

Existing ground surface

Surfacing Material

LEGEND

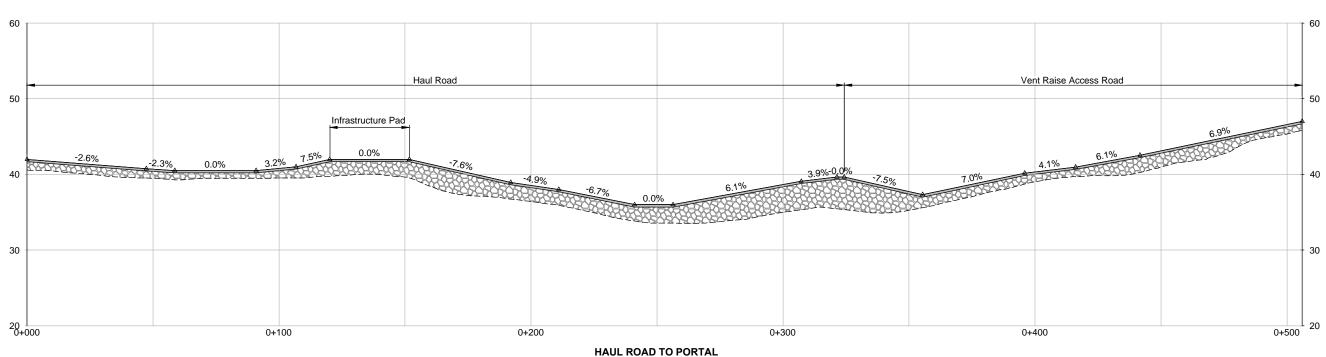
Run of Quarry Material

Point of Intersection

Grade

### **NOTES**

- All dimensions in metres unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Notes in this drawing apply to all other active drawings.



0 5 10 15 20 25 0 2 4 6 8 10 Vertical Exaggeration 3X

D Minor Edits
C New Portal Location LW EMR 310ct14 LW EMR 27June14 B Minor Edits LW EMR 12June1 JK EMR 14Mar14 CHK'D APP'D DATE DRAWING NO. REFERENCE DRAWINGS REVISIONS

Original Drawings Stamped and Signed by Engineer

APPROVED: EMR CHECKED:

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS STAMP FILE NAME: 1CT022.001\_Madrid\_South\_Pads RevG.dwg

1CT022.001

SRK JOB NO.:

HOPE BAY PROJECT

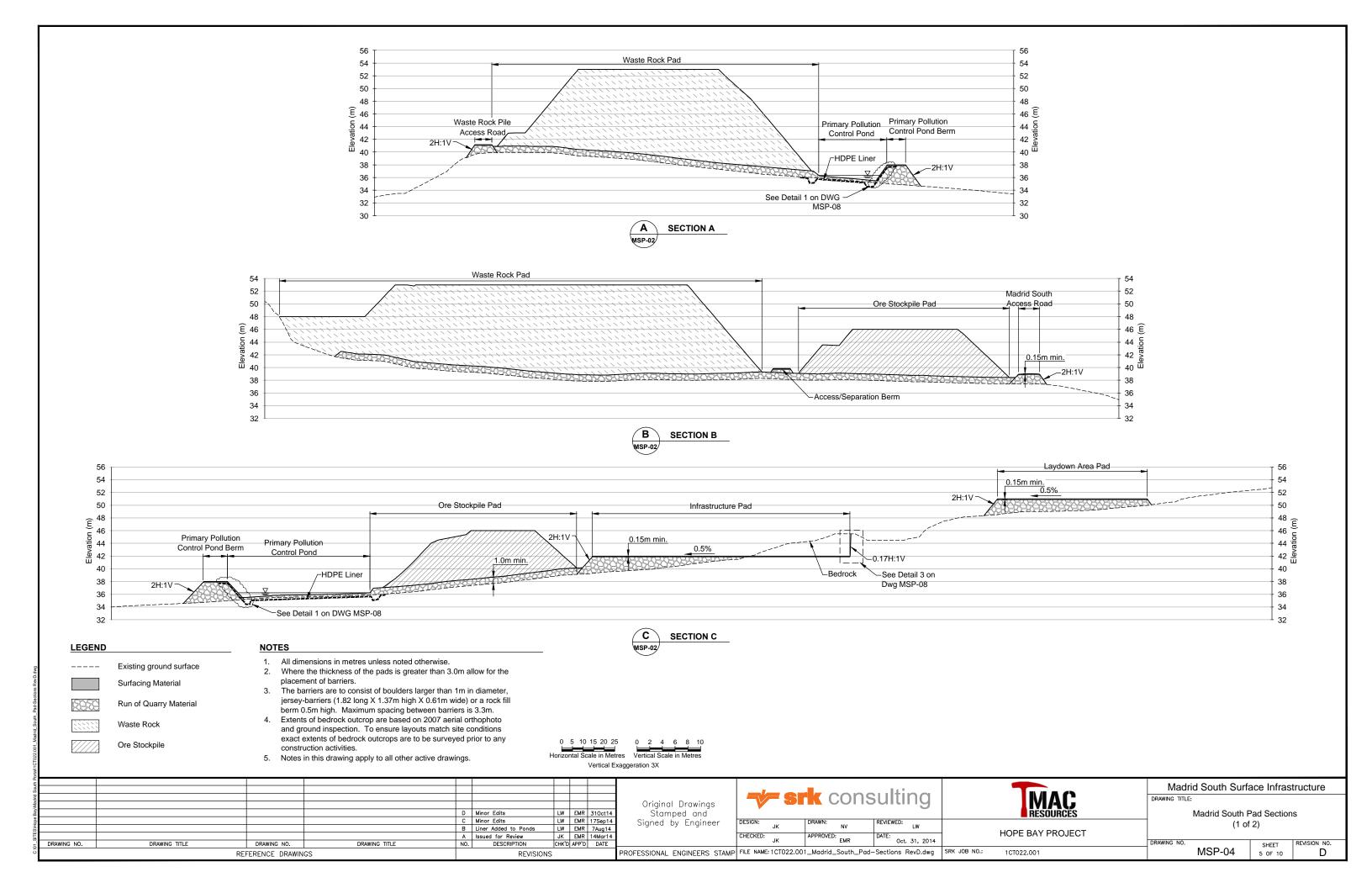
Madrid South Arrangement and Access Road Profiles

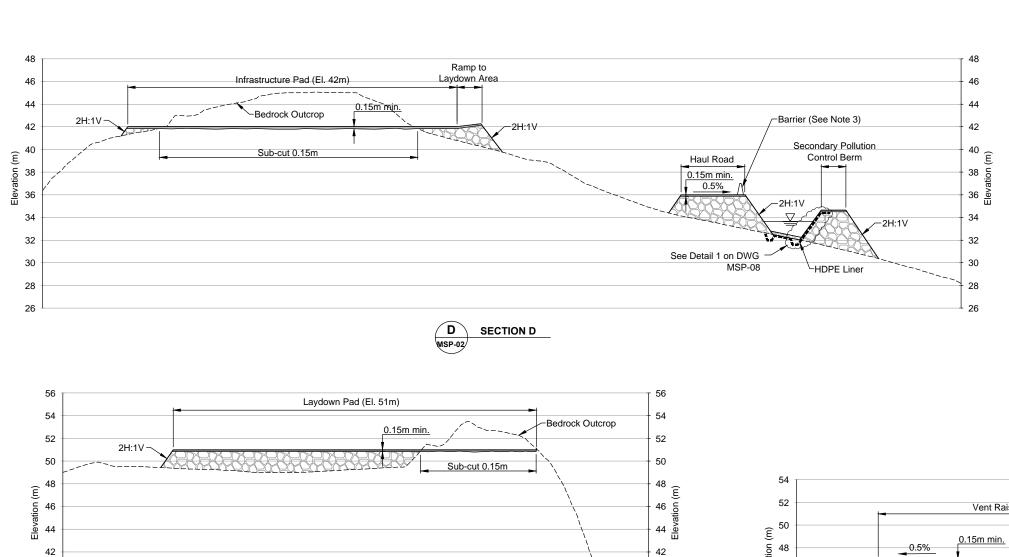
Madrid South Surface Infrastructure

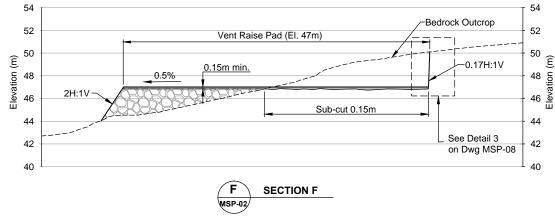
SHEET MSP-03

4 OF 10

D







### LEGEND ---- Existing ground surface Surfacing Material

Run of Quarry Material

40

38

36

### NOTES

1. All dimensions in metres unless noted otherwise.

E

MSP-02/

Where the thickness of the pads is greater than 3.0m allow for the placement of barriers.

SECTION E

- The barriers are to consist of boulders larger than 1m in diameter, jersey-barriers (1.82 long X 1.37m high X 0.61m wide) or a rock fill berm 0.5m high. Maximum spacing between barriers is 3.3m.
- Extents of bedrock outcrop are based on 2007 aerial orthophoto and ground inspection. To ensure layouts match site conditions exact extents of bedrock outcrops are to be surveyed prior to any construction activities.
- Notes in this drawing apply to all other active drawings.

0 5 10 15 20 25 0 1 2 3 4 5

Horizontal Scale in Metres Vertical Exaggeration 3X

40

38

36

Original Drawings Stamped and Signed by Engineer

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				D	Minor Edits	LW	EMR	310ct14
				С	Liner Added to Ponds	LW	EMR	7Aug14
				В	New Portal Location	LW	EMR	27June14
				Α	Issued for Review	JK	EMR	14Mar14
RAWING NO.	DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.	DRAWING TITLE	NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHK'D	APP'D	DATE
	REF	FERENCE DRAWING	IGS		REVISIONS			

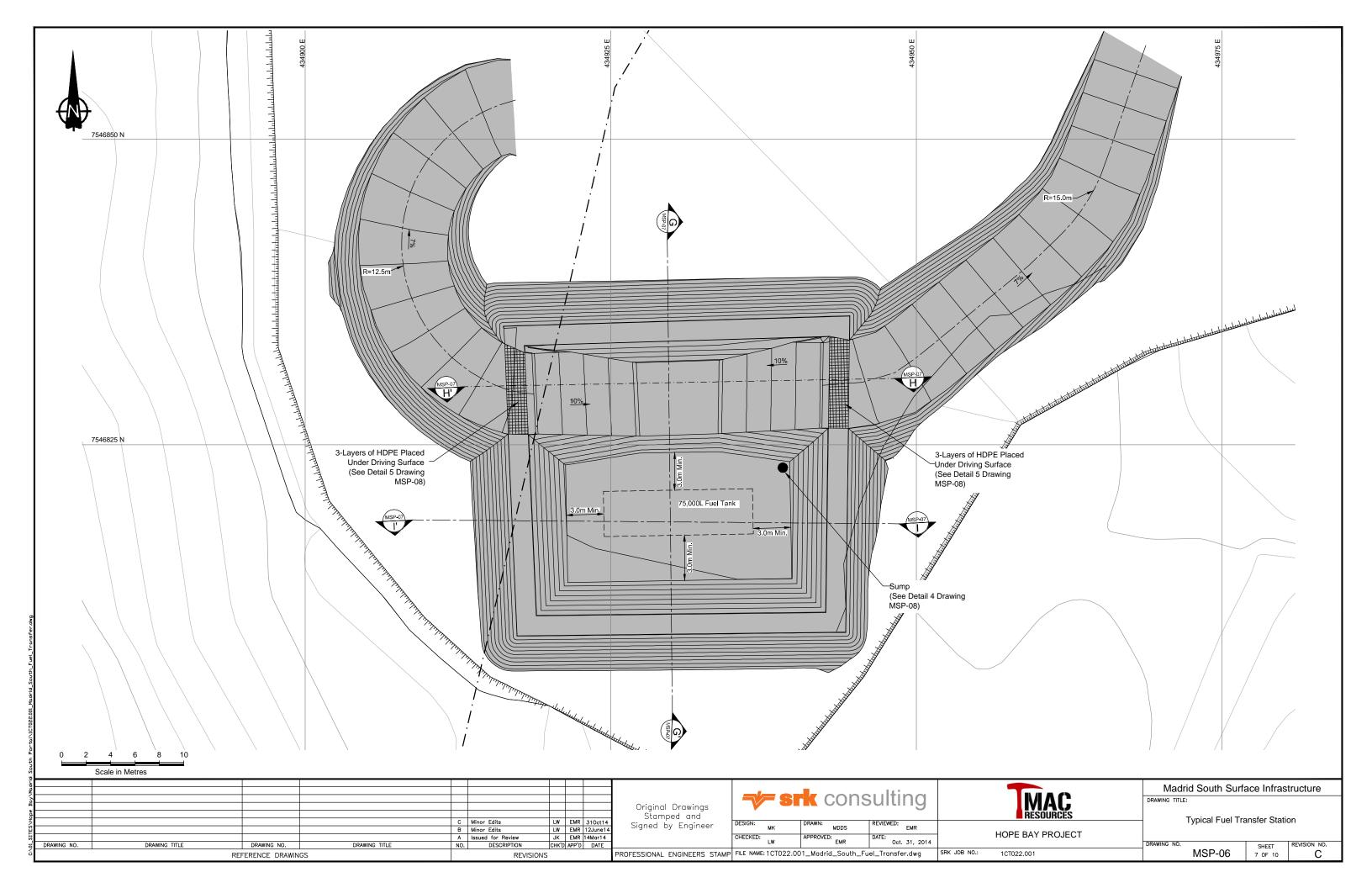
	rk con	consulting			
DESIGN: JK	DRAWN: NV	REVIEWED: LW			
CHECKED: JK	APPROVED: EMR	DATE: Oct. 31, 2014			

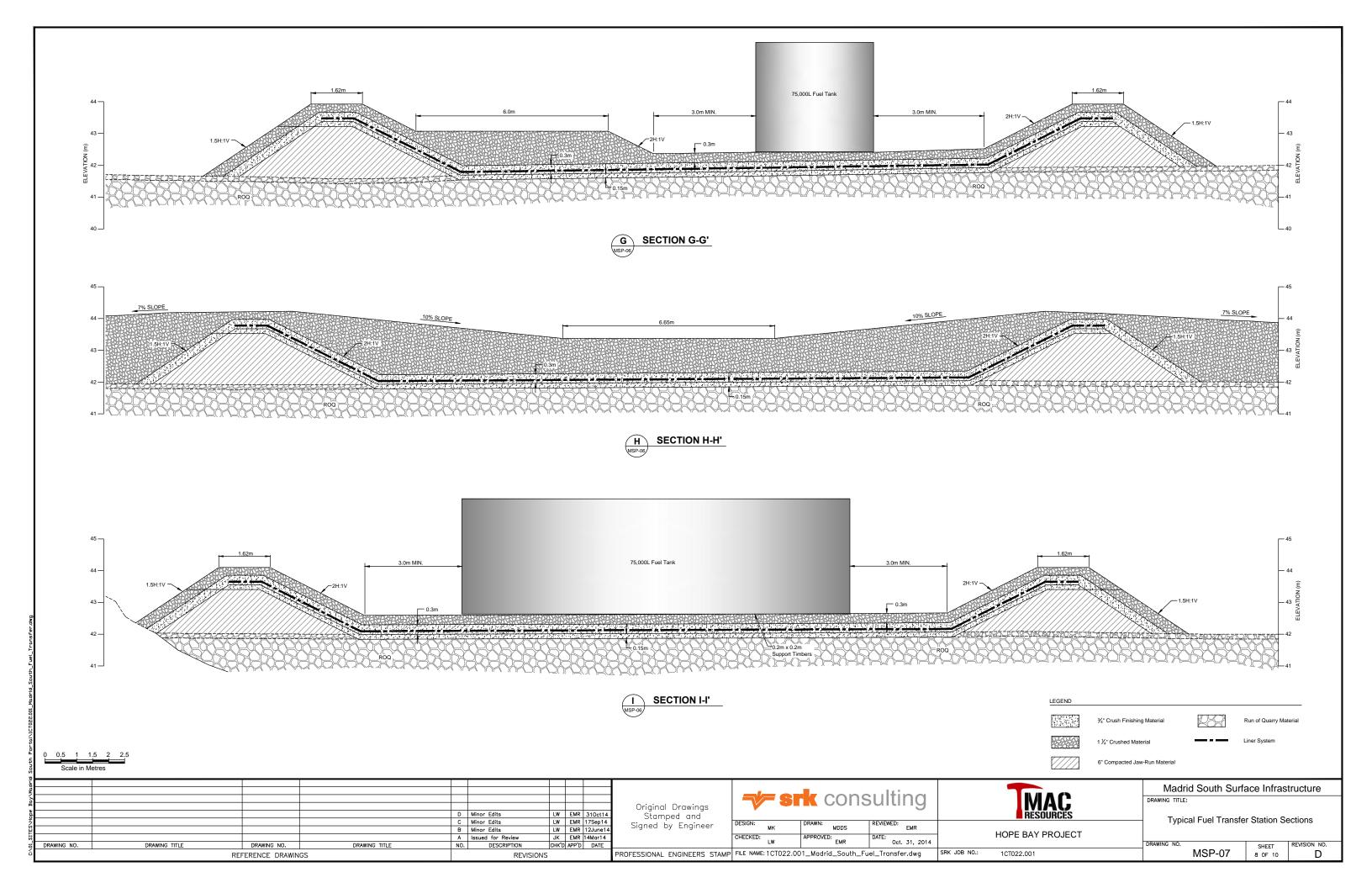
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS STAMP FILE NAME: 1CT022.001\_Modrid\_South\_Pad-Sections RevD.dwg

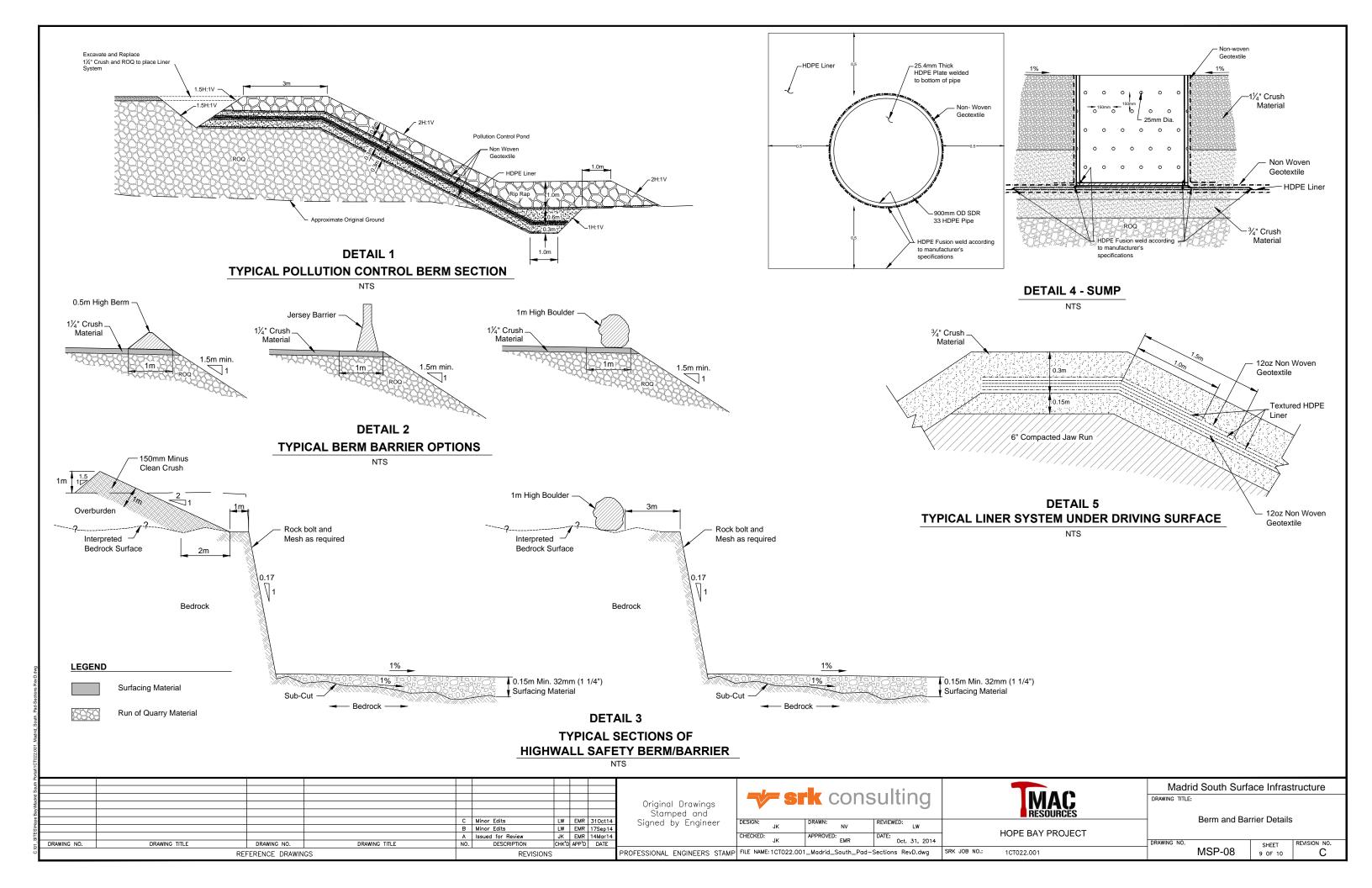
TWAC RESOURCES	DRA
HOPE BAY PROJECT	DRAV
SRK JOB NO.: 1CTO22.001	

Madrid South Surface Infrastructure
DRAWING TITLE:
Madrid South Pad Sections
(2 of 2)

MSP-05 SHEET REVISION NO. D







### **Materials List and Quantity Estimates**

Item	Quantity / Area / Volume			Description
Run of Quarry     Material	Laydown Area Pad	ROQ (cu.m.) 7,330	Cut (cu.m.) 1,375	Approximate In-Place Neat-line
Material	Infrastructure Pad	17,770	6,881	Volume
	Portal Pad	2,560	-,	(3D volume based on Civil 3D
	Vent Raise Access Pad	3,915	11,066	surfaces
	Waste Rock Pad	31,230	,	- no allowance has been made for
	Ore Stockpile Pad	12,200		losses and/or tundra embedment)
	Access Roads	23,810	297	
	Primary Pollution Control Berm	7,040		
	Secondary Pollution Control Berm	5,270		
	Total	111,125	19,619	
Surface Grade	Laydown Area Pad	928		Approximate In-Place
Material	Infrastructure Pad	1,847		Neat-line Volume
	Portal Pad	190		
	Vent Raise Access Pad	1,366		
	Waste Rock Pad	-		
	Ore Stockpile Pad	-		
	Access Roads	1,015		
	Primary Pollution Control Berm	516		
	Secondary Pollution Control Berm	180		
	Total	6,042		

### Materials List and Quantities for Pollution Control Berm Ponds

Item	Quantity / Area / Volume		Description
Rip Rap	Rip Rap on Berm Face and 4280 m³ Over Downstream Key Trench		Volumes approximated by typical section and key trench lengths
Finishing Material (3/4" Crush)	OverLiner	1840 m³	
	UnderLiner	1690 m³	
Geotextile (2 Layers)	Geotextile OverLiner	11240 m²	12oz. Non Woven
	Geotextile UnderLiner	11240 m²	
Liner	Geomembrane Liner on Berm Face and in Downstream Key Trench	5620 m²	Textured HDPE 60 or Equivalent
	Geomembrane Liner in Pond Area and in Upstream Key Trench	12590 m²	

### Materials List and Quantities (Fuel Transfer Station for both at Portal and Pad)

Item	Quantity / Area / Volume		Description
6" Compacted Jaw Run Material	Berm Walls (FSF at Portal) Berm Walls (FCA at Pad)	575 m³ 575 m³	Volumes derived by Eagle Point 7.2 Side slopes 2H:1V Unless otherwise noted
Finishing Material (¾" Crush)	OverLiner (FSF at Portal) OverLiner (FCA at Pad)	350 m³ 350 m³	otherwise noted
	UnderLiner (FSF at Portal) UnderLiner (FCA at Portal)	120 m³ 120 m³	
Surfacing Material (11/4" Crush)	Final Surface (FSF at Portal) Final Surface (FCA at Pad)	1260 m³ 1260 m³	
Geotextile (2 Layers)	Geotextile OverLiner (FSF at Portal) Geotextile OverLiner (FCA at Pad)	750 m² 750 m²	12oz. Non Woven
	Geotextile UnderLiner (FSF at Portal) Geotextile UnderLiner (FCA at Pad)	750 m² 750 m²	
	Sump (FSF at Portal) Sump (FCA at Pad)	5 m² 5 m²	
Liner	Geomembrane Liner 1 Base (FSF at Portal) Geomembrane Liner 1 Base (FCA at Pad)	750 m² 750 m²	Textured HDPE 60 or Equivalent
	Geomembrane Liner 2 Under Driving Surface (FSF at Portal) Geomembrane Liner 2 Under Driving Surface (FCA at Pad)	25 m² 25 m²	
	Geomembrane Liner 3 Under Driving Surface (FSF at Portal) Geomembrane Liner 3 Under Driving Surface (FCA at Pad)	17 m² 17 m²	
	Sump (FSF at Portal) Sump (FCA at Pad)	5 m² 5 m²	

### **Tolerances Road Material Placement:**

Location	Fill (mm)	Excavation (mm)
Vertical Tolerance on Roads	0 to +75	n/a
Horizontal Tolerance on Roads	-150 to +150	

Note: Grade shall not be uniformly high or low.

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				E	Minor Edits	LW	EMR	310ct14	1
				D	Minor Edits	LW	EMR	17Sep14	1
				С	Liner Added to Ponds	LW	EMR	7Aug14	1
				B	New Portal Location	LW	EMR	27June14	1
				Α	Issued for Review	JK	EMR	14Mar14	1
DRAWING NO.	DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.	DRAWING TITLE	NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHK'D	APP'D	DATE	<u>L</u>
REFERENCE DRAWINGS					REVISIONS				PF

Original Drawings Stamped and Signed by Engineer

<b>₹</b>	rk con	sulting
DESIGN: JK	DRAWN: NV	REVIEWED: EMR
CHECKED: JK	APPROVED: EMR	DATE: Oct. 31, 2014

WAC
HOPE BAY PROJECT

1CT022.001

Madrid South Surface Infrastructure DRAWING TITLE:

Material Specifications

AWING	NO.
	MSP-09

REVISION NO. SHEET 10 OF 10

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS STAMP FILE NAME: 1CT022.001\_Madrid\_South\_Mat\_Specs RevE.dwg SRK JOB NO.:

## Appendix 4-C SRK, November 2014 Memo - Hope Bay Project: Madrid South Bulk Sample: Madrid South All-Weather Road MADRID ADVANCED EXPLORATION PROGRAM Type B Water Licence Application Supplemental Information Report



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vancouver@srk.com www.srk.com

### Memo

To: John Roberts Client: TMAC Resources Inc.

From: Lowell Wade Project No: 1CT022.001.410

Maritz Rykaart

Cc: Date: November 27, 2014

Subject: Hope Bay Project: Madrid South Bulk Sample: Madrid South All-Weather Road

### 1 Introduction

TMAC Resources Inc. is currently in the process of constructing their Doris North Project (Project) in the Kitikmeot region of Nunavut, Canada. Concurrent with this, TMAC is carrying out regional exploration and have identified the Madrid South area as a potential high quality exploration target. However, advanced exploration and extraction of a bulk sample is needed to verify economic feasibility and milling process methods.

The Madrid South area is located about 15 km south of the Doris North Camp. Currently there is no permanent access to the area and therefore TMAC proposes to construct a 4.7 km long all-weather road which will branch off from the southernmost end of the existing Doris-Windy All-Weather Road.

This memo provides complete details of the Madrid South All-Weather Road design. This should be read in conjunction with the attached set of conceptual level engineering drawings (Attachment 1).

### 2 Design Concept

All the all-weather roads associated with the Hope Bay Project are located on Inuit Owned Land (IOL), administered by the Kitikmeot Inuit Association (KIA).

Site roads are considered private roads, administered and controlled entirely by TMAC. To date, none of the site roads are used as, or classified as mine haul roads in accordance with the Nunavut Mine Safety Act pertaining to haul roads. The proposed all-weather road to the Madrid South area will also not be classified as a haul road. Notwithstanding this, TMAC has opted to ensure that all site roads are designed in accordance with the minimum requirements as set out for mine haul roads in the Nunavut Mine Safety Act.

The proposed all weather access road to the Madrid South area, is an extension of the existing 10 km long Doris-Windy All-Weather Road, and uses the same primary design criteria. The road

will allow duel lane traffic for frequently travelled vehicles such as trucks and crew busses, while allowing single lane traffic for occasional oversize vehicles. Strategically placed road turnouts are provided to facilitate single lane use.

### 3 Access Alternatives

TMAC considered a number of alternative methods to access the Madrid South area, taking into consideration that the closest all-weather access road to the site is about 5 km to the north along the Doris-Windy All-Weather Road. The alternatives considered can be summarized as follows:

• Winter road access. Consideration was given to access the area using only seasonal winter roads. The easiest (least amount of portages) winter road route (about 4.5 km total length including 2 portages totalling 0.5 km) would extend west from the southernmost end of the Doris-Windy All-Weather road to Patch Lake and follow the eastern shore of the lake to the Madrid South area. The gradient from the Patch Lake shoreline to the project site is however too much, and therefore this route would not be practical. The next likely route is about 4.2 km long (including 2 portages totalling 2 km). This starts at the same point as the first route, but halfway down Patch Lake it turns into a bay on Patch Lake linking to the low ground between the Patch and Wolverine Lakes.

Seasonal access will significantly limit functionality of the bulk sample program, requiring complex annual shut-downs, excessive seasonal manpower loads, and severely limit schedule flexibility. For these reasons this alternative was not pursued further although a winter road may be required to access Madrid South and the quarries until the Madrid South All-Weather Road has been constructed.

- <u>Air access</u>. Construction of an all-weather airstrip, linked with an all-weather road to the Madrid South area would facilitate year-round operation of the bulk sample program eliminating the seasonal access challenges. The closest viable airstrip is however more than 5 km from the Project site, requiring a longer all-weather access road than what would be required by bringing in a road from the existing Doris-Windy All-Weather Road. In addition, operating this way would require the Madrid South bulk sample to run completely as a satellite operation necessitating construction of a new camp and all associated infrastructure and facilities. This alternative was therefore not considered further although a winter ice airstrip may be required until the Madrid South All-Weather Road has been constructed.
- All-weather road access. The Madrid South area can be linked to the existing Doris North Project infrastructure by constructing a 4.7 km all-weather road from the southernmost end of the Doris-Windy road to the Project site. This would allow year-round access, provide maximum flexibility and allow seamless integration of the exploration workforce with the exploration base at Windy Camp. This option would also allow for the integration of the operations at Doris North with the Madrid Advanced Exploration Project. This was therefore selected as the preferred alternative.

Two alternative all-weather road alignments were considered:

Eastern route on high ground. This route extends south from the Doris-Windy All-Weather Road crossing the topographic low (requiring a stream crossing) between Patch and Windy Lakes. The route turns slightly southeast after 0.3 km and continues on the lower ground closer to the Patch Lake shoreline for about 2.2 km. At this point the route turns east after two significant stream crossings and continues for about 0.5 km before turning due south along the topographic low between Patch Lake and Wolverine Lake. Another 1.0 km further along the route turns southeast again, crosses the stream channel leading to Wolverine Lake before continuing 0.3 km to the Madrid South area. This total route length is 4.3 km. The number of stream crossings and the difficult terrain (soft, poorly drained ground) over which this route travels outweighs the benefits offered by the shorter distance, and as a result this alternative was not selected.

• Western route on high ground. This route also extends south from the Doris-Windy All-Weather road crossing the topographic low (requiring a stream crossing) between Patch and Windy Lakes. After about 0.6 km, the route turns southwest and runs uphill for about 0.6 km onto high well-drained ground. The route continues due south for about 1.5 km before turning south-east heading downhill for about 1.7 km towards the topographic low (requiring a second stream crossing) between Patch Lake and Wolverine Lake. The Madrid South area is reached 0.3 km further on up the hill. The total route is 4.7 km long. This was selected as the preferred route.

### 4 System Design

### 4.1 Design Criteria

The access road to the Madrid South area is for private use and will support year round operations of the Project. Normal use will include routine crew change, equipment and consumable resupply and access to the Doris North Project airstrip for medical evacuation in an emergency.

The design vehicle for the all-weather road is a Super B-Train truck. To allow dual lane traffic of this vehicle, the minimum crest road width will need to be a minimum of 8 m. Where the road shoulder exceeds 3 m above ground, the road will be widened by 1 m and a safety barrier will be constructed at least 1 m high. Larger vehicles and equipment will occasionally travel this road and therefore turnouts (4 m wide and 30 m long) are strategically located along the road. Where the road fill is less than 2 m it will have side slopes of 1.5H:1V, and for fill thicknesses greater than 2 m the slopes will be 2H:1V.

Two drainage crossings have been identified along the all-weather road route where multiple 1 m diameter culverts will be installed through the road alignment.

### 4.2 Survey Data

The design of the all-weather road was based on topographic contour maps produced from 2008 aerial photography supplied by Hope Bay Mining Limited (HBML). Verification surveys of the stream locations were conducted by HBML but a detailed ground survey was not completed.

### 4.3 Foundation Conditions

Comprehensive geotechnical investigations have been carried out at the Hope Bay site (SRK 2009). This information confirms that the area lies within the zone of continuous permafrost, with the permafrost being up to 550 m deep. Permafrost temperature at the surface is about -8°C and the active layer is generally less than 1 m thick. Laboratory and in-situ tests on disturbed and undisturbed samples indicate that the overburden soils are predominantly comprised of marine silts and clays, and the pore-water in these soils has high salinity, depressing the freezing point to -2°C. The ice-rich overburden soils are typically between 5 and 20 m deep, before encountering competent bedrock, predominantly basalt. Bedrock is frequently exposed, rising columnar 5 to 100 m above the surrounding landscape.

Thermal modeling has determined that a 1 m minimum of rock fill cover would be required over the tundra to preserve the infrastructure pads (SRK 2006). Since all pads are designed to have a flat surface with minor grading for drainage, the Run-of-Quarry (ROQ) fill thickness reaches up to 7 m at places due to underlying topography.

The geotechnical design parameters for Hope Bay have been summarized in SRK (2011a).

### 4.4 Road Design

Thermal modeling was completed to determine how much fill would be required over the tundra to ensure the permafrost would be preserved for infrastructure construction such as the all-weather road (SRK 2006). Based on this assessment, the all-weather road will be constructed using four typical fill thicknesses (Bedrock Zone, Zone 1, Zone 2 and Zone 3) ranging from 0.3 to 2.0 m. Each of these zones is based on site specific ground conditions, identified through air photo interpretation followed by ground truthing. Details of the design are presented in Attachment 1.

The all-weather road will be constructed from ROQ material obtained from local approved and permitted rock quarries. This material will be placed in lift thicknesses that do not exceed 0.85 m (zone dependent) and compacted using a vibratory drum compactor using a site specific compaction specification. The surfacing layer of the road consists of a 150 mm thick layer of 1½ inch crush.

Road turnouts matching the fill zone thickness of the road and measuring 4 m wide and 30 m long will be constructed based on principals of line of sight. Details pertaining to the location of these turnouts are provided in Attachment 1.

Animal crossings will be constructed along the All-Weather road alignment if required. The location of these crossings will be determined by Elders after construction of the road has been completed. Design details of these crossings are provided in Attachment 1.

### 4.5 Drainage Crossings

Two drainage crossings have been identified along the all-weather road route. To ensure unimpeded surface water flow to Patch Lake, multiple 1 m diameter culverts will be installed through the road alignment. The details for the installation of the twin culverts are shown in Attachment 1.

### 5 Construction Methodology

The all-weather road will be constructed with ROQ material excavated from permitted and approved quarries along the Doris-Windy All Weather Road (Quarry A, B, and D) as well as two new quarries (Quarry G and H) along the all-weather road route. SRK (2008) contains complete details pertaining to geochemical characterization of the Doris-Windy All-Weather Road Quarries A, B, and D while SRK (2014a) provides the geochemical characterization of the new Quarries G and H confirming the suitability of these quarries for use in construction. The management and monitoring of the existing Quarries along the Doris-Windy All-Weather Road and of the new Quarries (Quarry G and H) that will be used for the construction of the surface infrastructure pads and access roads is discussed in SRK (2014b).

The All-Weather road will be constructed in accordance to SRK's Technical Specifications (SRK 2011b).

Surface grade material for the All-Weather road will be from Quarry #2 and the crusher located in Quarry #2. Complete material quantities are included in Attachment 1.

**Disclaimer**—SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc. has prepared this document for TMAC Resources Inc.. Any use or decisions by which a third party makes of this document are the responsibility of such third parties. In no circumstance does SRK accept any consequential liability arising from commercial decisions or actions resulting from the use of this report by a third party.

The opinions expressed in this report have been based on the information available to SRK at the time of preparation. SRK has exercised all due care in reviewing information supplied by others for use on this project. Whilst SRK has compared key supplied data with expected values, the accuracy of the results and conclusions from the review are entirely reliant on the accuracy and completeness of the supplied data. SRK does not accept responsibility for any errors or omissions in the supplied information, except to the extent that SRK was hired to verify the data.

### 6 References

SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc., 2006. Doris North Project – Thermal modeling to support design thickness for granular pads. Technical Memorandum, Prepared for Miramar Hope Bay Limited, Project Number: 1CM014.008, August 20, 2006.

SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc., 2008. Geochemical Characterization of Quarry Materials for the Doris-Windy All-Weather Road. Hope Bay Project. Report Prepared for Hope Bay Mining Limited, Project Number 1CH008.000.300. August 2008.

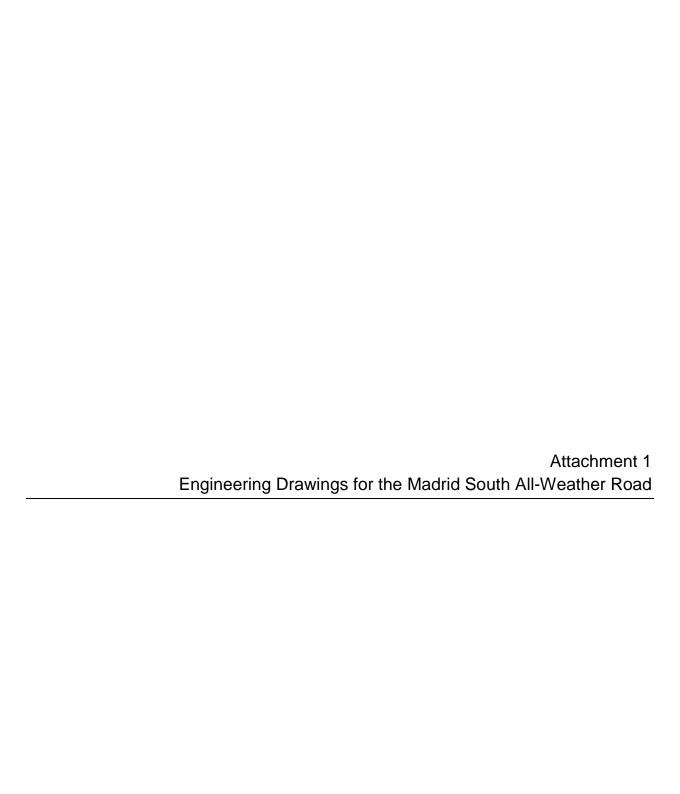
SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc. 2010c. Hope Bay Project. Quarry E, G and H Management and Monitoring Plan – DRAFT. Report Prepared for Hope Bay Mining Limited. Project Number: 1CH008.029.3600

SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc., 2011a. Hope Bay Project – Geotechnical Design Parameters. Revision 0. Report Prepared for Hope Bay Mining Limited. Project Number: 1CH008.033.216. October 2011

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SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc., 2014a. Hope Bay Project. Geochemical Characterization Program for Quarry G, H and I. Report Prepared for TMAC Resources Inc. Project Number 1CT022.001.400.10. July, 2014.

SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc. 2014b. Hope Bay Project. Quarry Management and Monitoring Plan – Revision 02 DRAFT. Report Prepared for TMAC Resources Inc. Project Number: 1CT022.001.840. July 2014.



# Engineering Drawings for the Madrid South All-Weather Road, Hope Bay Project, Nunavut, Canada

### **ACTIVE DRAWING STATUS**

DWG NUMBER	DRAWING TITLE	REVISION	DATE	STATUS
MSR-00	Engineering Drawings for the Madrid South All-Weather Road, Hope Bay Project, Nunavut, Canada	D	Oct. 31, 2014	Minor Edits
MSR-01	General Arrangement (with Orthophoto)	С	Oct. 31, 2014	Minor Edits
MSR-02	General Arrangement	В	Oct. 31, 2014	Minor Edits
MSR-03	Road Alignment Plan and Profile (1 of 5)	D	Oct. 31, 2014	Minor Edits
MSR-04	Road Alignment Plan and Profile (2 of 5)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Issued For Discussion
MSR-05	Road Alignment Plan and Profile (3 of 5)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Issued For Discussion
MSR-06	Road Alignment Plan and Profile (4 of 5)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Issued For Discussion
MSR-07	Road Alignment Plan and Profile (5 of 5)	D	Oct. 31, 2014	Minor Edits
MSR-08	Road Plan and Sections	В	Aug. 5, 2014	Issued For Discussion
MSR-09	Animal Crossings Plan and Sections	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Issued For Discussion
MSR-10	Crossing #1 - Bridge Option - Plan, Section and Detail (1 of 2)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-11	Crossing #1 - Bridge Option - Plan, Section and Detail (2 of 2)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-12	Crossing #1 - Arch Culvert Option	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-13	Crossing #2 - Arch Culvert	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-14	Typical Arch Culvert Plan and Profile (1 of 2)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-15	Typical Arch Culvert Details (2 of 2)	Α	Mar. 14, 2014	Discontinued (Removed)
MSR-16	Material List and Quantity Estimates	В	Aug. 5, 2014	Issued For Discussion





PROJECT NO: 1CT022.001 Revision D October 31, 2014 Drawing MSR-00