



Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation Mary River Project

Construction Summary Report: Milne Port Water System

PERMIT TO PRACTICE

Signature Manual

PERMIT NUMBER: P 512

The Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of NWT/NU



■ HATCH				CLIENT		
DATE	REV.	STATUS	PREPARED BY	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	APPROVED BY
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1. Facility Description

The Milne Port Water Systems include the Milne Port facility's water treatment system, sewage treatment system, and the treated effluent discharge system.

1.1 Water Treatment System

The Mine Site water treatment system includes an adsorption clarifier water treatment plant designed to treat raw water for the removal of colour, turbidity and other impurities to provide a high quality effluent. The high quality effluent from the adsorption clarifier is then disinfected for potable and domestic use.

The process combines flocculation and clarification in the mono-media roughing filter. Flocs are formed and retained in the coarse mono-media. The dual media filter provides polishing of the pre-treated water to provide a high quality effluent. Disinfection involves UV and chlorination.

The treatment process is designed to run at the constant pre-set flowrate 3.4m3/h (15USgpm). The system flow is tracked by the inlet flow meter/ totalizer through the SCADA system.

Plant operation is controlled by the raw water tank level and the potable water tank level. On receipt of a low potable water tank level, the raw water pump downstream of the raw water tank (feeding the clarifier) is started, and the PLC controller opens the influent valve, starts selected chemical feed pumps, and initiates normal plant operation. On receipt of a high potable water tank signal, the plant is shut down. All control valves are de-energized to close, all chemical dosing is stopped.

The system is fed by water truck. The project is approved to source water from km32 Lake and from Phillips Creek (summer months only).

The Milne Port water treatment building is a foldaway building located west of the new accommodation facilities, east of the sewage treatment plant and south of the emergency response garage at N7 975 998 to N7 975 998 and E503 838.7 to E503 861.6. There is an overhead door on the west side of the building and a man door on the east and west.

The system includes the outdoor piping connecting the water treatment plant to the sewage treatment plant, and the piping between the water treatment plant and the accommodations facility. These pipes are HDPE DR11, pre-insulated with 50mm (2 inch) insulation and heat traced for year-round use.

The water treatment system operations and maintenance manual has been included in Appendix C.







1.2 Sewage Treatment System

The Milne Port sewage treatment plant (STP) is a membrane bioreactor (MBR) wastewater treatment plant designed for treatment of domestic wastewater. The STP is a packaged plant that comes with containerized inlet screen, equalization tank, post equalization tank screen, aeration tank, membrane tanks, UV disinfection systems and a sludge dewatering unit. The plant is housed inside six (6) 40 ft modified high-cube shipping containers that were interconnected when installed. The Milne Port sewage treatment plant was designed for an average design flow of 63m3/d (2.63m3/h). The system flow is tracked by the inflow meter and totalizer.

The Milne Port sewage treatment plant is located west of the water treatment building, east of the sewage truck building and south of the site services buildings at N7 975 996 to N7 975 971 and E503 801.3 to 503 801.3.

The system includes the outdoor piping connecting the accommodations facility to the sewage treatment plant, the effluent discharge piping and the potable water inlet. These pipes are HDPE DR11, pre-insulated with 50mm (2 inch) insulation and heat traced for year-round use.

The sewage treatment system operations and maintenance manual has been included in Appendix C.

1.3 Treated Effluent Discharge

During normal operation, the treated effluent from the sewage treatment plant (STP) is pumped to the permitted discharge point at Milne Inlet via the treated effluent discharge pipeline. In the event that the treated effluent does not meet discharge requirements, the offspec effluent is pumped to the effluent pond located south of the fuel tank farm. Once the 'problem' in the STP is corrected, the off-spec effluent from the pond will be treated insitu or transported via vacuum truck and re-processed through the STP before directly discharging to Milne Inlet.

There are two tees in the treated effluent discharge pipeline located inside a valve box adjacent to the effluent pond. The first tee controls whether the treated effluent discharges to the effluent pond or directly to the discharge point at Milne Inlet and is controlled by manual valving located on the east berm of the effluent pond. The second tee connects with a blind flange on the side of the off-spec effluent pond. Should the effluent in the pond be determined suitable for discharge, a portable pump arrangement can be connected at the blind flange to empty the pond to the discharge point at Milne Inlet.

The pipeline routing exits the STP from the east wall, crosses over the STP roof, and turns south to meet with the utility berm running along the southern side of the facilities. The pipeline follows the berm west to the east side of the effluent pond and turns north along the pond berm. North of the pond and south of the fuel tank farm, the pipeline turns west along the berm and follows the berm north beside the fuel tank farm. North of the fuel tank farm the pipeline runs north-easterly to the discharge point above the high tide mark at Milne Inlet.







The treated effluent discharge pipeline is a 50mm (2 inch) diameter HDPE DR11 pipeline. The pipeline is approximately 750m long, above ground, pre-insulated with 50mm (2 inch) insulation and heat traced for year-round use. There are three locations where the pipe crosses underneath roads (see H349000-2000-00-014-0005 Milne Port Utility Services Site Layout). Under these roads the pipe runs inside larger carbon steel schedule 80 pipe to prevent the effluent line from being crushed by vehicle traffic.

The pumps and motors (duty/standby) start and stop as required to empty the containment tanks inside the STP.

2. Construction Activity Summary

Construction activities on the Milne Port water systems started in July 2013. The final system handover certificate for the water treatment system was completed in November 2014. The most recent item closeout on the open punch list is dated December 2014. The remaining punch list items are scheduled for completion in 2015.

The following summarizes the construction activities:

 a. Crushed blast rock and fill material was quarried, crushed, screened, and hauled from the Milne Inlet Quarry (Q1) for use in the earthworks.

2.1 Water Treatment System

- a. Prepared sub base and granular cap.
- b. Installed berm between water building and camp.
- c. Placed pre cast concrete foundation blocks.
- d. Erected fold away building.
- e. Installed raw water and treated water tanks.
- f. Installed water treatment equipment.
- g. Site run pre-insulated pipe and fittings on grade between the WTP outlet flange and the accommodation facilities.
- h. Installed heat trace (two pass series self regulating system).
- i. Installed heat trace RTD temperature sensors, controls and connect power supply.
- j. Installed heat tracing control panels.
- k. Installed water distribution system inside the accommodation facilities.
- I. Connected electrical power to the building and install power distribution to the water treatment equipment.
- m. Test treated water for regulatory compliance.







- n. Site run pre-insulated pipe and fittings on grade between the WTP outlet flange and the sewage treatment plant.
- o. Installed heat trace (two pass series self regulating system).
- p. Installed heat trace RTD temperature sensors, controls and connect power supply.
- q. Installed heat tracing control panels.
- r. Commissioned the water treatment facility.

QA/QC

- s. Pressure test of treated water pipe from water building to accommodation facilities.
- t. In-service leak test of treated water pipe from water building to sewage treatment plant.
- u. Off-site testing of water samples.

2.2 Sewage Treatment System

- a. Prepared sub base and granular cap.
- b. Placed sea containers, lining up pre-marked container connections.
- c. Connected all pre-run piping connections.
- d. Site run pre-insulated pipe and fittings on grade between the accommodation facilities and the sewage treatment plant.
- e. Installed waste water collection system in the accommodation facilities.
- f. Installed heat trace (two pass series self regulating system).
- g. Installed heat trace RTD temperature sensors, controls and connect power supply.
- h. Installed heat tracing control panels.
- i. Connected all pre-wired electrical connections.
- j. Connected electrical power to the building and install power distribution to the treatment equipment.
- k. Commissioned the sewage treatment facility.
- I. Test treated water for regulatory compliance.

QA/QC

- m. Pressure test of waste water pipe from accommodation facilities to sewage treatment building.
- n. Off-site testing of water samples.

2.3 Treated Effluent Discharge

a. Connected pipe to STP treated effluent nozzle.







- b. Site run pipe between the STP and utility berm.
- c. Installed pipe on grade following the utility berm to the Milne Inlet discharge point.
- d. Installed manual valve station on berm at effluent pond.
- e. Installed heat trace (two pass series constant watt system).
- f. Installed heat trace RTD temperature sensors, controls and connect power supply.
- g. Installed heat tracing control panels inside the Sewage Truck Building.

QA/QC

h. Pressure test of treated effluent pipe from sewage treatment building to the Milne Inlet discharge point.

3. Photographic Records

3.1 Water Treatment System



Figure 1: Pre-construction of the Milne Port water system [north view]







Figure 2: Water building pad and pre-cast concrete foundation blocks



Figure 3: Water building - fold away building erected







Figure 4: Water system - raw water tank, chlorine dosing system and clarifier



Figure 5: Water system - water treatment pumps and clarifier





Figure 6: Water system - blowers



Figure 7: Water system – chemical mixing / dosing tanks







Figure 8: Water system - water treatment pumps



Figure 9: Piping out of the water building (to accommodation facilities, to sewage treatment, and for firewater)







Figure 10: Piping between accommodation facilities, water treatment plant, and sewage treatment facility [northeast view]



Figure 11: Water building - water truck connection





3.2 Sewage Treatment System



Figure 12: Placing of the 6 sea containers, west of the accommodation facility [west view]



Figure 13: Weather sealing of connection joint between two of the six sea containers that combined are the sewage treatment building







Figure 14: Sewage treatment building – sea containers placed



Figure 15: Installation of interconnecting piping to and from the sewage treatment building







Figure 16: Treated effluent tanks inside the sewage treatment facility

3.3 Treated Effluent Discharge



Figure 17: Treated effluent discharge piping laid out for fusing [north view]







Figure 18: Installation of heat trace lines along an elbow of treated effluent discharge piping



Figure 19: Preparing to fuse two HDPE piping lengths (activity enclosed in protective tenting to retain heat required for fusing)







Figure 20: Road crossing with cables and piping routing through schedule 80 pipe sleeves for protection



Figure 21: Treated effluent discharge location onto rip rap at Milne Inlet [northwest view]

4. As-Built Drawings

The as-built drawings incorporate contractor red line markups, field instructions, requests for information, field sketches, and all other inputs provided by the field engineering team. The as-built drawings are attached in Appendix A.





Table 4-1: Water System 'As-Built' Drawing List

Drawing Number	Title	Revision
H349000-2000-00-014-0004	Milne Port Infrastructure Site Layout	3
	Milne Port Raw/Fire Water System Piping &	
H349000-2720-75-031-0001	Instrumentation Diagram	1
	Milne Port Potable Water System Piping &	
H349000-2720-75-031-0002	Instrumentation Diagram	1
	Milne Port Sewage Water Treatment Piping &	
H349000-2731-75-031-0001	Instrumentation Diagram	1

5. Field Decisions

The following sections describe relevant field decisions made during construction:

- a. The location of the Milne Port camp and support buildings was moved 20m north. The ground near the south of camp was too soft to supporting buildings. As a result, the water system buildings were constructed further north than shown on the original issued for construction (IFC) drawings.
- b. Original design included installation of rock anchors on the outdoor HDPE piping to restrict piping movement caused by seasonal thermal expansion. The HDPE piping does still move due to thermal expansion, but this does not damage the system. As such these rock anchors have been removed from the project design.
- c. Due to limited material availability onsite, road crossing schedule 80 pipe sleeve diameters vary to suit clearance between the ID of the sleeve and the OD of insulated process piping.
- d. Modified heat trace installation for outdoor HDPE piping to include Heater Cable Sensing RTD's instead of Ambient Sensing RTD's to prevent overheating of the heat trace cable.

5.1 Water Treatment System

- a. Installed electric heaters in the water building in place of the design diesel heating system. The diesel heaters were late in delivery. Project decision was to move to electric heating permanently.
- b. Modifications were made to the electrical distribution to accommodate electric heat in the Water Building and Sewage Truck Building at Milne Port.
- c. Layout of water treatment equipment inside the building was adjusted in the field to better suit layout of piping and electrical cable.

5.2 Sewage Treatment System

a. Roof flashing and roof sealant were added to the roof joints between the 6 sea containers that make up the sewage treatment plant. Spray foam insulation was added to joints and wall penetrations to weather-proof.







- b. The power and IT cables installed on grade outside of the sewage treatment plant were unprotected and a trip hazard. A wooden step structure with handrail was constructed over the cables to form a safe access walkway.
- c. The supplied STP discharge pumps and motors (duty/standby) were replaced in-field by units with reduced design head. The project's compressed delivery/shipping schedule did not allow for this equipment change before shipment of the STP equipment to site.

5.3 Treated Effluent Discharge

- a. The valving arrangement was modified in-field on the treated effluent discharge pipeline adjacent to the treated effluent pond. Heat trace cable was looped up the pipe branch and back to main pipe run. Flanges were added to the design near the southeast corner of the treated effluent pond to allow for temporary hose coupling. This arrangement allows the pond to be pumped directly to the discharge point at Milne Inlet using a portable pump with hoses should the pond contents be tested and approved for discharge.
- b. A timber valve box was constructed to encase the treated effluent branch and valve set adjacent to the effluent pond. Box was insulated and sealed to prevent snow ingress.
- c. The discharge location was relocated from the original permitted discharge location to north of the tank farm to avoid interference with the ore dock and ship loader construction.

6. Performance Evaluation

6.1 Water Treatment System

The water quality out of the water treatment system is tested weekly using colorimetric analysis to ensure the potable water supplied to the Milne Port camp is free from detectable concentrations of total coliform and e-coli. Periodic sampling and potable water analyses in accordance with applicable Health Canada guidelines is also performed, the samples being sent to an external accredited laboratory. As of the data collection cut-off date of this report (December 9, 2014) there have been no adverse observations in operational performance of the water treatment system. The water treatment system has consistently tested within the allowable parameters for water quality with no abnormal observations in operational performance.

Observed settlement in the water building floor has been greater than expected since construction. The resulting movement of equipment caused a pipe to crack from bending stress in early 2014. Mitigation included cutting out the section of rigid pipe and replacing it with a flexible hose connection (Figure 22). Additional flexible hosing with barb connections have been installed between other equipment skids where differential settlement was observed. In addition to adding flexible hosing connections, the exposed floor locations in the water building were excavated between 12 and 18 inches, insulated with 6 inches of rigid







styrofoam, re-graded and backfilled in July 2014 to reduce risk of further settlement. The floor condition is being monitored; no further movement has been observed.



Figure 22: Location of cracked pipe in Milne Port Water Building, fixed infield with flexible hose connection as shown [27Apr2014].

The water building and accommodation vendor (Horizon) originally installed CPVC piping material for outdoor runs of treated water and sanitary sewer piping between the water building, STP and accommodation facilities. The glued CPVC joints failed a number of times in cold temperatures. The outdoor treated water piping has since been replaced with HDPE insulated and heat traced. The sanitary sewer line is still glued CPVC. Treated water from the water building to the STP was installed as HDPE. Firewater is carbon steel with Victaulic, so has not had the same issues.

6.2 Sewage Treatment System

The treated effluent quality out of the sewage treatment system is tested daily using colorimetric analysis to ensure the treated effluent water discharged is within specified Type A Water Licence criteria. Effluent is sampled in accordance with Type A Water Licence requirements and sent to an external accredited laboratory for analyses. As of the data collection cut-off date for this report (December 9, 2014) the plant has consistently maintained effluent compliance with the exception of several minor exceedances caused by upset influent conditions. In these instances, the plant was rapidly brought back into compliance and in some cases effluent was redirected on a short term basis to the PWSP. The results of effluent quality analyses are presented in monthly and annual Water Licence Reports submitted to the Nunavut Water Board as required by the Type A Water Licence.







There have been some occurrences of observed high vacuum levels in the operating sewage treatment system. The facility was built to the approved design, and continues to operate within the required parameters; however as a result of the observed high vacuum levels Operations have been coordinating with the vendor to determine whether system changes may improve performance moving forward.

6.3 Treated Effluent Discharge

The treated effluent discharge piping experienced a freeze blockage in October 2014. Subsequently the heat trace overheated and damaged the pipe. Investigation of the causes and planning for repairs in ongoing.

7. Vibration Monitoring

No vibration monitoring was conducted during the construction of the Milne Port water systems as it was not deemed necessary based on scope of activities required for construction.

Control for quarrying activity was conducted as per the project's specific management plans:

- BAF-PH1-830-P16-0040 (H349000-1000-07-126-0013): Quarry Management Plan Milne Inlet Quarry (Q1).
- BAF-PH1-830-P16-0004 (H349000-1000-07-126-0011): Borrow Pit and Quarry Management Plan.

8. Environmental Monitoring

Environmental monitoring during the construction of the Milne Port water systems was conducted as per the BAF-PH1-830-P16-0008 Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) recently updated in July 2014.

In addition to the EPP, BIM self-performed earthworks construction follows the requirements of the BAF-PH1-830-STD-0001 Environmental Health and Safety Management Framework issued December 2010. The Baffinland on-site Environmental Management Team was responsible for environmental monitoring at all sites during construction and following-up with the construction team(s) if there were any reported environmental incidents or non-conformances.

Water system construction was also required to follow the requirements of the Surface Water and Aquatic Ecosystems Management Plan (March 2014), BAF-PH1-830-P16-0026. This Management Plan outlines the best management practices implemented to limit the potential for adverse impacts to receiving waters, aquatic ecosystems, fish and fish habitat used during construction. In addition this plan details the systems in place to mitigate and manage drainage and runoff at the building sites, address point and non-point discharges to surface waters and assess those discharges on water quality and quantity relative to their receiving water systems.







Water system construction also followed the requirements of the Fresh Water Supply, Sewage, and Wastewater Management Plan (January 2014), BAF-PH1-830-P16-0010, as required by the Type A Water Licence.

The Spill Contingency Plan (March 2014), BAF-PH1-830-P16-0036, in conjunction with the Emergency Response Plan (March 2014), BAF-PH1-830-P16-0007, provides guidance and instructions for first responders and Baffinland Management in the event of a spill event or other emergency such as fire or accident.

The risks to the water quality in the respective rivers and streams as a result of construction of the water systems would originate from following sources based on construction methodology:

- Spills from equipment.
- Increase in sediment load in the water.

There were no recorded spills from equipment used at the construction site. During the period of construction, water quality monitoring conducted at downstream stations under Part D, Section 16 and Part I, of the Type "A" Water Licence 2AM-MRY1325 indicated total suspended solids (TSS) and other parameter at levels below the specified Water Licence criteria. The results for water quality monitoring were provided in monthly reports submitted to the Nunavut Water Board and other stakeholders. In consideration of the above, the environmental mitigation strategies were effective in maintaining runoff water quality.

9. Earthworks Data

The survey data collected was used in generating the as-built drawings included in Appendix A. Survey data was not recorded for pieces of equipment inside the respective facilities. The survey data collected has been included in Appendix B.

10. Unanticipated Observations

10.1 Water Treatment System

There were no unanticipated observations during construction.

10.2 Sewage Treatment System

There were no unanticipated observations during construction.

10.3 Treated Effluent Discharge

There were no unanticipated observations during construction.

11. Surface Monitoring

Not conducted.







12. Required Maintenance

None conducted to-date.

13. Adaptive Management

For discussion of adaptive management principles and practices applied during the Construction Phase of the Project and their overall effectiveness please refer to the 2013 Annual Report to the Nunavut Impact Review Board. Any additional adaptive management practices implemented as a result of works completed in 2014 will be reported in the updated 2014 Annual Report to the Nunavut Impact Review Board.

14. Concordance with Type "A" Water Licence

The Nunavut Water Board Type "A" Licence 2AM-MRY1325, Schedule D, outlines the requirements for Construction Monitoring Reports. The following table provides a concordance of the report, herein, with the requirements included in Part D.

Table 14-1: Table of Concordance for Schedule D

Schedule D Item No.	Schedule D Description	Corresponding Section in this Report
1a	description of all infrastructure and facilities designed and constructed to contain, withhold, divert or retain Water and/or Waste;	1
1b	a summary of construction activities including photographic records before, during and after construction of the facilities and infrastructure designed to contain, withhold, divert or retain Water and/or Waste;	2, 3
1c	as-built drawings and design for facilities and infrastructure, in Item 1(a) of this schedule, designed and constructed to contain, withhold, divert or retain Water and/or Waste;	4
1d	documentation of field decisions that deviate from the original plans and any data used to support or developed facilities and infrastructure to withhold, divert or retain Water and/or Waste;	5
1e	a comparison of measured versus predicted performance of infrastructure and facilities;	6
1f	any blast vibration monitoring and control for quarrying activity carried out in close proximity to fish bearing waters;	7
1g	monitoring conducted for sediment and explosives residue release from construction areas;	8
1h	monitoring undertaken in accordance with Part D of the during the Construction Phase of the Project;	8
1i	details confirming that the requirements of the CCME guidance document entitled "Aboveground Storage Tank	N/A





Schedule D Item No.	Schedule D Description	Corresponding Section in this Report
	Systems for Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products (2003)" have been met by the Licensee;	
1j	data collected from instrumentation used to monitor earthworks and the interpretation of that data;	9
1k	a discussion of any unanticipated observations including changes in risk and mitigation measures implemented to reduce risk during construction;	10
11	an overview of any method including frequency used to monitor deformations, seepage and geothermal responses;	11
1m	a summary of maintenance work undertaken as a result of settlement or deformation of dikes and dams;	12
1n	a summary of adaptive management principles and practices applied during the relevant phases of the Project and their overall effectiveness.	13

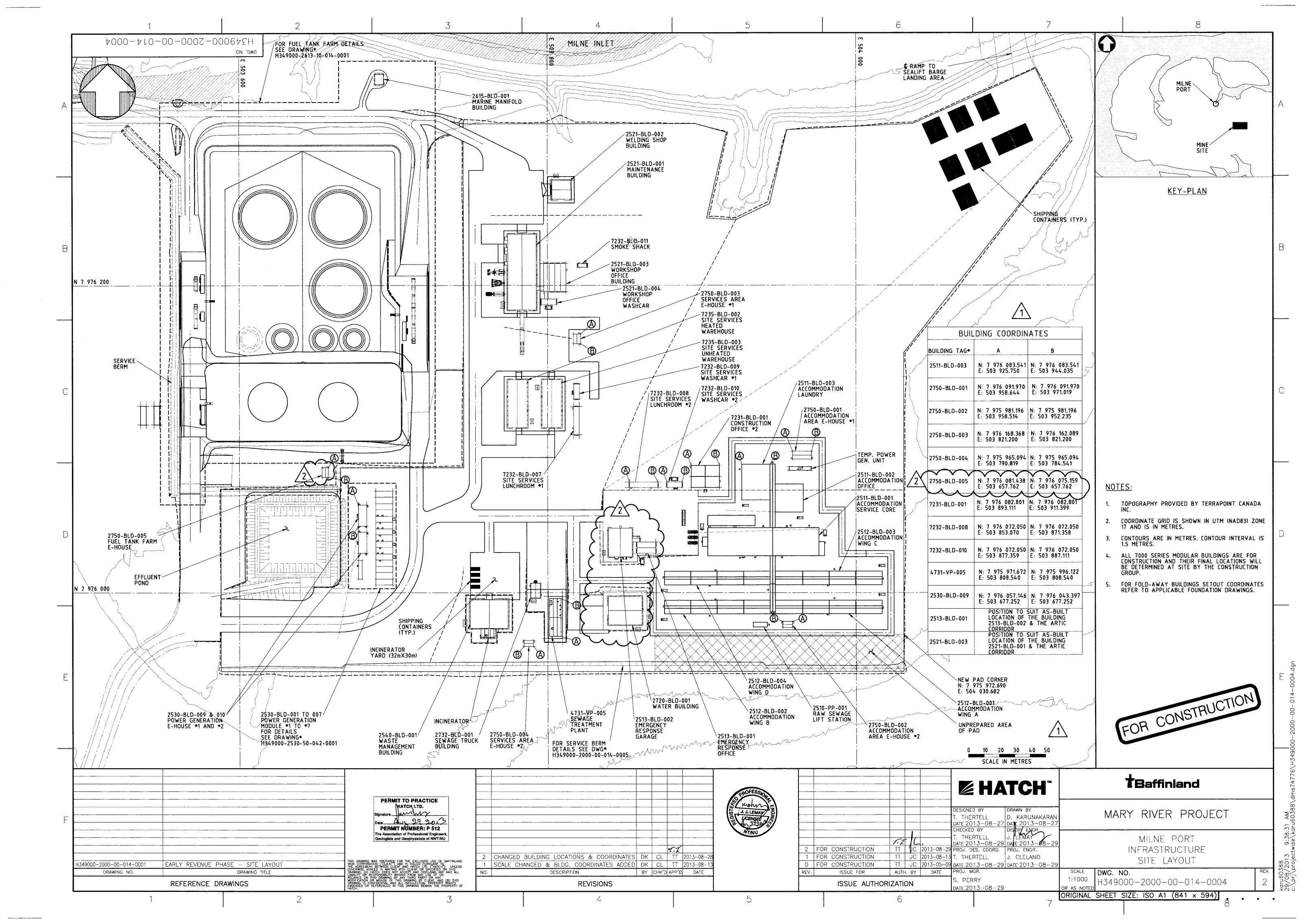


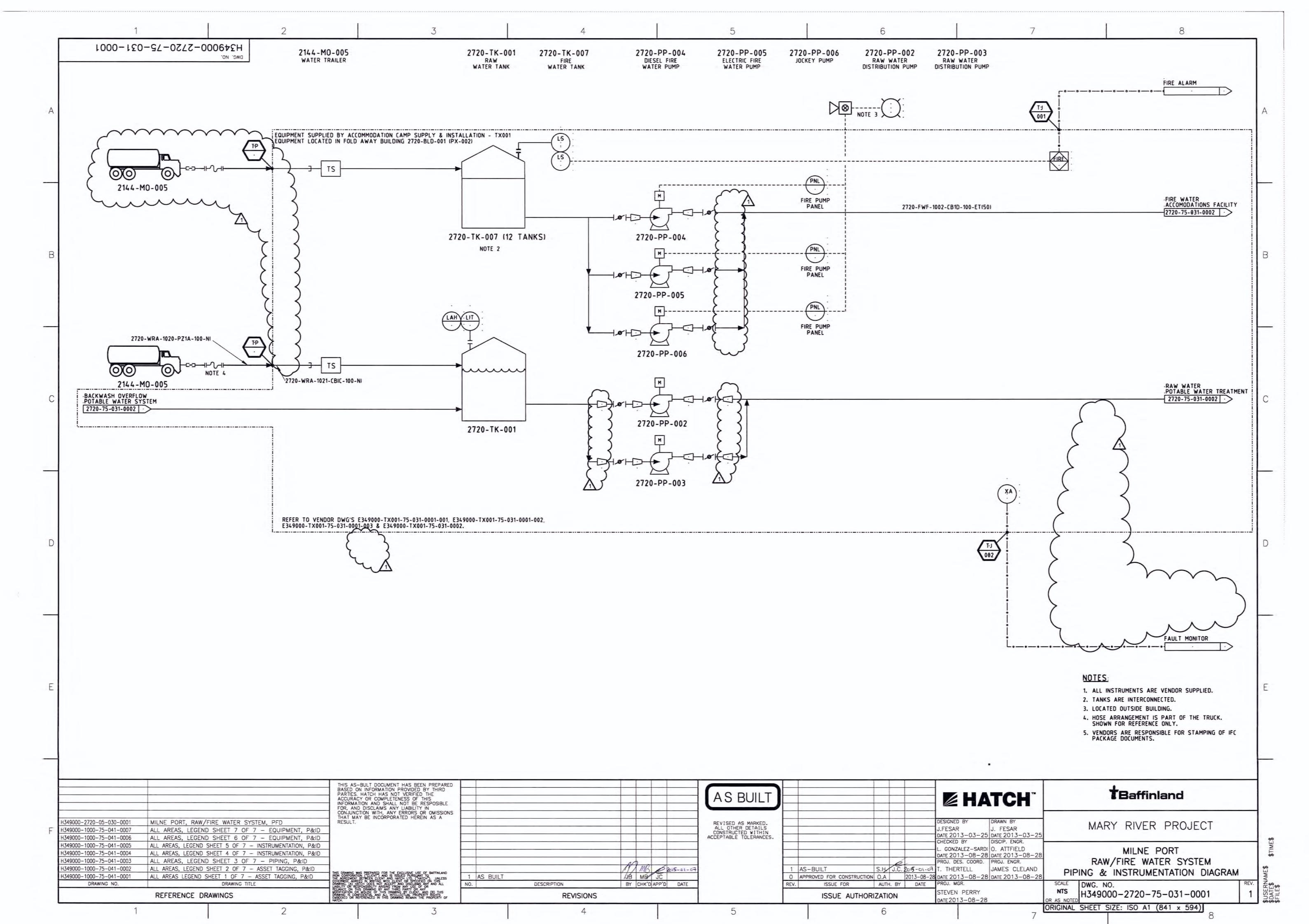


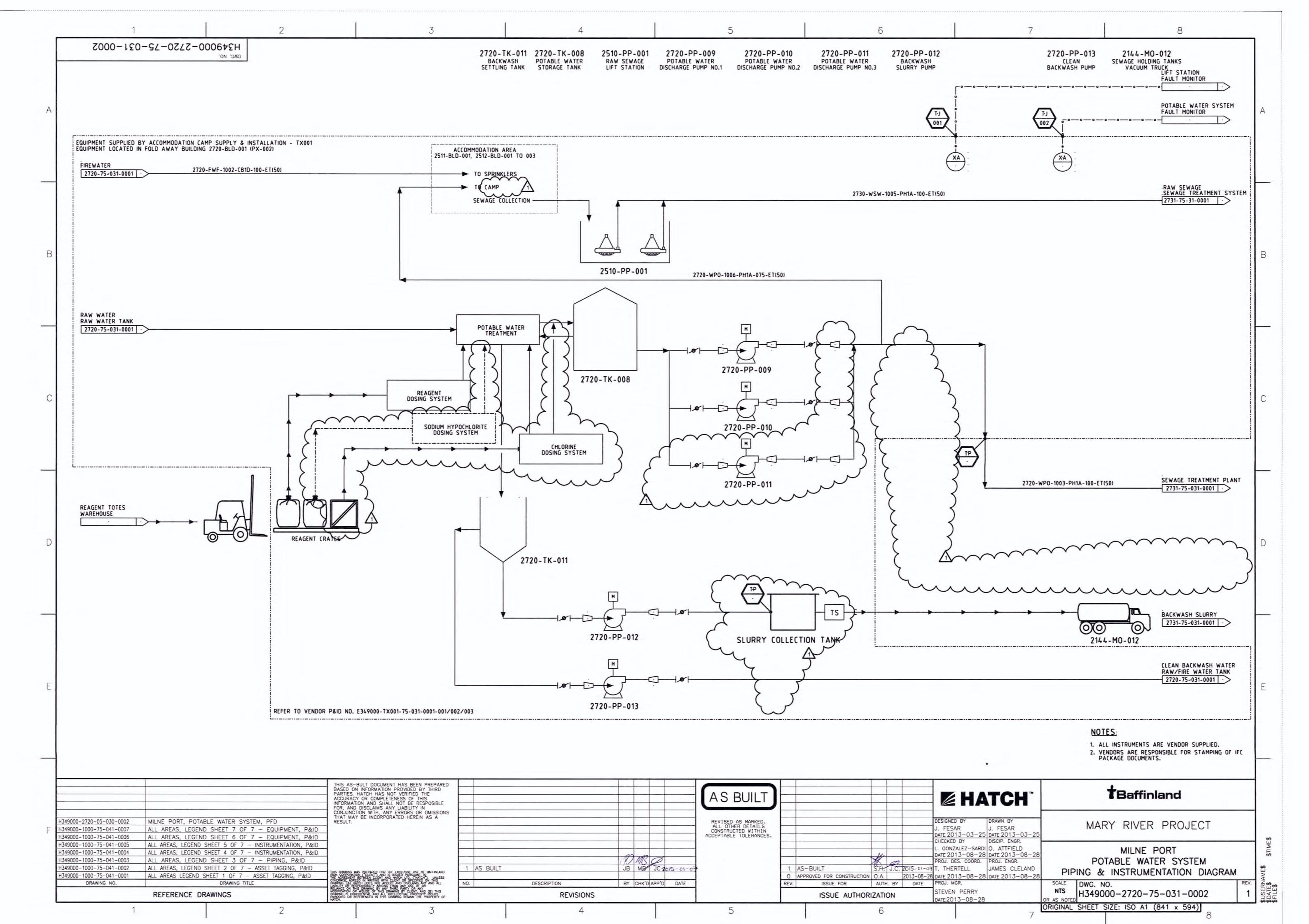
Appendix A

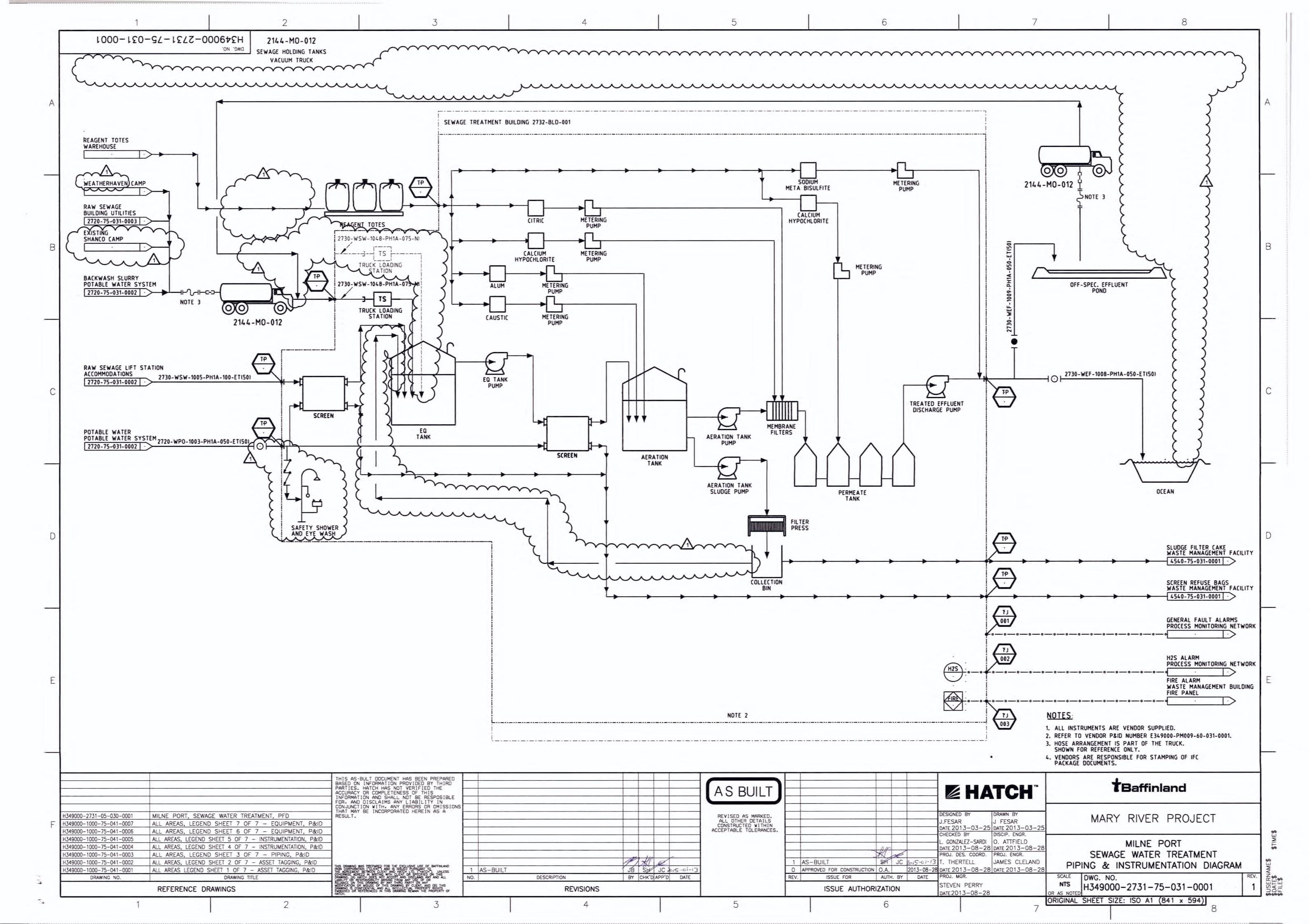
As-Built Drawings

- A. H349000-2000-00-014-0004 Rev03: Milne Port Infrastructure Site Layout [1 page]
- B. H349000-2720-75-031-0001 Rev01: Milne Port Raw/Fire Water System Piping & Instrumentation Diagram *[1 page]*
- C. H349000-2720-75-031-0002 Rev01: Milne Port Potable Water System Piping & Instrumentation Diagram *[1 page]*
- D. H349000-2731-75-031-0001 Rev01: Milne Port Sewage Water Treatment Piping & Instrumentation Diagram [1 page]













Appendix B Survey Data

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Port Water Building As Built - 290ct2014.asc 503854.067426 12.074 Nail
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Appendix C

Facility Description Supporting Documents

- A. E349000-TX001-00-118-0003: Water Building Operations and Maintenance Manual [276 pages]
- B. E349000-TX001-40-042-0012: Milne Port Water Building Floor Plan As-Built [1 page]

Note the page count for the document below. This report will be provided upon request.

C. E349000-PM009-00-118-0001: Sewage Treatment Plant Operations & Maintenance Manual **[816 pages]**





Doc Number E349000-TX001-00-118-0003 Sub 01

Date Received Review Grade Status

C1 - Proceed to next submission & status

C2 - Proceed with exceptions as noted to next submission & status

C3 - Do not proceed, revise as noted \$\frac{1}{2}\$ resubmit

No further submission required - Complete

C4 - No further submission required - Complete

No further submission required - Complete

C5 - Do not proceed, revise as noted \$\frac{1}{2}\$ resubmit

No further submission required - Complete

C4 - No further submission required - Complete

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Manufacturing

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

TABLE of CONTENTS

Water Building

- Flow Meter; Endress and Hauser Promag 50W1H-PLGAR10BBAAA CW
- Eyewash Station
 - o Station; Haws 7261/7271
 - Heater: Keltech C2N36KW
 - Thermostatic Valve; Bradley S19-2000
- Treated Water pumps
 - o Pumps; Berkeley BVMI8-50
 - o Pressure Switch; Allen Bradley 836-c7A
 - o Control Panel: EEMAC1
 - o Pressure Tanks: SSWM35
- Sprinkler; Milne Port Sprinkler Plans
- Water Treatment
 - Pressure Transducer: Cerabar T PMC 131
 - o Transmitter; Liquiline M CM42
 - Turbidity & Suspended Solids Transmitter; Liquisys M CUM223-253
 - o pH Electrodes; Orbisint CPS11
 - o Ultrasonic Level Measurment; Prosonic M FMU40
 - o Turbidity Sensor; Turbimax CUS31
 - o Spill Pallet; 2-Drum Poly-Spillpallet 2000

WHILE THE DEPORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS MANUAL IS USEFUL THERE IS A LOT MORE REDWIRED. REFER TO SECTION 5 AND 6.2 OF SOLT823 I 90 SM MANUALS.

















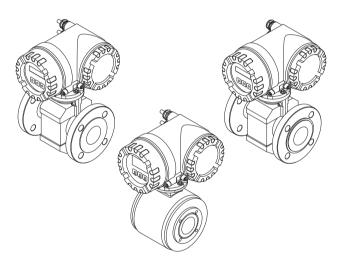


Brief Operating Instructions

Proline Promag 50

Electromagnetic Flow Measuring System





These Brief Operating Instructions are not intended to replace the Operating Instructions provided in the scope of supply. Detailed information is provided in the Operating Instructions and the additional documentation on the CD-ROM supplied.

The complete device documentation consists of:

- These Brief Operating Instructions
- Depending on the device version:
 - $\,-\,$ Operating Instructions and the Description of Device Functions
 - Approvals and safety certificates
 - Special safety instructions in accordance with the approvals for the device (e.g. explosion protection, pressure equipment directive etc.)
 - Additional device-specific information



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Proline Promag 50 Safety instructions

1 Safety instructions

1.1 Designated use

The measuring device is to be used only for measuring the flow of conductive liquids in closed pipes. A minimum conductivity of 20 μS/cm is required for measuring demineralized water. Most liquids can be measured as of a minimum conductivity of 5 μS/cm.

- Any use other than that described here compromises the safety of persons and the entire measuring system and is, therefore, not permitted.
- The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

1.2 Installation, commissioning and operation

- The measuring device must only be installed, connected, commissioned and maintained by qualified and authorized specialists (e.g. electrical technicians) in full compliance with the instructions in these Brief Operating Instructions, the applicable norms, legal regulations and certificates (depending on the application).
- The specialists must have read and understood these Brief Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions they contain. If you are unclear on anything in these Brief Operating Instructions, you must read the Operating Instructions (on the CD-ROM). The Operating Instructions provide detailed information on the measuring device.
- The measuring device should only installed in a de-energized state free from outside loads or strain.
- The measuring device may only be modified if such work is expressly permitted in the Operating Instructions (on the CD-ROM).
- Repairs may only be performed if a genuine spare parts kit is available and this repair work is expressly permitted.
- If performing welding work on the piping, the welding unit may not be grounded by means of the measuring device.

1.3 Operational safety

- The measuring device is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. Relevant regulations and European standards have been observed.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser distributor will supply you with current information and updates to these Operating Instructions.
- The information on the warning notices, nameplates and connection diagrams affixed to the device must be observed. These contain important data on the permitted operating conditions, the range of application of the device and information on the materials used.
- If the device is not used at atmospheric temperatures, compliance with the relevant marginal conditions as specified in the device documentation supplied (on CD-ROM) is mandatory.
- The device must be wired as specified in the wiring and connection diagrams. Interconnection
 must be permitted.

Safety instructions Proline Promag 50

- All parts of the device must be included in the potential equalization of the system.
- Cables, certified cable glands and certified dummy plugs must be suitable to withstand the prevailing operating conditions, such as the temperature range of the process. Housing apertures that are not used must be sealed with dummy plugs.
- The device should only be used for fluids to which all the wetted parts of the device are sufficiently resistant. With regard to special fluids, including fluids used for cleaning, Endress+Hauser will be happy to assist in clarifying the corrosion-resistant properties of wetted materials.
 - However, minor changes in temperature, concentration or in the degree of contamination in the process may result in variations in corrosion resistance.
 - For this reason, Endress+Hauser does not accept any responsibility with regard to the corrosion resistance of wetted materials in a specific application. The user is responsible for the choice of suitable wetted materials in the process.
- When hot fluid passes through the measuring tube, the surface temperature of the housing increases. In the case of the sensor, in particular, users should expect temperatures that can be close to the fluid temperature. If the temperature of the fluid is high, implement sufficient measures to prevent burning or scalding.
- Hazardous areas
 - Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas are labeled accordingly on the nameplate. Relevant national regulations must be observed when operating the device in hazardous areas. The Ex documentation on the CD-ROM is an integral part of the entire device documentation. The installation regulations, connection data and safety instructions provided in the Ex documentation must be observed. The symbol and name on the front page provides information on the approval and certification (e.g. x Europe, x USA, x Canada). The nameplate also bears the documentation number of this Ex documentation (XA***D/../.).
- For measuring systems used in SIL 2 applications, the separate manual on functional safety (on the CD-ROM) must be observed.
- Hygienic applications
 - Measuring devices for hygienic applications have their own special labeling. Relevant national regulations must be observed when using these devices.
- Pressure instruments
 - Measuring devices for use in systems that need to be monitored are labeled accordingly on the nameplate. Relevant national regulations must be observed when using these devices. The documentation on the CD-ROM for pressure instruments in systems that need to be monitored is an integral part of the entire device documentation. The installation regulations, connection data and safety instructions provided in the Ex documentation must be observed.
- Endress+Hauser will be happy to assist in clarifying any questions on approvals, their application and implementation.

Proline Promag 50 Safety instructions

Safety conventions 1.4



♠ Warning!

"Warning" indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can result in injury or a safety hazard. Comply strictly with the instructions and proceed with care.



"Caution" indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can result in incorrect operation or destruction of the device. Comply strictly with the instructions.



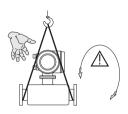
"Note" indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can have an indirect effect on operation or trigger an unexpected response on the part of the device.

2 Installation

2.1 Transporting to the measuring point

- Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.
- Do not remove the covers or caps until immediately before installation.

2.1.1 Transporting flanged devices DN \leq 300 (\leq 12")



To transport the unit, use slings slung around the process connections or use lugs (if available).

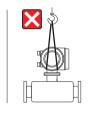
Marning!

Risk of injury! The device can slip.

The center of gravity of the measuring device may be higher than the holding points of the slings.

Always ensure that the device cannot slip or turn around its axis.

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Do not lift measuring devices by the transmitter housing or the connection housing in the case of the remote version. Do not use chains as they could damage the housing.

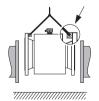
2.1.2 Transporting flanged devices DN > 300 (> 12")

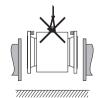
Use only the metal eyes provided on the flanges to transport, lift or position the sensor in the piping.

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Caution!

Do not attempt to lift the sensor with the tines of a fork-lift truck beneath the metal casing! This would buckle the casing and damage the internal magnetic coils.







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2.2 Installation conditions

2.2.1 Dimensions

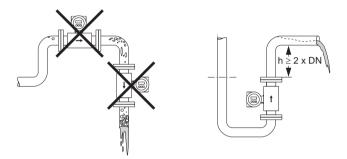
For the dimensions of the measuring device, see the associated Technical Information on the CD-ROM.

2.2.2 Mounting location

The accumulation of air or formation of gas bubbles in the measuring tube can result in an increase in measuring errors.

For this reason avoid the following mounting locations in the pipe:

- At the highest point of a pipeline. Risk of air accumulating!
- Directly upstream from a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

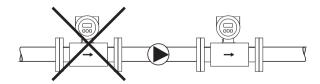


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Installation of pumps

Do not install the sensor on the intake side of a pump. This precaution is to avoid low pressure and the consequent risk of damage to the lining of the measuring tube. It might be necessary to use pulse dampers in systems incorporating piston pumps, piston diaphragm pumps or peristaltic pumps.

Information on the measuring system's pressure tightness and resistance to vibration and shock can be found in the Operating Instructions of the CD-ROM.



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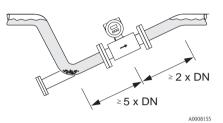
Partially filled pipes

Partially filled pipes with gradients necessitate a drain-type configuration.

The empty pipe detection (EPD) function offers additional protection by detecting empty or partially filled pipes.

Caution!

Risk of solids accumulating! Do not install the sensor at the lowest point in the drain. It is advisable to install a cleaning valve.

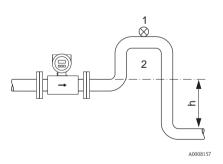


Installation in a partially filled pipe

Down pipes

Install a siphon or a vent valve downstream of the sensor in down pipes longer than 5 meters (16 ft). This precaution is to avoid low pressure and the consequent risk of damage to the lining of the measuring tube. This measure also prevents the system losing prime, which could cause air pockets.

For information on the pressure tightness of the measuring tube lining, see the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.



Measures for installation in a down pipe (h > 5 m/16 ft)

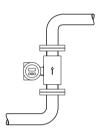
- Vent valve
- 2. Siphon

2.2.3 Orientation

An optimum orientation helps avoid gas and air accumulations and buildup in the measuring tube. The measuring device, nevertheless, supplies a range of functions and tools to measure problematic fluids correctly:

- Electrode cleaning circuitry (ECC) to prevent electrically conductive deposits in the measuring tube, e.g. for fluids causing buildup
- Empty pipe detection (EPD) for detecting partially filled measuring tubes, e.g. in the case of degassing fluids or varying process pressures
- Exchangeable measuring electrodes for abrasive fluids (only Promag W)

Vertical orientation



This orientation is optimum for self-emptying piping systems and when using empty pipe detection (EPD) or open electrode detection (OED).

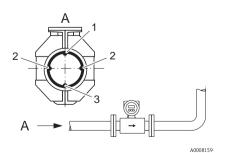
Horizontal orientation

The measuring electrode plane should be horizontal. This prevents brief insulation of the two electrodes by entrained air bubbles.

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Caution!

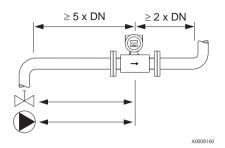
In the case of horizontal orientation, empty pipe detection only works correctly if the transmitter housing is facing upwards. Otherwise there is no guarantee that empty pipe detection will respond if the measuring tube is only partially filled or empty.



- 1. EPD electrode for empty pipe detection (not for Promag H, DN 2 to 15, 1/12" to ½").
- 2. Measuring electrodes for signal detection
- 3. Reference electrode for potential equalization (not for Promag H)

Inlet and outlet runs

If possible, install the sensor upstream from fittings such as valves, T-pieces, elbows, etc.

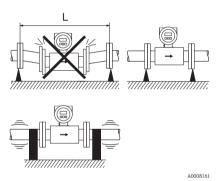


The following inlet and outlet runs must be observed in order to meet accuracy specifications:

- Inlet run: $\geq 5 \times DN$
- Outlet run: $\geq 2 \times DN$

2.2.4 Vibrations

Secure and fix both the piping and the sensor if vibrations are severe.



Measures to prevent device vibration (L > 10 m/33 ft)

🖔 Caution!

It is advisable to install the sensor and transmitter separately if vibration is excessively severe. For information on the permitted shock and vibration resistance, see the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.

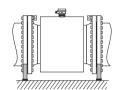
2.2.5 Foundations, supports

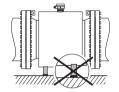
If the nominal diameter is DN \geq 350 (\geq 14"), mount the sensor on a foundation of adequate load-bearing strength.

Caution!

Risk of damage! Do not support the weight of the sensor on the metal casing. This would buckle the casing and damage the internal magnetic coils.





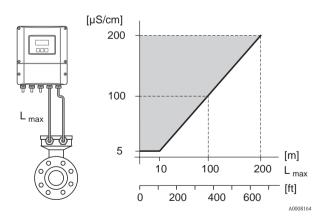


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2.2.6 Length of connecting cable

Comply with the following instructions in order to ensure correct measuring results:

- Secure the cable run or route the cable in an armored conduit. Movement of the cable can
 falsify the measuring signal, particularly if the fluid conductivity is low.
- Route the cable well clear of electrical machines and switching elements.
- Ensure potential equalization between the sensor and transmitter, if necessary.
- \blacksquare The permissible cable length L_{max} depends on the fluid conductivity.



Gray shaded area = permissible range

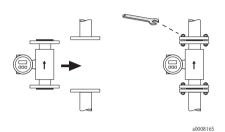
 $L_{max} = length \ of \ connecting \\ cable \ in \ [m]/[ft]$

Fluid conductivity in (µS/cm)

2.3 Installing the Promag L sensor

Caution!

- The protective covers mounted on the two sensor flanges (DN 50...300) are used to hold the lap joint flanges in place and to protect the PTFE liner during transportation. Consequently, do not remove these covers until immediately before the sensor is installed in the pipe.
- The protective plates must always remain mounted while the device is in storage.
- Make sure that the lining at the flange is not damaged or removed.





Screws, nuts, seals, etc. are not included in the scope of supply and must be supplied by the customer.

The sensor is installed between the two pipe flanges:

- The requisite torques must be observed $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 13$
- If grounding disks are used, follow the mounting instructions which will be enclosed with the shipment.
- To comply with the device specification, a concentrical installation in the measuring section is required

2.3.1 Seals

Comply with the following instructions when installing seals:

- Hard rubber lining → additional seals are **always** required!
- Polyurethane lining \rightarrow **no** seals are required.
- **No** seals are required for PFTE measuring tube lining.
- For DIN flanges, only use seals to DIN EN 1514-1.
- Make sure that the mounted seals do not protrude into the piping cross-section.

Caution!

Risk of short circuit!

Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite! An electrically conductive layer could form on the inside of the measuring tube and short-circuit the measuring signal.

2.3.2 Ground cable

If necessary, special ground cables can be ordered as accessories for potential equalization.

2.3.3 Screw tightening torques (Promag L)

Please note the following:

- The tightening torques listed below are for lubricated threads only.
- Always tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing faces or damage the seals.
- The tightening torques listed below apply only to pipes not subjected to tensile stress.

Promag L tightening torques for EN (DIN)

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)		Max. tightening torque			
			Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE	
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Threaded fasteners	[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]	
50	PN 10/16	4 × M 16	-	15	40	
65*	PN 10/16	8 × M 16	-	10	22	
80	PN 10/16	8 × M 16	-	15	30	
100	PN 10/16	8 × M 16	-	20	42	
125	PN 10/16	8 × M 16	-	30	55	
150	PN 10/16	8 × M 20	-	50	90	
200	PN 10	8 × M 20	-	65	130	
250	PN 10	12 × M 20	-	50	90	
300	PN 10	12 × M 20	-	55	100	
350	PN 6	12 × M 20	111	120	-	
350	PN 10	16 × M 20	112	118	-	
400	PN 6	16 × M 20	90	98	-	
400	PN 10	16 × M 24	151	167	-	
450	PN 6	16 × M 20	112	126	-	
450	PN 10	20 × M 24	153	133	-	
500	PN 6	20 × M 20	119	123	-	
500	PN 10	20 × M 24	155	171	-	
600	PN 6	20 × M 24	139	147	-	
600	PN 10	20 × M 27	206	219	-	
700	PN 6	24 × M 24	148	139	-	
700	PN 10	24 × M 27	246	246	-	
800	PN 6	24 × M 27	206	182	-	
800	PN 10	24 × M 30	331	316	-	
900	PN 6	24 × M 27	230	637	-	
900	PN 10	28 × M 30	316	307	-	
1000	PN 6	28 × M 27	218	208	-	
1000	PN 10	28 × M 33	402	405	-	
1200	PN 6	32 × M 30	319	299	-	
1200	PN 10	32 × M 36	564	568	-	
1400	PN 6	36 × M 33	430	-	-	

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)		Max. tightening torque			
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Threaded fasteners	Hard rubber [Nm]	Polyurethane [Nm]	PTFE [Nm]	
1400	PN 10	36 × M 39	654	618	-	
1400	PN 16	36 × M 45	729	762	-	
1600	PN 6	40 × M 33	440	417	-	
1600	PN 10	40 × M 45	946	893	-	
1600	PN 16	40 × M 52	1007	1100	-	
1800	PN 6	44 × M 36	547	521	-	
1800	PN 10	44 × M 45	961	895	-	
1800	PN 16	44 × M 52	1108	1003	-	
2000	PN 6	48 × M 39	629	605	-	
2000	PN 10	48 × M 45	1047	1092	-	
2000	PN 16	48 × M 56	1324	1261	-	
2200	PN 6	52 × M 39	698	-	-	
2200	PN 10	52 × M 52	1217	-	-	
2400	PN 6	56 × M 39	768	-	-	
2400	PN 10	56 × M 52	1229	-	-	
* Designed acc. t	o EN 1092-1 (not	t to DIN 2501)				

Promag L tightening torques for ANSI

Nominal diameter		ANSI	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque					
		Pressure rating		Hard	rubber	Polyur	ethane	PT	'FE
[mm]	[inch]	[lbs]		[Nm]	[1bf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]
50	2"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	-	-	15	11	40	29
80	3"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	-	-	25	18	65	48
100	4"	Cla ss 150	8 × 5/8"	-	-	20	15	44	32
150	6"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	-	-	45	33	90	66
200	8"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	-	-	65	48	125	92
250	10"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	-	-	55	41	100	74
300	12"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	-	1	68	56	115	85
350	14"	Class 150	12 × 1"	135	100	158	117	-	-
400	16"	Class 150	16 × 1"	128	94	150	111	-	-
450	18"	Class 150	16 × 1 1/8"	204	150	234	173	-	-
500	20"	Class 150	20 × 1 1/8"	183	135	217	160	-	-
600	24"	Class 150	20 × 1 ¼"	268	198	307	226	-	-

Promag L tightening torques for AWWA

Nominal diameter		AWWA	Threaded fasteners		Max. tightening torque				
		Pressure rating		Hartg	ummi	Polyurethane		PTFE	
[mm]	[inch]			[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]
700	28"	Class D	28 × 1 ¼"	247	182	292	215	-	-
750	30"	Class D	28 × 1 ¼"	287	212	302	223	-	-
800	32"	Class D	28 × 1 ½"	394	291	422	311	-	-
900	36"	Class D	32 × 1 ½"	419	309	430	317	-	-
1000	40"	Class D	36 × 1 ½"	420	310	477	352	-	-
1050	42"	Class D	36 × 1 ½"	528	389	518	382	-	-
1200	48"	Class D	44 × 1 ½"	552	407	531	392	-	-
1350	54"	Class D	44 × 1 ¾"	730	538	-	-	-	-
1500	60"	Class D	52 × 1 ¾"	758	559	-	-	-	-
1650	66"	Class D	52 × 1 ¾"	946	698	-	-	-	-
1800	72"	Class D	60 × 1 ¾"	975	719	-	-	-	-
2000	78"	Class D	64 × 2"	853	629	-	-	-	-
2150	84"	Class D	64 × 2"	931	687	-	-	-	-
2300	90"	Class D	68 × 2 ¼"	1048	773	-	-	-	-

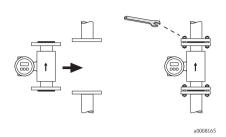
Promag L tightening torques for AS 2129

Nominal diameter	AS 2129	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque		
	Pressure rating		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
[mm]			[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]
350	Table E	12 × M 24	203	-	-
400	Table E	12 × M 24	226	-	-
450	Table E	16 × M 24	226	-	-
500	Table E	16 × M 24	271	-	-
600	Table E	16 × M 30	439	-	-
700	Table E	20 × M 30	355	-	-
750	Table E	20 × M 30	559	-	-
800	Table E	20 × M 30	631	-	-
900	Table E	24 × M 30	627	-	-
1000	Table E	24 × M 30	634	-	-
1200	Table E	32 × M 30	727	-	-

Promag L tightening torques for AS 4087

Nominal diameter	AS 4087	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque			
	Pressure rating		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE	
[mm]			[Nm]	[Nm]	[Nm]	
350	PN 16	12 × M 24	203	-	-	
375	PN 16	12 × M 24	137	-	-	
400	PN 16	12 × M 24	226	-	-	
450	PN 16	12 × M 24	301	-	-	
500	PN 16	16 × M 24	271	-	-	
600	PN 16	16 × M 27	393	-	-	
700	PN 16	20 × M 27	330	-	-	
750	PN 16	20 × M 30	529	-	-	
800	PN 16	20 × M 33	631	-	-	
900	PN 16	24 × M 33	627	-	-	
1000	PN 16	24 × M 33	595	-	-	
1200	PN 16	32 × M 33	703	-	-	

2.4 Installing the W sensor





Screws, nuts, seals, etc. are not included in the scope of supply and must be supplied by the customer.

The sensor is installed between the two pipe flanges:

- The requisite torques must be observed → 🖹 18
- If grounding disks are used, follow the mounting instructions which will be enclosed with the shipment.
- To comply with the device specification, a concentrical installation in the measuring section is required

2.4.1 Seals

Comply with the following instructions when installing seals:

- Hard rubber lining \rightarrow additional seals are **always** necessary.
- Polyurethane lining \rightarrow **no** seals are required.
- For DIN flanges, use only seals according to EN 1514-1.
- Make sure that the seals do not protrude into the piping cross-section.

Caution!

Risk of short circuit!

Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite! An electrically conductive layer could form on the inside of the measuring tube and short-circuit the measuring signal.

2.4.2 Ground cable

If necessary, special ground cables can be ordered as accessories for potential equalization.

2.4.3 Screw tightening torques (Promag W)

Please note the following:

- The tightening torques listed below are for lubricated threads only.
- Always tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing faces or damage the seals.
- The tightening torques listed below apply only to pipes not subjected to tensile stress.

Promag W tightening torques for EN (DIN)

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightenir	ng torque [Nm]
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]		Hard rubber	Polyurethane
25	PN 40	4 × M 12	-	15
32	PN 40	4 × M 16	-	24
40	PN 40	4 × M 16	-	31
50	PN 40	4 × M 16	48	40
65*	PN 16	8 × M 16	32	27
65	PN 40	8 × M 16	32	27
80	PN 16	8 × M 16	40	34
80	PN 40	8 × M 16	40	34
100	PN 16	8 × M 16	43	36
100	PN 40	8 × M 20	59	50
125	PN 16	8 × M 16	56	48
125	PN 40	8 × M 24	83	71
150	PN 16	8 × M 20	74	63
150	PN 40	8 × M 24	104	88
200	PN 10	8 × M 20	106	91
200	PN 16	12 × M 20	70	61
200	PN 25	12 × M 24	104	92
250	PN 10	12 × M 20	82	71
250	PN 16	12 × M 24	98	85
250	PN 25	12 × M 27	150	134
300	PN 10	12 × M 20	94	81
300	PN 16	12 × M 24	134	118
300	PN 25	16 × M 27	153	138
350	PN 6	12 × M 20	111	120
350	PN 10	16 × M 20	112	118
350	PN 16	16 × M 24	152	165
350	PN 25	16 × M 30	227	252
400	PN 6	16 × M 20	90	98
400	PN 10	16 × M 24	151	167
400	PN 16	16 × M 27	193	215
400	PN 25	16 × M 33	289	326
450	PN 6	16 × M 20	112	126
450	PN 10	20 × M 24	153	133

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm]		
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	
450	PN 16	20 × M 27	198	196	
450	PN 25	20 × M 33	256	253	
500	PN 6	20 × M 20	119	123	
500	PN 10	20 × M 24	155	171	
500	PN 16	20 × M 30	275	300	
500	PN 25	20 × M 33	317	360	
600	PN 6	20 × M 24	139	147	
600	PN 10	20 × M 27	206	219	
600 *	PN 16	20 × M 33	415	443	
600	PN 25	20 × M 36	431	516	
700	PN 6	24 × M 24	148	139	
700	PN 10	24 × M 27	246	246	
700	PN 16	24 × M 33	278	318	
700	PN 25	24 × M 39	449	507	
800	PN 6	24 × M 27	206	182	
800	PN 10	24 × M 30	331	316	
800	PN 16	24 × M 36	369	385	
800	PN 25	24 × M 45	664	721	
900	PN 6	24 × M 27	230	637	
900	PN 10	28 × M 30	316	307	
900	PN 16	28 × M 36	353	398	
900	PN 25	28 × M 45	690	716	
1000	PN 6	28 × M 27	218	208	
1000	PN 10	28 × M 33	402	405	
1000	PN 16	28 × M 39	502	518	
1000	PN 25	28 × M 52	970	971	
1200	PN 6	32 × M 30	319	299	
1200	PN 10	32 × M 36	564	568	
1200	PN 16	32 × M 45	701	753	
1400	PN 6	36 × M 33	430	398	
1400	PN 10	36 × M 39	654	618	
1400	PN 16	36 × M 45	729	762	
1600	PN 6	40 × M 33	440	417	
1600	PN 10	40 × M 45	946	893	
1600	PN 16	40 × M 52	1007	1100	
1800	PN 6	44 × M 36	547	521	
1800	PN 10	44 × M 45	961	895	
1800	PN 16	44 × M 52	1108	1003	
2000	PN 6	48 × M 39	629	605	
2000	PN 10	48 × M 45	1047	1092	
2000	PN 16	48 × M 56	1324	1261	

Promag W tightening torques for ANSI

Nominal diameter		ANSI	Threaded fasteners		Max. tighte	ning torque	
		Pressure rating		Hard 1	rubber	Polyur	ethane
[mm]	[inch]	[lbs]		[Nm]	[lbf ⋅ ft]	[Nm]	[lbf ⋅ ft]
25	1"	Class 150	4 × ½"	-	-	7	5
25	1"	Class 300	4 × 5/8"	1	-	8	6
40	1 ½"	Class 150	4 × ½"	ı	1	10	7
40	1 1/2"	Class 300	4 × ¾"	-	-	15	11
50	2"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	35	26	22	16
50	2"	Class 300	8 × 5/8"	18	13	11	8
80	3"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	60	44	43	32
80	3"	Class 300	8 × ¾"	38	28	26	19
100	4"	Class 150	8 × 5/8"	42	31	31	23
100	4"	Class 300	8 × ¾"	58	43	40	30
150	6"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	79	58	59	44
150	6"	Class 300	12 × ¾"	70	52	51	38
200	8"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	107	79	80	59
250	10"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	101	74	75	55
300	12"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	133	98	103	76
350	14"	Class 150	12 × 1"	135	100	158	117
400	16"	Class 150	16 × 1"	128	94	150	111
450	18"	Class 150	16 × 1 1/8"	204	150	234	173
500	20"	Class 150	20 × 1 1/8"	183	135	217	160
600	24"	Class 150	20 × 1 ¼"	268	198	307	226

Promag W tightening torques for JIS

Nominal diameter	JIS	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm]	
[mm]	Pressure rating		Hard rubber	Polyurethane
25	10K	4 × M 16	=	19
25	20K	4 × M 16	-	19
32	10K	4 × M 16	-	22
32	20K	4 × M 16	-	22
40	10K	4 × M 16	-	24
40	20K	4 × M 16	-	24
50	10K	4 × M 16	40	33
50	20K	8 × M 16	20	17
65	10K	4 × M 16	55	45
65	20K	8 × M 16	28	23
80	10K	8 × M 16	29	23
80	20K	8 × M 20	42	35
100	10K	8 × M 16	35	29

Nominal diameter	JIS	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm]	
[mm]	Pressure rating		Hard rubber	Polyurethane
100	20K	8 × M 20	56	48
125	10K	8 × M 20	60	51
125	20K	8 × M 22	91	79
150	10K	8 × M 20	75	63
150	20K	12 × M 22	81	72
200	10K	12 × M 20	61	52
200	20K	12 × M 22	91	80
250	10K	12 × M 22	100	87
250	20K	12 × M 24	159	144
300	10K	16 × M 22	74	63
300	20K	16 × M 24	138	124

Promag W tightening torques for AWWA

Nominal diameter		AWWA		Max. tightening torque			
		Pressure	Threaded	Hard	Hard rubber		ethane
[mm]	[inch]	rating	fasteners	[Nm]	[lbf ⋅ ft]	[Nm]	[1bf · ft]
700	28"	Class D	28 × 1 1/4"	247	182	292	215
750	30"	Class D	28 × 1 1/4"	287	212	302	223
800	32"	Class D	28 × 1 ½"	394	291	422	311
900	36"	Class D	32 × 1 ½"	419	309	430	317
1000	40"	Class D	36 × 1 ½"	420	310	477	352
1050	42"	Class D	36 × 1 ½"	528	389	518	382
1200	48"	Class D	44 × 1 ½"	552	407	531	392
1350	54"	Class D	44 × 1 ¾"	730	538	633	467
1500	60"	Class D	52 × 1 ¾"	758	559	832	614
1650	66"	Class D	52 × 1 ¾"	946	698	955	704
1800	72"	Class D	60 × 1 ¾"	975	719	1087	802
2000	78"	Class D	64 × 2"	853	629	786	580

Promag W tightening torques for AS 2129

Nominal diameter [mm]	AS 2129 Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm] Hard rubber
50	Table E	4 × M 16	32
80	Table E	4 × M 16	49
100	Table E	8 × M 16	38
150	Table E	8 × M 20	64
200	Table E	8 × M 20	96
250	Table E	12 × M 20	98
300	Table E	12 × M 24	123

Nominal diameter [mm]	AS 2129 Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm] Hard rubber
350	Table E	12 × M 24	203
400	Table E	12 × M 24	226
450	Table E	16 × M 24	226
500	Table E	16 × M 24	271
600	Table E	16 × M 30	439
700	Table E	20 × M 30	355
750	Table E	20 × M 30	559
800	Table E	20 × M 30	631
900	Table E	24 × M 30	627
1000	Table E	24 × M 30	634
1200	Table E	32 × M 30	727

Promag W tightening torques for AS 4087

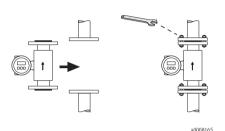
Nominal diameter [mm]	AS 4087 Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm] Hard rubber
50	Table E	4 × M 16	32
80	PN 16	4 × M 16	49
100	PN 16	4 × M 16	76
150	PN 16	8 × M 20	52
200	PN 16	8 × M 20	77
250	PN 16	8 × M 20	147
300	PN 16	12 × M 24	103
350	PN 16	12 × M 24	203
375	PN 16	12 × M 24	137
400	PN 16	12 × M 24	226
450	PN 16	12 × M 24	301
500	PN 16	16 × M 24	271
600	PN 16	16 × M 27	393
700	PN 16	20 × M 27	330
750	PN 16	20 × M 30	529
800	PN 16	20 × M 33	631
900	PN 16	24 × M 33	627
1000	PN 16	24 × M 33	595
1200	PN 16	32 × M 33	703

2.5 Installing the Promag P sensor

Caution!

The plates mounted on the two sensor flanges protect the PTFE which is turned over the flanges and, consequently, should not be removed until **immediately prior** to mounting the sensor.

- The protective plates must always remain mounted while the device is in storage.
- Make sure that the lining at the flange is not damaged or removed.





Screws, nuts, seals, etc. are not included in the scope of supply and must be supplied by the customer.

The sensor is installed between the two pipe flanges:

- The requisite torques must be observed $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 25$
- If grounding disks are used, follow the mounting instructions which will be enclosed with the shipment.

2.5.1 Seals

Comply with the following instructions when installing seals:

- No seals are required for PFA or PFTE measuring tube lining.
- For DIN flanges, only use seals to DIN EN 1514-1.
- Make sure that the mounted seals do not protrude into the piping cross-section.

Caution!

Risk of short circuit! Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite! An electrically conductive layer could form on the inside of the measuring tube and short-circuit the measuring signal.

2.5.2 Ground cable

If necessary, special ground cables can be ordered as accessories for potential equalization.

2.5.3 Installing the high-temperature version (with PFA lining)

The high-temperature version has a housing support for the thermal separation of sensor and transmitter. The high-temperature version is always used for applications in which high ambient temperatures are encountered **in conjunction with** high fluid temperatures. The high-temperature version is obligatory if the fluid temperature exceeds $+150\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.



Note!

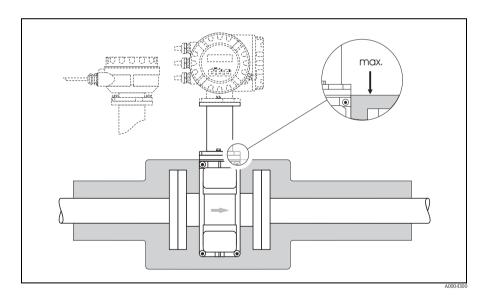
You will find information on permissible temperature ranges in the Operating Instructions of the $\mbox{CD-ROM}$

Insulation

Pipes generally have to be insulated if they carry very hot fluids, in order to avoid energy losses and to prevent accidental contact with pipes at temperatures that could cause injury. Guidelines regulating the insulation of pipes have to be taken into account.

Caution!

Risk of measuring electronics overheating. The housing support dissipates heat and its entire surface area must remain uncovered. Make sure that the sensor insulation does not extend past the top of the two sensor shells.



2.5.4 Tightening torques for threaded fasteners (Promag P)

Please note the following:

- The tightening torques listed below are for lubricated threads only.
- Always tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing faces or damage the seals.
- The tightening torques listed below apply only to pipes not subjected to tensile stress.

Promag P tightening torques for EN (DIN)

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)	Threaded	Max. tightenir	ng torque [Nm]
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	fasteners	PTFE	PFA
15	PN 40	4 × M 12	11	-
25	PN 40	4 × M 12	26	20
32	PN 40	4 × M 16	41	35
40	PN 40	4 × M 16	52	47
50	PN 40	4 × M 16	65	59
65 *	PN 16	8 × M 16	43	40
65	PN 40	8 × M 16	43	40
80	PN 16	8 × M 16	53	48
80	PN 40	8 × M 16	53	48
100	PN 16	8 × M 16	57	51
100	PN 40	8 × M 20	78	70
125	PN 16	8 × M 16	75	67
125	PN 40	8 × M 24	111	99
150	PN 16	8 × M 20	99	85
150	PN 40	8 × M 24	136	120
200	PN 10	8 × M 20	141	101
200	PN 16	12 × M 20	94	67
200	PN 25	12 × M 24	138	105
250	PN 10	12 × M 20	110	-
250	PN 16	12 × M 24	131	-
250	PN 25	12 × M 27	200	-
300	PN 10	12 × M 20	125	-
300	PN 16	12 × M 24	179	-
300	PN 25	16 × M 27	204	-
350	PN 10	16 × M 20	188	-
350	PN 16	16 × M 24	254	-
350	PN 25	16 × M 30	380	-
400	PN 10	16 × M 24	260	-
400	PN 16	16 × M 27	330	-
400	PN 25	16 × M 33	488	-
450	PN 10	20 × M 24	235	_
450	PN 16	20 × M 27	300	-

Nominal diameter	EN (DIN)	Threaded	Max. tightenir	ng torque [Nm]		
[mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	fasteners	PTFE	PFA		
450	PN 25	20 × M 33	385	-		
500	PN 10	20 × M 24	265	-		
500	PN 16	20 × M 30	448	-		
500	PN 25	20 × M 33	533	-		
600	PN 10	20 × M 27	345	-		
600 *	PN 16	20 × M 33	658	-		
600	PN 25	20 × M 36	731	-		
* Designed acc. to EN	* Designed acc. to EN 1092-1 (not to DIN 2501)					

Promag P tightening torques for ANSI

Nominal diameter		ANSI	Threaded fasteners		Max. tightening torque		
		Pressure rating		PTFE		PFA	
[mm]	[inch]	[lbs]		[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]
15	1/2"	Class 150	4 × ½"	6	4	-	-
15	1/2"	Class 300	4 × ½"	6	4	-	-
25	1"	Class 150	4 × ½"	11	8	10	7
25	1"	Class 300	4 × 5/8"	14	10	12	9
40	1 1/2"	Class 150	4 × ½"	24	18	21	15
40	1 ½"	Class 300	4 × ¾"	34	25	31	23
50	2"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	47	35	44	32
50	2"	Class 300	8 × 5/8"	23	17	22	16
80	3"	Class 150	4 × 5/8"	79	58	67	49
80	3"	Class 300	8 × ¾"	47	35	42	31
100	4"	Class 150	8 × 5/8"	56	41	50	37
100	4"	Class 300	8 × ¾"	67	49	59	44
150	6"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	106	78	86	63
150	6"	Class 300	12 × ¾"	73	54	67	49
200	8"	Class 150	8 × ¾"	143	105	109	80
250	10"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	135	100	-	-
300	12"	Class 150	12 × 7/8"	178	131	-	-
350	14"	Class 150	12 × 1"	260	192	-	-
400	16"	Class 150	16 × 1"	246	181	-	-
450	18"	Class 150	16 × 1 1/8"	371	274	-	-
500	20"	Class 150	20 × 1 1/8"	341	252	-	-
600	24"	Class 150	20 × 1 ¼"	477	352	-	-

Promag P tightening torques for JIS

Nominal diameter	JIS		Max. tightenii	ng torque [Nm]
[mm]	Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	PTFE	PFA
25	10K	4 × M 16	32	27
25	20K	4 × M 16	32	27
32	10K	4 × M 16	38	_
32	20K	4 × M 16	38	_
40	10K	4 × M 16	41	37
40	20K	4 × M 16	41	37
50	10K	4 × M 16	54	46
50	20K	8 × M 16	27	23
65	10K	4 × M 16	74	63
65	20K	8 × M 16	37	31
80	10K	8 × M 16	38	32
80	20K	8 × M 20	57	46
100	10K	8 × M 16	47	38
100	20K	8 × M 20	75	58
125	10K	8 × M 20	80	66
125	20K	8 × M 22	121	103
150	10K	8 × M 20	99	81
150	20K	12 × M 22	108	72
200	10K	12 × M 20	82	54
200	20K	12 × M 22	121	88
250	10K	12 × M 22	133	-
250	20K	12 × M 24	212	_
300	10K	16 × M 22	99	_
300	20K	16 × M 24	183	_

Promag P tightening torques for AS 2129

Nominal diameter [mm]	AS 2129 Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm] PTFE
25	Table E	4 × M 12	21
50	Table E	4 × M 16	42

Promag P tightening torques for AS 4087

Nominal diameter [mm]	AS 4087 Pressure rating	Threaded fasteners	Max. tightening torque [Nm] PTFE
50	PN 16	4 × M 16	42

2.6 Installing the Promag H sensor

Depending on the order specifications, the sensor is supplied with or without ready-mounted process connections. Mounted process connections are fixed to the sensor with 4 or 6 hexagonal-headed bolts.

Caution!

Depending on the application and length of the pipe, the sensor may have to be supported or additionally secured. The sensor must be secured if using plastic process connections. An appropriate wall mounting kit can be ordered separately from Endress+Hauser as an accessory.

2.6.1 Seals

When mounting the process connections, make sure that the seals in question are free from dirt and centered correctly.

Caution!

- The screws must be securely tightened in the case of metal process connections. Together with the sensor, the process connection forms a metal connection that ensures defined seal compression.
- With regard to process connections made of plastic material, comply with the max. torques for lubricated threads (7 Nm / 5.2 lbf ft). A seal must always be used between the connection and counterflange for plastic flanges.
- The seals should be replaced periodically depending on the application, particularly if molded seals are used (aseptic version)! The intervals between seal replacement depend on the frequency of the cleaning cycles and the fluid and cleaning temperatures. Replacement seals can be ordered as an accessory.

2.6.2 Using and mounting grounding rings (DN 2 to 25, 1/12" to 1")

In the case of process connections made of plastic (e.g. flange connections or adhesive couplings), potential equalization between the sensor and fluid must be ensured via additional grounding rings.

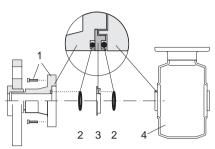
If grounding rings are missing, this can affect accuracy or result in the destruction of the sensor due to electrochemical electrode reduction.

Caution!

- Depending on the order option, appropriate plastic disks are used instead of grounding rings for the process connections. These plastic disks only act as a kind of "place holder" and do not have any potential equalization function whatsoever. In addition, they also assume an important sealing function at the sensor/connection interface. Thus, these plastic disks/seals should never be removed and should always be mounted for process connections without metal grounding rings!
- Grounding rings can be ordered separately from Endress+Hauser as an accessory. When ordering, make sure that the grounding rings are compatible with the electrode material. Otherwise there is the risk that electrodes can be damaged by electrochemical corrosion! For information on materials, see the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.

Grounding rings, incl. seals, are mounted inside the process connections.
 The face-to-face length is not affected.

Installing the grounding rings



- 1 = Process connection hexagonal-headed bolts
- 2 = O-ring seals
- 4 = Sensor
- 3 = Grounding ring or plastic disk (place holder)

20008168

- a. Release the 4 or 6 hexagonal-headed bolts (1) and remove the process connection from the sensor (4).
- b. Remove the plastic disk (3) including the two O-ring seals (2) from the process connection.
- c. Insert one of the O-ring seals (2) back into the groove of the process connection.
- d. Place the metal grounding ring (3) into the process connection as illustrated.
- e. Now insert the second O-ring seal (2) into the groove of the grounding ring.
- Mount the process connection back onto the sensor. In doing so, make sure to observe the max. torques for lubricated threads (7 Nm) (5.2 lbf ft).

2.6.3 Welding the sensor into the pipe (weld nipples)

🖒 Caution!

Risk of destroying the electronics! Make sure that the welding system is not grounded via the sensor or transmitter.

- Secure the sensor with a few welding points in the pipe.
 A welding jig suitable for this purpose can be ordered separately as an accessory.
- b. Release the screws on the process connection flange and remove the sensor, including the seal, from the pipe.
- c. Weld the process connection into the pipe.
- Mount the sensor back into the pipe.
 In doing so, make sure the seals are clean and correctly positioned.



Note!

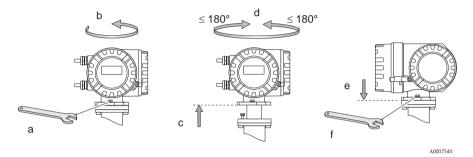
- When welding is performed correctly with thin-walled pipes carrying food, the seal is not damaged by the heat even when it is mounted. It is recommended, however, to disassemble the sensor and seal.
- For the disassembly work, it must be possible to open the pipe approx. 8 mm (0.31 in) in total.

2.7 Installing the transmitter housing

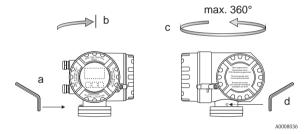
2.7.1 Turning the transmitter housing

Turning the aluminum field housing

Aluminum field housing for non-Ex area



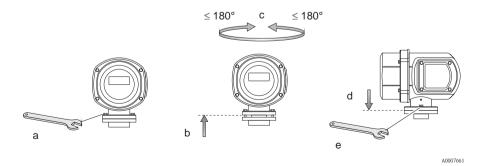
Aluminum field housing for Zone 1 or Class I Div. 1



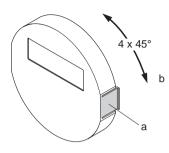
For Zone 1 or Class I Div. 1:

- a. Release the setscrew.
- b. Turn the transmitter housing gently clockwise until the stop (end of the thread).
- c. Turn the transmitter counterclockwise (max. 360°) to the desired position.
- d. Retighten the setscrew.

Turning the stainless steel field housing



2.7.2 Turning the onsite display



- Press in the side latches on the display module and remove the module from the cover plate of the electronics compartment.
- b. Turn the display to the desired position (max. $4 \times 45^{\circ}$ in both directions) and reset it onto the cover plate of the electronics compartment.

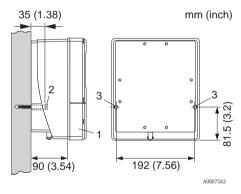
A0007541

2.7.3 Installing the wall-mount housing

Caution!

- Make sure that the ambient temperature does not exceed the permitted range.
- Always install the wall-mount housing in such a way that the cable entries point downwards.

Mounted directly on the wall

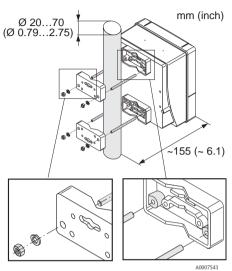


- Connection compartment
- Securing screws M6 (max. ø 6.5 mm (0.25"); screw head max. ø 10.5 mm (0.4")

31

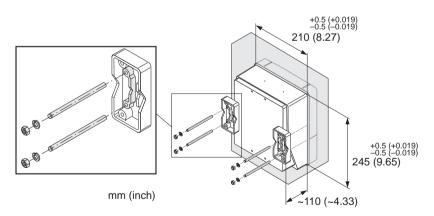
Housing bores for securing screws

Pipe mounting



Chaution! Danger of overheating! If the device is mounted on a warm pipe, make sure that the housing temperature does not exceed +60 °C (+140 °F) which is the maximum temperature permitted.

Panel mounting



A0007544

2.8 Post-installation check

- Is the measuring device damaged (visual inspection)?
- Does the device correspond to specifications at the measuring point, including process temperature and pressure, ambient temperature, minimum fluid conductivity, measuring range, etc.?
- Does the arrow on the sensor nameplate match the actual direction of flow through the pipe?
- Is the position of the measuring electrode plane correct?
- Were all screws tightened to the specified torques when the sensor was installed?
- Were the correct seals used (type, material, installation)?
- Are the measuring point number and labeling correct (visual inspection)?
- Were the inlet and outlet runs respected?
 - Inlet run ≥ $5 \times DN$
 - Outlet run \ge 2 × DN
- Is the measuring device protected against moisture and direct sunlight?
- Is the sensor adequately protected against vibration (attachment, support)? Acceleration up to 2 g by analogy with IEC 600 68-2-8

Wiring Proline Promag 50

3 Wiring



♠ Warning!

Risk of electric shock! Components carry dangerous voltages.

- Never mount or wire the measuring device while it is connected to the power supply.
- Before connecting the power supply, check the safety equipment.
- Route the power supply and signal cables so they are securely seated.
- Seal the cable entries and covers tight.
- Caution!

Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- Connect the power supply in accordance with the connection data on the nameplate.
- Connect the signal cable in accordance with the connection data in the Operating Instructions or the Ex documentation on the CD-ROM

In addition, for the remote version

Caution!

Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- Only connect sensors and transmitters with the same serial number.
- lacktriangle Observe the cable specifications of the connecting cable ightarrow Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM



Note!

Install the connecting cable securely to prevent movement.

In addition, for measuring devices with fieldbus communication

Caution!

Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- \blacksquare Observe the cable specification of the fieldbus cable \rightarrow Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.
- Keep the stripped and twisted lengths of cable shield as short as possible.
- Screen and ground the signal lines \rightarrow Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.
- When using in systems without potential equalization \rightarrow Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.

In addition, for Ex-certified measuring devices



/\ Warning!

When wiring Ex-certified measuring devices, all the safety instructions, wiring diagrams, technical information etc. of the related Ex documentation must be observed

 \rightarrow Ex documentation on the CD-ROM.

Proline Promag 50 Wiring

3.1 Connecting the various housing types

Wire the unit using the terminal assignment diagram inside the cover.

3.1.1 Compact version



Transmitter connection:

- Connection diagram inside the connection compartment cover
- 2 Power supply cable
- 3 Signal cable or fieldbus cable
- 4 Optional

A0007545

3.1.2 Remote version (transmitter): non-Ex Zone, Ex Zone 2, Class I Div. 2



Transmitter connection:

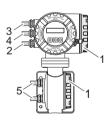
- Connection diagram inside the connection compartment
- 2 Power supply cable
- 3 Signal cable
- 4 Fieldbus cable

Connecting the connecting cable ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 36$):

Sensor/transmitter connecting cable

A0012690

3.1.3 Remote version (transmitter): Ex Zone 1, Class I Div. 1



Transmitter connection:

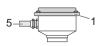
- Connection diagram inside the connection compartment cover
- 2 Power supply cable
- 3 Signal cable or fieldbus cable
- 1 Optional

Connecting the connecting cable ($\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 36$):

5 Sensor/transmitter connecting cable

A0008218

3.1.4 Remote version (sensor)



Transmitter connection:

Connection diagram inside the connection compartment cover

Connecting cable connection:

A0008037 5 Sensor/transmitter connecting cable

Wiring Proline Promag 50

3.2 Connecting the remote version connecting cable

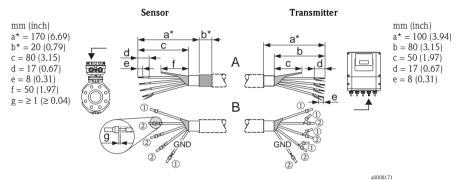
3.2.1 Connecting cable for Promag W, P and L

Connecting cable termination

Terminate the signal and coil current cables as shown in the figure below (Detail A). Fit the fine-wire cores with cable end ferrules (Detail B).

Signal cable termination

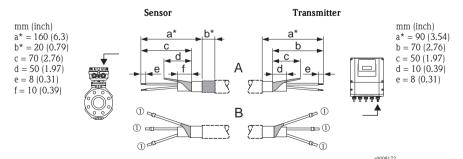
Make sure that the cable end ferrules do not touch the wire shields on the sensor side! Minimum distance = 1 mm (0.04 in), exception "GND" = green cable.



① = Cable end ferrules, red, \emptyset 1.0 mm (0.04"); ② = Cable end ferrules, white, \emptyset 0.5 mm (0.02") * = Stripping for armored cables only

Coil current cable termination

Insulate one core of the three-core cable at the level of the core reinforcement; you only require two cores for the connection.



① = Cable end ferrules, red, \varnothing 1.0 mm (0.04"); ② = Cable end ferrules, white, \varnothing 0.5 mm (0.02") * = Stripping for armored cables only

Proline Promag 50 Wiring

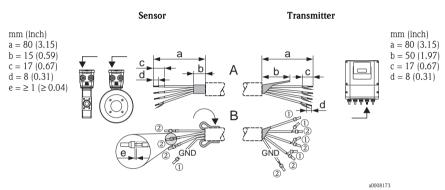
3.2.2 Promag H connecting cable

Connecting cable termination

Terminate the signal and coil current cables as shown in the figure below (Detail A). Fit the fine-wire cores with cable end ferrules (Detail B).

Signal cable termination

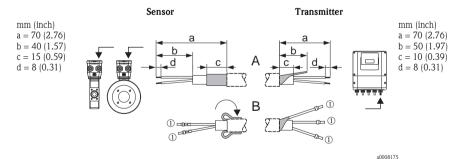
Make sure that the cable end ferrules do not touch the wire shields on the sensor side! Minimum distance = 1 mm (0.04 in), exception "GND" = green cable.



① = Cable end ferrules, red, \emptyset 1.0 mm (0.04"); ② = Cable end ferrules, white, \emptyset 0.5 mm (0.02")

Coil current cable termination

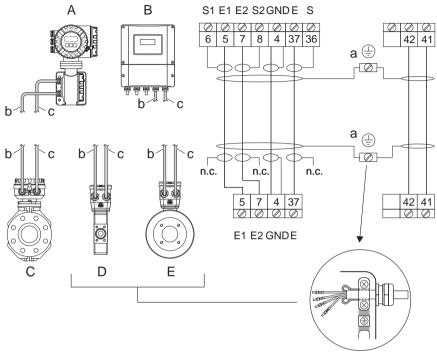
Insulate one core of the three-core cable at the level of the core reinforcement; you only require two cores for the connection.



① = Cable end ferrules, red, \emptyset 1.0 mm (0.04"); ② = Cable end ferrules, white, \emptyset 0.5 mm (0.02")

Wiring Proline Promag 50

3.2.3 Connecting cable connection



A0008180

- A Transmitter housing on connection housing, remote version
- B Wall-mount housing on connection housing, remote version
- C Sensor connection housing, remote version for Promag W, P, L
- D Sensor connection housing, remote version for Promag H, DN ≤ 25
- E Sensor connection housing, remote version for Promag H, $DN \ge 40$
- a Ground terminals (are provided for potential equalization connection)
- b Coil circuit connecting cable
- c Signal circuit connecting cable (electrodes)

n.c. = not connected, isolated cable shields

Cable colors for terminal numbers:

5/6 = brown

7/8 = white

4 = green

36/37 = yellow

Proline Promag 50 Wiring

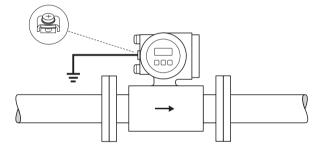
3.3 Potential equalization

Perfect measurement is only ensured when the medium and the sensor have the same electrical potential. Most sensors have a reference electrode installed as standard, which guarantees the required potential connection. This usually means that the use of ground disks or other measures are unnecessary.

- Promag L, Promag W and Promag P Reference electrode available as standard.
- Promag H
 - No reference electrode available. There is always an electrical connection to the fluid via the metal process connection.
 - In the case of plastic process connections, potential equalization must be ensured through the use of grounding rings.

Standard situation

Potential equalization takes place via the ground terminal of the transmitter when using the device in metal, grounded pipes.



A0004375



Note!

Potential equalization for other areas of application \rightarrow Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.

Wiring Proline Promag 50

3.4 Degree of protection

The devices meet all the requirements for IP 67.

After mounting in the field or service work, the following points have to be observed to ensure that IP 67 protection is retained:

- Install the measuring device in such a way that the cable entries do not point upwards.
- Do not remove the seal from the cable entry.
- Remove all unused cable entries and plug them with suitable/certified drain plugs.
- Use cable entries and drain plugs with a long-term operating temperature range in accordance with the temperature specified on the nameplate.



Tighten the cable entries correctly.

The cables must loop down before they enter the cable entries ("water trap").

3.5 Post-connection check

- Are cables or the device damaged (visual inspection)?
- Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate?
- Do the cables used comply with the necessary specifications?
- Do the mounted cables have adequate strain relief and are they routed securely?
- Is the cable type route completely isolated? Without loops and crossovers?
- Only remote version:
 - Is the flow sensor connected to the matching transmitter electronics?
 - Is the connecting cable between sensor and transmitter connected correctly?
- Are all screw terminals firmly tightened?
- Have all the measures for grounding and potential equalization been correctly implemented?
- Are all cable entries installed, firmly tightened and correctly sealed?
- Cable routed as a "water trap" in loops?
- Are all the housing covers installed and securely tightened?

In addition, for measuring devices with fieldbus communication:

- Are all the connecting components (T-boxes, junction boxes, connectors, etc.) connected with each other correctly?
- Has each fieldbus segment been terminated at both ends with a bus terminator?
- Has the max. length of the fieldbus cable been observed in accordance with the specifications?
- Has the max. length of the spurs been observed in accordance with the specifications?
- Is the fieldbus cable fully shielded and correctly grounded?

Proline Promag 50 Hardware settings

4 Hardware settings

This section only deals with the hardware settings needed for commissioning. All other settings (e.g., output configuration, write protection, etc.) are described in the associated Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.



Note!

No hardware settings are needed for measuring devices with HART or FOUNDATION Fieldbus-type communication.

4.1 Device address

Has to be set for measuring devices with the following communication methods:

■ PROFIBUS DP/PA

The device address can be configured via:

- Miniature switches → see description below
- Local operation \rightarrow see **Software settings section** $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 48$

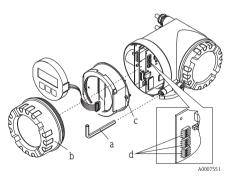
Addressing via miniature switches

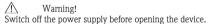


/!\ Warning!

Risk of electric shock! Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- All the safety instructions for the measuring device must be observed and all the warnings heeded $\rightarrow 134$.
- Use a workspace, working environment and tools purposely designed for electrostatically sensitive devices.





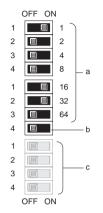
from the transmitter housing.

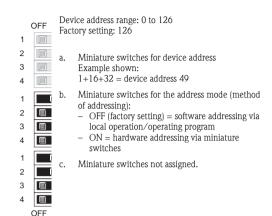
- Loosen the cheese head screw of the securing
- clamp with an Allen key (3 mm) h. Unscrew cover of the electronics compartment
- Loosen the securing screws of the display module and remove the onsite display (if present).
- Set the position of the miniature switches on the I/O board using a sharp pointed object.

Installation is the reverse of the removal procedure.

Hardware settings Proline Promag 50

PROFIBUS





Proline Promag 50 Hardware settings

4.2 Terminating resistors



If the measuring device is used at the end of a bus segment, termination is required. This can be performed in the measuring device by setting the terminating resistors on the I/O board. Generally, however, it is recommended to use an external bus terminator and not perform termination at the measuring device itself.

Has to be set for measuring devices with the following communication methods:

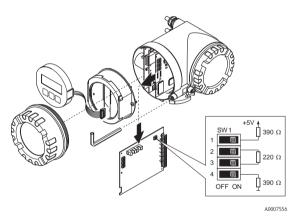
- PROFIBUS DP
 - Baudrate ≤ 1.5 MBaud \rightarrow Termination can be performed at the measuring device, see graphic
 - Baudrate > 1.5 MBaud \rightarrow An external bus terminator must be used



/ Warning!

Risk of electric shock! Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- All the safety instructions for the measuring device must be observed and all the warnings heeded $\rightarrow 134$.
- Use a workspace, working environment and tools purposely designed for electrostatically sensitive devices.



Setting the terminating switch SW1 on the I/O board: ON - ON - ON - ON

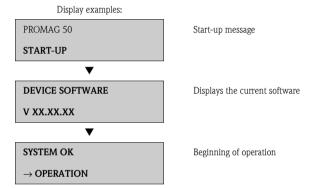
Commissioning Proline Promag 50

5 Commissioning

5.1 Switching on the measuring device

On completion of the installation (successful post-installation check), wiring (successful post-connection check) and after making the necessary hardware settings, where applicable, the permitted power supply (see nameplate) can be switched on for the measuring device.

When the power supply is switched on, the measuring device performs a number of power-up checks and device self-checks. As this procedure progresses the following messages can appear on the onsite display:



The measuring device starts operating as soon as the startup procedure is complete. Various measured values and/or status variables appear on the display.



Note!

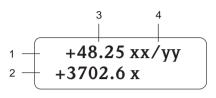
If an error occurs during startup, this is indicated by an error message.

The error messages that occur most frequently when a measuring device is commissioned are described in the Troubleshooting section \rightarrow $\stackrel{\square}{=}$ 48.

Proline Promag 50 Commissioning

5.2 Operation

5.2.1 Display elements

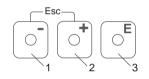


A0007557

Display lines/fields

- 1. Main line for primary measured values
- Additional line for additional measured variables/status variables
- 3. Current measured values
- 4. Engineering units/time units

5.2.2 Operating elements



A0007559

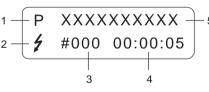
Operating keys

- 1. (-) Minus key for entering, selecting
- 2. (+) Plus key for entering, selecting
- 3. Enter key for calling the function matrix, saving

When the +/- keys are pressed simultaneously (Esc):

- Exit the function matrix step-by-step:
- > 3 sec. = cancel data input and return to the measured value display

5.2.3 Displaying error messages



A0007561

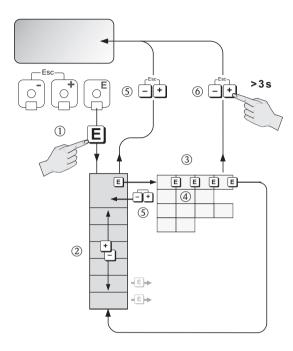
- Type of error:
 P = Process error, S = System error
- Error message type:= Fault message, ! = Notice message
 - Error number

3.

- 4. Duration of the last error that occurred: Hours: Minutes: Seconds
- Error designation
 List of all error messages, see associated Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM

Commissioning Proline Promag 50

5.3 Navigating within the function matrix



A0007562

- 1. $\blacksquare \rightarrow$ Enter the function matrix (starting with measured value display)
- 2. $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ \rightarrow Select the group (e.g. OPERATION)
 - \blacksquare \rightarrow Confirm selection
- 3. $\blacksquare \rightarrow$ Select function (e.g. LANGUAGE)
- 4. $\stackrel{\bullet}{\exists}$ \rightarrow Enter code **50** (only for the first time you access the function matrix)
 - \blacksquare \rightarrow Confirm entry
 - $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ \rightarrow Change function/selection (e.g. ENGLISH)
 - \blacksquare \rightarrow Confirm selection
- 5. \Rightarrow Return to measured value display step by step
- 6. \longrightarrow > 3 s \rightarrow Return immediately to measured value display

Proline Promag 50 Commissioning

5.4 Calling the Commissioning Quick Setup

All the functions needed for commissioning are called up automatically with the Quick Setup. The functions can be changed and adapted to the process in question.

- 1 \blacksquare \rightarrow Enter the function matrix (starting with measured value display)
- 2. \rightarrow Select the group QUICK SETUP
 - \blacksquare \rightarrow Confirm selection
- 3. QUICK SETUP COMMISSIONING function appears.
- 4. Intermediate step if configuration is blocked:
 - \rightarrow Enter the code **50** (confirm with \bigcirc) and thus enable configuration
- 5. \rightarrow Go to Commissioning Quick Setup
- 6 \rightarrow Select YES
 - \blacksquare \rightarrow Confirm selection
- 7. ■ → Start Commissioning Quick Setup
- 8. Configure the individual functions/settings:
 - Via ⅓-key, select option or enter number
 - Via [□]-key, confirm entry and go to next function
 - Via ♣ -key, return to Setup Commissioning function (settings already made are retained)



Note!

Observe the following when performing the Quick Setup:

- Configuration selection: Select the ACTUAL SETTING option
- Unit selection: This is not offered again for selection after configuring a unit
- Output selection: This is not offered again for selection after configuring an output
- Automatic configuration of the display: select YES
 - Main line = Mass flow
 - Additional line = Totalizer 1
 - Information line = Operating/system conditions
- If asked whether additional Quick Setups should be executed: select NO

All the available functions of the measuring device and their configuration options as well as additional Quick Setups, if available, are described in detail in the "Description of Device" Functions" Operating Instructions. The related Operating Instructions can be found on the CD-ROM.

The measuring device is ready for operation on completion of the Quick Setup.

Commissioning Proline Promag 50

5.5 Software settings

5.5.1 Device address

Has to be set for measuring devices with the following communication methods:

■ PROFIBUS DP/PA \rightarrow device address range 0 to 126, factory setting 126

The device address can be configured via:

- Miniature switches \rightarrow see Hardware settings $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 41$
- Local operation \rightarrow see description below



Note!

The COMMISSIONING SETUP must be executed before setting the device address.

Calling the Communication Quick Setup

- 1. $\blacksquare \rightarrow$ Enter the function matrix (starting with measured value display)
- 2. $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ \rightarrow Select the group QUICK SETUP
 - \rightarrow Confirm selection
- 3. $\blacksquare \rightarrow$ Select the QUICK SETUP COMMUNICATION function
- 5. \rightarrow Go to Communication Quick Setup
- 6. $\stackrel{\bullet}{\sqsubseteq}$ \rightarrow Select YES; $\stackrel{\blacksquare}{\sqsubseteq}$ \rightarrow confirm selection
- 8. Configure the individual functions/settings:
 - Via ⊕-key, select option or enter number
 - Via $\ensuremath{\,^{\blacksquare}}$ -key, confirm entry and go to next function
 - Via -key, return to Setup Commissioning function (settings already made are retained)

All the available functions of the measuring device and their configuration options as well as additional Quick Setups, if available, are described in detail in the "Description of Device Functions" Operating Instructions. The related Operating Instructions can be found on the CD-ROM.

The measuring device is ready for operation on completion of the Quick Setup.

5.6 Troubleshooting

A complete description of all the error messages is provided in the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM.



Note!

The output signals (e.g. pulse, frequency) of the measuring device must correspond to the higher-order controller.

Proline Promag 50 Commissioning

Commissioning Proline Promag 50

Proline Promag 50 Commissioning

www.endress.com/worldwide



People for Process Automation



model 7261-7271

AXION MSR™ Eye/Face Wash

FEATURES & BENEFITS

CONSTRUCTION

1-1/4" IPS Schedule 40 hot-dipped galvanized steel pipe and fittings along with powder-coated cast-iron 9" (22.9 cm) diameter floor flange provide corrosion resistance in a long lasting product.

STRAINERS/FILTERS

Chrome-plated brass in-line 50×50 mesh water strainer prevents debris from reaching the eyewash so the unit stays functioning at its best. Strainer is easily serviceable.

QUALITY CONTROL

Eye/face wash and valve assembly are pre-built and fully water/pressure tested to ensure no leaks and proper function which ultimately reduces installation time.

VALVE

Valve is designed to make the flushing of fluid occur with the push of a stainless steel flag, and is equipped with a stainless steel ball and stem to provide added protection against corrosion and breakage.

EYE/FACE WASH

AXION MSRTM; eye/face wash head (patent pending) uses an inverted directional laminar flow to sweep contaminants away from the vulnerable nasal cavity.

BOWL

The 11" (27.9 cm) round green ABS plastic receptor is resistant to damage from alkalies, salt solutions, oils and most acids.

OPTIONS

- ☐ Foot Treadle: Model SP220 foot control assembly, including powder-coated aluminum treadle for hands free activation of eyewash.
- □ Tempered Water Blending Systems: Model TWBS.EW.H, prepackaged instantaneous electrical water heater, 480 VAC/3 phase/20 KW, fully engineered and tested system with fail-safe features to produce up to 6 gpm (22.7 L) tempered water for eye washes.
- Repair Kit: Model VRKEWSTR is a repair kit for SP507 and SP509. Includes screen and gasket.
- □ Dust Cover: Model 9102 is a stainless steel cover that protects the eyewash heads as well as the bowl. Pushing the stainless steel flag will activate the unit while raising the dust cover. (Picture shows cover mounted to an eyewash.)

To see all options for this model, visit www.hawsco.com



SPECIFICATIONS

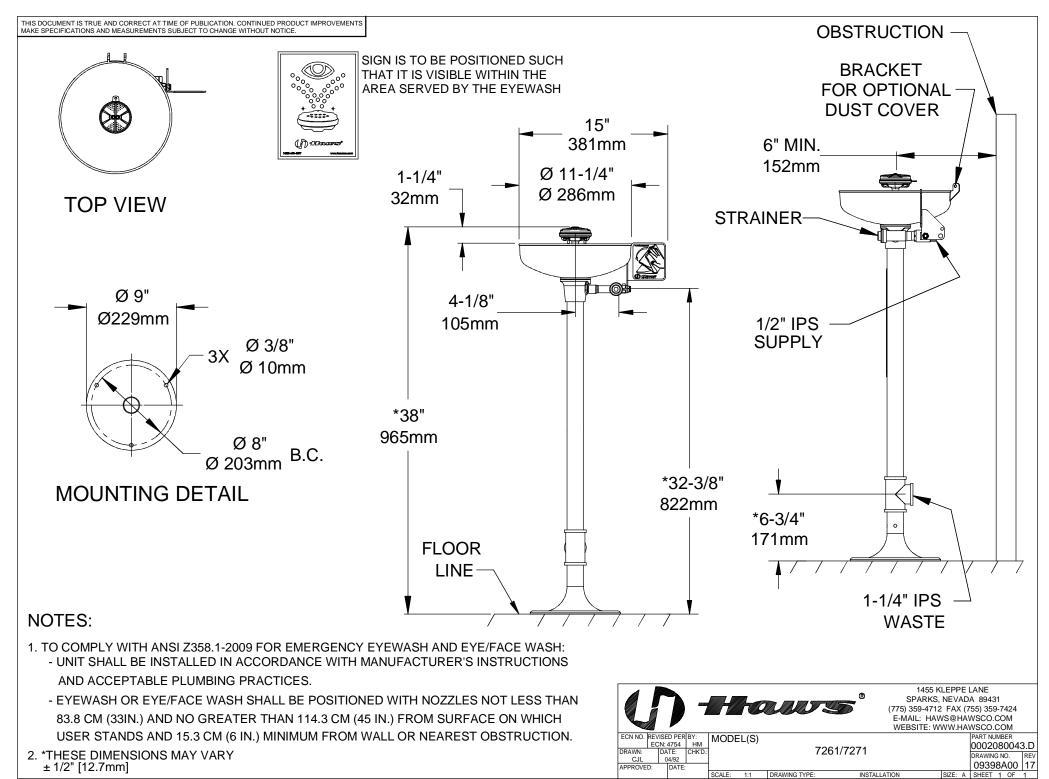
Model 7261-7271 pedestal eye/face wash shall include a green ABS plastic 11" (27.9 cm) bowl, an AXION MSRTM eye/face wash head shall feature inverted directional laminar flow which achieves zero vertical velocity supplied by an integral flow control, chrome-plated brass stay-open ball valve equipped with stainless steel ball and stem, and chrome-plated brass in-line 50 x 50 mesh water strainer. Unit shall also include 1-1/4" Schedule 40 hot-dipped galvanized steel pipe and fittings along with powder-coated cast-iron 9" (22.9 cm) diameter floor flange, yellow plastic pop-off dust cover for eyewash head, universal sign, 1/2" IPS inlet, and 1-1/4" IPS waste.

APPLICATIONS

Where the eyes of any person may be exposed to injurious or corrosive materials, suitable facilities for quick flushing and cleansing of the eyes must be provided within the work area for immediate emergency use. Emergency eyewash facilities shall be in unobstructed and accessible locations that require no more than 10 seconds for the injured person to reach.

Model 7261-7271 is certified by CSA to meet the ANSI Z358.1 Standard for Emergency Eyewash and Shower Equipment.







INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

1455 Kleppe Lane ◆Sparks, NV 89431-6467 ◆(775) 359-4712 ◆Fax (775) 359-7424 E-mail: <u>haws@hawsco.com</u> ◆ website: <u>www.hawsco.com</u>

No. 2080043(17)

Model 7261/7271 Pedestal Eye/Face Wash

NOTE TO INSTALLER: Please leave this information with the Maintenance Department.

LIMITED WARRANTY

HAWS warrants that this specific product is guaranteed against defective material or poor workmanship for a period of **one year from date of shipment**. HAWS liability under this warranty shall be discharged by furnishing without charge F.O.B. HAWS Factory any goods, or part thereof, which shall appear to the Company upon inspection to be of defective material or not of first class workmanship, provided that claim is made in writing to Haws within a reasonable period after receipt of the product. Where claims for defects are made, the defective part or parts shall be delivered to the Company, prepaid, for inspection. HAWS will not be liable for the cost of repairs, alterations or replacements, or for any expense connected therewith made by the owner or his agents, except upon written authority from HAWS, Sparks, Nevada. HAWS will not be liable for any damages caused by defective materials or poor workmanship, except for replacements, as provided above. Buyer agrees that Haws has made no other warranties either expressed or implied in addition to those above stated, except that of title with respect to any of the products or equipment sold hereunder and that HAWS shall not be liable for general, special, or consequential damages claimed to arise under the contract of sale.

The emergency equipment manufactured by HAWS is warranted to function if installation and maintenance instructions provided are adhered to. The units also must be used for the purpose for which they were intended. This product is intended to supplement first-aid treatment. Due to widely varying conditions, Haws cannot guarantee that the use of this emergency equipment will prevent serious injury or the aggravation of existing or prior injuries.

NO OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED ARE AUTHORIZED, PROVIDED OR GIVEN BY HAWS.

SHOULD YOU EXPERIENCE DIFFICULTY WITH THE INSTALLATION OF THIS MODEL PLEASE CALL:

TECHNICAL SUPPORT: 1-800-766-5612

FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE: 1-888-640-4297

LOCATION OF UNIT: The Model 7261/7271Eyewash unit should be installed in close proximity to potential accident areas. It should be clearly identified, free from obstructions and easy to access.

SUPPLY LINE: The minimum recommended line size is 1/2" IPS with 30-90 psi (2-6 ATM) flowing pressure. Where sediment or mineral content is a problem, an inlet filter is recommended.

PLUMBING CONNECTIONS: Inlet supply is female 1/2" IPS. Waste outlet is 1-1/4" IPS.

	TROUB	LES	SHC	OOTING				
and the second second	PROBLEM			REPAIR CHECKLIST				
1.	No flow.	1.		Check the main shut-off valve.				
2.	Insufficient water flow.	2.	a.	Verify minimum 30psi flowing supply line pressure.				
			b.	Probable clogging of flow control due to inadequate line flushing. Unscrew eye/face wash head and remove the four screws to disassemble the head. Clean the flow control and reassemble head. See SP65 Installation Drawing for details.				
·			C.	Remove cap located on L – Strainer using a 3/8" allen wrench to access and clean filter screen.				
3.	Eyewash or face/wash streams do not meet desired level or are not balanced.	3.		Possible blocked flow control, see above solution. Possible non-leveled eyewash assembly.				
4.	Water does not drain properly.	4.		Check the main waste line of your building to see if it does handle the capacity required for the entire drainage system.				

For more information on Haws products, see our website: www.hawsco.com

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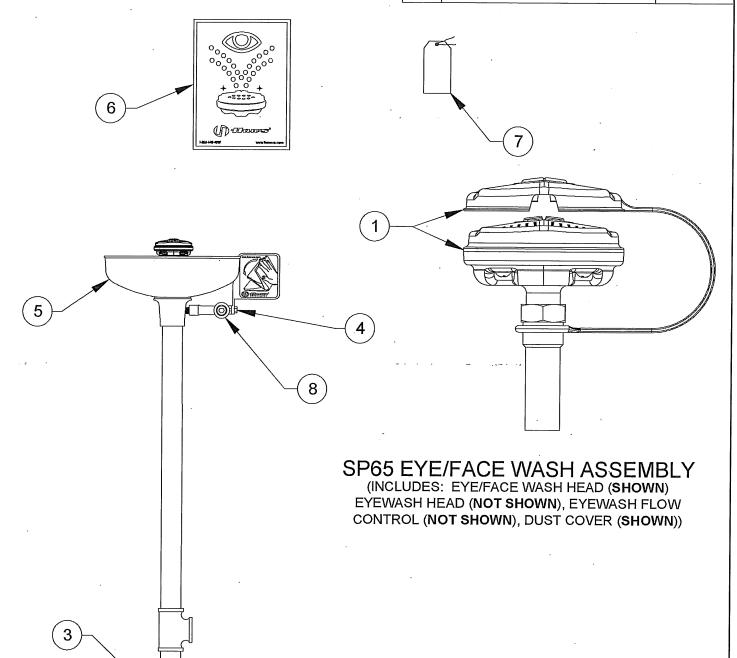
05/12 Model 7261/7271 Page 2 of 4

THIS DOCUMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT AT TIME OF PUBLICATION. CONTINUED PRODUCT IMPROVEMENTS MAKE SPECIFICATIONS AND MEASUREMENTS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

OPTIONAL

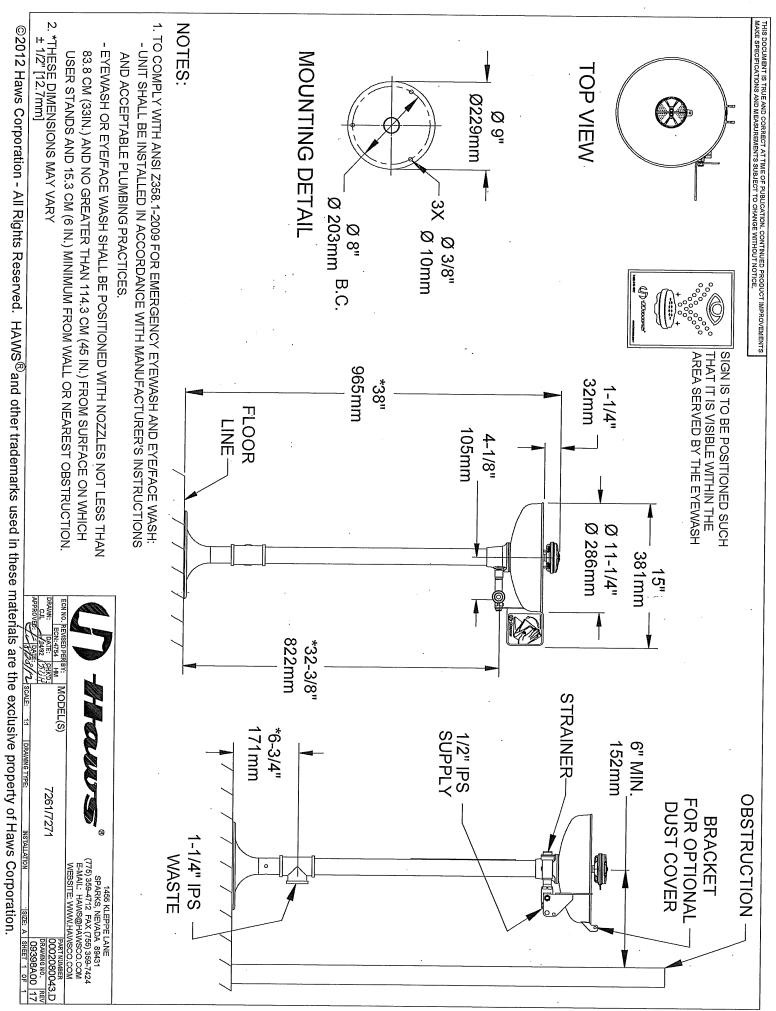
PARTS BREAKDOWN

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
1	EYE/FACE WASH ASSY	SP65
2	FOOT TREADLE (NOT SHOWN)	SP220
3	FLOOR FLANGE	SP75
4	VALVE ASSEMBLY	SP229
5	BOWL	SP93
6	EYEWASH SIGN	SP175
7	TEST TAG	SP170
8	L-STRAINER	SP509
	VRKEWSTR STR. REPAIR KIT	



WHEN ORDERING PARTS PLEASE SPECIFY MODEL NUMBER.

1455 KLEPPE LANE SPARKS, NEVADA 89431 (775) 359-4712 FAX (755) 359-7424 E-MAIL: HAWS@HAWSCO.COM WEBSITE: WWW.HAWSCO.COM





C2N Series - Light Industrial Heaters

Tankless Water Heating Solutions

- · Copper and brass heat exchanger
- PID Temperature controller with full modulating temperature control capabilities
- · Air-cooled solid-state relay switching
- Two-tier anti-scald protection
- · NEMA 4 Enclosure standard
- 480 and 600V, 3-Phase standard

Standard Equipment

Tankless Water Heating Specifications

Keltech, Inc. C2N-Series Tankless Water Heaters are designed to accommodate most light industrial fluid heating applications including those with incoming process temperatures up to 130°F, demand is 36kW - 50kW and total flow is <10 GPM up to 15 GPM. Standard units require =/> .75 GPM; lower flows available. NEMA 4X and explosion proof purge system options available.

Electrical Specifications for the Heater

Capacity (kW)	Voltage	Amperage
36	480	44
36	600	35
50	480	60
50	600	48



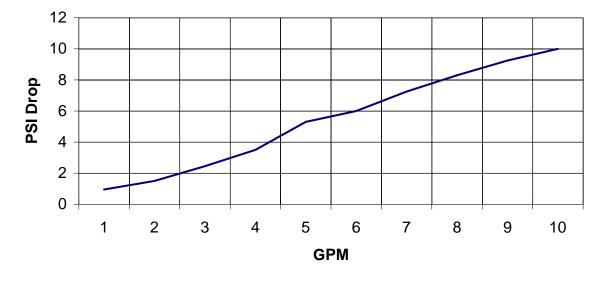
Water Flow and Maximum Temperature Rise by kW

kW	GPM	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15
36	ΔT°F	122	82	62	50	40	36	30	27	24	20	18
50	ΔT°F	170	113	85	68	57	48	43	38	34	28	23



Sizing for the proper flow rate is important. If the temperature rise capabilities of the heater is not sufficient, please contact Keltech for additional product information.

C2N Pressure Drop Advantage



Emergency Fixtures Document No. 4992 Page 1 of 3
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© 2013 Keltech Incorporated 729 South Grove Street, Delton, Michigan 49046 Phone: 800-999-4320 Fax: 269-623-6398 www.keltech-inc.com



C2N Series - Light Industrial Series

Set Point Temperature - Coldest Incoming Water Temperature = Minimum Delta T for Application

Tankless Water Heating Solutions

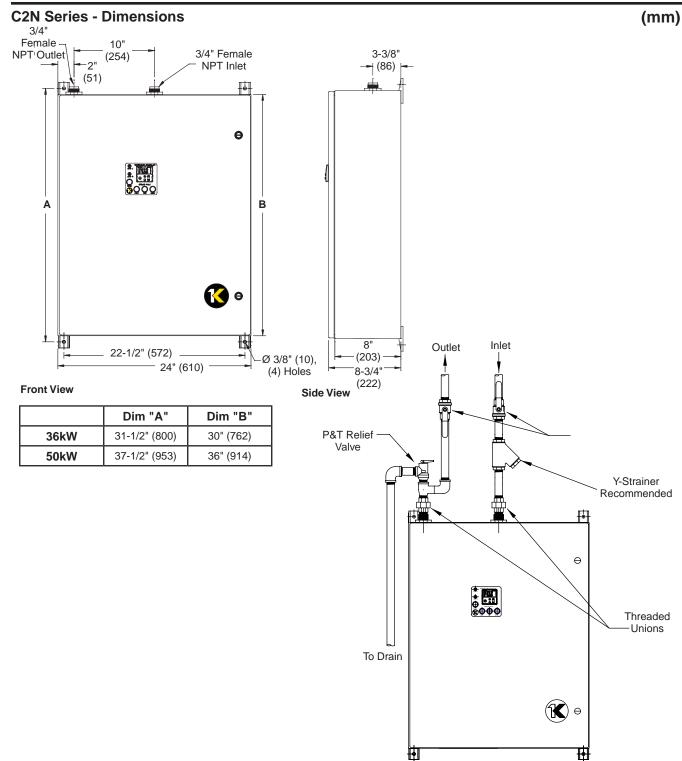
Standard Product - C2N Series	Product 0	ptions
36kW Light Industrial Heaters □ C2N363/480D Three Phase 36kW, 480V Light Industrial Heater □ C2N363/600D Three Phase 36kW, 600V Light Industrial Heater	□ D1 □ EXP2 □ FDS	4-20mA Input for Integration with Facility Controls Explosion Proof Class1/Division2 Internal Fuse Disconnect
50kW Light Industrial Heaters C2N503/480D Three Phase 50kW, 480V Light Industrial Heater	☐ GF ☐ N4X	Ground Fault Package NEMA-4X Enclosure - Stainless Steel
	Applica	tion Attributes (MANDATORY)
	1	und water temperature:
		and mater temperature.
	Maximum Flow:	
		ature:

	_				
C2N	D	-	-	-	-
	List ap	plicable option	codes alphabetic	cally.	

Delta T Calculation

C2N Series - Light Industrial Series

Tankless Water Heating Solutions





S19-2000, S192000EFX Emergency Fixture Thermostatic Mixing Valves

- Exceeds ANSI Z358.1
- · ASSE 1071 Certified
- Reliable Liquid-Filled Thermostat with 10-Year Warranty
- · Checkstops on Inlets
- Adjustable Set Point within Temperature Range
- Accurate Temperature Control to within ±3° F
- Built-in Cold Water Bypass, Assuring Cold Flow
- Positive Shutoff of Hot Supply When Cold Supply is Lost
- · Easy Installation and Serviceability
- Dirt and Lime Resistant
- Dial Thermometer
- Factory Assembled and Tested
- · Universal Mounting Capability
- · Cabinet Features:
 - 18 Gauge Body & Door
 - Left-Hand Hinge
 - Cylinder Lock
 - Inlet/Outlet Knock-Out Holes for Mounting Flexibility
 - Stainless Steel or Baked White Enamel Finishes
 - Surface-Mounted or Recessed Style with Flange

Valve Specifications

Maximum Operating Pressure

125 PSI (860 kPA)

Maximum Inlet Temperature

180° F (82° C)

Recommended Inlet Temperature

120° F (49° C) – 140° F (60° C)

Temperature Range	
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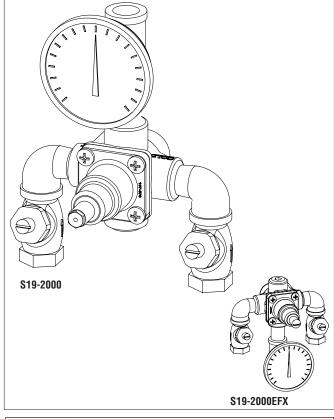
Std. 65° F (18° C) to 90° F (32° C)

Set Point

85° F (29° C)

Flow Capacities - GPM (L/Min)

	Min.	Pressure Drop – PSI (Bar)							
Model	Flow	5 (.5)	10 (1.0)	15 (1.5)	20 (2.0)	30 (2.5)	45 (3.0)	60 (4.0)	
\$19-2000	1.5 (5.5)	3.0 (13.5)	4.0 (19.0)	5.0 (23.5)	6.0 (27.0)	7.3 (30.5)	9.0 (33.5)	10.5 (38.5)	
Cold Bypas	ss Only	2.3 (10.5)	3.2 (14.5)	4.0 (18.0)	4.6 (21.0)	5.6 (23.5)	6.8 (25.5)	7.7 (29.5)	



Optional	Selections		
Finish C	Chrome Plated		
Cabinets			
□ SS	Surface Mount Stainless Steel		
□ RS	Recessed Stainless Steel		
□ SE Surface Mount White Enamel			
□ RE	Recessed White Enamel		
□ W	Plexi-glass Window in Door		

Code Compliance and Certifications

ASSE 1071 & UPC certified





Engineer's Approval_

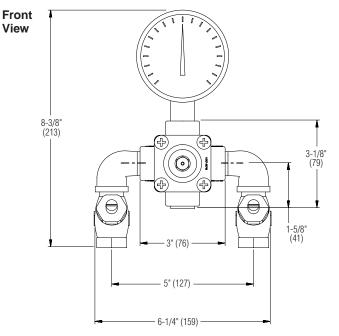
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8/7/2012

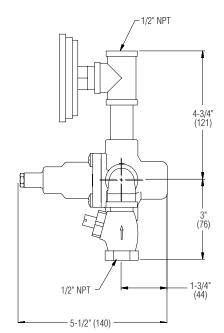
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P.O. Box 309, Menomonee Falls, WI 53052-0309
Phone: 800.BRADLEY(800.272.3539) Fax: 262.253.4161
bradleycorp.com

Dimensions (mm)

Side

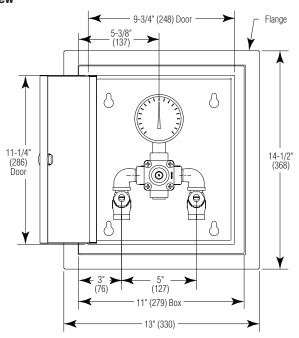
View



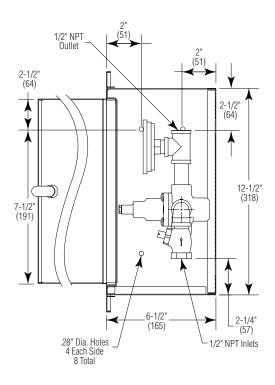


Dimensions — S19-2000 Recessed Cabinet





Side View



Plumbing Fixtures Document No. 5890

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8/7/2012

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