

P.O. Box 119 GJOA HAVEN, NU X0B 1J0 Tel: (867) 360-6338 FAX: (867) 360-6369 kNK5 wmoEp5 vtmpq NUNAVUT IMALIRIYIN KATIMAYINGI NUNAVUT WATER BOARD OFFICE DES EAUX DU NUNAVUT

WATER LICENCE APPLICATION FORM

Revision for records ONLY – Section 8, Solid Waste revised to indicate material will be sent offsite for proper disposal, not incinerated, as per recommendations given by Environment Canada, Environmental Protection Operations, file Number 4703 001 083

License Amendment issued December 11, 2008 as 2BE-BLU0812 Type "B" New Renewal **Amendment** Assignment Cancellation LICENCE NO: (for NWB use only) NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF ADDRESS OF CORPORATE OFFICE IN APPLICANT/LICENSEE **CANADA** (if applicable) Skybridge Development Corp Gord Yule (formerly Alyris Gold Corporation) 401-1113 Jade Court, Thunder Bay P7B 6M7 P.O. Box 10195, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B 6T7 Direct: 807-766-3384 807-346-0100 Fax: Office: 807-345-3306 e-mail: gyule@skybridgedevelopment.com Fax: 807-346-0100 e-mail: info@skybridgedevelopment.com 3. LOCATION OF UNDERTAKING (describe and attach a topographical map, indicating the main components of the Undertaking) Latitude: (65°14' N) Longitude: (106° 37' W) NTS Map Sheet No. 76G02 Scale: 1:50,000 **DESCRIPTION OF UNDERTAKING** (attach plans and drawings) 4. Survey grid establishment (pickets), ground geophysical (EM and magnetic surveys), geochemical surveys, prospecting, geological mapping and where applicable, diamond drilling See Regional grid locations and proposed camp location map attached (appended) 5. TYPE OF PRIMARY UNDERTAKING (A supplementary questionnaire must be submitted with the application for undertakings listed in "bold") Agricultural Mining and Milling(includes exploration/drilling) Conservation Recreational **Municipal** (includes camps/lodges) **Miscellaneous** (describe below): Primary program consists of preliminary mineral exploration and diamond drilling which will entail 30-50 holes totalling

about 5000 meters (m). This work will take place primarily in Area I, Area II, Area III, and Area IV. Drilling in Area II will be dependant on the results of geophysical surveys. Work will be conducted in four areas located within 10 km of the proposed Sage Lake Camp centred on the mineral claims. Area I is 1km to the north, Area II is 7km to the south, Area III is 10km northwest and Area IV is 3km east, with daily access/transport by helicopter from the camp. Drill sites will lie within the hatched areas shown on map attached. A camp will be established on the Sage esker, the approximate centre of the Skybridge mineral claims. All materials will be stored at the Sage Camp and transported to work sites as required; all garbage/waste, empty drums/pails, and metal scrap (worn out or broken rods/casings) will be returned to Camp for incineration or disposal to Yellowknife via back haul on service flights. All drill moves are by helicopter. See Schedule II of Northwest Territories Waters Regulations for Description of Undertakings 6. WATER USE To obtain water Flood control To cross a watercourse To divert a watercourse To modify the bed or bank of a watercourse To alter the flow of , or store, water Other (describe): QUANTITY OF WATER INVOLVED (cubic metres per day including both quantity to be used and quality to be returned to source) \times 100m³/day or less Water use Greater than 100m³/day; if greater, indicate quantities to be used for each purpose (camp, drilling, etc.) Water returned to source Camp, plus drilling in Area's I, II, III, IV consecutively/ < 90 m³/day WASTE (for each type of waste describe: composition, quantity (cubic metres per day), methods of treatment and disposal, etc.) Sewage Waste oil Solid Waste Greywater X Sludges Hazardous Bulky Items/Scrap Metal Other describe): Solid waste - paper, sacking, tool wrapping, water bottles, tin cans, pop cans, etc., will be returned to Camp to go on a back haul flight to Yellowknife for disposal at the local land fill. Metal scrap, empty fuel drums, broken or worn out drill steel will be transported to Camp by helicopter and then on fixed wing back haul flights to Yellowknife for disposal by the local oil dealer or drill company respectively. Waste oil will be contained in plastic or metal pails and disposed as per empty fuel drums sludge from drilling is essentially rock flour and will be allowed to settle into and become part of the local till. Drilling on lakes: sludge will be separated from the drill return by centrifuge and packed into poly tubes. These will be transported to land for disposal of sludge in suitable depressions as aforementioned per drill cuttings on land. The poly tubes will be returned to Camp as solid waste to be put on a back haul flight to Yellowknife for proper disposal. OTHER PERSONS OR PROPERTIES AFFECTED BY THIS UNDERTAKING (give name, mailing 9. address and location; attach if necessary)

	Land Use Permit DIAND	Yes	⊠ No	If no, date expected N.A.					
	Regional Inuit Association	Yes	⊠ No	If no, date expected February 1, 2008					
	Commissioner	Yes	⊠ No	If no, date expected N.A.					
10.	PREDICTED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF UNDERTAKING AND PROPOSED MITIGATION MEASURES (direct, indirect, cumulative impacts, etc.)								
The Proposed exploration program is expected to have minimal impact on the land, water flora and fauna and social economic areas									
The total of the four Areas estimated to be affected by the planned drill program is < 25 hectares. Drilling will result in some compressed vegetation where wooden beams or supplies are placed on the ground. Drilling will result in the distribution of some drill mud cuttings being deposited near the drill hole collar. All drill hole additives are biodegradable. Where drilling occurs near or on lakes the drill return water containing drill mud will be pumped well back from the shore of the lake. Because drill cuttings are mechanically pulverized rock they are geologically similar to the locally present glacial till. It is expected that drill cuttings will, in time, be colonized by plants and lichen. The occasional use of salt at the drill site is expected to have minimal impact as any brine will be effectively diluted by water pumped to the drill site at a rate of approximately 12 gallons per minute. Salt is needed to prevent permafrost from freezing the hole shut when drilling is halted for significant length of time. Heated water is the preferred method of keeping the water from freezing when drilling in frozen ground.									
Water impacts for drilling use is expected to be minimal. Drilling requires the use of water from a lake or stream. Any water pumped from a lake or stream is usually discharged near the drill collar. Water intakes are screened to prevent juvenile fish from entering the pump. The pumped water, after being used for drilling, percolates through the moss and soil to rejoin groundwater present in the area.									
If exploration is sucessful in outlining a potentially mineable deposit, additional future socio-economic impacts would likely result, most likely increasing the probability that a winter road would be constructed to a proposed deep-water port site located north of the community of Bathurst Inlet.									
Treatment of wastes would be as outlined in section 8 above.									
	NIRB Screening Yes	s 🛭 No	If no, da	te expected <u>N.A.</u>					
11.	INUIT WATER RIGHTS								
	Will the project or activity substantially affect the quality, quantity, or flow of water flowing through Inuit Owned Lands and the rights of Inuit under Article 20 of the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement?								
	If yes, has the applicant entered into an agreement with the Designated Inuit organization to pay compensation for any loss or damage that may be caused by the alteration. If no compensation agreement has been made, how will compensation be determined?								
If some contamination occurred, compensation and the of compensation would be determined through negotiation with the pertinant authority									
12.	CONTRACTORS AND SUB-CO	ONTRAC:	TORS (na	me, address and functions)					
Major Drilling Group International Inc. (provides mineral exploration drill services) 180 Cree Crescent									

Winnipeg, Manitoba R3J 3W1								
Phone: 204-885-7532								
Fax: 204-831-8548								
Great Slave Helicopters (provide 106 Dickens Street,	s helicopter services)							
Yellowknife, NWT								
X1A 2R3 Phone: 867-873-2081								
Fax: 867-873-6087								
Discovery Mining Services (provides manpower, expediting services and logistical support) #101-487 Range Lake Road Yellowknife, NWT X1A 3W1								
Phone: 867-920-4600 Fax: 867-873-8332								
13. STUDIES UNDERTA	KEN TO DATE (list and attach of	copies of s	studies, reports, resear	rch, etc.)				
NONE								
14. THE FOLLOWING D REGULATORY PRO	OOCUMENTS <u>MUST</u> BE INCL CESS TO BEGIN	UDED W	TTH THE APPLICA	ATION FOR THE				
Supplementary Questionnaire (w	here applicable: see section 5)	ĭ Yes	☐ No If no, date ex	xpected				
Inuktitut and/or Inuinnaqtun/Eng	lish Summary of Project	Yes	➤ No If no, date extranslation to follow	xpected <u>Inuktitut</u> as soon as possible.				
Application fee of \$30.00 (Payee	Receiver General for Canada)	ĭ Yes	☐ No If no, date expected					
	otherwise indicated in Section 9 of	of the NW7	Г Waters Regulations,	; Payee Receiver				
General for Canada)		ĭ Yes	✓ Yes No If no, date expected					
	CHEDULE (unless otherwise ind	licated, the	NWB will consider t	the application for				
a five (5) year term)	one year or less (or)	Multi	Multi Year					
Start Date: March 1, 2008 Completion Date: December 1, 2012								
Gord Yule	Exec. V.P			July 15, 2008				
Name (Print)	Title (Print)	Si	gnature	Date				
For Nunavut Water Board office use only								
APPLICATION FEE Amount: \$ Pay ID No.:								
WATER USE DEPOSIT Ar	mount: \$ Pay ID No.:	: :						

PROJECT SUMMARY

The proposed project revolves around a previously known quartz vein that has unusual size (>10 m wide) and unusually high copper and molybdenum content.

Previous work by Kidd Creek Mines Limited in 1981 consisted of a grid, electromagnetic surveys (HLEM?), mapping and sampling, soil sampling, and rock trenching.

This work provided as reasonable evaluation as can be expected, given its scope. It was insufficient to spur additional exploration by Texas Gulf.

Skybridge Development Corp. (formerly Alyris) acquired the property by staking in 2007, and initial investigation (field and historical data) indicates that the copper and molybdenum values are such that in depth evaluation is warranted, and that further and definitive evaluation can only be achieved through diamond drilling: further trenching would be difficult. The large areas of frost heaved rubble could only provide a very shallow, and superficial addition to our knowledge.

The initial program entailed about 3500m of diamond drilling in about 35 holes to check continuation of mineralization at depth. The initial work was conducted from the Goose Lake Camp (GLC) of Dundee Precious Metals

Proposed additional exploration will evaluate three or four outside targets with reconnaissance prospecting, survey grids, EM. magnetic (mag) surveys and diamond drill testing of up to 30 holes totaling 3000m. Reconnaissance geological work will be under taken. All should amount to fewer than 900 man days between August 31th, 2008 and December 1, 2012.

A new camp is proposed to be erected for this phase of activity. Possibly 5-14'x16' sleep tents, 1-office tent, 1-"dry" tent, and one 14'x32'kitchen tent will be set up on the Sage esker. As well, emergency shelter, a tent with emergency heat, food supplies and sleeping bags will be erected close to the drill sites as a safety haven in the event poor weather prevents access by helicopter when a drill crew is on site. All transportation will be from Sage Camp to work site using aircraft from Great Slave Helicopters.