

APPENDIX "G"

- ◆ **MSDS Sheets for JET-B**
- ◆ **MSDS Sheets for Diesel**
- ◆ **MSDS Sheets for Propane**

SHELL JET B

141-012

Revision Number: 5

**Shell Canada Limited****Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 19971203

Class B2 Flammable
LiquidClass D2B Other Toxic
Effects - Skin IrritantClass D2A Other Toxic
Effects - Carcinogen**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT: SHELL JET B
SYNONYMS: WIDE BOILING RANGE AVIATION TURBINE FUEL
PRODUCT USE: Fuel
MSDS Number: 141-012

MANUFACTURER
Shell Canada Limited
P.O. Box 100, Station M
400-4th Ave. S.W.
Calgary, AB Canada
T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS
Shell Emergency Number 1-800-661-7378
CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 613-996-6666

For general information: 1-800-661-1600
For MSDS information: 403-691-3982
(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time) 403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Material Safety Section of Shell Canada Limited.

*A star in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited. Used under license by Shell Canada Products Limited.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled	CBI Claim No. CBI Date
Naphtha (Petroleum), Full-range Reformed	68919-37-9	>95	Yes	
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5 - 1.5	Yes	

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

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Physical Description: Liquid Bright Clear Typical Gasoline Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.

Hazards:

Flammable Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

Contains Benzene.

May cause cancer.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. The liquid when accidentally aspirated into the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung. Excessive exposure to benzene may cause leukemia in man.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

4. FIRST AID

Eyes	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Skin	Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.
Inhalation	Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.
Notes to Physician	The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media	Dry Chemical Carbon Dioxide Foam Water Fog
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Firefighting Instructions

Extremely flammable. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not use water except as a fog. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Always stay away from ends of containers due to explosive potential. Fight fire from maximum distance. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous Combustion Products

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Saturated clothing should be immediately removed to avoid flammability hazard. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. For large spills remove by mechanical means and place in containers. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling:**

Extremely flammable. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Never siphon by mouth. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage:

Use explosion-proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation. Keep container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

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THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

Occupational Exposure Limits (1998) : North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

Gasoline: 300 ppm, 890 mg/m³ (TLV/TWA) ACGIH
500 ppm, 1480 mg/m³ (TLV/STEL) ACGIH
Benzene (skin) : 0.5 ppm, 1.6 mg/m³ (TLV/TWA)
2.5 ppm (STEL) ACGIH

Mechanical Ventilation: Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:	Liquid
Appearance:	Bright Clear
Odour:	Typical Gasoline Odour
Odour Threshold:	Not available
Freezing/Pour Point:	<-51 degrees C
Boiling Point:	60 - 260 degrees C
Density:	750 - 801 kg/m ³ @ 15 degrees C
Vapour Density (Air = 1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure:	>42 mm Hg @ 38 degrees C
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	0
pH:	Not applicable
Flash Point:	Method Tag Closed Cup = -23 - 1 degrees C
Lower Explosion Limit:	1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Explosion Limit:	7.6 % (vol.)

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Autoignition Temperature: Not available
Viscosity: Not available @
Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available
Partition Coefficient (K_{ow}): Not available
Water Solubility: Insoluble
Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable: Yes
Hazardous Polymerization: No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No
Sensitive to Static Discharge: Yes
Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions.
Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.
Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Naphtha (Petroleum), Full-range Reformed	LD50 Oral Rat >28 mL/kg
Benzene	LD50 Oral Rat = 930 - 5600 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat = 13700 ppm for 4 hours

Routes of Exposure: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.

Irritancy: This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin sensitizer.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions.

Pre-existing Conditions: Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity: This product contains benzene. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes. Carcinogenic hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SHELL JET B

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Revision Number: 5

Environmental Effects

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May be harmful to aquatic life. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability

Not readily biodegradable. Potential for bioaccumulation.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:**

UN/NA Number	UN1863
Proper Shipping Name	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE
Hazard Class	Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Packing Group	PG II
Shipping Description	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE Class 3 UN1863 PG II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*.

WHMIS Class:

Class B2 Flammable Liquid
Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant
Class D2A Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen

DSL/NDSL Status:

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status:

No Canadian federal standards.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**LABEL STATEMENTS****Hazard Statement :**

Flammable Liquid.
Irritating to skin.
Contains Benzene.
May cause cancer.

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Handling Statement:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement:

Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting.

Obtain medical attention.

Revisions:

This MSDS has been reissued in the ANSI Z400.1 standard format.



REGULAR SULPHUR DIESEL FUEL

322-110

Revision Number: 1



Shell Canada Limited

Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 19980901



Class B3 Combustible Class D2B Other Toxic
Liquid Effects - Skin Irritant

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: REGULAR SULPHUR DIESEL FUEL
SYNONYMS: Diesel
Automotive Gas Oil
PRODUCT USE: Fuel Solvent
MSDS Number: 322-110

MANUFACTURER
Shell Canada Limited
P.O. Box 100, Station M
400-4th Ave. S.W.
Calgary, AB Canada
T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS
Shell Emergency Number 1-800-661-7378
CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER 613-996-6666
For general information: 1-800-661-1600
For MSDS information: 403-691-3982
(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time) 403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Material Safety Section of Shell Canada Limited.

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2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled	CBI Claim No. CBI Date
REGULAR SULPHUR DIESEL FUEL	68476-34-6	100	Yes	

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid Lightly Coloured Hydrocarbon Odour

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Routes of Exposure: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.

Hazards:

Combustible Liquid:

Irritating to skin.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. The liquid when accidentally aspirated into the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

4. FIRST AID

Eyes	Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Skin	Flush affected skin with gently flowing lukewarm water for at least 20 minutes and remove contaminated clothing while rinsing. Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.
Notes to Physician	The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media	Dry Chemical Carbon Dioxide Foam Water Fog
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Revision Number: 1

Firefighting Instructions

Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not use water except as a fog. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Caution - Combustible. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous Combustion Products

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Never siphon by mouth. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage: Use explosion-proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation. Keep container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

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Revision Number: 1

Occupational Exposure Limits (1998) : North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.
Oil mist (mineral): 5 mg/m3 (TLV/TWA) ACGIH
10 mg/m3 (TLV/STEL) ACGIH
Recommend SHELL guideline of 125 mg/m3 for vapours (8 hour shift).

Mechanical Ventilation: Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:	Liquid
Appearance:	Lightly Coloured
Odour:	Hydrocarbon Odour
Odour Threshold:	Not available
Freezing/Pour Point:	Not available
Boiling Point:	246 - 388 degrees C
Density:	<876 kg/m3 @ 15 degrees C
Vapour Density (Air = 1):	Not available
Vapour Pressure:	Not available
pH:	Not applicable
Flash Point:	Method Pensky-Martens CC >40 degrees C
Lower Explosion Limit:	1 % (vol.)
Upper Explosion Limit:	6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature:	250 degrees C
Viscosity:	1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40 degrees C
Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):	Not available
Partition Coefficient (K_{ow}):	Not available
Water Solubility:	Insoluble



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Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents
Formula: C10 to C22 Hydrocarbons

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:	Yes
Hazardous Polymerization:	No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:	No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:	Yes
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions.
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions of Reactivity:	Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
REGULAR SULPHUR DIESEL FUEL	LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Routes of Exposure:	Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.
Irritancy:	This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin sensitizer.
Chronic Effects:	Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause various forms of dermatitis including folliculitis and oil acne.
Pra-existing Conditions:	Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Effects	Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.
Biodegradability	Not readily biodegradable. Potential for bioaccumulation.

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Revision Number: 1

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:**

UN/NA Number	UN1202
Proper Shipping Name	FUEL OIL
Hazard Class	Class 3 Flammable Liquid
Packing Group	PG III
Shipping Description	FUEL OIL Class 3 UN1202 PG III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the *Controlled Products Regulations*.

WHMIS Class:	Class B3 Combustible Liquid Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant
DSL/NDSL Status:	This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
Other Regulatory Status:	No Canadian federal standards.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**LABEL STATEMENTS**

Hazard Statement :	Combustible Liquid. Irritating to skin.
Handling Statement:	Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.
First Aid Statement :	Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Flush eyes with water. If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.



REGULAR SULPHUR DIESEL FUEL

322-110

Revision Number: 1

Revisions:

This MSDS has been reissued in the ANSI Z400.1 standard format..