CONTWOYTO LAKE WEST DIAMOND PROJECT AQUATIC STUDIES PROGRAM (1999) - DATA REPORT -

Prepared for

TAHERA CORPORATION

1408 Crown Street North Vancouver, British Columbia V7J 1G5

Prepared by

R.L. & L. ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES LTD.

17312 - 106 Avenue Edmonton, Alberta T5S 1H9 Phone: (780) 483-3499

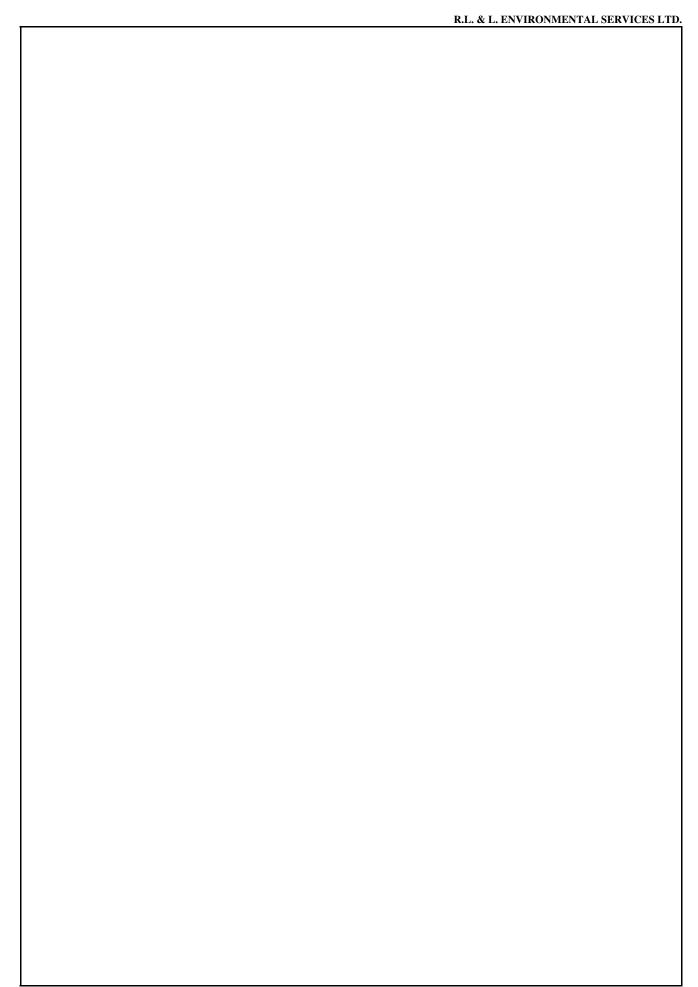
March 2000





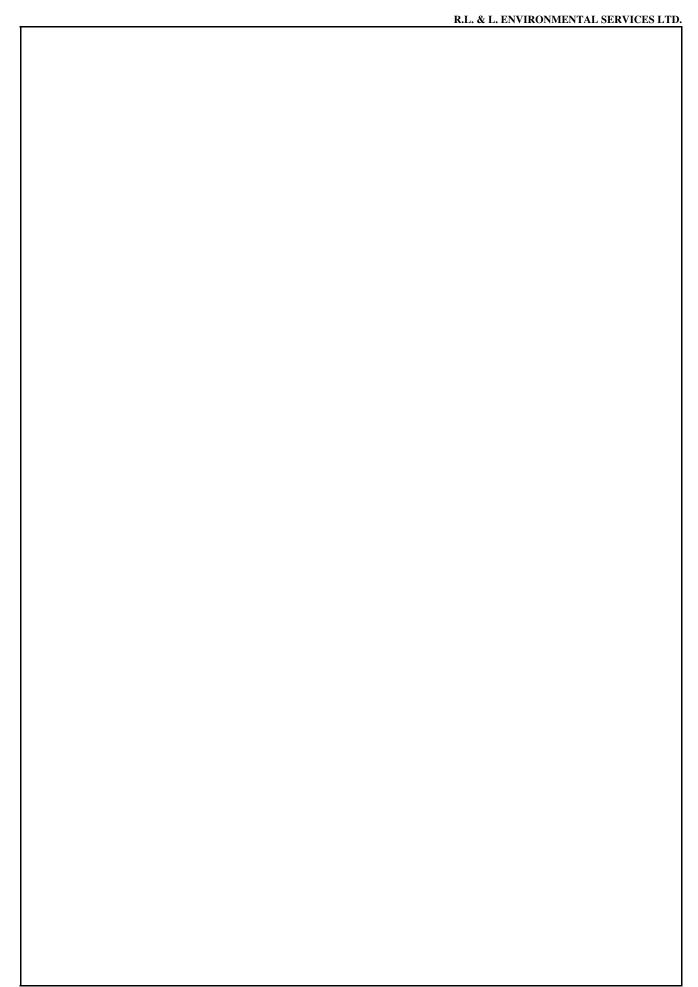
TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page #
LIST OF TABLES
LIST OF FIGURES
1.0 INTRODUCTION 1 1.1 BACKGROUND 1 1.2 STUDY OBJECTIVES 1 1.3 STUDY AREA 1 1.4 TIMING AND LOGISTICS OF SAMPLING 2 2.0 METHODOLOGY 5 2.1 FIELD SAMPLING 5
2.1.1 Physical Environment 5 2.1.1.1 Lake Morphometry 5 2.1.1.2 Limnology and Water Quality 5 2.1.1.3 Stream Discharge 6
2.1.2 Nonvertebrates 6 2.1.2.1 Periphyton 6 2.1.2.2 Phytoplankton 6 2.1.2.3 Zooplankton 7 2.1.2.4 Benthic Macroinvertebrates 7
2.1.3 Fish 7 2.1.3.1 Backpack Electrofishing 7 2.1.3.2 Gill Netting 8 2.1.3.3 Minnow Traps 8 2.1.3.4 Biological Characteristics 8
2.1.4 Fish Habitat 8 2.1.4.1 Lakes 8 2.1.4.2 Streams 9 2.2 OFFICE ANALYSES 9 2.2.1 Physical Environment 9
2.2.1.1 Water Quality 9 2.2.1.2 Stream Discharge 9 2.2.2 Nonvertebrates 10 2.2.2.1 Periphyton 10 2.2.2.2 Phytoplankton 10 2.2.2.3 Zooplankton 11
2.2.2.4 Benthic Macroinvertebrates 12 2.2.3 Fish 12 2.2.3.1 Ageing 12 2.2.3.2 Calculations 13
3.0 LITERATURE CITED

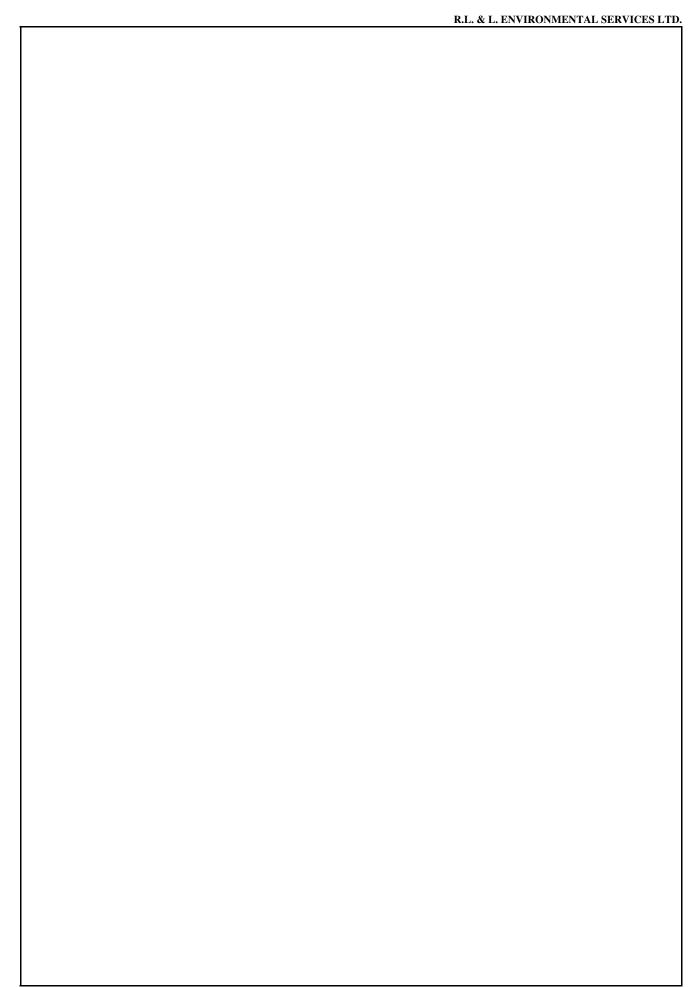


LIST OF TABLES

	Page #
Table 1.1	Waterbodies investigated and tasks completed during the aquatic studies program in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999
Table 2.1	Water chemistry constituents and their detection limits, Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999
Table 2.2	Length-weight regression equations used to calculate zooplankton weights
Table 2.3	Common and scientific names of fish species (and coded abbreviations) recorded in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999



LIST OF FIGURES					
	Page #				
Figure 1.1	Location of Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999				
Figure 1.2	Waterbodies sampled in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999				



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

The Contwoyto Lake West Diamond Project was initiated by Tahera Corporation (formerly Lytton Minerals Ltd.) in 1998 based on the discovery of a kimberlite deposit adjacent to Contwoyto Lake in the vicinity of Echo Bay Mines Ltd. Lupin production facility (Nunavut).

In anticipation of the possible development of this deposit, Tahera Corporation initiated a baseline inventory program in 1999. This involved collection of data on meteorological conditions, water quality, hydrology, wildlife, and aquatic biota. R.L. & L. Environmental Services Ltd. was contracted to complete the aquatic biota component of the baseline inventory programs, which focused on the aquatic community within the immediate vicinity of the deposit.

1.2 STUDY OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the aquatic studies program were as follows:

- to describe the physical characteristics (morphology and water quality) of waterbodies;
- to describe the abundance, distribution and biological characteristics of nonvertebrate communities (benthic macroinvertebrates, zooplankton, phytoplankton, and periphyton);
- to describe the seasonal abundance, distribution, and biological characteristics of fish species in the study area, as well as the habitat used by these fish; and,
- to present raw data in a data report.

1.3 STUDY AREA

The study area is located approximately 400 km northeast of Yellowknife in the general vicinity of Echo Bay Mines Ltd. Lupin production facility. The Contwoyto Lake study site is situated approximately 10 km northeast of Lupin (66° 00' N, 111° 29') in Nunavut Territory (Figure 1.1). The study area (referred to as the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area) encompasses lakes and streams in the immediate vicinity of a kimberlite deposit (Figure 1.2 and Table 1.1).

Table 1.1 Waterbodies investigated and tasks completed during the aquatic studies program in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

		Waterbody					
Task	Contwoyto Lake Bay	Lake P1	Lake P2	Stream P1	Stream P2		
Lake Characteristics							
Morphology	✓						
Limnology	1						
Stream Characteristics							
Structure and Discharge				1	✓		
Temperature				1			
Water Quality	1	✓	✓	1	✓		
Nonvertebrates							
Zooplankton	1	✓	✓				
Phytoplankton	1	✓	✓				
Periphyton	1	✓	✓	1	✓		
Benthic Macroinvertebrates	1	✓	✓				
Fish							
Species Composition and Abundance	1	✓	✓	1	✓		
Biological Characteristics/Feeding Habits	1	✓	✓	1	✓		
Movements	1	✓	✓	1	✓		
Habitat Characteristics	1	✓	✓	1	✓		

1.4 TIMING AND LOGISTICS OF SAMPLING

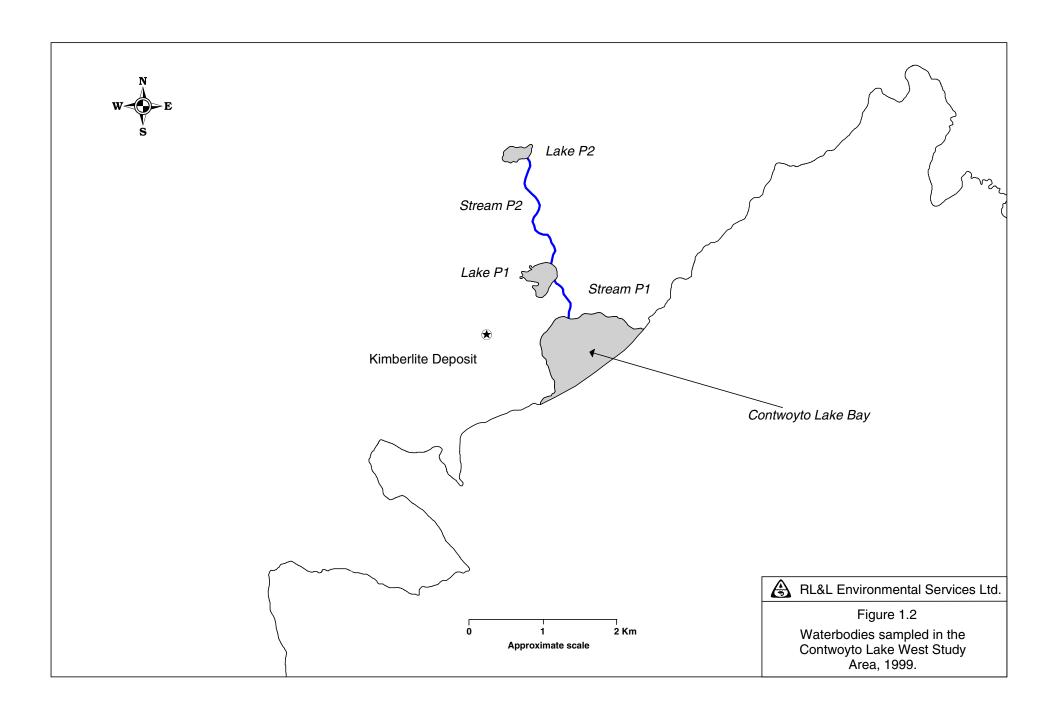
The 1999 field program was conducted on a seasonal basis (spring, summer, and fall). The spring session, which was conducted between 8 and 15 June, was designed to determine fish use of streams for spawning and rearing, and to establish sampling sites for the summer and fall sessions.

The summer field period commenced on 13 July and was completed on 3 August, and involved several sampling components. Tributary investigations included collection of fish and habitat data from streams and lakes, as well as collection of periphyton and water quality samples from selected locations. Lake work involved collection of limnological data, and samples of phytoplankton, zooplankton, periphyton, and benthic macroinvertebrates. Fish species distribution and abundance were investigated.

The fall session (31 August-7 September) involved documentation of fish distribution and abundance in lakes, as well as identification of potential spawning areas.

Access to the site was by fixed-wing aircraft from Yellowknife. Accommodations were at the Tahera Corporation exploration camp located on the east shore of Carat Lake or at the Lupin Mine owned by Echo Bay Mines Ltd. Transportation of personnel and equipment to sampling sites was provided by helicopter.





2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 FIELD SAMPLING

2.1.1 Physical Environment

2.1.1.1 Lake Morphometry

Bathymetric surveys of selected lakes were conducted in summer 1999. The surveys were carried out using a Lowrance (Model X16) echo sounder, which provided a graphic output of depth measurements. The resulting depth database was merged with the digital location data generated from transect locations identified on the digitized maps.

2.1.1.2 Limnology and Water Quality

To document the limnology and general water quality characteristics of waterbodies in the study area, water chemistry, water temperature (°C) and dissolved oxygen concentrations (mg/L) were measured at selected locations. At lake sites, a H20 Hydrolab with a Surveyor3 Data Logger was used to record vertical profiles of water temperature, oxygen, pH, conductivity, and turbidity. Water transparency was measured to the nearest 0.1 m using a standard Secchi disk (20 cm diameter). At stream sites, parameters measured at the water surface included conductivity (Oakton TDS Testr meter) and water temperature (°C).

Water temperature was continuously monitored from one stream (Stream P1) during the open water period (mid-June to mid-September). This provided a database of seasonal changes and daily temperature fluctuations. An Onset Optic StowAway TempTM thermograph was deployed to electronically record water temperatures at 30 minute intervals.

Water samples were collected during summer at selected waterbodies to document existing water quality characteristics. Stream water samples were collected from approximately 0.1 m below the water surface (surface grab). Lake water samples were collected at established sites using a prewashed 4 L Van Dorn bottle submerged to a depth of 1 m. Polyethylene gloves were worn during water collection to prevent contamination of the samples. Appropriate premeasured preservatives were added to the samples (if needed) and the samples were placed on ice and shipped to Enviro-Test Laboratories in Edmonton for analyses within 48 hrs of collection.

As part of the quality assurance / quality control (QA/QC) program, a water sample was split (i.e., collected from the same site but labelled as different sites) and submitted to the lab as a blind control. In addition, a sample consisting of distilled water was submitted for analyses. These QA/QC procedures were designed to document possible contamination of the samples from the bottles or the laboratory process.

2.1.1.3 Stream Discharge

Stream discharge was measured at selected stream locations to characterize the seasonal variation in the availability and quality of fish habitat. Velocity was recorded with a direct-readout meter (Swoffer Model 2100); readings were taken along a tag line positioned perpendicular to the flow. Water depth and mean column velocities (at 0.6 depth) were measured at vertical stations located along the cross-section, each of which encompassed no more than 10% of the water flow (Buchanan and Somers 1969).

In addition to the measurements of discharge conducted by the study team, continuous monitoring of discharge and water levels at key sites in the Jericho Study Area were carried out by Tahera Corporation.

2.1.2 Nonvertebrates

2.1.2.1 Periphyton

The periphyton communities in lakes and streams were sampled during summer to assess the algal community composition, and to measure chlorophyll *a* and ash-free dry mass (AFDM). To ascertain productivity levels of selected waterbodies, additional chlorophyll *a* and ash-free dry mass (AFDM) samples were collected from selected locations (total of three at each site) throughout the open water period.

Each sample consisted of a composite of five scrapings following the methods described in Charlton et al. (1981) and Hickman et al. (1982). Each scraping (4 cm²) was collected from a stone, selected at random, from the lake or stream bottom. Samples used for algal identification and enumeration were placed in individually labelled 20 mL dark containers and preserved with 5% acid-Lugol's solution. Shortly after collection, two drops of 100% formalin were added to each of these samples to prevent growth of bacteria and fungi. Samples destined for chlorophyll *a* analysis were filtered (5 mL) onto Whatman GF/C filter paper, covered with anhydrous MgCO₃, and frozen. Samples for AFDM were subsampled in the laboratory, from the acid-Lugol's preserved samples.

2.1.2.2 Phytoplankton

Phytoplankton were collected from lakes once during summer to characterize the community (species composition and chlorophyll *a*). Samples were collected from the euphotic zone, which is equal to the depth of 1% light penetration (approximately two times the Secchi depth). A sample consisted of a composite of five discrete vertical collections within this zone, which were made using a weighted plastic tube. In lakes that were shallower than two times the Secchi depth, phytoplankton hauls encompassed the entire water column to 1 m above the lake bottom (to avoid contamination of the sample with sediment). Samples were placed in labelled 500 mL containers, preserved with 5% acid-Lugol's solution, and stored in the dark. Three drops of 100% formalin were added to each sample to prevent growth of bacteria and fungi during storage. Prior to preservation, samples destined for chlorophyll *a* analysis were filtered (5 mL) onto Whatman GF/C filter paper, covered with anhydrous MgCO₃, and frozen. Samples for AFDM were subsampled in the laboratory, from the acid-Lugol's preserved samples. Equipment was thoroughly rinsed before and after sampling at each site to prevent contamination. To ascertain productivity levels of selected

lakes, additional chlorophyll *a* samples were collected from selected locations (total of three at each site) throughout the open water period.

2.1.2.3 Zooplankton

To characterize the zooplankton community in study area lakes, zooplankton samples also were collected from lakes once during summer. Each sample consisted of a composite of five vertical hauls, each of which were taken from a depth that was equal to the euphotic zone (approximately two times the Secchi depth). In lakes that were shallower than three times the Secchi depth, zooplankton hauls encompassed the entire water column to 1 m above the lake bottom (to avoid contamination of the sample with sediment). Zooplankton collections were made with a Wisconsin plankton net constructed with Nitex® mesh (net mouth diameter 130 mm; 0.064 x 0.064 mm mesh). To prevent predation by cyclopoid copepods, each sample was immediately preserved in 5% formalin and stored in labelled 500 mL polyethylene bottles. Equipment was thoroughly rinsed before and after sampling at each site to prevent contamination.

2.1.2.4 Benthic Macroinvertebrates

Benthic macroinvertebrates were sampled once from sites located in littoral (< 5.0 m depth) and profundal (> 5.0 m depth) zones of selected lakes during summer. The samples were used to characterize the nonvertebrate community in each of these zones. An Ekman grab sampler (aperture area equal to 0.023 m²) was used to collect a composite of three grabs for each sample. Samples were then sieved through a 0.243 mm mesh net to remove excess sediments, placed in labelled polyethylene sample bags, and preserved in 10% formalin.

2.1.3 Fish

Fish sampling focussed on determining species composition, relative abundance, and seasonal use of lakes and streams. In addition, captured fish of selected species not required for other aspects of the program (fish tissues) were tagged using individually numbered Floy anchor tags. The type of sampling technique employed was dependent on the habitats sampled and size-classes of fish targeted.

2.1.3.1 Backpack Electrofishing

Shallow-water habitats in streams and lake margins were sampled during spring and summer using a Smith-Root Type XII high output backpack electrofisher. The electrofisher operator waded along the banks and sampled in the vicinity of suspected fish holding areas (undercut banks, boulder cover, etc.). The netter, who was positioned immediately downstream, collected the stunned fish and placed them in a holding bucket. Recorded information at each sampled site included UTM coordinates, date and time of day, water temperature and conductivity, distance sampled (m), sampling effort (s), electrofisher settings, and the number and species of fish captured or observed.

2.1.3.2 Gill Netting

Variable-mesh standard gill net sets were employed to sample deep-water habitats in lakes during the summer and fall field sessions. Each standard gill net set was comprised of 15.2×1.8 m panels of 2.5, 3.8, 6.4, 8.9, 11.4, and 14.0 cm mesh sizes (stretched measure). These sets were used to sample a wide range of fish size-classes and to allow comparison of catch rates.

During summer, a variety of habitats were sampled. During fall, sampling sites were chosen based on their potential as spawning habitat for lake trout, Arctic char, and round whitefish. Pertinent data recorded at each gill net site included set/pull time, set location/orientation, water depth, and substrate type.

2.1.3.3 Minnow Traps

To capture smaller size-classes of fish in habitats not effectively sampled by gillnetting, standard minnow traps (gee type) baited with cat food were used in rocky shoreline areas. Dimensions of standard gee traps were 0.4 m length x 0.2 m diameter with an aperture of 0.02 m. Data recorded at each site included set/pull time, location/orientation, water depth, and substrate type.

2.1.3.4 Biological Characteristics

All captured fish were identified to species. Data recorded for each fish included fork length (to the nearest 1 mm), weight (to the nearest 5 g), sex, and maturity. An appropriate ageing structure was also collected (Mackay et al. 1990) from fish that succumbed during sampling. Data were recorded on standardized record sheets to facilitate data analyses in the laboratory.

To determine feeding habits, stomach contents of fish that succumbed during sampling were analysed in the field using the method described by Thompson (1959), which is a modification of the numerical method used by Hynes (1950). Each stomach was examined and evaluated for fullness, and allotted a designated number of fullness points (i.e., 20 points for a full stomach and 0 points for an empty stomach). After points were allocated for the degree of fullness, the stomach was opened and the points allotted to individual food categories based on their volume. To account for the presence of empty stomachs, values of zero were incorporated into the analysis.

2.1.4 Fish Habitat

2.1.4.1 Lakes

The shoreline habitat characteristics of major lakes in the study area were described using a standardized habitat classification system developed by R.L. & L. Environmental Services Ltd. (Appendix A). The classification system categorized shoreline habitat into discrete habitat types based on two variables: slope and substrate type. Lake habitat assessments were accomplished by circumnavigating each lake by boat. In addition to categorizing lake shoreline

into habitat types, important features such as high quality rearing and spawning areas were identified based on visual assessments by qualified field personnel.

2.1.4.2 Streams

The physical habitat available to fish in study area streams was examined during spring and summer to ascertain their importance to fish (habitat quality). Surveys were undertaken using a variety of methods. The physical habitat provided by streams was described using a classification system specifically developed for this purpose by R.L. & L. Environmental Services Ltd. (Appendix A). The classification system categorizes stream habitat into discrete habitat types (e.g., Run, Pool, Riffle). Once the stream was described using this system, several parameters were quantified. Cross-sectional transects within the stream channel were used to measure water depth, water velocity, substrate type, instream cover and stream width. Velocity was measured using a Swoffer Model 2100 digital flow meter and water depths were measured using a calibrated wading rod. Substrate characteristics were recorded according to the modified Wentworth Classification System (Appendix A).

2.2 OFFICE ANALYSES

2.2.1 Physical Environment

2.2.1.1 Water Quality

The water chemistry constituents measured in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area and their detection limits are listed in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Water chemistry constituents and their detection limits, Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Constituent	Unit	Detection Limit	Constituent	Unit	Detection Limit
Conductivity	μS/cm	0.2	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1
Total Alkalinity	mg/L	1	Total Hardness	mg/L	1
Carbonate (CO ₃)	mg/L	1	Hydroxide	mg/L	1
Calcium	mg/L	0.05	Total Kjeldahl-N	mg/L	0.05
Bicarbonate	mg/L	1	Ammonia-N	mg/L	0.005
Magnesium	mg/L	0.01	Total Phosphorus	mg/L	0.001
Potassium	mg/L	0.01	Dissolved Phosphorus	mg/L	0.001
Sodium	mg/L	0.1	Ortho-Phosphorus	mg/L	0.001
Chloride	mg/L	0.05	Total Carbon	mg/L	0.5
Sulphate	mg/L	0.05	Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	0.5
Reactive Silica	mg/L	0.003	Total Inorganic Carbon	mg/L	0.5
Turbidity	NTU	0.1	Cation/Anion Balance	%	1
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3			

2.2.1.2 Stream Discharge

Stream discharge (m³/s) was determined using the mid-section method utilized by the United States Geological Survey at gauging stations to calibrate the stage-discharge relationship. This method is described in detail in Buchanan and Somers (1969).

2.2.2 Nonvertebrates

2.2.2.1 Periphyton

In the laboratory, the periphytic algal samples were processed as outlined in Lund et al. (1958). Samples were first mixed and then subjected to serial dilutions (generally 0 to 1000 fold dilutions depending on algal and organic debris in the original sample). Subsequently, 1 to 10 mL subsamples were dispensed into sedimentation chambers. After a 12 h settling period, the basal area of each chamber was scanned qualitatively with an inverted LietzTM microscope to identify the best dilution factor for subsequent quantitative analyses and to obtain a comprehensive species list. Once the appropriate dilution factor was established, taxonomic groups within the sample were identified and enumerated.

Taxonomic keys of Smith (1950), Prescott (1970), and Webber (1971) were used for species identification. Counts were made at a magnification of approximately 450× along horizontal transects across the diameter of the chamber; a minimum of 200 algal units were examined. Species that were encountered, but not enumerated during routine transect counts, were recorded as present.

To identify and enumerate diatoms, subsamples were treated with a mixture of concentrated sulphuric acid, potassium dichromate, and hydrogen peroxide followed by repeated washes in distilled water. The cleaned frustules were then dried on cover glasses and mounted in StoraxTM.

Chlorophyll *a* analysis was conducted on all five replicates using the spectrophotometric-acetone extraction method described by Moss (1967a, 1967b). The AFDM subsamples were removed from the five replicate acid-Lugol's preserved samples and filtered onto pre-washed and pre-weighed WhatmanTM GF/C filters. They were subsequently dried (at 105°C for 24 h) and weighed. The dried samples were then ashed in a muffle furnace (at 550°C for 1 h) and cooled in a desiccator. The difference between dry mass and ash mass is ash-free dry mass (APHA 1992).

2.2.2.2 Phytoplankton

Prior to analyses, the phytoplankton samples were gently inverted, and 10 to 100 mL subsamples were dispensed into sedimentation chambers (Lund et al. 1958). After a 24 h sedimentation period, samples were processed. To obtain a comprehensive species list, the entire basal area of the chamber was scanned qualitatively with an inverted microscope (WildTM M-40). Taxonomic keys used for identification included Prescott (1970), Taft and Taft (1971), and Webber (1971).

Once a comprehensive species list was established, cell density was assessed. To calculate cell density (cells/mL), individual cells were enumerated within a specified area of the sedimentation chamber. This was accomplished by counting the number of cells along horizontal transects placed across the specified area. To calculate the cell density of each species in the sample, the number of cells within the specified area was extrapolated to the subsample, and then to the entire sample.

Cell biovolume (μ m³/m³) was calculated by first measuring the physical dimensions (length, width, and depth) of 10 to 30 cells of each species in the sample. Estimates of cell biovolume were then generated by multiplying the mean dimension of cells of a particular species by the number of cells enumerated for that species. The mean cell biovolume estimate for the subsample was then extrapolated to the entire sample. Species that were encountered during the qualitative assessment, but not enumerated (i.e., very low numbers or located outside the enumeration transects) were recorded as present.

For diatom identification and enumeration, a separate subsample was concentrated, dried onto a coverslip, ashed in a muffle furnace to remove organic matter, and mounted in StoraxTM.

2.2.2.3 Zooplankton

Zooplankton counts were conducted using a dissecting stereo-microscope (WildTM-5); identifications were made using a compound microscope equipped with a phase-contrast condenser (WildTM-20). Taxonomic keys used for crustacean plankton were Brooks, Wilson, and Yeatman (in Edmondson 1959), supplemented by the keys of Brooks (1957), Smirnov (1971), Brandlova et al. (1972), Flössner (1972), and Kiefer (1978). The taxonomic key used for identification of rotifers was the Voigt revision by Koste (1978), supplemented by keys of Ahlstrom (1943) and Ruttner-Kolisko (1974). Chaoboridae were identified using the keys of Cook (1956) and Saether (1970). Specimens were identified to the lowest taxonomic level possible.

Enumeration of zooplankton involved different techniques that were dependent on taxonomic group. Cladocerans and copepods (all stages) were enumerated either from three 15 mL subsamples or from the entire sample using a dissecting microscope at $12 \times$ to $50 \times$ magnification. For cladocerans and copepods, subsampling was performed (using an automatic pipette) on samples that contained large numbers of specimens. All samples were subsampled (using an automatic pipette) for rotifer enumeration; however, each subsample was allowed to settle for 24 h before processing. An inverted microscope ($100 \times$ or $200 \times$ magnification) was used to enumerate rotifers by counting either six fields (one field = 0.02625 cm^2) or the entire counting chamber (4.907 cm^2). Subsamples were continually removed from the original sample until approximately 200 mature or identifiable rotifer organisms were processed. Once numbers of organisms within each sample were established, these values were converted to densities per cubic metre. This was accomplished by dividing the number of organisms encountered in a sample by the total volume filtered (i.e., net mouth area \times depth of haul \times number of hauls).

The biomass of major taxonomic groups within each sample was also determined. To calculate biomass, lengths were measured from the first 30 individuals observed in a sample. Lengths of larger zooplankton were measured directly with a microscope connected to a calibrated Sigma Scan[™] digitizing tablet. Smaller zooplankton, such as rotifers, were measured using an eyepiece graticule and corrected for magnification. Using length measurements from individual organisms, weights were calculated from published length-weight regression equations (Table 2.2). For each sample, a mean individual weight was calculated by averaging the estimated weights generated from the

length-weight regression equation (it is important to average weights and not lengths; Bird and Prairie 1985). Biomass for each taxonomic group was calculated by multiplying the number enumerated for that sample by the mean individual weight.

Table 2.2 Length-weight regression equations used to calculate zooplankton weights.

Organism	Equation	Reference	
Copepods (N1-Adult)	$lnW(\mu g) = 1.9526 + 2.399 \cdot lnL(mm)$	Bottrell et al. (1976)	
Daphnia spp.	$lnW(\mu g) = 1.6 + 2.84 \cdot lnL(mm)$	Bottrell et al. (1976)	
Bosmina and Eubosmina spp.	$lnW(\mu g) = 3.0896 + 3.0395 \cdot lnL(mm)$	Bottrell et al. (1976)	
Chydorus sphaericus	$lnW(\mu g) = 4.543 + 3.636 \cdot lnL(mm)$	Downing and Rigler (1984)	
Holopedium spp.	$lnW(\mu g) = 6.4957 + 3.190 \cdot lnL(mm)$	Downing and Rigler (1984)	
Rotifers	$lnW(\mu g) = -10.3815 + 1.574 \cdot lnL(\mu m)$	Stemberger and Gilbert (1987)	

2.2.2.4 Benthic Macroinvertebrates

In the laboratory, samples were first processed to remove all extraneous substrate and organic matter. Individual samples were washed to remove the preservative and repeatedly elutriated to remove excess silt, sand, and gravel (i.e., inorganic materials). This procedure was continued until nonvertebrates were no longer observed in the elutriated water. The sample was then subsampled using the method described in Wrona et al. 1982; only one third of the sample was used to enumerate the macroinvertebrates.

Using a dissecting microscope (6 to 42× magnification), nonvertebrates were then sorted by major taxonomic group and identified to the lowest practical taxonomic level (genus or species where possible). More difficult groups, such as nematodes, were identified to a higher taxonomic level. Keys used for identification included Wiggins (1977), Merritt and Cummins (1984), and Clifford (1991). As part of the quality assurance / quality control (QA/QC) program, discarded sample material (material thrown out after being examined and sorted for macroinvertebrates) was thoroughly checked by an independent individual.

2.2.3 Fish

2.2.3.1 Ageing

Fish ageing followed the protocol outlined in Mackay et al. (1990). Otoliths were used to age lake trout, Arctic char, and round whitefish. Otoliths, which had been stored dry in labelled envelopes, were first lightly ground and polished with emery cloth (400 grit) to allow sufficient light transmission. Then a binocular dissecting microscope, equipped with a transmitted light source, was used to obtain an age from each structure. Each structure was aged by two independent readers. When discrepancies in the assigned age occurred, the two readers conferred to arrive at a consensus. A third independent reader conducted a random check of selected structures to ensure quality control.

2.2.3.2 Calculations

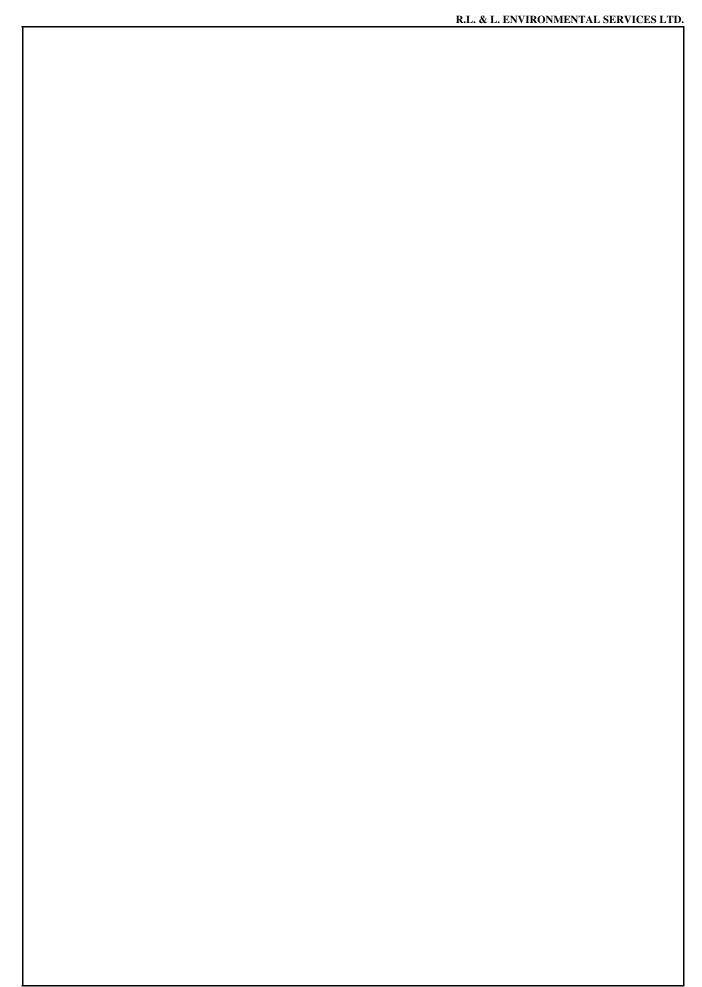
Relative abundance of fish was calculated in terms of catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) based on the number of captured fish per unit of effort that was dependent on the sampling method. For backpack electrofishing, the units of effort included minutes of sampling time. For gill nets, catch rates were assessed by using a net-unit approach (i.e., $100 \, \text{m}^2$ surface area of net fished for the equivalent of a 12-hour period constitutes one net-unit of effort). Catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) was expressed as the number of fish (by species) per net-unit.

To facilitate data recording and presentation of the results, all captured fish species were assigned a four-letter code in accordance with Mackay et al. (1990). The common and scientific names of all fish species mentioned in this report, as well as their corresponding coded abbreviations, are presented in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3 Common and scientific names of fish species (and coded abbreviations) recorded in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Code ^a
Arctic char	Salvelinus alpinus (Linnaeus)	ARCH
Lake trout	Salvelinus namaycush (Walbaum)	LKTR
Arctic grayling	Thymallus arcticus (Pallas)	ARGR
Round whitefish	Prosopium cylindraceum (Pallas)	RNWH
Burbot	Lota lota (Linnaeus)	BURB
Slimy sculpin	Cottus cognatus Richardson	SLSC
Ninespine stickleback	Pungitius pungitius (Linnaeus)	NNST

a According to Mackay et al. (1990).



3.0 LITERATURE CITED

- Ahlstrom, E.H. 1943. A revision of the rotatorian genus *Keratella* with descriptions of three new species and five new varieties. Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History 80 (12): 411-57.
- American Public Health Association. 1992. Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater. 18th edition. American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association and Water Pollution Control Federation, Washington, D.C. 1134 p.
- Bird, D.F., and Y.T.-Prairie. 1985. Practical guidelines for the use of zooplankton length-weight regression equations. Journal of Plankton Research 7: 955-960.
- Bottrell, H.H., A. Duncan, Z.M. Gliwicz, E. Grygierczyk, A. Herzig, A. Hillbricht-Illakowska, H. Kurasawa, Larson, and P. & T. Weglenska. 1976. A review of some problems in zooplankton production studies. Contribution from the Plankton Ecology Group (EBP).
- Brandlova, J., Z. Brandl, and C.H. Fernando. 1972. The Cladocera of Ontario with remarks on some species and distribution. Canadian Journal of Zoology 50 (11): 1373-403.
- Brooks, J.L. 1957. The systematics of North American Daphnia. Memoirs of Connecticut Academy of Arts and Sciences 13: 1-180.
- Buchanan, T.J., and W.P. Somers. 1969. Discharge measurements a gaging stations. (excerpt from Techniques of water-resources investigations of the United States Geological Survey, Chapter A8, Book 3, Applications of Hydraulics). *In* Hydrological Survey Techniques Textbook.
- Charlton, S.E.D., M. Hickman, and C.G. Jenkerson. 1981. Longitudinal physiochemical and algal surveys of rivers flowing through the oil sands region of northeastern Alberta, Canada. Nova Hedwigia 35: 465-522.
- Clifford, H.F. 1991. Aquatic invertebrates of Alberta. University of Alberta. Press, Edmonton. 538 p.
- Cook, E.F. 1956. The Nearctic Chaoborinae (Diptera: Culicidae). Bulletin of the Minnesota Agricultural Experimental Station 218: 102 p.
- Downing, J.A., and F.A. Rigler. 1984. A manual on methods for the assessment of secondary productivity in fresh waters. 2nd edition. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Boston, Massachusetts. 495 p.
- Edmondson, W.T. 1959. Freshwater biology. 2nd edition John Wiley and Sons, New York, New York. 1248 p.
- Flössner, D. 1972. Krebstiere, Crustacea: Kiemen und Blattfüsser, Brachiopoda, Fischäuse, Brachiura. Die Tierwelt Deutschlands. 60. Teil. Gustav Fischer Verlag, Jena. 501 p.
- Hickman, M., S.E.D. Charlton, and C.G. Jenkerson. 1982. A comparative study of benthic algal primary productivity in the AOSERP study area. Prepared for the Alberta Oil Sands Environmental Research Program by the Department of Botany, University of Alberta and Department of Plant Sciences., University of Western Ontario. AOSERP Report 128. 139 p.
- Hynes, H.B.N. 1970. The ecology of running water. University of Toronto Press, Toronto, Ontario. 555 p.
- Kiefer, F. 1978. Zur Kenntnis des Diacyclops tames (S.A. Forces, 1882) (Copepoda, Cyclopoida). Crustaceana 34 (2): 214-16.

- Koste, W. 1978. Rotatoria. Die Rädertiere Mitteleuropas. Ein Bestimmungswerk, begrunder von Max Voigt. Überordnung Monogononta. Gebrüder Bortraeger, Berlin, Stuttgart. Volume I: 673 p. Volume II: 469 p.
- Lund, J.W.G., C. Kipping, and E.D. LeCren. 1958. The inverted microscope method of estimating algal numbers and the statistical basis of estimation of counting. Hydrobiologia 11:143-70.
- Mackay, W.C., G.R. Ash, and H.J. Norris (editors). 1990. Fish ageing methods for Alberta. R.L. & L. Environmental Services Ltd. in Association with Alberta Fish and Wildlife Division and University of Alberta, Edmonton. 113 p.
- Merritt, R.W., and K.W. Cummins (editors). 1984. An introduction to the aquatic insects of North America. 2nd edition. Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company, Dubuque, Iowa, U.S.A. 722 p.
- Moss, B. 1967a. A spectrophotometric method for the estimation of percentage degradation of chlorophyll *a* to phaeopohytin in extracts of algae. Limnology and Oceanography 12: 335-340.
- Moss, B. 1967b. A note on the estimation of Chlorophyll *a* in freshwater algal communities. Limnology and Oceanography 12: 340-342.
- Prescott, G.W. 1970. Algae of the Western Great Lakes area. Wm. C. Brown Co. Publublishers, Dubuque, Iowa. 977 p.
- Ruttner-Kolisko, A. 1974. Plankton rotifers: Biology and taxonomy. Die Binnengewasser, Volume 26/1, Supplement. 146 p.
- Saether, O.A. 1970. Nearctic and Palaearctic *Chaoborus* (Diptera: Chaoboridae). Fisheries Research Board of Canada Bulletin 174: 57 p.
- Smirnov, N.N. 1971. Fauna of the U.S.S.R. Crustacea: Chydoridae. Volume 1, No. 2. Akad. Nauk. SSSR, New Series No. 101 (Translated from Russian). Israel Program for Scientific Translations, Jerusalem. 644 p.
- Smith, G.M. 1950. The freshwater algae of the United States. 2nd ed. McGraw Hill Book Company. New York, New York. 719 p.
- Stemberger, R.S., and J.J. Gilbert. 1987. Planktonic rotifer defences. *In* W.C. Kerfoot and A. Sih (editors) Predation: Direct and Indirect Impacts on Aquatic Communities. University Press of New England. Hanover, NH. 227-239 p.
- Taft, C.E., and C.W. Taft. 1971. The algae of Western Lake Erie. Bulletin Ohio Biological Surveys 4: 1-189.
- Thompson, R.B. 1959. Food of squawfish, *Ptychocheilus oregonensis* (Richardson) of the Columbia River. U.S. Department of Interior, Fish & Wildlife Service Fisheries Bulletin 158(60): 43-58.
- Webber, C.I. 1971. A guide to the common diatoms of water pollution surveillance system stations. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Environmental Research Centre Analytical Quality Control Laboratory, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- Wiggins, G.B. 1977. Larvae of the North American caddisfly genera (Trichoptera). University of Toronto Press, Toronto, Canada. 401 p.

APPENDIX A METHODOLOGY

APPENDIX A

STREAM HABITAT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Provides a qualitative assessment of the physical characteristics of a stream and its potential as fish habitat.

<u>Riffle</u> - Portion of channel with increased velocity relative to Run and Pool habitat types; broken water surface due to effects of submerged or exposed bed materials; shallow (less than 25 cm). Limited value as habitat for larger juveniles and adults (i.e., feeding), but may be used extensively by young-of-the-year and small juveniles.

- RF Typical riffle habitat type; provides limited cover for all life stages.
- RF/BG Riffle habitat type with abundance of large cobble and boulder substrates. Limited cover for juveniles and adults; but, may be used extensively by young-of-the-year fish.
- <u>Rapids</u> (RA) Portion of channel with highest velocity relative to other habitat types. Deep (>25 cm); often formed by channel constriction. Substrate extremely coarse; dominated by large cobble and boulder substrates. Habitat provided for juveniles and adults in pocket eddies associated with substrate.
- <u>Run</u> Portion of channel characterized by moderate to high current velocity relative to Pool and Flat habitats; water surface largely unbroken. Potentially high habitat value for all life stages. Can be differentiated into five types based on depth and cover.
 - R1 Maximum depth exceeding 1.5 m; average depth 1.0 m. High cover at all flow conditions. Highest quality habitat for larger juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.
 - R2/BG Maximum depth reaching 1.0 m and generally exceeding 0.75 m; presence of large cobble or boulder substrates in channel. High cover at all flows. Moderate to high quality habitat for larger juveniles and adults.
 - R2 Maximum depth reaching 1.0 m and generally exceeding 0.75 m. High cover during most flows, but not during base flows. Moderate quality habitat for juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.
 - R3/BG Maximum depth of 0.75 m, but averaging <0.50 m; presence of large cobble or boulder substrates in channel. Moderate cover at all flows. Moderate quality habitat for juveniles and adults; but, the value to young-of-the-year-fish is potentially high.
 - R3 Maximum depth of 0.75 m, but averaging <0.50 m. Low cover at all flows. Lowest quality habitat for juveniles and adults; but, the value to young-of-the-year-fish is potentially high.
- <u>Flat</u> Area of channel characterized by low current velocities (relative to RF and Run cover types); near-laminar (i.e., non-turbulent) flow. Depositional area dominated sand/silt substrates. Differentiated from Pool habitat type by high channel uniformity and lack of direct association with riffle/run complex. Potential habitat value for all life stages is moderate to high. Can be differentiated into five types based on depth and cover.
 - F1 Maximum depth exceeding 1.5 m; average depth 1.0 m or greater. High cover at all flows. Highest quality habitat for larger juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.
 - F2/BG Maximum depth reaching 1.0 m and generally exceeding 0.75 m; presence of large cobble or boulder substrates in channel. High cover at all flows. Moderate to high quality habitat for larger juveniles and adults.
 - F2 Maximum depth exceeding 1.0 m; generally exceeding 0.75 m. High cover during most flows, but not during base flows. Moderate quality habitat for juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.

F3/BG - Maximum depth of 0.75 m, but averaging <0.50 m; presence of large cobble or boulder substrates in channel. Moderate cover at all flows. Moderate quality habitat for juveniles and adults; but, the value to young-of-the-year-fish is potentially high.

F3 - Maximum depth of 0.75 m, averaging less than 0.50 m. Low cover at all flows. Lowest quality habitat for juveniles and adults; but, the value to young-of-the-year-fish is potentially high.

<u>Pool</u> - Discrete portion of channel featuring increased depth and reduced velocity (downstream oriented) relative to Riffle and Run habitat types. Normally featuring Riffle/Run associations. Principal habitat value for all life stages is cover. When in close association with Riffle/Run habitats, value can be very high. Can be differentiated into three types based on depth.

- P1 Maximum depth exceeding 1.5 m; average depth 1.0 m or greater; high cover at all flow conditions. Often intergrades with deep-slow type of R1. Highest quality habitat for larger juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.
- P2 Maximum depth reaching or exceeding 1.0 m, generally exceeding 0.75 m. High cover at all but base flows. Moderate quality habitat for juveniles and adults; limited value for young-of-the-year-fish.
- P3 Maximum depth of 0.75 m, averaging <0.50 m. Low instream cover; includes small pocket eddies. Lowest quality habitat for all life stages.

<u>Dispersed</u> (DIS) - Portion of stream exhibiting no defined channel. Water depth rarely exceeding 0.25 m and often dispersed over boulder fields. Very limited value as fish habitat.

<u>Habitat Features</u> - Includes the following instream features:

Chutes (CH) - Area of channel constriction; generally resulting in channel deepening and increased velocity. Associated habitat types are Pool, Run, and Rapid.

Ledges (LG) - Areas of bedrock intrusion into the channel; often creates Chutes and Pool habitat.

Falls (FAL) - Area of channel exhibiting rapid vertical decent over boulder and bedrock. Often a barrier to fish passage.

Cascade (CAS) - Area of channel exhibiting rapid decent over boulder and bedrock, but, with no well defined vertical decent (i.e., falls). Often a barrier to fish passage.

Outlet/Inlet (Out) - Confluence of stream and lake; can be the outlet or inlet.

<u>Channel Type</u> - Includes the following categories:

Single (C1) - Entire water flow of stream through one active channel.

Multiple (C2) - Water flow of stream through more than one active channel.

Dispersed (C3) - No defined channel.

Bank Type - Includes the following categories:

Well-defined (D1) - Well-defined boundary at water-bank interface of active stream channel. Ill-defined (D2) - Poorly defined boundary at water-bank interface of active stream channel.

LAKE SHORELINE HABITAT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Provides a qualitative assessment of the physical characteristics of the littoral zone (zone of visible light penetration to bottom) and its potential as critical fish habitat (spawning and rearing).

<u>Slope</u> - The slope of the visible portion of the lake bottom adjacent to the shoreline. The lower the slope, the greater the amount of shallow water (littoral zone) available for use by smaller juveniles and young-of-the-year fish. Visual estimation of slope using three categories.

Low - 0 to 10% Moderate - 11 to 30% High - >30%

<u>Substrate</u> - The dominant substrate in the visible portion of the lake bottom adjacent to the shoreline. The presence of rock (cobbles, boulders) indicates potential as a spawning habitat; presence of fines (organics, clay, silt, sand, gravel) indicates the potential as rearing habitat (enhances growth of macrophytes); presence of bedrock indicates limited value as fish habitat. Visual estimation of the percent cover by each substrate size and then grouping into three categories based on the following criteria:

Fines - >40% of bottom consists of organics, clays, silts, or gravel substrates.

Rock - >60% of bottom consists of cobbles or boulders.

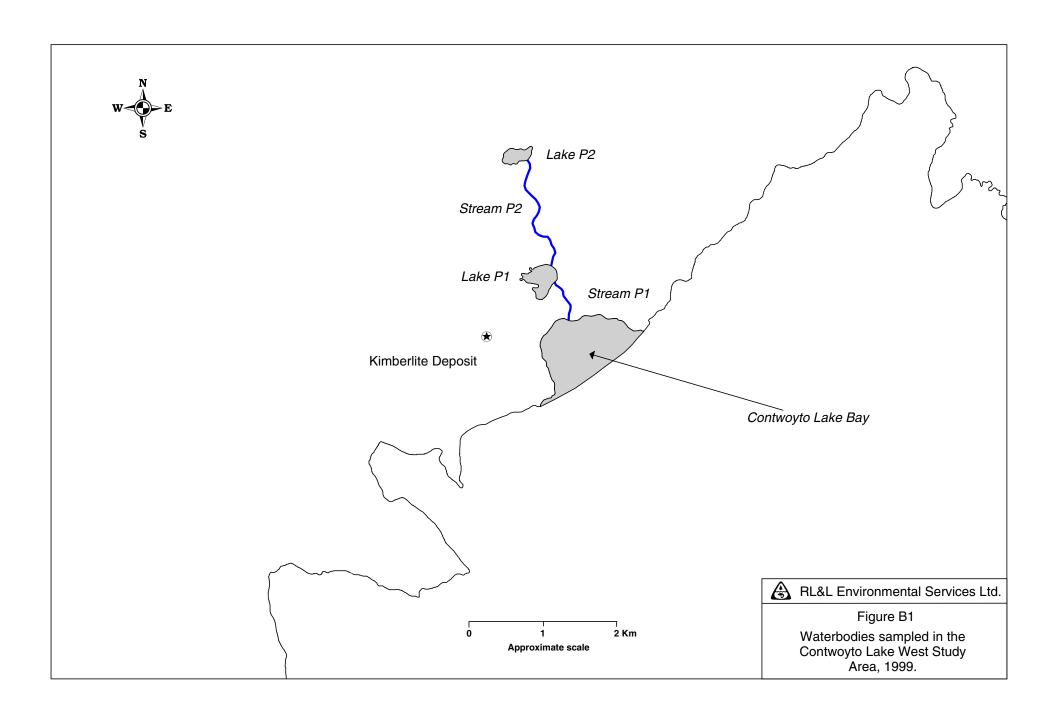
Bedrock - > 40% of bottom consists of bedrock.

SUBSTRATE CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Modified Wentworth classification for substrate particle sizes

CLASSIFICATION	PARTICLE SIZE RANGE (mm)
Bedrock	-
Boulder	>256
Cobble	32 - 256
Gravel	1 - 32
Sand	0.0625 - 0.2-1
Silt	0.0039-0.0625
Clay	< 0.0039
Organics	-

APPENDIX B PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Appendix B Table B1. Information for sites sampled in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Site Type	Zone	Easting	Northing
Contwoyto Lake						
	BELLCTW01	BEL-1	Benthos	12W	509111	7296242
	BEPLCTW01	BEP-1	Benthos	12W	509941	7297281
	EFLCTW01		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509728	7297531
	GNLCTW01		Gill Net	12W	509726	7297498
	GNLCTW02		Gill Net	12W	509571	7296538
	GNLCTW03		Gill Net	12W	509444	7297315
	GNLCTW04		Gill Net	12W	509948	7297546
	GTLCTW01		Gee Trap	12W	509557	7296592
	GTLCTW02		Gee Trap	12W	509369	7297211
	GTLCTW03		Gee Trap	12W	509685	7297526
	GTLCTW04		Gee Trap	12W	510035	7297561
	HYLCTW01	LM-1	Hydrolab	12W	508965	7296223
	HYLCTW02	LM-2	Hydrolab	12W	509423	7297246
	HYLCTW03	LM-3	Hydrolab	12W	509707	7297457
	PELCTW01	PE-1	Periphyton	12W	509831	7297523
	PHLCTW01	PL-1	Phytoplankton	12W	509941	7297281
	WCLCTW01	WC-1	Water Chemistry	12W	510078	7297134
	ZOLCTW01	PL-1	Zooplankton	12W	509941	7297281
Lake P1						
	BELLP0101	BEL-2	Benthos	12W	509426	7298074
	EFLP0101		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509461	7298284
	GNLP0101		Gill Net	12W	509484	7298169
	GNLP0102		Gill Net	12W	509479	7298013
	GTLP0101		Gee Trap	12W	509526	7298049
	GTLP0102		Gee Trap	12W	509561	7298167
	GTLP0103		Gee Trap	12W	509488	7298268
	GTLP0104		Gee Trap	12W	509324	7298011
	PELP0101	PE-3	Periphyton	12W	509540	7298061
	PHLP0101	PL-2	Phytoplankton	12W	509426	7298074
	WCLP0101	WC-2	Water Chemistry	12W	509383	7298173
	ZOLP0101	PL-2	Zooplankton	12W	509426	7298074
Lake P2			-			
	BELLP0201	BEL-3	Benthos	12W	509005	7299767
	EFLP0201		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509130	7299700
	GNLP0201		Gill Net	12W	508936	7299808
	GNLP0202		Gill Net	12W	509057	7299724
	GTLP0201		Gee Trap	12W	508908	7299668
	GTLP0202		Gee Trap	12W	508952	7299859
	GTLP0203		Gee Trap	12W	509128	7299841
	GTLP0204		Gee Trap	12W	509129	7299707
	PELP0201	PE-5	Periphyton	12W	509051	7299695
	- 321 0201		E^		20,001	,,,,,,

Appendix B Table B1. Information for sites sampled in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Site Type	Zone	Easting	Northing
Lake P2						
	PHLP0201	PL-3	Phytoplankton	12W	509005	7299767
	WCLP0201	WC-3	Water Chemistry	12W	509088	7299757
	ZOLP0201	PL-3	Zooplankton	12W	509005	7299767
Stream P1						
	EFTP0102		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509728	7297548
	EFTP0103		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509740	7297756
	PETP0101	PE-2	Periphyton	12W	509731	7297583
	SHTP0101		Stream Habitat	12W	509728	7297532
	SHTP0102		Stream Habitat	12W	509728	7297548
	SHTP0103		Stream Habitat	12W	509740	7297756
	WCTP0101	WC-4	Water Chemistry	12W	509731	7297583
	WTTP0101		Water Temperature	12W	509743	7297651
Stream P2						
	EFTP0201		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509493	7298272
	EFTP0202		Backpack electrofishing	12W	509509	7298351
	PETP0201	PE-4	Periphyton	12W	509546	7298448
	SHTP0201		Stream Habitat	12W	509493	7298272
	SHTP0202		Stream Habitat	12W	509509	7298351
	WCTP0201	WC-5	Water Chemistry	12W	509546	7298448

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Study Area, 1999.						
Waterbody	Transect	Depth (m)	Zone	Easting	Northin	
		(/				
Contwoyto Lake	1	0.0	12W	509540	729652	
	1	1.5	12W 12W	509572	729655	
		2.0	12W 12W			
	1	2.5		509581	729655	
	1	2.5	12W	509587	729656	
	1		12W	509593	729656	
	1	3.0	12W	509601	729657	
	1	3.5	12W	509616	729658	
	1	4.0	12W	509661	729661	
	1	4.0	12W	509686	729663	
	1	4.0	12W	509692	729663	
	1	4.5	12W	509709	729664	
	1	4.5	12W	509715	729665	
	1	5.0	12W	509734	729666	
	1	5.5	12W	509751	729667	
	1	6.0	12W	509763	729668	
	1	6.0	12W	509767	729669	
	1	6.0	12W	509773	729669	
	1	6.0	12W	509782	729670	
	1	6.0	12W	509804	729671	
	1	6.5	12W	509817	729672	
	1	7.0	12W	509827	729673	
	1	7.0	12W	509833	729673	
	1	7.5	12W	509850	729674	
	1	7.5	12W	509858	729675	
	1	8.0	12W	509877	729676	
	1	8.5	12W	509892	729677	
	1	8.5	12W	509900	729678	
	1	9.0	12W	509916	729679	
	1	9.5	12W	509921	729680	
	1	10.0	12W	509950	729682	
	1	10.5	12W	509966	729683	
	1	11.0	12W	509999	729685	
	1	11.5	12W 12W	510033	729687	
	1	11.5	12W 12W			
		12.0		510109	729693	
	1	12.0	12W	510198	729699	
	1		12W	510263	729704	
	1	11.0	12W	510275	729705	
	1	10.5	12W	510285	729705	
	1	10.0	12W	510302	729707	

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Transect	Depth	Zone	Easting	Northin
waterbody	Transect	Деріп (m)	Zone	Easung	Northin
Contwoyto Lake		0.5	1000	510212	720707
	1	9.5	12W	510312	7297078
	1	9.0	12W	510323	7297086
	1	8.5	12W	510327	7297089
	1	8.0	12W	510352	729710
	1	7.5	12W	510366	729711
	1	7.5	12W	510368	729711
	1	7.0	12W	510400	729714
	1	7.0	12W	510418	729715
	1	6.5	12W	510437	729716
	1	6.0	12W	510460	729718
	1	6.0	12W	510507	729721
	1	5.5	12W	510514	729722
	1	5.5	12W	510522	729722
	1	5.0	12W	510547	729724
	1	4.5	12W	510561	729725
	1	4.0	12W	510580	729726
	1	4.0	12W	510603	729728
	1	4.0	12W	510617	729729
	1	4.0	12W	510628	729730
	1	3.5	12W	510644	729731
	1	3.5	12W	510669	729733
	1	3.5	12W	510671	729733
	1	3.0	12W	510686	729734
	1	3.0	12W	510690	729734
	1	3.0	12W	510692	729734
	1	3.0	12W	510698	729735
	1	2.5	12W	510702	729735
	1	2.0	12W	510706	729735
	1	1.5	12W	510711	729736
	1	1.5	12W	510721	729736
	1	0.0	12W	510745	729738
	2	11.5	12W	510241	729696
	2	11.5	12W	510084	7297070
	2	11.5	12W 12W	510070	729707
	2	11.5	12W 12W	510070	729708
		11.5	12W 12W		
	2	11.0		510048	729710
	2		12W	510019	729712
	2	10.5	12W	510015	729712
	2	10.0	12W	510011	7297130

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

	Study Arca, 1.				
Waterbody	Transect	Depth (m)	Zone	Easting	Northing
Contwoyto Lake					
	2	9.5	12W	510003	7297136
	2	9.0	12W	509995	7297142
	2	8.5	12W	509989	7297146
	2	8.0	12W	509983	7297151
	2	7.5	12W	509976	7297156
	2	7.0	12W	509956	7297171
	2	6.5	12W	509926	7297193
	2	6.0	12W	509909	7297206
	2	5.5	12W	509781	7297301
	2	5.5	12W	509776	7297304
	2	5.0	12W	509764	7297314
	2	4.5	12W	509758	7297318
	2	4.0	12W	509752	7297323
	2	4.0	12W	509697	7297363
	2	4.0	12W	509614	7297425
	2	4.0	12W	509585	7297446
	2	3.5	12W	509575	7297454
	2	3.0	12W	509567	7297460
	2	2.5	12W	509561	7297465
	2	2.0	12W	509558	7297467
	2	1.5	12W	509552	7297471
	2	0.0	12W	509528	7297490
	3	0.0	12W	510156	7297608
	3	1.5	12W	510126	7297554
	3	2.0	12W	510101	7297510
	3	2.0	12W	510099	7297506
	3	2.5	12W	510087	7297484
	3	3.0	12W	510080	7297471
	3	3.5	12W	510069	7297453
	3	4.0	12W	510058	7297432
	3	4.5	12W	510051	7297419
	3	5.0	12W	510043	7297405
	3	5.0	12W	510043	7297403
	3	5.5	12W	510020	7297364
	3	5.5	12W	510016	7297357
	3	6.0	12W	509979	7297337
	3	6.0	12W 12W	509966	7297290
		6.0			
	3		12W	509964	7297263
	3	6.5	12W	509942	729722

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

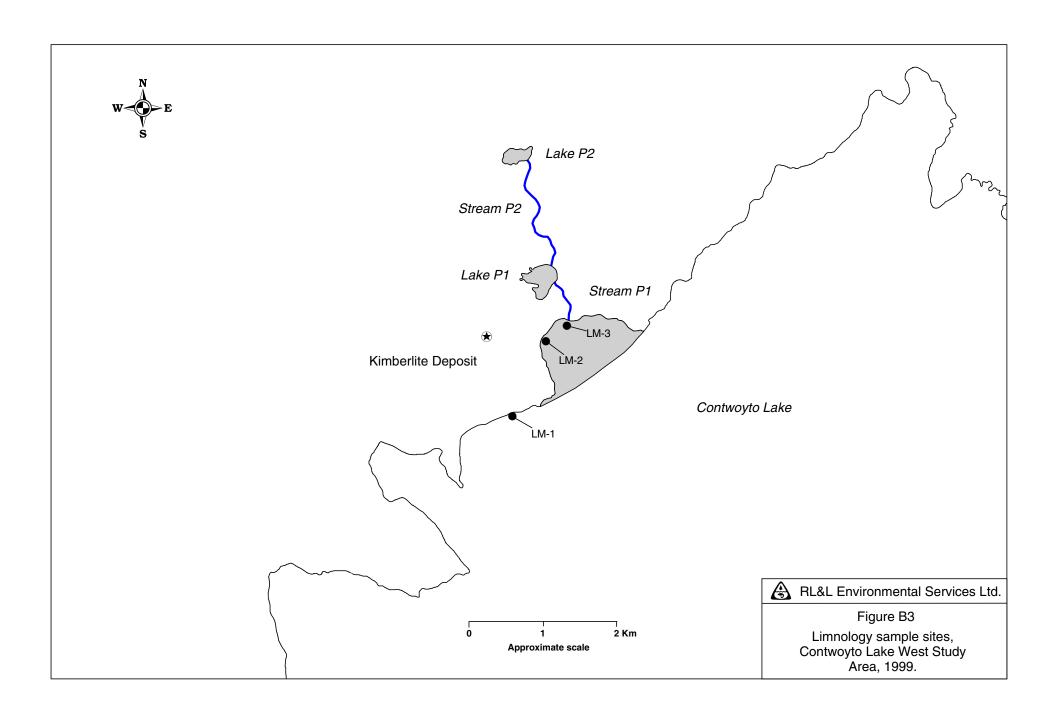
Waterbody	Transect	Depth	Zone	Easting	Northin
vi ater bouy	11 ausect	рери і (m)	Zone	Lasung	MOI UIIII
Contwoyto Lake					
Contwoyto Lake	3	7.0	12W	509916	7297176
	3	7.5	12W	509884	7297119
	3	8.0	12W	509833	7297029
	3	8.0	12W	509823	7297010
	3	7.5	12W	509795	7296959
	3	7.0	12W	509779	729693
	3	6.5	12W	509778	7296929
	3	6.5	12W	509772	729691
	3	6.0	12W	509770	729691
	3	5.5	12W	509761	729689
	3	5.0	12W	509687	729676
	3	4.5	12W	509678	729674
	3	4.0	12 W	509667	729673
	3	3.5	12W	509658	729671
	3	3.0	12W	509637	729667
	3	2.5	12W	509618	729664
	3	2.0	12W	509615	729663
	3	2.0	12W	509609	729662
	3	2.0	12W	509605	729661
	3	1.5	12W	509585	729658
	3	0.0	12W 12W	509564	729654
		0.0	12W 12W		
	4	1.5		509389	729732
	4	2.0	12W	509433	729732
	4	2.5	12W	509437	729732
	4	3.0	12W	509439	729732
	4		12W	509453	729732
	4	3.5	12W	509462	729732
	4	4.0 4.5	12W	509480	729732
	4		12W	509506	729732
	4	5.0	12W	509517	729732
	4	5.0	12W	509531	729732
	4	5.0	12W	509535	729732
	4	5.0	12W	509543	729732
	4	5.5	12W	509563	729732
	4	5.0	12W	509665	729733
	4	4.5	12W	509687	729733
	4	4.0	12W	509708	729733
	4	4.0	12W	509813	729733
	4	4.5	12W	509828	729733

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Watarbady	Transact	Depth	Zeme	Fasting	Nouth!
Waterbody	Transect	Depth (m)	Zone	Easting	Northin
Contrag-t- I 1					
Contwoyto Lake	4	5.0	12W	509838	7297330
		5.0	12W 12W	509907	
	4	5.0			729733
	4		12W	509913	729733
	4	5.0	12W	509921	729733
	4	4.5	12W	510167	729734
	4	4.0	12W	510214	729734
	4	3.5	12W	510255	729734
	4	3.0	12W	510306	729734
	4	2.5	12W	510357	729734
	4	2.5	12W	510424	729735
	4	2.0	12W	510509	729735
	4	2.0	12W	510542	729735
	4	2.5	12W	510556	729735
	4	2.5	12W	510621	729735
	4	2.0	12W	510666	729735
	4	1.5	12W	510672	729735
	4	1.0	12W	510680	729735
	4	0.0	12W	510719	729735
	5	0.0	12W	509393	729700
	5	1.5	12W	509464	729703
	5	2.0	12W	509477	729704
	5	2.5	12W	509488	729705
	5	3.0	12W	509523	729707
	5	3.5	12W	509588	729710
	5	4.0	12W	509599	729711
	5	4.5	12W	509627	729712
	5	5.0	12W	509635	729713
	5	5.5	12W	509659	729714
	5	6.0	12W	509696	729716
	5	6.5	12W	509739	729718
	5	6.0	12W	509886	729726
	5	5.5	12W	509994	729732
	5	5.0	12W 12W		
		4.5		510040	729735
	5		12W	510064	729736
	5	4.5	12W	510070	729736
	5	4.0	12W	510083	729737
	5	3.5	12W	510126	729739
	5	3.0	12W	510195	729743
	5	2.5	12W	510230	729745

Appendix B Table B2. Data used to generate bathymetric isobaths in lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Transect	Depth (m)	Zone	Easting	Northing
Contwoyto Lake					
	5	2.5	12W	510284	7297484
	5	2.0	12W	510306	7297495
	5	1.5	12W	510323	7297505
	5	0.0	12W	510395	7297544



Appendix B Table B3. Temperature and dissolved oxygen profile data from sampled lakes of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Method	Depth Sampled (m)	DO (mg/L)	Temp (C)
Contwoyto Lake							
	HYLCTW01	LM-1	22-Jul-99	H20 Hydrolab			
				•	0.0	12.26	7.30
					0.5	11.85	7.27
					1.0	11.86	6.86
					1.5	11.93	6.54
					2.0	11.97	6.33
					2.5	11.94	6.21
					3.0	11.98	6.11
					3.5	11.97	6.08
					4.0	11.99	6.08
					4.5	12.02	6.04
					5.0	11.98	5.97
					5.5	12.00	5.96
					6.0	11.99	5.96
	HYLCTW02	LM-2	22-Jul-99	H20 Hydrolab			
					0.0	11.54	7.91
					0.5	11.60	7.84
					1.0	11.56	7.84
					1.5	11.53	7.84
					2.0	11.52	7.84
	HYLCTW03	LM-3	22-Jul-99	H20 Hydrolab			
					0.1	12.27	7.79
					0.5	11.65	7.77
					1.0	11.58	7.78
					1.5	11.58	7.69
					2.1	11.54	7.74
					2.5	11.55	7.59
					3.0	11.53	7.52
					3.5	11.55	7.39

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix B Table B4. Channel characteristics measured during stream surveys in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Reach	Date	Slope	Length	Wetted	Max. Depth	Channel	Bank			Substi	rate Ty	pe ¹ (%))	
•			(0)	(m)	Width (m)	(m)	Type	Type	OM	SI	SA	GR	CO	во	BE
Stream P1															
	1														
		11-Jun-99	3.0	15											
						0.3	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.43	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.25	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.64	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.33	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.21	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.39	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.56	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.54	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.55	Subsurface		10					90	
		28-Jul-99	3.0	15											
						0.39	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.36	Subsurface		10					90	
						0.37	Subsurface		10					90	
	2														
		11-Jun-99	3.0	210											
					1	0.3	Multiple	Defined			30	60	10		
					1.16	0.63	Multiple	Defined						100	
					1.46	0.33	Multiple	Defined						100	
					1.56	0.42	Multiple	Defined						100	
					1.78	0.14	Multiple	Defined			20	60	15	5	
					2.14	0.3	Multiple	Defined					20	80	

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

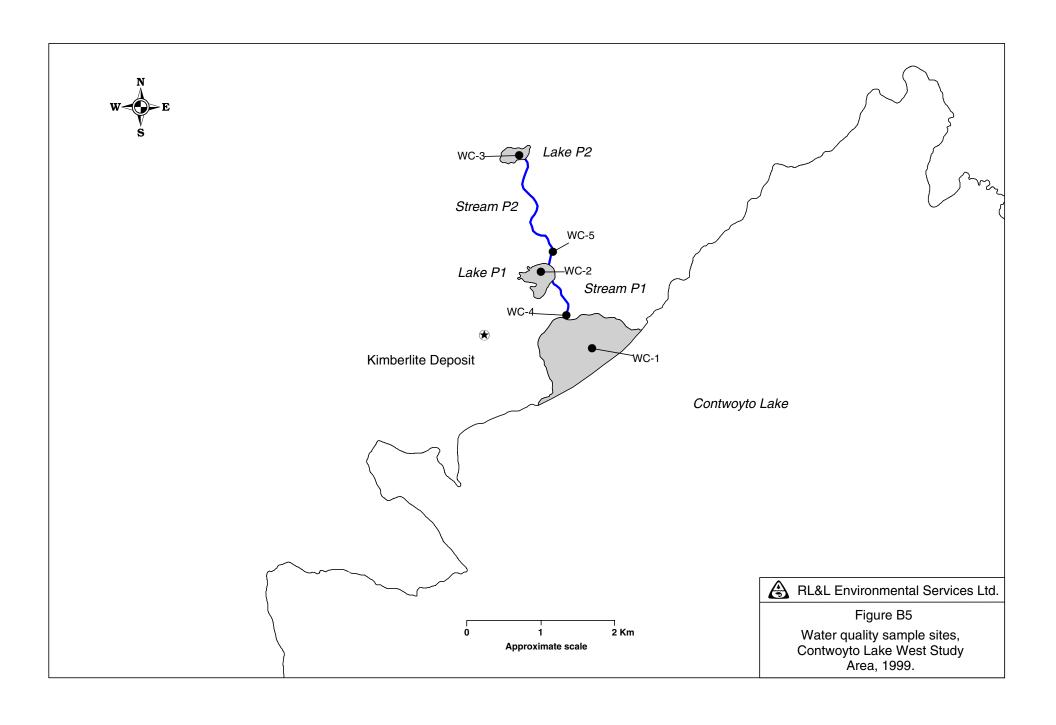
Appendix B Table B4. Channel characteristics measured during stream surveys in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Reach	Date	Slope	Length	Wetted	Max. Depth	Channel	Bank			Substi	rate Ty	pe ¹ (%))	
-			(0)	(m)	Width (m)	(m)	Type	Type	OM	SI	SA	GR	CO	BO	BE
Stream P1															
	2														
		28-Jul-99	3.0	210											
					1.21	0.22	Multiple	Defined						100	
					1.26	0.29	Multiple	Defined						100	
					1.97	0.1	Multiple	Defined						100	
	3														
		12-Jun-99	1.0	373											
					5.12	0.2	Single	Defined		10		25	20	45	
					7.47	0.25	Single	Ill-defined		5		50	30	15	
					8.19	0.26	Multiple	Ill-defined				30	40	30	
					13.96	0.33	Multiple	Ill-defined		10		25	25	40	
					13.98	0.38	Multiple	Ill-defined	10	10		20	25	35	
					17.97	0.19	Multiple	Ill-defined	10	10			20	60	
					45	0.35	Multiple	Ill-defined	30	30		10		30	
		28-Jul-99	1.0	373											
					1.58	0.21	Multiple	Defined				50	20	30	
					1.98	0.18	Multiple	Ill-defined		5			5	90	
					2	0.07	Multiple	Ill-defined						100	
Stream P2															
	1														
		11-Jun-99	1.0	15	1.07	0.24	26.17.1	T11 1 0' 1			20	40	20	20	
					1.27	0.34	Multiple	Ill-defined			20	40	20	20	
					1.5	0.36	Multiple	Ill-defined	10	10	10	65	5	20	
					2.12	0.47	Multiple	Ill-defined	10	10	65	15			
					3.77	0.34	Multiple	Ill-defined	45		15	40			

Appendix B Table B4. Channel characteristics measured during stream surveys in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Reach	each Date	Slope	Length	Wetted	Max. Depth	Channel	Bank			Substi	ate Ty	pe ¹ (%))	
			(0)	(m)	Width (m)	(m)	Type	Type	OM	SI	SA	GR	CO	BO	BE
Stream P2															
	1														
		11-Jun-99	1.0	15											
					4.18	0.29	Multiple	Ill-defined	40	10	10	40			
					4.21	0.6	Single	Ill-defined			30	10	10	50	
					5.82	0.43	Single	Ill-defined			65	25		10	
		28-Jul-99	1.0	15											
					1.99	0.45	Single	Defined		30		40		30	
	2														
		11-Jun-99	2.0	60											
					1.24	0.18	Single	Defined					40	60	
					1.64	0.21	Multiple	Defined			10	5	15	70	
					1.65	0.21	Multiple	Defined			10	20	40	30	
					1.79	0.22	Multiple	Defined	10			30		60	
					1.82	0.32	Multiple	Defined				10	10	80	
					1.85	0.27	Multiple	Defined			10	10	20	60	
		28-Jul-99	2.0	60											
					1.32	0.16	Single	Defined		60		40			
					1.37	0.24	Single	Defined		20		80			
					1.48	0.15	Single	Defined		50	20	20	10		
					1.53	0.17	Single	Defined		10	10	80			

¹ See Appendix A for definitions



Appendix B Table B5. Results for constituents analyzed in water samples collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Analytical Test	Valu	e
Contwoyto Lake	WCLCTW01	WC-1				
			25-Jul-99			
				Alkalinity, Total (T Alk)	2.000	mg/L
				Ammonia-N	0.005	mg/L
				Balance	98.000	%
				Bicarbonate (HCO3)		mg/L
				Calcium (Ca)	0.740	mg/L
				Carbonate (CO3)	0.500	mg/L
				Chloride (Cl)	0.340	mg/L
				Conductance (EC)	13.600	uS/cm
				Hardness	3.000	mg/L
				Hydroxide in Water	0.500	mg/L
				Magnesium (Mg)	0.380	mg/L
				Nitrate/Nitrite-N	0.011	mg/L
				Nitrate-N	0.011	mg/L
				Orthophosphate	0.001	mg/L
				pH in Water	6.400	pH
				Phosphorus, Dissolved	0.002	mg/L
				Phosphorus, Total	0.005	mg/L
				Potassium (K)	0.410	mg/L
				Silica, Reactive (as Si)	0.102	mg/L
				Sodium (Na)	0.400	mg/L
				Sulfate (SO4)	1.850	mg/L
				TDS (Calculated)	5.000	mg/L
				Total Carbon	2.900	mg/L
				Total Inorganic Carbon	0.700	mg/L
				Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.180	mg/L
				Total Organic Carbon	2.200	mg/L
				Total Suspended Solids	4.000	mg/L
				Turbidity	0.270	NTU
Lake P1	WCLP0101	WC-2				
			25-Jul-99			
				Alkalinity, Total (T Alk)	2.000	mg/L
				Ammonia-N	0.007	mg/L
				Balance	101.000	%
				Bicarbonate (HCO3)		mg/L
				Calcium (Ca)		mg/L
				Carbonate (CO3)		mg/L
				Chloride (Cl)	0.440	

Appendix B Table B5. Results for constituents analyzed in water samples collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Analytical Test	Valu	e
Lake P1	WCLP0101	WC-2				
			25-Jul-99			
				Conductance (EC)	65.300	uS/cm
				Hardness	21.000	mg/L
				Hydroxide in Water	0.500	mg/L
				Magnesium (Mg)	2.490	mg/L
				Nitrate/Nitrite-N	0.022	mg/L
				Nitrate-N	0.022	mg/L
				Orthophosphate	0.001	mg/L
				pH in Water	6.200	pН
				Phosphorus, Dissolved	0.002	mg/L
				Phosphorus, Total	0.003	mg/L
				Potassium (K)	0.440	mg/L
				Silica, Reactive (as Si)	0.536	mg/L
				Sodium (Na)	1.300	mg/L
				Sulfate (SO4)	20.300	mg/L
				TDS (Calculated)	31.000	mg/L
				Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.230	mg/L
				Total Suspended Solids	1.500	mg/L
				Turbidity	0.790	NTU
Lake P2	WCLP0201	WC-3				
			25-Jul-99			
				Alkalinity, Total (T Alk)	3.000	mg/L
				Ammonia-N	0.008	mg/L
				Balance	100.000	%
				Bicarbonate (HCO3)	3.000	mg/L
				Calcium (Ca)	2.730	mg/L
				Carbonate (CO3)	0.500	mg/L
				Chloride (Cl)	0.450	mg/L
				Conductance (EC)	48.000	uS/cm
				Hardness	15.000	mg/L
				Hydroxide in Water	0.500	mg/L
				Magnesium (Mg)	1.990	mg/L
				Nitrate/Nitrite-N	0.009	mg/L
				Nitrate-N	0.009	mg/L
				Orthophosphate	0.001	mg/L
				pH in Water	6.300	pH
				Phosphorus, Dissolved	0.002	mg/L
				Phosphorus, Total	0.003	mg/L

Appendix B Table B5. Results for constituents analyzed in water samples collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Analytical Test	Valu	e
Lake P2	WCLP0201	WC-3				
			25-Jul-99			
				Potassium (K)	0.560	mg/L
				Silica, Reactive (as Si)	0.459	-
				Sodium (Na)		mg/L
				Sulfate (SO4)	14.500	mg/L
				TDS (Calculated)	23.000	mg/L
				Total Carbon	4.000	mg/L
				Total Inorganic Carbon	0.500	mg/L
				Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.230	mg/L
				Total Organic Carbon	3.500	mg/L
				Total Suspended Solids	1.500	mg/L
				Turbidity	0.510	NTU
Stream P1	WCTP0101	WC-4				
			26-Jul-99			
				Alkalinity, Total (T Alk)	2.000	mg/L
				Ammonia-N	0.005	mg/L
				Balance	108.000	%
				Bicarbonate (HCO3)	3.000	mg/L
				Calcium (Ca)	4.730	mg/L
				Carbonate (CO3)	0.500	mg/L
				Chloride (Cl)	0.430	mg/L
				Conductance (EC)	66.800	uS/cm
				Hardness	22.000	mg/L
				Hydroxide in Water	0.500	mg/L
				Magnesium (Mg)	2.410	mg/L
				Nitrate/Nitrite-N	0.006	mg/L
				Nitrate-N	0.006	mg/L
				Orthophosphate	0.001	mg/L
				pH in Water	6.200	pH
				Phosphorus, Dissolved	0.003	mg/L
				Phosphorus, Total	0.003	mg/L
				Potassium (K)	0.630	mg/L
				Silica, Reactive (as Si)	0.348	mg/L
				Sodium (Na)	1.900	mg/L
				Sulfate (SO4)	20.700	mg/L
				TDS (Calculated)	32.000	mg/L
				Total Carbon	5.100	mg/L
				Total Inorganic Carbon	0.700	mg/L

Appendix B Table B5. Results for constituents analyzed in water samples collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Analytical Test	Valu	e
Stream P1	WCTP0101	WC-4				
			26-Jul-99			
				T-4-1 V:-14-11 N'4	0.200	/T
				Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.290	
				Total Organic Carbon	4.400	
				Total Suspended Solids Turbidity	1.500 1.000	
Stream P2	WCTP0201	WC-5		Turbidity	1.000	NIU
Stream 12	WC110201	WC 3				
			26-Jul-99			
				Alkalinity, Total (T Alk)	2.000	mg/L
				Ammonia-N	0.005	mg/L
				Balance	95.000	%
				Bicarbonate (HCO3)	2.000	mg/L
				Calcium (Ca)	2.970	mg/L
				Carbonate (CO3)	0.500	mg/L
				Chloride (Cl)	0.360	mg/L
				Conductance (EC)	50.400	uS/cm
				Hardness	15.000	mg/L
				Hydroxide in Water	0.500	mg/L
				Magnesium (Mg)	1.850	mg/L
				Nitrate/Nitrite-N	0.088	mg/L
				Nitrate-N	0.088	mg/L
				Orthophosphate	0.003	mg/L
				pH in Water	5.800	pH
				Phosphorus, Dissolved	0.001	mg/L
				Phosphorus, Total	0.002	mg/L
				Potassium (K)	0.360	mg/L
				Silica, Reactive (as Si)	1.330	mg/L
				Sodium (Na)	1.100	mg/L
				Sulfate (SO4)	15.800	mg/L
				TDS (Calculated)	24.000	mg/L
				Total Carbon	3.800	mg/L
				Total Inorganic Carbon	0.600	mg/L
				Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.210	mg/L
				Total Organic Carbon	3.200	mg/L
				Total Suspended Solids	1.500	mg/L
				Turbidity	0.630	NTU

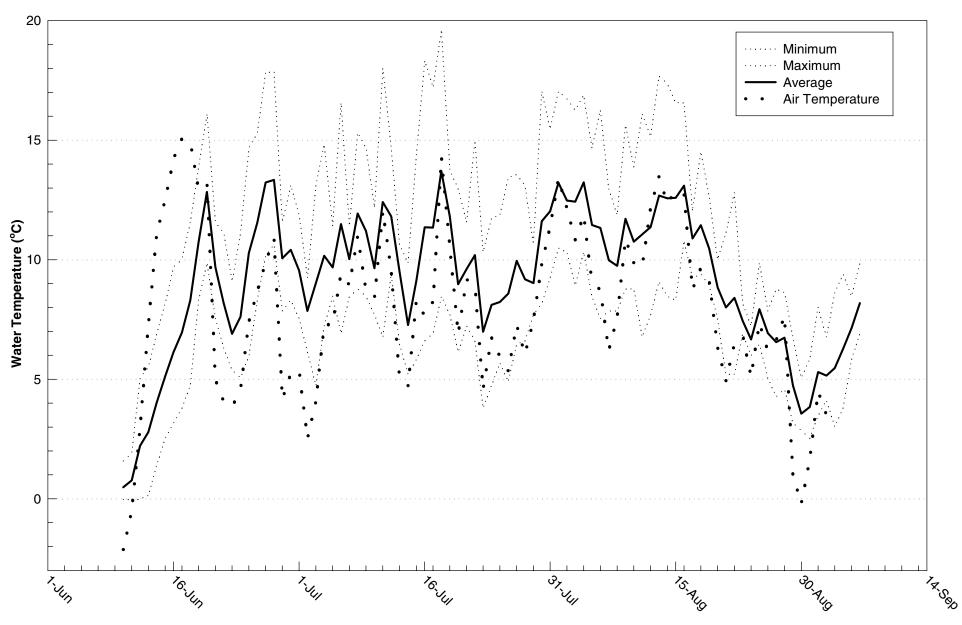
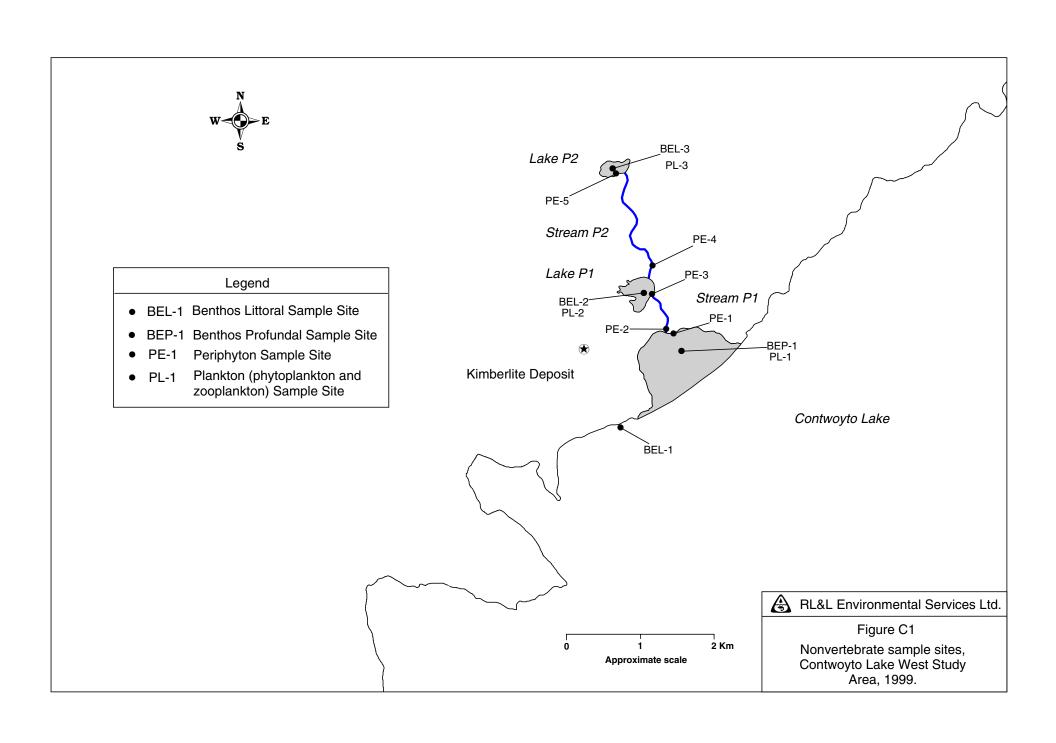


Figure B6 Daily water temperatures in Stream P1 from June to September 1999 (average daily air temperature provided for comparison).

APPENDIX C

NONVERTEBRATES



Appendix C Table C1. Periphyton sample parameters, chlorophyll a and ash free dry mass (AFDM) data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Area (cm ²)	Composite Number	Volume Filtered (mL)	Chlorophyll a (mg/m ²)	AFDM (mg/m ²)
Contwoyto L	ake							
	PELCTW01	PE-1	25-Jul-99	20.0	5	5	2.79	17.60
Lake P1								
	PELP0101	PE-3	25-Jul-99	20.0	5	5	2.12	25.79
Lake P2								
	PELP0201	PE-5	25-Jul-99	20.0	5	5	0.00	10.07
Stream P1								
	PETP0101	PE-2	26-Jul-99	20.0	5	5	7.76	40.28
Stream P2								
	PETP0201	PE-4	26-Jul-99	20.0	5	5	1.44	18.68

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

	Lake W	csi biuuy	Area, 1999.		
Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Contwoyto Lake	PELCTW01	PE-1			
•			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Achnanthes minutissima	3533	P
			Anabaena sp.		P
			Anacystis montana	2231	P
			Ankistrodesmus falcatus v. spiralis	558	P
			Aphanocapsa elachista v. planctonica	11900	P
			Arthrodesmus triangularis	186	P
			Bulbochaete sp.	1302	P
			Characium sp.		P
			Closterium spa		P
			Coeloastrum printzii		P
			Cosmarium capitulum v. groenlandicum		P
			Cosmarium septentrionale		P
			Cosmarium sp.	372	P
			Cosmarium speciosum		P
			Cosmarium subcrenulatum		P
			Cylindrocystis brebissonii	246	P
			Cymbella gracilis		P
			Desmonema wrangelii	43880	P
			Diatoma elongatum		P
			Dichothrix gypsophila	21196	P
			Dinobryon sertularia v.protuberans	6786	P
			Euastrum denticulatum		P
			Euastrum dubium v. maius		P
			Euastrum elegans		P
			Euastrum pectinatum		P
			Eunotia arcus	186	P
			Eunotia exigua		P
			Eunotia praerupta	369	P
			Frustulia vulgaris		P
			Gloeocystis schroeteri	4462	P
			Gomphosphaeria naegelianum		P
			Hyalotheca sp.	1116	P
			Kephyrion boreale	372	P
			Lyngbya contorta	2417	P
			Lyngbya sp.		P
			Melosira sp.		P
			Meridion circulare		P
			Mougeotia sp. a	930	P
			Mougeotia sp. b	1627	P
			Navicula sp.	615	P
			Nostoc commune		P
			Oocystis elliptica	1116	P
			Oocystis lacustris	9669	P
			Ophiocytium sp.		P
			-		

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Contwoyto Lake	PELCTW01	PE-1				
			BACILLARIO	PHYTA		
			Pe	ediastrum boryanum v. ellesmerense		P
			Pe	eridinium sp.		P
			Pl	hacotus sp.	186	P
			Pi	nnularia sp.		P
			Ps	seudokephyrion angulosum	186	P
			Sc	enedesmus incrassatulus		P
			Sc	renedesmus quadricauda		P
			Sc	hizothrix calcicola	443637	P
			Sc	copulonema minus	1673	P
			Sp	haerozosma granulatum.	744	P
			St	aurastrum sp.		P
			Sy	enedra actinastroides	3533	P
				enedra ulna		P
				abellaria fenestrata	744	P
			Ta	abellaria flocculosa	23117	P
			Ta	otal	589261	P
			Ta	otal Bacillariophyta	32097	P
				otal Chlorophyta	22514	P
				otal Chrysophyta	7716	P
				otal Cryptophyta	0	P
				otal Cyanophyta	526934	P
				otal Euglenophyta	0	P
				otal Pyrrophyta	0	P
				achelomonas sp.		P
				nidentified statospore	372	P
				anthidium antilopaeum		P
			$Z_{\mathcal{Y}}$	egnema sp.		P
Lake P1	PELP0101	PE-3				
			BACILLARIO	PHYTA		
			Ac	chnanthes flexella	996	P
			Ac	chnanthes minutissima	72077	P
			Ac	chnanthes sp.	4032	P
			Ac	ctinotaenium sp.		P
				nabaena sp.	12097	P
			Aı	nacystis cyanea		P
				nacystis montana	66533	P
				nkistrodesmus falcatus		P
				phanocapsa elachista v. planctonica	126099	P
				throdesmus triangularis		P
				ılbochaete sp.	1008	P
				aloneis ventricosa v. truncatula		P
				losterium spa		P
			Co	osmarium granulatum		P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Lake P1	PELP0101	PE-3			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Cosmarium holmiense v. intermedium		P
			Cosmarium humile v. lacustre		P
			Cosmarium rectangulum		P
			Cosmarium sp.		P
			Cosmarium sp.	1494	P
			Cosmarium subcrenulatum		P
			Cylindrocystis brebissonii		P
			Cymbella gracilis	1008	P
			Cymbella sp.		P
			Dactylococcopsis linearis	6048	P
			Dinobryon sertularia v.protuberans	19153	P
			Elakatothrix sp.	1494	P
			Euastrum bidentatum	498	P
			Euastrum dubium v. maius	1008	P
			Euastrum elegans		P
			Eunotia maior	17137	P
			Eunotia praerupta	1494	P
			Eunotia praerupta v. bidens		P
			Eunotia triodon		P
			Fragilaria lapponica	13105	P
			Frustulia vulgaris	9073	P
			Gloeocystis schroeteri	1008	P
			Gomphonema sp.	69053	P
			Gomphosphaeria naegelianum	504036	P
			Gymnodinium uberrimum		P
			Kephyrion boreale		P
			Mougeotia sp. a		P
			Mougeotia sp. b	2016	P
			Nedium incurvum		P
			Nedium sp.		P
			Nitzschia angustata		P
			Nitzschia sp.	4032	P
			Oocystis elliptica		P
			Oocystis lacustris	36291	P
			Oscillatoria sp.		P
			Penium sp.		P
			Peridinium sp.		P
			Pinnularia sp.		P
			Pinnularia viridis		P
			Scenedesmus incrassatulus		P
			Schizothrix calcicola	820570	P
			Scopulonema minus	17137	P
			Scytonema figuratum	18428	P
			Sphaerozosma granulatum.	1992	P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Lake P1	PELP0101	PE-3				
			BACILLARIO	РНҮТА		
			Sta	urastrum borgeanum		P
			Sta	uurastrum pachyrhynchum		P
			Sta	nurastrum sp.		P
			Sto	uroneis phoenicenteron		P
			Sti	gonema mamillosum		P
			Su	rirella sp.		P
				nedra sp	18145	P
				bellaria fenestrata	747	P
			Ta	bellaria flocculosa	160283	P
			To	tal	2017165	P
			To	tal Bacillariophyta	371182	P
			To	tal Chlorophyta	46809	P
			To	tal Chrysophyta	28226	P
			To	tal Cryptophyta	0	P
			To	tal Cyanophyta	1570948	P
				tal Euglenophyta	0	P
			To	tal Pyrrophyta	0	P
			Tre	achelomonas sp.		P
			Un	identified pennate diatom		P
			Un	identified statospore	9073	P
			Zy	gnema sp.		P
Lake P2	PELP0201	PE-5				
			BACILLARIO	PHYTA		
				hnanthes flexella		P
				hnanthes minutissima	1302	P
			Ag	menellum quadruplicatum		P
			An	abaena sp.	1859	P
			An	acystis dimidiata	744	P
				acystis montana	2231	P
				kistrodesmus falcatus v. spiralis		P
			_	hanocapsa elachista	23985	P
				throdesmus incus f. minor	37	P
			Ar	throdesmus triangularis v. inflatus		P
				tryococcus sp.		P
				lbochaete sp.	372	P
				osterium spa		P
				peloastrum printzii		P
				smarium granulatum		P
				smarium rectangulare		P
				smarium septentrionale		P
				smarium sp.	372	P
				smarium subgranatum		P
			Cr	ucigenia rectangularis		P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Lake West Study Area, 1999.					
Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Lake P2	PELP0201	PE-5			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Cylindrocystis brebissonii	353	P
			Cymbella sp.	186	P
			Dactylococcopsis linearis		P
			Desmonema wrangelii	35885	P
			Dinobryon sertularia v.protuberans	13273	P
			Elakatothrix sp.	186	P
			Euastrum dubium v. maius		P
			Euastrum elegans		P
			Eunotia arcus	373	P
			Eunotia maior		P
			Eunotia praerupta	614	P
			Eunotia praerupta v. bidens		P
			Frustulia vulgaris	339	P
			Gloeocystis schroeteri		P
			Hyalotheca sp.	744	P
			Kephyrion boreale		P
			Melosira sp.	113	P
			Mougeotia sp. a		P
			Mougeotia sp. b	1952	P
			Nostoc commune		P
			Oocystis elliptica	930	P
			Oocystis lacustris	7251	P
			Peridinium sp.		P
			Pinnularia sp.		P
			Pseudokephyrion angulosum	372	P
			Scenedesmus incrassatulus		P
			Schizothrix calcicola	121043	P
			Scopulonema minus	7995	P
			Sphaerozosma granulatum.	1859	P
			Staurastrum borgeanum		P
			Staurastrum dejectum	186	P
			Staurastrum gladiosum		P
			Staurastrum sp.		P
			Stichogloea doederleinii		P
			Stigonema mamillosum	2975	P
			Synedra sp.	465	P
			Tabellaria fenestrata		P
			Tabellaria flocculosa	8042	P
			Total	248820.5	P
			Total Bacillariophyta	11434	P
			Total Chlorophyta	14242	P
			Total Chrysophyta	23964	P
			Total Cryptophyta	0	P
			Total Cyanophyta	196717	P
			тош Сушорнуш	170/1/	1

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Lake P2	PELP0201	PE-5			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Total Euglenophyta	0	P
			Total Pyrrophyta	0	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	1952	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	2789	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	186	P
			Unidentified statospore	10319	P
			Xanthidium smithii		P
			Zygnema sp.		P
Stream P1	PETP0101	PE-2			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Achnanthes flexella		P
			Achnanthes minutissima	18590	P
			Actinotaenium sp.	680	P
			Anacystis cyanea	125505	P
			Anacystis dimidiata		P
			Anacystis montana	141309	P
			Ankistrodesmus falcatus	1701	P
			Ankistrodesmus falcatus v. spiralis		P
			Aphanocapsa elachista	529910	P
			Arthrodesmus triangularis		P
			Bulbochaete sp.	1020	P
			Caloneis sp.	205921	P
			Characium sp.		P
			Closterium spa	255	P
			Closterium spb	228	P
			Cosmarium capitulum v. groenlandicum	2466	P
			Cosmarium granulatum		P
			Cosmarium rectangulum	680	P
			Cosmarium septentrionale		P
			Cosmarium sp.	1020	P
			Cosmarium subcrenulatum		P
			Cosmarium tetraopthalmum		P
			Cylindrocystis brebissonii		P
			Cymbella cuspidata		P
			Cymbella gracilis	1859	P
			Cymbella minuta		P
			Dactylococcopsis linearis		P
			Dichothrix gypsophila	92863	P
			Dinobryon sertularia v.protuberans	1859	P
			Elakatothrix sp.	2041	P
			Euastrum ansatum		P
			Euastrum bidentatum		P
			Euastrum denticulatum		P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Stream P1	PETP0101	PE-2			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Euastrum dubium v. maius	340	P
			Euastrum elegans	680	P
			Euastrum verrucosum		P
			Eunotia arcus		P
			Eunotia glacialis		P
			Eunotia maior		P
			Eunotia praerupta	7753	P
			Eunotia praerupta v. bidens	3741	P
			Fragilaria lapponica	3719	P
			Fragilaria sp.	2551	P
			Frustulia vulgaris	23558	P
			Geminella interrupta		P
			Gloeocystis schroeteri	27890	P
			Gomphonema sp.	1859	P
			Gomphosphaeria naegelianum	38434	P
			Hyalotheca sp.		P
			Kephyrion boreale	1859	P
			Melosira sp.	37187	P
			Mougeotia sp. a	1701	P
			Mougeotia sp. b	2211	P
			Netrium so.		P
			Oocystis elliptica	12402	P
			Oscillatoria tenuis		P
			Pediastrum boryanum v. ellesmerense	1360	P
			Penium sp.	3571	P
			Peridinium sp.		P
			Pinnularia sp.		P
			Scenedesmus denticulatis		P
			Scenedesmus incrassatulus	3719	P
			Scenedesmus quadricauda	7437	P
			Schizothrix calcicola	1121177	P
			Sphaerozosma granulatum.	340	P
			Staurastrum borgeanum	340	P
			Staurastrum furcigerum	340	P
			Staurastrum gladiosum		P
			Staurastrum sp.	680	P
			Staurastrum varians	340	P
			Stauroneis anceps		P
			Stauroneis phoenicenteron		P
			Stichogloea doederleinii	26031	P
			Stigonema mamillosum		P
			Surirella sp.		P
			Synedra ulna	46483	P
			Tabellaria fenestrata		P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Stream P1	PETP0101	PE-2			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
		Tabellaria flocculosa	167953	P	
			Total	2680066	P
			Total Bacillariophyta	521174	P
			Total Chlorophyta	73442	P
			Total Chrysophyta	29749	P
			Total Cryptophyta	0	P
			Total Cyanophyta	2049198	P
			Total Euglenophyta	0	P
			Total Pyrrophyta	0	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	11147	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	1859	P
			Zygnema sp.		P
Stream P2	PETP0201	PE-4			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Achnanthes minutissima	109	P
			Achnanthes sp.	291	P
			Anacystis montana	655	P
			Ankistrodesmus falcatus		P
			Aphanocapsa elachista v. planctonica	764	P
			Characium sp.	36	P
			Closterium spa		P
			Closterium spb		P
			Cosmarium sp.		P
			Cosmarium subcrenulatum		P
			Cylindrocystis brebissonii	9	P
			Desmonema wrangelii	10331	P
			Dichothrix gypsophila	7603	P
			Dinobryon sertularia v.protuberans	91	P
			Euastrum dubium v. maius		P
			Eunotia glacialis	177	P
			Eunotia praerupta	76	P
			Eunotia triodon	18	P
			Frustulia vulgaris	146	P
			Geminella interrupta	827	P
			Gloeocystis schroeteri	91	P
			Hyalotheca sp.	36	P
			Kephyrion boreale	127	P
			Oocystis elliptica	236	P
			Oscillatoria tenuis	218	P
			Pseudokephyrion angulosum	23	P
			Schizothrix calcicola	3692	P
			Scopulonema minus	3674	P
			Sphaerozosma granulatum.		P

Appendix C Table C2. Periphyton species and density data collected from waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Taxa Group	Density (cells/cm ²)	Presence
Stream P2	PETP0201	PE-4			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA		
			Stichogloea doederleinii	200	P
			Stigonema mamillosum	2728	P
			Tabellaria fenestrata		P
			Tabellaria flocculosa	723	P
			Total	32894.5	P
			Total Bacillariophyta	1540	P
			Total Chlorophyta	1235	P
			Total Chrysophyta	441	P
			Total Cryptophyta	0	P
			Total Cyanophyta	29665	P
			Total Euglenophyta	0	P
			Total Pyrrophyta	0	P
			Unidentified pennate diatom	27	P
			Zygnema sp.		P

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C3. Phytoplankton sample parameters and chlorophyll a data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Date	Secchi Depth (m)	Depth Sampled (m)	Composite Number	Volume Filtered for Chlorophyll a Analysis (mL)	Chlorophyll a (mg/m²)
Contwoyto Lake								
	PHLCTW01							
		PL-1	25-Jul-99	7.10	10.00	5	300	0.53
Lake P1								
	PHLP0101	DV 4	27.1.00	4.40	0.40	_	200	0.24
Lake P2		PL-2	25-Jul-99	1.10	0.40	5	300	0.26
Lake P2	PHLP0201							
	11121 0201	PL-3	25-Jul-99	3.30	2.00	20	300	0.28

Appendix C Table C4. Phytoplankton species, density, and biovolume data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (cells/mL)	Biovolume (um ³ x10 ³ /mL)	Presence
Contwoyto Lake	PHLCTW01	PL-1					
			BACILLARIOP	HYTA			
			Ach	nanthes flexella	0	0.000	P
				nanthes minutissima	17	3.679	
			Cale	oneis ventricosa	0	0.000	P
			Cyc	lotella glomerata	53	3.503	
			Cyc	lotella ocellata	36	48.218	
			Eun	otia sp.	0	0.000	P
			Frus	stulia vulgaris	7	6.563	
			Mel	osira sp.	0	0.000	P
			Rhiz	zosolenia longiseta	18	3.668	
			Syne	edra sp.	0	0.000	P
			Tab	ellaria floculosa	0	0.000	P
			CHLOROPHYT	°A			
			Ank	istrodesmus convolutus	4	0.074	
			Ank	istrodesmus falcatus	4	0.236	
			Ank	istrodesmus falcatus v. spiralis	93	1.736	
			Arth	nrodesmus triangularis	4	2.457	
			Cha	racium sp.	0	0.000	P
			Chlo	amydomonas sp. a	11	0.771	
			Coe	lastrum printzii	4	13.386	
			Cos	marium subcrenatum	0	0.000	P
			Cru	cigenia quadrata	0	0.000	P
			Elak	katothrix gelatinosa	2	0.131	
			Нуа	lotheca sp.	0	0.000	P
			Kiro	chneriella sp.	7	0.101	
			Ooc	ystis elliptica	11	8.895	
			Ooc	ystis lacustris	4	2.387	
			Ped	iastrum simplex	0	0.000	P
			Sph	aerocystis schroeteri	133	38.991	
			Sph	aerozosma granulatum	7	4.789	
			Tetr	aedron arthrodesmiforme	21	0.769	
			CHRYSOPHYT	'A			
			Bitr	ichia longispina	0	0.000	P
			Chr	ysidastrum catenatum	28	14.506	
			Chr	ysochromulina parva	179	6.194	
			Chr	ysococcus sp.	227	18.392	
				ysoikos skujai	7	2.539	
				ysosphaerella rodhei	482	113.689	
			Chr	ysostephanosphaera globulifer	18	13.764	
			Dine	obryon sertularia	0	0.000	P
			Dine	obryon sertularia v.protuberans	18	28.411	
			Dine	obryon sociale	69	89.973	
			Dine	obryon tabellariae	7	16.906	

Appendix C Table C4. Phytoplankton species, density, and biovolume data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Density (cells/mL)	Biovolume (um ³ x10 ³ /mL)	Presence
Contwoyto Lake	PHLCTW01	PL-1				
			CHRYSOPHYTA			
			Ishtmochloron trispinatum	4	1.393	
			Kephyrion boreale	14	5.298	
			Mallomonas sp.	0	0.000	P
			Ochromonas sp. a	17	74.131	
			Ochromonas sp. b	4	0.916	
			Ochromonas stellaris	0	0.000	P
			Pseudokephyrion sp.	4	0.844	
			Stichogloea doederleinii	78	22.568	
			Synura sp.	7	4.402	
			СКҮРТОРНҮТА			
			Cryptomonas curvata	4	16.326	
			Cryptomonas ovata	0	0.000	P
			Cryptomonas reflexa	11	12.089	
			Katablepharis ovalis	57	11.139	
			Rhodomonas minuta	36	8.917	
			CYANOPHYTA			
			Anabaena sp.	0	0.000	P
			Anacystis montana	0	0.000	P
			Aphanocapsa elachista	796	2.772	
			Aphanothece clathrata	668	0.484	
			Dichotrix gypsophila	0	0.000	P
			Oscillatoria limnetica	71	0.784	
			PYRROPHYTA			
			Glenodinium sp.	28	35.558	
			Gymnodinium uberrimum	0	0.000	P
			Peridinium aciculiferum	12	106.187	
Lake P1	PHLP0101	PL-2	·			
			BACILLARIOPHYTA			
			Achnanthes flexella	0	0.000	P
			Achnanthes minutissima	9	3.362	
			Cocconeis sp.	0	0.000	P
			Cyclotella ocellata	2	1.692	
			Cyclotella sp.	0	0.000	P
			Cymbella minuta	0	0.000	P
			Diatoma elongatum	0	0.000	P
			Eunotia bidentula	0	0.000	P
			Eunotia exigua	1	0.342	
			Eunotia praerupta	2	1.295	
			Eunotia sp.	0	0.000	P
			Frustulia vulgaris	0	0.000	P
			Melosira sp.	4	0.871	
			Nitzschia sp. b	0	0.000	P

Appendix C Table C4. Phytoplankton species, density, and biovolume data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (cells/mL)	Biovolume (um ³ x10 ³ /mL)	Presence
Lake P1	PHLP0101	PL-2					
			BACILLARIOP	НҮТА			
				nularia sp.	0	0.000	P
				rella sp.	0	0.000	P
				edra sp.	6	2.031	
				ellaria fenestrata	0	0.000	P
				ellaria floculosa	21	27.140	
			CHLOROPHYT				
				rodesmus triangularis	0	0.000	P
				pochaete sp.	8	47.994	-
				amydomonas sp. a	3	0.807	
				amydomonas sp. b	0	0.000	P
				sterium sp. a	0	0.000	P
				sterium sp. b	0	0.000	P
				marium phaseolus v. phaseolus	0	0.000	P
				cigenia quadrata	242	12.529	•
				cigenia rectangularis	0	0.000	P
				atozygon brebissonii	0	0.000	P
				chneriella sp.	2	0.028	
				ystis elliptica	12	7.251	
				ystis lacustris	3	7.480	
				ystis pusilla	41	11.922	
				iastrum tetras	0	0.000	P
				roederia setigera	5	2.348	
				aerocystis schroeteri	49	31.858	
				aerozosma granulatum	3	1.463	
				rastrum sp. a	0	0.000	P
				rastrum sp. b	0	0.000	P
			CHRYSOPHYT				
			Chr	omulina sp.	3	0.000	
				ysococcus sp.	0	0.144	
				ysosphaerella rodhei	77	26.529	
			-	obryon sertularia v.protuberans	10	14.276	
				mochloron trispinatum	0	0.000	P
				hyrion boreale	2	0.304	-
				lomonas sp.	0	0.000	P
				romonas stellaris	1	3.581	•
				idokephyrion angulosum	0	0.000	P
				hogloea doederleinii	0	0.000	P
			CRYPTOPHYT		~	- /	=
				otomonas ovata	1843	1.843	
				ptomonas reflexa	4	9.389	
				domonas minuta	433	0.433	

Appendix C Table C4. Phytoplankton species, density, and biovolume data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomio Group	c Taxa	Density (cells/mL)	Biovolume (um ³ x10 ³ /mL)	Presenc
Lake P1	PHLP0101	PL-2					
			CYANOPHY	ТА			
			A_{i}	gmenellum quadriplicatum	0	0.000	P
				nabaena sp.	4	0.400	
				nacystis montana	0	0.000	P
				phanocapsa elachista v. planctoni	0	0.000	P
				ichotrix gypsophila	43	8.058	
			G	omphosphaeria naegelianum	0	0.000	P
			L_{2}	yngbya limnetica	7	0.041	
				scillatoria limnetica	32	0.150	
			PYRROPHYT	ΓΑ			
			G	lenodinium sp.	5	4.254	
Lake P2	PHLP0201	PL-3					
			BACILLARIO	ОРНҮТА			
			A_{i}	chnanthes minutissima	4	1.353	
				aloneis ventricosa	0	0.000	P
			C	ymbella minuta	0	0.000	P
				ymbella sp.	0	0.000	P
				iatoma elongatum	0	0.000	P
				unotia arcus	0	0.000	P
			E	unotia praerupta	0	0.000	P
				rustulia vulgaris	1	0.544	
				Ielosira sp.	0	0.000	P
				avicula sp.	0	0.000	P
			P	innularia sp.	0	0.000	P
			Sy	vnedra sp.	2	0.381	
			To	abellaria fenestrata	0	0.000	P
			To	abellaria floculosa	1	1.050	
			CHLOROPH	YTA			
			A_{i}	nkistrodesmus falcatus v. spiralis	0	0.000	P
			C	haracium sp.	11	2.844	
			C	hlamydomonas sp. a	0	0.000	P
			C	osmarium granulatum	1	6.225	
			C	osmarium subcrenatum	1	2.192	
			C	rucigenia quadrata	35	1.159	
			E	lakatothrix gelatinosa	0	0.000	P
			E	uastrum dubium v. maius	0	0.000	P
			G	loeocystis schroeteri	9	1.033	
			K	irchneriella sp.	2	0.008	
			M	Iougeotia sp.	0	0.000	P
			0	ocystis elliptica	8	4.432	
			0	ocystis lacustris	1	0.290	
			0	ocystis pusilla	11	2.553	
			Sc	cenedesmus incrassatulus	0	0.000	P

Appendix C Table C4. Phytoplankton species, density, and biovolume data collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (cells/mL)	Biovolume (um ³ x10 ³ /mL)	Presence
Lake P2	PHLP0201	PL-3					
			CHLOROPHYTA	A			
			Spha	erozosma granulatum	0	0.000	P
			_	rastrum sp. a	0	0.000	P
			CHRYSOPHYTA	-			
			Chro	mulina sp.	5	2.020	
				sidastrum catenatum	3	1.345	
				sococcus sp.	28	1.781	
				sosphaerella rodhei	87	25.280	
				bryon sertularia	0	0.000	P
			Dino	bryon sertularia v.protuberans	8	14.557	
			Malle	omonas sp.	7	8.494	
			Ochr	omonas sp. b	1	0.311	
			Stich	ogloea doederleinii	1	0.371	
			CRYPTOPHYTA	Λ			
			Cryp	tomonas ovata	1	1.488	
			Cryp	tomonas reflexa	12	16.200	
			Kata	blepharis ovalis	8	1.619	
			Rhod	lomonas minuta	20	4.382	
			CYANOPHYTA				
			Anab	aena sp.	0	0.000	P
			Anac	ystis montana	0	0.000	P
			Apha	nocapsa elachista v. planctoni	46	0.375	
			Lyng	bya limnetica	112	0.663	
				ocoleus vaginatus	6	0.278	
			Pseud	danabaena sp.	7	0.190	
			Scop	ulina minus	6	0.522	
			PYRROPHYTA				
			Glen	odinium sp.	4	5.088	

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C5. Zooplankton sample parameters, density, and biomass data collected from lakes in summer in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Sampling Date	Composite Number	Depth (m)	Secchi Depth (m)	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (No./m³)	Biomass (ug/m³)
Contwoyto Lake	ZOLCTW01	PL-1								
			25-Jul-99	5	10.00	7.10				
							Calanoida	Calanoid copepodid	771	2214
								Calanoid nauplii	7091	779
								Leptodiaptomus sicilis	236	1833
							Cladocera	Deproduapionais sieriis	230	1033
							Ciadocora	Bosmina longirostris	149	886
								Daphnia longiremis	24	153
								Daphnia middendorfiana	24	1532
								Holopedium gibberum	456	491650
							Cyclopoida			
								Cyclopoid copepodid	1368	3373
								Cyclopoid nauplii	3213	106
								Diacyclops bicuspidatus	779	7023
							Rotifera			
								Conochillus unicornis	7312	138
								Kellicotia longispina	9029	244
								Keratella cochlearis	13129	259
								Keratella quadrata	222	4
								Monostyla lunaris	55	2
								Polyarthra delichoptera	332	9

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C5. Zooplankton sample parameters, density, and biomass data collected from lakes in summer in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Sampling Date	Composite Number	Depth (m)	Secchi Depth (m)	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (No./m³)	Biomass (ug/m³)
Lake P1	ZOLP0101	PL-2								
			25-Jul-99	5	0.80	1.10				
							Calanoida	Calanoid copepodid	58	166
								Leptodiaptomus sicilis	558	4334
							Cladocera	Lepiodiapiomus siciiis	336	4334
							Cladocera	Daphnia longiremis	58	375
							Cyclopoida			
								Cyclopoid nauplii	3059	101
								Diacyclops bicuspidatus	212	1909
							Rotifera			
								Conochillus unicornis	3059	58
								Kellicotia longispina	3824	103
								Keratella cochlearis	1147	23
								Keratella quadrata	765	14
								Lepadella patella	1147	32
								Notholca aquminata	2295	100
Lake P2	ZOLP0201	PL-3								
			25-Jul-99	5	2.00	3.30				
							Calanoida		214	614
								Calanoid copepodid	214	614
								Heterocope sp.	43	2890
								Leptodiaptomus sicilis	7308	56796
							Cladocera	Holopedium gibberum	43	46069
								11010peaium gioverum	7.5	40007

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C5. Zooplankton sample parameters, density, and biomass data collected from lakes in summer in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Map Label	Sampling Date	Composite Number	Depth (m)	Secchi Depth (m)	Taxonomic Group	Taxa	Density (No./m ³)	Biomass (ug/m³)
Lake P2	ZOLP0201	PL-3								
			25-Jul-99	5	2.00	3.30				
							Cyclopoida		0.6	244
								Cyclopoid copepodid	86	211
								Cyclopoid nauplii	36930	1221
								Diacyclops bicuspidatus	4658	42027
							Rotifera			
								Asplanchna spp.	420	54
								Kellicotia longispina	5875	159
								Keratella cochlearis	420	8
								Keratella quadrata	420	8
								Polyarthra delichoptera	3777	104

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C6. Benthic macroinvertebrate sample parameters, species, and density data collected from littoral and profundal zones of lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Map Label	Date	Depth (m)	Area (m ²)	Composite Number	Taxonomic	Group	Total Number	Density (No/m²)
Contwoyto Lake	BELLCTW01	BEL-1	25-Jul-99	3.00	0.023	3				
							Coelenterata			
							Hydridae			
								Hydra	1	43
							Copepoda			
							Calanoida		_	255
									6	275
							Cyclopida		12	551
									13	551
							Harpacticoida		8	348
							Diptera		0	340
							Chironomidae			
							Orthocladiinae/Dian	nesinae	24	1058
							Tanypodinae		7	304
							Tanytarsini		20	855
							Chironomini		1	29
							Chironomidae pupae		•	
							emionomidae papae		8	333
							Hydracarina			
							,			
									2	87
							Mollusca			
							Pelecypoda			
							Sphaeriidae	Sphaerium	1	29
							Sphaeriidae		0	14
							Nematoda			
									13	565

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C6. Benthic macroinvertebrate sample parameters, species, and density data collected from littoral and profundal zones of lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Map Label	Date	Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Composite Number	Taxonomic Group	Total Number	Density (No/m²)
Contwoyto Lake	BELLCTW01	BEL-1	25-Jul-99	3.00	0.023	3			
							Oligochaeta		
							Lumbriculidae		
								1	29
							Naididae		
								0	14
							Tubificidae		
								1	43
							Ostracoda		
								1	29
							T. 1	1	29
							Trichoptera Limnephilidae		
							Grensia	0	14
							Copepoda		
							Cyclopida		
								5	217
							Harpacticoida		
								8	348
							Diptera		
							Chironomidae		
							Orthocladiinae/Diamesinae	35	1522
							Chironomini	1	43
							Tanytarsini	44	1913
							Tanypodinae	5	217
							Chironomidae pupae		
								3	130
							Mollusca		
							Pelecypoda	0	201
							Sphaeriidae	9	391

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C6. Benthic macroinvertebrate sample parameters, species, and density data collected from littoral and profundal zones of lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Map Label	Date	Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Composite Number	Taxonomic Group	Total Number	Density (No/m²)
Contwoyto Lake	BELLCTW01	BEL-1	25-Jul-99	3.00	0.023	3			
							Nematoda		
								10	435
							Oligochaeta		
							Naididae		
								4	174
							Ostracoda		
								8	348
Lake P1	BELLP0101	BEL-2	25-Jul-99	1.10	0.023	3			
Euke I I	BEEET	<i>DEE 2</i>	25 541 77	1.10	0.023	3	Copepoda		
							Cyclopida		
								1	43
							Harpacticoida		
								2	87
							Diptera		
							Ceratopogonidae Ceratopogoninae	4	174
							Chironomidae	·	17.
							Tanytarsini	355	15435
							Tanypodinae	20	870
							Orthocladiinae/Diamesinae	61	2652
							Chironomini	3	130
							Chironomidae pupae		
								8	348
							Nematoda		
								4	174

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C6. Benthic macroinvertebrate sample parameters, species, and density data collected from littoral and profundal zones of lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Map Label	Date	Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Composite Number	Taxonomic Group	Total Number	Density (No/m²)
Lake P1	BELLP0101	BEL-2	25-Jul-99	1.10	0.023	3			
							Oligochaeta		
							Enchytraeidae		
								2	87
							Lumbriculidae	4	174
							Naididae	7	1/4
							rvaididae	11	478
							Tubificidae		
								47	2043
							Ostracoda		
								4	174
Lake P2	BELLP0201	BEL-3	25-Jul-99	3.30	0.023	3			
							Copepoda Calanoida		
							Catanoida	4	174
							Cyclopida	•	17.
							C) v.op.uu	12	522
							Diptera		
							Chironomidae		
							Chironomini	2	87
							Orthocladiinae/Diamesinae	21	913
							Tanypodinae	12	522
							Tanytarsini	90	3913
							Chironomidae pupae	3	130
							Hydracarina	3	130
							11yuracarina		
								2	87

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix C Table C6. Benthic macroinvertebrate sample parameters, species, and density data collected from littoral and profundal zones of lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Map Label	Date	Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Composite Number	Taxonomic Group		Total Number	Density (No/m²)
Lake P2	BELLP0201	BEL-3	25-Jul-99	3.30	0.023	3				
							Hydracarina			
							Lebertiidae	* *		42
								Lebertia	1	43
							Microturbellaria			
							Mesostoma		3	130
							Mollusca		3	150
							Pelecypoda			
							Sphaeriidae		9	391
							Nematoda			
									2	87
							Oligochaeta			
							Lumbriculidae			40
									1	43
							Tubificidae		7	304
							Ostracoda		,	304
							Ostracoua			
									11	478

APPENDIX D FISH

Appendix D Table D1. Fish species encountered in sampled waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Family	Common Name	Scientific Name	Code
Cottidae			
	Slimy sculpin	Cottus cognatus	SLSC
Gadidae			
	Burbot	Lota lota	BURB
Gasterosteidae			
	Ninespine stickleback	Pungitius pungitius	NNST
Salmonidae			
	Arctic char	Salvelinus alpinus	ARCH
	Arctic grayling	Thymallus arcticus	ARGR
	Lake trout	Salvelinus namaycush	LKTR

Appendix D Table D2. Gill net sampling effort in lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site	Set	t	Pull		Set	Minimum	Maximum	Dominant	Depth	Water
water body	Label	Date	Time	Date Ti	ne	Orientation	Depth (m)	Depth (m)	Substrate	Position	Temperature (°C)
Contwoyto La	ake										
	GNLCTW01										
		31-Jul-99	9:11	31-Jul-99	10:31	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	10:31	31-Jul-99	11:55	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	11:55	31-Jul-99	13:05	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	13:05	31-Jul-99	14:23	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	14:23	31-Jul-99	15:54	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	15:54	31-Jul-99	16:45	Perpendicular	1.5	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		02-Sep-99	9:14	02-Sep-9	10:06	Perpendicular	1.5	3	Silt/Sand/Boulder	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	10:06	02-Sep-9	11:04	Perpendicular	1.5	3	Silt/Sand/Boulder	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	11:04	02-Sep-9	12:15	Perpendicular	1.5	3	Silt/Sand/Boulder	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	12:15	02-Sep-9	14:06	Perpendicular	1.5	3	Silt/Sand/Boulder	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	14:06	02-Sep-9	15:48	Perpendicular	1.5	3	Silt/Sand/Boulder	Bottom	6.5
	GNLCTW02										
		31-Jul-99	9:27	31-Jul-99	10:46	Perpendicular	2	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	10:46	31-Jul-99	12:21	Perpendicular	2	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	12:21	31-Jul-99	13:40	Perpendicular	2	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	13:40	31-Jul-99	15:10	Perpendicular	2	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
		31-Jul-99	15:10	31-Jul-99	16:23	Perpendicular	2	4	Boulder	Bottom	10
	GNLCTW03										
		02-Sep-99	0:30	02-Sep-9	14:12	Perpendicular	2	5	Silt/Sand	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	9:43	02-Sep-9	10:20	Perpendicular	2	5	Silt/Sand	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	10:20	02-Sep-9	12:30	Perpendicular	2	5	Silt/Sand	Bottom	6.5
		02-Sep-99	14:12	02-Sep-9	16:20	Perpendicular	2	5	Silt/Sand	Bottom	6.5
	GNLCTW04	22 Sep >>		0 2 5 0 P 7	-0.20	- sipenaieuiui	_	- C	Sity Saire	Zouom	0.0
		02.5 00	12.50	02.5	15.40	Daman 1' 1	2	E	D 11	D - **	(=
		02-Sep-99	13:50	02-Sep-9	15:42	Perpendicular	2	5	Boulder	Bottom	6.5

Appendix D Table D2. Gill net sampling effort in lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Set Date	Set Pull te Time Date Time		Set Orientation	Minimum Depth (m)	Maximum Depth (m)	Dominant Substrate	Depth Position	Water Temperature (°C)	
Lake P1											
	GNLP0101										
		30-Aug-9	11:40	30-Aug-	12:15	Perpendicular	0.8	1	Silt	Bottom	2.5
		30-Aug-9	12:15	30-Aug-	13:50	Perpendicular	0.8	1	Silt	Bottom	2.5
		30-Aug-9	13:50	30-Aug-	15:00	Perpendicular	0.8	1	Silt	Bottom	2.5
		30-Aug-9	15:00	31-Aug-	8:35	Perpendicular	0.8	1	Silt	Bottom	2.5
	GNLP0102										
		30-Aug-9	12:05	30-Aug-	13:30	Perpendicular	0.9	1.1	Boulder	Bottom	2.5
		30-Aug-9	13:30	30-Aug-	14:50	Perpendicular	0.9	1.1	Boulder	Bottom	2.5
		30-Aug-9	14:50	31-Aug-	8:20	Perpendicular	0.9	1.1	Boulder	Bottom	2.5
		31-Aug-9	8:20	31-Aug-	9:06	Perpendicular	0.9	1.1	Boulder	Bottom	2.5
Lake P2											
	GNLP0201										
		31-Aug-9	11:32	31-Aug-	13:27	Perpendicular	2.1	3.2	Silt	Bottom	4
		31-Aug-9	13:27	01-Sep-9	8:30	Perpendicular	2.1	3.2	Silt	Bottom	4
	GNLP0202										
		31-Aug-9	12:15	31-Aug-	13:50	Perpendicular	1.2	2.8	Boulder	Bottom	4
		31-Aug-9	13:50	01-Sep-9	8:48	Perpendicular	1.2	2.8	Boulder	Bottom	4

Appendix D Table D3. Numbers recorded and catch-per-unit-effort values (CPUE) for fish captured at gill net sites in lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Season	Waterbody	Site	Time	Effort		tic Char		e Trout
		Label	(h)	(100m ² •12h)	No.	CPUE	No.	CPUE
Summer								
	Contwoyto Lake							
		GNLCTW01	1.33	0.25				
		GNLCTW01	1.40	0.26			2	7.69
		GNLCTW01	1.17	0.22	1	4.60	2	9.20
		GNLCTW01	1.30	0.24			2	8.28
		GNLCTW01	1.52	0.28			1	3.54
		GNLCTW01	0.85	0.16				
		GNLCTW02	1.32	0.25			1	4.08
		GNLCTW02	1.58	0.29	1	3.41	2	6.81
		GNLCTW02	1.32	0.25				
		GNLCTW02	1.50	0.28	1	3.59	2	7.18
		GNLCTW02	1.22	0.23	1	4.41	2	8.82
Fall								
	Contwoyto Lake							
		GNLCTW01	0.87	0.16				
		GNLCTW01	0.97	0.18			2	11.10
		GNLCTW01	1.18	0.22			1	4.56
		GNLCTW01	1.85	0.34				
		GNLCTW01	1.70	0.32			1	3.17
		GNLCTW03	0.62	0.12				
		GNLCTW03	2.17	0.40			2	4.96
		GNLCTW03	13.70	2.55			2	0.79
		GNLCTW03	2.13	0.40				
		GNLCTW04	1.87	0.35			1	2.88
	Lake P1							
		GNLP0101	0.50	0.11				
		GNLPUIUI	0.58	0.11				

Appendix D Table D3. Numbers recorded and catch-per-unit-effort values (CPUE) for fish captured at gill net sites in lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Season	Waterbody	Site	Time	Effort	Arct	tic Char	Lake	Trout
		Label	(h)	(100m² •12h)	No.	CPUE	No.	CPUE
Fall								
	Lake P1							
		GNLP0101	1.58	0.29				
		GNLP0101	1.17	0.22				
		GNLP0101	17.58	3.27	1	0.31		
		GNLP0102	1.42	0.26				
		GNLP0102	1.33	0.25				
		GNLP0102	17.50	3.25	1	0.31		
		GNLP0102	0.77	0.14				
	Lake P2							
		GNLP0201	1.92	0.36				
		GNLP0201	19.05	3.54				
		GNLP0202	1.58	0.29				
		GNLP0202	18.97	3.52				

Appendix D Table D4. Gee trap sampling effort in lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Set	į	Pul	1	Depth (m)	Water
vvater body	Site Laser	Date	Time	Date	Time	Depth (m)	Temperature (°C)
Contwoyto Lake							
	GTLCTW01	31-Jul-99	9:44	31-Jul-99	17:35	1.10	10.0
	GTLCTW02	31-Jul-99	9:49	31-Jul-99	17:27	1.30	10.0
	GTLCTW03	31-Jul-99	9:53	31-Jul-99	17:21	1.20	10.0
	GTLCTW04	31-Jul-99	9:59	31-Jul-99	17:16	0.80	10.0
Lake P1							
	GTLP0101	30-Aug-99	9:35	31-Aug-99	9:18	0.35	3.5
	GTLP0102	30-Aug-99	9:45	31-Aug-99	9:14	0.35	3.5
	GTLP0103	30-Aug-99	9:50	31-Aug-99	9:12	0.40	3.5
	GTLP0104	30-Aug-99	10:00	31-Aug-99	9:09	0.30	3.5
Lake P2							
	GTLP0201	31-Aug-99	11:15	01-Sep-99	9:01	0.50	4.0
	GTLP0202	31-Aug-99	12:20	01-Sep-99	9:04	0.60	4.0
	GTLP0203	31-Aug-99	12:25	01-Sep-99	9:09	0.50	4.0
	GTLP0204	31-Aug-99	12:30	01-Sep-99	9:14	0.30	4.0

Appendix D Table D5. Number of fish recorded and catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) values during backpack electrofishing in waterbodies in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Reach	Date	Effort (min)	Species	Captured	Observed	CPUE
Contract I -1			(IIIII)				(No. fish/min)
Contwoyto Lake		13-Jun-99	4.25				
		13 8411 >>	1.23	Burbot	4		0.94
				Ninespine stickleback	4	2	1.41
				Slimy sculpin	1		0.24
		28-Jul-99	3.48				
				Arctic grayling	1		0.29
				Burbot	2		0.57
				Lake trout	1		0.29
				Ninespine stickleback	6	3	2.58
				Slimy sculpin	4	10	4.02
Lake P1							
		12-Jun-99	1.73				
				No fish			
Lake P2		11.1 00	6.57				
		11-Jun-99	6.57	No fish			
Stream P1				TVO HSH			
Stream 1 1	2	11-Jun-99	5.12				
				No fish			
	2	28-Jul-99	5.40				
				Ninespine stickleback	3	7	1.85
				Slimy sculpin	6	4	1.85
	3	12-Jun-99	5.85				
				No fish			
Stream P2							
	1	11-Jun-99	5.75	N. C.1			
	4	20.4.00	0.22	No fish			
	1	28-Aug-99	0.33	Arctic grayling	1		3.00
				Slimy sculpin	1	1	6.00
	2	11-Jun-99	5.35	Sinny scuipin	1	1	0.00
	2	11-Juli-77	5.55	No fish			
	2	28-Jul-99	3.40				
				Slimy sculpin	11	2	3.82

Appendix D Table D6. Life history data for fish recorded in waterbodies of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Date	Species	Fork Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex	Maturity	Age	Age Structure	Capture Code	Tag No.
Contwoyto Lak	e										
	EFLCTW01										
		13-Jun-9	99								
			Burbot	495	1062					0	3304
			Burbot	430	506					0	3303
			Burbot	592	1394					0	3302
			Burbot	485	625					0	3301
			Ninespine stickleback	41						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	45						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	60						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	53						0	
			Slimy sculpin	91						0	
		28-Jul-9									
			Arctic grayling	203	70			2	Scale	0	3550
			Burbot	235	60					0	3548
			Burbot	166	30					0	
			Lake trout	121	15					0	
			Ninespine stickleback	39						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	39						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	51 39						0	
			Ninespine stickleback Ninespine stickleback	37						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	36						0	
			Slimy sculpin	58						0	
			Slimy sculpin	36						0	
			Slimy sculpin	38						0	
			Slimy sculpin	43						0	
	GNLCTW01		Simiy sculpin	43						Ü	
	GIAZOT WOT	31-Jul-9	9								
			Lake trout	450	776					0	3555
			Lake trout	480	1101					0	3556
		31-Jul-9									
			Arctic char	670	3500	Male	Mature			0	3561
			Lake trout	720	3500					0	3560
			Lake trout	565	1655					0	
		31-Jul-9	9								
			Lake trout	520	1720					0	3562
			Lake trout	115						0	
		31-Jul-9	9								
			Lake trout	795	5000					0	3563
		02-Sep-9	99								

Appendix D Table D6. Life history data for fish recorded in waterbodies of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Date	Species	Fork Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex	Maturity	Age	Age Structure	Capture Code	Tag No.
Contwoyto La	ıke										
	GNLCTW0	1									
		02-Sep-9	99								
			Lake trout	655	3500	Male	Ripe			0	3586
			Lake trout	634	3750					0	3585
		02-Sep-9									
			Lake trout	653	3750	Male	Ripe			0	3589
		02-Sep-9									
		_	Lake trout	589		Male	Ripe			0	
	GNLCTW0										
		31-Jul-9		270	525					0	2557
			Arctic char Lake trout	372 369	525 480					0	3557 3559
			Lake trout Lake trout	332	390					0	3558
		31-Jul-9		332	390					U	3336
		31-341-7	Arctic char	225	85	Male	Immature	3	Otolith	1	
			Lake trout	115	5	Unknown	Immature	1	Otolith	1	
		31-Jul-9		110	J		1111111111111	•	o to min	-	
			Arctic char	672	3250					0	3565
			Lake trout	381	620					0	3566
			Lake trout	635	3000					0	3564
	GNLCTW0	3									
		02-Sep-9	99								
			Lake trout	649	2700	Male	Ripe	23	Otolith	1	
			Lake trout	671	3250	Male	Ripe			0	3590
		02-Sep-9	99								
			Lake trout	705	4250					0	3588
			Lake trout	599	3500	Male	Ripe			0	3587
	GNLCTW0	4									
		02-Sep-9	99								
			Lake trout	658	4000	Female	Mature			0	
Lake P1											
	GNLP0101										
		30-Aug-9									
			Arctic char	187	68					0	
	GNLP0102										
		30-Aug-9									
			Arctic char	188	72	Unknown	Immature	2	Otolith	1	
	GTLP0101										
		30-Aug-9		<i>(</i> 2						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	63						0	

Appendix D Table D6. Life history data for fish recorded in waterbodies of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Date	Species	Fork Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex	Maturity	Age	Age Structure	Capture Code	Tag No.
Lake P1											
	GTLP0101										
		30-Aug-9	99								
			Slimy sculpin	64						0	
			Slimy sculpin	51						0	
	GTLP0102										
		30-Aug-9									
			Ninespine stickleback	58						0	
	GTLP0103	20.4									
		30-Aug-9		0.6	4					0	
			Slimy sculpin	86	4					0	
			Slimy sculpin	80 85	4					0	
	GTLP0104		Slimy sculpin	83	4					U	
	G1LF0104	30-Aug-9	99								
		JO-Aug-,	Slimy sculpin	106	14					0	
Lake P2			Simily searpin	100						Ü	
Lake P2	GTLP0203										
	G1L10203	31-Aug-9	99								
		31 Tiug	Slimy sculpin	67						0	
Stream P1			Simily searpin	0,							
Sueam P1	EFTP0102										
	EF110102	28-Jul-9	OQ.								
		20 301)	Ninespine stickleback	44						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	36						0	
			Ninespine stickleback	44						0	
			Slimy sculpin	39						0	
			Slimy sculpin	48						0	
			Slimy sculpin	41						0	
			Slimy sculpin	44						0	
			Slimy sculpin	42						0	
			Slimy sculpin	50						0	
Stream P2											
	EFTP0201										
		28-Aug-	99								
		-	Arctic grayling	113				1	Scale	0	
			Slimy sculpin	112						0	
	EFTP0202										
		28-Jul-9	9								
			Slimy sculpin	75						0	

Appendix D Table D6. Life history data for fish recorded in waterbodies of the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Date	Species	Fork Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Sex	Maturity	Age	Age Structure	Capture Code	Tag No.
Stream P2											
	EFTP0202										
		28-Jul-99									
			Slimy sculpin	86						0	
			Slimy sculpin	106						0	
			Slimy sculpin	87						0	
			Slimy sculpin	115						0	
			Slimy sculpin	109						0	
			Slimy sculpin	106						0	
			Slimy sculpin	118						0	
			Slimy sculpin	74						0	
			Slimy sculpin	103						0	
			Slimy sculpin	86						0	

Appendix D Table D7. Stomach contents for fish collected from lakes in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Date	Sampling Method	Species	Fork Length (mm)	Weight (g)	Stomach Fullness	Food Item	Food Item Value
ake							
31-Jul-99	Gill Net						
		Arctic char	225	85	15		
						Chironomid larvae	2
						Trichoptera larvae	3
						Zooplankton	10
		Lake trout	115	5	10		
						Oligochaetes	1
						Zooplankton	1
						Trichoptera larvae	1
						Parasite	2
						Chironomid larvae	5
02-Sep-99	Gill Net						
		Lake trout	649	2700	1		
						Pelecypods	1
						relecypous	1
30-Aug-99	Gill Net						
		Arctic char	188	72	5		
				. –	-	Zoonlankton	5
	31-Jul-99 02-Sep-99	Date Method ake 31-Jul-99 Gill Net 02-Sep-99 Gill Net	Date Method Species ake 31-Jul-99 Gill Net Arctic char Lake trout 02-Sep-99 Gill Net Lake trout	Date Method Species (mm) ake 31-Jul-99 Gill Net Arctic char 225 Lake trout 115 02-Sep-99 Gill Net Lake trout 649	Date Method Species (mm) (g) ake 31-Jul-99 Gill Net Arctic char 225 85 Lake trout 115 5 02-Sep-99 Gill Net Lake trout 649 2700 30-Aug-99 Gill Net	Date Method Species (mm) (g) Fullness ake 31-Jul-99 Gill Net Arctic char 225 85 15 Lake trout 115 5 10 02-Sep-99 Gill Net Lake trout 649 2700 1 30-Aug-99 Gill Net	Arctic char 225 85 15 Arctic char 225 85 15 Chironomid larvae Trichoptera larvae Zooplankton Lake trout 115 5 10 Oligochaetes Zooplankton Trichoptera larvae Parasite Chironomid larvae O2-Sep-99 Gill Net Lake trout 649 2700 1 Pelecypods

Appendix D Table D8. Summary of sexual maturity for fish captured during fall spawning surveys in Contwoyto Lake, 1999.

Waterbody	Site Label	Species	Sexual Maturity	Count
Contwoyto Lake				
	GNLCTW01			
		Lake trout	Unknown (Adult)	1
		Lake trout	Ripe Male	3
	GNLCTW03			
		Lake trout	Ripe Male	3
		Lake trout	Unknown (Adult)	1
	GNLCTW04			
		Lake trout	Mature Female	1
Lake P1				
	GNLP0101			
		Arctic char	Unknown (Juvenile)	1
	GNLP0102			
		Arctic char	Unknown (Juvenile)	1

APPENDIX E LAKE AND STREAM HABITAT CHARACTERISTICS

RL&L Environmental Services Ltd.

Appendix E Table E1. Shoreline lake habitat characteristics of Contwoyto Lake in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody	Zone			Substi	ate Ty	/pe ¹ (%	%)		Shorelin	e Habitat	Types (%)	Shoreline Vegetation (%)			
Water body	Zone	Shoreline Length (m)	Subsurface Slope	OM	SI	SA	GR	CO	ВО	BE	Grass	Boulder	Bedrock	Grass Sedge Macrophyte	
Contwoyto Lake															
	1	372.6	Low							100			100		
	2	435.7	Low				30	35	35		70		30	70	
	3	207.5	Low					50	50		100			70	
	4	353.1	Moderate					50	50		100			100	
	5	277.9	Low					50	50		50	50		100	
	6	579.2	Low					50	50		100			100	

¹ See Appendix A for definitions

Appendix E Table E2. Habitat characteristics of streams in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody Ro	Reach	Sampling	Habitat	Wetted	Wa	iter Depth		Max.	Water Velocity			Channel	Bank	Substrate Type (%)					
		Date	Type	Width	.25	.50	.75	Depth	.25	.50	.75	Type	Type	OM	SI S	SA GI	R CO	ВО	BE
Stream P1																			
	1																		
		11-Jun-99																	
			Garden					0.25				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.3				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.33				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.39				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.43				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.54				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.55				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.56				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.64				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.21				Subsurface		10				90	
		28-Jul-99																	
			Garden					0.37				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.39				Subsurface		10				90	
			Garden					0.36				Subsurface		10				90	
	2																		
		11-Jun-99																	
			Riffle	1.16	0.25	0.3	0.63	0.63	0.26	0.9	0.08	Multiple	Defined					100	
			Riffle	1.46	0.07	0.23	0.3	0.33	0.1	1.01	0.29	Multiple	Defined					100	
			Riffle	2.14	0.23	0.18	0.16	0.3	0.28	0.84	0.65	Multiple	Defined				20	80	
			Run	1.78	0.1	0.13	0.1	0.14	0.13	0.25	0.15	Multiple	Defined			20 60) 15	5	
			Run	1	0.17	0.3	0.15	0.3	0.12	0.5	0.04	Multiple	Defined			30 60) 10		
			Pool	1.56	0.36	0.37	0.35	0.42	0.01	0.9	0.1	Multiple	Defined					100	
		28-Jul-99																	
			RFBG	1.26	0.27	0.28	0.18	0.29	0.1	0.22	0.005	Multiple	Defined					100	

Appendix E Table E2. Habitat characteristics of streams in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody Reac	Reach	Sampling	Habitat	Wetted Width	Wa	ater De	pth	Max.	Water Velocity			Channel	Bank	Substrate Type (
		Date	Type		.25	.50	.75	Depth	.25	.50	.75	Type	Type	OM	SI	SA	GR	CO	BO
Stream P1																			
	2																		
			RFBG	1.97	0.04	0.1	0.07	0.1	0.47	0.02	0.16	Multiple	Defined						100
			Run	1.21	0.16	0.21	0.16	0.22	0.26	0.17	0.13	Multiple	Defined						100
	3																		
		12-Jun-99																	
			Riffle	5.12	0.13	0.2	0.17	0.2	0.46	0.45	0.59	Single	Defined		10		25	20	45
			Riffle	13.96	0.18	0.08	0.21	0.33	0.07	0.1	0.005	Multiple	Ill-defined		10		25	25	40
			Disperse	45				0.35				Multiple	Ill-defined	30	30		10		30
			Riffle	13.98	0.37	0.25	0.21	0.38	0.24		0.005	Multiple	Ill-defined	10	10		20	25	35
			Riffle	17.97	0.1	0.15	0.12	0.19	0.23	0.31		_	Ill-defined	10	10			20	60
			Run	7.47	0.24	0.17	0.2	0.25	0.12	0.14	0.03		Ill-defined		5		50	30	15
			Riffle	8.19	0.24	0.08	0.19	0.26	0.19	0.13	0.14	Multiple	Ill-defined				30	40	30
		28-Jul-99																	
			Riffle	2	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.13	0.005		_	Ill-defined						100
			Riffle	1.98	0.13	0.17	0.08	0.18	0.32		0.005	_	Ill-defined		5			5	90
			Run	1.58	0.09	0.2	0.18	0.21	0.13	0.08	0.4	Multiple	Defined				50	20	30
Stream P2																			
	1	11-Jun-99																	
		11-Juli-99	Run	4.18	0.28	0.27	0.1	0.29	0.27	0.19	0	Multiple	Ill-defined	40	10	10	40		
			Run	3.77	0.24	0.27	0.14	0.29	0.13	0.19	0	_	Ill-defined	45	10	15	40		
			Run	1.5	0.36	0.32	0.28	0.36	0.13	0.23	0.22	_	Ill-defined	73		10	65	5	20
			Run	2.12	0.49	0.28	0.15	0.47	0.36			_	Ill-defined	10	10	65	15	3	20
			Run	5.82	0.24	0.38	0.06	0.43	0.03	0.23	0.003	_	Ill-defined	10		65	25		10
			Run	4.21	0.48	0.6	0.44	0.6	0.12	0.22	0.05	_	Ill-defined			30	10	10	50
			Run	1.27	0.28	0.32	0.28	0.34	0.47	0.35		_	Ill-defined			20	40	20	20
					0.20	0.02	0.20	0.5	5.17	0.55	J.J.	ampic	Goillied			_0	.0	_0	-0

Appendix E Table E2. Habitat characteristics of streams in the Contwoyto Lake West Study Area, 1999.

Waterbody Ro	Reach	Sampling	Habitat	Wetted Width	Water Depth			Max.	Wate	er Velo	city	Channel	Bank	Substrate Type (%)						
		Date	Type		.25	.50	.75	Depth	.25	.50	.75	Type	Type	OM S	I S	A G	R CC) BO	BE	
Stream P2																				
	1																			
		28-Jul-99																		
			Flat	1.99	0.26	0.45	0.12	0.45	0.15	0.11	0.005	Single	Defined	3	0	40)	30		
	2																			
		11-Jun-99																		
			Riffle	1.79	0.16	0.1	0.13	0.22	0.31	0.41	0.49	Multiple	Defined	10		30)	60		
			Riffle	1.85	0.16	0.19	0.22	0.27	0.17	0.61	0.26	Multiple	Defined		1	.0 10	20	60		
			Riffle	1.65	0.14	0.2	0.18	0.21	0.53	0.47	0.51	Multiple	Defined		1	0 20) 40	30		
			Riffle	1.82	0.32	0.23	0.22	0.32	0.14	0.22	0.21	Multiple	Defined			10) 10	80		
			Riffle	1.64	0.14	0.21	0.16	0.21	0.48	0.26	0.24	Multiple	Defined		1	.0 5	15	70		
			Riffle	1.24	0.14	0.18	0.13	0.18	0.83	1.05	0.31	Single	Defined				40	60		
		28-Jul-99																		
			Run	1.48	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.15	0.06	0.32	0.25	Single	Defined	5	0 2	20 20) 10			
			Flat	1.37	0.05	0.25	0.23	0.24	0.005	0.13	0.2	Single	Defined	2	0	80)			
			Run	1.53	0.19	0.18	0.14	0.17	0.08	0.14	0.28	Single	Defined	1	0 1	.0 80)			
			Run	1.32	0.05	0.13	0.08	0.16	0.005	0.34	0.23	Single	Defined	6	0	40)			