

April 25th 2017

Karen Kharatyan Manager of Licensing Nunavut Water Board P.O. Box 119 Gjoa Haven, NU X0B 1J0

Re: Water License 2AM-MEL1631 Part D, Items 1&2 - Submission of Final Design and Construction Drawings for the Permanent Incinerator

Mr. Kharatyan,

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) is developing the Meliadine Project (the Project), a gold mine located approximately 25 km north from Rankin Inlet, and 80 km southwest from Chesterfield Inlet in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut. Situated on the western shore of Hudson Bay, the Project site is located on a peninsula between the east, south, and west basins of Meliadine Lake (63°1'23.8" N, 92°13'6.42"W) on Inuit Owned Land. Agnico Eagle is developing the mine for production in late 2019.

Facilities that are planned to be constructed for the operation of the future Meliadine Mine include a mill, power plant, maintenance facilities, tank farm for fuel storage, water treatment plant, sewage treatment plant, and accommodation and kitchen facilities.

In accordance with Water License 2AM-MEL1631, Part D, Items 1 and 2, please find enclosed with this letter, a copy of the final design and construction drawings for the Incinerator.

Should you have any questions regarding this submission, please contact me.

Regards,

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited - Meliadine Division

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Environmental Compliance Counselor



Meliadine Incinerator Design Report and Drawings

30-Day Notice to Nunavut Water Board In Accordance with Water License 2AM-MEL1631 (Part D, item 1)

Prepared by: Agnico Eagle Mines Limited – Meliadine Division



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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SITE LOCATION AND ACCESS

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) is developing the Meliadine Project (the Project), a gold mine located approximately 25 km north from Rankin Inlet, and 80 km southwest from Chesterfield Inlet in the Kivalliq Region of Nunavut. Situated on the western shore of Hudson Bay, the Project site is located on a peninsula between the east, south, and west basins of Meliadine Lake (63°1'23.8" N, 92°13'6.42"W) on Inuit Owned Land.

The area is accessible from the all-weather gravel road linking the existing exploration camp with Rankin Inlet.

1.2 EXISTING AND FUTURE SITE FACILITIES

Current facilities at the Meliadine Project site include the exploration camp located on the shore of Meliadine Lake, approximately 3.5 km south-east of the future accommodations. The self-contained exploration camp consists of five wings of new trailers that can accommodate up to 250 people and includes kitchen facilities, complete with diesel generators. Power for the exploration camp is currently provided by diesel generators. Potable water for the exploration camp is pumped from Meliadine Lake.

Facilities that are planned to be constructed for the operation of the future Meliadine Mine include a mill, power plant, maintenance facilities, tank farm for fuel storage, water treatment plant, sewage treatment plant, and accommodation and kitchen facilities for 520 people.

The Nunavut Water Board (NWB) has issued Type A Water License 2AM-MEL1631 to Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) for the Meliadine Gold Project site authorizing the use of water and the disposal of waste required by mining and milling and associated uses.

This report includes the final design and construction drawings for the incinerator, as specified under Water License 2AM-MEL1631 Part D, Item 1.



1.3 LOCATION OF INCINERATOR

The incinerator will be located in its own building on the south end of the infrastructure pad, downwind of other mine infrastructures. Figure 1 shows the location of the future incinerator.

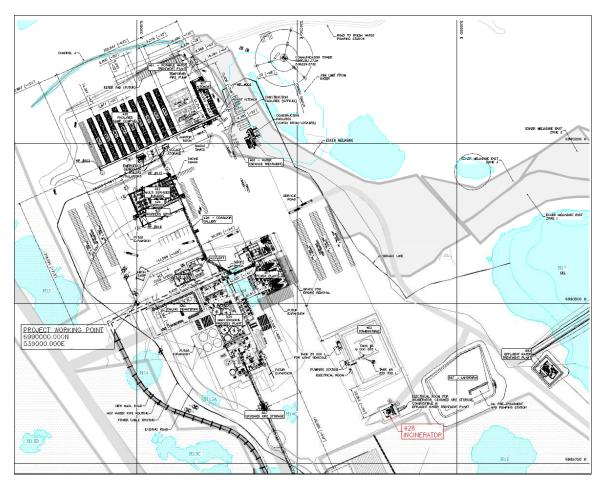


Figure 1 –Location of Meliadine incinerator



2 DESIGN

2.1 OVERALL WASTE MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

At the Project site, as specified in the Incinerator Management Plan, wastes will be safely managed from the time they are produced to their final disposal. All waste will be segregated at the mine site and will predominately be landfilled, incinerated, or recycled. Used oil burning will be maximized as much as possible using the secondary chamber of the incinerator. Remaining wastes, including hazardous waste, will be packaged for shipment to a certified waste management facility for treatment, recycling, and/or disposal.

Incineration is an essential part of waste management at the proposed mine site. The incineration of acceptable solid waste from the accommodation complex, kitchen, lunch rooms, shops, warehouses, and offices will divert waste from directly reporting to the on-site landfill. It will have the advantage of eliminating putrescible waste that could potentially attract wildlife to the landfill, thereby reducing possible dangerous interactions between humans and wildlife.

2.2 DESCRIPTION OF INCINERATOR

The ECO 1.75 TN 1PVC100L Incinerator system consists of a Primary Chamber and a Secondary Chamber. Both chambers are vessels constructed of steel with a special insulating liner known as refractory.

Incinerator components are presented at Appendix A, including the primary and secondary chambers, main control panel, diesel fuel (4,500L) and used oil (5,000L) tanks.

2.2.1 Primary Chamber

In the first stage, a diesel fired burner is used to elevate the temperature of the Primary Chamber to ignite the waste. Once the Primary Chamber reaches a temperature of approximately 650-850°C, the burn process becomes self-fueling and the burner will shut off. To save fuel and control temperatures, only when the energy contained within the waste is depleted, will the burner periodically turn on.

The Primary Chamber operates under controlled air conditions. The amount of heat released, from the burning of the waste, is controlled by limiting the air into the Primary Chamber to less than what is required to complete combustion. This is described as starved air conditions.

Controlling the gas velocity through the system is an important factor in limiting pollution. The gases flowing from the Primary Chamber are a result of the interaction of the air with the waste during the controlled burning process. Both the quantity and velocity of the gas product vary according to chamber temperature conditions and the type of waste being burned. The integrated controls for the Primary and Secondary Chambers act to minimize peaking activity thus controlling pollution automatically.





With controlled air and temperature, the waste is dried, heated and burned thereby releasing moisture and volatile components. The non-volatile, combustible portion of the waste is burned in the Primary Chamber to provide heat while the non-combustible portion accumulates as ash to the exception of metals and glass which remain intact. Preservation of metals and glass protects the refractory lining from damage caused by melted and fused metals and glass. At these operating temperatures, waste is reduced in volume by over 90% and is rendered sterile.

2.2.2 Secondary Chamber

As waste burns in the Primary Chamber, gases generated by the combustion enter the high temperature zone of the Secondary Chamber for cleansing. The Secondary Chamber is sized to retain the incoming gases for a minimum of two (2) seconds at 1000°C. This time of retention is considered to be ideal to destroy any organic hydrocarbons produced from the Primary Chamber.

The Secondary Chamber utilizes a packaged, high output, fully modulating dual (fuel and used oil) burner to maintain the required temperature (even in the absence of energy input from the first stage which is important when processing wet or low energy waste such as food). This stage employs a large blower (Secondary Chamber Blower), tightly controlled by the control system using a variable frequency drive on the motor. The blower creates the turbulence required to mix the gases and oxygenate them. This fosters the high efficiency combustion required to break hydrocarbon chains into carbon dioxide and water vapor.

The Secondary Chamber Blower also acts to cool the Primary Chamber and prevent temperature overruns.

2.2.3 Main Control Panel

There is one Main Control Panel that controls all of the interconnecting modules. The Operator has one simple Human Machine Interface (HMI) to start the equipment, view system status and change control settings if required. The system utilizes a PLC (programmable logic controller) to automate its functions. All critical process parameters such as temperature, combustion airflow and burner output are operated using Eco Wastes Solution patented system control program to maintain optimal combustion and air pollution abatement.

2.3 ASH MANAGEMENT

The ashes collected from the incinerator, in a metal container, will be disposed of as defined in the Incinerator Management Plan. Upon commissioning of the incinerator, an ash testing protocol will be implemented to ensure that the incinerator ash is suitable for disposal in the landfill. If the concentration of trace metals exceeds the Government of Nunavut's Environmental Guideline for Industrial Waste Discharges, ash will be either buried in the dry stack tailings or packaged and sent to an approved disposal facility.





2.4 AIR QUALITY MONITORING

The incinerator stack design includes two (2) sampling ports with caps, as well as an in-line opacity meter to allow for stack testing to be undertaken during incinerator operation.

Performance limits for the incinerator at the Project will be in accordance with the emission guidelines set out by the CCME: Canada-Wide Standard for Dioxins and Furans, and Canada-Wide Standards for Mercury Emissions.

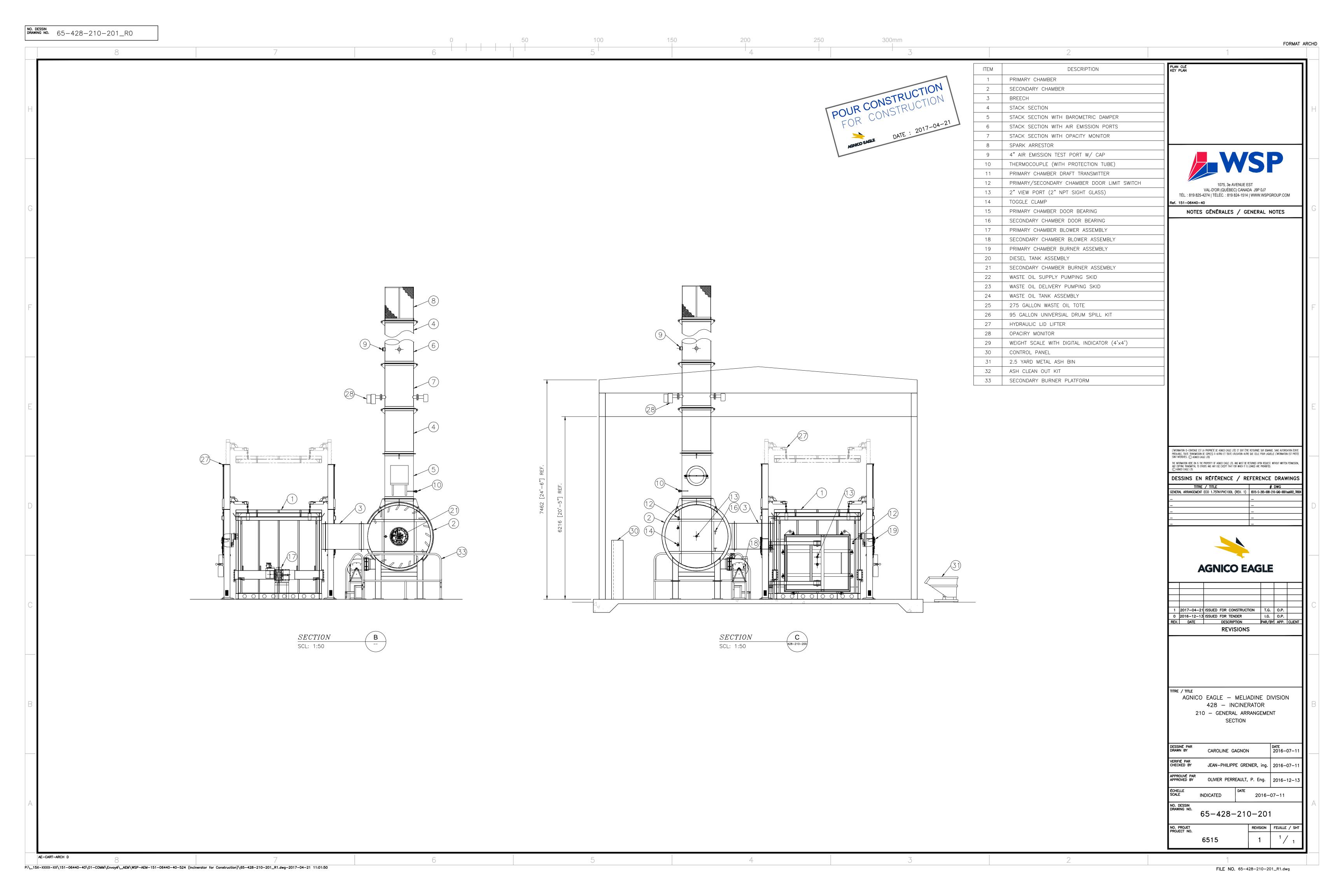


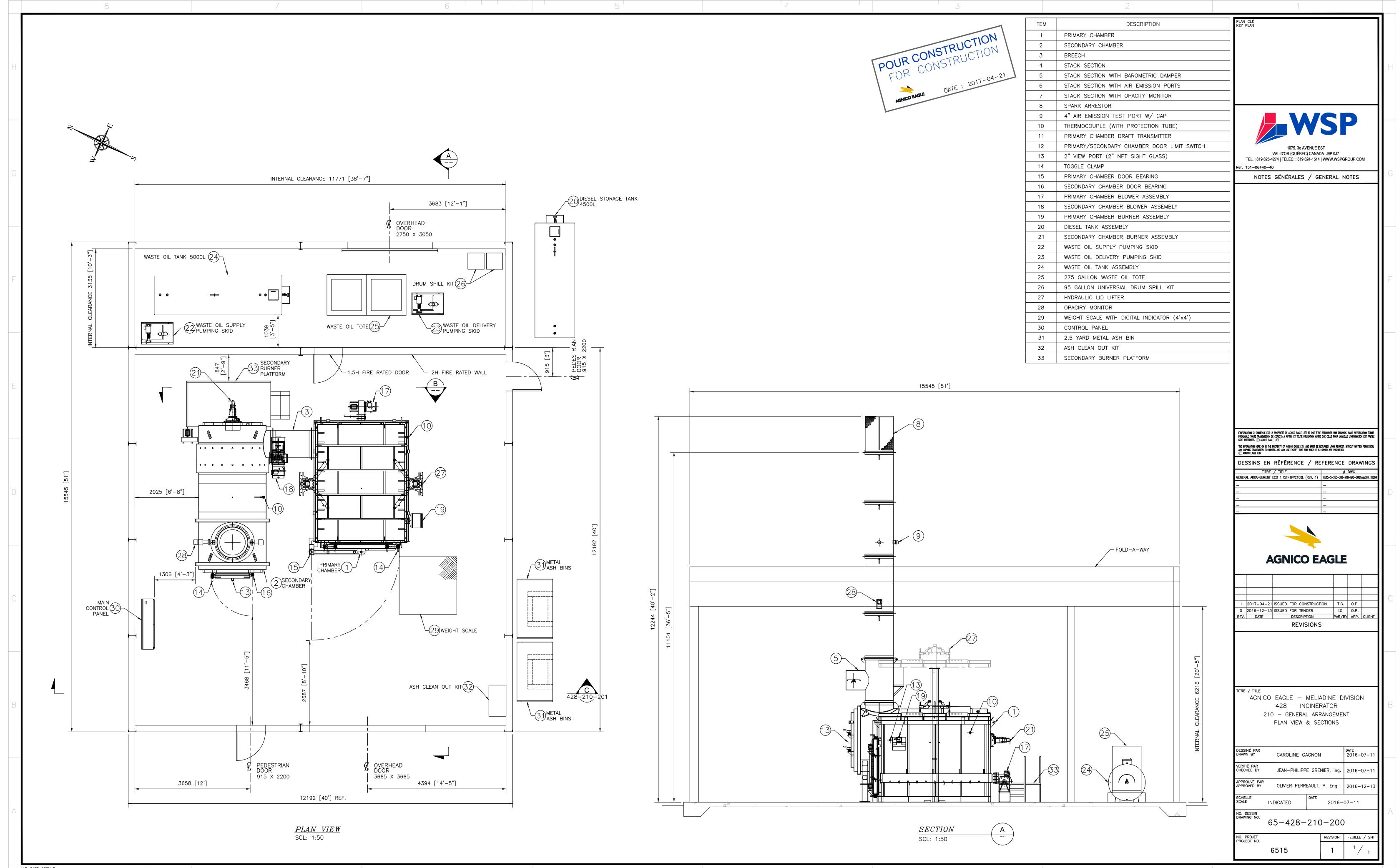
3 DRAWINGS

Drawings of the new incinerator are available in Appendix A.



Appendix A: Incinerator Design Drawings





100

150

200

250

300mm

FORMAT ARCHD



VENDOR PACKAGE

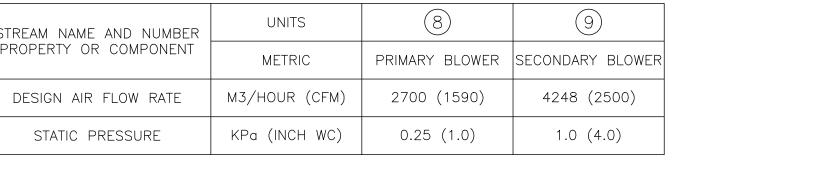
STREAM NAME AND NUMBER	UNITS	1)
PROPERTY OR COMPONENT	UNITS	SOLID WASTE
FEED RATE	KG/Batch (LB/Batch)	1750 (3858)
ESTIMATED BULK DENSITY	KG/M3 (LB/CF)	192 (12)
ESTIMATED HIGHER HEAT VALUE	MJ/KG (BTU/LB)	11.5 (4950)
MOISTURE CONTENT	%W	43
COMBUSTBLE	%W	49.5
NON-COMBUSTBLE	%W	7.5

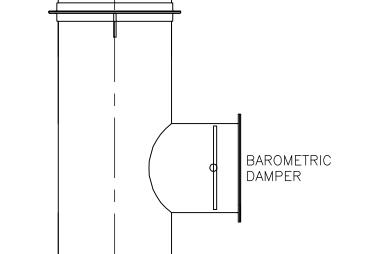
		2	3	4
STREAM NAME AND NUMBER PROPERTY OR COMPONENT	UNITS	PRIMARY CHAMBER EXHAUST TO SECONDARY CHAMBER	INCINERATOR EXHAUST TO STACK	STACK EXHAUST TO ATMOSPHERE
ACTUAL FLOW	M3/Hour (ACFM)	1975 (1163)	15581 (9171)	15581 (9171)
STATIC PRESSURE (GAUGE)	Pa (INCH H20)	-50 (-0.2)	-50 (-0.2)	-0 (0)
TEMPERATURE	DEG C (F)	760 (1400)	1000 (1832)	1000 (1832)
MOISTURE IN GAS	% (v/v)	31	11	11
OXYGEN CONCENTRATION	% (v/v)	REDUCTION	11	11

STREAM NAME AND NUMBER	UNITS	
PROPERTY OR COMPONENT	UNITS	BOTTOM AS
DRY ASH QUANTITY	KG/Batch (LB/Batch)	Ave.131 (28
BULK DENSITY	KG/M3 (LB/CF)	Ave.800 (5
TOTAL ORGANIC CONTENT	%	<5% (DRY

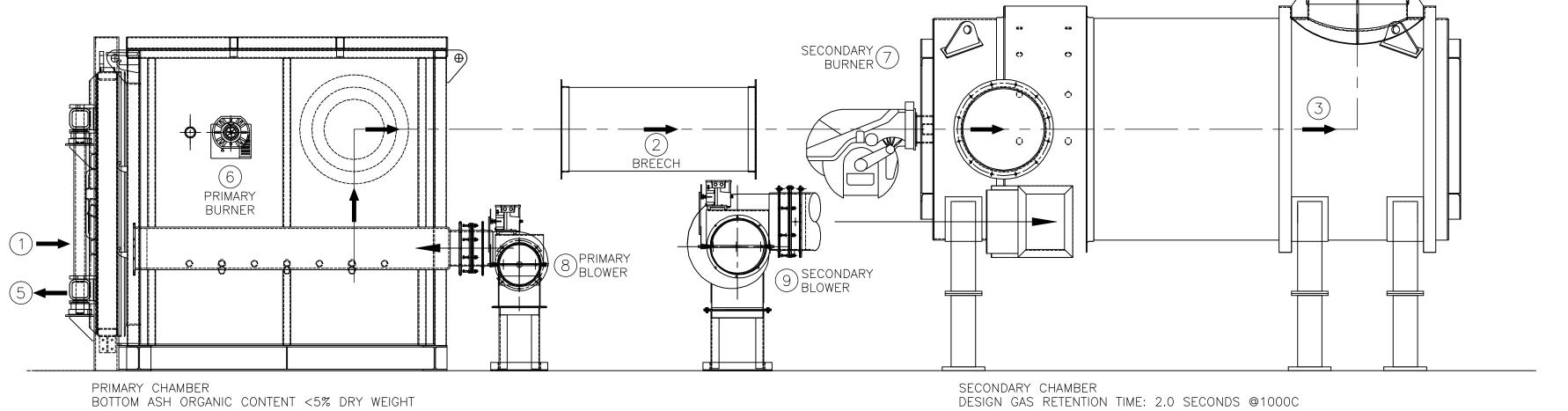
		6	7
STREAM NAME AND NUMBER PROPERTY OR COMPONENT	UNITS	DIESEL CONSUMPTION @FLUE GAS OXYGEN CONTENT 11%	WASTE OIL CONSUMPTION @FLUE GAS OXYGEN CONTENT 11%
FLOW RATE	LITER/HOUR (GPH)	Ave.10 (2.64)	98 (26)
DIESEL HIGHER HEAT VALUE	MJ/KG (BTU/LB)	42 (18000)	40 (17000)

	STREAM NAME AND NUMBER	UNITS	8	9
	PROPERTY OR COMPONENT	METRIC	PRIMARY BLOWER	SECONDARY BLOWER
	DESIGN AIR FLOW RATE	M3/HOUR (CFM)	2700 (1590)	4248 (2500)
	STATIC PRESSURE	KPa (INCH WC)	0.25 (1.0)	1.0 (4.0)





IN-LINE LAYOUT OF PROCESS DIAGRAM IS NOT THE ACTUAL EQUIPMENT LAYOUT.



SECONDARY CHAMBER DESIGN GAS RETENTION TIME: 2.0 SECONDS @1000C

300mm

1075, 3e AVENUE EST VAL-D'OR (QUÉBEC) CANADA J9P 0J7 TÉL. : 819 825-4274 | TÉLÉC. : 819 824-1514 | WWW.WSPGROUP.COM NOTES GENERALES / GENERAL NOTES REF. TO DRAWING ECO 1.75TN-1PVC100L-00C REV. 0 L'INFORMATION CI-CONTENUE EST LA PROPRIÉTÉ DE AGNICO EAGLE LIÉE ET DOIT ÉTRE RETOURNÉE SUR DEMANDE. SANS AUTORISATION ÉCRITE PRÉALABLE, TOUTE TRANSMISSION DE COPIE(S) À AUTRUI ET TOUTE UTILISATION AUTRE QUE CELLE POUR LAQUELLE L'INFORMATION EST PRÉTÉE SONT INTERDITES. © AGNICO EAGLE LIÉE THE INFORMATION HERE ON IS THE PROPERTY OF AGNICO EAGLE LID. AND MUST BE RETURNED UPON REQUEST. WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION, ANY COPYING TRANSMITTAL TO OTHERS AND ANY USE EXCEPT THAT FOR WHICH IT IS LOANED ARE PROHBITED.

(**) AGNICO EAGLE LID. DESSINS EN REFERENCE / REFERENCE DRAWINGS **AGNICO EAGLE** 0 2017-04-21 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION T.G. B.F.
REV. DATE DESCRIPTION PAR/BY APP. CLIENT **REVISIONS** TITRE / TITLE
AGNICO EAGLE — MELIADINE DIVISION 428 - INCINERATOR 200 - PROCESS FLOWSHEET DATE 2017-04-20 BERTRAND FORTIN, P. Eng. 2017-04-2 APPROUVÉ PAR APPROVED BY BERTRAND FORTIN, P. Eng. 2017-04-2

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NO. PROJET PROJECT NO.