9818 INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT EDMONTON, ALBERTA T5J 2T2

March 15, 2001

Executive Director Nunavut Water Board P.O. Box 119 Gjoa Haven, NU X0B 1J0 Nunavut Water Board MAR 2 1 0001 Public Registry Our File: NWB1LUP0008-Monthly01 Your File: Water Register NWB1LUP0008

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Dear Sir:

RE: Echo Bay Mines Ltd., Lupin Gold Mine, Contwoyto Lake, NT.; Water Licence NWB1LUP0008; Tailings Containment Area Management Report

As required by Part A, Conditions Applying to Studies, Item 1 of Water Licence NWB1LUP0008, please find attached three copies of our document entitled "Tailings Containment Area Management Report for the Lupin Mine, Nunavut".

This report discusses the Tailings Management Plan for the term of the Licence with regard to the life of mine plan, tailings containment capacity and any expected future modifications required to sustain the Lupin Mine through to closure. A model spreadsheet is included which contains the planned production and waste discharge quantities from the Lupin mill as well as ongoing storage availability within the TCA. Actual production figures have been incorporated into the spreadsheet which include up to the accounting month of February.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please feel free to contact the undersigned at (780) 890-8794, Lupin.

Yours truly,

D. Hohnstein

Environmental Coordinator, Lupin

Attach.

cc B. Danyluk

H. Ducasse

M. Tansey (Engineering)

Mill Operations

LUPIN MINE, NUNAVUT, CANADA ECHO BAY MINES LTD., 35 YEARS OF NORTHERN MINING

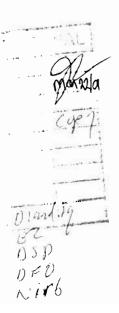


## ECHO BAY MINES LTD.

## WATER LICENCE NWB1LUP0008

## TAILINGS CONTAINMENT AREA MANAGEMENT REPORT





FOR THE

LUPIN MINE, NUNAVUT

Prepared - March 2001

## Lupin Mine Tailings Containment Area Management Report

### **Executive Summary**

The Lupin Mine, owned and operated by Echo Bay Mines Ltd. was granted a renewal of the mine's Water Licence on July 1, 2000. This Licence has an expiry date of June 30, 2008. There is a current mine life of approximately eight years with production to decrease in the final two years and cease in April 2008.

The Tailings Containment Area has recently (August 2000) been upgraded with the addition of a lift on the internal dyke referred to as Mdam which encloses Cell No.5. This has provided an additional 1.25 million m³ of storage space, bringing the total storage available for use in all areas to approximately 2,350.110 m³ as of the end of August 2000.

The planned mine production schedule includes a throughput of 4,340,222 dry short tons between January 1, 2001 and April 30, 2008 utilizing approximately 84% of the current TCA solids storage capacity (Cells 2.3 and 5). This planned usage includes the historical ability of the mine to accept approximately 35% of the tailings produced by the mill as paste fill back in the underground.

With the current mine plan and the storage availability at the TCA, there are no immediate plans for modifications to increase capacity. Annual surveys and calculation reviews with the actual production figures will keep the engineering team informed of any future need for upgrading the TCA with regard to storage requirements. Should the need arise, several options are available. The first option would be to increase the height of Mdam to a maximum planned elevation of 490m. An alternate second choice would be either the use of Cell No.4 and construction of the divider dyke or that of increasing the maximum height of Cell No.3 dams. A final option of utilizing the End Lake areas would be a choice only once the more environmentally/economical options have been exhausted.

In November 2000, BGC Engineering Inc. proceeded with a program to replace failed thermistors within the perimeter dams and esker covered tailings. There were only six out of 9 thermistors installed due to poor drilling conditions (ground not frozen). Installation of the remaining thermistors is to be completed in early spring with the more competent ground conditions. These thermistors and their data will provide the base information for carrying out further studies regarding closure plans and the potential long term thermal effects upon the perimeter dams and covered tailings cells.

### Lupin Mine Tailings Containment Area Management Report

### INTRODUCTION

The Lupin Mine, owned and operated by Echo Bay Mines Ltd. applied for and was granted a renewal of the site Water Licence on July 1, 2000. This Licence has a current expiry date of June 30, 2008. Within Part G: Conditions Applying to Studies, under Item 1, there is a requirement to submit for approval by the Board, a "Tailings Containment Area Management Report". This report has been prepared to fulfil this requirement of the Licence and provide the Board with information regarding the capacity of the tailings containment, planned production at the Lupin Mine, utilization of the facility, any need for modifications and the rationale as well other issues required by this section of the Licence or as requested by the Board following an annual review.

### BACKGROUND

The milling process used to recover the gold from the ore at Lupin results in a waste material referred to as tailings. This is the end result of a process that involves crushing and grinding of the ore, pre-aeration and addition of lead nitrate to reduce overall chemical consumption and improve gold recovery, leaching with a cyanide solution and aeration, filtration to remove the solids component from the gold bearing solution and final recovery using the Merrill-Crowe process involving the precipitation of gold using zinc under oxygen deficient conditions. The remaining solids and "barren" solution (being barren of gold) are combined and pumped to the Tailings Containment Area (TCA) for deposition and holding for treatment prior to release of water to the environment.

The Lupin Mine has been in operation since 1982, utilizing the Tailings Containment Area that was initially designed for a 5 year production life and total containment. The TCA has evolved considerably since this initial design and is now configured with five main solids deposition cells (two of which have been filled) and two main water storage ponds to provide treatment and holding time prior to release of water to the environment. The system takes advantage of the natural degradation occurring within the cells and Pond No.1 and supplements that process when needed with the addition of an iron salt for arsenic removal and lime for pH control, thereby meeting Water Licence effluent quality limits prior to release. (Please see drawing "Lupin Mine-Tailings Area, enclosed).

Recent construction work during the summer of 2000 had been completed within the Lupin TCA which has provided an additional 1.25 million cubic metres of storage space for Cell No.5, bringing the total available storage for Cells 2,3 and 5 to approximately 2,350,110 cubic metres at the end of August, 2000. The internal divider dyke referred to as "Mdam" was raised to a

minimum elevation of 488.5m. There is still the potential for an additional increase in the elevation of Mdam to a maximum of 490m (the height of existing elevation of the adjoining Cell No.2) thereby providing additional storage without increasing the footprint of the TCA cells.

### TAILINGS CONTAINMENT AREA UTILIZATION

The mill tailings is deposited at the TCA year round and must be managed in such a way to maximize the volume available at the facility. This is accomplished by rotating deposition of tailings between at least two of the cells during winter/summer. By rotating and keeping the deposition of material thin during the winter months, summer thaw is allowed to penetrate and remove a considerable portion of the solution from the solids. Even with this method, the settled tailings retains approximately 25-30% of the original solution when settled. Without rotating the deposition of tailings and maintaining active areas to a depth less than the annual thaw, all solution that accompanies the tailings solids would be retained (frozen). This would ultimately consume storage volume much more rapidly and decrease the useable life of the current facility.

Decanted tailings solution is removed from the cells by either pumping or gravity flow through Cell No.4 and Pond No.1. Water removal is usually completed during the summer months from approximately mid-June through to early September. The larger capacity cell, currently Cell No.5, is used for winter tailings storage and is pumped free of water as late into the year as possible in an attempt to reduce any ice lense formation that might not thaw during the following season.

A spreadsheet prepared by the Lupin Engineering Department is included with this report which provides a detailed planned mine and milling production schedule along with the estimated volumes of solids and liquid wastes to be deposited within the TCA. The volumes being transported to the TCA for storage are based on historical paste backfill successes which reduce the volume of mill tailings sent to the TCA by approximately 35%.

### PLANNED PRODUCTION AND TAILINGS DEPOSITION

The planned production is based on a re-engineering study completed during care and maintenance (1998-2000) and using the current reserve estimates. For the purpose of mine planning, the reserve estimates (mill startup April 2000) have included the proven and probable reserve of 2.018,000 tons, inferred resource of 685,000 tons and the remaining 1.5 million tons of other resource based on drilling information to date and experience with the Lupin ore body.

The actual planned tonnage that will require disposal at the TCA will be reduced by approximately 35% through the use of solids in the paste backfill process. This could amount to

a mine life volume savings of approximately 990,500 m<sup>3</sup> when taking into account both the solids and the potential retained water content. The decanted water volume amount would increase as there would be less solids to retain the water.

As of January 2001, the mining and milling Life Of Mine Plan for the Lupin Mine will see a throughput of 4,340,222 dry short tons, utilizing an available storage at the TCA of 2,121,806 cubic metres. Approximately 333,192 cubic metres of storage will remain at the completion of mining in April 2008, prior to removing the water portion from the cells.

### TCA STORAGE CAPACITY

The spreadsheet contains, in detail, the expected monthly production figures from the mine and mill. It has been updated to include actual production figures to the accounting month end of February 2001. The following table summarizes this spreadsheet and provides information on the available storage within the TCA for two distinct time periods. The first column represents the minimum storage available after winter use, prior to summer decanting of tailings solution (before thaw). The second column indicates the available storage after summer use and decant of tailings solution along with any accumulated runoff from spring melt and seasonal precipitation.

### TCA AVAILABLE STORAGE (m<sup>3</sup>)

YEAR	END OF MAY (Before water decant)	END OF AUGUST (After water decant)
2001	1,701,102	2,077,867
2002	1,444,146	1,809,079
2003	1,175,358	1,539,994
2004	906,273	1,270,903
2005	637.182	1,001,811
2006	419,181	765,991
2007	331.453	615.208
2008*	333.142	333,142

<sup>\*</sup> Only a partial season due to cease of production at the end of April 2008. Water has not been decanted from cells, indicating the same storage at September 2008.

### **FUTURE MODIFICATION PLANS**

The previous summary table included the capacity of all available cells, excluding that of Cell No.4 which is used mainly as a holding cell (natural degradation of cyanide and metals treatment) for water before transfer to Pond No.1. Prior to the temporary shut down (September 1997) of the mining/milling operations at Lupin, engineering work had begun on evaluating options for additional storage within the current facility. These options include:

- i. the raising of perimeter dams No.5, No.6 and internal Kdam (Cell No.3)
- ii. the raising of internal divider dyke Mdam (Cell No.5)
- iii. the use of Cell No.4 for solids containment and construction of the internal "divider" dyke between this cell and Pond No.1; and
- iv. the construction of the End Lake perimeter dam (previous design work completed by Golder Associates prior to construction of dams 4, 5 and 6 in 1992.

Option (ii) has been incorporated into the Management Plan in that construction in 2000 raised the height of the internal dyke to a minimum of 488.5m. A further increase in capacity can be obtained by raising the dyke to be consistent with the other dykes at the 490m elevation. Either one or more of the above options can be utilized during the mine life at Lupin if additional storage is required for future tailings deposition. The critical period for maximum storage volume requirement is prior to the winter when both the solids and liquid components of the tailings require containment for approximately nine months due to freezing.

The use of Cell No.4 by the construction of the internal divider dyke would add approximately 2.0 million m³ of storage. The option to expand Cell No.3 by increasing the perimeter dam and Kdam heights would provide an additional 525,000 m³ of storage for each one metre raise in height. The End Lake option has the potential to provide an additional 1.5 million m³ of storage volume and although is within the TCA, it has not been previously used for tailings solids and solution deposition and provides less average storage per square metre surface area than other options. It may be possible to utilize this area as a solution storage area if Cell No.4 were to be used for tailings solids, however this would have to be looked at in more detail if the option were to need further justification.

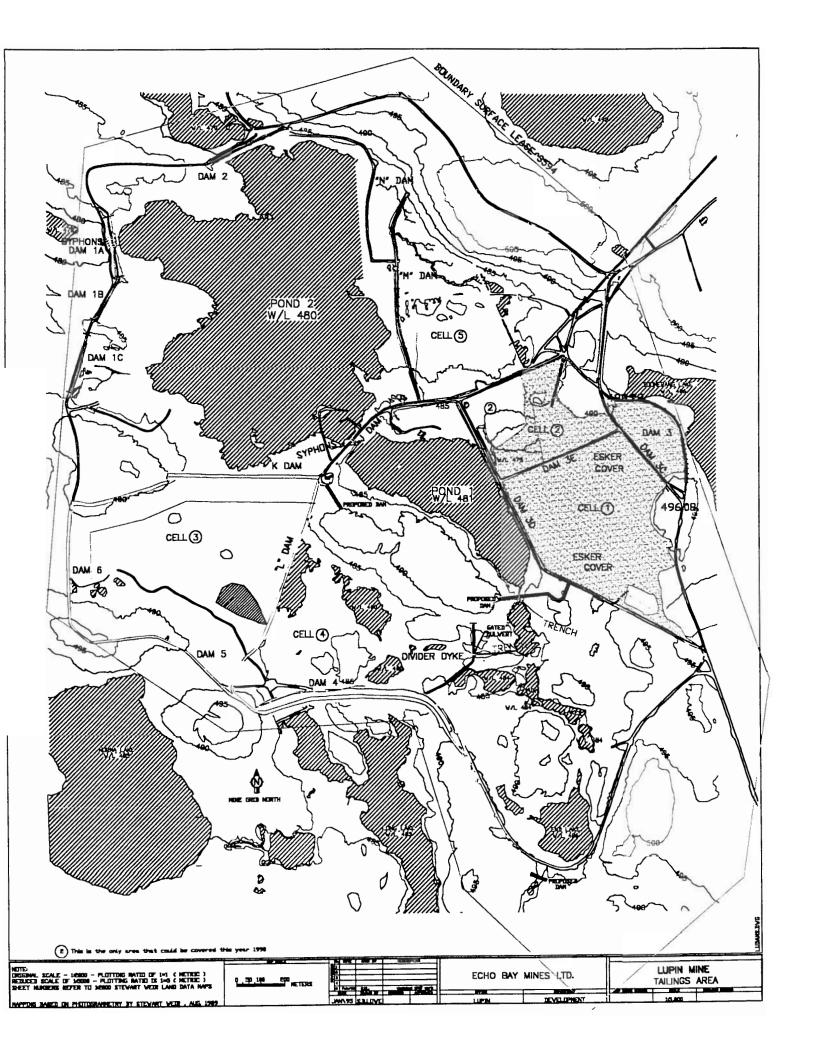
Currently there are no definite plans for bringing additional ore(s) in to Lupin from other sites, including the Ulu Project which has been on hold since 1998. The only other ore (sample materials) that has been processed at the Lupin Mine is the kimberlite bulk samples of both the

Tahera Jericho project and the Winspear Snap Lake project. The tailings and coarse waste from both these projects have been disposed of at the TCA within the current cells (Cell No.2). This material is not to be used as a "final cover" but has been placed (graded) within the cell and will be covered with esker as will the remainder of Cell No.2. Fine tailings material from the bulk sample projects was deposited within the tailings pond cells (Cell No.5) and since covered with fresh tailings material from the Lupin mill. There are no current plans (for processing other ores) or to utilize any of the previous kimberlite materials as a cover.

### **FUTURE TAILINGS MANAGEMENT STUDIES**

In November 2000, BGC Engineering Inc. proceeded with a program for the installation of replacement thermistors within the TCA perimeter dams, covered tailings and the Fingers Lake esker. Due to the unfrozen nature of some of the locations (frost had not yet penetrated to full depth below the surface), just over half of the planned thermistor string installations were completed. Difficulty was encountered in keeping the drill holes open in order to install the PVC casing in which the thermistor string would be installed. Water and soft ground were the major contributors to the problem. Thermistors were installed at the crest locations of Dam1a and Dam2, as well as at one location in the Fingers Lake Esker. These strings are functioning well and will hopefully provide the necessary data for closure modeling studies to be carried out in the near future. Completion of the thermistor installations is planned for early spring 2001, once freezing conditions are prevalent at the toes of the dams and at the Cell No.1 location where an addition 0.75-1.0 metre lift of esker material was placed.

In January 2001, Echo Bay Mines Ltd. submitted to consultant(s) a request for proposal for further studies with regard to the TCA. This work was to look at a number of concerns raised during the licencing process regarding the interaction of flooded areas of the TCA with covered cells, thermal effects upon the frozen tailings and, effects upon the frozen-core perimeter dykes. The proposals have been received and are to be considered for the 2002 Lupin Operations Budget. Much of the thermal study portion of this work can only be completed once data collection from the newly installed thermistors has provided a suitable benchmark with which to work from. Data collection at all locations is expected once the final thermistor installations are complete.



# **LUPIN TAILS CONTAINMENT AREA CAPACITY CALCULATIONS**

TCA update 26Feb01 xls cmt

% water permanently retained in talls = 25%
% remaining water decarted over summer = 91.5%
% remaining water decarted over summer = 91.5%
Average ratio Watersolus in 2006 = 4.25 cum water to 1 cum soluls
Specific gravity of soluls = 2.12 Tonnes/cu m @ 25% moisture content
Specific gravity of soluls = 3.01 Tonnes/cu m @ 25% moisture content
Cell S Capacity = 1.956 500 cum to 488 5 elev (as of Sep 2000)
Cell 2 Capacity = 39.375 cu m to 488 5 elev (as of Jun 2000)
Cell 2 Capacity = 39.375 cu m to 488 5 elev (as of Jun 2000)

Cell 2	Storage Capacity	Volume	(cn.m)					29,048																																					
Cell 2	Cumul Slurry	Volume retained	(cn.m)					10,327																																					
Cell 2		Volume to Cell 2	(cu.m)					27.512																																					
Cell 3	Storage Capacity	Volume	(cu.m)		492.958	467.329	441,982	429.875							404,001	383,302	362.603								336 728	316.029	295,330								269,455	248,756	228,057								
Cell 3	Cumul Slurry	Volume retained	(cn m)		32,042	57,671	83,019	95,125							120,999	141,698	162,397								188 272	208 971	229,670								255,545	276.244	296,943								
Cell 3	Monthly Slury		(cn m)		81,330	67.279	64,872	32,704							65,862	52,689	52,689								65 862	52.689	52.689								65,862	52.689	52,689								
Cell 5	Storage Capacity	Volume	(cu m)	1,704,186	1,891,186	1,891,186	1 891 186	1,868,114	1 740 462	1,662,882	1,597,687	1,533,416	1,467,555	1,414,665	1,419,792	1,553,004	1,686,216	1,620,354	1,514,976	1,449,114	1,396,425	1,343,736	1,277,874	1,225,185	1 225 377	1.355.039	1,484,701	1,418,839	1 366 150	1,313,450	1,194,909	1,142,220	1,075,558	1,023,559 850 080	1,023,744	1,153,316	1,282,889	1,217,028	1,164,338	1,111,049	993 098	993,090	874,547	821.858	649,168
Cell 5	Cumul	Volume in cell	(cu m) 68 749	252,314	65 314	65,314	65.314	152 326	216 038	293,618	358,813	423,084	488,945	714.324	536,708	403,496	270.284	336.146	441.524	507,386	560,075	612,764	678,626	731,315	731 123	601 461	471,799	537,661	590,350	708 901	761,591	814.280	880,142	1 105 520	932,756	803,184	673,611	739,472	792,162	944,851	910,713	1016.091	1,081,953	1,134,642	1,307,332
Cell 5	Cumul Water to	Decant	(cu m) 39 667	198 967	11 967	11,967	11 967	67.636	107 057	152,854	192,437	231.458	271,446	455 426	277,810	144,598	11,386	51,373	115,353	155,340	187,330	219,320	259,308	291,298	270.405	140 744	11,082	51,070	83,060	155 037	187,027	219,017	259,004	442 084	270.220	140,647	11.075	51,062	83.052	155,042	155.029	219,019	258,997	290.987	442,977
Cell 5	Summer Decant	Volume	(cn m)		187,000										177,616	133.212	133.212								172 882	129 662	129.662								172,764	129,573	129 573								
Cell 5	Monthly Water to	Decant	(cu m)	159,300	0	0 0	0	38.365	39.422	45.797	39,583	39.022	39,987	31,990	0	0	0	39.987	31,990	39,987	31,990	31,990	39,987	31,990	066.101	0	0	39,987	31,990	39.987	31,990	31,990	188,887	151 000	0	0	٥	39,987	31,990	39,990	39 987	31,990	39,987	31,990	151,990
Cell 5	Spring Runoff	Valume	(cn m)	120 000										120.000										400	120,000									420,000	200.03										120.000
Cell 5	Monthly Slurry	Volume to Cell 5	(cu.m) 68 749	63 565	0	0	0	23,072	63 709	77.580	65,195	64,271	65,862	52,689	0	0	0	65,862	52,689	65 862	52,689	52,689	65,862	52.689	22.009	0 0	0	65,862	52 689	52,689	52,689	52,689	298.50	52,689	0	0	٥	65 862	52 689	52,589	65,862	52,589	65.862	52,689	52,689
	Monthly Water	To Tails	(cu m)	52,400	65,717	55,534	52,699	69,468	52 562	61.063	52,777	52,029	53,317	42,653	53,317	42 653	42,653	53,317	42,653	53,317	42,653	42,653	53,317	42,653	53 317	42.653	42.653	53,317	42 653	53 317	42,653	42.653	53.317	42,653	53,317	42,653	42 653	53,317	42,653	42,653	53,317	42,653	53 317	42.653	42.653
	Monthly Solids	To Tails	(cu m)	11, 165	15 613	11.745	12 173	13,820	11 147	16.517	12,418	12.242	12,545	10,036	12.545	10 036	10.036	12.545	10.036	12,545	10.036	10,036	12 545	10,036	12 545	10.036	10.036	12,545	10.036	10,035	10,036	10,036	12,545	10,036	12 545	10.036	10.036	12.545	10,036	10.036	12,545	10,036	12.545	10 036	10 036
	Monthly Solids	To Tails	(tonnes)	33,325	47 813	34,104	36.609	41,566	33,404	49.479	37,378	36,849	37,761	30 209	37 761	30 209	30,209	37,761	30,209	37,761	30,209	30 209	37,761	30,209	37 764	20,705	30,209	37,761	30,209	30,209	30,209	30,209	37,761	30,209	37.761	30,209	30,209	37,761	30.209	30,209	37,761	30,209	37.761	30 209	30 209
	Monthly Solids		(dst)	36 742	52 715	37.601	40,363	45.828	36.050	54 552	41,211	40,627	41,633	33,306	41 633	33,306	33 306	41,633	33.306	41,633	33,306	33,306	41,633	33,306	33,305	33.306	33 306	41,633	33,306	33,306	33,306	33,306	41,633	33,306	41 633	33 306	33,306	41.633	33,306	33,306	41,633	33,300	41 633	33,306	33 308
	Monthly	9/0	(dst)		13 309		12.484	11 902	9.728	10.707	10,374	11 619	22.418	17.934	1	17,934	- 1	22,418										ı			17,934			17,934	1		- 1		17,934		22.418	17,934	22.418	17.934	17.934
	Monthly		(dst) 57 357	52 588	66 024	51 834	52 847	57.730	52,130	65.259	51,585	52,246	64,050	51,240	64,050	51,240	51,240	64,050	51,240	64 050	51.240	51,240	64,050	51 240	51.240	51 240	51.240	64,050	51 240	51,240	51,240	51,240	64,050	51,240	64 050	51,240	51,240	64.050	51,240	51,240	64,050	51240	51,240	51.240	51 240
			A 25 2000	May	Jun	Π,	Aug	Sep	E 2	Dec	Jan 2001	Feb	Mar	Apr	Jun	Jol	Aug	Sep	t 8	Dec	Jan 2002	Feb	Mar	Apr	May		Aug	Sep	04	Š Š	Jan 2003	Feb	Mar	Apr	Rin	Jul.	Aug	Sep	Og	Nov	Dec	Jan 2004	rep **ac	Apr	May

## **LUPIN TAILS CONTAINMENT AREA CAPACITY CALCULATIONS**

TCA update 26Feb01.xls cmt

25% 97.5% 1998 and 1997 averaged 34.8 % of solids to paste 65% 1998 and 1997 averaged 34.8 % of solids to paste 15.2 cum water to 1 cum solids = 2.12. Tonnes/cu m @ 0.5 moisture content = 3.0 Tonnes/cu m @ 0.5 moisture content + 1.956.500 cu m to 488.5 elev (as of Jun 2000) 1/1 525.000 cu m to 488.5 elev (as of Jun 2000) 1/1 525.000 cu m to 488.5 elev (as of Jun 2000) 1/1 53.375 cu m to 488.5 elev (as of Jun 2000) 1/1 53.375 cu m to 488.5 elev (as of Jun 2000) % water permanently retained in tails = % remaining water decarded overs summer = % mill introughput to tails = % pecific gravity of souls = Specific gravity of souls = Specific gravity of souls = Specific gravity of souls = Capacity (Cell 3 Capacity 15 Cell 2 Capacity 15 Cell 2

Cell 2	Storage Capacity Volume															
Cell 2	Cumul Slurry Volume	(un de l'alle de														
Cell 2	Monthly Slurry Volume															
Cell 3	Storage Capacity Volume	202,182 181,182 160,784 134,909 114,210 93,511 55,539 38,663	27,324 18,252 9,181													
Cell 3	Slurry (Volume	34.216 364.216 410.790 431.489 469.461 466.337	497,676 506,748 515,819													
Cell 3	Monthly Slurry Volume to Cell 3	65,862 65,862 65,862 65,862 65,863 62,689 62,689 62,689 62,689 63,697	28 864 23.091 23.091													
Cell 5	Storage Capacity Volume	871 924 981 982 987 182 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 982 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 582 5	481,879 429,824 406,833 406,833 406,833 389,037 483,008 576,979 572,282 480,324 437,366 333,669 341,900 315,808 315,808													
Cell 5	Slumy Volume		1,474,621 1,497,712 1,549,667 1,549,667 1,549,667 1,697,788 1,473,492 1,379,521 1,473,492 1,379,521 1,473,493 1,473,493 1,519,134 1,572,831 1,572,831 1,572,831 1,674,600													
Cell 5	Cumul Water to Decant	2/0.218 11.074 1	141,685 155,705 187,249 187,249 321,266 185,974 195,974 40,633 66,715 66,715 66,715 125,398 138,078 150,758 150,758 150,758													
Cell 5	Summer Decant Volume	172,761 129,571 172,761 129,571 120,663 120,497	125,295 93,971													
Cell 5	Monthly Water to Decant	31,9967 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 31,996 32,602 3	14,020 17,525 14,020 134,020 0 0 0 32,602 12,608 12,686 12,686													
Cell 5	Spring Runoff Volume	120,000	120,000													
Cell 5	Monthly Slumy Volume	66,882 65,882 65,883 65	23.091 23.091 23.091 23.091 23.091 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0													
	Monthly Water To Tails	5.8.3.17 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 4.2.6.53 5.3.3.17 5.3	18,693 18,693 18,693 18,693 18,693 18,693 18,693 18,775 34,775 34,775 34,775 34,775 16,906 16,906 16,906 16,906													
	Monthly P Solids To Tails	10.036 10	4,398 4,398 4,398 4,398 4,398 10,228 8,182 10,228 3,978 3,970 3,970													
	Monthly Solids To Tails	97.781 90.209	13.239 16.549 13.239 13.239 13.239 13.239 13.239 13.239 24.629 24.629 24.629 24.629 24.629 11.974 11.974 11.974													
	Monthly Solids To Tails	41,633 30,306 30,306 30,306 30,306 41,633 30,306 41,633 30,306 41,633 31,306 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 31,306 41,633 41	14 596 14 596 14 596 14 596 18 246 18 246 17 596 13 33 943 13 202 13 202													
	Monthly Paste U/G	22,418 117,934 22,418 117,934	7,860 7,860 7,860 9825 7,860 9825 1,860 1,860 1,860 1,862 14,622 14,622 14,622 1,109 7,109 8,881													
	Monthly Tons Milled	64 050 94 050 94 050 94 050 94 050 951 240 951	22.456 22.456 22.456 22.456 22.456 22.456 22.456 22.456 41.778 41.778 41.778 52.220 20.310 20.310													
		Jun  Jul  Aug  Sep  Oot  May  Jul  Aug  Sep  Oot  Aug  Sep  Sep  Oot  Aug  Sep  Jul  Aug  Jun  Aug  Sep  Sep  Oot  Aug  Oot  Aug  Oot  Aug  Oot  Dec  Oot  Oot  Oot  Oot  Oot  Oot  Oot  Oo	Jan 2007 Feb Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Jul													

<sup>4.340 222.</sup> Total dry short tons planned milling January 2001 through to April 2008 2.121,805. Total cubic metres of storage available as of January 2001 (Cell No 2.3 and 5)