

APPENDIX E.5.2

SAMPLING PROGRAM -QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL PLAN



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Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation

Sampling Program - Quality Assurance and Quality Control Plan

BAF-PH1-830-P16-0001

Rev 5

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TRACK CHANGES TABLE Index of Major Changes/Modifications in Revision 5

Item No.	Description of Change	Relevant Section
1	Updated Roles and Responsibilities to include additional roles that this plan applies to in the company.	Section 3
2	Added data quality objectives and procedures and refined definitions for QAQC sample types	Section 7.3
3	Updated for applicability to environmental database (e.g. new COC format, use of tablets)	Entire Document; Section 8.3
4	Added section 'sample shipments' to outline considerations for sample timing and shipment logistics.	Section 8.4
5	Updated the current Quoted Parameters with Detection Limits for ALS Quote Number Q88297.	Appendix D
6	Replaced the previous Table 9.1 with a new appendix; Appendix F.	Appendix F

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1 INTRODUCTION

As required by Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation's (Baffinland) Type 'A' Water Licence No. 2AM-MRY1325 – Amendment No. 1 (Type 'A' Water Licence), issued by the Nunavut Water Board (NWB), the Sampling Program – Quality Assurance and Quality Control Plan (QA/QC Plan) is updated to reflect current operations at the Mary River Project (the Project). This Plan is a living document and will be revised, as required, based on changes to operations, QA/QC procedures and protocols and feedback received from relevant stakeholders. Updates to this Plan will be completed in accordance with the Project's water licences issued by the NWB, Commercial Lease – Q13C301 (Commercial Lease) between Baffinland and the QIA, the Project Certificate No. 005 (Project Certificate) issued by the Nunavut Impact Review Board (NIRB), applicable regulations (e.g. Metal & Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations; MDMER) and any subsequent requirements which may be issued.

In accordance with the Type 'A' Water Licence, this QA/QC Plan has been prepared following the general recommendations presented in *Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC) Guidelines for use by Class "A" Licensees in Meeting SNP Requirements and for Submission of a QA/QC Plan (INAC, 1996).*

1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this Plan is to identify Baffinland's framework for accurate and effective QA/QC management by providing instruction for standardized field sampling and laboratory analytical procedures.

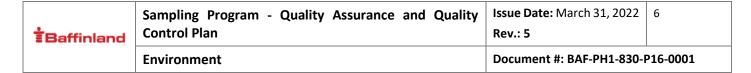
For the purposes of this report, QA/QC is defined as:

- Quality Assurance System of activities used to achieve quality control.
- Quality Control Set of best practice methods and procedures used to ensure quality of data in terms
 of precision, accuracy, and reliability.

The QA/QC best practices outlined in this management plan are designed to provide guidance to field staff and analytical laboratories in order to maintain a high level of confidence in the water quality, soil, and benthic data generated from Project Sites.

1.2 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

This Plan is regulated by the NWB and is subject to Baffinland's Type 'A' Water Licence 2AM-MRY1325, as amended, which provides specific terms and conditions for the management of QA/QC for the Project's water quality monitoring programs. To provide a more comprehensive QA/QC framework for the Project's aquatic ecosystem monitoring programs, other applicable requirements have been included in this Plan, such as the MDMER and sediment quality and benthic invertebrate monitoring components of the Project's Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (AEMP).



1.3 RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHER MANAGEMENT PLANS

This Plan is intended for use in conjunction with the following Plans:

- Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039)
- Environmental Protection Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0008)
- Fresh Water Supply, Sewage and Wastewater Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0010)
- Surface Water and Aquatic Ecosystem Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0026)
- Roads Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0023)
- Snow Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0002)

2 BAFFINLAND'S CORPORATE POLICIES

Baffinland's Health, Safety and Environment Policy (BAF-PH1-800-POL-0001) is the company's commitment to achieve a safe, health and environmentally responsible workplace. The policy is provided in Appendix A.

Baffinland's Sustainable Development Policy (BAF-PH1-800-POL-0002) identifies the company's commitment internally and to the public to operate in a manner that is environmentally responsible, safe, fiscally responsible and respectful of the cultural values and legal rights of the Inuit. The Sustainable Development Policy is provided in Appendix A.

All employees and contractors are expected to comply with the contents of both policies.

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3 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

3.1.1 CHIEF OPERATIONS OFFICER (COO) / GENERAL MANAGER

- Reports to the Chief Executive Officer
- Responsible for providing oversight for all Project operations and allocating the necessary resources for the operation, maintenance and management of Project infrastructure.

3.1.2 ENVIRONMENTAL SUPERINTENDENT/ MANAGER

- Reports to the Environmental Manager/ Senior Director Health, Safety, Environment, Security and Training.
- Serves as the onsite lead for all environmental monitoring programs.
- Responsible for ensuring this Plan is up-to-date and reflects current Project operations and regulatory requirements.

3.1.3 ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR

- Reports to the Environmental Superintendent.
- Responsible for ensuring environmental monitoring programs adhere to this Plan.
- Reviewing this Plan with environmental technicians and providing necessary training as required.
- Conducting field audits of sampling methodology and QA/QC analysis on samples and data.
- Management of field notes, analytical results and environmental database.

3.1.4 ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNICIAN

- Reports to the Environmental Coordinator.
- Responsible for being familiar with this Plan and adhering to the relevant protocols while collecting and managing samples.

3.1.5 SITE SERVICES SUPERINTENDENT/ MANAGER

- Reports to the Site Services Manager/ General Manager.
- Responsible for providing oversight for all Site Services operations, including the operation, maintenance and management of the Project's water and waste water treatment facilities
- Responsible for ensuring that Site Services personnel operating and managing the Project's water and waste treatment facilities receive the appropriate training.

3.1.6 WATER/ WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT OPERATOR

- Reports to the Site Services Department.
- Responsible for being familiar with this Plan and adhering to the relevant protocols while collecting and managing samples.



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4 WATER SAMPLE COLLECTION

4.1 GENERAL

The samples will be collected following the general recommendations presented in *Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC) Guidelines for use by Class "A" Licensees in Meeting SNP Requirements and for Submission of a QA/QC Plan (INAC, 1996).*

A summary of recommended water sample containers, sample volumes, sample preservatives and maximum sample holding times is presented in Appendix F. Laboratory parameters such as pH, turbidity, Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD), nitrite, nitrate, total phosphorus, faecal coliforms, chlorophyll-a and pheophytin typically have maximum sample storage times varying from four (4) to 72 hours.

Required water sample analyses for each of the Project's water quality monitoring stations are documented in the following documents:

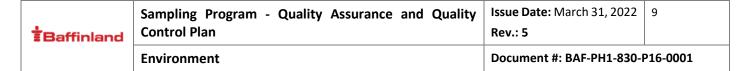
- NWB Type 'A' Water Licence 2AM-MRY1325, as amended
- Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations (MDMER)
- Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039)

4.2 WATER QUALITY MONITORING LOCATIONS

This Plan addresses the collection of water quality samples at the Project, including the following:

- Surface water samples from Project area lakes, streams and rivers.
- Groundwater samples from piezometer monitoring wells.
- Effluent samples from Project water treatment facilities (e.g. sewage, oily water, etc.).
- Drinking water samples from camp potable water sources.
- Storm water runoff samples from ore processing and stockpiling facilities.
- Storm water runoff samples from waste rock management facilities.
- Storm water runoff samples from mining areas (e.g. Deposit No. 1).
- Storm water samples from Project fuel and waste containment areas.
- Storm water from sumps at maintenance shops.
- Surface water samples downstream of Project areas (e.g. landfills, quarries, etc.).
- Surface water samples representative of general site drainage before, during and after construction at Project areas.
- Snowmelt runoff samples from snow management stockpiles.
- Surface water samples from ponded borrow pit areas.
- Surface water samples from ponded sources for reclaimed and/or recycled water.
- Surface water samples from water bodies affected by spills.

Locations and sampling frequency for designated water quality monitoring stations are presented in the:



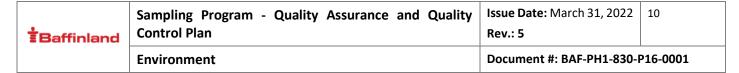
- Surface Water and Aquatic Ecosystem Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0026)
- Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039)
- Roads Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0023)
- Snow Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0002)
- Fresh Water Supply, Sewage and Wastewater Management Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0010)

4.3 WATER SAMPLING METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

4.3.1 GENERAL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

General water sampling procedures include the following QAQC measures. For water sampling procedural details, refer to the Water Sampling Procedure (BAF-PH1-830-PRO-0011).

- 1. Sampler will wear a fresh pair of disposable nitrile gloves for each sampling event.
- 2. A new sample bottle(s) will be used at each monitoring station. Sample bottles will not be re-used.
- 3. Sampling will be carried out by one of the following steps:
 - i) Rinsing the sample bottle with source water three (3) times before immersing the sample bottle to fill it (after which preservative is added, as required).
 - ii) If the sample bottles are provided pre-charged with preservatives then it is generally convenient to transfer water sampled from the source to pre-charged sample bottles using a large transfer bottle. The transfer bottle will be provided by the lab and will be rinsed in the source water three (3) times before filling the sample bottles. Different transfer bottles will be used for different sample types (e.g. sewage effluent, hydrocarbon-impacted stormwater) and will be replaced on a regular basis.
- 4. Rinse water will be disposed of so that it does not contaminate the source water where the sample will be collected (e.g. downstream of the sampling location or on the shore or berm edge).
- 5. Bottles labeled as "certified sterile" do not need to be rinsed.
- 6. For samples requiring preservatives, the sample bottle will be filled to the top (or to the indicator line marked on the bottle), the preservative will be added and the bottle securely sealed. For some volatile compounds including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX) the sample bottle must be filled with zero headspace.
- 7. Care will be taken to avoid disturbance of sediments and inclusion of disturbed suspended solids in the sample.
- 8. Sample details (e.g. date, time, sample ID and analyses) will be clearly marked on the bottle in permanent ink.
- 9. For dissolved metals analyses, the water sample will be filtered in the field while sampling using a 0.45µm disposable filter and syringe. A fresh syringe and filter must be used at each monitoring station. In the event that the sample cannot be filtered in the field, the sample will be promptly filtered at the on-site lab. Such exceptions will be documented in the field notes.



- 10. All samples will be sealed by ensuring the bottle caps are tightly secured before placing the bottles into a cooler that contains ice packs. Glass bottles will be protected with bubble wrap or other cushioning material.
- 11. All field parameters, notes, photo references and general observations will be recorded in a field notebook or tablet to be uploaded to Baffinland's environmental database from the office.
- 12. All samples will be placed in an iced cooler or refrigerator as soon as possible after collection.

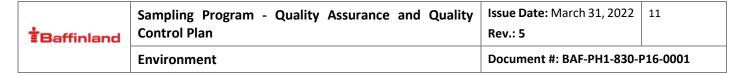
4.3.1.1 SAMPLE PRESERVATION

Sample bottles and preservatives will be stored under clean conditions on site. Sample bottles will have the appropriate volume of preservative added in the field immediately after sample collection to minimize chemical alterations. Alternatively, sample bottles will be supplied by the analytical laboratory with preservatives already added. Ensure that the preservative container does not come in contact with the sample or inside of the sample bottle/lid. If a water sample requires filtration (e.g., analysis of dissolved metals), preservative must be added following filtration.

4.3.2 LAKE SAMPLING

Lake water sampling procedures include the following QAQC measures. For lake water sampling procedural details, refer to the Aquatic Effects Monitoring Program Sampling Procedure (BAF-PH1-830-PRO-0012).

- Depth samplers that are used will be suitable for collection of water samples for ultra-low metals analyses (e.g. have acrylic or PVC construction and silicone seals). Generally, depth samplers consist of a clear polycarbonate sample tube with two spring mounted rubber bungs, one located at each end.
- 2. Sampling station locations will be dependent upon the monitoring program objectives and the lake dimensions. When sampling from a watercraft, all efforts will be made to anchor the boat to maintain its position over the sampling location. Map coordinates for lake sampling stations will be recorded using a handheld GPS unit.
- 3. A vertical stratification profile (if required), profiling in-situ water quality measurements (e.g. pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, conductivity and turbidity), will be determined using a water quality multi-meter (e.g. YSI Sonde) equipped with a long cord with metre intervals marked on it.
- 4. Depending upon the purpose of the monitoring program, water quality samples may be collected from the different stratified layers. The depth sampler must be slowly lowered in the 'open' position until it reaches the required depth.
- 5. The depth sampler will be held at this depth temporarily to allow flushing of water inside the apparatus.
- 6. When collecting samples close to the lakebed, care must be taken to ensure that the depth sampler does not disturb lakebed sediments. When possible, staff will reference the depth recorded at each sampling location from the previous sampling event in preparation to avoid disturbing the lakebed.



- 7. YSI measurements will be collected after the water samples, to ensure the lakebed is not disturbed during field readings prior to water quality samples having been collected.
- 8. Depending upon the surface area and depth of a lake, multiple sampling stations will likely be required to characterize representative water quality for the lake.

4.3.3 RIVER SAMPLING

River and stream water sampling procedures include the following QAQC measures in addition to those in Sections 4.3.1 and 4.3.2. For water sampling procedural details, refer to the Water Sampling Procedure (BAF-PH1-830-PRO-0011).

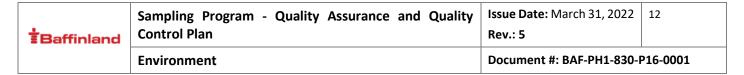
- 1. When selecting water quality monitoring station locations on rivers, care will be taken where a tributary joins a river, since complete mixing of the two waters may not be occur within several hundred metres or farther downstream of the confluence. When in doubt, vertical profile monitoring across the cross-section of the river using a field parameter such as pH, temperature or conductivity will be used to assess if complete mixing has occurred.
- 2. Grasp the bottle well below the neck and remove the lid, taking care not to touch the inside of the lid.
- 3. Facing upstream, plunge the bottle beneath the surface of the water to a depth of 20 cm (if possible) with the opening facing downward, then tilt the bottle opening upward into the current to fill.
- 4. To avoid inclusion of floating detritus in the sample, sample bottles must be fully immersed in the water column when they are filled. Care will be taken to ensure that disturbed sediments are not included in the sample.
- 5. Once the bottle is full, remove the bottle from the water in one motion by forcing the opening upward and into the current and seal the bottle cap securely.

4.3.4 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Groundwater at the Project will be monitored using drive-point piezometers, HDPE tubing and peristaltic pumps. Groundwater wells will be established by advancing drive-point piezometers by hand to the depth of refusal (e.g. permafrost) or other known confining layer, both in the known or assumed up-gradient (e.g. reference) and down-gradient (e.g. exposure) area of interest. Consideration must be given to the depth of the active layer, therefore groundwater samples will be collected during late August to early September, such that samples are near the depth of the active layer (approximately 1 to 2 metres). Where hydrocarbon impacts are known or suspected and if conditions allow, samples will be collected across various depths to assess for the presence of, and capture, potential non-aqueous phase liquids (NAPL). Sampling procedures outlined in this section consider the shallow and discontinuous nature of high arctic groundwater regimes observed at the Project Sites.

General groundwater sampling procedures include the following:

1. When new piezometers/groundwater wells are installed, installation will be completed with sufficient time for the well to charge and fill with groundwater from the active layer prior to sampling.



- 2. Before sampling a well, the well will be purged for the appropriate volume, outlined in the sampling program documentation. A YSI flow cell or similar alternative will be used during the purge to gauge when parameters (e.g. pH, conductivity, turbidity) have stabilized.
- 3. Groundwater samples will be collected, preserved, stored and submitted for analysis as outlined in Section 4.3.1.
- 4. A field notebook or tablet will be used to document the groundwater sampling program, including any deviations from established protocols.

4.3.5 METAL AND DIAMOND MINING EFFLUENT REGULATIONS

Water samples from stations that fall under the MDMER must be taken from the defined Final Discharge Point (FDP) for that appropriate facility. The FDP is a designated sampling port in a location beyond which Baffinland does not have control over the quality of the effluent discharged to the environment, and coordinates of this FDP are registered with Environment and Climate Change Canada. Samples taken from designated sampling ports can be composite samples or grab samples.

The general sampling procedures of Section 4.3.1 must be followed, and the following additional considerations will be taken into account to ensure MDMER QA/QC requirements are met:

- 1. MDMER sampling should be performed by trained personnel, and if possible, a second person should be present for verification purposes.
- 2. Notification must be given ahead of time to a certified laboratory to ensure MDMER acute lethality and sub-lethal toxicity samples can be analysed.
- 3. In-situ water quality monitoring will accompany all external samples taken (refer to Section 4.3.6)
- 4. All sampling activities, notes, flow volumes, photo references and general observations shall be kept in a dedicated MDMER field logbook and/or tablet.
- 5. MDMER samples shall be sent to the certified laboratory with their own COC and should not be combined with samples from other monitoring programs.

For more information and technical guidance, Environment and Climate Change Canada's 2001 *Guidance Document for the Sampling and Analysis of Metal Mining Effluents* should be consulted.

4.3.6 SAMPLING FOR TOXICITY TESTING

Sampling for lethal toxicity is a condition of the Type 'A' Water Licence for various monitoring programs. Sub-lethal toxicity testing is a condition of Environmental Effects Monitoring (EEM) under the Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations (MDMER). Depending upon the objectives of the toxicity testing, variables that will require confirmation prior to testing include the following:

- Type of effluent sample to be collected (e.g. instantaneous grab sample vs. composite sample).
- Type of dilution water to be used by the certified laboratory (e.g. standard synthetic laboratory dilution water, receiving water collected upstream of the discharge, etc.).
- Required test organism (e.g. Daphnia magna and/or Rainbow Trout).



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Details concerning laboratory methods are presented in Appendix D. For further details concerning acute lethality testing, refer to Environment Canada (2002) and USEPA (2002). For further details concerning sub-lethal testing, refer to Environment Canada (2012).

4.3.7 IN-SITU WATER QUALITY

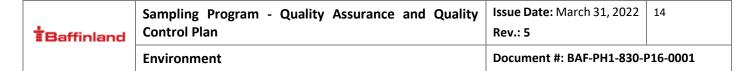
Measurement of field parameters (e.g. temperature, pH, conductivity, redox potential, or dissolved oxygen, etc.), where warranted, will be carried out for each sample at the time of sampling. The required set of field parameters will vary according to sample type and monitoring objectives. The exact methods used for monitoring field parameters will depend upon the type of monitoring probes being used. Environmental staff will read and be familiar with the instruction manual and/or procedure for the equipment being used on site, and follow manufacturer's instructions for specifics on proper calibration, use, storage, and maintenance.

Environmental staff will rinse the monitoring probe three (3) times with the water to be monitored before immersing the probe in the water. When possible, the probe is to be immersed directly in the stream or lake water. Environmental staff will ensure that the probe being used has had sufficient time to equilibrate in the water and the reading has stabilized before the reading is taken.

Field parameter data will be recorded in the appropriate program field form or tablet designed for this purpose and saved electronically. A copy of the data will be retained on site.

4.3.7.1 MONITORING PROBE CALIBRATION

Monitoring probes will be stored and calibrated in accordance with manufacturers' instructions. All probes will be calibrated regularly per sampling program requirements and a written record of the calibration results will be maintained on site. Environmental staff will ensure that calibration solutions are of the correct specification and that they have not passed their expiration date (if applicable). Monitoring probes will be stored as per manufacturers' recommendations.



5 SEDIMENT & SOIL SAMPLE COLLECTION

Sediment and soil sampling programs and associated logistics will be planned ahead of time to ensure samples collected are analyzed within the appropriate holding times. A summary of recommended sediment and soil sample containers, sample volumes, and maximum sample holding times is presented in Appendix F. Field observations and any exceptions to established protocols (e.g. exceedance of holding time) will be documented.

5.1 SEDIMENT & SOIL MONITORING LOCATIONS

This Plan addresses the collection of sediment samples at the Project, including the following:

- Sediment samples from Project area lakes, streams and rivers. For a complete list of the required sample analyses for pre-established sediment monitoring stations, refer to the Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039).
- Soil samples from Project fuel and waste facilities.
- Soil samples from Project landfarm facilities.
- Soil samples to inform remediation and reclamation projects.
- Soil samples to evaluate spills and releases.

5.2 SEDIMENT & SOIL SAMPLING METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

Sediment samples specified under the Project's Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039) are characterised by the following procedures.

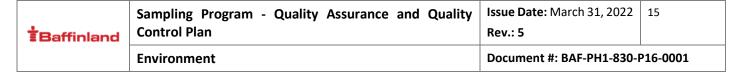
5.2.1 GENERAL SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Generally, sampling procedures will consist of the following:

- 1. Sampler will wear a fresh pair of disposable nitrile gloves for each sampling event.
- 2. A fresh sample bottle(s) will be used at each monitoring station and sample bottles will not be re-used.
- 3. Sample details (e.g. date, sample ID and analysis) will be clearly marked on the sample jar in permanent ink.
- 4. All samples will be sealed by ensuring their lids are tightly secured before placing each sample bottle into a cooler.
- 5. All samples will be placed in an iced cooler or refrigerator as soon as practicable after collection.

5.2.2 RIVER AND GRAB SAMPLING

The collection of river and grab samples will follow the general procedures stated in Section 5.2.1 and will entail the following additional QA/QC considerations:



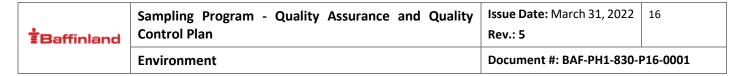
- 1. Sampling station locations will be dependent upon the monitoring program objectives and the sample location.
- 2. Clean equipment will be utilized to obtain a representative sample of the sediment for analyses.
- 3. If composite samples are required by the monitoring program, a sterile container will be utilised to deposit and homogenize the subsamples, until the composite sample is fully mixed. The composite sample will then be transferred to the identified sample jars by alternating aliquots.
- 4. The quantity and holding time of samples obtained will depend on the prescribed analyses.

5.2.3 LAKE SAMPLING

For monitoring of sediment character and quality in lakes, a depth sampler will be used. The preferred sample apparatus for lake sediment samples are gravity percussion corers, since they allow for retrieval and analysis of sediment profiles. A *Petite Ponar* can also be used, but will not provide sediment profiles. Generally, forms of gravity percussion corers consist of a clear polycarbonate sample core tube attached to a weighted upper head assembly and a seal mechanism. The top two centimeters of sediment from the core samples will be retained for laboratory analysis unless sampling objectives state otherwise.

Sediment lake sampling procedures will follow the general procedures stated in Section 5.2.1 and the following additional QA/QC considerations for a gravity percussion corer:

- 1. Sampling station locations will be dependent upon the monitoring program objectives and the lake dimensions. When sampling from a watercraft, all efforts will be made to anchor the boat stationary over the sampling location. Map coordinates for all lake sampling station locations will be recorded using a handheld GPS unit.
- The corer will be positioned perpendicular to the water surface prior to release. The penetration depth of the core tube is affected by the depth of water, angle of corer deployment and substrate type.
- 3. Once the corer is embedded in the substrate, the stainless steel messenger will be sent down the corer rope to release the ball-type seal. This seal creates a vacuum in the core tube, retaining the sampled sediment.
- 4. Upon retrieval, the bottom of the core tube will be plugged using an extruding plug prior to breaking the air-water interface. This procedure will prevent sample loss.
- 5. An extruding apparatus will be used to force the extruding plug through the core tube moving the sediment sample to the end of tube allowing the top two centimetres (2 cm) to be scooped out and placed in a clean stainless steel bowl for sample homogenization.
- 6. Multiple core samples (generally three or more) are required per sample station to obtain the required sample volume. The multiple core samples are homogenized in the stainless steel bowl, removing any excess water or debris.
- 7. The sample containers will be filled by alternating aliquots between each of the containers.



- 8. After the top two centimeters (2 cm) are retained, the remaining, unused sediments within the core tube will be placed into a bucket and only released once all core sampling is complete at that particular station.
- 9. Depending upon the lake area and depth, multiple sampling stations will likely be required to adequately characterize lake sediment quality.

6 BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES SAMPLE COLLECTION

For a complete list of required analyses at pre-established monitoring stations, see Baffinland's Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039). Samples will be submitted to an analytical laboratory for processing and taxonomic identification. Laboratory methods for benthic invertebrate samples will be in accordance with guidance provided by Environment Canada (2012). Field observations and parameters if warranted should be recorded during the collection of benthic invertebrate samples.

6.1 BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE MONITORING LOCATIONS

This Plan addresses the collection of benthic invertebrate samples at the Project, including the:

• Collection of benthic invertebrate samples from the Project area and reference lakes, streams and rivers to determine potential mine related effects on benthic invertebrate communities.

6.2 BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE SAMPLING METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

Benthic invertebrate samples follow the same general procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1. Benthic invertebrates can be collected from either depositional (lake) or erosional (stream) sample locations. A *Petite Ponar* is utilised when sampling depositional environments while a *Surber sampler* is utilised when sampling erosional environments. For a complete list of depositional and erosional sample methods, refer to the Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039). Benthic invertebrate samples will be carefully sieved through 500-µm mesh. All materials, including invertebrates, retained by the mesh will be transferred to labeled plastic jars and fixed with 10% buffered formalin. Fixed and labeled samples will be shipped to an analytical laboratory for processing and archiving.



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7 QA/QC

For monitoring of QA/QC during sample collection and shipping, a set of QA/QC samples will be routinely submitted for analysis from prescribed sampling programs. Sampling programs will each have separate QA/QC samples submitted with the regular water samples. Descriptions of the QA/QC samples that will be used are presented in Table 7.1. Ten percent (10%) of all samples will consist of QA/QC samples including field blanks, travel blanks and field duplicates. For example, a monitoring program with 30 samples would consist of 27 monitoring samples and three (3) QA/QC samples. Equipment blanks, if required i.e. for Kemmerer use, are performed on an as needed basis to ensure sampling equipment is properly cleaned and maintained and free of contaminants, and do not count towards the ten percent (10%) QA/QC samples requirement.

7.1 SAMPLING PROGRAMS WITH MULTIPLE SAMPLING STATIONS

For sampling programs with multiple sampling locations (i.e. SNP and AEMP), QA/QC samples will be performed randomly to avoid bias and care will be taken to ensure that the same stations are not sampled repeatedly for QA/QC samples.

7.2 SAMPLING PROGRAMS WITH LIMITED SAMPLING STATIONS

Sampling programs with limited sampling stations (e.g. MDMER) will require at least one QA/QC sample per sampling round. A field duplicate, field blank or travel blank must be taken during each sampling session. This may result in over sampling for QA/QC, but will ensure there is sufficient data to identify any anomalies.

7.3 QA/QC DATA ANALYSIS

In the interest of transparency, the analytical laboratories will also be instructed to report the results of their own in-house QA/QC testing (e.g. results of random replicate analyses of submitted samples).

The results of QA/QC analyses will be routinely reviewed by Baffinland or their designate, and any anomalous results will be promptly investigated with the assistance of the analytical laboratory if required. The following data quality objectives (DQO) will be used; the purpose of comparing data to the DQO is to evaluate whether the data adequately reflects the actual conditions and can be used with confidence to derive study conclusions.

Field, Trip and Equipment Blanks:

- Concentrations should be non-detectable, with a DQO of within five (5) times the respective laboratory lowest reportable detection limit for that parameter
 - If sample results are ≤ five (5) times greater than the respective external laboratory's lowest detection limit for that parameter, it is considered that such small differences account for generic noise around the limit.

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 If sample results are > five (5) times greater than the respective external laboratory's lowest detection limit for that parameter, the detected concentration is considered significant and any atmospheric and/or sample handling influences should be investigated.

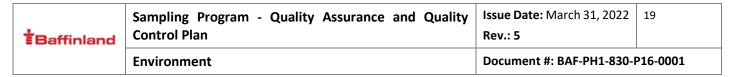
Field Duplicates:

- Field duplicate and the parent sample pairs should meet the DQO of ≤ 30% relative percent difference (RPD) in parameter concentrations of individual parameters analyses
 - RPD will be calculated where RPD = (ABS[Result1 Result2]/ Mean)*100
 - If calculations include a result that is below detection limits, the value of the detection limit will be used
- If there are RPD >30%, the samples results should be compared against the laboratory lowest reportable detection limit for that parameter.
 - If sample results are ≤ five (5) times greater than the respective external laboratory's lowest detection limit for that parameter, it is considered that such small differences between sample results resulted in a relatively high RPD.
 - If sample results are > five (5) times greater than the respective external laboratory's lowest detection limit for that parameter, the RPD is considered significant and the methodology of the sampling should be investigated.

Once the reason for the anomalous results is identified, Baffinland will ensure that operating procedures of field staff and/or the analytical laboratory will be altered in order to address the issue. Compliance monitoring and data management for water licence sampling will be conducted by Baffinland, with the assistance of a designate as required.

TABLE 7.1 - QA/QC SAMPLE TYPES - PURPOSE, DESCRIPTION AND FREQENCY

QA/QC Sample Type	Purpose	Description	Frequency	Prepared By
Field blank	Identification of potential contaminants arising from sample collection, such as atmospheric contaminants. The field blank bottle is filled with laboratory supplied deionized water and the bottle is opened and preserved in the field, and is handled concurrently and in the same manner as other sample bottles in the field. The bottle is then submitted as a routine sample.	Bottle contains prefilled deionized water. Bottle is handled the same as one would handle the samples.	Ten percent (10%) of all samples collected will be QA/QC.	Analytical laboratory or Field Staff
Travel blank Identification of potential contaminants arising from sample storage, shipping and laboratory handling. The travel blank de		Sealed bottle containing deionized water provided by analytical laboratory.		Analytical laboratory or Field Staff



Blind Field duplicate	Assesses sample variability and precision of laboratory analytical methods. Collected from a randomly selected location, split from a homogenized sample or collected simultaneously and analyzed separately in the laboratory. The duplicate samples are handled and analyzed in an identical manner in the laboratory.	Duplicate sample selected at random. A large sterile bottle is used to collect the water and transfer it equally into two sets of pre-labeled bottles; alternatively, samples are collected simultaneously from a stream etc. Duplicate samples labeled with a unique ID such that the analytical laboratory cannot determine the matching sample ID.		Field Staff
Equipment blank	Assesses cross contamination from field water sampling equipment (e.g. Kemmerer). Rinse deionized water through water sampling equipment and transfer to sample bottles, then preserve and ship to the laboratory.	Bottle contains deionized water that has been rinsed through the sampling equipment.	Collected prior to and after completion of sampling program (if required/ as needed). Not included in the ten percent (10%) calculation of other QA/QC samples.	Field Staff

8 SAMPLE MANAGEMENT

8.1 SAMPLE LABELING

Accurate sample labeling is essential for subsequent interpretation of field data. Ensure that labels are legible and written with permanent ink (pen, marker, etc.). For a complete list of the predetermined sample labels at monitoring stations, please refer to the Type 'A' Water Licence and Aquatic Effects Monitoring Plan (BAF-PH1-830-P16-0039).

A consistent format for identifying samples must be followed if a predetermined sample label does not exist in order to facilitate accurate sample tracking and to ensure sample labels are interpreted in the same manner by all personnel involved in the program.

Samples must be uniquely identified with the following information:

- Sample ID
- Sampling date and time
- Project identifier
- Company name

8.2 SAMPLE STORAGE AND HANDLING

Physical, chemical and biochemical reactions may take place in the sample container between the time of sample collection and laboratory analysis. Samples will be placed in iced coolers and shipped to the analytical laboratory as soon as possible after collection, consulting stipulated analytical holding times



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(Appendix F), to minimize these changes. Samples that are not shipped offsite the same day that they are collected will be refrigerated until they are ready to be shipped offsite in iced coolers. Coolers and sample bottles will be kept clean and free of debris to prevent sample contamination during shipment. Care will be taken to ensure that bottles are stored upright and are packed securely within the cooler and glass bottles are wrapped in bubble wrap or similar cushioning materials. Leak-proof ice packs or loose ice secured in sealed plastic bags will be used for keeping samples at a cool temperature during shipping. It is important to prevent melt water from accumulating in the bottom of the cooler, which can cause labels to peel and become illegible. Additional plastic bags may be required to separate melt water from the bottles.

Biological samples (e.g. benthic invertebrates) preserved using formalin or Lugol's solution can be held at room temperature until submission to the analytical laboratory.

8.3 SAMPLE SUBMISSION AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

A chain of custody (COC) form will accompany all samples being submitted to ensure that the required analyses are completed and to confirm receipt of samples by the laboratory (see example form presented in Appendix B). Prior to shipment, samples should be carefully prepared for shipping and sample bottles listed on the COC must be reconciled with what has physically been placed in the shipping container. The collection of samples that are time sensitive needs to coincide with shipping schedules, travel time to the laboratory, and laboratory business hours; refer to section 8.4. A record of all COCs submitted for laboratory analytical testing must be kept on site. Information on the COC must include the following details that are required both for lab use and for data validation purposes to enable uploading into an environmental database (see example form presented in Appendix B):

- Project name (Job #).
- Address of analytical laboratory, name of contact person and contact details.
- Name of sampler.
- Sampling date and time.
- Indicate if samples are filtered (F), preserved (P) or filtered and preserved (F/P). If filtering and/or preservation at the laboratory are required leave the space provided in the COC blank.
- List of sample I.D.'s ("sys_sample_code"); these are typically automatically formulated by inputting the sample locations ("sys_loc_code"), and sampling date.
- Field Matrix (e.g. incinerator ash (ASH), groundwater (WG), surface water (WS), wastewater effluent (WW) or potable/drinking water (WP))
- Number of sample bottles per sample and analysis requested.
- Urgency of analysis (e.g. rush or normal). For rush samples the analytical laboratory should be notified ahead of time.
- Submission date and time.
- Comments on any unusual conditions and other important information.



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8.4 SAMPLE SHIPMENTS

Sampling programs and associated logistics will be planned ahead of time to ensure samples collected are analyzed within the appropriate holding time (refer to BAF-PH1-830-PRO-0015 – Environment Shipping Procedure). Considerations for sample shipment logistics that are outlined in the Shipping Procedure (BAF-PH1-830-PRO-0015) include, but are not limited to:

- Timing of sample arrival at external laboratories, impacted by courier abilities and lab closures on weekends or holidays
- Availability of flights leaving site, impacted by weather, weight restrictions and flight delays
- Poor weather; impacting flight times and courier abilities to ship samples
- Contingency time remaining in the week or month that includes available contingency flights for any required re-sampling (sample program dependent)
- Advanced shipment notifications to logistics personnel, such as aircraft cargo personnel and couriers, including the requirement for logistics personnel to notify BIM of any delays or discrepancies in the shipment processes

The timing of sample collection must coincide with outbound flights offsite in such a way that samples will arrive at the external laboratory within hold times outlined in Appendix F. Timing of sample collection must also account for shipment logistics considerations, such as those outlined above.

Every effort will be made to prevent inadvertent freezing of water samples (due to on-site climatic conditions) which could affect analytical results for parameters.

Exceptions to these protocols will be documented.



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9 LABORATORY ANALYSIS

9.1 LABORATORY ACCREDITATION

Laboratory analysis of samples is performed by an on-site analytical laboratory and off-site accredited analytical laboratories. The on-site laboratory is operated by ALS Canada LTD. and is located at the Mine Site. A select set of general chemistry analytical parameters (e.g. pH, TDS, TSS, turbidity, etc.), are performed by the on-site laboratory. The off-site laboratory, ALS Environmental, located in Waterloo, ON, run by ALS Canada Ltd. performs the majority of analyses required. Toxicity testing is typically performed by Aquatox Testing & Consulting Inc., located in Guelph, ON. Details of ALS analytical laboratory licencing and accreditation are presented in Appendix C.

9.2 ANALYTICAL DETECTION LIMITS

ALS Limits of Reporting (LORs) are established using rigorous experimental and statistical procedures that begin with the determination of the Method Detection Limit (MDL) at 99% confidence. When detected at or above the MDL, ALS test results are considered qualitatively accurate, and a parameter can be reported with 99% confidence as being present in the sample.

It should be noted that on occasion, a loss of analytical sensitivity could be encountered due to excessively high concentrations of parameters within a sample or lack of provided sample matrix. If this is encountered, Baffinland or their designate will work with the analytical laboratory to try to resolve the problem and new samples will be collected if required. The detection limits on ALS analytical reports contains the LORs. The LORs may be the MDL as calculated, or a higher value. Required analytical laboratory detection limits are provided in Appendix D.

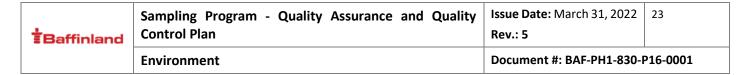
9.3 LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS

Analytical methods used by the analytical laboratories for water analyses generally conform to the standard methods outlined in *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater* (APHA et al, 1989). Standard analytical methods for available analyses through ALS Environmental are provided in Appendix D.

9.4 ANALYTICAL LABORATORY QA/QC PROCEDURES

ALS Environmental adheres to a designated QA/QC Management System, which includes documentation and document control, staff training and internal audits. The practices exceed accreditation requirements for high confidence in data reliability utilizing but not limited to the following:

- Calibration verification standards and drift control standards.
- Surrogate standards and internal standards.
- Replicate analyses and blanks on submitted samples.



- Use of standard reference materials (SRMs) and matrix spikes.
- Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) are established for each QC sample, based on a combination of reference method objectives, customer requirements and historical test method performance. Where applicable, prescriptive elements of reference methods take precedence over internal DQOs.

Additional details on the analytical laboratories in-house QA/QC protocols are presented in Appendix E.

10 DATA MANAGEMENT

All sample data collected by Baffinland or designate consultants from the various environmental programs required on Project sites will be stored electronically in a spreadsheet database (Microsoft Excel) or using alternative software designed specifically for environmental data management (EQuis).

QA/QC measures relating to data validation will include the following:

- 1. Designation of a suitable person to act as the Database Manager (DM).
- 2. Upon receipt, laboratory analytical data will be reviewed by the DM to check for completeness, typos, outlying values, etc. The analytical laboratory will be immediately notified of any anomalous results.
- 3. At a suitable frequency (e.g. once per month) the spreadsheet database should be updated by the DM using: i) results provided in electronic format by the analytical laboratories, and ii) copies of the field parameter monitoring records forwarded from site
- 4. The DM will be responsible for ensuring that a third party (e.g. another staff member) carries out a QA/QC check on a minimum of ten percent of newly entered data.

11 TRAINING

Environment personnel performing environmental monitoring programs will be required to understand and be proficient in the protocols outlined in this Plan. Training will involve Environmental Coordinators and Specialists conducting routine reviews of this Plan with environmental personnel and leading in-field training sessions. Environmental personnel will also be trained and proficient in the operation, calibration and maintenance of any necessary sampling equipment (e.g. YSI Sonde).



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12 REFERENCES

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Appendix	A –	Baffinland	Cor	porate	Poli	icies
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Sustainable Development Policy

At Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation (Baffinland), we are committed to conducting all aspects of our business in accordance with the principles of sustainable development & corporate responsibility and always with the needs of future generations in mind. Baffinland conducts its business in accordance with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Everything we do is underpinned by our responsibility to protect the environment, to operate safely and fiscally responsibly and with utmost respect for the cultural values and legal rights of Inuit. We expect each and every employee, contractor, and visitor to demonstrate courageous leadership in personally committing to this policy through their actions. The four pillars of our corporate responsibility strategy are:

1. Health and Safety

3. Upholding Human Rights of Stakeholders

2. Environment

4. Transparent Governance

Health and Safety

- We strive to achieve the safest workplace for our employees and contractors; free from occupational injury and illness, where everyone goes home safe everyday of their working life. Why? Because our people are our greatest asset. Nothing is as important as their health and safety. Our motto is "Safety First, Always"
- We report, manage and learn from injuries, illnesses and high potential incidents to foster a workplace culture focused on safety and the prevention of incidents
- We foster and maintain a positive culture of shared responsibility based on participation, behaviour, awareness and promoting active courageous leadership. We allow our employees and contractors the right to stop any work if and when they see something that is not safe

Environment

- Baffinland employs a balance of the best scientific and traditional Inuit knowledge to safeguard the environment
- We apply the principles of pollution prevention, waste reduction and continuous improvement to minimize ecosystem impacts, and facilitate biodiversity conservation
- We continuously seek to use energy, raw materials and natural resources more efficiently and effectively. We strive to develop more sustainable practices. We strive to develop more sustainable practices
- Baffinland ensures that an effective closure strategy is in place at all stages of project development to ensure reclamation objectives are met

Upholding Human Rights of Stakeholders

- We respect human rights, the dignity of others and the diversity in our workforce. Baffinland honours and respects the unique cultural values and traditions of Inuit
- Baffinland does not tolerate discrimination against individuals on the basis of race, colour, gender, religion, political opinion, nationality or social origin, or harassment of individuals freely employed
- Baffinland contributes to the social, cultural and economic development of sustainable communities in the North Baffin Region

Baffinland

Sustainable Development Policy

- We honour our commitments by being sensitive to local needs and priorities through engagement with local communities, governments, employees and the public. We work in active partnership to create a shared understanding of relevant social, economic and environmental issues, and take their views into consideration when making decisions
- We expect our employees and contractors, as well as community members, to bring human rights concerns to
 our attention through our external grievance mechanism and internal human resources channels. Baffinland is
 committed to engaging with our communities of interest on our human rights impacts and to reporting on our
 performance

Transparent Governance

- Baffinland will take steps to understand, evaluate and manage risks on a continuing basis, including those that may impact the environment, employees, contractors, local communities, customers and shareholders.
- Baffinland endeavours to ensure that adequate resources are available and that systems are in place to implement risk-based management systems, including defined standards and objectives for continuous improvement.
- We measure and review performance with respect to our safety, health, environmental, socio-economic commitments and set annual targets and objectives.
- Baffinland conducts all activities in compliance with the highest applicable legal & regulatory requirements and internal standards.
- We strive to employ our shareholder's capital effectively and efficiently and demonstrate honesty and integrity by applying the highest standards of ethical conduct.

Brian Penney

Chief Executive Officer

March 2016



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Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation

Health, Safety and Environment Policy BAF-PH1-800-POL-0001

Rev 3

Bui Pan

Approved by: Brian Penney

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 3rd, 2019

Signature:



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Company Wide	Document #: BAF-PH1-800-POL-0001	

DOCUMENT REVISION RECORD

Issue Date MM/DD/YY	Revision	Prepared By	Approved By	Issue Purpose
05/07/15	0	EM	TP	For Use
03/07/16	1	JS	ВР	Minor edits
04/20/18	2	TS	SA/BP	Minor edits
05/03/19	3	TS	BP	Minor edits



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Health, Safety and Environment Policy	Revision: 3	
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This Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation Policy on Health, Safety and Environment is a statement of our commitment to achieving a safe, healthy and environmentally responsible workplace. We will not compromise this policy for the achievement of any other organizational goals.

We implement this Policy through the following commitments:

- Continual improvement of safety, occupational health and environmental performance
- Meeting or exceeding the requirements of regulations and company policies
- Integrating sustainable development principles into our decision-making processes
- Maintaining an effective Health, Safety and Environmental Management System
- Sharing and adopting improved technologies and best practices to prevent injuries, occupational illnesses and environmental impacts
- Engaging stakeholders through open and transparent communication.
- Efficiently using resources, and practicing responsible minimization, reuse, recycling and disposal of waste.
- Reclamation of lands to a condition acceptable to stakeholders.

Our commitment to provide the leadership and action necessary to accomplish this policy is exemplified by the following principles:

- As evidenced by our motto "Safety First, Always" and our actions Health and Safety of personnel and protection of the environment are values not priorities.
- All injuries, occupational illnesses and environmental impacts can be prevented.
- Employee involvement and active contribution through courageous leadership is essential for preventing injuries, occupational illnesses and environmental impacts.
- Working in a manner that is healthy, safe and environmentally sound is a condition of employment.
- All operating exposures can be safeguarded.
- Training employees to work in a manner that is healthy, safe and environmentally sound is essential.
- Prevention of personal injuries, occupational illnesses and environmental impacts is good business.
- Respect for the communities in which we operate is the basis for productive relationships.



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We have a responsibility to provide a safe workplace and utilize systems of work to meet this goal. All employees must be clear in understanding the personal responsibilities and accountabilities in relation to the tasks we undertake.

The health and safety of all people working at our operation and responsible management of the environment are core values to Baffinland. In ensuring our overall profitability and business success every Baffinland and business partner employee working at our work sites is required to adhere to this Policy.

Brian Penney

Chief Executive Officer

May 2019

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Appendix B – COC Example Form

Chain of Custody (COC) / Analytical Request Form

(ALS)	www.alsglobal.com

Canada Toll Free: 1 800 668 9878

COC Number: 20 -

Report To Contact and company name below will appear on the final report Reports / Recipients Turnaround Time (TAT) Reques	estea		
Company: Select Report Format:	pply		
Contact: Merge QC/QCI Reports with COA YES N/A 4 day [P4] if received by 3pm M-F - 20% rush surchan	irge minimum		
Phone: Compare Results to Criteria on Report - provide details below if box checked 3 day [P3] if received by 3pm M-F - 25% rush surchar		AFFIX ALS BARCODE LABEL HERE (ALS use only)	
Company address below will appear on the final report Select Distribution: EMAIL MAIL FAX 2 day [P2] if received by 3pm M-F - 50% rush surchard 1 day [E] if received by 3pm M-F - 100% ru	-	(== === === ,	
Street: Email 1 or Fax Same day [E2] if received by 10am M-S - 200% rush s	surcharge. Additional		
City/Province: Email 2 Fee may apply to rush resuests on weekends, statutory routine tests	y holidays and non-		
Postal Code: Email 3 Date and Time Required for all E&P TATs:	dd-	-mmm-yy hh:mm am/pm	
Invoice To Same as Report To YES NO Invoice Recipients For tests that can not be performed a	according to the TAT requ	ested, you will be contacted.	
Copy of Invoice with Report YES NO Select Invoice Distribution: EMAIL AIL FAX	Analysis Request		
Company: Email 1 or Fax Indicate Filtered (F), Preserved (P)	Indicate Filtered (F), Preserved (P) or Filtered and Preserved (F/P)		
Contact: Email 2		(Se)	
Contact: Email 2 Project Information Oil and Gas Required Fields (client use) ALS Account # / Quote #: AFE/Cost Center: PO# Job #: Requisitioner:			
ALS Account # / Quote #: AFE/Cost Center: PO#			
Job #: Routing Code: Ruing Code:			
PO / AFE: Requisitioner:			
LSD: Location: lull lull		ON HOLD TORAGE RE	
ALS Lab Work Order # (lab use only): ALS Contact: Sampler:		SAMPLES ON HOLD EXTENDED STORAGE REQUIRED SUSPECTED HAZARD (see notes)	
ALS Lab Work Order # (lab use only): ALS Sample # (lab use only) (SYS_SAMPLE_CODE) Sample Location (SYS_LOC_CODE) (dd-mmm-yy) (hh:mm) Field Matrix			
ALS Sample # Sample Identification (fills automatically) Sample Location Sampling Date Time Field Matrix			
(lab use only) (SYS_SAMPLE_CODE) (SYS_LOC_CODE) (dd-mmm-yy) (hh:mm)			
	- 		
	- - - 		
	- 		
	 		
		 	
CARD F DEC	EIPT DETAILS (lab us	an anhi)	
Drinking Water (DW) Samples (client use)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
(Excer COC only) Cooling Method: NONE I ICE		ZEN COOLING INITIATED	
Are samples taken from a Regulated DW System? Submission Comments identified on Sample Regulated DW System?	<u> </u>	YES NO	
		tody Seals Intact: YES N/A	
Are samples for human consumption/ use?	FI	INAL COOLER TEMPERATURES °C	
☐ YES ☐ NO			
	HIPMENT RECEPTION	·	
Released by: Date: Time: Received by: Date: Time: Received by:	Date:	Time:	
REFER TO BACK PAGE FOR ALS LOCATIONS AND SAMPLING INFORMATION WHITE - LABORATORY COPY YELLOW - CLIENT COPY		AUG 2020 FRONT	

	Sampling Program - Quality Assurance and Quality	Issue Date: March 31, 2022	С
Baffinland	Control Plan	Rev.: 5	
	Environment	Document #: BAF-PH1-830-P16-0001	

Appendix C – Analytical Laboratory Certificate and Scope of Accreditation

Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc.



Certificate of Accreditation

ALS Environmental (Waterloo)
ALS Canada Ltd.
60 Northland Rd., Unit 1
Waterloo, Ontario

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Accreditation No.: A3149

Accreditation Date: January 3, 2005

Expiry Date: February 16, 2023

ans

CA

3.68

This certificate is the property of the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. and must be returned on request; reproduction must follow policy in place at date of issue. For the specific tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's scope of accreditation at www.cala.ca.



CALA Directory of Laboratories

Membership Number: 3149

Laboratory Name: ALS Environmental (Waterloo)

Parent Institution: ALS Canada Ltd.

Address: 60 Northland Rd. Unit 1 Waterloo ON N2V 2B8

Contact: Mr. Cameron McIntosh

Phone: (519) 886-6910 **Fax:** (519) 886-9047

Email: alswt.quality@alsglobal.com; linda.neimor@alsglobal.com

Standard: Conforms with requirements of ISO/IEC 17025

Clients Served: All Interested Parties Revised On: December 11, 2020 Valid To: February 16, 2023

Scope of Accreditation

Air (Inorganic)

Fixed Gases - Air (180)

WT-TM-1703; modified from ASTM D1946-90 and EPA 3C

GC/FID & TCD - GC/FID & TCD

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Methane

Nitrogen

Oxygen

Air (Organic)

Reduced Sulphur Compounds - Air (201) WT-TM-1704; modified from ASTM 5504-12 GC/SCD-PASSIVATE CANISTER

2-Ethylthiophene

2-Methylthiophene

2,5-Dimethylthiophene

3-Methylthiophene

Butyl mercaptan (1-Butanethiol)

Carbon disulfide

Carbonyl sulfide

Diethyl disulfide

Diethyl sulfide

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Dimethyl disulfide

Dimethyl sulfide

Ethyl mercaptan (Ethanethiol)

Ethyl methyl sulfide

Hydrogen Sulfide

Isobutyl mercaptan (2-Methyl-1-propanethiol)

Isopropyl mercaptan (2-Propanethiol)

Methyl mercaptan (Methanethiol)

Propyl mercaptan (1-Propanethiol)

sec-Butyl mercaptan (2-Butanethiol)

tert-Butyl mercaptan (2-Methyl-2-propanethiol, tert-Butylthiol, TBM)

Tetrahydrothiophene

Thiophene

Air (Organic)

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) - Air (202)

WT-TM-1701; modified from EPA TO-15

GC/MS-PASSIVE CANNISTER

- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethene
- 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)
- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2-Dichloroethane
- 1,2-Dichloropropane
- 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,3-Butadiene
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane)
- 2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone, MEK)
- 2-Chlorotoluene
- 2-Ethyltoluene
- 2-Hexanone (Methyl butyl ketone, MBK)
- 2-Methyl-1,3-butadiene (Isoprene)
- 2-Methylbutane (Isopentane)
- 2-Methylpentane
- 2-Propanol (Isopropyl alcohol)
- 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (Isooctane)
- 3-Methylhexane

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3-Methylpentane

4-Ethyltoluene (1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene)

4-isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)

Acetone (2-Propanone)

Acetonitrile

Acrolein (Propenal)

Acrylonitrile

Aliphatic >C10-C12

Aliphatic >C12-C16

Aliphatic C6-C8

Aliphatic >C8-C10

Allyl chloride (3-chloropropene)

Aromatic >C10-C12 fraction

Aromatic >C10-C16 fraction

Aromatic C6-C8 fraction

Aromatic >C8-C10 fraction

Benzene

Benzyl chloride (a-Chlorotoluene)

Bromodichloromethane

Bromoethene (Vinyl bromide)

Bromoform

Bromomethane

Butane

Carbon disulfide

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chlorodifluoromethane

Chloroethane (Ethyl Chloride)

Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)

Chloroform

Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Cyclohexane

Dibromochloromethane

Dibromomethane

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)

Ethanol

Ethyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

F1

F2

Freon 113

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Freon 114

Hexachlorobutadiene

Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)

m,p-Xylene

Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)

Methyl methacrylate

Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)

n-Decane

n-Heptane

n-Hexane

n-Pentane

n-Propylbenzene

Naphthalene

Nonane

o-Xylene

Octane

Propene (Propylene)

Styrene

tert-Butanol (2-Methyl-2-propanol)

Tetrachloroethylene

Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Toluene

Total C>10-C12

Total C>12-C16

Total C>8-C10

Total C6-C8

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Trichloroethylene

Trichlorofluoromethane

Vinyl acetate

Air (Organic)

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) - Air (203)

WT-TM-1700: modified from EPA TO-17

GC/MS-SORBENT TUBE

- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethene
- 1,1-Dichloropropene
- 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,2-Dibromoethane (Ethylene dibromide)
- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2-Dichloroethane
- 1,2-Dichloropropane

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- 1,2,3-Trichloropropane
- 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,3-Butadiene
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,3-Dichloropropane
- 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane)
- 2-Chlorotoluene
- 2-Methylnaphthalene
- 2-Propanol (Isopropyl alcohol)
- 2,2-Dichloropropane
- 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (Isooctane)
- 4-Chlorotoluene (p-Chlorotoluene)
- 4-Ethyltoluene (1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene)
- 4-isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)
- 4-Phenylcyclohexene

Acetone (2-Propanone)

Allyl chloride (3-chloropropene)

Benzene

Benzyl chloride (a-Chlorotoluene)

Bromochloromethane

Bromodichloromethane

Bromoform

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chloroethane (Ethyl Chloride)

Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)

Chloroform

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Cyclohexane

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Decamethyltetrasiloxane

Decane

Dibromochloromethane

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)

Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane

Dodecamethylpentasiloxane

Ethyl acetate

Ethylbenzene

Heptane

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Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane

Hexamethyldisiloxane

Hexane

m,p-Xylene

n-Butylbenzene

n-Propylbenzene

Naphthalene

Nonane

o-Xylene

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Octamethyltrisiloxane

Octane

sec-Butylbenzene

Stvrene

tert-Butylbenzene

Tetrachloroethylene

Tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Toluene

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Trichloroethene

Trichlorofluoromethane

Biosolids (Microbiology)

Escherichia coli (E. coli) - Biosolids (087) WT-TM-1200; modified from ON MOECC E3433 MEMBRANE FILTRATION (mFC-BCIG)

Escherichia coli (E. coli)

Biosolids (Organic)

Nonylphenol and Nonylphenol Ethoxylates - Biosolids (165)

WT-TM-1521; modified from JOURNAL OF CHROMATOGRAPHY A, 849 (1999) 467-482

LC/MS - EXTRACTION

Bisphenol A

Nonylphenol Diethoxylate (NP2EO)

Nonviphenol Ethoxylates

Nonylphenol Monoethoxylates (NP1EO)

Nonylphenols

Octylphenol Diethoxylate (OP2EO)

Octylphenol Monoethoxylate (OP1EO)

Octylphenol (OP)

Serum (Organic)

Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) - Biomaterials [Serum] (196)

WT-TM-1565: J. ANALY, TOXICOL, 34: 400-410

LC/MS/MS

Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS, Perfluorodecanesulfonate)

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Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS, Perfluorohexanesulfonate)

Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA, Perfluorononanoate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS, Perfluorooctanesulfonate)

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA, Perfluorooctanoate)

Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA, Perfluorotetradecanoate)

Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA, Perfluoroundecanoate)

Soil (Organic)

Pesticides - Solids [Soil] (208)

WT-TM-1589; modified from ON MOECC E3501

LC/MS/MS

Atrazine

Atrazine-2-hydroxy

Azoxystrobin

Boscalid

Bromacil

Carbaryl

Chlorantraniliprole

DCPMU

Desethyl atrazine

Desethyl atrazine + Desisopropyl atrazine

Desisopropyl atrazine

Diuron

Fludioxonil

Imidacloprid

Linuron

Metalaxyl

Myclobutanil

Propiconazole

Pyraclostrobin

Simazine

Tebuthiuron

Trifloxystrobin

Triticonazole

Soil (Organic)

Phenoxy Acid Herbicides - Solids [Soil] (210)

WT-TM-1591; modified from ON MOECC E3552

LC/MS/MS

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4-D)

2,4-Dichlorophenoxybutyric acid (2,4-DB)

2,4-Dichlorophenoxypropionic acid (2,4-DP, Dichlorprop)

2,4,5-TP (Silvex)

2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid (2,4,5-T)

Asulam

Brodifacoum

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Bromoxynil
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Clopyralid

Dicamba

Diflufenican

Dinoseb

MCPA (2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid)

MCPB (4-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)butanoic acid)

MCPP (Mecoprop, Methylchlorophenoxypropionic acid)

Nicarbazin

Oryzalin

Picloram

Propanil

Terbacil

Triclopyr

Solids (Inorganic)

Acid Volatile Sulphide (AVS) - Solids (226)

WT-TM-1003; SM 4500-S2-J

COLORIMETRIC

Acid Volatile Sulphide

Solids (Inorganic)

Ammonia - Solids [Soil] (225)

WT-TM-1043; modified from JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (2005) SECTION 7, P. 37-42 (ANALYSIS) and SM 4500-NH3 B (PREPARATION)

FLUOROMETRIC

Ammonia

Solids (Inorganic)

Anions - Solids (136)

NA-TM-1001, NA-TM-1700; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 300.1 (ANALYSIS)

ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC) - TCLP

Fluoride

Nitrate

Nitrite

Solids (Inorganic)

Anions - Solids [Sludge, Soil] (041)

NA-TM-1001, WT-TP-2013; modified from EPA 300.1

ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC)

Bromide

Chloride

Fluoride

Nitrate-N

Nitrite

Sulphate

Solids (Inorganic)

Conductivity - Solids [Soil] (109)

WT-TM-1010; modified from SM 2510 B

CONDUCTIVITY METER

Conductivity (25°C)

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Solids (Inorganic)

Cyanide - Solids [Soil] (079)

NA-TM-1003, WT-TP-2011; modified from ASTM D7237-15A and EPA 9013A and ISO 14403 and SM 4500-CN- I AUTOMATED COLORIMETRIC - DIGESTION

Cyanide, Free

Cyanide (SAD)

Cyanide (WAD)

Solids (Inorganic)

Hexavalent Chromium - Solids [Soil] (158)

WT-TM-1035; modified from EPA 1636 and EPA 3060 and EPA 7199

ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC)

Hexavalent Chromium

Solids (Inorganic)

Hot Water Soluble Boron - Solids [Soil] (186)

NA-TP-2010, WT-TM-1026; modified from EPA 6010C and SOIL SAMPLING & METHODS OF ANALYSIS, CARTER, 2008

ICP/OES

Boron (Hot Water Soluble)

Solids (Inorganic)

Mercury - Solids (139)

NA-TM-1005, NA-TM-1700; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 1631E (ANALYSIS)

COLD VAPOUR ATOMIC ABSORPTION (CVAA) - TCLP

Mercury

Solids (Inorganic)

Mercury - Solids [Compost, Sludge, Soil] (050)

NA-TM-1005, NA-TP-2004; modified from EPA 1631E and EPA 200.2

COLD VAPOUR ATOMIC ABSORPTION (CVAA)

Mercury

Solids (Inorganic)

Metals - Solids (138)

NA-TM-1002, NA-TM-1700; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 6020B (ANALYSIS)

ICP/MS - TCLP

Antimony

Arsenic

Barium

Beryllium

Bismuth

Boron

Cadmium

Calcium

Chromium

Iron

Lead

Lithium

Magnesium

Manganese

Potassium

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Selenium Silver Sodium Strontium Sulphur (Sulfur) Thallium Tin Uranium Zinc Zirconium Solids (Inorganic) Metals - Solids [Compost, Sediment, Sludge, Soil] (006) NA-TM-1002, NA-TP-2004; modified from EPA 200.2 and EPA 6020B ICP/MS Aluminum **Antimony** Arsenic **Barium** Beryllium **Bismuth Boron** Cadmium Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Iron Lead Lithium Magnesium Manganese Molybdenum Nickel **Phosphorus** Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium

Strontium

Sulphur (Sulfur)

Thallium

Tin

Titanium

Uranium

Vanadium

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Zinc

Solids (Inorganic)

Metals - Solids [Soil] (187)

WT-TM-1026, WT-TP-1012; modified from EPA 6010C and SOIL SAMPLING & METHODS OF ANALYSIS, CARTER 2ND EDITION, 2008, CHAP. 15.2.2

ICP/OES - FIXED RATIO EXTRACTION

Calcium

Magnesium

Sodium

Solids (Inorganic)

Moisture - Solids [Soil] (188)

NA-TM-1200; REFERÈNCE METHOD FOR THE CANADA-WIDE STANDARD FOR PERTROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD & ADDENDUM. CCME DECEMBER 2000. NO. 1310 GRAVIMETRIC

Percent Moisture

Solids (Inorganic)

Oil and Grease - Solids [Sludge, Soil] (031)

WT-TM-1100; modified from EPA 8015 and SM 5520 B and SM 5520 D and SM 5520 E and SM 5520 F GRAVIMETRIC - EXTRACTION

Mineral Oil and Grease

Total Oil and Grease

Solids (Inorganic)

Particle Size Analysis (PSA) - Solids [Soil] (156)

WT-TM-1034; modified from SOIL SAMPLING & METHODS OF ANALYSIS CAN. SOCIETY OF SOIL SCIENCE (1993)

SEIVE

Particle Size

Solids (Inorganic)

pH - Solids [Soil] (107)

WT-TM-1001; modified from SM 4500-H+ B

pH METER

рΗ

Solids (Inorganic)

Phenols - Solids [Soil] (170)

WT-TM-1027; modified from EPA 9066

COLORIMETRIC

Total Phenolics

Solids (Inorganic)

Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) - Solids (232)

NA-TM-1100, NA-TP-2107; modified from EPA 3570 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8270E (ANALYSIS) GC/MS - TUMBLER EXTRACTION

1-Methylnaphthalene

2-Methylnaphthalene

Acenaphthene

Acenaphthylene

Acridine

Anthracene

Benzo(a)anthracene

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Benzo(e)pyrene

Chrysene

Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene

Fluoranthene

Fluorene

Naphthalene

Perylene

Phenanthrene

Pvrene

Quinoline

Solids (Inorganic)

Solids - Solids [Compost, Sediment, Sludge, Soil] (028)

WT-TM-1011; modified from SM 2540 B and SM 2540 E and SM 2540 G

GRAVIMETRIC

Fixed Solids

Total Solids

Volatile Solids

Solids (Inorganic)

Total and Free Cyanide - Solids (140)

NA-TM-1003, NA-TM-1700; modified from ASTM D7237-15A (ANALYSIS) and EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and ISO 14403 (ANALYSIS) and SM 4500-CN- I (ANALYSIS)

COLORIMETRIC - TCLP

Cyanide (SAD)

Cyanide (WAD)

Solids (Inorganic)

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) - Solids [Soil] (034)

WT-TM-1005; modified from SOIL SAMPLING & METHODS OF ANALYSIS, CARTER METHOD 21.3.2 TITRIMETRIC - WET OXIDATION-REDOX

Organic Carbon

Solids (Organic)

1,4-Dioxane - Solids [Soil] (173)

WT-TM-1406; modified from EPA 5021A and EPA 8260C

GC/MS-HEADSPACE

1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane)

Solids (Organic)

Alkanolamines - Solids [Soil] (217)

WT-TM-1574: modified from ASTM D7599

LC/MS/MS

Diethanolamine (DEA)

Diisopropanolamine (DIPA)

Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Monoethanolamine (MEA)

Monoisopropanolamine (MIPA)

Triethanolamine (TEA)

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Solids (Organic)

Aminopyralid - Solids [Soil] (223) WT-TM-1578; IN-HOUSE

LC/MS

Aminopyralid

Solids (Organic)

Base Neutral Acid Extractables (BNA) - Solids (141)

NA-TM-1700, WT-TM-1101, WT-TM-1300; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8270 (ANALYSIS)

GC/MS - TCLP

- 2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)
- 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
- 2,4-Dichlorophenol
- 2.4-Dinitrotoluene
- 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
- 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
- 3/4-Methylphenol

Benzo(a)pyrene

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachloroethane

Nitrobenzene

Pentachlorophenol

Solids (Organic)

Base Neutral Acid Extractables (BNA) - Solids [Sediment, Sludge, Soil] (016)

WT-TM-1101, WT-TM-1300; modified from EPA 3570C and EPA 8270D

GC/MS - EXTRACTION

- 1-Chloronaphthalene
- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
- 2-Chloronaphthalene
- 2-Chlorophenol
- 2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol)
- 2-Nitrophenol
- 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol
- 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol
- 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
- 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol
- 2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol
- 2,4-Dichlorophenol
- 2,4-Dimethylphenol
- 2,4-Dinitrophenol
- 2,4-Dinitrotoluene
- 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol

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- 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
- 2,6-Dichlorophenol
- 2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)
- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine
- 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
- 4-Chloroaniline (p-Chloroaniline)
- 4-Chloroaniline (p-Chloroaniline)
- 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether
- 4-Nitrophenol
- 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol
- 5-Nitroancenphthene

Biphenyl (1,1-Biphenyl)

Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane

Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether

Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (Diethylhexyl phthalate)

Butyl benzyl phthalate

Camphene

Di-n-butyl phthalate

Di-n-octyl phthalate

Diethyl phthalate

Dimethyl phthalate

Diphenyl ether

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

Hexachloroethane

Indole

Isophorone

m,p-Cresol

N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine

Nitrobenzene

PBDE 3 (4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether)

Pentachlorophenol

Phenol

Total Diphenylamine

Solids (Organic)

Energetics - Solids [Soil] (195)

WT-TM-1608; modified from EPA 8330A and EPA 8330B

HPLC/ÚV - EXTRACTION

- 1,2-Dinitrobenzene (o-Dinitrobenzene)
- 1,3-Dinitrobenzene (1,3-DNB)
- 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (1,3,5-TNB)
- 2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene (2-A-DNT, 2-Am-DNT)
- 2-Nitrotoluene (2-NT)

^{† &}quot;OSDWA" indicates the appendix is used for the analysis of Ontario drinking water samples, which is subject to the rules and related regulations under the Ontario "Safe Drinking Water Act" (2002).

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2.4-Dinitrotoluene
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2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (2,4,6-TNT)

2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)

3-Nitrotoluene (3-NT)

3,5-Dinitroaniline (3,5-DNA)

4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene (4-A-DNT)

4-Nitrotoluene (4-NT)

Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)

Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine

Nitrobenzene

Nitroglycerin

Octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)

Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)

Solids (Organic)

Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (EPH) - Solids [Soil] (110)

WT-TM-1406; modified from CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD and EPA 5021A and EPA 8260C

GC/FID-HEADSPACE

F1: C6-C10

Solids (Organic)

Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Solids [Soil] (020)

WT-TM-1102, WT-TM-1302; modified from EPA 3570C and EPA 8270D

GC/MS - EXTRACTION

2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD)

2,4'-DDE (o,p'-DDE)

2,4'-DDT (o,p'-DDT)

4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD)

4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE)

4,4'-DDT (p,p'-DDT)

4,4'-Methoxychlor (p,p'-Methoxychlor)

Aldrin

alpha-BHC

alpha-Chlordane

beta-BHC

Chlordane

delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)

Dieldrin

Endosulfan I (a-Endosulfan)

Endosulfan II (b-Endosulfan)

Endosulfan Sulfate

Endrin

Endrin Aldehyde

gamma-Chlordane

Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

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Lindane (gamma-BHC)
     Mirex
     Oxychlordane
Solids (Organic)
Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Solids [Soil] (234)
WT-TM-1120, WT-TP-2100; modified from EPA 3570 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8270E (ANALYSIS)
     GC/MS - SHAKE EXTRACTION
     2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD)
     2,4'-DDE (o,p'-DDE)
     2,4'-DDT (o,p'-DDT)
     4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD)
     4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE)
     4,4'-DDT (p,p'-DDT)
     4,4'-Methoxychlor (p,p'-Methoxychlor)
     Aldrin
     alpha-BHC
     alpha-Chlordane
     beta-BHC
     delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)
     Dieldrin
     Endosulfan I (a-Endosulfan)
     Endosulfan II (b-Endosulfan)
     Endosulfan Sulfate
     Endrin
     Endrin Aldehyde
     gamma-Chlordane
     Heptachlor
     Heptachlor epoxide
     Hexachlorobenzene
     Hexachlorobutadiene
     Hexachloroethane
     Lindane (gamma-BHC)
     Mirex
     Oxychlordane
     Pentachloronitrobenzene (Quintozene)
     trans-Nonachlor
Solids (Organic)
Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Solids [Soil] (235)
WT-TM-1120, WT-TP-2109; modified from EPA 3570 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8270E (ANALYSIS)
     GC/MS/MS - SHAKE EXTRACTION
     2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD)
     2,4'-DDE (o,p'-DDE)
     2,4'-DDT (o,p'-DDT)
     4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD)
     4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE)
```

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4,4'-DDT (p,p'-DDT)

4,4'-Methoxychlor (p,p'-Methoxychlor)

Aldrin

alpha-BHC

alpha-Chlordane

beta-BHC

delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)

Dieldrin

Endosulfan I (a-Endosulfan)

Endosulfan II (b-Endosulfan)

Endosulfan Sulfate

Endrin

Endrin Aldehyde

gamma-Chlordane

Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachloroethane

Lindane (gamma-BHC)

Mirex

Oxychlordane

Pentachloronitrobenzene (Quintozene)

trans-Nonachlor

Solids (Organic)

Perchlorate and Bromate - Solids [Soil] (176)

WT-TM-1503; modified from EPA 6850

LC/MS/MS

Bromate

Perchlorate

Solids (Organic)

Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA) and Perfluorooctane Sulfonate (PFOS) - Solids [Soil] (175)

WT-TM-1557; modified from ON MOECC E3506

LC/MS/MS

10:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (10:2 FTS)

4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)

6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)

8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)

N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamide (EtFOSA)

N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (NEtFOSSA)

N-Ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoethanol (EtFOSE)

N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamide (MeFOSA)

N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (MeFOSAA)

N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoethanol (MeFOSE)

Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS, Perfluorobutanesulfonate)

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Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA, Perfluorobutanoate)

Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS, Perfluorodecanesulfonate)

Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA, Perfluorodecanoate)

Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA, Perfluorododecanoate)

Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS, Perfluoroheptanesulfonate)

Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA, Perfluorohepanoate)

Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS, Perfluorohexanesulfonate)

Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA, Perfluorohexanoate)

Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA, Perfluorononanoate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS, Perfluorooctanesulfonate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA)

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA, Perfluorooctanoate)

Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS, Perfluoropentanesulfonate)

Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA, Perfluoropentanoate)

Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA, Perfluorotetradecanoate)

Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA, Perfluorotridecanoate)

Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA, Perfluoroundecanoate)

Solids (Organic)

Pesticides - Solids [Soil] (150)

WT-TM-1107, WT-TM-1302; modified from EPA 3570C and EPA 8270

GC/MS - EXTRACTION

Alachlor

Ametryn

Atrazine

Atrazine, desethyl

Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)

Bendiocarb

Bromoxynil

Carbaryl

Carbofuran

Chlorpyrifos

Cvanazine

Diazinon

Diclofop-methyl

Dimethoate

Malathion

Metolachlor

Metribuzin

Parathion

Phorate

Prometon

Prometryne

Propazine

Simazine

Temephos (Abate)

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Terbufos

Terbutryn

Triallate

Trifluralin

Solids (Organic)

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) - Solids [Soil] (065)

NA-TM-1100, WT-TM-1307; CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD

GC/FID - EXTRACTION

F2: C10-C16 F3: C16-C34

F4: C34-C50

Solids (Organic)

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) - Solids [Soil] (071)

NA-TM-1100; CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD

GRAVIMETRIC

F4: Gravimetric

Solids (Organic)

Phenols - Solids [Soil] (204)

WT-TM-1593; modified from EPA 600/SR-97/027

LC/MS/MS

Phenol

Solids (Organic)

Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) - Solids [Soil] (221)

WT-TM-1103, WT-TM-1304; modified from EPA 3570 and EPA 8270E

GC/MS - EXTRACTION

1-Methylnaphthalene

2-Methylnaphthalene

Acenaphthene

Acenaphthylene

Acridine

Anthracene

Benzo(a)anthracene

Benzo(a)pyrene

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Benzo(b,i)fluoranthene

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Chrysene

Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene

Fluoranthene

Fluorene

Indeno(1,2,3 - cd)pyrene

Naphthalene

Perylene

Phenanthrene

Pyrene

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Quinoline

Toluene

Solids (Organic) Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) - Solids (137) NA-TM-1700, WT-TM-1105, WT-TM-1301; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8270 GC/MŚ - TCLP Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260 **Total PCB** Solids (Organic) Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) - Solids [Soil] (018) WT-TM-1105, WT-TM-1301; modified from EPA 3570C and EPA 8270D GC/MS - EXTRACTION Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260 **Total PCB** Solids (Organic) Pyridine - Solids (167) NA-TM-1700, WT-TM-1600; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8260B (ANALYSIS) GC/MS Pyridine Solids (Organic) Sulfolane - Solids [Soil] (206) WT-TM-1574; modified from ASTM D7599 LC/MS/MS Sulfolane Solids (Organic) Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) - Solids (182) WT-TM-1017, WT-TM-1406; modified from EPA 1311 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8260 (ANALYSIS) GC/MS-HEADSPACE - TCLP 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Benzene Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Dichloromethane Ethylbenzene m,p-Xylene Methyl ethyl ketone o-Xylene Tetrachloroethylene

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Solids (Organic)

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) - Solids [Soil] (112) WT-TM-1406; modified from EPA 5021A and EPA 8260C GC/MS-HEADSPACE

- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethylene
- 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,2-Dibromomethane
- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2-Dichloroethane
- 1,2-Dichloropropane
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
- 2-Hexanone (Methyl butyl ketone, MBK)

Acetone (2-Propanone)

Benzene

Bromodichloromethane

Bromoform

Bromomethane

Carbon disulfide

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chlorodibromomethane

Chloroethane (Ethyl Chloride)

Chloroethene (Vinyl chloride)

Chloroform

Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Dibromochloromethane

Dibromomethane

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichloromethane

Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride)

Ethylbenzene

Ethylene Dibromide

Hexane

m,p-Xylene

Methyl ethyl ketone

Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)

Methyl t-butyl ether

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o-Xylene

Styrene

Tetrachloroethylene

Toluene

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

Trichloroethylene

Trichlorofluoromethane

Tissue (Organic)

Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) - Tissue (198)

WT-TM-1557; modified from ANALYTICA CHIMICA ACTA (2008) 619:221-230

LC/MS/MS

2-(N-ethylperfluoro-1-Octanesulfonamide)-EtOH (N-EtFOSE)

2-(N-methylperfluoro-1-Octanesulfonamide)-Etoh (N-MeFOSE)

N-Ethylperfluoro-1-Octanesulfonamide (N-EtFOSA)

N-Methylperfluoro-1-Octanesulfonamide (N-MeFOSE)

Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS, Perfluorobutanesulfonate)

Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA, Perfluorobutanoate)

Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS, Perfluorodecanesulfonate)

Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA, Perfluorodecanoate)

Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA, Perfluorodecanoate)

Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA, Perfluorododecanoate)

Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS, Perfluoroheptanesulfonate)

Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA, Perfluorohepanoate)

Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS, Perfluorohexanesulfonate)

Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA, Perfluorohexanoate)

Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA, Perfluorononanoate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS, Perfluorooctanesulfonate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA)

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA, Perfluorooctanoate)

Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA, Perfluoropentanoate)

Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA, Perfluorotetradecanoate)

Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA, Perfluorotridecanoate)

Water (Inorganic)

Acidity - Water (227)

WT-TM-1028; modified from SM 2310 B

ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE (ISE)

Acidity

Water (Inorganic)

Alkalinity - Water (070)

WT-TM-1028; modified from SM 2320 B

AUTOMATED TITRIMETRIC

Alkalinity (pH 4.5)

OSDWA +

OSDWA †

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Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Alkalinity - Water (094) WT-TM-1032; modified from EPA 310.2 COLORIMETRIC Alkalinity (pH 4.5) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Ammonia - Water (212) WT-TM-1043; JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (2005) SECTION 7, P. 37-42 **FLUOROMETRIC** Ammonia Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Anions - Water [Wastewater] (003) NA-TM-1001; modified from EPA 300.1 ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC) **Bromide** Chloride Fluoride Nitrate Nitrite Sulfate Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) - Water (001) WT-TM-1002; modified from SM 5210 B DISSOLVED OXYGEN METER (DO) BOD (5 day) CBOD (5 day) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Carbon - Water (047) WT-TM-1024; modified from SM 5310 B INFRARED SPECTROSCOPY (IR) - COMBUSTION Organic Carbon Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) - Water (035) WT-TM-1006; modified from SM 5220 D COLORIMETRIC - REFLUX COD Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Chlorate and Chlorite - Water (211) WT-TM-1044; EPA 300.1 ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC) Chlorate Chlorite Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Chlorine - Water (074) WT-TM-1021; modified from SM 4500-CL G COLORIMETRIC Free Chlorine **Total Chlorine**

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Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Colour - Water (097) WT-TM-1014; modified from SM 2120 C COLORIMETRIC Apparent Colour True Colour Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Conductivity - Water (048) WT-TM-1010; modified from EPA 9050A and SM 2510 B CONDUCTIVITY METER Conductivity (25°C) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Conductivity - Water (108) WT-TM-1028; modified from SM 2510 B ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE (ISE) Conductivity (25°C) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Cyanate - Water (161) WT-TM-1036; modified from SM 4500-CN- L and SM 4500-NH3 D ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE (ISE) Cyanate Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Cyanide - Water [Wastewater] (004) NA-TM-1003; modified from ASTM D7237-10 and ISO 14403 and SM 4500-CN-I **COLORIMETRIC - DISTILLATION** Cyanide, Free Cyanide (SAD) Cyanide (WAD) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Dissolved Metals - Water (005) NA-TM-1002, NA-TP-2002; modified from EPA 3030B and EPA 6020B ICP/MS Aluminum **Antimony** Arsenic **Barium** Beryllium **Bismuth** Boron Cadmium Calcium Cesium Chromium Cobalt Copper Iron Lead

^{† &}quot;OSDWA" indicates the appendix is used for the analysis of Ontario drinking water samples, which is subject to the rules and related regulations under the Ontario "Safe Drinking Water Act" (2002).

Lithium

Magnesium

Manganese

Molybdenum

Nickel

Phosphorus

Potassium

Rubidium

Selenium

Silicon

Silver

Sodium

Strontium

Sulphur (Sulfur)

Tellurium

Thallium

Thorium

Tin

Titanium

Tungsten

Uranium

Vanadium

Zinc

Zirconium

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Hexavalent Chromium - Water (157)

WT-TM-1035; modified from EPA 3060A and EPA 7199

ION CHROMATOGRAPHY (IC)

Hexavalent Chromium

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Hydrogen Sulphide - Water (012)

WT-TM-1003; modified from SM 4500-S2- D and SM 4500-S2- E and SM 4500-S2- F

COLORIMETRIC

Sulphide

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Mercury - Water [Wastewater] (049)

NA-TM-1005; modified from EPA 1631E

COLD VAPOUR ATOMIC ABSORPTION (CVAA)

Mercury

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Oil and Grease - Water (033)

WT-TM-1100; modified from EPA 1664 and SM 5520 B and SM 5520 D and SM 5520 E and SM 5520 F GRAVIMETRIC - EXTRACTION

Mineral Oil and Grease

Total Oil and Grease

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Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Perchlorate and Bromate - Water (114) WT-TM-1503; modified from EPA 6850 LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION **Bromate** Perchlorate Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † pH - Water (026) WT-TM-1001; modified from SM 4500-H+ B PH METER Hq Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † pH - Water (106) WT-TM-1028; modified from SM 4500-H+ B ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE (ISE) pΗ Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Phenois - Water (009) WT-TM-1027; modified from EPA 9066 COLORIMETRIC **Total Phenolics** Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Phosphorus - Water (098) WT-TM-1025; modified from SM 4500-P B and SM 4500-P F COLORIMETRIC Phosphate Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Solids - Water (010) WT-TM-1011; modified from SM 2540 D and SM 2540 E GRAVIMETRIC **Total Suspended Solids** Volatile Suspended Solids Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Solids - Water (056) NA-TM-1004, WT-TM-1011; modified from SM 2540 B and SM 2540 C and SM 2540 E **GRAVIMETRIC Total Dissolved Solids** Total Solids (TS) Volatile Solids (VS) Water (Inorganic) OSDWA † Tannin and Lignin - Water (181) WT-TM-1015; modified from SM 5550 B COLORIMETRIC

Tannin and Lignin

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Water (Inorganic)

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) - Water (231)

WT-TM-1046; modified from JOURNAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (2005) SECTION 7, P. 37-42 FLUOROMETRIC

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen

Water (Inorganic)

Total Metals - Water [Wastewater] (032)

NA-TM-1002, NA-TP-2001; modified from EPA 200.2 and EPA 6020B

ICP/MS

Aluminum

Antimony

Arsenic

Barium

Beryllium

Bismuth

Boron

Cadmium

Calcium

Cesium

Chromium

Cobalt

Copper

Iron

Lead

Lithium

Magnesium

Manganese

Molybdenum

Nickel

Phosphorus

Potassium

Rubidium

Selenium

Silicon

Silver

Sodium

Strontium

Sulphur (Sulfur)

Tellurium

Thallium

Thorium

Tin

Titanium

Tungsten

Uranium

The list of tests and measurement capabilities for which a laboratory is accredited can change at any time due to circumstances such as scope extensions, voluntary withdrawal of tests by the laboratory and suspension. Scopes are published by the CALA via the Internet at http://www.cala.ca/cala_directories.html

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OSDWA †

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Vanadium

Zinc

Zirconium

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Total Phosphorus - Water (011)

WT-TM-1025; modified from SM 4500-P E and SM 4500-P F

AUTOMATED COLORIMETRIC - DIGESTION

Total Phosphorus

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

Turbidity - Water (024)

WT-TM-1004; modified from SM 2130 B

TURBIDIMETRIC

Turbidity

Water (Inorganic)

OSDWA †

UV Transmittance - Water (190) WT-TM-1033; modified from SM 5910

COLORIMETRIC

Transmittance, UV (254nm)

Water (Inorganic)

Volatile Organic Ácids - Water (191) WT-TM-1031; modified from SM 5560 C TITRIMETRIC - DISTILLATION

Volatile Organic Acids (As Acetic)

Water (Microbiology)

OSDWA †

Coliforms - Water (183)

NA-TM-1300; modified from SM 9215 E and SM 9223 B

QUANTI-TRAY (COLILERT)

Escherichia coli

Total Coliforms

Water (Microbiology)

OSDWA †

Escherichia coli (E. coli) - Water (052)

WT-TM-1200; modified from ON MOECC COMPARISON EVALUATION and SM 9222D

MEMBRANE FILTRATION (mFC-BCIG)

Escherichia coli

Water (Microbiology)

OSDWA †

Fecal (Thermotolerant) Coliforms - Water (051)

WT-TM-1200: modified from SM 9222 D

MEMBERADE AND SUI SIN 9222 D

MEMBRANE FILTRATION (M-FC)

Fecal (Thermotolerant) Coliforms

Water (Microbiology)

OSDWA †

Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC) - Water (030)

WT-TM-1200; modified from SM 9215 D

MEMBRANE FILTRATION

Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC)

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Water (Microbiology) OSDWA † Pseudomonas aeruginosa - Water (091) WT-TM-1200; modified from SM 9213 E MEMBRANE FILTRATION (MPAC) Pseudomonas aeruginosa Water (Microbiology) OSDWA † Total Coliforms - Water (002) WT-TM-1200; modified from SM 9222 B MEMBRANE FILTRATION (M-ENDO) **Background Counts Total Coliforms** Water (Organic) OSDWA † 1,4-Dioxane - Water (172) WT-TM-1406; modified from EPA 5021A and EPA 8260C GC/MS-HEADSPACE 1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane) Water (Organic) OSDWA † Aldicarb and Diuron - Water (135) WT-TM-1502; modified from ON MOECC E3501 LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION Aldicarb Diuron Water (Organic) OSDWA † Alkanolamines - Water (216) WT-TM-1574; modified from ASTM D7599 LC/MS/MS Diethanolamine (DEA) Diisopropanolamine (DIPA) Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA) Monoethanolamine (MEA) Monoisopropanolamine (MIPA) Triethanolamine (TEA) Water (Organic) OSDWA † Base Neutral Acid Extractables (BNA) - Water [Wastewater] (015) WT-TM-1101, WT-TM-1300; modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270 GC/MS - EXTRACTION 1-Chloronaphthalene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 2-Chloronaphthalene 2-Chlorophenol 2-Methylphenol (o-Cresol) 2-Nitrophenol 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol

2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol 2,3,4,6-tetrachlorophenol

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- 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol
- 2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol
- 2,4-dichlorophenol
- 2,4-Dimethylphenol
- 2,4-Dinitrophenol
- 2,4-Dinitrotoluene
- 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
- 2,4,6-trichlorophenol
- 2,6-Dichlorophenol
- 2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)
- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine
- 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
- 4-Chloroaniline (p-Chloroaniline)
- 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether
- 4-Nitrophenol
- 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol
- 5-Nitroancenphthene

Biphenyl (1,1-Biphenyl)

Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane

Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether

Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether

Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (Diethylhexyl phthalate)

Butyl benzyl phthalate

Camphene

Di-n-butyl phthalate

Di-n-octyl phthalate

Diethyl phthalate

Dimethyl phthalate

Diphenyl ether

Hexachlorobenzene

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexachlorocyclopentadiene

Hexachloroethane

Indole

Isophorone

m,p-Cresol

N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine

Nitrobenzene

PBDE 3 (4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether)

Pentachlorophenol

Phenol

Total Diphenylamine

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Water (Organic)

Caffeine - Water (228)

WT-TM-1581; modified from EPA 1694

LC/MS/MS

Caffeine

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Diguat and Paraguat - Water (134)

WT-TM-1506; modified from ON MOECC E3503

LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION

Diguat

Paraguat

Water (Organic)

Energetics - Water (194)

WT-TM-1608; modified from EPA 8330A and EPA 8330B

HPLC/UV - EXTRACTION

1,2-Dinitrobenzene (o-Dinitrobenzene)

1,3-Dinitrobenzene (1,3-DNB)

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (1,3,5-TNB)

2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene (2-A-DNT, 2-Am-DNT)

2-Nitrotoluene (2-NT)

2.4-Dinitrotoluene

2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (2,4,6-TNT)

2,6-Dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)

3-Nitrotoluene (3-NT)

3,5-Dinitroaniline (3,5-DNA)

4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene (4-A-DNT)

4-Nitrotoluene (4-NT)

Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX)

Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine

Nitrobenzene

Nitroglycerin

Octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine (HMX)

Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Formaldehyde - Water (162)

WT-TM-1603; modified from EPA 556.1

GC/ECD

Formaldehyde

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Glyphosate and Aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA) - Water (133)

WT-TM-1504; modified from ON MOECC E3500

LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION

Aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA)

Glyphosate

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Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Haloacetic Acids (HAA) - Water (230)

WT-TM-1596; modified from ON MOECC E3478

LC/MS/MS

Bromochloroacetic acid

Bromodichloroacetic acid

Chlorodibromoacetic acid (CDBAA)

Dalapon (2,2-Dichloropropionic Acid)

Dibromoacetic acid

Dichloroacetic acid

Iodoacetic acid

Monobromoacetic acid

Monochloroacetic acid

Tribromoacetic acid

Trichloroacetic acid

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Hydrocarbons - Water (062)

WT-TM-1602; modified from EPA REGION 1, 2002

GC/FID-HEADSPACE

Ethane

Ethene (Ethylene)

Methane

Water (Organic)

N-Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA) - Water (233)

WT-TM-1533; modified from EPA 521 and NANNAN, YANBO, WENHAI. LC-MS/MS SOLUTION FOR DETERMINATION OF NITROSAAAMINE DISINFECTION BYPROOOODUCTS IN DRINKING WATER and TOPUZ AND AYDIN. A PRACTICAL LC-MS/MS METHOD FOR THE DETECTION OF NDMA PER LITER LC/MS/MS - SOLID PHASE EXTRACTION (SPE)

N-Nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA)

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Neonicotinoids - Water (200)

WT-TM-1569; modified from ON MOECC E3544

LC/MS/MS

6-Chloronicotinic acid

Acetamiprid

Clothianidin

Flonicamid

Imidacloprid

Nitenpyram

Sulfoxaflor

Thiacloprid

Thiamethoxam

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Nitrilotriacetic Acid (NTA) - Water (036)

WT-TM-1007; modified from EPA 430.1 COLORIMETRIC

Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA)

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Water (Organic)
Nonylphenol and Nonylphenol Ethoxylates - Water (116)

WT-TM-1521; modified from JOURNAL OF CHROMATOGRAPHY A, 849 (1999) 467-482

LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION

Bisphenol A

Nonylphenol Diethoxylate (NP2EO)

Nonylphenol Ethoxylates

Nonylphenol Monoethoxylates (NP1EO)

Nonylphenols

Octylphenol Diethoxylate (OP2EO)

Octylphenol Monoethoxylate (OP1EO)

Octylphenol (OP)

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Water (222)

WT-TM-1118, WT-TP-2100; modified from EPA 8081B and EPA 8270E

GC/MS

2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD)

4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD)

4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE)

A -BHC

a - Chlordane

Aldrin

beta-HCH (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (b-HCH, b-BHC, beta-BHC, beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)

delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)

Dieldrin

Endosulfan I

Endosulfan II

Endosulfan Sulfate

Endrin

Endrin Aldehyde

g - Chlordane

Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

Hexachlorobenzene

Lindane (gamma-BHC)

Mirex

o.p- DDE

o,p' - DDT

Oxychlordane

p,p' - DDT

p,p' Methoxychlor

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Water (Organic) OSDWA † Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Water (229) WT-TM-1118, WT-TP-2109; modified from EPA 8270 GC/MS/MS 2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD) 2,4'-DDE (o,p'-DDE) 4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD) 4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE) A -BHC a - Chlordane Aldrin beta-HCH (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (b-HCH, b-BHC, beta-BHC, beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane) Chloroneb delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane) Dieldrin Endosulfan I Endosulfan II **Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin** Endrin Aldehyde **Endrin Ketone** Ethalfluralin g - Chlordane Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachloroethane Lindane (gamma-BHC) Mirex o,p' - DDT Oxychlordane p,p' - DDT p,p' Methoxychlor Trifluralin Water (Organic) OSDWA † Organochlorine (OC) Pesticides - Water [Wastewater] (019) WT-TM-1102, WT-TM-1302; modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270 GC/MS - EXTRACTION 2,4'-DDD (o,p'-DDD) 2,4'-DDE (o,p'-DDE) 4,4'-DDD (p,p'-DDD) 4,4'-DDE (p,p'-DDE) A -BHC

a - Chlordane

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Aldrin

beta-HCH (beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane (b-HCH, b-BHC, beta-BHC, beta-Hexachlorocyclohexane) delta-HCH (d-HCH, d-BHC, delta-BHC, delta-Hexachlorocyclohexane)

Dieldrin

Endosulfan I

Endosulfan II

Endosulfan Sulfate

Endrin

Endrin Aldehyde

g - Chlordane

Heptachlor

Heptachlor epoxide

Lindane (gamma-BHC)

Mirex

o.p' - DDT

Oxychlordane

p,p' - DDT

p,p' Methoxychlor

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Perfluorinated Compounds (PFC) - Water (174)

WT-TM-1557; ON MOECC E3457

LC/MS/MS

10:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (10:2 FTS)

11-Chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid (11Cl-PF3OUdS)

4:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (4:2 FTS)

6:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (6:2 FTS)

8:2 Fluorotelomer sulfonic acid (8:2 FTS)

9-Chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid (9CI-PF3ONS)

Dodecafluoro-3H-4,8-dioxanonoic acid (DONA)

N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (NEtFOSSA)

N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (EtFOSA)

N-Ethylperfluorooctane sulfonamidoethanol (EtFOSE)

N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid (MeFOSAA)

N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamide (MeFOSA)

N-Methylperfluorooctane sulfonamidoethanol (MeFOSE)

Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS, Perfluorobutanesulfonate)

Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA, Perfluorobutanoate)

Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid (PFDS, Perfluorodecanesulfonate)

Perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA, Perfluorodecanoate)

Perfluorododecanoic acid (PFDoA, Perfluorododecanoate)

Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid (PFHpS, Perfluoroheptanesulfonate)

Perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHpA, Perfluorohepanoate)

Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS, Perfluorohexanesulfonate)

Perfluorohexanoic acid (PFHxA, Perfluorohexanoate)

Perfluorononanesulfonic acid (PFNS, Perfluorononanesulfonate)

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Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA, Perfluorononanoate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS, Perfluorooctanesulfonate)

Perfluorooctanesulfonamide (PFOSA)

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA, Perfluorooctanoate)

Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid (PFPeS, Perfluoropentanesulfonate)

Perfluoropentanoic acid (PFPeA, Perfluoropentanoate)

Perfluorotetradecanoic acid (PFTeDA, Perfluorotetradecanoate)

Perfluorotridecanoic acid (PFTrDA, Perfluorotridecanoate)

Perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnA, Perfluoroundecanoate)

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Pesticides - Water (023)

WT-TM-1107, WT-TM-1109, WT-TM-1302; modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270 GC/MS - EXTRACTION

2,4-Dichlorophenoxypropionic acid (2,4-DP, Dichlorprop)

2.4-TP

Alachlor

Ametryn

Atrazine

Azinphos-methyl

Bendiocarb

Carbaryl

Carbofuran

Chlorpyrifos ethyl

Cyanazine

De-ethylated atrazine

Diazinon

Diclofop-methyl (as free acid)

Dimethoate

Ethalfluralin

Fluazifop-p-butyl

Malathion

MCPA (2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid)

MCPP (Mecoprop, Methylchlorophenoxypropionic acid)

Metolachlor

Metribuzin

Parathion (ethyl)

Parathion-methyl

Phorate

Prometon

Prometryne

Propazine

Simazine

Temephos (Abate)

Terbufos

Terbutryn

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Triallate Trifluralin

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Pesticides - Water (207)

WT-TM-1589; modified from ON MOECC E3501

LC/MS/MS

Atrazine

Atrazine-2-hydroxy

Azoxystrobin

Boscalid

Bromacil

Carbaryl

Chlorantraniliprole

Clothianidin

DCPMU

Desethyl atrazine

Desethyl atrazine + Desisopropyl atrazine

Desisopropyl atrazine

Diuron

Fludioxonil

Imidacloprid

Iprodione

Linuron

Metalaxyl

Myclobutanil

Propiconazole

Pyraclostrobin

Simazine

Tebuthiuron

Trifloxystrobin

Triticonazole

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Pesticides - Water (213) WT-TM-1575; IN-HOUSE

LC/MS/MS

Chlorothalonil (Daconil)

Chlorothalonil-4-Hydroxy

Water (Organic)

Pesticides - Water (218)

WT-TM-1526; ON MOECC E3501

LC/MS/MS

Benomyl

Carboxin (Carbathiin)

Deltamethrin

Diuron

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Ethalfluralin

Fenoxaprop

Imazamethabenz-methyl

Metsulfuron-methyl

Propachlor

Propanil

Propoxur (Baygon)

Quizalofop

Sethoxydim

Thifensulfuron-methyl

Tralkoxydim

Tribenuron-methyl

Trifluralin

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) - Water (068)

NA-TM-1112; modified from CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD and EPA 3511

GC/FID - EXTRACTION

F2: C10-C16 F3: C16-C34 F4: C34-C50

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) - Water (069)

WT-TM-1112; modified from CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD and ON MOECC E3421

GRAVIMETRIC

F4: Gravimetric

Water (Organic) OSDWA †

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) - Water (111)

WT-TM-1406; modified from CCME CWS PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL - TIER 1 METHOD and EPA 5021A and EPA 8260

GC/FID-HEADSPACE

F1: C6-C10

Water (Organic)

Phenoxy Acid Herbicides - Water (209)

WT-TM-1591: modified from ON MOECC E3552

LC/MS/MS

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid

2,4-Dichlorophenoxybutyric acid (2,4-DB)

2,4-Dichlorophenoxypropionic acid (2,4-DP, Dichlorprop)

2,4,5-TP (Silvex)

2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid

Asulam

Brodifacoum

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Bromoxynil Clopyralid Dicamba Diflufenican Dinoseb MCPA (2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid) MCPB (4-(4-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)butanoic acid) MCPP (Mecoprop, Methylchlorophenoxypropionic acid) Nicarbazin Oryzalin Picloram Propanil Terbacil Triclopyr Water (Organic) Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) - Water (220) NA-TM-1112, NA-TP-2109; modified from EPA 3511 and EPA 8270D GC/MS - EXTRACTION 1-Methylnaphthalene 2-Methylnaphthalene Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Acridine Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,j)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene Fluorene Indeno(1,2,3 - cd)pyrene Naphthalene

Perylene Phenanthrene

Pyrene Quinoline

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OSDWA †

Water (Organic) OSDWA † Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) - Water (224) WT-TM-1118, WT-TP-2100; EPA 3511 (PREPARATION) and EPA 8081B (ANALYSIS) GC/MS - EXTRACTION Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260 Total PCB Water (Organic) OSDWA † Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) - Water [Wastewater] (017) WT-TM-1105, WT-TM-1301; modified from EPA 3510C and EPA 8270 GC/MS - EXTRACTION Aroclor 1242 Aroclor 1248 Aroclor 1254 Aroclor 1260 Total PCB Water (Organic) OSDWA † Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) - Water (214) WT-TM-1103, WT-TM-1311; modified from EPA 3510 and EPA 3570 and EPA 8270 GC/MS - EXTRACTION 1,3-Dinitropyrene 1,6-Dinitropyrene 1,8-Dinitropyrene 3-Methylcholanthrene 7H-Dibenzo(c,g)carbazole Benzo(e)pyrene Dibenz(a,h)acridine Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene Dibenzo(a,h)pyrene Dibenzo(a,i)pyrene Dibenzo(a,j)acridine Water (Organic) Steroids and Hormones - Water (166) WT-TM-1555; modified from JOURNAL OF CHROMATOGRAPHY B, 879 (2011) 2998-3004 LC/MS/MS - EXTRACTION 17a-Dihydroequilin 17a-Estradiol 17a-Ethinylestradiol 17b-Estradiol Androstendione Androsterone beta-Sitosterol beta-Stigmastanol

Betamethasone

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Campesterol

Cholestanol

Cholesterol

Coprostanol

. Desmosterol

Desogestrel

Epicoprostanol

Equilenin

Equilin

Ergosterol

Estradiol-3-benzoate

Estriol

Estrone

Mestranol

Norethindrone

Norgestrel

Progesterone

Stigmasterol

Testosterone

Water (Organic)

Sulfolane - Water (205) WT-TM-1572; IN-HOUSE

LC/MS/MS

Sulfolane

Water (Organic)

OSDWA †

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) - Water (113) WT-TM-1406; modified from EPA 5021A and EPA 8260C

GC/MS-HEADSPACE

- 1,1-Dichloroethane
- 1,1-Dichloroethylene
- 1,1-Dichloropropene
- 1,1,1-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,1,2-Trichloroethane
- 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane
- 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)
- 1,2-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,2-Dichloroethane
- 1,2-Dichloropropane
- 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,2,3-Trichloropropane
- 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
- 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,3-Dichlorobenzene
- 1,3-Dichloropropane

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- 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene
- 1,4-Dichlorobenzene
- 2-Chlorotoluene
- 2-Hexanone (Methyl butyl ketone, MBK)
- 2,2-Dichloropropane
- 4-Chlorotoluene (p-Chlorotoluene)

Acetone (2-Propanone)

Benzene

Bromobenzene

Bromochloromethane

Bromodichloromethane

Bromoform

Bromomethane

Carbon disulfide

Carbon tetrachloride

Chlorobenzene

Chlorodibromomethane

Chloroethane (Ethyl Chloride)

Chloroform

Chloromethane (Methyl chloride)

cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene

cis-1,3-Dichloropropene

Dichlorodifluoromethane

Dichloromethane

Ethylbenzene

Ethylene Dibromide

Hexachlorobutadiene

Hexane

Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)

Isopropyltoluene

m,p-Xylene

Methyl ethyl ketone

Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)

Methyl t-butyl ether

n-Butylbenzene

n-Propylbenzene

Naphthalene

o-Xylene

sec-Butylbenzene

Styrene

tert-Butylbenzene

Tetrachloroethylene

Toluene

trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene

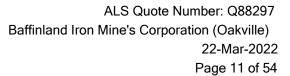
^{† &}quot;OSDWA" indicates the appendix is used for the analysis of Ontario drinking water samples, which is subject to the rules and related regulations under the Ontario "Safe Drinking Water Act" (2002).

trans-1,3-Dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl chloride

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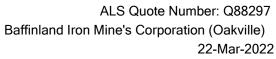
∄Baffinland	Sampling Program - Quality Assurance and Quality	Issue Date: March 31, 2022	d
	Control Plan	Rev.: 5	
	Environment	Document #: BAF-PH1-830-P16-0001	

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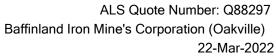
Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Water-Field Tests			
Temperature, Client	Result supplied by Client	-50	Deg. C
Waste-Sample Preparation	n		
Final pH	EPA 1311	0.10	pH units
Initial pH	EPA 1311	0.10	pH units
Water-Physical Tests			
Colour, Apparent	APHA 2120	2.0	CU
Colour, True	APHA 2120C	2.0	CU
Conductivity	APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.	1.0	uS/cm
Conductivity	APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.	2.0	uS/cm
Conductivity	APHA 2510 B	1.0	umhos/c
Hardness (as CaCO3)	APHA 2340 B	0.50	m mg/L
Hardness (as CaCO3)	APHA 2340B	0.50	mg/L
pH	APHA 4500 H-Electrode	0.10	pH units
pH	APHA 4500-H pH Value	0.10	pH
Total Dissolved Solids	APHA 2540 C - GRAVIMETRIC	10	mg/L
Total Dissolved Solids	APHA 2540C	10	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	APHA 2540 D-Gravimetric	1.0	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	APHA 2540 D-Gravimetric	2.0	mg/L
Total Suspended Solids	APHA 2540D	1.0	mg/L
Turbidity	APHA 2130 B	0.10	NTU
Turbidity	APHA 2130 Turbidity	0.10	NTU
Tissue-Physical Tests			
% Moisture	Puget Sound WQ Authority, Apr 1997	2.0	%
Soil-Physical Tests			
% Moisture	CCME PHC in Soil - Tier 1 (mod)	0.25	%
Conductivity	MOEE E3138	0.0040	mS/cm
рН	MOEE E3137A	0.10	pH units
Total Solids	APHA 2540B	0.10	%
Soil-Particle Size			
% Clay (<2um)	SSIR-51 Method 3.2.1	1.0	%
% Sand (2.0mm - 0.05mm)	SSIR-51 Method 3.2.1	1.0	%
% Silt (0.05mm - 2um)	SSIR-51 Method 3.2.1	1.0	%
Texture	SSIR-51 Method 3.2.1		
Dustfall-Particulates			
Fixed Insoluble Dustfall	BCMOE DUSTFALLS	0.10	mg/dm2. day



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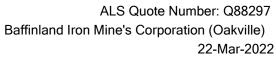
Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Total Insoluble Dustfall	BCMOE DUSTFALLS	0.10	mg/dm2.
Volatile Insoluble Dustfall	BCMOE DUSTFALLS	0.10	day mg/dm2. day
Water-Anions and Nutrients			-
Acidity (as CaCO3)	APHA 2310 Acidity	2.0	mg/L
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320B	1.0	mg/L
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320B	1.0	mg/L
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320B	1.0	mg/L
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320 Alkalinity	1	mg/L
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320B	1.0	mg/L
Unionized ammonia	CALCULATION	0.050	mg/L
Ammonia, Total (as N)	J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC	0.0050	mg/L
Ammonia, Total (as N)	J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC	0.010	mg/L
Bromate	EPA 6850	0.30	ug/L
Bromide (Br)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Bromide (Br)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.10	mg/L
Chlorate	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.010	mg/L
Chloride (CI)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.50	mg/L
Chlorite	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.010	mg/L
Fluoride (F)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.020	mg/L
Fluoride (F)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.10	mg/L
Nitrate and Nitrite as N	APHA 4110 B	0.10	mg/L
Nitrate (as N)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.0050	mg/L
Nitrate (as N)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.020	mg/L
Nitrite (as N)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.0010	mg/L
Nitrite (as N)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.0050	mg/L
Nitrite (as N)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.010	mg/L
Orthophosphate-Dissolved (as P)	APHA 4500-P PHOSPHORUS	0.0030	mg/L
Phosphorus (P)-Total	APHA 4500-P Phosphorus	0.0020	mg/L
Phosphorus, Total	APHA 4500-P PHOSPHORUS	0.0030	mg/L
Sulfate (SO4)	EPA 300.1 (mod)	0.30	mg/L
Sulphide (as S)	APHA 4500S2D	0.018	mg/L
Sulphide (as H2S)	Calculation	0.020	mg/L
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	APHA 4500-NORG D.	0.050	mg/L
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005,7,37-42,RSC	0.050	mg/L
Water-Cyanides			
Cyanide, Total	ISO 14403-2	0.0020	mg/L
Water-Organic / Inorganic Ca	ırbon		



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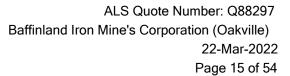
Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Dissolved Carbon Filtration Location	APHA 5310B		
Dissolved Organic Carbon	APHA 5310B	0.50	mg/L
Total Organic Carbon	APHA 5310B	0.50	mg/L
Total Organic Carbon	APHA 5310B TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	0.50	mg/L
Soil-Organic / Inorganic C	arbon		
Fraction Organic Carbon	CARTER 21.3.2	0.0010	g/g
Total Organic Carbon	CARTER 21.3.2	0.10	%
Water-Inorganic Paramete	ers		
Acidity (as CaCO3)	APHA 2310 B - Potentiometric Titration	2.0	mg/L
Chloramines	APHA 4500-CI B	0.070	mg/L
Chlorine, Free	SM 4500-CL G, EPA 330.5	0.050	mg/L
Chlorine, Total	APHA 4500-CL G	0.050	mg/L
Silicon (as SiO2)-Total	Calculation	0.10	mg/L
Soil-Saturated Paste Extra	actables		
Calcium (Ca)	SW846 6010C	0.50	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)	SW846 6010C	0.50	mg/L
SAR	SW846 6010C	0.10	units
Sodium (Na)	SW846 6010C	0.50	mg/L
Water-Bacteriological Tes	ets		
Escherichia Coli	APHA 9223B	0	MPN/100
Fecal Coliforms	SM 9222D	0	mL CFU/100
Fecal Coliforms	SM9222D	1	mL CFU/100 mL
Heterotrophic Plate Count	SM 9215D	0	CFU/mL
Total Coliforms	APHA 9223B	0	MPN/100 mL
Soil-Bacteriological Tests			IIIL
E. Coli	E3433	10	CFU/g
Fecal Coliform	SM 9222D	10	dwt CFU/g dwt
Water-Bioassays			
Daphnia Magna - LC50 48hr	EPS 1/RM/14	0.10	% v/v
Trout Bioassay LC50 96hr	EPS 1/RM/13	0.10	% v/v
Tissue-Metals			
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA 200.3/6020B	0.03	mg/kg
Mercury (Hg)-Total	EPA 200.3, EPA 245.7	0.0050	mg/kg



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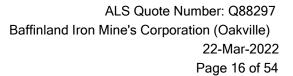


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Silver (Ag)-Total	EPA 200.3/6020B	0.0050	mg/kg
Titanium (Ti)-Total	EPA 200.3/6020B	0.50	mg/kg
Soil-Metals			
Arsenic (As)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	1	mg/kg
Copper (Cu)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	1	mg/kg
Lead (Pb)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	0.5	mg/kg
Lead (Pb)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	1	mg/kg
Mercury (Hg)	EPA 200.2/1631E (mod)	0.0050	mg/kg
Nickel (Ni)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	1	mg/kg
Zinc (Zn)	EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)	5	mg/kg
Dustfall-Metals			
Aluminum (Al)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0050	mg/dm2.
Antimony (Sb)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2. day
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0050	mg/dm2. day
Barium (Ba)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00080	mg/dm2. day
Beryllium (Be)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	mg/dm2. day
Bismuth (Bi)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	mg/dm2. day
Boron (B)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.010	mg/dm2. day
Cadmium (Cd)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	mg/dm2. day
Calcium (Ca)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.080	mg/dm2. day
Cesium (Cs)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000050	mg/dm2. day
Chromium (Cr)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	mg/dm2. day
Cobalt (Co)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	mg/dm2. day
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0010	mg/dm2. day
Interval	EPA 6020A	1	days
Interval	EPA SW846 7470A	1	days
Iron (Fe)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0080	mg/dm2. day
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000080	mg/dm2. day
Lithium (Li)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0050	mg/dm2. day
Magnesium (Mg)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0050	mg/dm2. day



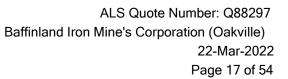


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Manganese (Mn)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00030	mg/dm2. day
Mercury (Hg)-Total	EPA SW846 7470A	0.000050	mg/dm2.
Molybdenum (Mo)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000050	day mg/dm2.
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	day mg/dm2.
Phosphorus (P)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.050	day mg/dm2.
Potassium (K)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.050	day mg/dm2.
Rubidium (Rb)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Selenium (Se)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0010	day mg/dm2.
Silicon (Si)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.050	day mg/dm2.
Silver (Ag)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000010	day mg/dm2.
Sodium (Na)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.050	day mg/dm2.
Strontium (Sr)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Sulfur (S)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.50	day mg/dm2.
Tellurium (Te)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Thallium (TI)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Thorium (Th)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000050	day mg/dm2.
Tin (Sn)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Titanium (Ti)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.010	day mg/dm2.
Tungsten (W)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00010	day mg/dm2.
Uranium (U)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.000010	day mg/dm2.
Vanadium (V)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0010	day mg/dm2.
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.0030	day mg/dm2.
Zirconium (Zr)-Total	EPA 6020A	0.00050	day mg/dm2.
. ,	2.7.00207.	3.55555	day
Water-Total Metals	EDA 200 2/6020A (1)	0.005	
Aluminum (Al)-Total Antimony (Sb)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod) EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.005 0.0001	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod) EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L mg/L



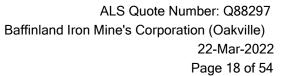


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA 6020A	1	ug/L
Barium (Ba)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Boron (B)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.01	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.05	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 6020A	1	ug/L
Iron (Fe)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.01	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA 6020A	1	ug/L
Lithium (Li)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.005	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Mercury	EPA 1631E (mod)	0.10	ug/L
Mercury (Hg)-Total	EPA 1631E (mod)	0.0000050	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA 6020A	1	ug/L
Potassium (K)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.05	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.1	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.05	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00001	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0003	mg/L
Tungsten (W)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.00001	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.003	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA 6020A	3	ug/L
Zirconium (Zr)-Total	EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)	0.0003	mg/L
Water-Total Metals	(Undigested)		



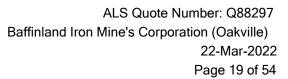


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Aluminum (Al)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Aluminum (Al)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.003	mg/L
Antimony (Sb)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Antimony (Sb)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00003	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Barium (Ba)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Barium (Ba)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Boron (B)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.005	mg/L
Boron (B)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.01	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.01	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0002	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Iron (Fe)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Iron (Fe)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.03	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00001	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00003	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
Lithium (Li)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Lithium (Li)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.004	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00007	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
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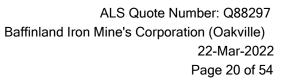


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Potassium (K)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.02	mg/L
Potassium (K)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.2	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00004	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.05	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.1	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.02	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.01	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000001	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.003	mg/L
Zirconium (Zr)-Total	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Water-Dissolved Metals	s		
Aluminum (Al)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0010	mg/L
Aluminum (Al)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0050	mg/L
Aluminum (Al)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Aluminum (Al)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.003	mg/L
Antimony (Sb)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Antimony (Sb)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Antimony (Sb)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Arsenic (As)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L



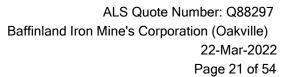


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Arsenic (As)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Barium (Ba)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Barium (Ba)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Barium (Ba)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Beryllium (Be)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000050	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Bismuth (Bi)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Boron (B)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.010	mg/L
Boron (B)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.005	mg/L
Boron (B)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.01	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0000050	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Cadmium (Cd)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.01	mg/L
Calcium (Ca)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Cesium (Cs)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000010	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00050	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0001	mg/L
Chromium (Cr)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Cobalt (Co)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00020	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Dissolved Mercury Filtration Location	APHA 3030B/EPA 1631E (mod)		
Dissolved Mercury Filtration Location	EPA 1631E (mod)		
Dissolved Metals Filtration Location	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)		
Iron (Fe)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.010	mg/L
Iron (Fe)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.001	mg/L
Iron (Fe)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.03	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000050	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00001	mg/L
Lead (Pb)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
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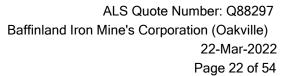


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Lithium (Li)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0010	mg/L
Lithium (Li)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Lithium (Li)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0050	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.004	mg/L
Magnesium (Mg)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00050	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Manganese (Mn)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00007	mg/L
Mercury (Hg)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/EPA 1631E (mod)	0.0000050	mg/L
Mercury (Hg)-Dissolved	EPA 1631E (mod)	0.0000050	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000050	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Molybdenum (Mo)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00005	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00050	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0005	mg/L
Phosphorus (P)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Potassium (K)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Potassium (K)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.02	mg/L
Potassium (K)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.2	mg/L
Rubidium (Rb)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00020	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000050	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00004	mg/L
Selenium (Se)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.05	mg/L
Silicon (Si)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.1	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000010	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000050	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Silver (Ag)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.050	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.02	mg/L
Sodium (Na)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.05	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00020	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0010	mg/L
Strontium (Sr)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
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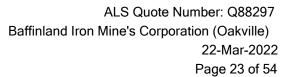


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Strontium (Sr)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Sulfur (S)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.50	mg/L
Tellurium (Te)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00020	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000010	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000005	mg/L
Thallium (TI)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Thorium (Th)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00002	mg/L
Tin (Sn)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.0001	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00030	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Titanium (Ti)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.01	mg/L
Tungsten (W)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00010	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.000010	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.000001	mg/L
Uranium (U)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.00001	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00050	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.00005	mg/L
Vanadium (V)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.001	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.0010	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Dissolved	EPA 6020B (mod)	0.0005	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Dissolved	EPA SW-846 6020A	0.003	mg/L
Zirconium (Zr)-Dissolved	APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)	0.00020	mg/L
Waste-TCLP Metals			
Arsenic (As)	EPA 6020B	0.05	mg/L
Copper (Cu)-Total	EPA 200.8	0.5	mg/L
Lead (Pb)	EPA 6020B	0.03	mg/L
Lead (Pb)	EPA 6020B	0.05	mg/L
Mercury (Hg)	EPA 1631E	0.00010	mg/L
Nickel (Ni)-Total	EPA 200.8	0.1	mg/L
Zinc (Zn)-Total	EPA 200.8	1	mg/L
Waste-Waste Characterization	ons		
Flash Point	ASTM D-93	30.0	Deg. C
Water-Aggregate Organics			
BOD	APHA 5210 B	2.0	mg/L
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	SM5210B	2.0	mg/L
COD	APHA 5220 D	10	mg/L



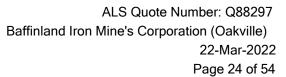


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
COD	APHA 5220 D. CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	20	mg/L
Oil and Grease	BCMOE (2010), EPA1664A	5.0	mg/L
Oil and Grease, Total	APHA 5520 B	5.0	mg/L
Mineral Oil and Grease	APHA 5520 B	2.5	mg/L
Phenols (4AAP)	EPA 9066	0.0010	mg/L
Soil-Aggregate Organics			
Oil and Grease, Total	APHA 5520 B	500	mg/kg
Water-Volatile Organic Comp	pounds		
1,1-dichloroethylene (vinylidene chlorid	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	%
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260 (511)	1	%
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	1	
1,4-Difluorobenzene (SS)	EPA 5035A/5021A/8260C	1	%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	SW846 8260 (511)	1	%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	1	
4-Bromofluorobenzene (SS)	EPA 5035A/5021A/8260C	1	%
Benzene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L
Benzene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Benzene	SW846 8260 (511)	0.50	ug/L
Benzene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	0.50	ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride	SW846 8260	0.20	ug/L
Monochlorobenzene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Ethylbenzene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L
Ethylbenzene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Ethylbenzene	SW846 8260 (511)	0.50	ug/L
Ethylbenzene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	0.50	ug/L
m+p-Xylenes	SW846 8260 (511)	0.40	ug/L
m+p-Xylenes	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	1.0	ug/L
m/p-xylene	SW846 8260	1.0	ug/L
meta- & para-Xylene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L
MTBE	SW846 8260	0.5	ug/L
Methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE)	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L



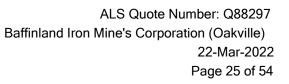


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Dichloromethane	SW846 8260	5.0	ug/L
o-Xylene	SW846 8260 (511)	0.30	ug/L
o-Xylene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	0.50	ug/L
o-xylene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
ortho-Xylene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L
Styrene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00050	mg/L
Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene)	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Toluene	EPA 5021A/8260C	0.00045	mg/L
Toluene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Toluene	SW846 8260 (511)	0.50	ug/L
Toluene	SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)	0.50	ug/L
Trichloroethylene	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
F1 (C6-C10)	EPA 5021A/CCME CWS PHC (Pub# 1310)	0.10	mg/L
Vinyl chloride	SW846 8260	0.20	ug/L
Xylenes	CALCULATION	0.00075	mg/L
Xylenes (Total)	CALCULATION	0.50	ug/L
Xylenes (Total)	SW846 8260	0.50	ug/L
Soil-Volatile Organic Comp	ounds		
1,3-Dichloropropene (cis & trans)	SW8260B/SW8270C	0.0020	mg/kg
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	
Benzene	SW846 8260	0.0068	ug/g
Ethylbenzene	SW846 8260	0.018	ug/g
m+p-Xylenes	SW846 8260	0.030	ug/g
o-Xylene	SW846 8260	0.020	ug/g
Toluene	SW846 8260	0.080	ug/g
Xylenes (Total)	CALCULATION	0.050	ug/g
Water-Hydrocarbons			
2-Bromobenzotrifluoride	EPA 3511/CCME Tier 1	1	
2-Bromobenzotrifluoride	MOE DECPH-E3421/CCME TIER 1	1	
2-Bromobenzotrifluoride, F2-F4	CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001	1.0	%
3,4-Dichlorotoluene	E3398/CCME TIER 1-HS	1	
3,4-Dichlorotoluene	E3421/CCME (HS)	1	
3,4-Dichlorotoluene	MOE DECPH-E3421/CCME TIER 1	1	
3,4-Dichlorotoluene (SS)	BC Env. Lab Manual (VH in Solids)	1	%
Chrom. to baseline at nC50	EPA 3511/CCME Tier 1		
Chrom. to baseline at nC50	MOE DECPH-E3421/CCME TIER 1		
F2-Naphth	CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001-L	100	ug/L



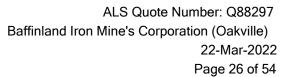


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10, Dec 2001-S 5	50	ug/g
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10, Dec 2001-S 5	50	ug/g
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10, Dec 2001-S 1	10	ug/g
0	0.020	ug/L
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	0.020	ug/L
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		ug/L
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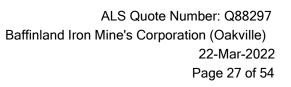


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Benzo(a)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.0050	ug/L
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Chrysene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Chrysene d12	SW846 8270	1	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Fluorene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Naphthalene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/L
Naphthalene d8	SW846 8270	1	
Phenanthrene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Phenanthrene d10	SW846 8270	1	
Pyrene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/L
Quinoline	SW846 8270	0.040	ug/L
Soil-Polycyclic Aromatic	c Hydrocarbons		
1-Methylnaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
2-Fluorobiphenyl	SW846 8270	1	%
2-Methylnaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Acenaphthene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Acenaphthylene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Acridine	SW846 8270	0.80	ug/g
Acridine d9	SW846 8270	1	
Anthracene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
B(a)P Total Potency Equivalent	SW846 8270	0.15	ug/g
Benzo(a)anthracene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Benzo(a)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/g
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.020	ug/g
Chrysene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Chrysene d12	SW846 8270	1	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Fluorene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
IACR (CCME)	SW846 8270	0.15	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	SW846 8270	0.010	



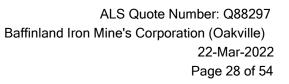


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Naphthalene d8	SW846 8270	1	
d14-Terphenyl	SW846 8270	1	%
Perylene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Phenanthrene	SW846 8270	0.030	ug/g
Phenanthrene d10	SW846 8270	1	
Pyrene	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Quinoline	SW846 8270	0.050	ug/g
Water-Trihalomethan	es		
1,4-Difluorobenzene	SW846 8260	1	
Bromodichloromethane	SW846 8260	2.0	ug/L
Bromoform	SW846 8260	2.0	ug/L
Dibromochloromethane	SW846 8260	2.0	ug/L
Chloroform	SW846 8260	2.0	ug/L
Total THMs	CALCULATION	0.0040	mg/L
Total THMs	CALCULATION	1.0	ug/L
Water-Haloacetic Aci	ds		
Bromochloroacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Bromodichloroacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Chlorodibromoacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Dalapon	MOECC E3478	0.20	ug/L
Dibromoacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	1.0	ug/L
Dichloroacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	1.0	ug/L
Total Haloacetic Acids 5	CALCULATION	1.8	ug/L
Iodoacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Bromoacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.20	ug/L
Chloroacetic acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Tribromoacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	0.50	ug/L
Trichloroacetic Acid	MOECC E3478	1.0	ug/L
Water-Glycols			
Diethylene Glycol	EPA 3550C, EPA 8015D	5.0	mg/L
Ethylene Glycol	EPA 3550C, EPA 8015D	5.0	mg/L
Propylene Glycol	EPA 3550C, EPA 8015D	5.0	mg/L
Triethylene Glycol	EPA 3550C, EPA 8015D	5.0	mg/L
Water-Semi-Volatile	Organics		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
	01410400070	0.40	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L



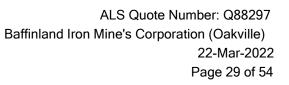


1-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug	Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
1-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5,6-Tichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrothorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Diritrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,C-Chiorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,C-Lioropaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dirintrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrobluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrobluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug	1-Chloronaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dintorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinterphenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L	1-Methylnaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
2,3,4-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Frichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L	2,3,4,5-Tetrachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Fluorophenyl SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Hotophenyl SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,3,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.0 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrop	2,3,4-Trichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2	2,3,5,6-Tetrachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-	2,3,5-Trichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dimethylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorop	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dimethylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 0-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3-Shitophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L <	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	SW846 8270	1	ug/L
2,4-Dimethylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4-6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 1.0 ug/L 2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 0-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthene	2,4-Dichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.30	ug/L
2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chloronaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 0-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Acen	2,4-Dimethylphenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,6-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 0-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,4-Dinitrophenol	SW846 8270	1.0	ug/L
2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chloronaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
2-Chloronaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 0-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,6-Dichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L o-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L <td>2,6-Dinitrotoluene</td> <td>SW846 8270</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>ug/L</td>	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L o-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2-Chloronaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol SW846 8270 2.0 ug/L 2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L o-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	2-Chlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.30	ug/L
2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L o-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	2-Fluorobiphenyl	SW846 8270	1	ug/L
o-Cresol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	SW846 8270	2.0	ug/L
2-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	2-Methylnaphthalene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	o-Cresol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
4-Bromophenylphenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	2-Nitrophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	4-Bromophenylphenyl ether	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L 4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	4-Chloroaniline	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
4-Nitrophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 5-Nitroacenaphthene SW846 8270 0.40 ug/L Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Acenaphthene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	4-Nitrophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	
Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	5-Nitroacenaphthene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	Acenaphthene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	Acenaphthylene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	Anthracene	SW846 8270	0.20	_
Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 0.050 ug/L	Benzo(a)anthracene	SW846 8270	0.20	_
	Benzo(a)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.050	_
201120(2)112012111110110 0.20 ug/L	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
•	Benzo(ghi)perylene	SW846 8270	0.20	_
(-	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	SW846 8270		_



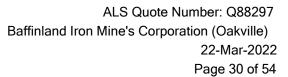


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Biphenyl	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	SW846 8270	1.0	ug/L
Butylbenzyl phthalate	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Camphene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Chrysene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Cresols (total)	CALCULATION	0.75	ug/L
Di-n-butylphthalate	SW846 8270	1.0	ug/L
Di-n-octylphthalate	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Dibenzofuran	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Diethylphthalate	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Dimethylphthalate	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Diphenyl ether	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Diphenylamine	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Fluoranthene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Fluorene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Hexachlorobenzene	SW846 8270	0.040	ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Hexachloroethane	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Indole	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Isophorone	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
3&4-Methylphenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	QWI-ORG/WP239	0.00090	ug/L
N-Nitrosodimethylamine-d6	QWI-ORG/WP239	1	ug/L
Naphthalene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Nitrobenzene	SW846 8270	0.40	ug/L
Nitrobenzene d5	SW846 8270	1	ug/L
d14-Terphenyl	SW846 8270	1	ug/L
Pentachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
Perylene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Phenanthrene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Phenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
Pyrene	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L



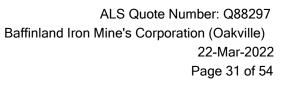


Parameter Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Soil-Semi-Volatile Organics		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
1-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 (511)	0.03	mg/kg
2,4+2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270	0.50	ug/g
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 (511)	1	%
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2,4-Dimethylphenol SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2,4-Dinitrophenol SW846 8270 (511)	1	mg/kg
2,4-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2,6-Dinitrotoluene SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2-Chlorophenol SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 (511)	1	%
2-Methylnaphthalene SW846 8270 (511)	0.03	mg/kg
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
4-Chloroaniline SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Acenaphthene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Acenaphthylene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Anthracene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Benzo(a)anthracene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Benzo(a)pyrene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Benzo(b)fluoranthene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Benzo(ghi)perylene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Benzo(k)fluoranthene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Biphenyl SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Chrysene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Diethylphthalate SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Dimethylphthalate SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Fluoranthene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Fluorene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Naphthalene SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Nitrobenzene d5 SW846 8270 (511)	1	%
p-Terphenyl d14 SW846 8270 (511)	1	%



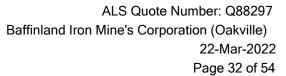


Phenol SW846 8270 (511) 0.1 mg/kg Phenol d5 SW846 8270 (511) 1 % Pyrene SW846 8270 (511) 0.05 mg/kg Water-Herbicides 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 1 MGE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MGE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MGE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MGE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MGE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MGE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA <td< th=""><th>Parameter</th><th>Method Reference</th><th>Report D.L.</th><th>Units</th></td<>	Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Phenol SW846 8270 (511) 0.1 mg/kg Phenol d5 SW846 8270 (511) 1 % Pyrene SW846 8270 (511) 0.0 mg/kg Water-Herbicides 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 1 MG AMPA MOE E3552 1 MG Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg	Pentachlorophenol	SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Phenol d5 SW846 8270 (511) 1 % Pyrene SW846 8270 (511) 0.05 mg/kg Water-Herbicides Water-Herbicides Val.5-TP MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 <t< td=""><td>Phenanthrene</td><td>SW846 8270 (511)</td><td>0.05</td><td>mg/kg</td></t<>	Phenanthrene	SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
Pyrene SW846 8270 (511) 0.05 mg/kg Water-Herbicides Valer-Herbicides Valer-Herbicides Valer-Herbicides 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP	Phenol	SW846 8270 (511)	0.1	mg/kg
Water-Herbicides	Phenol d5	SW846 8270 (511)	1	%
2,4,5-T MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3552 1 Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L <	Pyrene	SW846 8270 (511)	0.05	mg/kg
2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3552 1 Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L </td <td>Water-Herbicides</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Water-Herbicides			
2,4,5-TP MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3552 1 Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Tribriomophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30	2,4,5-T	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
2,4-D MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3550 0.50 ug/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270	2,4,5-TP	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
2,4-D MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3500 0.50 ug/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Olinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol <td< td=""><td>2,4,5-TP</td><td>MOE E3552</td><td>0.20</td><td>ug/L</td></td<>	2,4,5-TP	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid MOE E3552 1 AMPA MOE E3500 0.50 ug/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Fluorobiphenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L 2,-Fluorobiphenol	2,4-D	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
AMPA MOE E3500 0.50 ug/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L 2,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Fluorobiphenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L 2,4-Inchlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	2,4-D	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Vater-Pesticides 2 0.20 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	2,4-Dichlorophenylacetic Acid	MOE E3552	1	
Bromoxynil MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3550 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Pictoram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Vater-Pesticides Vater-Pesticides 0.20 ug/L Vater-Pesticides Vater-Pesticides 1 1 2.4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Fictribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	AMPA	MOE E3500	0.50	ug/L
Dicamba MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Valentral Water-Pesticides 0.20 ug/L Valentral SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	Bromoxynil	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
Dicamba MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides Us/L Us/L 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L A	Bromoxynil	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides V Ug/L 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-G-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	Dicamba	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
Dinoseb MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Vater-Pesticides Vater-Pesticides 0.20 ug/L 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10	Dicamba	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
Glyphosate MOE E3500 5.0 ug/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Vater-Pesticides Valuer-Pesticides 0.20 ug/L 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Dinoseb	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
MCPA MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 1 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Dinoseb	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
MCPA MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Glyphosate	MOE E3500	5.0	ug/L
Mecoprop MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L	MCPA	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
Picloram MOE E3552 0.00010 mg/L Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	MCPA	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
Picloram MOE E3552 0.20 ug/L Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Mecoprop	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
Water-Pesticides 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Picloram	MOE E3552	0.00010	mg/L
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Picloram	MOE E3552	0.20	ug/L
2,4,6-Tribromophenol SW846 8270 1 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Water-Pesticides			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L 2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
2,4-Dichlorophenol SW846 8270 0.30 ug/L 2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	SW846 8270	1	
2-Fluorobiphenyl SW846 8270 1 ug/L Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
Alachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2,4-Dichlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.30	ug/L
Atrazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	2-Fluorobiphenyl	SW846 8270	1	ug/L
Atrazine-desethyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Alachlor	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Atrazine & Metabolites SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Atrazine	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Azinphos-methyl SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Atrazine-desethyl	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Atrazine & Metabolites	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Carbaryl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L	Azinphos-methyl	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
•	Carbaryl	SW846 8270	0.20	_
	Carbofuran	SW846 8270	0.20	_



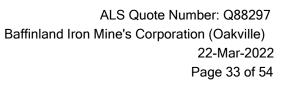


Diazinon	Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Diclofop-methyl SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Dimethoate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Diquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Diuron E3501 1.0 ug/L Malathion SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metolachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Tribufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifulralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifulralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,5,7,8-HpCDD	Chlorpyriphos	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Dimethoate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Diquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Diuron E3501 1.0 ug/L Malathion SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	Diazinon	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Diquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Diuron E3501 1.0 ug/L Malathion SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metolachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Tridufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifuralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HyCDF	Diclofop-methyl	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Diuron E3501 1.0 ug/L Malathion SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metolachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L USEA,67,8-HyCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HyCDF USEPA 1613	Dimethoate	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Malathion SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metolachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0	Diquat	E3503	1.0	ug/L
Metolachlor SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin Water-Dioxins and Furans 0 0.0 ug/L OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 <	Diuron	E3501	1.0	ug/L
Metribuzin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF<	Malathion	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Paraquat E3503 1.0 ug/L Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Tribufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L CODD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B	Metolachlor	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Pentachlorophenol SW846 8270 0.50 ug/L Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trerbufos SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Tridlate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L Water-Dioxins and Furans Water-Dioxins and Furans 0 ng/L	Metribuzin	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Phorate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L CCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF <td>Paraquat</td> <td>E3503</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>ug/L</td>	Paraquat	E3503	1.0	ug/L
Prometryne SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L CODD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-P4CDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-P4CDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-P4CDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L	Pentachlorophenol	SW846 8270	0.50	ug/L
Simazine SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Terbufos SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % <	Phorate	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Terbufos SW846 8270 0.20 ug/L Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	Prometryne	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Triallate SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Triffuralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	Simazine	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
Trifluralin SW846 8270 0.10 ug/L Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	Terbufos	SW846 8270	0.20	ug/L
Water-Dioxins and Furans OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	Triallate	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
OCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613	Trifluralin	SW846 8270	0.10	ug/L
OCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0 pg/L 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF<	Water-Dioxins and Fu	ırans		
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13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	·	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
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13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %		USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
		USEPA 1613B	1.00	
		USEPA 1613B	1.00	



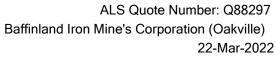


Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-OCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
2,3,7,8-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
2,3,7,8-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
37Cl4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup)	USEPA 1613B	1.0	%
_ower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
ower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Total-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Total-HpCDD	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Total-HpCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Fotal-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Fotal-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Гotal HpCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Гotal HpCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total HxCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total HxCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total PeCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total PeCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total-PeCDD	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Total-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Fotal TCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total TCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	0	pg/L
Jpper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Jpper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Jpper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		pg/L
Soil-Dioxins and Furans			
% Moisture	USEPA 1613B	0.010	%





OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.0 p9/g OCDF USEPA 1613B 1.0 p9/g 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 p9/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF </th <th>Parameter</th> <th>Method Reference</th> <th>Report D.L.</th> <th>Units</th>	Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % </td <td>OCDD</td> <td>USEPA 1613B</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>pg/g</td>	OCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.0	pg/g
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	OCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.0	pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PcCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % </td <td>1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF</td> <td>USEPA 1613B</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>pg/g</td>	1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % <td>1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF</td> <td>USEPA 1613B</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>pg/g</td>	1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,7,8,9+IxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 %	1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-PCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg	1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 <td< td=""><td>1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD</td><td>USEPA 1613B</td><td>0.40</td><td>pg/g</td></td<>	1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
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13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-0CDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g	13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g <tr< td=""><td>13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF</td><td>USEPA 1613B</td><td>1.00</td><td>%</td></tr<>	13C12-1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
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13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
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13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 13C12-OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
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13C12-OCDD USEPA 1613B 1.00 % 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-2,3,7,8-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37Cl4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	13C12-OCDD	USEPA 1613B	1.00	%
2,3,7,8-TCDD USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37Cl4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
2,3,7,8-TCDF USEPA 1613B 0.40 pg/g 37Cl4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
37CI4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup) USEPA 1613B 1.0 % Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	2,3,7,8-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)USEPA 1613Bpg/gLower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)USEPA 1613Bpg/gLower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)USEPA 1613Bpg/gMid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)USEPA 1613Bpg/gMid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)USEPA 1613Bpg/g	2,3,7,8-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO) USEPA 1613B pg/g Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	37Cl4-2,3,7,8-TCDD (Cleanup)	USEPA 1613B	1.0	
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Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)USEPA 1613Bpg/gMid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)USEPA 1613Bpg/gMid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)USEPA 1613Bpg/g	Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		
Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)USEPA 1613Bpg/gMid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)USEPA 1613Bpg/g	Lower Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		
Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998) USEPA 1613B pg/g	Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)	USEPA 1613B		
	Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		
	Mid Point PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		



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Parameter	Method Reference	Report D.L.	Units
Percent Solids	USEPA 1613B	0.010	%
Total-TCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total-HpCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total-HpCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total-HxCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total-HxCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total HpCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total HpCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total HxCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total HxCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total PeCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total PeCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total-PeCDD	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total-PeCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Total TCDD # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total TCDF # Homologues	USEPA 1613B		
Total-TCDF	USEPA 1613B	0.40	pg/g
Upper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (NATO)	USEPA 1613B		pg/g
Upper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 1998)	USEPA 1613B		pg/g
Upper Bound PCDD/F TEQ (WHO 2005)	USEPA 1613B		pg/g
Water-Plant Pigments			
Chlorophyll a	EPA 445.0 ACET	0.10	ug/L
Phaeophytin a	EPA 445.0 ACET	0.10	ug/L
Water-Organic Parameters			
Microcystin	ENVIROLOGIX QUANTIPLATE KIT CAT. EP022HS	0.20	ug/L
Water-Radiological Paramet	ers		
Ra-226	EPA 903.1	0.010	Bq/L
Water-Miscellaneous			
Special Request	SEE SUBLET LAB RESULTS		
MiscMiscellaneous			
Special Request	SEE SUBLET LAB RESULTS		
Special Request	SPECIAL REQUEST		



ALS Quote Number: Q88297 Baffinland Iron Mine's Corporation (Oakville) 22-Mar-2022

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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
625-511-WT	Soil	ABN-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011)	SW846 8270 (511)

Soil and sediment samples are dried by mixing with a desiccant prior to extraction. The extracts are dried, concentrated and exchanged into a solvent and analyzed by GC/MS. Depending on the analytical GC/MS column used benzo(j)fluoranthene may chromatographically co-elute with benzo(b)fluoranthene or benzo(k)fluoranthene.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

625-WT Water EPA 8270 Extractables SW846 8270

Aqueous samples are extracted and extracts are analyzed on GC/MSD. Depending on the analytical GC/MS column used benzo(j) fluoranthene may chromatographically co-elute with benzo(b)fluoranthene or benzo(k)fluoranthene.

N-nitrosodiphenylamine is reported as diphenylamine. N-nitrosodiphenylamine decomposes in the gas chromatographic inlet and cannot be separated from diphenylamine. (EPA 8270D)

ACIDITY-WT Water Acidity (as CaCO3) APHA 2310 B - Potentiometric Titration

ACIDS-ONT-DW-WT Water O.Reg 170/03 Acids SW846 8270

Pesticides are extracted from an aqueous sample using separate aliquots of solvent, extracts are concentrated down to a certain volume and analyzed on the GC/MSD.

ACY-PCT-VA Water Acidity by Automatic Titration APHA 2310 Acidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2310 "Acidity". Acidity is determined by potentiometric titration to a specified endpoint.

Samples of industrial wastes, acid mine drainage, or other solutions that contain appreciable amounts of hydrolyzable metal ions such as aluminum, iron, and manganese may require hot peroxide treatment to ensure oxidation and hydrolysis of reduced forms of polyvalent cations. Acidity results may be highly variable if this procedure is not followed. Results in this report for 'Acidity (as CaCO3)' have not been peroxide treated.

AG-DRY-MICR-CCMS-VA Tissue Silver in Tissue by CRC ICPMS (DRY) EPA 200.3/6020B

This method is conducted following British Columbia Lab Manual method "Metals in Animal Tissue and Vegetation (Biota) - Prescriptive". Tissue samples are homogenized and sub-sampled prior to hotblock digestion with nitric and hydrochloric acids, in combination with addition of hydrogen peroxide. Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020B).

Method Limitation: This method employs a strong acid/peroxide digestion, and is intended to provide a conservative estimate of bio-available metals. Near complete recoveries are achieved for most toxicologically important metals, but elements associated with recalcitrant minerals may be only partially recovered.

ALK-SPEC-PCT-WT Water Automated Speciated Alkalinity APHA 2320B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2320 "Alkalinity". Total alkalinity is determined by potentiometric titration to a pH 4.5 endpoint. Bicarbonate, carbonate and hydroxide alkalinity are calculated from phenolphthalein alkalinity and total alkalinity values.

ALK-TITR-VA Water Alkalinity Species by Titration APHA 2320 Alkalinity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2320 "Alkalinity". Total alkalinity is determined by potentiometric titration to a pH 4.5 endpoint. Bicarbonate, carbonate and hydroxide alkalinity are calculated from phenolphthalein alkalinity and total alkalinity values.



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Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
ALK-WT	Water	Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	APHA 2320B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2320 "Alkalinity". Total alkalinity is determined by potentiometric titration to a pH 4.5 endpoint.

BIM-NO2-IC-L-WT Water Low Level Nitrite in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

This analysis is carried out procedures adapted from EPA 300.1 "Anions". Nitrite is determined by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection on a water sample.

BOD-WT Water BOD APHA 5210 B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5210B - "Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)". All forms of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) are determined by diluting and incubating a sample for a specified time period, and measuring the oxygen depletion using a dissolved oxygen meter. Dissolved BOD (SOLUBLE) is determined by filtering the sample through a glass fibre filter prior to dilution. Carbonaceous BOD (CBOD) is determined by adding a nitrification inhibitor to the diluted sample prior to incubation.

BOD5-TG Water Biochemical Oxygen Demand- 5 day SM5210B

(TAIGA)

BR-IC-N-WT Water Bromide in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

BR-L-IC-N-VA Water Bromide in Water by IC (Low Level) EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

BROMATE-DW-LCMS-WT Water Bromate in Water by LC/MS-MS EPA 6850

An aliquot of sample is spiked with 18O-BrO3 internal standard and analyzed by LC/MS/MS.

This test procedure does not incorporate EDA preservation for bromate. Unpreserved bromate in water is stable for at least the 28 day recommended hold time, but samples that contain free chlorine or ozone could form additional bromate after the time of sampling (EPA 300.0 and 300.1).

BTX-511-HS-WT Soil BTEX-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011) SW846 8260

BTX is determined by extracting a soil or sediment sample as received with methanol, then analyzing by headspace-GC/MS.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

BTX-511-HS-WT Water BTEX by Headspace SW846 8260 (511)

BTX is determined by analyzing by headspace-GC/MS.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).



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Methodology

Product Matrix Product Description Analytical Method Reference

BTX-HS-WT Water BTEX by Headspace SW846 8260 (HEADSPACE)

BTX is determined by analyzing by headspace-GC/MS.

CARBONS-DOC-VA Water Dissolved organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)". Dissolved carbon

(DOC) fractions are determined by filtering the sample through a 0.45 micron membrane filter prior to analysis.

CARBONS-TOC-VA Water Total organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310B TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".

CHL/A-ACET-FLUORO-WP Water Chlorophyll a by fluorometry EPA 445.0 ACET

This analysis is done using procedures modified from EPA method 445.0. Chlorophyll a is determined by a 90 % acetone extraction followed with analysis by fluorometry using the non-acidification procedure. This method is not subject to interferences from

chlorophyll b.

CHLORATE-IC-WT Water Chlorate by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

CHLORITE-IC-WT Water Chlorite by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

CL-IC-N-VA Water Chloride in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

CL-IC-N-WT Water Chloride by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of

the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

CL2-FREE-WT Water Free Chlorine SM 4500-CL G, EPA 330.5

Chlorine (residual), as free or total, is analyzed using the DPD colourimetric method. The recommended hold time for these tests is 15 minutes; field testing is recommended for best results. Chlorine can be rapidly consumed by organic matter, if present, and dissipates rapidly into headspace.

APHA 4500-CL G

CL2-TOTAL-WT Water Total Residual Chlorine

Chlorine (residual), as free or total, is analyzed using the DPD colourimetric method. The recommended hold time for these tests is 15 minutes; field testing is recommended for best results. Chlorine can be rapidly consumed by organic matter, if present, and

dissipates rapidly into headspace.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
CN-TOT-WT	Water	Cyanide, Total	ISO 14403-2

Total cyanide is determined by the combination of UV digestion and distillation. Cyanide is converted to cyanogen chloride by reacting with chloramine-T, the cyanogen chloride then reacts with a combination of barbituric acid and isonicotinic acid to form a highly colored complex.

When using this method, high levels of thiocyanate in samples can cause false positives at ~1-2% of the thiocyanate concentration. For samples with detectable cyanide analyzed by this method, ALS recommends analysis for thiocyanate to check for this potential interference

COD-COL-VA Water Chemical Oxygen Demand by APHA 5220 D. CHEMICAL OXYGEN

Colorimetric DEMAND

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5220 "Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)". Chemical oxygen demand is determined using the closed reflux colourimetric method.

COD-T-WT Water Chemical Oxygen Demand APHA 5220 D

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5220 "Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)". Chemical oxygen demand is determined using the closed reflux colourimetric method.

COLOUR-APPARENT-WT Water Colour APHA 2120

Apparent Colour is measured spectrophotometrically by comparison to platinum-cobalt standards using the single wavelength method after sample decanting. Colour measurements can be highly pH dependent, and apply to the pH of the sample as received (at time of testing), without pH adjustment. Concurrent measurement of sample pH is recommended.

COLOUR-TRUE-WT Water Colour, True APHA 2120C

True Colour is measured spectrophotometrically by comparison to platinum-cobalt standards using the single wavelength method after filtration of sample through a 0.45 um filter. Colour measurements can be highly pH dependent, and apply to the pH of the sample as received (at time of testing), without pH adjustment. Concurrent measurement of sample pH is recommended.

CRESOL-SUM-CALC-WT Water Total Cresols CALCULATION

Total cresols represents the sum of o-cresol and m&p-cresol.

DAPHNIA-LC50-48HR-NL Water Daphnia Magna LC50 (48 Hour) - EPS 1/RM/14

Nautilus

DIQUAT-DW-LCMS-WT Water Diquat in Water by LC/MS-MS E3503

An aliquot of the sample is taken and internal standard is added. The sample is analyzed by LC/MS/MS.

DIURON-DW-LCMS-WT Water Diuron in Drinking Water E3501

An aliquot of water sample is diluted 1:1 using acetonitrile and analyzed using LC/MS/MS

DOC-WT Water Dissolved Organic Carbon APHA 5310B

Sample is filtered through a 0.45um filter, then injected into a heated reaction chamber which is packed with an oxidative catalyst. The water is vaporized and the organic carbon is oxidized to carbon dioxide. The carbon dioxide is transported in a carrier gas and is measured by a non-dispersive infrared detector.

DUSTFALLS-INS.DM2-WT Dustfall Dustfalls Insoluble (mg/dm2.day) BCMOE DUSTFALLS

Dustfall analysis is carried out in accordance with procedures published by the B.C. Ministry of Environment Laboratory.

DX-1613B-HRMS-BU Soil Dioxins and Furans HR 1613B USEPA 1613B

Samples are extracted by Soxhlet. The extracts are prepared using column chromatography, reduced in volume and analyzed by isotope-dilution GC/HRMS



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
DX-R511-HRMS-BU	Water	Dioxins and Furans	USEPA 1613B

EC-L-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity electrode.

Method is sensitive and precise enough to measure 1uS LOR, however creation of blank levels below 1uS may be impractical, and therefore result in more frequent measured conductivity above the LOR.

EC-PCT-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity electrode.

EC-SCREEN-VA Water Conductivity Screen (Internal Use Only) APHA 2510

Qualitative analysis of conductivity where required during preparation of other tests - e.g. TDS, metals, etc.

EC-SCREEN-WT Water Conductivity Screen (Internal Use Only) APHA 2510

Qualitative analysis of conductivity where required during preparation of other tests - e.g. TDS, metals, etc.

EC-SOLID-MF-WT Soil E. coli on sludge or solid E3433

A biosolid sub-sample is transferred into buffered dilution water blank. The sample is manually shaken and an aliquot of the sample is then filtered through the membrane filter. The filter is then placed on mFC-BCIG agar and incubated at 44.5 ± 0.2 °C for 24 ± 2 hours. Method ID: WT-TM-1200. Results are reported on a dry weight basis. Moisture is required.

EC-WT Soil Conductivity (EC) MOEE E3138

A representative subsample is tumbled with de-ionized (DI) water. The ratio of water to soil is 2:1 v/w. After tumbling the sample is then analyzed by a conductivity meter.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

EC-WT Water Conductivity APHA 2510 B

Water samples can be measured directly by immersing the conductivity cell into the sample.

ETL-CHLORAMINES-WT Water Chloramines APHA 4500-CI B

ETL-N2N3-WT Water Calculate from NO2 + NO3 APHA 4110 B

ETL-NH3-UNION-WT Water Un-ionized ammonia CALCULATION

F-DW-IC-WT Water Fluoride in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

F-IC-N-VA Water Fluoride in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

F-IC-N-WT Water Fluoride in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
F1-511-WT	Water	F1-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011)	MOE DECPH-E3421/CCME TIER 1

Fraction F1 is determined by purging a volume of a ground water sample followed by GC/FID analysis.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

F1-BTX-CALC-VA Water F1-Total BTX CCME CWS PHC TIER 1 (2001)

This analysis is based on the "Reference Method for the Canada-Wide Standard for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil - Tier 1 Method, Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, December 2000." For F1 (C6-C10), the sample undergoes a purge and trap extraction prior to analysis by GC/FID. The F1-BTEX result is calculated as follows:

F1-BTEX: F1 (C6-C10) minus benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes (BTEX).

F1-F4-511-CALC-WT Soil F1-F4 Hydrocarbon Calculated CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001-S

Parameters

Analytical methods used for analysis of CCME Petroleum Hydrocarbons have been validated and comply with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC.

Hydrocarbon results are expressed on a dry weight basis.

In cases where results for both F4 and F4G are reported, the greater of the two results must be used in any application of the CWS PHC guidelines and the gravimetric heavy hydrocarbons cannot be added to the C6 to C50 hydrocarbons. In samples where BTEX and F1 were analyzed, F1-BTEX represents a value where the sum of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and total Xylenes has been subtracted from F1.

In samples where PAHs, F2 and F3 were analyzed, F2-Naphth represents the result where Naphthalene has been subtracted from F2. F3-PAH represents a result where the sum of Benzo(a)anthracene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k) fluoranthene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, Fluoranthene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Phenanthrene, and Pyrene has been subtracted from F3.

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F1 hydrocarbon range:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing response factors for C6 and C10 within 30% of the response factor for toluene.
- 3. Linearity of gasoline response within 15% throughout the calibration range.

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F2-F4 hydrocarbon ranges:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing C10, C16 and C34 response factors within 10% of their average.
- 3. Instrument performance showing the C50 response factor within 30% of the average of the C10, C16 and C34 response factors.
- 4. Linearity of diesel or motor oil response within 15% throughout the calibration range.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
F1-F4-511-CALC-WT	Water	F1-F4 Hydrocarbon Calculated Parameters	CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001-L

Analytical methods used for analysis of CCME Petroleum Hydrocarbons have been validated and comply with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC.

In cases where results for both F4 and F4G are reported, the greater of the two results must be used in any application of the CWS PHC guidelines and the gravimetric heavy hydrocarbons cannot be added to the C6 to C50 hydrocarbons. In samples where BTEX and F1 were analyzed, F1-BTEX represents a value where the sum of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and total Xylenes has been subtracted from F1.

In samples where PAHs, F2 and F3 were analyzed, F2-Naphth represents the result where Naphthalene has been subtracted from F2. F3-PAH represents a result where the sum of Benzo(a)anthracene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k) fluoranthene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, Fluoranthene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Phenanthrene, and Pyrene has been subtracted from F3

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F1 hydrocarbon range:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing response factors for C6 and C10 within 30% of the response factor for toluene.
- 3. Linearity of gasoline response within 15% throughout the calibration range.

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F2-F4 hydrocarbon ranges:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing C10, C16 and C34 response factors within 10% of their average.
- 3. Instrument performance showing the C50 response factor within 30% of the average of the C10, C16 and C34 response factors.
- 4. Linearity of diesel or motor oil response within 15% throughout the calibration range.

F1-F4-CALC-WT Water CCME Total Hydrocarbons CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001-L

Analytical methods used for analysis of CCME Petroleum Hydrocarbons have been validated and comply with the Reference Method for the CWS PHC.

In cases where results for both F4 and F4G are reported, the greater of the two results must be used in any application of the CWS PHC guidelines and the gravimetric heavy hydrocarbons cannot be added to the C6 to C50 hydrocarbons. In samples where BTEX and F1 were analyzed, F1-BTEX represents a value where the sum of Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and total Xylenes has been subtracted from F1.

In samples where PAHs, F2 and F3 were analyzed, F2-Naphth represents the result where Naphthalene has been subtracted from F2. F3-PAH represents a result where the sum of Benzo(a)anthracene, Benzo(a)pyrene, Benzo(b)fluoranthene, Benzo(k) fluoranthene, Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, Fluoranthene, Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, Phenanthrene, and Pyrene has been subtracted from F3

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F1 hydrocarbon range:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing response factors for C6 and C10 within 30% of the response factor for toluene.
- 3. Linearity of gasoline response within 15% throughout the calibration range.

Unless otherwise qualified, the following quality control criteria have been met for the F2-F4 hydrocarbon ranges:

- 1. All extraction and analysis holding times were met.
- 2. Instrument performance showing C10, C16 and C34 response factors within 10% of their average.
- 3. Instrument performance showing the C50 response factor within 30% of the average of the C10, C16 and C34 response factors.
- 4. Linearity of diesel or motor oil response within 15% throughout the calibration range.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
F1-HS-511-WT	Soil	F1-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011)	E3398/CCME TIER 1-HS

Fraction F1 is determined by extracting a soil or sediment sample as received with methanol, then analyzing by headspace-GC/FID.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

F1-HS-511-WT Water F1-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011) E3398/CCME TIER 1-HS

Fraction F1 is determined by analyzing by headspace-GC/FID.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

F1-HS-WT Water F1 (O.Reg.153/04) E3421/CCME (HS)

Fraction F1 is determined by analyzing by headspace-GC/FID.

F1-HSFID-VA Water CCME F1 By Headspace with GCFID EPA 5021A/CCME CWS PHC (Pub# 1310)

This analysis is based on the "Reference Method for the Canada-Wide Standard for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil - Tier 1 Method, Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, December 2000." For F1 (C6-C10), the sample undergoes a headspace purge prior to analysis by GC/FID.

F1 (C6-C10): Sum of all hydrocarbons that elute between nC6 and nC10.

F2-F4-511-WT Soil F2-F4-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011) CCME Tier 1

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (F2-F4 fractions) are extracted from soil with 1:1 hexane:acetone using a rotary extractor. Extracts are treated with silica gel to remove polar organic interferences. F2, F3, & F4 are analyzed by GC-FID. F4G-sg is analyzed gravimetrically.

Notes:

- 1. F2 (C10-C16): Sum of all hydrocarbons that elute between nC10 and nC16.
- 2. F3 (C16-C34): Sum of all hydrocarbons that elute between nC16 and nC34.
- 3. F4 (C34-C50): Sum of all hydrocarbons that elute between nC34 and nC50.
- 4. F4G: Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons
- 5. F4G-sg: Gravimetric Heavy Hydrocarbons (F4G) after silica gel treatment.
- 6. Where both F4 (C34-C50) and F4G-sg are reported for a sample, the larger of the two values is used for comparison against the relevant CCME guideline for F4.
- 7. F4G-sg cannot be added to the C6 to C50 hydrocarbon results to obtain an estimate of total extractable hydrocarbons.
- 8. This method is validated for use.
- 9. Data from analysis of validation and quality control samples is available upon request.
- 10. Reported results are expressed as milligrams per dry kilogram, unless otherwise indicated.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
F2-F4-511-WT	Water	F2-F4-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011)	EPA 3511/CCME Tier 1

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (F2-F4 fractions) are extracted from water using a hexane micro-extraction technique. Instrumental analysis is by GC-FID, as per the Reference Method for the Canada-Wide Standard for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil Tier 1 Method, CCME, 2001.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

F2-F4-ME-FID-VA Water CCME F2-F4 Hydrocarbons in Water CCME CWS-PHC, Pub #1310, Dec 2001

F2-F4 is extracted from water using a hexane micro-extraction technique. Instrumental analysis is by GC-FID, as per the Reference Method for the Canada-Wide Standard for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil Tier 1 Method, CCME, Dec 2001.

F2-F4-WT Water F2-F4 (O.Reg.153/04) MOE DECPH-E3421/CCME TIER 1

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (F2-F4 fractions) are extracted from water using a hexane micro-extraction technique. Instrumental analysis is by GC-FID, as per the Reference Method for the Canada-Wide Standard for Petroleum Hydrocarbons in Soil Tier 1 Method, CCME, 2001.

FC-MF-WT Water Fecal Coliforms SM 9222D

A 100mL volume of sample is filtered through a membrane, the membrane is placed on mFC agar and incubated at 24±2h@44.5±0.2°C. Method ID: WT-TM-1200

24±211@44.5±0.2 C. Metriod ID. W1-1M-1200

FC-SOLID-MF-WT Soil Fecal Coliform on sludge or solid SM 9222D

FLASH-PMCC-AUTO-CL Waste Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Flashpoint ASTM D-93

A brass cup of specified dimensions, filled to the inner mark with test sample and fitted with a cover, is heated and the sample stirred at specified rates, using one of 3 defined procedures. An ignition source is directed into the cup at regular intervals until a flash is detected. The flash point is the lowest temperature corrected for barometric pressure, at which the vapour of the sample ignites.

GLYCOL-CL Water Glycol Screen EPA 3550C, EPA 8015D

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846, Method 8015D and 3550C, published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Water samples are bath ultra-sonicated and analyzed by GC-FID direct aqueous injection.

GLYPHOSATE-ONT-DW-WT Water Glyphosate in Drinking Water MOE E3500

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from ON MOE E3500 "Glyphosate". Glyphosate is determined by direct

injection by LC-MS/MS on a sample that bas been derivatized.

HAA+DAL-LCMS-WT Water Haloacetic Acids by LC/MS-MS MOECC E3478

An aliquot of filtered sample is fortified with formic acid and analyzed by direct inject via Electro Spray Ionization MS/MS detection using Triple Quadrupole MS/MS detector.

HAA5-SUM-CALC-WT Water CALCULATION

Total Haloacetic Acids 5 (HAA5) represents the sum of monobromoacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid and trichloroacetic acid. For the purpose of calculation, results less than the detection limit (DL) are treated as zero.



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Methodology

Product Matrix Product Description Analytical Method Reference
HARDNESS-CALC-VA Water Hardness APHA 2340B

Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.

HARDNESS-CALC-WT Water Hardness APHA 2340 B

Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.

HG-200.2-CVAA-WT Soil Mercury in Soil by CVAAS EPA 200.2/1631E (mod)

Soil samples are digested with nitric and hydrochloric acids, followed by analysis by CVAAS.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

HG-D-CVAA-VA Water Diss. Mercury in Water by CVAAS or APHA 3030B/EPA 1631E (mod)

CVAFS

Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with hydrochloric acid, then undergo a cold-oxidation using bromine monochloride prior to reduction with stannous chloride, and analyzed by CVAAS or CVAFS.

HG-D-CVAA-WT Water Dissolved Mercury in Water by CVAAS EPA 1631E (mod)

Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with hydrochloric acid, then undergo a cold-oxidation using bromine monochloride prior to reduction with stannous chloride, and analyzed by CVAAS.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

HG-DRY-MICR-CVAA-VA Tissue Mercury in Tissue by CVAAS (DRY) EPA 200.3, EPA 245.7

This method is adapted from US EPA Method 200.3 "Sample Procedures for Spectrochemical Determination of Total Recoverable Elements in Biological Tissues" (1996). Tissue samples are homogenized and sub-sampled prior to hotblock digestion with nitric and hydrochloric acids, in combination with repeated additions of hydrogen peroxide. Analysis is by atomic absorption spectrophotometry, adapted from US EPA Method 245.7.

HG-DUST(DM2)-CVAA-WT Dustfall Total Mercury in Dustfalls by CVAA EPA SW846 7470A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Instrumental analysis is by cold vapour atomic absorption spectrophotometry.

HG-T-CVAA-VA Water Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS or EPA 1631E (mod) CVAFS

Water samples undergo a cold-oxidation using bromine monochloride prior to reduction with stannous chloride, and analyzed by CVAAS or CVAFS.

HG-T-CVAA-WT Water Total Mercury in Water by CVAAS EPA 1631E (mod)

Water samples undergo a cold-oxidation using bromine monochloride prior to reduction with stannous chloride, and analyzed by CVAAS.

HG-T-ONT-DW-WT Water Mercury (Hg) EPA 1631E (mod)



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
HG-TCLP-WT	Waste	Mercury (CVAA) for O.Reg 347	EPA 1631E

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the extraction procedure outlined in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste - Physical/Chemical Methods Volume 1C" SW-846 EPA Method 1311, published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). In summary, the sample is extracted at a 20:1 liquid to solids ratio for 16 to 20 hours using either extraction fluid #1 (glacial acetic acid, water and sodium hydroxide) or extraction fluid #2 (glacial acetic acid), depending on the pH of the original sample. The extract is then filtered through a 0.6 to 0.8 micron glass fibre filter and analysed using atomic absorption spectrophotometry (EPA 1631E).

HPC-DW-MF-WT Water Heterotrophic Plate Count SM 9215D

A 1mL volume of sample is filtered through a membrane, the membrane is placed on mHPC agar and incubated for 48±2h@35±0.5°

C. Method ID: WT-TM-1200

LEACH-TCLP-WT Waste Leachate Procedure for Reg 347 EPA 1311

Inorganic and Semi-Volatile Organic contaminants are leached from waste samples in strict accordance with US EPA Method 1311, "Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure" (TCLP). Test results are reported in leachate concentration units (normally mg/L).

MEOH-TERRACORE-WT Misc. Terracore MeOH Kit - Vials, corer, jar

MET-200.2-CCMS-WT Soil Metals in Soil by CRC ICPMS EPA 200.2/6020B (mod)

Soil/sediment is dried, disaggregated, and sieved (2 mm). For tests intended to support Ontario regulations, the <2mm fraction is ground to pass through a 0.355 mm sieve. Strong Acid Leachable Metals in the <2mm fraction are solubilized by heated digestion with nitric and hydrochloric acids. Instrumental analysis is by Collision / Reaction Cell ICPMS.

Limitations: This method is intended to liberate environmentally available metals. Silicate minerals are not solubilized. Some metals may be only partially recovered (matrix dependent), including AI, Ba, Be, Cr, S, Sr, Ti, TI, V, W, and Zr. Elemental Sulfur may be poorly recovered by this method. Volatile forms of sulfur (e.g. sulfide, H2S) may be excluded if lost during sampling, storage, or digestion.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

MET-D-CCMS-VA Water Dissolved Metals in Water by CRC APHA 3030B/6020A (mod) ICPMS

Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.

Method Limitation (re: Sulfur): Sulfide and volatile sulfur species may not be recovered by this method.

MET-D-CCMS-WT Water Dissolved Metals in Water by CRC APHA 3030B/6020A (mod)

ICPMS

Water samples are filtered (0.45 um), preserved with nitric acid, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.

Method Limitation (re: Sulfur): Sulfide and volatile sulfur species may not be recovered by this method.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

MET-D-NP-CCMS-VA Water Dissolved Metals in Water CRC ICPMS EPA 6020B (mod)

Ultra trace metals in water are analyzed by CRC ICPMS, based on US EPA Method 6020B (July 2014). This procedure is intended for pristine field-filtered acid-preserved water samples. The detection limits (LOR) for this test are based on lab instrumental analysis only, not including filtration. Due to the high probability of false positives due to filtration, it is strongly recommended that a filtration blank be analysed to aid in data interpretation.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
MET-D-NP-U-CCMS-WT	Water	Dissolved Metals in Water by CRC	EPA SW-846 6020A

Ultra trace metals in water are analyzed by CRC ICPMS, based on US EPA Method 6020A (Jan 1998). This procedure is intended for pristine field-filtered acid-preserved water samples. The detection limits (LOR) for this test are based on lab instrumental analysis only, not including filtration. ALS-supplied field filtration equipment does not support these LOR. Therefore, because of the high probability of false positives due to filtration, it is strongly recommended that a filtration blank be analysed to aid in data interpretation. Special bottles, preservatives and sampling procedures apply.

MET-DRY-MICR-CCMS-VA Tissue Metals in Tissue by CRC ICPMS (DRY) EPA 200.3/6020B

This method is conducted following British Columbia Lab Manual method "Metals in Animal Tissue and Vegetation (Biota) - Prescriptive". Tissue samples are homogenized and sub-sampled prior to hotblock digestion with nitric and hydrochloric acids, in combination with addition of hydrogen peroxide. Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020B).

Method Limitation: This method employs a strong acid/peroxide digestion, and is intended to provide a conservative estimate of bio-available metals. Near complete recoveries are achieved for most toxicologically important metals, but elements associated with recalcitrant minerals may be only partially recovered.

MET-DUST(DM2)-MS-WT Dustfall Total Metals in Dustfalls by ICPMS EPA 6020A

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Instrumental analysis is by ICP-MS (EPA Method 6020A)

MET-ONT-DW-WT Water Drinking Water Metals EPA 6020A

MET-T-CCMS-VA Water Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)

Water samples are digested with nitric and hydrochloric acids, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.

Method Limitation (re: Sulfur): Sulfide and volatile sulfur species may not be recovered by this method.

MET-T-CCMS-WT Water Total Metals in Water by CRC ICPMS EPA 200.2/6020A (mod)

Water samples are digested with nitric and hydrochloric acids, and analyzed by CRC ICPMS.

Method Limitation (re: Sulfur): Sulfide and volatile sulfur species may not be recovered by this method.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
MET-T-NP-CCMS-VA	Water	Total Metals by CRC ICPMS (Undigested)	EPA 6020B (mod)

Ultra trace metals in water are analyzed by CRC ICPMS, based on US EPA Method 6020B (July 2014). The detection limits provided can only be met for undigested samples. This procedure is intended for colorless, non-turbid, acid-preserved water samples (i.e. pristine water samples), having turbidity < 1 NTU and no odor. Where turbidity exceeds 1 NTU, and/or the sample is colored and has an odor, results may be biased low compared to true Total Metals concentrations. ALS recommends that turbidity analysis be requested on samples submitted for this test to aid with interpretation of results.

Where turbidity is <1NTU, undigested metals are equivalent to total metals concentrations.

MET-T-NP-U-CCMS-WT Water Total Metals by CRC ICPMS EPA SW-846 6020A (Undigested)

(G.i.a.good

Ultra trace metals in water are analyzed by CRC ICPMS, based on US EPA Method 6020A (Jan 1998). The detection limits provided can only be met for undigested samples. This procedure is intended for colorless, non-turbid, acid-preserved water samples (i.e. pristine water samples), having turbidity < 1 NTU and no odor. Where turbidity exceeds 1 NTU, and/or the sample is colored and has an odor, results may be biased low compared to true Total Metals concentrations. ALS recommends that turbidity analysis be requested on samples submitted for this test to aid with interpretation of results. Special bottles, preservatives and sampling procedures apply.

MET-TCLP-EXTRA-WT Waste O. Reg 347 Extra Metals on TCLP EPA 200.8

Leachate

MET-TCLP-WT Waste O.Reg 347 TCLP Leachable Metals EPA 6020B

This analysis is carried out in accordance with the extraction procedure outlined in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste - Physical/Chemical Methods Volume 1C" SW-846 EPA Method 1311, published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). In summary, the sample is extracted at a 20:1 liquid to solids ratio for 16 to 20 hours using either extraction fluid #1 (glacial acetic acid, water and sodium hydroxide) or extraction fluid #2 (glacial acetic acid), depending on the pH of the original sample. The extract is then filtered through a 0.6 to 0.8 micron glass fibre filter. Instrumental analysis of the digested extract is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020B).

METHYLNAPS-CALC-WT Soil ABN-Calculated Parameters SW846 8270

METHYLNAPS-CALC-WT Water PAH-Calculated Parameters SW846 8270

MICROCYSTIN-WP Water Microcystin ENVIROLOGIX QUANTIPLATE KIT CAT.

EP022HS

Total Microcystins (intraceller and extraceller) in aqueous matrices is determined by the Enzyme-Linked ImmunoSorbent Assay

(ELISA) method.

MISC-ONT-DW-WT Water O.Reg 170/03 Miscellaneous Pesticides SW846 8270

Pesticides are extracted from an aqueous sample using separate aliquots of solvent, extracts are concentrated down to a certain

volume and analyzed on the GC/MSD.

MOISTURE-MICR-VA Tissue Moisture in Tissue Puget Sound WQ Authority, Apr 1997

This analysis is carried out gravimetrically by drying the sample at <60 deg. C.

MOISTURE-WT Soil % Moisture CCME PHC in Soil - Tier 1 (mod)



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Methodology

Product Matrix **Product Description** Analytical Method Reference NDMA-ONTDW-WT NDMA to meet Ont Reg 170/03 QWI-ORG/WP239 Water

An aliquot of sample is solid phase extracted followed by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry instead of direct injection.

NH3-F-VA J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC Water Ammonia in Water by Fluorescence

This analysis is carried out, on sulfuric acid preserved samples, using procedures modified from J. Environ. Monit., 2005, 7, 37 - 42, The Royal Society of Chemistry, "Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection for the determination of trace levels of ammonium in seawater", Roslyn J. Waston et al.

NH3-F-WT Water Ammonia in Water by Fluorescence J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005, 7, 37-42, RSC

This analysis is carried out, on sulfuric acid preserved samples, using procedures modified from J. Environ. Monit., 2005, 7, 37 - 42, The Royal Society of Chemistry, "Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection for the determination of trace levels of ammonium in seawater", Roslyn J. Waston et al.

NO2-DW-IC-WT Water Nitrite in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO2-IC-WT Water Nitrite in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO2-L-IC-N-VA Water Nitrite in Water by IC (Low Level) EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO3-DW-IC-WT Nitrate in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod) Water

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO3-IC-N-WT EPA 300.1 (mod) Water Nitrate in Water by IC

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO3-IC-WT Water Nitrate in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

NO3-L-IC-N-VA Nitrate in Water by IC (Low Level) EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

OGG-SF-VA BCMOE (2010), EPA1664A Water Oil & Grease by Gravimetric

The procedure involves an extraction of the entire water sample with hexane. This extract is then evaporated to dryness, and the

residue weighed to determine Oil and Grease.

OGG-SPEC-CALC-WT Speciated Oil and Grease A/V Calc CALCULATION Water

Sample is extracted with hexane, sample speciation into mineral and animal/vegetable fractions is achieved via silica gel separation and is then determined gravimetrically.

OGG-SPFC-WT Water Speciated Oil and Grease-Gravimetric **APHA 5520 B**

The procedure involves an extraction of the entire water sample with hexane. Sample speciation into mineral and animal/vegetable fractions is achieved via silica gel separation and is then determined gravimetrically.



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Methodology

Product Matrix **Product Description** Analytical Method Reference OGG-TOT-WT Oil and Grease, Total APHA 5520 B Soil

Sample is extracted with an acetone: hexane mixture and then evaporated and the resulting residue is weighed to determine the total oil and grease.

OGG-TOT-WT Water Oil and Grease, Total **APHA 5520 B**

The procedure involves an extraction of the entire water sample with hexane. This extract is then evaporated to dryness, and the

residue weighed to determine Oil and Grease.

P-T-COL-WT Water Total P in Water by Colour APHA 4500-P PHOSPHORUS

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorus is deteremined

colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.

P-T-PRES-COL-VA Water Total P in Water by Colour APHA 4500-P Phosphorus

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorus is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.

Samples with very high dissolved solids (i.e. seawaters, brackish waters) may produce a negative bias by this method. Alternate methods are available for these types of samples.

Arsenic (5+), at elevated levels, is a positive interference on colourimetric phosphate analysis.

PAH-CCME-WT **CCME PAHs** SW846 8270

The procedure uses a mechanical shaking technique to extract a representative sub-sample with a mixture of methanol and toluene. The extract is analyzed by GC/MSD. Depending on the analytical GC/MS column used benzo(j)fluoranthene may chromatographically co-elute with benzo(b)fluoranthene or benzo(k)fluoranthene.

PAH-CCME-WT Water **CCME PAHs** SW846 8270

Sample is extracted at neutral pH using separate aliquots of dichloromethane with a modified separatory funnel technique, extracts are then concentrated and analyzed by GC/MSD. Depending on the analytical GC/MS column used benzo(j)fluoranthene may chromatographically co-elute with benzo(b)fluoranthene or benzo(k)fluoranthene.

PAHERB-LCMS-PPM-WT Water Phenoxyacid Herbicides by LC-MS/MS MOE E3552

Water samples are subjected to 0.2 µM RC filtration and analyzed by direct injection without sample preparation using liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS).

PAHERB-ONT-DW-WT O.Reg 170/03 PA Herbicides MOE E3552 Water

Water samples are analyzed by direct injection without sample preparation using liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry

(LC-MS/MS).

PARAQUAT-ONT-DW-WT Water Paraquat in Water by LC/MS-MS E3503

An aliquot of the sample is taken and internal standard is added. The sample is analyzed by LC/MS/MS.

PH-BF APHA 4500 H-Electrode Water pН

Water samples are analyzed directly by a calibrated pH meter.



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Methodology

Product Matrix Product Description Analytical Method Reference
PH-PCT-VA Water pH by Meter (Automated) APHA 4500-H pH Value

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-H "pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.

PH-WT Soil pH MOEE E3137A

A minimum 10g portion of the sample is extracted with 20mL of 0.01M calcium chloride solution by shaking for at least 30 minutes. The aqueous layer is separated from the soil and then analyzed using a pH meter and electrode.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011).

PH-WT Water pH APHA 4500 H-Electrode

Water samples are analyzed directly by a calibrated pH meter.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011). Holdtime for samples under this regulation is 28 days

PHENOLS-4AAP-WT Water Phenol (4AAP) EPA 9066

An automated method is used to distill the sample. The distillate is then buffered to pH 9.4 which reacts with 4AAP and potassium ferricyanide to form a red complex which is measured colorimetrically.

PHEOA-ACET-FLUORO-WP Water Pheophytin a by fluorometry EPA 445.0 ACET

This analysis is done using procedures modified from EPA method 445.0. Pheopigments present in the sample are determined collectively as Pheophytin a by a 90% (v/v) acetone extraction followed with analysis by fluorometry using the acidification procedure.

PO4-DO-COL-WT Water Diss. Orthophosphate in Water by Colour APHA 4500-P PHOSPHORUS

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Dissolved Orthophosphate is determined colourimetrically on a sample that has been lab or field filtered through a 0.45 micron membrane filter.

PREP-DRY/GRIND-SK Soil Dry and Grind

PREP-MET-DIGEST-WT Water Sample Prep (Digestion for Metals)

PREP-MET-FILT-WT Water Sample Prep (Filtration for Metals)

PREP-MICR-DIGEST-VA Tissue Tissue/Vegetation Micro Preparation

PSA-1-SK Soil Particle Size Analysis:Mini-Pipet Method SSIR-51 Method 3.2.1

Dry, < 2 mm soil is treated with sodium hexametaphosphate to ensure complete dispersion of primary soil particles. After treatment, sub-samples of the homogenized soil suspension are taken at specific times and sampling depths as determined by Stoke's Law. The dry weight of soil found in each sub-sample is used determine the silt and clay content. The sand fraction is determined by difference.

The soil texture is determined according to the CSSC soil texture triangle.

RA226-MMER-FC Water Ra226 by Alpha Scint, MDC=0.01 Bq/L EPA 903.1



SW846 6010C

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Methodology

SAMPLE-DISPOSAL-YL

SAR-R511-WT

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
S2-T>H2S-CALC-WT	Water	Total Sulphide Calculated as H2S	Calculation
This calculation converts using procedures adapted	•	• • •	(H2S). Total Sulphide as (S2-) is determined
SAMPLE-DISPOSAL-VA	Misc.	Sample Handling and Disposal Fee	
SAMPLE-DISPOSAL-WT	Misc.	Sample Handling and Disposal Fee	

A dried, disaggregated solid sample is extracted with deionized water, the aqueous extract is separated from the solid, acidified and then analyzed using a ICP/OES. The concentrations of Na, Ca and Mg are reported as per CALA requirements for calculated

Sample Handling and Disposal Fee

SAR-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011)

parameters. These individual parameters are not for comparison to any guideline.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

SHIPPING-LG-YL Misc. Subsidized shipping charge (per cooler)

SHIPPING-WT Misc. Shipping Charge

Misc.

Soil

SIO2-T-CALC-WT Water Total Silicon (reported as Silica) Calculation

SO4-IC-N-VA Water Sulfate in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

SO4-IC-N-WT Water Sulfate in Water by IC EPA 300.1 (mod)

Inorganic anions are analyzed by Ion Chromatography with conductivity and/or UV detection.

SOLIDS-TDS-BF Water Total Dissolved Solids APHA 2540C

A well-mixed sample is filtered though glass fibres filter. A known volume of the filtrate is evaporated and dried at 180 +/- 2C for 1hr.

SOLIDS-TDS-WT Water Total Dissolved Solids APHA 2540C

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TDS is determined by evaporating the filtrate to dryness at 180 degrees celsius.

SOLIDS-TS-WT Soil Total Solids on Solid Matrix APHA 2540B

A well-mixed sample is evaporated in a weighed dish and dried to constant weight in an oven at 103 to 105°C. The increase in weight over that of the empty dish represents the total solids. Results are reported as the percentage of the total sample.



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Methodology

Product Matrix **Product Description** Analytical Method Reference SOLIDS-TSS-BF Water APHA 2540 D-Gravimetric Suspended solids

A well-mixed sample is filtered through a weighed standard glass fibre filter and the residue retained is dried in an oven at 104 +/-

1C for a minimum of four hours or until a constant weight is achieved.

SOLIDS-TSS-LOW-WT APHA 2540 D-Gravimetric Water Total Suspended Solids to 0.5 mg/L

A well-mixed sample is filtered through a weighed standard glass fibre filter and the residue retained is dried in an oven at 104±1°C

for a minimum of four hours or until a constant weight is achieved.

SPECIAL REQ-61-WP Misc. Special Request Inorganics Winnipeg SPECIAL REQUEST

SPECIAL-REQ-PSA-AV Misc. Special Reg. Activation Lab PSA in SEE SUBLET LAB RESULTS

Water

SULPHIDE-WT Water Sulphide (as S) **APHA 4500S2D**

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-S2-D "Methylene Blue Method". Sulphide is

determined colourmetrically.

SYRINGE-FTR-KIT-WT 60mL syringe + 2 X 0.45 syringe filters Misc.

In-Line filter is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, fitness for a particular purpose, or non-infringment. ALS assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions in the operation of the equipment.

TC,EC-QT51-DW-WT Water Total Coliform and E. Coli **APHA 9223B**

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 9223 "Enzyme Substrate Coliform Test". E. coli and Total Coliform are determined simultaneously. The sample is mixed with a mixture of hydrolyzable substrates and then sealed in a multiwell packet. The packet is incubated for 18 or 24 hours and then the number of wells exhibiting a positive response are counted. The final result is obtained by comparing the positive responses to a probability table.

TDS-VA Water Total Dissolved Solids by Gravimetric APHA 2540 C - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TDS is determined by evaporating the filtrate to dryness at 180 degrees celsius.

THM-ONT-DW-WT SW846 8260 Water Trihalomethanes

Liquid samples are analyzed by headspace GC/MSD.

THM-SUM-CALC-WT Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) CALCULATION Water

Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) represents the sum of bromodichloromethane, bromoform, chlorodibromomethane and chloroform.

For the purpose of calculation, results less than the detection limit (DL) are treated as zero.

THM-SUM-DW-CALC-WT Water Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) CALCULATION

Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) represents the sum of bromodichloromethane, bromoform, chlorodibromomethane and chloroform.

For the purpose of calculation, results less than the detection limit (DL) are treated as zero.

THM-SUM-PPB-CALC-WT Water Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) **CALCULATION**

Total Trihalomethanes (THMs) represents the sum of bromodichloromethane, bromoform, chlorodibromomethane and chloroform. For the purpose of calculation, results less than the detection limit (DL) are treated as zero.



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Methodology

Product	Matrix	Product Description	Analytical Method Reference
TI-DRY-MICR-CCMS-VA	Tissue	Titanium in Tissue by CRC IC	PMS (DRY)EPA 200.3/6020B

This method is conducted following British Columbia Lab Manual method "Metals in Animal Tissue and Vegetation (Biota) - Prescriptive". Tissue samples are homogenized and sub-sampled prior to hotblock digestion with nitric and hydrochloric acids, in combination with addition of hydrogen peroxide. Instrumental analysis is by collision cell inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (modified from EPA Method 6020B).

Method Limitation: This method employs a strong acid/peroxide digestion, and is intended to provide a conservative estimate of bio-available metals. Near complete recoveries are achieved for most toxicologically important metals, but elements associated with recalcitrant minerals may be only partially recovered.

TKN-F-VA Water TKN in Water by Fluorescence APHA 4500-NORG D.

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-Norg D. "Block Digestion and Flow Injection Analysis". Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen is determined using block digestion followed by Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection.

TKN-F-WT Water TKN in Water by Fluorescence J. ENVIRON. MONIT., 2005,7,37-42,RSC

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen is determined using block digestion followed by Flow-injection analysis with fluorescence detection

TOC-WT Soil TOC & FOC in Solids CARTER 21.3.2

Soil is treated with excess acidic dichromate, which reacts with the organic carbon, oxidizing it to CO2. The residual dichromate is titrated with ferrous ammonium sulphate and TOC calculated by difference.

TOC-WT Water Total Organic Carbon APHA 5310B

Sample is injected into a heated reaction chamber which is packed with an oxidative catalyst. The water is vaporized and the organic cabon is oxidized to carbon dioxide. The carbon dioxide is transported in a carrier gas and is measured by a non-dispersive infrared detector.

TROUT-LC50-96HR-NL Water Trout Bioassay LC50 (96 Hour) - Nautilus EPS 1/RM/13

TSS-LOW-VA Water Total Suspended Solids by Grav. (1 APHA 2540D

mg/L)

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total suspended solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TSS is determined by drying the filter at 104 degrees celsius.

Samples containing very high dissolved solid content (i.e. seawaters, brackish waters) may produce a positive bias by this method. Alternate analysis methods are available for these types of samples.

TURB-MET-WT Water Turbidity on preserved metals sample APHA 2130 B

Sample result is based on a comparison of the intensity of the light scattered by the sample under defined conditions with the intensity of light scattered by a standard reference suspension under the same conditions. Sample readings are obtained from a Nephelometer.

TURBIDITY-BF Water Turbidity APHA 2130 B

Sample result is based on a comparison of the intensity of the light scattered by the sample under defined conditions with the intensity of light scattered by a standard reference suspension under the same conditions. Sample readings are obtained from a Nephelometer.

TURBIDITY-ONT-DW-WT Water Turbidity APHA 2130 B

Sample result is based on a comparison of the intensity of the light scattered by the sample under defined conditions with the intensity of light scattered by a standard reference suspension under the same conditions. Sample readings are obtained from a Nephelometer.



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Methodology

Product Matrix Product Description Analytical Method Reference

TURBIDITY-VA Water Turbidity by Meter APHA 2130 Turbidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the

nephelometric method.

TURBIDITY-WT Water Turbidity APHA 2130 B

Sample result is based on a comparison of the intensity of the light scattered by the sample under defined conditions with the intensity of light scattered by a standard reference suspension under the same conditions. Sample readings are obtained from a

Nephelometer.

VH-SURR-FID-VA Water VH Surrogates for Waters BC Env. Lab Manual (VH in Solids)

VOC-1,3-DCP-CALC-WT Soil Regulation 153 VOCs SW8260B/SW8270C

VOC-511-HS-WT Soil VOC-O.Reg 153/04 (July 2011) SW846 8260 (511)

Soil and sediment samples are extracted in methanol and analyzed by headspace-GC/MS.

Analysis conducted in accordance with the Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (July 1, 2011 and as of November 30, 2020), unless a subset of the Analytical Test Group (ATG) has been requested (the Protocol states that all analytes in an ATG must be reported).

VOC-ONT-DW-WT Water Volatile Organics (O.Reg 170/03) SW846 8260

Liquid samples are analyzed by headspace GC/MSD.

VOC-ROU-HS-WT Water Volatile Organic Compounds SW846 8260

Aqueous samples are analyzed by headspace-GC/MS.

VOC7-HSMS-VA Water BTEX/MTBE/Styrene by Headspace EPA 5021A/8260C

GCMS

The water sample, with added reagents, is heated in a sealed vial to equilibrium. The headspace from the vial is transfered into a

gas chromatograph. Target compound concentrations are measured using mass spectrometry detection.

VOC7/VOC-SURR-MS-VA Water VOC7 and/or VOC Surrogates for Waters EPA 5035A/5021A/8260C

XYLENES-CALC-VA Water Sum of Xylene Isomer Concentrations CALCULATION

Calculation of Total Xylenes

Total Xylenes is the sum of the concentrations of the ortho, meta, and para Xylene isomers. Results below detection limit (DL) are treated as zero. The DL for Total Xylenes is set to a value no less than the square root of the sum of the squares of the DLs of the

individual Xylenes.

XYLENES-SUM-CALC-WT Soil Sum of Xylene Isomer Concentrations CALCULATION

Total xylenes represents the sum of o-xylene and m&p-xylene.

XYLENES-SUM-CALC-WT Water Sum of Xylene Isomer Concentrations CALCULATION

Total xylenes represents the sum of o-xylene and m&p-xylene.

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Appendix E – Analytical Laboratory Quality Control Protocols



Quality Control Protocols

02 January 2018

Quality control (QC) samples are introduced into batches of client samples at critical points of sample handling, preparation and analysis to demonstrate the processes are performing as expected. In general, quality control samples are considered either Instrument QC or Method QC. The following identifies the standard requirements for Quality Control at ALS, which are applicable to most tests. Many test methods use additional QC elements to monitor control over specific steps in testing processes.

Instrument QC:

Instrument QC samples demonstrate control for the instrumental portion of a method. Instrument QC requirements must be successfully met before the analysis of Method QC or samples may proceed.

- o Verification of initial calibration criteria varies with each test.
- o 2nd source Calibration Verification Standard (CVS) at minimum, with each initial calibration.
- o Continuing Calibration Verification (CCV) frequency varies by test.
- o Instrument Blanks usage and frequency varies by test.

Method QC:

Method QC samples encompass the entire method and are initiated at the earliest point of the method where appropriate. Refer to the QC Definitions below. One set of Method QC is included for each batch of up to 20 client samples. Each set includes:

- o 1 Method Blank.
- 1 Sample Duplicate. *
- o 1 Lab Control Sample.
- 1 Reference Material or Matrix Spike. **
- Surrogate Compounds.
- * Duplicate analyses are not performed where sub-sampling is not possible e.g. most tests for organics in water.
- ** Spikes and Reference Materials are unavailable for Microbiology tests. Microbiology tests utilize positive and negative controls daily in each incubator. The controls are specific to the tests performed.

Method QC must be successfully analyzed before sample results are approved. Method QC results are normally reported to ALS clients with data reports.

Data Quality Objectives (DQOs):

DQOs are established for each QC sample, based on a combination of reference method objectives, customer requirements and historical test method performance. Where applicable, prescriptive elements of reference methods or regulatory requirements take precedence over internal DQOs. Current DQOs are available upon request.

Detailed descriptions of how DQOs are evaluated for different types of Quality Control are described on the following pages.



Types of Quality Control - Definitions and Evaluation Protocols

Method Blank (MB) - A blank sample prepared to represent the sample matrix as closely as possible and analyzed exactly like the calibration standards, samples, and quality control (QC) samples. Results of Method Blanks provide an estimate of the within batch variability of the blank response and an indication of bias introduced by the analytical procedure.

Except in special cases (as outlined in ALS DQO summary documents) the ALS DQO for Method Blanks is for all results to lie below the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

Laboratory Sample Duplicate (DUP) - A second portion of sample taken from the same container as the subsample used for the primary analysis, that is analyzed independently through all steps of the laboratory's sampling and analytical procedures. Duplicate samples are used to assess variance of the total method including sampling and analysis.

Duplicate precision is normally measured as Relative Percent Difference (RPD), where RPD = |(Result2 - Result1)| / Mean| * 100. Duplicate samples should normally agree to within the ALS Precision DQO for the test and parameter (expressed as RPD), or within $\pm 2 \times 100$ (for low level results). Refer to the ALS DQOs for Precision for specific limits for any given test.

ALS does not establish DQOs for Field Sample Duplicates. However, it is generally understood and accepted that the variability of Field Sample Duplicates is significantly more than what is observed with Laboratory Sample Duplicates.¹

Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) - A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes. An LCS is used to verify the accuracy of the laboratory's performance of the test.

LCS accuracy is calculated as the measured amount divided by the target concentration, and is normally expressed as percent recovery. LCS recoveries should normally lie within the ALS Accuracy DQOs for the test and parameter. For a low level LCS, the result should normally lie within \pm 1 x the LOR of the target concentration. Refer to the ALS Accuracy DQOs for specific limits for any given test.

Reference Material (RM) – A material or substance, one or more of whose property values are sufficiently homogeneous and well established to be used for the calibration of an apparatus, the assessment of a measurement method, or for assigning values to materials. An RM is similar to an LCS, but encompasses a representative sample matrix. Similar to an LCS, an RM is used to verify the accuracy of the laboratory's performance of the test, but including the challenges of a complex sample matrix.

RM accuracy is calculated, expressed, and evaluated similarly to LCS accuracy. Refer to ALS Accuracy DQOs for specific limits for any given test.

Matrix Spike (MS) - A sample prepared by adding a known amount of a target analyte to a specified amount of a sample for which an independent estimate of the target analyte concentration is available. Spiked samples are used, for example, to determine the effect of the sample matrix on a method's recovery efficiency.

Matrix Spike results are calculated and expressed as percent recovery, by dividing the measured result (minus any analyte contribution from the unspiked sample) by the target analyte concentration. Matrix Spike results should normally lie within the ALS Accuracy DQOs for Matrix Spikes. Matrix Spike results cannot be accurately

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¹ Depending on the type of Field Sample Duplicates being evaluated (e.g. Co-located versus Split Sample Duplicates), ALS recommends DQOs for Field Sample Duplicates that are between 1.5 – 2.0 times higher than our Laboratory Sample Duplicate DQOs. Co-located Sample Duplicates generally require higher DQOs than Split Sample Duplicates.



calculated or reported in cases where the background concentration of the test parameter in the sample is higher than the spike level.

Surrogate Compounds (SURR) - Surrogate Compounds are added to every sample where applicable (organics tests only). They are substances with properties that mimic the analyte of interest, and which are unlikely to be found in environmental samples. They are added at known concentrations to samples to establish that the analytical method has been properly performed.

Surrogate results are calculated and expressed as percent recovery, by dividing the measured result against the expected target concentration. Refer to ALS Accuracy DQOs for specific limits for any given test.

Automated Relational Checks

In addition to all our standard Quality Control checks, ALS also employs dozens of "Relational Checks", which are programmed into our Laboratory Information Systems (LIMS) to automatically highlight any situations where the expected relationships between different test parameters are violated, which can often point to errors. Such errors may originate with field sampling, or from laboratory processes, but should always be identified and proactively investigated.

Total versus Dissolved Metals ("D > T" Check) - One of the most important and common relational checks we do is a check for situations where Dissolved Metal concentrations significantly exceed Total Metal concentrations. By definition, this situation should not occur. However, there are a few reasons why this can occur:

- i) Circumstances where Dissolved Metals slightly exceed Total Metals are expected in a small percentage of samples, simply due to normal random variability associated with sampling and testing protocols. In fact, when all metals in a test sample exist in the dissolved form, we expect that Dissolved Metals measurements will numerically exceed Total Metals measurements exactly half the time (by a small margin), simply due to random chance.
- ii) Samples to be analyzed for Dissolved Metals must be filtered, which should be conducted in the field to ensure valid results. Unvalidated and uncontrolled filtration processes are a common source of low level metals contaminants. Contamination of a sample during field filtration is the most common source of significant D > T issues (ALS recommends syringe filtration in the field, using filters proven by ALS to be suitable for this task. If in-line filters are used, ALS recommends pre-rinsing with 1L of sample prior to use; smaller rinse volumes may be suitable but should be demonstrated in advance).
- iii) ALS recommends the use of Field Filtration Blanks to monitor and control the filtration process, and to assist with the interpretation of any D > T issues.
- iv) Field samples for Dissolved and Total Metals are normally collected independently, therefore field sampling variability is another common cause of D > T issues.

If none of the above causes can explain a situation where Dissolved Metals exceed Total Metals, then another type of error may be indicated, either with the collection of the sample in the field, or with sample containers or preservatives, or with the laboratory testing process.

ALS automatically highlights and investigates all circumstances where a Dissolved Metal result exceeds the Total Metal result by 30% RPD or more, but only if the absolute difference between the two results is greater than the sum of the Limits of Reporting (Detection Limits) of the two results.

In the case of field filtered samples where D > T, the following qualifier will be applied where no lab errors are identified upon review: DTMF: Dissolved concentration exceeds total for field-filtered metals sample. Metallic contaminants were likely introduced to dissolved sample during field filtration. The mechanism of this relational



check is derived from the ALS Duplicate DQOs for Metals in Water (20% RPD), multiplied by 1.5 to account for variability attributed to field sampling, because the dissolved and total metals tests are conducted on independent samples.

All D > T relational checks that violate the rule above are flagged internally, and are investigated by ALS before sample results will be released to our clients. Anomalous results (except those consistent with low level contamination caused by field filtration) will be re-analyzed to confirm or correct the anomaly. If results are confirmed by re-analysis, the following data qualifier is applied: DTC: Dissolved concentration exceeds total. Results were confirmed by re-analysis.

Other Important Relational Checks Conducted by ALS

ALS employs dozens of other relational checks to highlight anomalous relationships between test parameters. Some of more common checks include the following:

- Total Ammonia should not exceed Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
- Weak Acid Dissociable Cyanide should not exceed Total Cyanide
- E. coli should not exceed Fecal Coliforms
- Nitrate + Nitrite should not exceed Total Nitrogen
- Hexavalent Chromium should not exceed Total Chromium
- True Colour should not exceed Apparent Colour
- Mineral Oil and Grease should not exceed Total Oil and Grease
- Reactive Phosphorus should not exceed Total Phosphorus



Quality System Protocols

19 January 2018

ALS is a global diversified testing services organization with a presence on every continent, offering a broad range of services to leading global companies.

The following summarizes standard practices routinely employed by the ALS Environmental Division in Canada. Our practices exceed accreditation requirements and have been designed to meet or exceed the needs of our customers and to give them confidence in the reliability of our test data.

ALS Canada locations hold accreditations and certifications relevant to their work and area of operation. Participation in CALA, USA DOD, NELAP, various USA state and other regional and regulatory programs is location-specific. Refer to Accreditations in the Environmental Testing Downloads section at www.alsglobal.com for information relevant to each ALS location. Alternatively, current scopes and certificates are available from your Account Manager or by contacting our Quality Department.

Additional information is available on request. Customers are invited to audit or tour ALS facilities at their convenience.

Services to Customers:

ALS cooperates closely with our customers to ensure their testing needs are understood, and allows them reasonable access to relevant work areas of the laboratories to audit our management system or to witness test work undertaken on their behalf.

All client issues are logged into our tracking system to ensure each issue is addressed completely and appropriately. Local and national oversight and initiatives ensure that identified improvements are incorporated throughout our Canadian laboratory network so that customers receive the same level of service regardless of which location performs the testing.

Documentation and Document Control:

Test methods and support procedures are documented in detail to ensure consistency of application, repeatability of test results and traceability of analyses.

Test method requirements include but are not limited to sample handling, sample storage, minimizing interference, sample preparation, reagent and standard specifications, equipment, supplies, calibration requirements, instrumental measurement procedures, quality control requirements, data quality objectives and corrective actions, calculations, reporting requirements, reference information, and hazards and their preventive measures.

Administrative support procedures are also documented where needed to ensure quality system procedures and customer services are provided in a controlled, approved manner consistent with ALS policies and client needs.

All documents are authorized prior to use, ensuring adequate technical and quality oversight.

Distribution of documents is controlled to ensure only the most recent version is available for use. Authorized documents are reviewed periodically by the ALS signing authority to ensure they continue to meet both internal ALS requirements and our customers' needs.

Test methods and support procedures are available for client viewing on-site.

Internal Audits:

ALS Canada operates an extensive internal audit program. Audits are performed by qualified Quality Assurance and Technical staff for analytical procedures and Quality System elements. The ALS audit program ensures that



procedures are implemented as intended, that test methods are scientifically defensible and technically sound, and that policies, procedures and records continue to meet the objectives of our Quality System.

Quality staff may periodically initiate unscheduled audits in response to proficiency testing program results, client feedback, requests from managers, or any other circumstance that warrants investigation.

Quality Control (QC):

ALS has established QC procedures for monitoring the validity of tests performed by our laboratories. Individual test methods specify quality control requirements, frequency of use, and Data Quality Objectives (DQOs).

The type of quality control elements used for process monitoring is dependent on the test performed, but typically includes (as appropriate): Calibration Verification Standards, Continuing Calibration Verifications, Instrument Blanks, Method Blanks, Laboratory Control Samples, Reference Materials, Matrix Spikes, Surrogate Spikes, and Internal Standards.

DQOs are established for each QC type, based on a combination of reference method objectives, customer requirements and historical test method performance. Where applicable, prescriptive elements of reference methods take precedence over internal DQOs.

Test results for selected QC samples are available on test reports. Please contact your Account Manager for more information.

Refer to the ALS Quality Control Protocol handout for details on ALS QC practices.

Control Charts:

Control charts are used to provide a graphical representation of QC results and test method performance over time. Control charts graphically display DQOs as well as the statistically derived mean and \pm 2 and 3 standard deviations ("sigma") around the mean, calculated from recent historical QC results. ALS applies advanced trend monitoring algorithms to identify outliers and non-random data distributions (trends) that may indicate undesirable changes in test method performance, so the causes can be investigated and corrected.

Continuous Improvement:

ALS is committed to continuously improving our processes and services. The Quality System feeds into a continuous cycle of review, implementation, and monitoring so that improvements are actively sought and adopted where needed.

Test Data Validation and Record Retention:

ALS analytical data proceeds through several reviews prior to the release of final reports. The ALS data validation process includes test result validation, inter-parameter validation, and report validation. Test result validation involves a thorough analyst review followed by an independent peer review. Inter-parameter validation occurs when all department specific parameters for a sample are completed, and involves an overall review of test results within each sample for consistency among any related test parameters. Report validation occurs when all the requested test results for a work order are completed, and involves a review of the final report before it is sent to the customer.

ALS maintains laboratory records in a traceable manner for a minimum of five years.

Method Validation:

Customers rely on ALS to select test methods that are appropriate to meet their needs. Wherever possible, ALS references the latest versions of published standard methods developed by organizations such as American Public Health Association, United States Environmental Protection Agency, NIOSH, Environment Canada, and other international, regional or regulatory organizations or equipment manufacturers.



Method validations are conducted to confirm that our test methods are fit for their intended use. The validations are as extensive as necessary to meet the needs of the given application. The extent depends on the source of the method. Test methods are revalidated periodically to ensure continued suitability and fitness for purpose.

Method Detection Limits and Limits of Reporting:

ALS Limits of Reporting (LORs) are established using rigorous experimental and statistical procedures that begin with the determination of the Method Detection Limit (MDL) at 99% confidence. The MDL takes into account several factors, like long term Method Blanks, low level Sample Duplicates, and low level Spiked Samples. When detected at or above the MDL, ALS test results are considered to be qualitatively accurate, and a parameter can be reported with 99% confidence as being present in the sample.

$$MDL = (s_0 \times t_{n-1}) + |MBIk|$$

Where:

- s₀ = the standard deviation derived from the analysis of blank or low level samples, whichever gives a higher standard deviation,
- t_{n-1} = the Student's t-distribution with n-1 degrees of freedom for the one-sided 99% confidence interval.
- |MBlk|= the absolute value of the mean method blank.

ALS takes a conservative approach to detection limits. Our goal is to minimize false positives, because we recognize that any false positive results can be damaging for our clients. Where possible, we establish LORs at levels well-above the statistical MDL, and ideally at the LOQ_5 . This improves the accuracy and precision of results near the detection limit, and reduces the chance of false positives due to sample-specific issues. At or above the LOQ_5 , test results are considered to be quantitatively accurate. A reported parameter at the LOQ_5 is considered to be within 40% of the true value 95% of the time.

$$LOQ_5 = 5s_0 + |MBIk|$$

Where:

 $s_0 =$ the standard deviation used in the MDL calculation, |MBIk | = the absolute value of the mean method blank.

The D.L. column on ALS analytical reports contains the LOR (also known as Detection Limit). The LOR may be the MDL as calculated above, or a higher value. ALS does not report LORs that are less than the calculated MDL.

Measurement Uncertainty (MU):

ALS procedures for calculating measurement uncertainty are based on accepted practices of identifying components contributing to uncertainty, compiling data that represents or includes these components, evaluating the data using appropriate statistical calculations, and reporting in a manner that prevents misunderstanding of the result. ALS follows the Type A method of calculating measurement uncertainty, however additional factors are considered to ensure the best and most complete information is derived from our evaluation of test method performance.

The ALS model describes the dependency of uncertainty on three factors. The first is a constant contribution to uncertainty attributable to s_0 , the standard deviation of the method for concentrations that approach zero. The second is a constant relative uncertainty associated with higher parameter concentrations. The third is a constant



contribution to uncertainty attributable to the mean long-term method blank value where it is significant. The following is the ALS equation for measurement uncertainty, using an expansion factor of k=2:

Expanded 95% Uncertainty as a Function of Concentration

$$U(c) = 2 * [\sqrt{\{s_0^2 + (\Theta c)^2\}}] + |MB|k_{LT}|$$

Where:

U(c) = The expanded uncertainty at concentration c. The range $c \pm U(c)$ represents approximately the 95% confidence interval (two standard deviations)

interval (two standard deviations).

c = Measured concentration of parameter in the sample.

 s_0 = A constant contribution to standard uncertainty represented by the standard deviation at zero concentration,

which is related to the method detection limit.

 Θ = Combined relative standard uncertainty, excluding MDL and Method Blank contributions. Theta has no units. $|\mathbf{MBlk_{LT}}| = \mathbf{Absolute}$ value of the mean long-term Method Blank value, where significant (i.e. if > 1/5 s₀). [Note that the

Method Blank term is not expanded because it represents a constant bias, not a variance.]

Uncertainty values obtained from this procedure must be regarded as estimates. Primarily, this is because all environmental samples are different, especially with regard to matrix effects and heterogeneity. It is our intent with this procedure to arrive at an estimate of a 95% confidence level uncertainty value that can be assumed to apply to 95% (or more) of the samples that a laboratory receives for a given test. It follows that for samples where undetected matrix effects or interferences occur, or for samples that are atypically heterogeneous, uncertainty estimates may be low.

Another aspect of reporting MU is the reporting of test method bias. Bias occurs in a small number of test methods that cannot recover 100% of a parameter from a sample. In these cases ALS reports bias along with the MU to aid with the interpretation of the test result.

Participation in Interlaboratory Proficiency Testing (PT) Programs:

ALS locations participate in an extensive variety of proficiency testing programs. Where available, formal programs operated by outside agencies are used. When not available, ALS utilizes less formal proficiency testing studies.

Root cause analysis is initiated and corrective action plans are developed when PT program results indicate a decline in test method performance.

Staff Training:

Formal training procedures are in place to ensure all staff are trained in ALS polices and analytical procedures prior to performing analyses. A staff orientation program communicates ALS polices to newly hired staff. Task specific training is performed, and analyst proficiency is demonstrated and documented before staff are authorized to work independently. On-going analyst proficiency is monitored using proficiency testing programs. Records are maintained in training logs issued to staff upon hiring.

As well, ALS Canada promotes continuing education and learning by offering advanced courses covering technical and quality functions.

Employee Agreements:

ALS protects our customers' confidential information and proprietary rights. We require all employees to review and sign a Code of Conduct policy that communicates the ALS confidentiality policy. It is ALS practice to never disclose information about a client's analysis to a third party without prior consent of the client, or unless compelled to by law. If we are obligated by law to disclose such information, we will inform the client prior to doing so.



ALS employees avoid involvement in activities that would diminish confidence in their competence, impartiality, judgment, or integrity by complying with the ALS Code of Conduct and Data Integrity Policy.

Sample Tracking:

Procedures are in place to track samples from receipt at the lab through to final reporting. A data management system (LIMS – Laboratory Information Management System) is used to generate a work order number for each sample submission, and a unique identification number is generated for each sample within the work order. The system is then used to assign specific analyses for the samples, to identify methods to be used, and to assign due dates for the results. The system is used to manage analytical workloads and track the status of all samples in-house. LIMS is a secure system that can only be accessed using login passwords. Controlling the level of access according to the needs of individual staff members provides additional security.

When requested by the client, legal sample protocols are implemented to ensure chain of custody defensibility in a court of law. Contact the lab for legal sampling and transportation instructions if this service is needed.

Equipment Calibration:

Measuring and testing equipment used by ALS laboratories that can have a significant effect on the accuracy or validity of test results is calibrated using established procedures. These procedures ensure traceability through an unbroken chain of calibrations or comparisons to national measurement standards. Where traceability of measurements to SI units is not possible and/or not relevant, traceability is provided by the use of certified reference materials and/or consensus standards.

Management Reviews (MR):

ALS management conducts a review at least annually to ensure our management system is effective, and continues to be suitable for our operations, and to identify necessary changes or improvements. Senior management is included in the review process for all locations.



Quality Control Report Guide

The <u>Reference</u> column contains:

a) Lab sample number (L#) or work group number (WG#) of samples that were used for duplicates or matrix spikes - this information is for internal tracking purposes.

b) Test results for actual samples that were duplicated for QC purposes.

Result from analyzing the QC sample.

% Recovery is calculated for QC samples with known target values (e.g. Spikes or CRMs).

Actual (absolute) test results are reported for the second aliquot of a duplicate pair and method blanks.

A **Qualifier** is used to communicate important information about the QC sample test results.

Sample parameter qualifiers used in the report are defined near the end of the Quality Control Report.

Also refer to the Sample Parameter Qualifier Definitions on the next page.

<u>Units</u> of the QC sample test results.

Test results are reported in % recovery for samples with known target values.

Actual (absolute) concentration units are used for reporting duplicate sample and Method Blank test results.

The calculated <u>Relative %</u>
<u>Difference</u> between duplicate pairs.

RPD is calculated as follows: [(Sample Result - Duplicate Result) / [Mean]] x 100

Duplicate pairs with test results that are < 5 x LOR are reported in sample concentration units (absolute units) and are accompanied by a J qualifier.

The Control <u>Limit</u> for the QC sample (ALS Data Quality Objective (DQO)).

QC samples must fall within Control Limits or appropriate action is taken, such as reanalysis where possible, or the data is qualified.

QC samples with known target values have a range for % recovery (eg) 85-115%.

Duplicates have a ± RPD range (e.g. ± 20 RPD). The RPD is reported as an absolute value (e.g. 20 RPD).

Method Blank control limit is the parameter Detection Limit (DL), also known as the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

Oualifier Units Test Matrix Reference Result **RPD** Limit Analyzed SO4-IC-WP Water Batch R2179887 WG1269694-3 DUP L997018-4 Sulfate 60.1 62.0 3.1 20 21-APR-11 mg/L WG1269674-2 LCS -Sulfate 100 % 85-115 21-APR-11 VG1269674-1 MB ulfate < 0.50 0.5 21-APR-11 mg/L L997018-4 G1269674-4 MS ulfate N/A MS-B % 21-APR-11 G1269674-5 CVS ılfate % 85-115 21-APR-11 G1269674-6 CRM 95 lfate % 80-120 21-APR-11

Test Code: Sulfate (SO4), analyzed by Ion Chromatography (IC), in ALS Winnipeg (WP).

Matrix is the

substance

type of the

QC sample.

Common

matrices are

water, soil,

and tissue.

<u>DUP</u>: Laboratory Sample <u>Duplicate</u> - a second portion of sample taken from the same container as the subsample used for the primary analysis. Assesses variance of the total method including lab sub-sampling and analysis.

The results for this duplicate pair are 60.1 and 62.0 mg/L. The RPD is 3.1 and the control limits are ± 20 RPD.

LCS: Laboratory Control Sample - a known matrix spiked with target analytes. Verifies the accuracy of the performance of the test.

The recovery for this LCS is 100%, with control limits of 85 to 115% recovery.

MB: Method Blank - a blank matrix taken through the entire test method. Monitors variability of the blank response and bias of the test method.

The result for this MB is less than 0.50 mg/L. The control limit for the MB is equal to the LOR.

MS: Matrix Spike - a known amount of target analytes are added to a client sample. Measures the effect of the sample matrix on a method's recovery efficiency.

In this example, the recovery of the MS could not be calculated. The qualifier explains why – refer to the Sample Parameter Qualifier Definitions. CVS: Calibration
Verification
Standard - a second
source reference
standard containing
known
concentrations of
target analytes.
Confirms the
accuracy and
stability of the
calibration
standards.

This CVS has a recovery of 103% and control limits of 85 to 115% recovery.

CRM/IRM: Certified or Internal Reference Material - a homogeneous sample whose analyte values have been well characterized.

This CRM has a 95% recovery and control limits of 80 to 120% recovery.

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Legend:

Limit ALS Control Limit (Data Quality Objectives)

DUP Duplicate RPD Relative Percent Difference

N/A Not Available

LCS Laboratory Control Sample

SRM Standard Reference Material

MS Matrix Spike

MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate

ADE Average Desorption Efficiency

MB Method Blank

IRM Internal Reference Material

CRM Certified Reference Material

CCV Continuing Calibration Verification

CVS Calibration Verification Standard

LCSD Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

<u>Legend</u>: explains acronyms that may be used in the QC Report.

Sample Parameter Qualifier Definitions:

Qualifier	Description
J	Duplicate results and limits are expressed in terms of absolute difference.
MS-B	Matrix Spike recovery could not be accurately calculated due to high analyte background in sample.
RPD-NA	Relative Percent Difference Not Available due to result(s) being less than detection limit.

Qualifiers: QC sample qualifiers are listed and explained here.

The three examples are common qualifiers. They explain unusual or special circumstances that pertain to the QC sample results.

Quality Control Report Guide

Parameters and sample numbers that had Hold Time exceedances are listed in this table.

Hold Times are tracked from sampling date and time to the date and time when the sample was processed in the lab. The recommended Hold Times.

See the Notes* section for sources of recommendations.

Hold time exceedance Qualifiers are explained in the *Legend and Qualifiers Definitions* section below.

Hold Time Exceedances:

	Sample						
ALS Product Description	ID	Sampling Date	Date Processed	Rec. HT	Actual HT	Units	Qualifier
Physical Tests							
Transmittance, UV (254 nm)	1	19-APR-11 14:00	25-APR-11 08:16	48	38	hours	EHTL
рН	1	19-APR-11 14:00	10-MAY-11 09:32	0.25	499	hours	EHTR-FM

Legend & Qualifier Definitions:

EHTR-FM: Exceeded ALS recommended hold time prior to sample receipt. Field Measurement recommended.

EHTR: Exceeded ALS recommended hold time prior to sample receipt.

EHTL: Exceeded ALS recommended hold time prior to analysis. Sample was received less than 24 hours prior to expiry.

EHT: Exceeded ALS recommended hold time prior to analysis.

Rec. HT: ALS recommended hold time (see units).

Explanations for the Qualifiers listed above.

See also the additional Notes below.

Notes*:

Where actual sampling date is not provided to ALS, the date (& time) of receipt is used for calculation purposes.

Where actual sampling time is not provided to ALS, the earlier of 12 noon on the sampling date or the time (& date) of receipt is used for calculation purposes. Samples for L997206 were received on 21-APR-11 07:30.

ALS recommended hold times may vary by province. They are assigned to meet known provincial and/or federal government requirements. In the absence of regulatory hold times, ALS establishes recommendations based on guidelines published by the US EPA, APHA Standard Methods, or Environment Canada (where available). For more information, please contact ALS.

The ALS Quality Control Report is provided to ALS clients upon request. ALS includes comprehensive QC checks with every analysis to ensure our high standards of quality are met. Each QC result has a known or expected target value, which is compared against predetermined data quality objectives to provide confidence in the accuracy of associated test results.

Please note that this report may contain QC results from anonymous Sample Duplicates and Matrix Spikes that do not originate from this Work Order.

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Appendix F – ALS Sample Collection Guide for Sample Volumes, Preservatives and Hold Times



SAMPLE COLLECTION POCKET GUIDE

CANADA

Version 2

Right Solutions • Right Partner alsglobal.com

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

GENERAL > This pocket guide is to be used for all Canadian Environmental operations. Coolers and ice packs plus labelled pre-dosed color-coded sample containers are provided for all analyses conducted by ALS. Pre-dosed color-coded preservative vials are also available upon request. ALS Account Managers are available to assist and provide guidance as required.

CONTAINER VOLUME AND QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS > Some containers exist in several sizes to accommodate varying suites of analyses while focusing on minimizing weight (OHBS and sampling benefits). Please refer to the notes section under each sample container. According to CCME Volume 1 Guidance Manual, the recommended minimum frequency for testing laboratory duplicate samples is 1 in 20 samples and 1 in 10 samples for field duplicates.

SAMPLING AND PRESERVATION > Care must be taken not to rinse out or spill preservatives during sampling for OH6S reasons and to avoid cross contaminating other bottles (e.g. Nitric acid used for metals can contaminate nitrate analysis). Field filtration is recommended for many tests and other tests must have exposure to air minimized to avoid analyte losses. Samples should generally be chilled to <4°C and transported to the laboratory with enough ice packs to keep the temperature of samples to <10°C. ALS recommends placing samples in ice immediately upon sampling for best practice chilling, with either repacking into another cooler or draining of free water and replacement of ice just prior to dispatch. Chilling overnight in a fridge may also benefit. The post-chilling addition of ice packs is also recommended where samples are shipped by air or long distances and where couriers will not accept loose ice. Samples taken from chlorinated water sources require the addition of sodium thiosulfate for microbiological, volatile organics and semi volatile organics. Please advise ALS accordingly to facilitate supply of appropriate containers.

HEALTH AND SAFETY > Although the quantities of preservative dosed into containers is minimal, it is important to observe safe chemical handling practices while using bottles. Use of appropriate Personal Protection Equipment such as chemically resistant gloves and safety glasses is recommended. Bottle labels indicate preservative type, hazard pictograms and signal words based on the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Safety Data Sheets are available on the ALS website or can be provided upon request along with Safety information and First Aid instructions. All our preservatives can be shipped LIMITED or EXCEPTED quantity under Transportation of Dangerous (TDG) requirements. None of the preservatives, except for methanol, are considered Dangerous Goods (DG) after mixing with the sample in the designated sample bottle. Search 'SDS' on ALS website alsglobal.com.

HOLDING TIMES > ALS recommended holding times are indicated. Failure to comply with these Holding Times may impact data validity. Samples and COCs should be submitted (preferably by email from remote locations to assist login) with at least half the analytical holding time remaining unless prior arrangements are made otherwise. Short holding times are shaded in yellow to assist.

WATER WATER AIR SAMPLE CONTAINERS **GENERAL** TSS/TDS Low STACK & or TSS Ultra **STATIONARY SOURCE TESTING** Trace SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER 250 mL hdpe (Group 1) 145 mL hdne or 500 mL hdne Puf. Impingers, Filters. XAD Trap (Ontario) 500 mL hdpe (Group 2) 60 ml hdne (DIC only) PRESERVATION PRESERVATION PRESERVATION Nil Nil Nil Chill to <10°C method Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C dependant TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) PAH, PCB, Dioxins and Group 1 - Acidity, Alkalinity, TSS Low (LOR 1 mg/L) or Furans, Aldehydes, Conductivity, pH. Anions (Cl. Whole Bottle TSS isocyanates, particulate, Br, SO₄, F, NO₃, NO₂), Hardness, TSS Ultra Trace (LOR 0.5 mg/L) Cr.+. Metals. Mercury. Orthophosphate, Silica, Tannin is required in Ontario only. & Lignin, Turbidity, Colour, ORP, UV Abs/Trans, TIC, DIC or PFAS or NTA. Group 2 - All of Group 1 and routine Level TSS (3 mg/LLOR) and TDS or Sulfite. Shipping, and Storage pH and Sulfite should be TSS low may also be analyzed from 500 mL hdpe if volume Temperatures are tested in the field as per dependent on the test and BC MoE. DIC should be field for Group 1 parameters method required. Please filtered and provided in a permits. contact the lab for specific separate 60mL hdpe sample TSS Ultra Trace (ON) please recomendations container unpreserved. submit an additional 500 mL hdne for duplicates. HOLDING TIME **HOLDING TIME** HOLDING TIME PAH / Aldehydes / pH - 15 mins, 4 days (ON-TSS - 7 days Formaldehvde – 14 davs: MISA), 28 davs (0Ń): Dioxins & Furans / PCBs -Alkalinity / Acidity - 14 days; 7 or 30 days: Anions + EC / PFAS - 28 days; Cr₆+ - 30 days; EC - 4 davs (ON): Mětals – 180 days; TSS /TDS - 7 days: Mercury - 28 days; Colour / Turbidity - 3 days, 2 Isocyanate Impingers – davs (ÓN): 30 ďavs. Orthophosphate / NO₂/ NO₃/ NH₃ - 3 days, 7 days (ON); Sulfite - 15 mins: NTA - 30 days (ON): 24 hours (BC). **NAVY BIUF** GREEN **GREEN**

WATER WATER WATER CHLORATE/ **CHLOROPHYLL BOD** or CBOD BROMATE CHIORITÉ SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER 500 mL hdne 60 mt UV-inhibited hdne 15 mL opaque tube (EDA) PRESERVATION PRESERVATION PRESERVATION Nil **Ethylenediamine** Nil Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C Freeze TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) BOD or CBOD Bromate Chlorate and Chlorite Chlorophyll a (field filtered) NOTES For drinking water systems Filter minimum 250 ml Please submit immediately to the lab that use chlorine dioxide sample. Place the filter(s) treatment only, samples in the tube and freeze should be sparged with before transportation to an inert gas (helium, the laboratory. If field filtered, please record the argon, nitrogen) for **HOLDING TIME** approximately 5-10 minutes. volume filtered on the CoC BOD or CBOD - 48 hours: Fthylenediamine (FDA) must and submit immediately to 3 days (BC + CCME): be added immediately after the lah 4 days (ON). sparging. HOLDING TIME HOLDING TIME Bromate / Chlorate - 28 days: 28 davs Chlorite - 14 days. GHS - Warning Irritant **BLACK GREEN** RFIGF

WATER	WATER	WATER
CHLOROPHYLL -A	TOTAL NUTRIENTS	DISSOLVED NUTRIENTS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 250 mL opaque hdpe	SAMPLE CONTAINER 100 mL amber glass (H ₂ SO ₄)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 100 mL amber glass (H ₂ SO ₄)
PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Sulfuric acid Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Sulfuric acid Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Chlorophyll a (lab filtered)	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Total - N, P, NHs' and 'TOC, TKN, COD' and 'Total Phenols' checkbox on the bottle label.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Dissolved - N, TP, NH ₃ ', 'DOC' and 'DKN' checkbox on the bottle label.
NOTES Please provide additional bottle for duplicates. Please submit immediately to the lab.	NOTES	NOTES Field filtration is recommended for Dissolved Parameters.
HOLDING TIME 48 hours	HOLDING TIME 28 days	HOLDING TIME 28 days
	GHS – Danger Corrosive	GHS – Danger Corrosive
		400
BLACK	PURPLE	PURPLE

WATER	WATER	WATER
TOTAL SULFIDE	DISSOLVED SULFIDE	CYANATE
SAMPLE CONTAINER 145 mL hdpe (Zn(OAC)2+NaOH) PRESERVATION	SAMPLE CONTAINER 145 mL hdpe (Zn(OAC) ₂ +NaOH) and 300 mL hdpe (NaOH+AlCl ₃) PRESERVATION	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 145 mL hdpe (NaOH) PRESERVATION
Zinc acetate + Sodium hydroxide Chill to ≤10°C	Zinc acetate + Sodium hydroxide & Sodium hydroxide + Aluminum chloride Chill to ≤10°C	Sodium hydroxide Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Total Sulfide' checkbox on the bottle label.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Dissolved Sulfide' (field prep - flocculation) checkbox on the bottle label.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Cyanate' checkbox on the bottle label.
NOTES	NOTES Add sample to Aluminum chloride dosed 300 mL BOD bottle, wait for 5-15 minutes, then decant the supernatant info the 145 mL sulfide bottle	NOTES
HOLDING TIME 7 days	HOLDING TIME 7 days	HOLDING TIME 14 days
GHS - Danger Corrosive & Environmental hazard	GHS - Danger Corrosive & Environmental hazard	GHS - Danger Corrosive
PINK	PINK	DARK GREEN

WATER	WATER	WATER
CYANIDE	THIOCYANATE	METALS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL opaque hdpe (NaOH)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL hdpe (HNO ₃)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL hdpe (HNO ₃)
PRESERVATION Sodium hydroxide Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nitric acid Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nitric acid Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Total', 'Free' and/or 'WAD Cyanide' checkbox on the bottle label.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Total Metals' checkbox on the bottle label.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the 'Metals Total' <u>or</u> 'Dissolved' (field filtered) checkbox on the bottle label.
NOTES	NOTES	NOTES Field filtration is recommended for Dissolved Parameters.
HOLDING TIME 14 days	HOLDING TIME 14 days	HOLDING TIME 180 days
GHS – Danger Corrosive	GHS – Danger Corrosive	GHS – Danger Corrosive
DARK GREEN	RED	RED

WATER WATER WATER METALS / LOW METALS VOLATILE MERCURY **METALS** SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER 40mL amber class (HNO₃) 40 mL class (HCl) 60 mL hdne PRESERVATION PRESERVATION PRESERVATION Nitric acid Hydrochloric acid Nil Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C TEST PARAMETER(S TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) Total 'Volatile Metals' or Tick the 'Mercury Total' or Tick the appropriate checkbox 'Dissolved Volatile Metals' 'Dissolved' checkbox on the on the bottle label. Tick the hottle label. (field filtered). 'Field Filtered' checkbox if filtered in the field Tick the appropriate checkbox Tick the 'Field Filtered' on the bottle label. checkbox if filtered in the field Field filtration is Field filtration is Field filtration is recommended for recommended for recommended for Dissolved Dissolved Parameters. Dissolved Parameters. Parameters. Bottle will be acidified upon receipt in the lab. HOLDING TIME **HOLDING TIME** HOLDING TIME 180 days 28 days 180 days GHS - Danger GHS - Danger Corrosive & Irritant Corrosive **RED/GREEN** RFD YFIIOW

WATER

ultra-trace)

MERCURY MFTHYL (routine, low & MFRCIIRY

FFRROUS **IRON**

WATER

SAMPLE CONTAINER

SAMPLE CONTAINER Routine - 40 mL glass

Low - 125 mL Teflon™ or glass UT - 125 mL Teflon™ or glass (precleaned)

125 mL Teflon™ (HCl) - freshwater / (H₂SO₄) – seawater PRESERVATION

SAMPLE CONTAINER

WATER

PRESERVATION

60 mL opaque hdpe (HCl)

PRESERVATION

Nil

Hydrochloric acid Chill to ≤10°C or Sulfuric acid Chill to <10°C

Hydrochloric acid Chill to <10°C

Chill to <10°C

TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the appropriate checkbox on the bottle label: 'Mercury Total' or 'Dissolved'; 'Low Mercury Total' or 'Dissolved': 'Ultra-Trace (UT) Mercury Total' or 'Dissolved'.

Tick the 'Field Filtered' checkbox if filtered in the

Field filtration is

TEST PARAMETER(S)

Tick the appropriate checkbox on the bottle label: 'Methyl Mercury Total' or 'Dissolved' (field filtered).

TEST PARAMETER(S)

Dissolved Ferrous Iron (field filtered)

field. NOTES

recommended for Dissolved Parameters. Bottle will be acidified upon receipt in the lab.

Field filtration is recommended for Dissolved Parameters.

Freshwaters should be preserved with hydrochloric acid

Seawaters (> 500 ppm chloride or >1 % salinity) should be preserved with sulfuric acid

NOTES

Field filtration is recommended

HOLDING TIME 28 days

HOLDING TIME 7 days - if field filtered using 0.45 µm filters:

180 days - if field filtered

HOLDING TIME

180 days

GHS - Danger

Corrosive & Irritant

usina 0.1 um filters.

GHS - Danger

Corrosive & Irritant



RED/GREEN

YFIIOW

YFIIOW

WATER	WATER	WATER
SELENIUM SPECIATION	ARSENIC SPECIATION	HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM
SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL opaque hdpe (HCl)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL opaque hdpe (EDTA / Acetic acid)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL hdpe (NaOH)
PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C Keep in dark	PRESERVATION EDTA + Acetic acid Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Sodium hydroxide Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the Dissolved Selenium Speciation (Field Filtered) checkbox on the bottle label if filtered in the field.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the Dissolved Arsenic Speciation (field filtered) checkbox on the bottle label if filtered in the field.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the appropriate checkbox on the bottle label: Total or Dissolved (field filtered) Hexavalent Chromium.
NOTES Field filtration is recommended for dissolved parameters. HOLDING TIME 28 days	NOTES Field filtration is recommended for dissolved parameters. Fill bottle (contains EDIA) with sample, then add acetic acid preservative from separate vial provided. HOLDING TIME 28 days	NOTES Field filtration is recommended for dissolved parameters. HOLDING TIME 28 days
	GHS - Danger Corrosive & Irritant	GHS - Danger Corrosive
GREEN	CHERRY	DARK GREEN

WATER WATER WATER **HEXAVALENT** RADIOCHEMISTRY VOC CHROMIUM /TOTAL LEAD (ON) (Ontario only) SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER 11 hdne (HNO₂) 2 × 40 mL glass vials (NaHSQ4) 60 ml hdne [NaOH / (NH4)2SO4 / NH4OH] 2 ×1L hdpe (HNO₃) for faster TAT PRESERVATION PRESERVATION PRESERVATION Sodium hydroxide + Nitric acid Sodium hisulfate Ammonium sulfate + Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C Ammonium hydroxide. Chill to <10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) Tick the appropriate checkbox Total Lead or Gross alpha/ F1. VH. VPH. BTEX. VOC. on the bottle label: beta or Radium 226. THM, VFAs, 1.4-Dioxane, Cl-Aromatics, VFA-Total (ON). Total or Dissolved (field Radium 226 (2 ×1L). filtered) Hexavalent Chromium NOTES NOTES Field filtration is 1 L hdpe Total Lead for O.Reg For chlorinated waters. recommended for dissolved 243 and O.Reg 170/03 sodium thiosulfate Section 15.1 only preservative is required and parameters. label colour will be light blue. Fill with zero headspace Total VFA test in Ontario HOLDING TIME HOLDING TIME requires 250 mL hdpe or glass 28 days 180 days (unpreserved). HOLDING TIME 14 days; VFA - 7 days. GHS - Danger GHS - Danger GHS - Danger Corrosive, Irritant & Corrosive Corrosive Environmental hazard DARK GREEN **BIUF** RFD

WATER	WATER	WATER
C1-C5 GASES	ALDEHYDES	HALOACETIC ACIDS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 40 mL glass vials (NaHSO4)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 40 mL glass vials (NH4Cl+CuSO4)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 40 mL glass vials (NH ₄ Cl)
PRESERVATION Sodium bisulfate Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Ammonium Chloride + Copper sulfate Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Ammonium Chloride Chill to ≤10°C
ANALYTES C1-C5 gases	TEST PARAMETER(S) Formaldehyde	TEST PARAMETER(S) Haloacetic acids
NOTES Fill with zero headspace.	NOTES Fill with zero headspace.	NOTES Fill with zero headspace.
HOLDING TIME 14 days	HOLDING TIME 7 days	HOLDING TIME 14 days
GHS - Danger Corrosive	GHS – Warning Irritant	GHS - Warning Irritant
BLUE	BROWN	BROWN

WATER WATER WATER **HYDROCARBONS** PHENOLICS OIL & GREASE / PAH SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 100 mL amber glass / 2 × 250 mL or 2 × 500 mL 2 x 500 mL amber class / Teflon™ lined cap (NaHSO4) or 2 ×100 mL amber glass/ Teflon™ lined cap (NaHSO₄) Teflon™ lined cap (HCl) PRESERVATION PRESERVATION PRESERVATION Sodium bisulfate Sodium hisulfate Hydrochloric acid Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C Chill to <10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) TEST PARAMETER(S) EPH, LEPH/HEPH, F2-F4, PAHs Phenolics. Chlorinated and Total Oil+Grease and Non-chlorinated Mineral Oil+Grease or or Alkvlated PAHs. Oil+Grease (FTIR). NOTES NOTES NOTES Fill to the neck of the bottle Ontario MISA requires 2 × 500 mL amber glass / If sample volume is limited. Teflon™ lined cap. VOCs can also be tested Oil+Grease (FTIR) requires from this bottle. In this case. 2 × 100 mL ambér glass/ fill bottle to the top with Teflon™ lined cap (HCl). no headspace and submit HOLDING TIME 2 × 100 mL amber glass. 14 days HOLDING TIME HOLDING TIME 28 davs 14 days GHS - Danger GHS - Danger GHS - Danger Corrosive Corrosive Corrosive & Irritant

BLUE

YELLOW

BLUE

WATER	WATER	WATER
SEMI VOL ORGANICS I	SEMI VOL ORGANICS II	ALCOHOLS+ GLYCOLS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 500 mL or 2 × 100mL amber glass/Teflon™ lined cap	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL amber glass/Teflon™ lined cap	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 40 mL glass vials
PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) OCP/PCB/OPP or Low-Level PAH (ON) or SVOC (ON) or Resin and Fatty Acids (ON-MISA).	TEST PARAMETER(S) Alkanolamines (MEA, DEA, DIPA) or NPE or Sulfolane or BPA or Carbamates.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Alcohols and glycols
NOTES Sampling for OCP/PCB only requires 2 × 100mL amber glass/Teflon™ lined cap.	NOTES	NOTES
HOLDING TIME PCB - unlimited; OCP/PCB/OPP /RAFA - 7 days; OCP/PCB/OPP/SVOC (ON) - 14 days.	HOLDING TIME NPE / Alkanolamines / Sulfolane / Carbamates- 7 days; BPE - 28 days.	HOLDING TIME 7 days
ORANGE	ORANGE	ORANGE

WATER	WATER	WATER
SPECIALTY ORGANICS I	NAPHTHENIC ACID/SOIL STERILANTS	HORMONES/ STEROIDS/PPCPs/ NEONICOTINOIDS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 1L amber glass/Teflon™ lined cap PRESERVATION Nil	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 250 mL amber glass / Teflon™ lined cap PRESERVATION Nil	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL amber glass /Teflon™ lined cap (Routine level) or 250 mL amber glass /Teflon™ lined cap (Low level) PRESERVATION Nil
Chill to ≤10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) Dioxins / Furans, PBDE, PBB or Explosives or EPA 625 SVOC or Alkylated PANH or NDMA.	Chill to ≤10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) Naphthenic Acid or Soil Sterilants.	Chill to ≤10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) Hormones/Steroids or PPCPs/ Neonicotinoids.
NOTES	NOTES	NOTES Routine level Hormones / Steroids or PPCPs require 60 mL. Low level Hormones / Steroids / PPCPs or Neonicotinoids / PPCPs require 250 mL.
HOLDING TIME D/F/PBDE/PBB – unlimited; Explosives / NDMA – 7 days; Alkylated PANH – 14 days.	HOLDING TIME Naphthenic acid – 14 days; Soil sterilants – 7 days.	HOLDING TIME PPCPs /Hormones – 28 days
ORANGE	ORANGE	GREY

WATER	WATER	WATER
ORGANOTINS / PFAS	ALDICARB / DIURON	DIQUAT / PARAQUAT / GLYPHOSATE / AMPA
SAMPLE CONTAINER 250 mL opaque hdpe (Teflon™ free)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL amber glass/Teflon™ lined cap (Na2S2O3)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 60 mL hdpe (Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃)
PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Sodium thiosulfate Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Sodium thiosulfate Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Organotins (MBT, DBT, TBT) OT PFAS.	TEST PARAMETER(S) Aldicarb/Diuron	TEST PARAMETER(S) Diquat / Paraquat and Glyphosate / AMPA.
NOTES 250 mL green general water quality bottle can also be used for PFAS.	NOTES	NOTES
HOLDING TIME Organotins – 28 days if frozen within 72 hours of sampling; Organotins – 7 days if unpreserved; PFAS – 28 days.	HOLDING TIME 7 days	HOLDING TIME Glyphosate / AMPA – 14 days; Diquat / Paraquat – 7 days
BLACK	LIGHT BLUE	LIGHT BLUE

WATER	WATER	WATER
MICRO- BIOLOGY	RESIN & FATTY ACIDS	MICROTOX
SAMPLE CONTAINER 250 mL Sterile hdpe (Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 2 × 500 mL amber glass (C ₆ H ₈ O ₆ +NaOH)	SAMPLE CONTAINER 100 mL amber glass
PRESERVATION Sodium thiosulfate Chill to ≤8°C TEST PARAMETER(S) E. coli / Fecal / Total	PRESERVATION ASCORDIC acid+Sodium hydroxide Chill to ≤10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) Resin and Fatty Acids.	PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C TEST PARAMETER(S) Microtox
Coliforms (Colilert) <u>or</u> HPC <u>or</u> Pseudomonas aeruginosa (MF) and Enterococcus.	NOTES	NOTES
Please submit immediately to the lab.		
HOLDING TIME E.coli / coliforms - 30 hours, 48 hours (0N); HPC - 24 hours, 48 hours (0N); Pseudomonas / Entercoccus - 30 hours.	HOLDING TIME 14 days GHS - Danger Corrosive	HOLDING TIME 3 days
LIGHT BLUE	DARK BLUE	GREY

WATER	WATER	SOIL/SOLID/SEDIMENT
DAPNIA MAGNA	RAINBOW TROUT	PFAS & ORGANOTINS
SAMPLE CONTAINER 1-2×1L hdpe	SAMPLE CONTAINER 4×10L carboy	SAMPLE CONTAINER 250 mL hdpe jar (Teflon™ free)
PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C	PRESERVATION Nil Chill to ≤10°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) Daphnia magna (CSO (2×1L) or Daphnia magna Pass /Fail (1×1L).	TEST PARAMETER(S) Rainbow trout LC50 (4x10L) or Rainbow trout Pass / Fail (2×10L) or Cryptosporidium/ Giardia analysis (1×10L).	TEST PARAMETER(S) PFAS and Organotins
NOTES LC50 requires 2 × 1L hdpe. Pass / Fail requires 1 × 1L hdpe.	NOTES LC50 requires 4×10L carboy filled completely. pH stabilized LC50 requires an additional 2×10L carboy in order to complete both tests. Fill with zero headspace. Pass / Fail requires 2×10L carboy.	NOTES Jar only needs to be filled half way.
HOLDING TIME 5 days. Samples should be chilled to ≤10°C if transportation time greater than 2 days.	HOLDING TIME Rainbow trout – 5 days; Cryptosporidium / Giardia – 4 days. Samples should be chilled to ≤10°c if transportation time greater than 2 days.	HOLDING TIME PFAS – 28 days; Organotins – 30 days.
GREY	GREY	ORANGE

SOIL/SOLID/SEDIMENT

GENERAL PARAMETERS

SAMPLE CONTAINER

120 mL glass jar/Teflon™ lined can

PRESERVATION Nil

Chill to <10°C

TEST PARAMETER(S)

All parameters excluding Volatiles, Particle sizing, TOC, Dioxins, PBDEs, Explosives, TCLP ZHE, Corrosivity, Flashpoint, Herbicides, PFAS, Organotins and Asbestos.

NOTES

Two 120 mL iars or one 250 mL iar is recommended for multiple leachates (TCLP or SPLP). Particle sizing, TOC, Dioxins, PBDEs, Explosives, TCLP ZHE, Corrosivity, Flashpoint, and Herhicides

For Flashpoint, TCLP ZHE and AVS, please fill with zero headspace. For Fly ash or other low density solids, please submit 1×500 mL or 2×250 mL glass jars / Teflon™

lined caps or ALS ldpe bag. For General inorganics and metals (AB/SK/ON), SAR, Na and Cl saturated pastes, please provide

2×250 mL glass jars or ALS ldpe bag. Cr(VI) must be stored in the dark - Ontario. Bulk or soil samples for asbestos must be collected in ALS Idpe bags. Sample must be double

bagged and labeled as Asbestos containing. Please submit nutrients immediately to the lab.

HOLDING TIME

pH - 30 days;

General Inorganics - 28 days:

Nutrients - 3 days:

Metals - 180 days:

Cr (VI), Mercury and Speciated Metals – 28 days; D/F. PCBs. PBBs. PBDEs - unlimited:

SVOC, LEPH / HEPH, F2-F4, Glycols, PAH, OCP / OPP, CPs, Cyanide & Sulfide (AVS) - 14 days; SVOC. CPs. OCP /OPP. PAH - 60 days (ON):

Dried pH, N, P, K+S - unlimited; Flashpoint - 7 days:

ORANGE



AIR SAMPLE CONTAINERS	AIR SAMPLE CONTAINERS
VOLATILES, GASES & ODOURS (Air and Vapour Sampling)	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE TESTING
SAMPLE CONTAINER	SAMPLE CONTAINER
1L, 1.4L, 6L Canisters; TD Tube Active (SVI), TD Tube-Passive, (Carbopak X); CBA, Gas Bag-Tedlar;	Filters, Tubes, Pre-Treated Cr(VI) Filters
1L and 1.4L Canister Sampling. <i>Times Available</i> : 4, 10, 20, 60 min.	PRESERVATION Nil
6L Canister Saming. <i>Times Available</i> : 0.5, 1, 4, 8, 24 hrs.	Chill to ≤10°C method
PRESERVATION Nil	dependant; Cr(VI) Freeze to ≤18°C
TEST PARAMETER(S) BTEX+Naphthalene, F1-F2, VOC, T014, T015, T017; Aliphatic / Aromatic Fractionation; C1-C5 light Hydrocarbons, Fixed Gases; Reduced Sulfur Compounds; Siloxanes; 4-PCH.	TEST PARAMETER(S) PAH, PCBS, VOC, Dioxins and Furans, Aldehydes/ Formaldehyde, Metals, isocyanates, Asbestos Bulk and Building Materials and Filters), Particulates, Metals, Mercury, Cr(VI) Ambient Air Filters.
NOTES	Filters.
Canisters should not be held longer than 30 days prior to sampling. Check canister pressure before deployment. Any samples collected in Gas Bags/Tedlar bags must be received within 24 hrs and are subject to RUSH charges and transfer fees. Passive TD Tubes must be deployed within 30 days of proofing. 1.4L canisters, 1L canisters for soil gas can be used for indoor	NOTES Shipping, and Storage Temperatures are dependent on the test and method required. Please contact the lab for specific recommendations.
air and ambient air for sampling events that are 1hr or less. 6L canisters for ambient and indoor air must be used for sample times longer than 1hr (TWA).	
HOLDING TIME TO14, 15, 17 / BTEXN, F1-F2, Passive VOCs, Siloxanes, 4-PCH – 30 days Cans and Tubes; Reduced Sulfur Compounds – 7 days, 24 hrs. Gas Bag; Fixed Gases / Methane / CBA – 30 days Cans, 72 hrs. Gas Bag.	HOLDING TIME PAH / Aldehydes / Formaldehyde - 14 days; Asbestos / Particulates - unlimited; Isocyanate filters - 15 days; Dioxins & Furans / PCBs - 7 days; Metals - 180 days; Metals - 180 days; Mercury - 28 days; Cr(VI) - 10 days.
NAVY BLUE	NAVY BLUE

Emergency spill response

♠ 4 1-855-838-LABS (5227)

	3 7 1	
1	Vancouver, BC	
	40 (04 353 4400	

604-253-4188 Fort St. John, BC 250-261-5517

Kamloops, BC 250-372-3588

Victoria, BC 250-413-3243 Terrace, BC

250-635-3309 Whitehorse, YT

867-668-6689 Calgary, AB

403-407-1800 Edmonton, AB **12** 780-413-5227

Fort McMurray, AB 780-791-1524 Grande Prairie, AB

780-539-5196 Saskatoon, SK 306-668-8370

Regina, SK 306-525-0970

Winnipea, MB 204-255-9720

Yellowknife, NT £ 867-873-5593

Waterloo, ON \$ 519-886-6910

> Burlington, ON 905-331-3111 Thunder Bay, ON

807-623-6463 London, ON

\$ 519-652-6044 Mississauga, ON 905-507-6910

Ottawa, ON 613-225-8279

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