density** : 2.1 [Air = 1]
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Pour point** : Not available.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

**Solubility** : Soluble in water, methanol and diethyl ether.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

**Hazardous decomposition products** : May release CO<sub>x</sub>, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethylene glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	9530 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	2725 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	Dusts and mists			

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Ethylene glycol	A4	-	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Biodegradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.


## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethylene glycol based coolant)	9	III		<b>Special provisions</b> In single containers of 5000 lbs capacity or less this product is exempt from DOT regulations (not regulated).

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Target organ effects

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		H

## 16 . Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



References : Available upon request.  
™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

Date of printing : 9/14/2011.

Date of issue : 11 March 2010

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



# Material Safety Data Sheet

PETRO-CANADA WINTER UNIVERSAL GAS LINE ANTIFREEZE



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PETRO-CANADA WINTER UNIVERSAL GAS LINE ANTIFREEZE
<b>Synonym</b>	: Gasoline Additive
<b>Code</b>	: GLAF
<b>Material uses</b>	: Use as a fuel line antifreeze and deposit control additive in gasoline. Used in Petro-Canada's WinterGas gasoline.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Alcohol-like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	:  Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: WARNING!  FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.  Flammable liquid. Moderately irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.
<b>Skin</b>	: May cause skin irritation.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Moderately irritating to eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

## 2 . Hazards identification

- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Methanol	67-56-1	90 - 100

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4 . First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Flammable.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Product may sustain a flame when source of ignition is applied.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

**Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

**Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Methanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States).</b> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Personal protection

#### **Respiratory**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### **Hands**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: natural rubber (latex), nitrile, Viton, polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

#### **Eyes**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

#### **Skin**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 11°C (51.8°F) [Tagliabue.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385°C (725°F)
Flammable limits	: Lower: 6% Upper: 36%
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Alcohol-like.
Odour threshold	: 2000 ppm
pH	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: 64.5°C (148.1°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -98°C (-144.4°F)
Relative density	: 0.79 (Water=1)
Vapour pressure	: 13.2 kPa (99 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F).
Vapour density	: 1.11 [Air = 1]
Volatility	: 100% (v/v)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Pour point	: Not available.
Solubility	: Soluble in water and diethyl ether.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Hazardous polymerisation	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Materials to avoid	: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

- Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Aquatic ecotoxicity**
- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- Biodegradability**
- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- Toxicity of the products of biodegradation** : The products of degradation are more toxic than the product itself.



## 13 . Disposal considerations

- Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN1992	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Methanol)	3 (6.1)	II	 	-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

- HCS Classification** : Flammable liquid  
Irritating material

### Canada

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid  
Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.



## 15 . Regulatory information

- International lists**
- : **Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.
  - : **China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.
  - : **Japan inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
  - : **Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
  - : **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** All components are listed or exempted.
  - : **Philippines inventory (PICCS):** All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

- Label requirements** : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		H

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



**References**

- : Available upon request.
- ™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

**Date of printing**

: 2/22/2010.

**Date of issue**

: 22 February 2010

**Date of previous issue**

: No previous validation.

**Responsible name**

: **Product Safety - DSR**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS**

: Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

**Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

DURATAC™ CHAIN OIL 32



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: DURATAC™ CHAIN OIL 32
<b>Code</b>	: DTAC32
<b>Material uses</b>	: Duratac Chain Oils are used to lubricate chains, guide bars, journal bearings and sprockets of modern high-speed chain saws. They are used as "once through" lubricating oils where a tackifier is beneficial.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Opaque, viscous liquid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild petroleum oil like.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64741-95-3, 64742-01-4, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-62-7, 72623-83-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

### 4 . First-aid measures

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>                | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b>               | : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. |
| <b>Inhalation</b>                 | : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.                                      |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                  | : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.  |
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  |

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Flammability of the product</b>                    | : May be combustible at high temperature.   |
| <b>Extinguishing media</b>                            |   |
| <b>Suitable</b>                                       | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| <b>Not suitable</b>                                   | : None known.   |
| <b>Special exposure hazards</b>                       | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.   |
| <b>Products of combustion</b>                         | : Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur compounds (H <sub>2</sub> S), phosphorus oxides (PO <sub>x</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion. |
| <b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b> | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |
| <b>Special remarks on fire hazards</b>                | : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.   |
| <b>Special remarks on explosion hazards</b>           | : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.  |

### 6 . Accidental release measures

- |                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Personal precautions</b>      | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). |
| <b>Environmental precautions</b> | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).   |
- Methods for cleaning up**

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil)</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Opaque, viscous liquid.
- Flash point** : Open cup:  $\geq 190^{\circ}\text{C}$  (374°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : Dark red.
- Odour** : Mild petroleum oil like.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 0.855 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : 32.0 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 6.29 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=151
- Pour point** : -42°C (-44°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and reducing agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H<sub>2</sub>S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.			

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Classification

#### Product/ingredient name

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).

ACGIH

A4

IARC

-

EPA

-

NIOSH

-

NTP

-

OSHA

-

### Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.



## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :	Health	1
	Flammability	1
	Physical hazards	0
	Personal protection	B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



### References

: Available upon request.  
 ™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

Date of printing : 3/23/2012.

Date of issue : 6 March 2012

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Responsible name : Product Safety - JDW

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** : The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

## 16 . Other information

### Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

**To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.**

**Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## Product: Coleman® Camp Fuel

### 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

**Trade Name of this Product:** Coleman® Camp Fuel

**Manufacturer**

HOC Industries, Inc.  
3511 N. Ohio  
Wichita, KS 67219

**Contact Name**

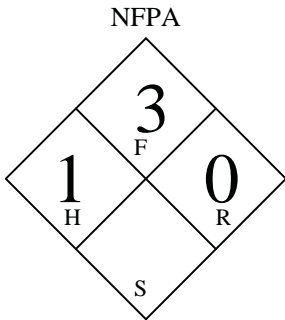
Don Poschen

**Phone Number**

(316) 838-4663

**Emergency Phone**

(800) 633-8253



### 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

**Ingredient**

Light Hydrotreated  
Distillate

**CAS Number**

68410-97-9

**Weight %**

100

**ACGIH**

**TWA**

300 ppm

**STEL**

500 ppm

### 3. Hazard Identification

\*\*\*\*\*EMERGENCY OVERVIEW\*\*\*\*\*

- \* WARNING: Flammable Liquid and Vapor. The Flash Point is <0 degrees F.
- \* This product is a clear, green, light hydrocarbon liquid.
- \* It has a solvent petroleum odor. The product floats on water.
- \* When burned the product produces carbon monoxide and other asphyxiants during combustion.
- \* Harmful if inhaled and may cause delayed lung injury.
- \* Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.
- \* Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame.

- \* Avoid breathing vapor. Use ventilation to keep vapor below exposure limits.
  - \* Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Material splashed into the eyes will irritate tissues. Gently flush material from eyes with clean water.
  - \* Unprotected exposure to this product will cause skin dryness.
  - \* Remove product soaked clothing and wash with mild soap.
  - \* As with any petroleum product, avoid mixing this product with strong oxidizers.
  - \* This product is not listed on the NTP, IARC, OSHA, or ACGIH lists of suspected/confirmed carcinogens.
  - \* This product may be toxic to fish but will be toxic to birds and wildlife through ingestion during pelage cleaning.
  - \* This product is readily biodegradable in the presence of air and sunlight.
  - \* Spilled material is slippery and may cause falls.
- \*\*\*\*\*END OF EMERGENCY OVERVIEW \*\*\*\*\*

## POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Skin.

### EYES

Tests on similar materials suggest acute irritation can be expected.

### SKIN

Tests on similar materials indicate acute irritation is expected to occur upon short-term exposure, chronic dermatitis on prolonged contact.

### INGESTION

ACUTE ASPIRATION HAZARD. Tests on similar materials indicate possibility of the following symptoms: headache, nausea, drowsiness, fatigue, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, central nervous system depression, convulsions, and loss of consciousness.

### INHALATION

Tests on similar material indicate the possibility of the following symptoms: headache, nasal and respiratory irritation, nausea, drowsiness, breathlessness, fatigue, central nervous system depression, convulsions, and loss of consciousness.

### CHRONIC

Prolonged and/or repeated contact with this material may produce skin irritation and inflammation.

### CANCER INFORMATION

Carcinogen listed by:

National Toxicology Program: No

I.A.R.C.: No

OSHA: No

ACGIH: No

This product does not require a cancer hazard warning in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Personnel with pre-existing skin disorders should avoid contact with this product.

## 4. First Aid Information

### EYES

Flush eyes immediately with water for at least 15 minutes or until irritation subsides, occasionally lifting lower and upper lids. Get medical attention promptly.

### SKIN

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If irritation or rash develops, obtain medical assistance. Immediately remove soaked clothing.

#### INGESTION

CALL PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY. Do not induce vomiting except at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### INHALATION

Remove person to fresh air and consult a physician. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing give artificial respiration.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

FLASH POINT: <0°F (<-18°C) Tag Closed Cup

AUTOIGNITION: not available

FLAMMABILITY CLASS: IB

LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%): not available

UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%): not available

#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Can form flammable mixtures with air and flash at room temperature or upon slight heat application. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance. Explosion hazard in confined spaces if exposed to ignition source. Mists or sprays may be flammable below fuel's normal flash point. Keep away from heat or open flame.

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Dry Chemical, carbon dioxide, and foam. NOTE: Water, fog and foam may cause frothing and spattering. Water stream may spread fire.

#### FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

Use water to cool containers exposed to flames. Do not enter enclosed or a confined work space without proper protective equipment. Fire fighting personnel should wear respiratory protection (positive pressure if available). If leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors.

Products of combustion include fumes, smoke and carbon monoxide.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

Evacuate area and shut off ignition source. Contain spill and keep from entering waterways or sewers. Use personal protective equipment. Advise EPA or state agency if required. Absorb with inert material. Shovel or sweep spill and place in closed container for disposal.

## 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Keep product away from high energy ignition sources, heat, sparks, pilot lights, static electricity, and open flame. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Use in well ventilated area away from all ignition sources. See Section 8 for additional personal protection advice when handling this product.

STORAGE: Store in a cool area. Store as OSHA Class IB flammable liquid

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: To prevent and minimize fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system. Electrical equipment and fittings must comply with local fire prevention regulations for this class of product. Use the correct grounding procedures. Refer to national, state, or local regulations covering safety at petroleum handling and storage areas for this product.

**EMPTY CONTAINER WARNING:** Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to refill or clean container since residue is difficult to remove. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

#### WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Do not use harsh abrasive skin cleaners for washing exposed skin areas. Take a shower after work if general contact occurs. Remove fuel-soaked clothing and launder before reuse. Launder or discard contaminated shoes and leather gloves.

## 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use adequate ventilation to keep fuel mists of this material below applicable standard(s). See Section on occupational exposure limits.

#### EYE/FACE PROTECTION

Safety glasses, splash goggles, or face shield as appropriate. Have suitable eye wash water available.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Avoid prolonged and/or repeated skin contact. If prolonged contact cannot be avoided, wear protective impervious gloves and clothing. Acceptable materials for gloves are neoprene, nitrile, or viton.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Up to 1000 ppm, half mask organic vapor respirator. Up to 5000 ppm, full face organic vapor respirator or full face supplied air respirator. Greater than 5000 ppm, fire fighting, or unknown concentration, self contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure should be used.

#### OTHER/GENERAL PROTECTION

If there is a likelihood of splashing, an oil resistant clothing should be worn. Never wear oil soaked clothing. Launder or dry clean before wearing. Discard fuel soaked shoes. Affix warning labels on containers in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication Standard).

Maintain local or dilution ventilation to keep air concentration below 100 ppm. Loading, unloading, tank gauging, etc., remain upwind. Request assistance of safety and industrial hygiene personnel to determine air concentrations.

#### INGREDIENT NAME, CAS #, EXPOSURE LIMITS, PERCENT BY VOLUME

Hydrotreated Light Distillate, CAS # 68410-97-9, OSHA-500 ppm, 100.0

This product contains:

\*Cyclohexane, CAS # 110-82-7, OSHA-300 ppm, ACGIH-300 ppm

\*Nonane, CAS # 111-84-2, ACGIH-200 ppm

\*Octane, CAS # 111-65-9, OSHA-400 ppm, ACGIH-300 ppm

\*Heptane, CAS # 142-82-5, OSHA-500 ppm, ACGIH-400 ppm

\*Pentane, CAS # 109-66-0, OSHA-1000 ppm, ACGIH-600 ppm



## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

### APPEARANCE

Clear, green liquid.

### ODOR

Petroleum Naphtha.

### ODOR THRESHOLD

N.D.

### BASIC PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

BOILING POINT: IBP >100°F (>38°C)

MELTING POINT: N/A

VAPOR PRESSURE: (Reid) 5.3 psi @ 100°F

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): 3

SPECIFIC GRAVITY @ 60°F (water=1): 0.7

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: not available

SOLUBILITY (H<sub>2</sub>O): negligible

PERCENT VOLATILES: 100%

VISCOSITY: not available

Physical data may vary slightly to meet specifications.

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable.

### CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Sources of ignition.

### INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Strong oxidizers.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Incomplete combustion may produce fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide and other asphyxiants.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Skin effects

May cause irritation or dermatitis with prolonged and repeated contact.

### Oral effects

Tests on similar materials indicate an order of acute oral toxicity.

### Inhalation effects

Acute toxicity expected on inhalation.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Dermatitis and sensitive skin. This product is not listed as carcinogenic or a potential carcinogen by the national toxicology program, by the I.A.R.C. monographs or by OSHA. Nevertheless, good industrial hygienic practices are recommended.

## 12. Ecological Information

If applied to leaves, this product may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration. This product is not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water. Product may be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. This product may cause gastrointestinal distress to birds and mammals through ingestion during pelage grooming.

This product is rapidly biodegradable. Biodegradation is possible within 90 to 120 days in aerobic environments at temperatures above 70°F (21°C).

## 13. Disposal Considerations

RCRA hazardous waste if discarded in its present form. EPA hazardous waste number D001. State and local requirements for waste disposal may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal regulations. Consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

## 14. Transportation Information

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum Distillates, n.o.s., Class 3, UN 1268, PG II

HAZARD CLASS: Class 3 Flammable Liquid

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN1268

DOT SHIPPING LABEL: DOT Hazardous material

## 15. Regulatory Information

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Threshold Planning Quantity: NOT APPLICABLE

SARA 304 Reportable Quantity: NOT APPLICABLE SARA TITLE III - Section 311/312 Hazard classes:

Immediate/Acute Health Effects: no

Delayed/Chronic Health Effects: yes

Fire Hazard: yes

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: no

Reactivity Hazard: no

EPA/TSCA Inventory: The components of this product are listed on the EPA/TSCA inventory of chemicals.

SARA TITLE III - Section 313 Supplier notification:

The following chemicals are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

\* Cyclohexane 110-82-7 up to 10%

Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): The following chemicals in this product are subject to the reporting requirements of CERCLA Section 101(14)(F): Cyclohexane

When this product is used in a mixture, or as an ingredient in another product, or in a manufacturing operation, the petroleum exclusion may terminate and an accidental spill may require reporting to the National Response Center.

STATE LIST DATA - This product contains chemicals which are on the following state lists:

Florida Toxic Substance

Massachusetts Hazardous Substance

Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance

Minnesota Hazardous Substance

STATE LIST DATA - This product contains chemicals which are on the following state lists (continued):

New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substance

New York List of Hazardous Substances

Washington Air Contaminant

## **16. Other Information**

DATE MADE: 2/12/04

DATE REVISED: 6/19/07

The information contained herein is based upon data available to us and reflects our best professional judgment. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or other warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use does not infringe any patent. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions of use beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

PURITY™ FG1 GREASE



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: PURITY™ FG1 GREASE
<b>Code</b>	: PFG1
<b>Material uses</b>	: PURITY FG1 is an NSF H1 Registered food grade NLGI 1 grease designed to lubricate bearings, slides, can seamers and other components of food processing machinery. This product complies with FDA requirements for "Lubricants with Incidental Food Contact". It is intended for application on industrial and food equipment. It should not be added directly to the food product.
<b>Supplier</b>	: Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Semi-solid.
<b>Odour</b>	: Bland.
<b>WHMIS (Canada)</b>	: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b><u>Potential chronic health effects</u></b>	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.
<b>See toxicological information (Section 11)</b>	

### 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4 . First-aid measures

- |                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Eye contact</b>                | : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Skin contact</b>               | : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately. |
| <b>Inhalation</b>                 | : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.                                      |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                  | : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.  |
| <b>Protection of first-aiders</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.  |
| <b>Notes to physician</b>         | : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  |

### 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Flammability of the product</b>                    | : May be combustible at high temperature.   |
| <b><u>Extinguishing media</u></b>                     |   |
| <b>Suitable</b>                                       | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.   |
| <b>Not suitable</b>                                   | : None known.   |
| <b>Special exposure hazards</b>                       | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| <b>Products of combustion</b>                         | : Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.  |
| <b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b> | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.                         |
| <b>Special remarks on fire hazards</b>                | : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.   |
| <b>Special remarks on explosion hazards</b>           | : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.  |

### 6 . Accidental release measures

- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Personal precautions</b>           | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). |
| <b>Environmental precautions</b>      | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).   |
| <b><u>Methods for cleaning up</u></b> |   |

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.



## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Semi-solid.
- Flash point** : Mineral Oil Blend: Open cup: 249°C (480.2°F) [Cleveland.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Not available.
- Colour** : White.
- Odour** : Bland.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Mineral Oil Blend: 0.877 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Vapour density** : Not available.
- Volatility** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Mineral Oil Blend: 182 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 17 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=99
- Pour point** : Mineral Oil Blend: -15°C (5°F)
- Penetration** : 331 (60 strokes)
- Dropping Point** : 269°C (516°F)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : May release COx, NOx, SOx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitiser

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

## 15 . Regulatory information

- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

## 16 . Other information

<b>Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)</b> :	<b>Health</b>	1
	<b>Flammability</b>	1
	<b>Physical hazards</b>	0
	<b>Personal protection</b>	B

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



### References

- : Available upon request.  
 ™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence.

**Date of printing** :

**10/24/2012.**

**Date of issue** :

24 October 2012

**Date of previous issue** :

7/8/2011.

**Responsible name** :

**Product Safety - RS**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**For Copy of (M)SDS** :

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<b>MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:</b> <b>US Office:</b> <b>WD-40 Company</b> <b>1061 Cudahy Place</b> <b>San Diego, CA 92110</b>  <b>Information Phone #: (619) 275-1400</b> <b>Emergency Phone # 24 hr:</b> <b>Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 –</b> Designated for use only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire exposure or accident involving chemicals.	<b>Canadian Office:</b> <b>WD-40 Products [Canada] Ltd.</b> <b>P.O. Box 220</b> <b>Toronto, Ontario M9C 4V3</b>  <b>Information Phone #: (416) 622-9881</b> <b>Emergency Phone # 24 hr:</b> <b>Canutec: (613) 996-6666 –</b> Designated for use only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire exposure or accident involving chemicals
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PRODUCT NAME: WD-40 Aerosol

PRODUCT USE: Cleaner, lubricant.

MSDS DATE OF PREPARATION: March 13, 2010

### SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**DANGER!** Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Avoid eye contact. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and all other sources of ignition.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

**PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:** Inhalation, skin and eye contact.

#### ACUTE EFFECTS:

**INGESTION:** This product has low oral toxicity. Swallowing of the liquid contents may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. The liquid contents are an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis.

**EYES:** Contact may be mildly irritating to eyes. May cause redness and tearing.

**SKIN:** Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce mild irritation and defatting with possible dermatitis.

**INHALATION:** High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. May aggravate existing respiratory conditions such as asthma. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

**CHRONIC EFFECTS:** None expected.

### SECTION 3 COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS Number	Percent
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8 64742-88-7	45-50%
Petroleum Base Oil	64742-58-1 64742-53-6 64742-56-9 64742-65-0	30-35%
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	Proprietary	<10%
Surfactant	Proprietary	<2%
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	2-3%

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

**For Medical Emergencies Call 1-888-324-7596 (24 hours/day)**

**INGESTION:** Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician, poison control center or the WD-40 Safety Hotline at 1-888-324-7596 immediately.

**EYE CONTACT:** Flush thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

**INHALATION:** If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

#### SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers.

**UNUSUAL FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Contents under pressure. Aerosol containers may burst under fire conditions. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**SPILL RESPONSE:** Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

**HANDLING:** Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Keep can away from electrical current or battery terminals. Electrical arcing can cause burn-through (puncture) which may result in flash fire, causing serious injury. Keep out of the reach of children.

**STORAGE:** Do not store above 120°F or in direct sunlight. U.F.C (NFPA 30B) Level 3 Aerosol.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLE/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:**

Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	1200 mg/m3 TWA Manufacturer Recommended
Petroleum Base Oil	5 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 STEL ACGIH TLV
Non-Hazardous Ingredients	None Established
Surfactant	None Established
Carbon Dioxide	5000 ppm TWA, 30,000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV

**The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product**

**Engineering Controls:** Use in a well-ventilated area.

**Personal Protection:**

**Eye Protection:** Avoid eye contact. Safety glasses or goggles recommended.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations where skin contact is likely.

**Respiratory Protection:** None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

**For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended**

**Engineering Controls:** Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

**Personal Protection:**

**Eye Protection:** Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

**Skin Protection:** Wear chemical resistant gloves.

**Respiratory Protection:** None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

**Work/Hygiene Practices:** Wash with soap and water after handling.

**SECTION 9 PHYSICAL DATA**

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Light amber liquid with a mild odor.

Boiling Point:	361 - 369°F (183 - 187°C)	Specific Gravity:	0.8 – 0.82 @ 60°F
Solubility in Water:	Insoluble	pH:	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure:	95-115 PSI @ 70°F	Vapor Density:	Greater than 1
Percent Volatile:	70-75%	VOC:	412 grams/liter (49.5%)
Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Not Determined	Kinematic Viscosity:	2.79-2.96cSt @ 100°F
Flash Point:	122°F (49°C) Tag Open Cup (concentrate)	Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion)	LEL: 0.6% UEL: 8.0%
Pour Point:	-63°C (-81.4°F ) ASTM D-97		

**SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

STABILITY: Stable

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong oxidizing agents. Avoid heat and open flames. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The oral toxicity of this product is estimated to be greater than 5,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria. It is an aspiration hazard.

None of the components of this product is listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen or is considered a reproductive hazard.

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data is currently available.

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: If this product becomes a waste, it would be expected to meet the criteria of a hazardous waste based on flammability. However, it is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal the proper classification and method of disposal. Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

U.S. DOT Hazard Classification: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

Canadian TDG Classification: Limited Quantity

IMDG Code Hazard Classification: UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION
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U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, oil spills are reportable to the National Response Center under the Clean Water Act and many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills as required under federal, state and local regulations.

SARA TITLE III:

Hazard Category For Section 311/312: Acute Health, Fire Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements: None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act: All of the ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List or exempt from notification

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Class B-5 (Flammable Aerosol).

This MSDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION
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**HMIS Hazard Rating: Health – 1 (slight hazard), Fire Hazard – 4 (severe hazard), Physical Hazard – 0 (minimal hazard)**

Revision Date: 03/13/10

Supersedes: 08/25/09

Prepared By: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc. 1-203-929-3473

This MSDS complies with OSHA guidelines set by 29 CFR 1910.1200 and the Canadian WHMIS regulations. The foregoing information has been compiled from sources believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that data is correct. Standards change without notice. It is the responsibility of the recipient to insure that their personnel have been notified of any changes which may affect them. The data provided on this MSDS are not meant to be used as specifications, only as guideline information as to the safe use of this product. User should refer to applicable laws before use.

N/D = Not Determined N/E = Not Established N/A = Not Applicable