Revision Number: 5



# **Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2005-07-26 Supersedes: 2002-08-14







Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen

Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Eye Irritant

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: SHELL BRONZE GASOLINE

SYNONYMS: Automotive Fuel

Petrol

PRODUCT USE: Fuel MSDS Number: 211-100

**MANUFACTURER Shell Canada Limited** P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

Calgary, AB Canada T2P 2H5

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

**Shell Emergency Number CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

For general information: For MSDS information: (From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time)

1-800-661-7378 613-996-6666

1-800-661-1600 403-691-3982

403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Component Name CAS Number** % Range **WHMIS Controlled** Gasoline 86290-81-5 > 90 Yes Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5 0 - 10 Yes Benzene 71-43-2 < 1.5 Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid Clear Typical Gasoline Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

<sup>\*</sup>An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

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Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are

anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid. Irritating to eyes. May cause cancer.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

May be absorbed by skin contact. Prolonged immersion in liquid may lead to

chemical burns.

**Handling:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

# 4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of

liquid into the lungs.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a

cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Extremely flammable. Do not use water except as a fog. Product will float

and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a

flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved

positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

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Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

be formed upon combustion.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Extremely flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment

should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not use as a cleaning solvent. Never siphon by mouth. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap

and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Protect

against physical damage to containers.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)

Ethanol: 1000 ppm

Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the

total exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

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Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product

is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in

the area.

Skin Protection: Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from

nitrile.

**Respiratory** Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed

**Protection:** occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For

limited time exposures (< 1 hour) exceeding the OEL, use an organic vapour cartridge. For longer exposures or high concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved

supplied-air respirator.

# 9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: Clear

Odour: Typical Gasoline Odour

Odour Threshold:< 0.25 ppm</th>Freezing/Pour Point:Not availableBoiling Point:35 - 220 °C

**Density:** 720 - 760 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 3.5

Vapour Pressure (absolute): < 107 kPa @ 38 °C

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.74

pH: Not applicable

Flash Point: Tag Closed Cup -30 °C

Lower Explosion Limit:1.4 % (vol.)Upper Explosion Limit:7.6 % (vol.)Autoignition Temperature:280 °C

Viscosity: < 1 cSt @ 38 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): 2.3 Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

Formula: C4 - C11

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable: Yes
Hazardous Polymerization: No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No
Sensitive to Static Discharge: Yes

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified) Toxicological Data

Gasoline LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg

LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg

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Ethyl Alcohol LD50 Dermal Rabbit = 20000 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Mouse = 3450 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat = 20000 ppm for 10 hours

LD50 Oral Rat = 7060 mg/kg

Benzene LC50 Inhalation Rat = 13700 ppm for 4 hours

LD50 Oral Rat = 930 - 5600 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Irritancy:

Based on the ingredients, this product would be expected to be irritating to the

eves.

**Acute Toxicity:** 

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are

anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** 

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause

nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions.

Carcinogenicity and

Mutagenicity:

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. Epidemiological

studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in

peripheral blood lymphocytes.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Effects:** Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or

sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to

original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

Biodegradability: Not biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): 2.3

**Aquatic Toxicity** 

May be harmful to aquatic life.

Ingredient: Toxilogical Data

Gasoline EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.

EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L. LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.

Ethyl Alcohol

Benzene EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L. LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.

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# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

# Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1203
Proper Shipping Name GASOLINE

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG II

Additional Information Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Eye Irritant

**DSL/NDSL Status:** This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances

List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standards.

## 16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement : Flammable Liquid.

Irritating to eyes.

May cause cancer.

Handling Statement: Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts,

liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

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First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.

A WHMIS class has been added to this MSDS.

The ingredients have changed. Other information may also be affected by that

change.