Table ECCC-IR-15-1. Detection Limits and Analytical Methods used in the 2017 Field Program

Analytical Group	Parameter	DL	Unit	Method	Methodology Description
отоир	Turbidity	0.4	NTU	APHA 2130 B-	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity".
	Turbidity	0.1	NIU	Nephelometer	Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method
	Conductivity	2	μS/cm		Conductivity measurement is based on the sample's capacity to convey an electric current, and is measured with a conductivity meter
					All samples analyzed by this method for pH will have exceeded the 15 minute recommended
	pН	0.1		APHA 4500-H, 2510,	hold time from time of sampling (field analysis is recommended for pH where highly accurate
	рп	0.1	-	2320	results are needed). pH measurement is determined from the activity of the hydrogen ions using a hydrogen
Conventional Parameters					electrode and a reference electrode.
	Total alkalinity (as	2	mg/L		Alkalinity measurement is based on the sample's capacity to neutralize acid. Auto-titration to
	CaCO3) Hardness (as	0.05		APHA 2340 B-Calculation	pH 4.5 using 0.02N H2SO4 is performed. Calculation
	CaCO3) Total dissolved	0.03	mg/L	AFRA 2340 B-Calculation	
	solids	10	mg/L	APHA 2540 C	Gravimetric determination of solids in waters by filtration and evaporating filtrate to dryness at 180 degrees Celsius.
	Total suspended	3	mg/L	APHA 2540 D-Gravimetric	Gravimetric determination of solids in waters by filtration and drying filter at 104 degrees
	solids	0.5	/1	EDA 200 4 (1)	Celsius.
	Chloride	0.5	mg/L	EPA 300.1 (mod) APHA 3030B/6020A	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.
	Dissolved calcium	0.02	mg/L	(mod)	Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.
	Dissolved potassium	0.02	mg/L	APHA 3030B/6020A	Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC
Major long	Dissolved	0.004	/1	(mod) APHA 3030B/6020A	ICPMS. Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC
Major Ions	magnesium	0.004	mg/L	(mod)	ICPMS.
	Dissolved sodium	0.005	mg/L	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.
	Sulphate	0.05	mg/L	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.
	Fluoride	0.02	mg/L	EBA 200.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.
	riuoride	0.02	mg/L	EPA 300.1 (mod)	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500 NH3
	Ammonia- nitrogen	0.005	mg/L	APHA 4500 NH3-	"NITROGEN (AMMONIA)". Ammonia is determined using the automated phenate
				NITROGEN (AMMONIA)	colourimetric method.
	Total Kjeldahl	0.05	mg/L	APHA 4500-NORG (TKN)	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-Norg "Nitrogen (Organic)". Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen is determined by sample digestion at 380 Celsiu
	nitrogen			,	with analysis using an automated colourimetric finish
	Nitrate-nitrogen	0.005	mg/L	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.
	Nitrite-nitrogen	0.001	mg/L	EPA 300.1 (mod)	Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.
				A DI IA 4500 D	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P
N	Total phosphorus	0.001	mg/L	APHA 4500-P PHOSPHORUS	"Phosphorus". Total Phosphorus is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion o
Nutrients					the sample.
	Total dissolved	0.001	mg/L	APHA 4500-P	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Dissolved Phosphorous is determined colourimetrically after persulphate
	phosphorus			PHOSPHORUS	digestion of a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter
	Dissolved			APHA 4500-P	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P
	orthophosphate	0.001	mg/L	PHOSPHORUS	"Phosphorus". Dissolved Orthophosphate is determined colourimetrically on a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter
	Dissolved organic	0.5	mg/L	APHA 5310 B-	The total organic carbon content of the sample is calculated by subtracting the TIC from the
	carbon		3	Instrumental	TC. This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-SiO2 E.
	Reactive silica	0.01	mg/L	APHA 4500-SiO2 E.	"Silicate (molybdate-reactive silica) is determined by the molybdosilicate-heteropoly
Total metals	Aluminum	0.003	ma/l		blue colourimetric method.
Total metals	Antimony	0.0001		1	
	Arsenic	0.0001			
	Barium	0.00005	mg/L		
	Beryllium	0.0001		1	
	Boron		mg/L		
	Cadmium	0.000005			
	Coppor	0.0001		-	
	Copper	0.0005		-	
	Iron Lead	0.00005	mg/L	1	
	Lithium		mg/L	1	
	Manganese	0.0001		EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	Water samples are digested with nitric and hydrochloric acids, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.
	Molybdenum	0.00005		1	
	Nickel	0.0005		1	
	Selenium	0.00005		1	
	Silver	0.00001			
	Strontium	0.0002]	
	Thallium	0.00001]	
	Tin	0.0001		1	
	Titanium	0.0003			
	Uranium	0.00001			
	Vanadium	0.0005		4	
	Zinc	0.003	Img/L	I	I

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Analytical Group	Parameter	DL	Unit	Method	Methodology Description
	Mercury	0.0005	µg/L	EPA 1631 REV. E	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from Method 1631 Rev. E. by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedure involves a cold-oxidation of the acidified sample using bromine monochloride prior to a purge and trap concentration step and final reduction of the sample with stannous chloride. Instrumental analysis is by cold vapour atomic fluorescence spectrophotometry.
Dissolved	Aluminum	0.0003	mg/L		
metals	Antimony	0.00002	mg/L	(mod)	Water samples are filtered (0.45 μm), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.
	Arsenic	0.00002	mg/L		
	Barium	0.00005	mg/L		
	Beryllium	0.00001	mg/L		
	Boron	0.001	mg/L		
	Cadmium	0.000005	mg/L		
	Chromium	0.00006	mg/L		
	Copper	0.0001	mg/L		
	Iron	0.001	mg/L		
	Lead	0.00001	mg/L		
	Lithium	0.0005	mg/L		
	Manganese	0.00005	mg/L		
	Molybdenum	0.00005	mg/L		
	Nickel	0.00006	mg/L		
	Selenium	0.00004	mg/L		
	Silver	0.000005	mg/L		
	Strontium	0.00005	mg/L		
	Thallium	0.000005	mg/L		
	Tin	0.00005			
	Titanium	0.0001	mg/L		
	Uranium	0.00001	mg/L		
	Vanadium	0.00005			
	Zinc	0.0008	mg/L		
	Mercury	0.0005	µg/L	APHA 3030 B / EPA 1631 REV. E	This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Associatior and with procedures adapted from Method 1631 Rev. E. by the United States Environmenta Protection Agency (EPA). The procedure may involve preliminary sample treatment by filtration (APHA 3030B) and involves a cold-oxidation of the acidified sample using bromine monochloride prior to a purge and trap concentration step and final reduction of the sample with stannous chloride. Instrumental analysis is by cold vapour atomic fluorescence spectrophotometry.