



Doris North Project



NWB PUBLIC HEARING August 13-15, 2007 Cambridge Bay, Nunavut



Presentation Outline

- Doris North Project Overview
- Planned Water Use
- General Conditions
 - License Term
 - Compensation Measures
- Waste Disposal
 - Mill Tailings
 - Sewage
 - Garbage
 - Other Hazardous Wastes



Presentation Outline

- Water Management
 - Tail Lake
 - Storm water
- Environmental Management System
- Environmental Performance Monitoring
- Closure and Reclamation Planning
- Financial Security
- Potential Future Development



Introduction of the Miramar Team

Jim Currie
 Vice President of Operations

Larry Connell General Manager, Environment

Terri Maloof Manager of Permitting & Compliance

Alex Buchan
 Manager of Community Relations

Katheryn McIvor Tenure & Permitting Coordinator

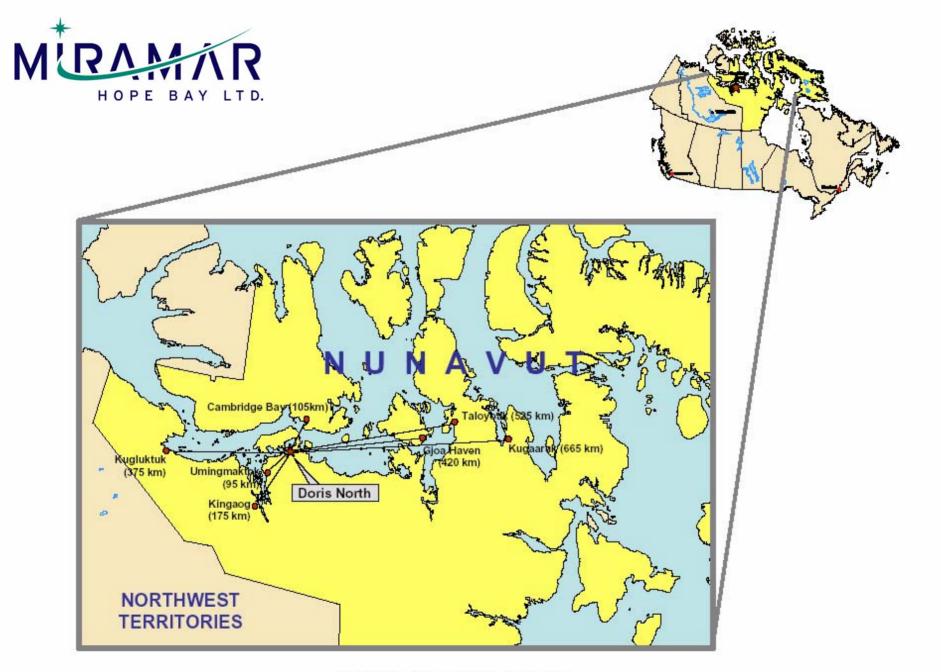


Introduction of the Miramar Team of Expert Consultants

- Maritz Rykaart, Ph. D., P. Eng. SRK Consulting Ltd.
 Principal Geotechnical Engineer
 Tailings management, geotechnical engineering
- John Chapman, M. Eng., P. Eng. SRK Consulting Ltd.
 Principal Engineer
 Water Quality modeling, geochemistry
- Nathan Schmidt, Ph. D., P. Eng. Golder Associates
 Senior Water Resources Engineer
 Hydrology
- Gary Ash, M. Sc., P. Biol. Golder Associates
 Principal & Senior Fisheries Biologist
 Water quality monitoring, wildlife monitoring, Fish No-Net-Loss Plan
- Diana Valiela, Lawson Lundell LLP
 Legal Counsel



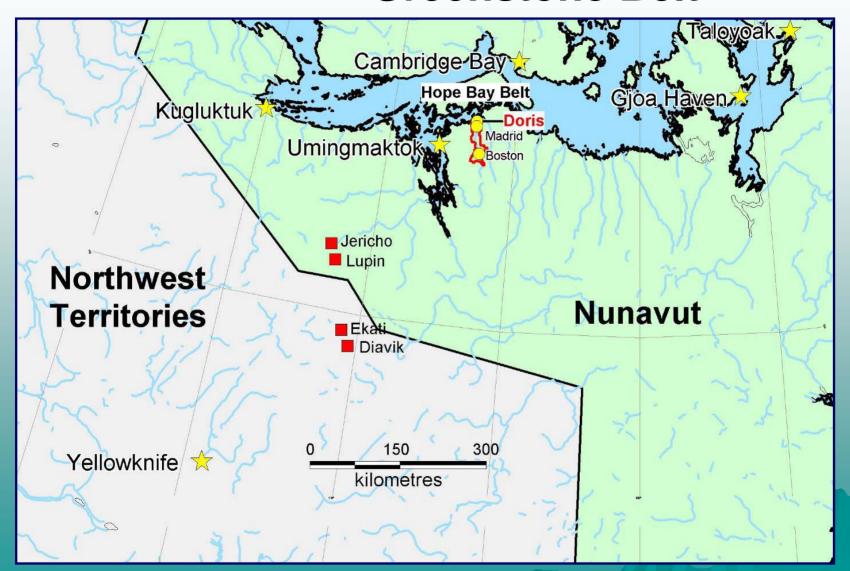
Project Overview



Doris North Project Location



Location of the Hope Bay Greenstone Belt





Project Overview

- Located on Inuit Owned Land
- Minerals owned by Nunavut Tunngavik Inc.
- Small underground gold mine mining rate of 720 TPD of ore
- Expected to produce 311,000 ounces of gold from 460,000 tons of ore over 2 year mine life.
- Short term, profitable project in a large area with significant potential for long term profitable mineral production
- Site footprint will be approximately 54 hectares



Major Project Components

- Underground mine accessed by a decline
- Mill to process the ore design throughput of 800 TPD of ore)
- Power house (diesel generators) by mill
- Maintenance shop with warehousing
- Camp to house and feed workers
- Sewage Treatment Plant



Major Project Components

- Fuel storage tank farm at the mill within a secondary containment (7.5 million litres)
- Fuel storage tank at Roberts Bay within a secondary containment constructed inside Quarry 1 (5.0 million litres)
- Tailings containment area and associated piping (Tail Lake located approximately 5 km from the mill)
- A non-hazardous landfill area to be constructed inside
 Quarry 2
- A landfarm facility to remediate petroleum contaminated soil to be constructed inside Quarry 2

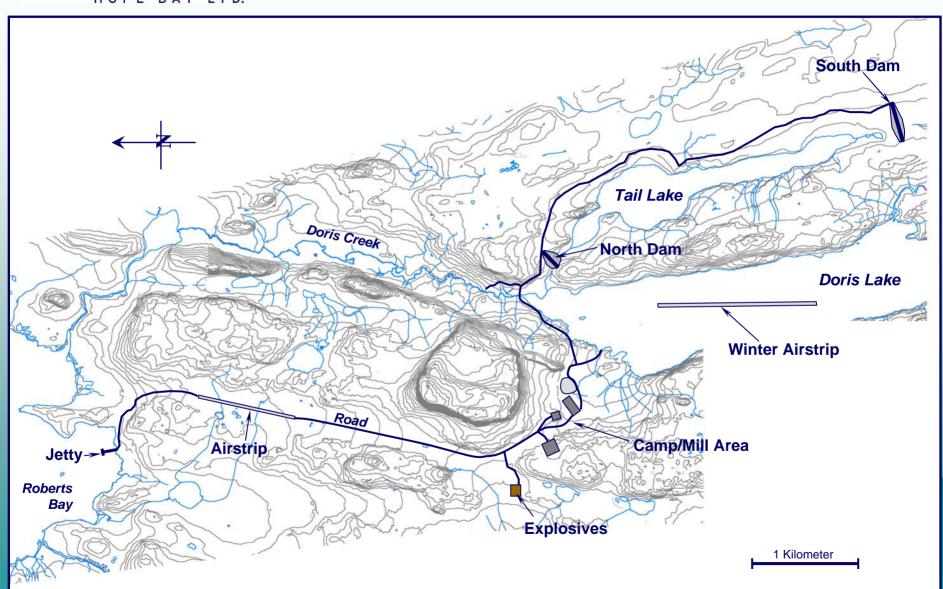


Major Project Components

- All-weather airstrip constructed as a widened section of the access road to Roberts Bay and a winter airstrip on Doris Lake
- Rock fill jetty in Roberts Bay to offload supplies shipped by barge to site
- Lay down area near the jetty at Roberts Bay
- 4.8 km long access road between Roberts Bay and the mill site
- 5.8 km long access road between the mill site and Tail Lake

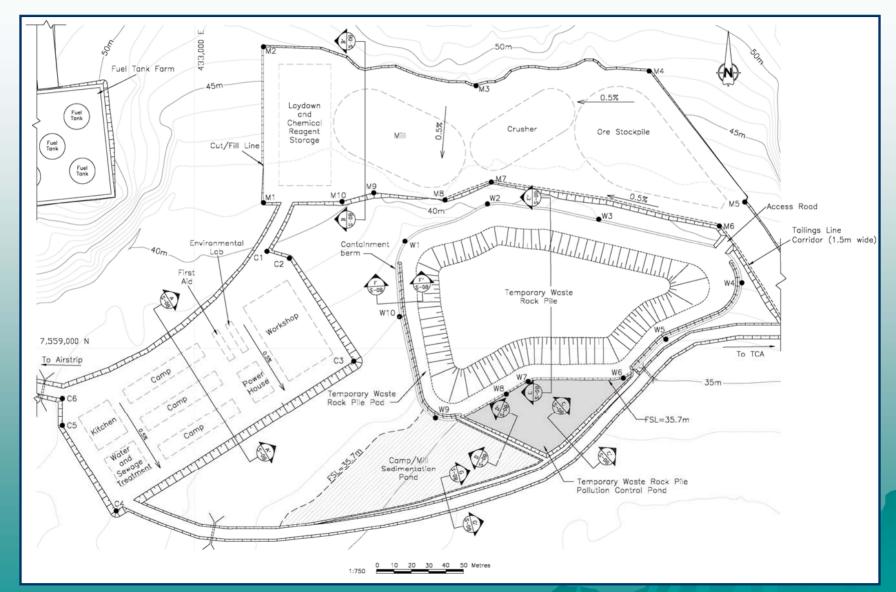


Site Layout





Site Layout



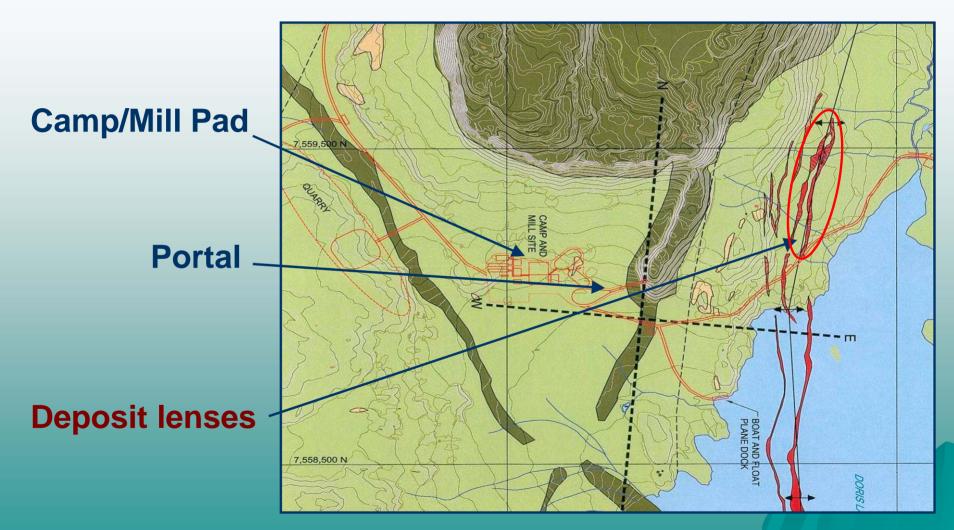


Mill/Camp Site





Doris North Deposit in Relation to Doris Lake





How Will the Ore Be Mined?



- Underground mine using open stoping & mechanized cut and fill methods
- Access by way of a ramp from surface, 4 m high by 5 m wide, 900 m long at 10% grade
- Lowest production level planned is
 62.5 m below surface (2965 level)
- Ventilation by three vertical raises, one will provide secondary escape route



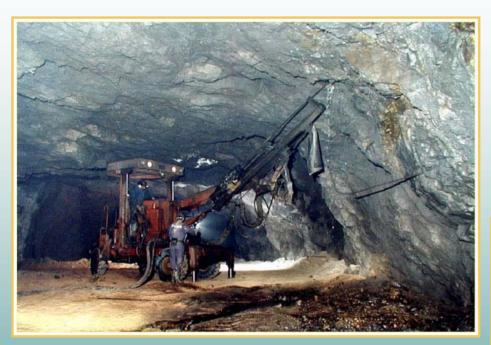
The Underground Mining Cycle

- Ore & waste rock are drilled off
- Drill holes are loaded with explosives and blasted
- Loose rock is scaled & rock bolts installed to secure roof
- Broken rock is loaded into underground haul trucks
- Ore is hauled to surface for milling
- Waste rock is hauled to other U/G locations as backfill or to surface for storage pending return to mine





Underground Mining





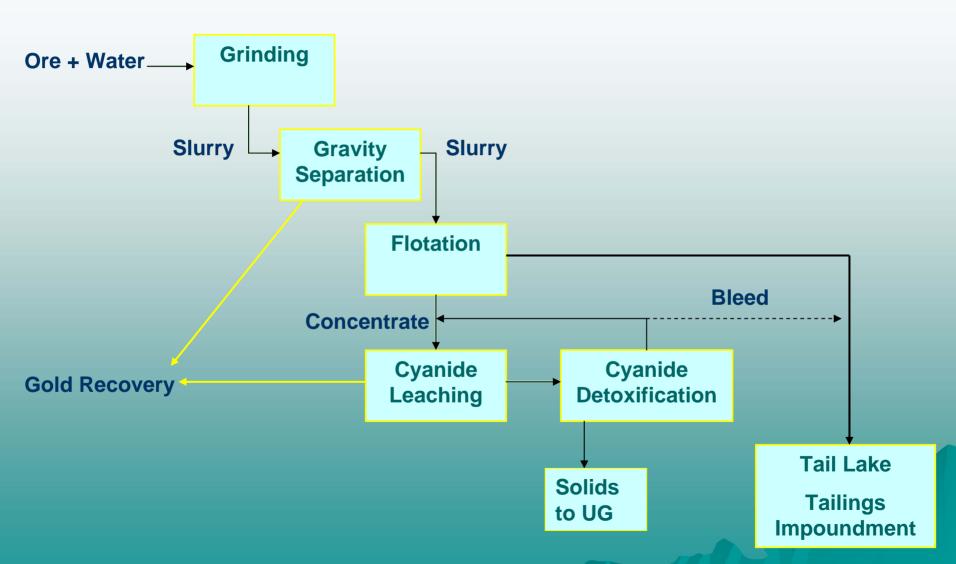




Ore Processing (Milling)



Ore Processing Cycle





Ore Stockpiling & Crushing

- Ore is brought to surface by mine dump truck
- Placed into a stockpile located near crusher
- Picked up by front end loader and fed into the crusher
- Large rock is crushed into smaller rock and then placed on a crushed ore stockpile to be fed into the mill





Ore Processing



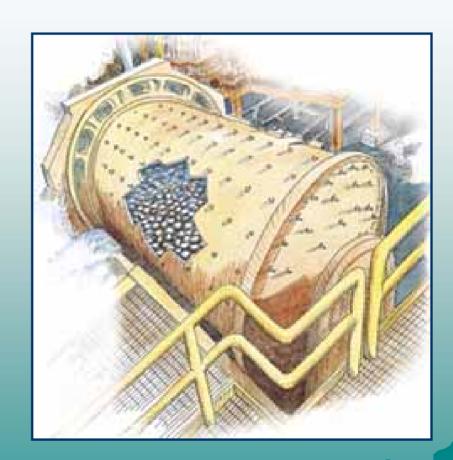
- Ore is mixed with water and milled to break rock into a sand size (wet slurry)
- "Free" gold recovered using gravity circuit (jigs, gravity concentrators & tables). About 40% of the gold is recovered in the gravity circuit



Mill - Grinding Circuit



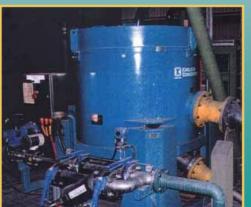






Gravity Gold Recovery









Flotation/Leaching

- Remaining gold bearing minerals extracted by froth flotation
- 90% of the weight sent to tailings with no further chemical treatment
- Gold concentrated into 10% of the weight milled
- Only this concentrate is leached with cyanide to extract gold
- Leached gold is recovered on activated carbon
- Slurry from the leach circuit is treated to detoxify remaining cyanide and remove metals





Milling - Flotation



