

FUEL SYSTEM TREATMENT		Page Number: 2	
Fire Hazards In Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Sensitive to static discharge.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), acid smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	<p>NAERG2000, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</p> <p>If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p> <p>SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.</p> <p>Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p>		

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill	Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate area. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Avoid contact with spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material as it may be a static accumulator. Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid contact with any incompatible or reactive materials. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Remove severely contaminated clothing. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated. Exercise caution when washing/drying clothing contaminated with flammable materials. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Do not ingest this product. Avoid generating mists. Ensure container is securely closed when not in use. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning.
Storage	Store as flammable material. Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work station.
Personal Protection	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.
Eyes	Chemical splash goggles should be worn when handling this material.
Body	If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information).
Respiratory	A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with particulate filter (R and/or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hands	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) or Fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.


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Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.	Viscosity	Not available.
Colour	Yellow.	Pour Point	Not applicable.
Odour	Alcohol like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available.	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	83 °C (181.4 °F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.79 @ 15°C	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available.
Vapour Density	>1	Ioncity (in water)	Not available.
Vapour Pressure	Not available Evaporation rate: <1 (Ether=1)	Dispersion Properties	Not available.
Volatility	>95% (VOCs)	Solubility	Negligible.
Section 10. Stability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	Not available.		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents, peroxides, nitric acid, strong alkalis, strong mineral acids, and oleum.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, acrid smoke, and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.
Section 11. Toxicological Information			
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole; therefore, data for the hazardous ingredient is provided below: <u>Stoddard Solvent (8052-41-3):</u> Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >3000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >1300 ppm/4h (rat) <u>Isopropanol (67-63-0):</u> Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): 12,800 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 17,000 ppm/4h (rat) <u>1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6):</u> Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 18,000 mg/m³/4h (rat) <u>Xylene (mixed isomers) (1330-20-7):</u> Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 1590 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >1,700 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 4785 ppm/4h (mouse)		
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	Dermal Route: This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause skin irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant. Inhalation Route: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include: weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure, coma and death. Frequent or prolonged inhalation of this product may lead to absorption of this product in harmful amounts which may have adverse effects on the kidneys. Oral Route: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include: weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure, coma and death. Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). Eye Irritation/Inflammation: This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be an eye irritant. Immunotoxicity: Not available. Skin Sensitization: Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Continued on Next Page		Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	
		Available in French.	

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Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.	
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.	
Reproductive Toxicity	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.	
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity	This product contains a component(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in some laboratory tests at non-maternally toxic doses. Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.	
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1, A2, or A3 carcinogens by ACGIH.	
Carcinogenicity (IARC)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.	
Carcinogenicity (NTP)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.	
Carcinogenicity (IRIS)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.	
Carcinogenicity (OSHA)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.	
Other Considerations	No additional remark.	

Section 12. Ecological Information			
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

Section 13. Disposal Considerations	
Waste Disposal	Spent/used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information			
TDG Classification	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (Isopropanol), Class 3, UN 1993, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	This product may be shipped as a Limited Quantity if the volume is $\leq 1L$ and in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions. (CL-TDG)

Section 15. Regulatory Information																									
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List). This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. Please contact Product Safety for more information.																								
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.	HCS (U.S.A.)	CLASS: Combustible liquid. CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects.																						
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)																							
HMIS (U.S.A.)	<table><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Personal Protection</td><td>n.p.u.</td></tr></table>	Health Hazard	2	Fire Hazard	3	Reactivity	0	Personal Protection	n.p.u.	NFPA (U.S.A.)	<table><tr><td>Health</td><td>2</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Specific hazard</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr></table>	Health	2	0	Fire Hazard	3	0	Reactivity	0	0	Specific hazard			Rating	0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme
Health Hazard	2																								
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Specific hazard																									

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Section 16. Other Information		
References Available upon request * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark		
Glossary <div style="display: flex; flex-wrap: wrap;"> <div style="width: 50%;"> ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 - Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSD - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act FDA - Food and Drug Administration FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act HCS - Hazardous Communication System HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer </div> <div style="width: 50%;"> IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration (all 50%) LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book 1. NFPA - National Fire Protection Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TLCL - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration Tm - Median Tolerance Limit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency USP - United States Pharmacopoeia WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System </div> </div>		
For Copy of MSDS Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385 For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752		Prepared by Product Safety - TLM on 5/12/2004. Data entry by Product Safety - RS.
<i>To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.</i>		

**Imperial Oil****MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date Prepared: November 14, 2003
Supersedes: May 31, 2000
MSDS Number: 08509

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Identifier: MARVELUBE WR2 GREASE

Application and Use:
Lubricating grease

Product Description:

A grease, a mixture lubricating oil, soap and additives.

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION

WHMIS:

Not a controlled product

CEPA: CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

All components of this product are either on the Domestic
Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

TDG INFORMATION (RAIL/ROAD):

Not Regulated in Canada.

Please be aware that other regulations may apply.

TELEPHONE NUMBERSEmergency 24 hr. (519) 339-2145
Technical Info. (800) 268-3183**MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:**IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
416) 968-4441**2. REGULATED COMPONENTS**

The following components are defined in accordance with sub-paragraph 13(a)
(i) to (iv) or paragraph 14(a) of the Hazardous Products Act:

NAME

CAS #

Not applicable

3. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CDNX: DSP

Physical State: Liquid
Specific gravity: not available
Viscosity: >20.00 cSt at 40 deg C
Vapour Density: >5
Boiling Point: not available
Evaporation rate: <1 (1= n-butylacetate)
Solubility in water: negligible
Freezing/Pour Point: 182 deg C DROP
Odour Threshold: not available
Vapour Pressure: <1 kPa at 38 deg C
Density: 0.91 g/cc at 15 deg C
Appearance/odour: Black paste, petroleum odour.

4. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

NATURE OF HAZARD

INHALATION:

Negligible hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38 deg C).
Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.
Avoid breathing vapours or mists.

EYE CONTACT:

Slightly irritating, but will not injure eye tissue.

SKIN CONTACT:

Low toxicity.
Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin.
High pressure greasing equipment is capable of injecting grease under the skin which may have severe health consequences.

INGESTION:

Low toxicity.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

Based on animal testing data from similar materials and products, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be:

Oral : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal : LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Inhalation : LC50 > 5000 mg/m3 (Rat)

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH recommends:

For oil mists, 5 mg/m3.

Local regulated limits may vary.

5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION:

In case of adverse exposure to vapours, mists and/or fumes formed at elevated temperature, or by mechanical action, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.

EYE CONTACT:

CDNX: DSP

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available.

Remove severely contaminated clothing (including shoes) and launder before reuse.

If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Consult a physician immediately if the material is injected under the skin from the misuse of high pressure greasing equipment.

INGESTION:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

6. PREVENTIVE AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles, chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves.

Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields. No other special precautions are necessary provided skin/eye contact is avoided.

Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 4 and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

HANDLING, STORAGE AND SHIPPING:

Keep containers closed. Handle and open containers with care.

Store in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials.

In keeping with good personal hygiene practices, wash hands thoroughly after handling the material.

Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

LAND SPILL:

Eliminate source of ignition. Keep public away. Prevent additional discharge of material, if possible to do so without hazard.

Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth.

Allow material to solidify and scrape up. Place material in suitable containers for recycle or disposal.

Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

WATER SPILL:

Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by local authorities and environmental agencies, sinking and/or suitable

CDNX: DSP

dispersants may be used in unconfined waters.
Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

7 FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flashpoint and method: 204 deg C COC ASTM D92

Autoignition: 227 deg C Flammable Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA

GENERAL HAZARDS:

Low Hazard; liquids may burn upon heating to temperatures at or above the flash point.
Toxic gases will form upon combustion.

FIRE FIGHTING:

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.
Shut off fuel to fire.
Use foam, dry chemical or water spray to extinguish fire.
Respiratory and eye protection required for fire fighting personnel.
A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used for all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires. For small outdoor fires, which may easily be extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of an SCBA may not be required.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and traces of oxides of sulphur

8. REACTIVITY DATA**STABILITY:**

This product is stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

none

9. NOTES

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

REVISION SUMMARY:

Since 31 May 2000, this MSDS has been revised in Section(s):
3, 7

10. PREPARATION

Date Prepared: November 14, 2003

CDNX: DSP

Prepared by: Lubricants & Specialties
IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
(800) 268-3183

CAUTION: " The information contained herein relates only to this product or material and may not be valid when used in combination with any other product or material or in any process. If the product is not to be used for a purpose or under conditions which are normal or reasonably foreseeable, this information cannot be relied upon as complete or applicable. For greater certainty, uses other than those described in Section 1 must be reviewed with the supplier. The information contained herein is based on the information available at the indicated date of preparation. This MSDS is for the use of Imperial Oil customers and their employees and agents only. Any further distribution of this MSDS by Imperial Oil customers is prohibited without the written consent of Imperial Oil."

**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Date Prepared: November 14, 2003
Supersedes: April 12, 2001
MSDS Number: 12232

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Identifier: EPIC EP MOLY GREASE

Application and Use:
Lubricating grease

Product Description:

A grease, a mixture of lubricating oil, soap and additives.

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION

WHMIS:

Not a controlled product

CEPA: CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.

TDG INFORMATION (RAIL/ROAD):

Not Regulated in Canada.

Please be aware that other regulations may apply.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Emergency 24 hr. 519) 339-2145
Technical Info. 800) 268-3183

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
416) 968-4441

2. REGULATED COMPONENTS

The following components are defined in accordance with sub-paragraph 13(a) (i) to (iv) or paragraph 14(a) of the Hazardous Products Act:

NAME

CAS #

Not applicable

3. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CDNX DSP

Physical State: Liquid
Specific gravity: 0.930 at 15.6 deg C/15.6 deg C
Viscosity: >20.00 cSt at 40 deg C
Vapour Density: not available
Boiling Point: 249 deg C
Evaporation rate: 0.1 (1= n-butylacetate)
Solubility in water: NEGLIGIBLE
Freezing/Pour Point: 230 deg C DROP
Odour Threshold: not available
Vapour Pressure: <0.01 kPa at 20 deg C
Appearance/odour: Black paste, petroleum odour.

4. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

NATURE OF HAZARD

INHALATION:

Negligible hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38 deg C).
Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.
Avoid breathing vapours or mists.

EYE CONTACT:

Slightly irritating, but will not injure eye tissue.

SKIN CONTACT:

Low toxicity.
Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin.
High pressure greasing equipment is capable of injecting grease under the skin which may have severe health consequences.

INGESTION:

Low toxicity

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

Based on animal testing data from similar materials and products, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be:
Oral : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal : LD50 > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Inhalation : LC50 > 5000 mg/m3 (Rat)

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH recommends:

For insoluble Molybdenum compounds, 10 mg/m3.
For oil mists, 5 mg/m3.

Local regulated limits may vary.

5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION:

In case of adverse exposure to vapours, mists and/or fumes formed at elevated temperature, or by mechanical action, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.

EYE CONTACT:

CDNX: DSP

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. Remove severely contaminated clothing (including shoes) and launder before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Consult a physician immediately if the material is injected under the skin from the misuse of high pressure greasing equipment.

INGESTION:

If swallowed, NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

6. PREVENTIVE AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles, chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves. Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields. No other special precautions are necessary provided skin/eye contact is avoided. Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 4 and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

HANDLING, STORAGE AND SHIPPING:

Keep containers closed. Handle and open containers with care. Store in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. In keeping with good personal hygiene practices, wash hands thoroughly after handling the material. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

LAND SPILL:

Eliminate source of ignition. Keep public away. Prevent additional discharge of material, if possible to do so without hazard. Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. Allow material to solidify and scrape up. Place material in suitable containers for recycle or disposal. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

WATER SPILL:

Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by local authorities and environmental agencies, sinking and/or suitable

CDNX: DSP

dispersants may be used in unconfined waters.
Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

7. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flashpoint and method: 145 deg C COC ASTM D92

Autoignition: NA Flammable Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA

GENERAL HAZARDS:

Low Hazard; liquids may burn upon heating to temperatures at or above the flash point.

Toxic gases will form upon combustion

FIRE FIGHTING:

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut off fuel to fire.

Use foam, dry chemical or water spray to extinguish fire.

Respiratory and eye protection required for fire fighting personnel.

Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boilover.

A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used for all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires. For small outdoor fires, which may easily be extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of an SCBA may not be required.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, phosphorus oxides, aldehydes and other decomposition products, in the case of incomplete combustion

Various metal oxides

8. REACTIVITY DATA**STABILITY:**

This product is stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

none

9. NOTES

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

REVISION SUMMARY:

Since 12 April 2001, this MSDS has been revised in Section(s):




1

10. PREPARATION

Date Prepared: November 14, 2003
Prepared by: Lubricants & Specialties
IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
(800) 268-3183

CAUTION: " The information contained herein relates only to this product or material and may not be valid when used in combination with any other product or material or in any process. If the product is not to be used for a purpose or under conditions which are normal or reasonably foreseeable, this information cannot be relied upon as complete or applicable. For greater certainty, uses other than those described in Section 1 must be reviewed with the supplier. The information contained herein is based on the information available at the indicated date of preparation. This MSDS is for the use of Imperial Oil customers and their employees and agents only. Any further distribution of this MSDS by Imperial Oil customers is prohibited without the written consent of Imperial Oil."


Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled		

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification			
Product Name	PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL		Code 410-344, MOSP53 410-341, MOSP13 410-342, MOSP14 410-343, MOSP25
Synonym	Not available.		Validated on 8/31/2004.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3		In case of Emergency Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
Material Uses	Supreme is designed for the lubrication of all gasoline, propane and CNG engines where the manufacturer recommends the use of API SM quality oils. SAE 5W-30 and 10W-30 grades also meet the requirements of ILSAC GF-4.		

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients					
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
			TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m ³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m ³ (oil mist)	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable				
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

Section 3. Hazards Identification.	
Potential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Section 4. First Aid Measures	
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures			
Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Flash Points	OPEN CUP: 223°C (433.4°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL		Page Number: 2
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), sulphur oxides (SO _x), calcium oxides (CaO _x), phosphorus compounds (PO _x), zinc oxides, boron oxides and molybdenum, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.	
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO ₂ . LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.	

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill	Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
Storage	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work station.
Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.	
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State and Appearance	Viscous liquid.	Viscosity	5W-30: 62.3 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.6 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=160 10W-30: 67.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.5 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=143 10W-40: 97.2 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 14.1 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=143 20W-50: 170 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 19.0 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=127
Colour	Light amber.	Pour Point	5W-30: -36°C (-33°F) 10W-30: -36°C (-33°F) 10W-40: -30°C (-22°F) 20W-50: -24°C (-11°F)
Odour	Mild petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available.	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	Not available.	Penetration	Not applicable.

Continued on Next Page





 Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Available in French

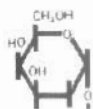
PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL		Page Number: 3	
Density	0.8566 - 0.8775 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available.
Vapour Density	Not available.	Ionicity (in water)	Not available.
Vapour Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available.
Volatility	Non-volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	Copper corrosion, 3h, 121°C (ASTM D0130): 1a		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	Decomposition Products	May release CO _x , H ₂ S, methacrylate monomers, alkyl mercaptans, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section 11. Toxicological Information	
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m ³ /4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL		Page Number: 4													
Section 12. Ecological Information															
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available												
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available												
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.														
Section 13. Disposal Considerations															
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.														
Section 14. Transport Information															
TDG Classification	Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.												
Section 15. Regulatory Information															
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List). All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory. All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. Please contact Product Safety for more information.														
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated	HCS (U.S.A)	Does not meet the definitions of a health or physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)												
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN	DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)													
HMIS (U.S.A.)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Health Hazard</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Fire Hazard</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Reactivity</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Personal Protection</td> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">B</td> </tr> </table>	Health Hazard	1	Fire Hazard	1	Reactivity	0	Personal Protection	B	NFPA (U.S.A)	<table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">  </td> <td style="width: 50%;"> Fire Hazard Reactivity Specific hazard </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> Health </td> <td> Rating </td> </tr> </table>		Fire Hazard Reactivity Specific hazard	Health	Rating
Health Hazard	1														
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Reactivity	0														
Personal Protection	B														
	Fire Hazard Reactivity Specific hazard														
Health	Rating														
			0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme												
Section 16. Other Information															
References	Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark														
Glossary ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 - Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSEL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration															
Continued on Next Page Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Available in French															

PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL		Page Number: 5
Directives (Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act FDA - Food and Drug Administration FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer		TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency USP - United States Pharmacopoeia WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
For Copy of MSDS The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact: Internet: www.petro-canada.ca Lubricants: Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax: 1-800-201-6285 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285 For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752		Prepared by Product Safety - TLM on 8/31/2004. Data entry by Product Safety - RS.
<i>To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.</i>		


Poly-Drill Drilling Systems

 1824 - 104 Avenue, S.W.
 Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2W-0A8
 (403) 259-5112 FAX (403) 255-7185
 email: polydrill@telus.net
www.poly-drill.com
poly-drill.com

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET/FICHE SIGNALÉTIQUE
1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT TRADE NAME	Poly-Drill 133-X
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	LIQUID ANIONIC POLYMER
CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION:	Polymer, Surfactant(s), Water, Hydrocarbon solvent
UPDATED:	March 15, 2004

NFPA704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH	0/1	FLAMMABILITY	1/1	REACTIVITY	0/0	OTHER
0=Insignificant		1=Slight	2=Moderate	3=High		4=Extreme

2. COMPOSITION

A liquid polymer. Evaluation of the ingredient(s) has found no ingredient(s) hazardous as per WHMIS regulations. None of the substances in this product are hazardous.

3. PHYSICAL DATA

Flash Point: >100 °C (PMCC)
 Specific Gravity (@ 25 °C): 1.08
 Solubility in Water: Emulsifiable
 pH: 8.1 (1.0% solution)
 Freeze Point: -10 °C (14 Degrees F)
 Density (g/ml): 1.08 at 25 °C
 Physical State: Liquid
 Appearance: Blue liquid
 Odor: Hydrocarbon

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product.

4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers (eg. Chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorates, concentrated oxygen, permanganates) which can generate heat, fires, explosions and the release of toxic fumes.

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: In the event of combustion CO, oxides of carbon (COx), oxides of nitrogen (NOx) may be formed. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear suitable protective equipment.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >100 °C (PMCC)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Based on the NFPA guide, use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or other extinguishing agent suitable for Class B fires. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. For larger fires, use water spray or fog, thoroughly drenching the burning material.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Do not use water unless flooding amounts are available

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) under fire conditions.

6. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION: May cause irritation to skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not take internally

Empty containers may contain residual product. Do not reuse container unless properly reconditioned

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Eye & Skin

EYE CONTACT: Can cause mild to moderate irritation

SKIN CONTACT: Can cause mild, short-lasting irritation

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: A review of available data does not identify any symptoms from exposure not previously mentioned

AGGRAVATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: A review of available data does not identify any worsening of existing conditions.

7. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SKIN: Wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician.

EYE: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, if irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, give oxygen and call a physician.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

CAUTION: If unconscious, having trouble breathing or in convulsions, do not induce vomiting or give water. Call for medical assistance immediately

8. HANDLING, ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES & DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use

DISPOSAL

In Ontario, the waste class under Regulation 347 is: 233L

SMALL SPILLS

Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area

LARGE SPILLS

Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by dyking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Contact approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated

Dispose of wastes in an approved incinerator or waste treatment/disposal site, in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.