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NUNAVUT WATER BOARD

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EXPLORATION/ REMOTE CAMP SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONNAIRE

	licant: Defence Construction Canada Licence No:		
1.	Environment Manager: Eva Schulz, P.Ag. Tel: 403-270-9200 Fax: 403-270-0399 E-mail: eschulz@umagroup.com		
2.	Project Manager: Pete Quinn, M.Eng., P.Eng. Tel: 613-998-9523 Fax: 613-998-1061 E-mail: quinnpe@dcc-cdc.gc.ca		
3.	Does the applicant hold the necessary property rights?		
	Yes, a DIAND Land Use Permit has been applied for, but has not yet been received.		
4.	Is the applicant an 'operator' for another company (i.e., the holder of the property rights)? If so, please provide letter of authorization. N/A		
5.	Duration of the Project [] Annual [✓] Multi Year: If Multi-Year indicate proposed schedule of on site activities Start: July 2001 Completion: October 2003	Neglishin	
CAN	MP CLASSIFICATION	3	
6.	Type of Camp [] Mobile (self-propelled) [] Temporary [<] Seasonally Occupied: summer months only [] Permanent [] Other:	-	
	What are the design population of the camp and the maximum population expected on site at one		

The camp will be able to accommodate up to 50 people, with an average of 35 people on site at a time. Peak time for maximum number of people on site is mid-July to the end of August. October 1998 Page 1 of 8

8. Provide history of the site if it has been used in the past.

The site was former Distant Early Warning (DEW) Line site, which was used from 1955 to 1993 to provide radar surveillance of the northern approaches to the North American continent. This now inactive chain of radar stations, at approximately 70 degrees latitude, stretches several thousand kilometres across the breadth of the Arctic. The DEW Line originally consisted of 42 sites in Canada, but was reduced to half of this number in 1963. The 21 sites which were decommissioned in 1963, are now the responsibility of the Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development. The remaining 21 sites are the responsibility of the Department of National Defence.

In March 1985, Canada and the United States agreed to moderize the North American Air Defence System by closing the 21 remaining DND DEW Line sites and building the North Warning System (NWS). The DEW Line Clean Up (DLCU) focuses on closing out the former DEW Line sites, including the remediation of contaminated soils, the stabilization of landfill areas and the demolition/disposal of surplus infrastructure and debris. A monitoring program will be carried out after the clean up has been completed.

CAMP LOCATION

9. Please describe proposed camp location in relation to biogeographical and geomorphological features, and water bodies.

Please see pages 20-22 in the Project Description in Appendix B for a description of the biogeographical and geomorphological features, and water bodies.

10. How was the location of the camp selected? Was the site previously used? Was assistance from the Regional Inuit Association Land Manager sought? Include maps and/or aerial photographs.

The camp and/or associated storage areas are to be located in areas of previous disturbance to minimize damage to previously undisturbed areas. Alternatives are available for camp accommodations at FOX-5. Commercial facilities exist in the Hamlet of Qikiqtarjuaq. The exact location of the camp will not be available until the contract has been awarded.

11.	Is the camp or any aspect of the project located on:					
	[🗸] Crown Lands	Permit Number (s)/Expiry Date:	has not yet been received			
	[] Commissioners Lands	Permit Number (s)/Expiry Date:				
	[] Inuit Owned Lands	Permit Number (s)/Expiry Date:				
	L 1		``			

12. Closest Communities (distance in km):

The upper site is situated on a high point overlooking Davis Strait and is connected by a 9 km road to the community of Qitiktarjuaq (formerly Broughton Island), which is on the western shore of the island. The lower site is located at a beaching area southwest of the community.

13. Has the proponent notified and consulted the nearby communities and potentially interested parties about the proposed work?

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14.	Will the project have impacts on traditional water use areas used by the nearby communities? Will the project have impacts on local fish and wildlife habitats?						
See pa	ges 30 - 4	ll of the Pro	ject Description	on in Appendix B for potential project	impacts.		
PURP	OSE O	F THE CAN	/IP				
	15.		n (hunting, fis (Or	hing, wildlife observation, adventure/e mit questions # 16 to 21) l Cleanup (Omit questions # 16 to 22)	xpedition, etc.)	
	16.	0 0 0 0 0		apping survey	eparate questi	onnaire)	
J	N/A	J	one		•		
	17.	Type of dep	0 0 0	Lead Zinc Diamond Gold Uranium Other:	-		
	N/A						
DRIL	LING I	NFORMAT	TION				
18.	Drilling Activities						
	N/A		0	Drilling on ice			
19. Describe what will be done with drill cuttings?		drill cuttings?					
	N/A						

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Describe what will be done with drill water?

20.

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21. List the brand names and constituents of the drill additives to be used? Includes MSDS sheets and provide confirmation that the additives are non-toxic and biodegradable.

N/A

22. Will any core testing be done on site? Describe.

N/A

SPILL CONTINGENCY PLANNING

23. Does the proponent have a spill contingency plan in place? Please include for review.

A spill contingency plan is included in Annex E of the Project Description and in Section 7.2 of the Environmental Protection Plan in Annex A of the Project Description in Appendix B.

24. How many spill kits will be on site and where will they be located?

The spill kit will be located within the current SRR building and will consist, at minimum, of the following items:

- Absorbent, oil (7kg bag) 12
- Salvage drum (85 gal) 2
- Shovel − 2
- Gloves, rubber lined 1 pair
- Wheelbarrow 1

A more detailed list of spill kit items will be available after award of the clean up contract.

25. Please describe the types, quantities, and method of storage of fuel and chemicals on site, and provide MSDS sheets.

A variety of fuels and other hazardous materials may be in use at the FOX-5 site during clean up. The greatest volumes will likely involve Arctic diesel fuel. Other substances such as acids, solvents, lubricants, hydraulic fluid, antifreeze, fuel additives and engine coolants also pose potential environmental and safety hazards. As chemicals are usually stored and transferred in barrels of 205 litres or smaller, potential spill quantities are small.

Material Safety Data Sheets will be made available by the Contractor, after award of the contract. The Contractor is required to comply with the requirements of Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS), which includes the provision of MSDS information.

WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT

26. Describe the location of water sources.

Please see attached Figure 101 in Appendix A for the location of the existing Water Supply Lake at FOX-5.

- 27. Estimated demand (in L/day * person):
- O Domestic Use: 12,000 L/day (340 L/day/person). Water Source: Water Supply Lake

O Drilling Units: n/a Water Source:

O Other: 18,000 L/day - Contractor Use Water Source: Water Supply Lake

28. Describe water intake for camp operations? Is the water intake equipped with a mesh screen to prevent entrapment of fish? Describe:

Water will be pumped into a truck equipped with a holding tank from the Water Supply Lake and transferred to a tank at the camp site area. Water withdrawal rates are not to exceed 10 percent of the existing stream flow or 10 percent of the total water body volume. All water intake hose will be equipped with screens with a mesh size of 2.5 millimetres or less to prevent the intake of fish.

29. Will drinking water quality be monitored? What parameters will be analyzed and at what frequency?

Drinking water will be monitored on a monthly basis for potability parameters which may include: Chlorine, sodium, potassium, magnesium, calcium, iron, manganese, conductivity, hardness, nitrate, nitrite, sulphate, pH, total coliforms, and E. Coli.

30. Will drinking water be treated? How?

If required, drinking water will be treated in accordance with the Health Canada Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality. Addition of chlorine or iodine and/or thermal heat treatment are common on-site drinking water treatments.

31. Will water be stored on site?

Water will be stored at the camp in a mobile tank.

WASTE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

32. Describe the characteristics, quantities, treatment and disposal methods for:

See pages 10-18 in the enclosed Project Description in Appendix B for a detailed description of the sewage disposal, disposal of site debris, contaminated soils, camp wastes, and removal of

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O Camp Sewage (blackwater) Sewage will be buried on-site a minimum of 100 metres away from the camp, any natural drainage course or water body, and 450 m away from any water body which supports aquatic life. O Camp Greywater Greywater from camp operations will be discharged to a pit and buried a minimum of 30 metres from the camp or any natural drainage course or water body. Solid Waste Domestic garbage will be either buried on site, or incinerated and the residual wastes buried in an onsite landfill, within DND boundaries. O Bulky Items/Scrap Metal All excess fuels, camp equipment and facilities will be removed from the site after the completion of the clean up activities. O Waste Oil/Hazardous Waste It is not anticipated that the clean up activities will generate any hazardous wastes. Hazardous wastes already existing at the site will be dealt with according to Section 4.15 of the Environmental Protection Plan in Annex A of the Project Description in Appendix B. O Empty Barrels/Fuel Drums Empty barrels and fuel drums will be disposed of according to the DEW Line Clean Up Barrel Protocol, a copy of which has been included in Appendix C. O Other: Please describe incineration system if used on site. What types of wastes will be incinerated? 33. Domestic non-hazardous waste will be disposed of in an on-site landfill, within DND boundaries. Domestic waste may or may not be incinerated, depending on the requirements of the land use permit. The land use permit has been applied for, but has not yet been received. If the wastes are to be incinerated, it will be in a container deemed acceptable by the Land Use Inspector. The container will

be located at least 100 metres away from the camp, any site facilities and natural water courses or water

bodies. A fire extinguisher will be available at the incineration site.

hazardous materials. Also see Section 4 of the Environmental Protection Plan in Annex A of

the Project Description.

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34. Where and how will non-combustible waste be disposed of? If in a municipality in Nunavut, has authorization been granted?

Non-combustible, non-hazardous wastes will be disposed of in an on-site landfill, within DND boundaries.

35. Describe location (relative to water bodies and camp facilities) dimensions and volume, and freeboard for sumps (if applicable).

N/A

36. Will leachate monitoring be done? What parameters will be sampled and analyzed, and at what frequency?

Leachate monitoring will be conducted as part of the proposed Landfill Monitoring Plan, a copy of which is included in Annex G of the Project Description in Appendix B.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Have the water supply and waste treatment and disposal methods been used and proven in cold climate? What known O&M problems may occur? What contingency plans are in place?

The water supply and treatment systems have been used during the cleanup of six DEW Line sites, all of which are either completed, or will be completed this year. No outstanding problems were discovered during the clean up of these sites. Contingency plans for fuel and hazardous material spills, wildlife encounters and discovery of heritage resources are provided in Section 7.0 of the Environmental Protection Plan in Annex A of the Project Description.

ABANDONMENT AND RESTORATION

38. Provide a detailed description of progressive and final abandonment and restoration activities at the site.

The aim of the DEW Line Clean Up Project is to decommission those facilities used by the former DEW Line which have been declared surplus to the requirements of the new North Warning System and to restore the sites to an environmentally safe condition. Environmental restoration includes the setting of remediation objectives that are designed to preclude the continued migration of contamination (and hence biomagnification) into the Arctic ecosystem/ food chain. To accomplish this, remediation will include:

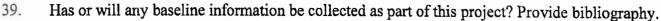
- The excavation of soils in cases where parameters exceed those that have been set for the project (i.e., believed to cause significant input into the lower levels of the food chain, for example, higher plants and detritus); and,
- The remediation of landfills which may serve as a source of water contamination and may enter the lower levels of the marine food chain (i.e., algae).

Site decommissioning activities, when the clean up is completed, will involve the demobilization of all contractor equipment, camp infrastructure (if used), and materials no longer required at the site. The

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requirement for the contractor to undertake these decommissioning activities will be a contractual obligation written into the project specifications.

BASELINE DATA



- O Physical Environment (Landscape and Terrain, Air, Water, etc.)
- O Biological Environment (Vegetation, Wildlife, Birds, Fish and Other Aquatic
- O Organisms, etc.)
- O Socio-Economic Environment (Archaeology, Land and Resources Use,
- O Demographics, Social and Culture Patterns, etc.)
- O Other:

Baseline information has been collected as part of this project. Please see pages 44-45 of the Project Description in Appendix B for the bibliography. No further baseline information will be collected.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 40. Do you have a copy of
- ✓ Article 13 Nunavut Land Claims Agreement
- ✓ NWB Water Licensing in Nunavut Interim Procedures and Information Guide for Applicants
- ✓ NWB Interim Rules of Practice and Procedure for Public Hearings
- ✓ NWTWB Guidelines for the Discharge of Treated Municipal Wastewater in the NWT
 - O NWTWB Guidelines for Contingency Planning
- ✓ DFO Freshwater Intake End of Pipe Fish Screen Guideline
 - O Fisheries Act s.35
- ✓ RWED Environment Protection- Spill Contingency Regulations
- ✓ Canadian Drinking Water Quality Guidelines
- ✓ Public Health Act Camp Sanitation Regulations
- ✓ Public Health Act Water Supply Regulations
- ✓ O Territorial Land Use Act and Regulations

You should consult the above document, guidelines, and legislation for compliance with existing regulatory requirements.

