

#### **APPENDIX D**

MSDS OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS USED ON SITE

(Pages D-1 to D-221)



#### Appendix D

#### MSDS of hazardous materials used on site

- Agricultural Lime (4p.)
- Aluminum Sulphate (1p.)
- APS 703d#3 Floc Log (2p.)
- APS 705 Silt Stop (2p.)
- APS 706b Floc Log (2p.)
- Aviation Fuel (7p.)
- Calcium Chloride Flake (4p.)
- Cast Booster (3p.)
- CP-43 Diesel (6p.)
- Detonating Cord (3p.)
- DR-133 POLYMER (4p.)
- Electric Dentonators (4p.)
- Emulsion Explosives Dyno AP (3p.)
- EZ-MUD (6p.)
- Gasoline (6p.)
- Jet A (7p.)
- Lubtrac Rod Grease (4p.)
- Non-Electric Detonators (5p.)
- Packaged Dynamites and Explosive Gelatins (3p.)
- Packaged Emulsion Explosives (3p.)
- Potassium Chloride (Potash) (4p.)
- Shock Tube (3p.)
- Tellus T32 (4p.)
- W-OB POLYMER (4p.)

#### **Environment Laboratory**

- AmVer<sup>™</sup> High Range Ammonia Test 'N Tube<sup>™</sup> Reagent
- Ammonia Cyanurate Reagent
- Ammonia Salicylate Reagent
- COD TNTPlus™, LR (3-150 mg/L)
- Phosphate Acid Reagent Vials
- PhosVer® 3 Phosphate Reagent
- Potassium Persulfate
- Sodium Hydroxide Solution, 1.54 N

Updated: Oct. 23-06



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 703d#3 Floc Log

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298

www.siltstop.com

Distributed by: Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer gel

3. Hazard Identification

Placement of these materials on wet walking surface will create extreme slipping hazard.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: None.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin could cause dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap. Use of gloves

recommended.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

Ingestion: Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

**Special fire fighting precautions:** Floc Logs that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions: No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Dry wipe as well as possible. Keep in suitable and closed containers for disposal. After

cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after handling.

Storage: Keep in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Use dry handling areas only.

Updated: Oct. 23-06

**Personal Protection Equipment** 

**Respiratory Protection:** 

**Hand Protection:** Dry Cloth, Leather, or Rubber Gloves.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses with side shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** No special protective clothing required.

**Hygiene Measures:** Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Granular semi-solid gel

Color: White to Brown

Odor: None

pH: 3-10

**Melting Point:** N/A Flash Point: N/A

Autoignition: N/A

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity (EPA-821-R-02-012)

LC 50 (Survival) / Ceriodaphnia dubia / 48h / 673 ppm

NOAEC (Survival) / Ceriodaphnia dubia / 48h / 420 ppm

LC 50 / Onchorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 2928 ppm

Chronic Toxicity (EPA-821-R-02-013)

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 77.8 ppm IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 78.7 ppm NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 52.5 ppm

NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 52.7 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 50.1 ppm

IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 66.8 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 52.5 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 52.5 ppm

Bioaccumulation: The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Persistence / Degradability: Not readily biodegradable: (~85% after 180 days)

12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

NFPA and HMIS ratings:

NFPA: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1

Flammability: 0 **HMIS:** Health: 2 Reactivity: 1



1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 705 Silt Stop

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298 **Distributed by:** Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

www.siltstop.com

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer.

3. Hazard Identification

Aqueous solutions or powders that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. Use dust mask when handling.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin could cause dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap. In case of

persistent skin irritation, consult a physician.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

**Ingestion:** Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

Special fire fighting precautions: Aqueous solutions or powders that become wet render surfaces extremely

slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions:** No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Do Not flush with water. Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Keep in suitable

and closed containers for disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Use dust mask during

handling. Wash hands after handling.

**Storage:** Keep in a cool, dry place. (0-30° C).

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust if dusting occurs. Natural ventilation is adequate in absence of dust.

Updated: May 24-06

**Personal Protection Equipment** 

Respiratory Protection: Dust safety masks are recommended where dusting may occur.

**Hand Protection:** 

Dry cloth, leather or rubber Gloves.

**Eve Protection:** 

Safety glasses with side shields or face masks. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** 

No special protective clothing required.

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:

Granular solid

Color:

White

Odor:

None

pH:

5-6

**Melting Point:** 

N/A

Flash Point:

N/A

Autoignition:

N/A

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid:

Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

oxides.

#### 11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity: (EPA/600/4-90/027F)

LD 50 / Rattus norvegicus / oral / >5000 mg/kg LC 50 / Oncorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 530 mg/L

LC 50 / Daphnia magna / 48h / >420 mg/L

EC 50 / Selenastrum capricornutum / 96h / >500 mg/L

Chronic Toxicity: (EPA/600/R-98/182)

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 358 ppm

IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 157.5 ppm

NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 840 ppm

NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 105 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 94 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 105 ppm IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 27.7 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 26.25 ppm

Inhalation:

The product is not expected to be toxic by inhalation.

Dermal:

The result of testing on rabbits showed no toxicity even at high dose levels.

Bioaccumulation: Persistence / Degradability:

The product is not expected to bioaccumulate. Not readily biodegradable: (~40% after 28 days).

Chronic toxicity:

A 2 yr feeding study on rats did not reveal adverse health effects. A 1 yr feeding study on dogs did not reveal adverse health effects.

#### 12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

NFPA and HMIS ratings:

NFPA:

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

HMIS:

Health: 2

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Updated: Oct. 23-06



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 706b Floc Log

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298

www.siltstop.com

Distributed by: Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer gel mix.

3. Hazard Identification

Placement of these materials on wet walking surface will create extreme slipping hazard.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: None.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin causes dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

Ingestion: Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

**Special fire fighting precautions:** Floc Logs that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions: No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Dry wipe as well as possible. Keep in suitable and closed containers for disposal. After

cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after handling.

Storage: Keep in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Use dry handling areas only.

Personal Protection Equipment

Respiratory Protection: none.

Updated: Oct. 23-06

**Hand Protection:** 

Dry Cloth, Leather, or Rubber Gloves.

**Eye Protection:** 

Safety glasses with side shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** 

No special protective clothing required.

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:

Granular semi-solid gel

Color:

White to Brown

Odor:

None

pH:

3-10

**Melting Point:** 

N/A

Flash Point:

N/A

Autoignition:

N/A

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid:

Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

oxides.

#### 11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

#### **Acute Toxicity**

LC 50 / Daphnia magna / 48h / >420 mg/L

LC 50 / Oncorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 637 mg/L

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / >1680 ppm NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 1680 ppm IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 257.3 ppm NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 210 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / >1680 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 1680 ppm IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 91.6 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 105 ppm

Bioaccumulation:

The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Persistence / Degradability:

Not readily biodegradable (~85% after 180 days)

#### 12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

#### NFPA and HMIS ratings:

Health: 1

HMIS: Health: 1

NFPA:

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1



# Material Safety Data Sheet for Agricultural Lime

#### Section I - Identity

Manufacturer's name and address:

Ash Grove Cement Company

P. O. Box 25900

Overland Park, KS 66225

**Emergency Telephone Number:** 

(913) 451-8900

**Information Telephone Number:** 

(913) 451-8900

**Chemical Name and Synonyms:** 

Agricultural Lime

**Chemical Family:** 

Primarily a mixture of calcium carbonate and calcium hydroxide

and may contain a minor amount of calcium oxide.

**Revision Date:** 

January 2005

#### Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

	CAS Number	OSHA PEL	1994-1995 ACGIH TLV	MSHA Limit from 1973 TLV
Calcium carbonate, CaCO <sub>3</sub>	1317-65-3	Total dust, 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction, 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> **	10 mg/m³*	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	1305-62-0	5 mg/m³	5 mg/m³	N/A
Calcium oxide, CaO	1305-78-8	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m³	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
*Particulate not otherwise class **Unless contains > 1% crystalli				

N/A = Not Applicable

Agricultural Lime can contain quartz >0.1%. The MSHA 1973 TLV/OSHA PEL for quartz is respirable dust only.

10mg/m<sup>3</sup> % SiO<sub>2</sub>+2

The 2000 ACGIH TLV for respirable quartz is 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL

Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV

Threshold Limit Value

## Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

**Chemical Family:** 

Inorganic Base

Specific Gravity:

Approximate range 2.3 to 2.60

Vapor Pressure(mm Hg): 0

Vapor Density:

**Melting Point:** 

(Air=1) NA

Evaporation Rate:

NA

Solubility in Water:

0.0014% (25°C)

Appearance and Odor:

Soft white powder or granules; faint odor Calcium hydroxide-decomposes above 600°C

Calcium carbonate-decomposes above 900°C

## Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (method used): NA; Agricultural Lime is non-combustible and not explosive.

Flammable or Explosive Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA

Extinguishing Media: NA

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Agricultural Lime is incombustible

Firefighting Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or foam. For larger fires use water spray or

fog.

**CAUTION:** Saturated water solutions of calcium hydroxide or calcium oxide can have pH of 12-12.49. See Section VII for appropriate precautions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

#### Section V - Health Hazard Data

Agricultural Lime can contain quartz greater than 0.1%. Chronic long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica without the use of a proper respirator can cause silicosis. Silicosis may aggravate other chronic pulmonary conditions and may increase the risk of pulmonary tuberculosis infection. Smoking aggravates the effects of silica exposure. NTP and IARC list respirable quartz crystalline silica as a carcinogen; OSHA does not.

Route(s) of Entry of calcium hydroxide, calcium oxide, and calcium carbonate: Inhalation; skin; eyes; ingestion

- 1. Inhalation: corrosive
  - a. Acute exposure: Inhalation of low concentrations may cause sore throat, coughing, choking, dyspnea, and variable symptoms of headache, dizziness, and weakness. Intense exposures may result in tightness in the chest and delayed pulmonary edema. The solubility of the substance allows further penetration that may continue for several days.
  - b. Chronic exposure: Bronchial irritation with chronic cough are common.

#### Section V - Health Hazard Data - (Continued)

c. First aid: Remove from exposure; move to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention.

#### 2. Skin contact: corrosive

- a. Acute exposure: The substance can penetrate the skin slowly, producing soft, necrotic, deeply penetrating areas on contact. The solubility may allow further penetration that may continue for several days. The extent of damage depends on duration of contact.
- b. Chronic exposure: A chronic dermatitis may follow repeated contact.
- c. First aid: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (approximately 15-20 minutes). In the case of chemical burns, cover the affected areas with sterile, dry dressing. Bandage securely, but not too tightly. Get medical attention.

#### 3. Eye contact: corrosive

- a. Acute exposure: Direct contact with the solid or aqueous solutions may cause conjunctival edema and corneal destruction; can lead to and may cause blindness.
- b. Chronic exposure: Prolonged contact may cause conjunctivitis.
- c. First aid: Wash eyes immediately with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains (approximately 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. Qualified medical personnel should perform administration of drugs to the eyes.
- 4. Ingestion: corrosive. If ingested, consult a physician immediately.

Quartz listed as an OSHA carcinogen: NO By NTP: YES By IARC: YES Calcium carbonate, calcium oxide, calcium hydroxide listed as an OSHA carcinogen: NO By NTP NO By IARC: NO

Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure: Respiratory disorders or diseases, dermatitis or other skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Calcium hydroxide and calcium oxide will gradually absorb carbon dioxide when exposed to air, forming calcium carbonate.

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): maleic anhydride, nitroparaffins, nitromethane, nitroethane, and nitropropane; all can form explosive salts with calcium hydroxide.

Phosphorous, when boiled with alkaline hydroxides, yields mixed phosphines that may ignite spontaneously in air.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Water: Calcium hydroxide and calcium oxide form corrosive solutions with water; pH: 12-12.49.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products: When heated above 580°C, calcium hydroxide loses water to form calcium oxide, quicklime.

Conditions to Avoid: NA

## Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

#### Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Pick up spilled powder; avoiding dusting conditions. Spills should not be flushed to surface waters or sewers. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal requirements.

Handling:

Avoid generation of excessive dust.

Storing:

Protect against physical damage and store in dry place away from water or moisture.

#### Section VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved (under 30 CFR 11) or NIOSH-approved (under 42 CFR 84) respirators in poorly ventilated areas, if an applicable exposure limit is exceeded, or when dust causes discomfort or irritation. (Advisory: Respirators and filters purchased after July 10, 1998 must be certified under 42 CFR 84.)

**Firefighting:** Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode.

Ventilation: Enclose all dusty processes; use local exhaust ventilation. Use mechanical ventilation to vent dust to collector.

Protective Gloves: Gauntlet type work gloves.

Eye Protection: Tight fitting goggles.

Other Protective Equipment: To avoid contact with skin, use long sleeve shirt and long pants; can use protective cream on exposed skin areas.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid skin contact with product. If skin contact has occurred promptly remove from skin with soap and water. Follow listed precautions as appropriate during the repair and/or maintenance of contaminated equipment.

This product neither contains nor is directly manufactured with any controlled ozone depleting substances, Class I and II.

#### Section 1 - Product Identification & Use

Product Name: Aluminum Sulphate
WHMIS Classification: Class D2B. Toxic Materials

TDG Classification: Only regulated for TDG under class 9 if intended for

disposal.

Supplier: Advance Chemicals Ltd.

2023 Kingsway Avenue Port Coquitlam, BC V3C 1S9 Phone: (604) 945-9666

Fax: (604)945-9617

Emergency phone: CANUTEC 24 hrs. (613) 996-6666

#### Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients

Hazardous Components %(w/w) C.A.S. No. LD<sub>50</sub> & LC<sub>50</sub>

Sulphuric acid, aluminum salt 60-100 10043-01-3 6207mg/kg, Oral(Mouse)

#### Section 3 - Physical Data

Physical state: Solid. Granules, or powder.

Liquid density: 1.61 g/mL

pH: >2.9 @ 5%

Vapour pressure: N/A

Dilling point: 290°C

Freezing point: 86°C

Solubility in water: Yes

Evaporation rate: N/A

Odour & Appearance: White to creamy white odourless solid.

#### Section 4 - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flammability: The product is not considered to be flammable.

Extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing media for surrounding the fire, or all purpose foam by manufacturer's recommended techniques for large fires. Use water to cool fire exposed containers to prevent vapour build-up and rupture.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Wear self contained breathing apparatus. Product reacts with most metals to produce hydrogen gas, which may accumulate to produce explosive and/or flammable mixtures with air. Reacts violently with water with the evolution of heat.

#### Section 5 - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable.

Incompatible substances: Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalis. Water-reactive materials such as oleum cause exothermic reactions.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Temperatures over 760°C. Contact with water forms sulphuric acid. May corrode ferrous metals and mild steel in presence of moisture. Hazardous Combustion Products: At temperatures above 760°C, sulfur oxide gases are released which are toxic, corrosive and are oxidizers. The remaining residue is caustic. The trioxide is also a fire hazard. Oxides of aluminum.

#### Section 6 - Toxicological Properties

Acute Toxicity: Aluminum Sulphate has been shown to cause liver, kidney and nervous system toxicity when tested on animals. Repeated ingestion may cause phosphate deficiency, which can weaken bones.

Skin contact: Burning, inflammation, blisters.

Eye contact: May irritate or burn eyes.

Inhalation: Dust or mist inhalation may irritate nose, throat and lungs.

Ingestion: May irritate the gastrointestinal tract and cause nausea, vomiting and purging. Acute exposure can cause incoorination, muscle spasms and kidney effects.

#### Section 7 - Preventative Measures

Personal Protective Equipment: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear chemical protective gloves, goggles and face shield, rubber apron and boots. Eye wash fountains and safety shower facilities should be provided nearby for emergency use.

Respiratory protection: Use a NIOSH approved dust mask, for concentrations of up to 10 mg/m³. A NIOSH approved air-purrifying respirator equipped with acid gas/fume, mist cartridges for concentrations up to 20 mg/m³. An air supplied respirator if concentrations are unknown.

Ventilation Requirements: This product should be used in a well ventilated area at all times.

Action to take for spills & leaks: Wear chemical protective clothing, rubber gloves and suitable respiratory protection. Small spills should be wiped up with absorbent material and disposed of in government approved waste containers. The spilled product can be neutralized with a soda ash or baking soda and wet down with a little water to form a slurry. The spill area may then be flushed with large quantities of water. Larger spills should be contained by diking with sand, soil or other absorbent, non-combustible material, then transferred into approved waste containers for proper disposal. Keep product out of sewers, storm drains, surface

run-off water and soil. Restrict access to non-protected personnel. Comply with all government regulations on spill reporting, handling and disposal of waste.

Disposal methods: Dispose of contaminated product and materials used in cleaning up spills or leaks in a manner approved for this material. Consult appropriate federal, provincial and local regulatory agencies to ascertain proper disposal procedures.

Note: Empty containers can have residues, gasses and mists, and are subject to proper waste disposal as mentioned above.

Storage & Handling Precautions: Warning, harmful or fatal if swallowed. Causes eye, skin and respiratory irritation. Avoid contact with eyes and repeated contact with skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from sources of heat and open flame. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store upright in a cool, dry, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Do not use pressure to empty container. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Tanks must be grounded and ventilated. Ensure proper electrical grounding procedures are in place during product transfer.

Repair and Maintenance Precautions: Do not cut, grind, weld or drill in, on or near this container.

#### Section 8 - First Aid Measures

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate emergency medical attention.

In case of eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with clean water for at least twenty (20) minutes, lifting the upper and lower eye lids occasionally. Get immediate emergency medical attention. Do not transport victim until the recommended flushing period has been completed, unless eye flushing can be continued during transport to the nearest emergency medical treatment facility.

In case of skin contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of clean running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If irritation persists after washing, get immediate medical attention. Wash and launder clothes before re-use.

In case of ingestion or swallowing: If victim is conscious and not convulsing, give one or two glasses of water to dilute material. Immediately contact the local poison control centre. Vomiting should only be induced under the direction of a physician or poison control centre. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in the vomitus. Rinse mouth and administer more water. Never GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM. GET IMMEDIATE EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION.

#### Section 9 - Preparation Information

Advance Chemicals Limited expressly disclaims all expressed or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product provided. The information contained herein is offered only as a guide to the handling of this specific product, and has been prepared in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. This M.S.D.S. is not intended to be all inclusive, and the manner and conditions of use may involve other and additional considerations.

Revised: 19 October 2006; 15 December 2006



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2008-08-01 Supersedes: 2008-08-01





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity Class D2B Skin Irritation

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

**SHELL AVGAS 100 LL** 

SYNONYMS:

**AVIATION GASOLINE** 

May contain anti-icing additive (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel

PRODUCT CODE:

101-200

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

Shell Emergency Number

1-800-661-7378

P.O. Box 100, Station M

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-613-996-6666

400-4th Ave. S.W.

For general information: 1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

www.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.
\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Alkylate	64741-66-8	80 - 90	Yes
Toluene	108-88-3	8 - 10	Yes
i-Pentane	78-78-4	5 - 10	Yes
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	111-77-3	0 - 0.15	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description:

Volatile Liquid Blue Colour Clear Typical Gasoline Odour

Routes of Exposure:

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Revision Number: 11

Flammable Liquid. Irritating to skin.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

At very high concentrations this product can have an anesthetic (drowsiness, weakness) and asphyxiant effect. In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing

heart arrythmia.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from edical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested,

vomiting should be induced with supervision.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Dry

Dry Chemical Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions:

Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use water except as a spray. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

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**Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products:** 

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

be formed upon combustion.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local and provincial authorities for acceptable values.

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)

Pentane: 600 ppm Toluene: 20 ppm

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

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#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is **Eye Protection:** 

handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical State:** Volatile Liquid Appearance: Blue Colour Clear Odour: Typical Gasoline Odour

**Odour Threshold:** Not available

Freeze Point < -58 °C Freezing/Pour Point:

**Boiling Point:** 70 - 170 °C **Density:** Not available Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available

38 - 49 kPa @ 38 °C Vapour Pressure (absolute):

pH:

Not applicable Flash Point: TCC < 1 °C Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.) **Upper Flammable Limit:** 7.6 % (vol.) **Autoignition Temperature:** Not available Viscosity: Not available Not available Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):

Not available Partition Coefficient (log Kow): Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemically Stable:** Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No Sensitive to Static Discharge:

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids. **Conditions of Reactivity:** Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Alkylate	LC50 Inhalation Rat > 11000 mg/m3 for 4hours
	LD50 Dermal Rat > 4000 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral Rat > 8000 mg/kg

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Toluene	LD50 Oral Rat = 5000 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat = 8000 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit = 14000 mg/kg
i-Pentane	
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	LD50 Oral Rat 4140 - 5180 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on the ingredients, this product is expected to be irritating to skin.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. This product contains low levels of lead. Chronic, low grade exposure to lead compounds could lead to insomnia, anorexia, nausea and

vomiting, diarrhea, anemia, sensory loss and muscular weakness.

Feto/Teratogenicity: A component of this product has shown adverse effects on the growth and

development of the fetus in some animal studies.

Pre-existing Conditions: Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to

this product.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

**Biodegradability:** Readily biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Not likely to bioaccumulate.

Partition Coefficient (log Kow): Not available

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Naphtha	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
(Petroleum), Light	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Alkylate	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Toluene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
i-Pentane	
Ethanol, 2-(2-	
methoxyethoxy)-	

**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

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respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number Proper Shipping Name UN1203 GASOLINE

Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class

Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group

PG II

Additional Information

Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description

GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS Class:** 

Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity
Class D2B Skin Irritation

**DSL/NDSL Status:** 

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status:

No Canadian federal standards. Provincial criteria are likely and should be

requested when notifying provincial authorities.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement:

Flammable Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

**Handling Statement:** 

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

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residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section

1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 9

Section 10 Section 11 Section 12 Section 15



#### **CALCIUM CHLORIDE, FLAKE**

#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

TRADE NAME (COMMON NAME).

FLAKE CALCIUM CHLORIDE	10043-52-4 (anhydrous)	
CHEMICAL NAME AND/OR SYNONYM: Calcium Chloride, Dihydrate		
FORMULA: CaCl <sub>2</sub> - 2H <sub>2</sub> O	MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 147.02	
MANUFACTURER/ADDRESS: GENERAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION 90 East Halsey Road Parsippany, NJ 07054		

CAC MUMPED

CONTACT:

Manager, Product Safety

PHONE NUMBER:

(973) 515-1840

LAST ISSUE DATE: September, 1994 CURRENT ISSUE DATE:

May, 2001

B. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER:** 

(800) 631-8050

EYES:

Flush promptly with plenty of water, continuing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air.

INGESTION:

If conscious, immediately give 2 to 4 glasses of water, and induce vomiting by touching finger to back of throat.

Get medical attention for irritation, ingestion, or discomfort from inhalation.

#### C. HAZARDS INFORMATION

# INHALATION: Dust or mist inhalation may irritate nose, throat, and lungs. INGESTION: Low in toxicity. LD<sub>50</sub> (rat): 1.4 g/kg.\* - Reference (e) May irritate gastrointestinal tract. \*anhydrous basis. SKIN: May cause skin irritation. Under conditions of prolonged contact or when moisture is present, superficial burns may result. Contact with abraded skin or cuts can cause severe necrosis. EYES: May irritate or burn eyes. PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION: AIR (SEE SECTION J) Also, no TLV established by ACGIH. UNUSUAL CHRONIC TOXICITY: None.

# C. HAZARDS (Cont.)

FLASH POINT: Not flammable	AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	S IN AIR (% BY VOL.)
OPEN CUP ☐ CLOSED CUP ☐	NA	LOWER - NA	UPPER - NA
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS			
See hazard of contact with zinc as in galvanized in	on: Section G.		

# D. PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES

FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS RECOMMENDED: NA	
FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS TO AVOID:	
NA	
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PRECAUTIONS:	
None.	
VENTILATION:	
<b>Local exhaust:</b> In packaging and uploading areas, over open processing equipment, and any other <b>Natural ventilation:</b> Adequate for other areas.	places where dusty or misty condition prevails.
NORMAL HANDLING:	
Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist. Use good personal hygiene and ho	usekeeping.
STORAGE:	
Store in a cool, dry area. Prolonged storage may cause product to cake and become wet from atmo	ospheric moisture.
SPILL OR LEAK (ALWAYS WEAR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE QUIPMENT - SECTION E)	
Shovel up dry chemical and place in metal drum with a cover. Cautiously spray residue with plenty	of water.
SPECIAL: PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES/LABEL INSTRUCTIONS:	SIGNAL WORD
	WARNING!

# E. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:
For dusty or misty condition, wear NIOSH-approved mist respirator.
EYES AND FACE:
For dusty or misty condition, or when handling solution where there is reasonable probability of eye contact, wear chemical safety googles and hat.
Under these conditions, do not wear contact lenses.
HANDS, ARMS, AND BODY:
As a minimum, wear long-sleeve shirt and trousers, boots, and gloves for routine product use.
Cotton gloves permitted for dry product, impervious gloves when using solutions.
OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:
Eye-wash facility.

F. PHYSICAL DATA					
MATERIAL IS AT NORMAL CON	DITIONS:		APPEARANCE AND Small white flakes; od		······
BOILING POINT:	Jnknown °C	SPECIFIC GRAVITY: (H₂O = 1)		VAPOR DENSITY: (AIR =1)	
MELTING POINT:	176 °C	0.835	- Reference (b)	NA:	water vapor only.
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: (% BY WEIGHT) 42 (anhydrous)	@ 20°C	pH: Neutral or sligh - Reference		VAPOR PRESSURE: (mm Hg @ 20°C) ☐ ( NA	PSIG) []
EVAPORATION RATE: (Butyl acetate=1)	0) [	% VOLATILES BY VOLUM (AT 20°C) NA	IE:		

## G. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:				
UNSTABLE ☐ STABLE ☑	NA				
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID	D):				
		reactive. Water-reactive materials, such as sodium: cause an exothermic			
		ence (d). Zinc as in galvanized iron: yields hydrogen gas with solutions.			
		ince (u). Zinc as in gaivanized from yields hydrogen gas with solutions,			
which may explode under these conditions	which may explode under these conditions Reference (d).				
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:					
None.					
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	CONDITION	S TO AVOID:			
MAY OCCUR  WILL NOT OCCUR	⊠ N	1			
		W.			

# H. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS (MIXTURES ONLY)

MATERIAL OR COMPONENT/C.A.S. #	WT.%	HAZARD DATA (See Sect. J)
NA		

1.	EN.	VIR	INC	ИE	NT	Αl

DEGRADABILITY/AQUATIC TOXICITY:	OCTAN	OL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT				
		NA				
Aquetic Tavicity: Tl m06: ever 1000 ppm (aphydraus)   Peferance (a)						
Aquatic Toxicity: TLm96: over 1000 ppm (anhydrous) – Reference (a).						
	EPA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE? (CLEAN WATER ACT SECT. 311) YES □ NO ☒ IF SO, REPORTABLE QUANTITY:  40 CFF 116-11					
WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS (DISPOSER MUST COMPLY WITH FI	EDERAL, STATE AND	LOCAL DISPOSAL OR DISCHARGE LA	ws):			
Treatment or disposal of waste generated by use of this product should Users are advised to consult with appropriate regulatory agencies before	be reviewed in terms of e discharge, treatment o	applicable federal, state and local laws ar or disposal.	nd regulations.			
RCRA STATUS OF <u>UNUSED</u> MATERIAL IF DISCARDERD: Not a "hazardous waste".	HAZARDOUS WA	ASTE NUMBER: (IF APPLICABLE)	40 CFR 261			
J. REFERENCES						
PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS REFERENCES:						
None.						
REGULATORY STANDARDS	DOT CLASSIFICATION	<b>`</b> N•	49 CFR			
TEGGENTON GIANDANDO	Not regulated					
None.						
CENEDAL.						
GENERAL:  (a) NIOSH, Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, 1979, Accession No. EV 98 00 000.						
(b) Weast, R.C. editor, CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, 60 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 1979-80, CRC Press, Inc., Boca Raton 33431. (c) Hawley, G.N., editor, Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 9 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 1977, Van Nostrand Reinhold, NYC.						
(d) Brethwick, L., Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1979, Butterworths, Boston. (e) General Chemical Corporation tests, unpublished. (A solution of 25 g/100 ml water was used).						
K. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION						
None.						
			GC-1002			

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET IS OFFFERED SOLELY FOR YOUR INFORMATION, CONSIDERATION AND INVESTIGATION.

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Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300 CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666 MSDS #1108 Date 08/05/08

Supercedes

MSDS # 1108 01/23/06

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

DYNO® CORD SENSITIVE BOOSTERS - CS35, CS45, CS90, CS135

TROJAN<sup>®</sup> SPARTAN<sup>®</sup>
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> SPARTAN<sup>®</sup> Slider
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> Stinger
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> NB

TROJAN® NB UNIVERSAL

TROJAN® Twinplex

Product Class: Cast Boosters

Product Appearance & Odor: Tan to brown solid with no odor. May also be silvery gray.

Packaged in paper or plastic tube.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: Booster 1.1D UN0042 II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Available (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exposure Limits			
Ingredients:	CAS#	% (Range)	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	<b>OSHA PEL-TWA</b>		
Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate	78-11-5	35-70	None Established	None Established		
(PETN)				_		
Trinitrotoluene	118-96-7	30-50	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)		
RDX	121-82-4	0-25	0.5 mg/m³ (skin)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)		
HMX	2691-41-0	0-5	None Established	None Established		
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0-15	10 mg/m³ (dust)	15 mg/m³ (total)		

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

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#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Melting Point: 176° F (80° C) (TNT) Vapor Density: Not applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): Not applicable

**Vapor Pressure:** 0.042mm Hg at 80° C (TNT)

**Density:** 1.55 - 1.65 g/cc

Solubility in Water: < 0.01%

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: Not applicable Flammable Limits: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section).

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: Particulates in the eye may cause irritation, redness, and tearing. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause cataracts, optic neuritis, blurred vision or amblyopia.

Prolonged contact may cause irritation, severe eczema and sensitization dermatitis. TNT may be absorbed through the skin, which may be indicated by orange staining on exposed skin. See systemic effects below.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. See systemic effects below.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts may cause irritation, sneezing or coughing. See systemic effects below.

Systemic or Other Effects: TNT is an irritant, neurotoxin, hepatotoxin, nephrotoxin and bone marrow depressant. Although exposure is unlikely, acute or chronic exposure may cause sensitization dermatitis, headache, dizziness, jaundice, lethargy, or problems with the liver or blood such as toxic nephritis, aplastic anemia, hemolytic anemia or methemoglobin formation. PETN is a known coronary vasodilator, and ingestion or inhalation may result in a lowering of blood pressure, headache or faintness, and a decreased tolerance for grain alcohol. Repeated over-exposure may result in chest pains in the absence of exposure.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

**Ingestion:** Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: In case of irritation, remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if chronic symptoms occur.

Special Considerations: None.

#### SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, friction, impact, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and bases or alkalis). Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Non-permeable gloves and work clothing that reduce skin contact are recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry location. Store in compliance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources or strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosives material be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name None Applicable **CAS Number** 

% By Weight

#### **Disclaimer**

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MSDS Number: C4730 \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 09/16/09 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 08/02/07

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



J.T.Baker

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. and Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# **CITRIC ACID**

# 1. Product Identification

**Synonyms:** 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, monohydrate

**CAS No.:** 77-92-9 (Anhydrous) 5949-29-1 (Monohydrate)

Molecular Weight: 210.14

Chemical Formula: H3C6H5O7.H2O

**Product Codes:** 

J.T. Baker: 0110, 0115, 0116, 0118, 0119, 0120

Mallinckrodt: 0616, 0627, 7788

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Citric Acid	77-92-9	99 - 100%	Yes

## 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

WARNING! CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.

**SAF-T-DATA** (tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Health Rating: 1 - Slight Flammability Rating: 1 - Slight

Reactivity Rating: 1 - Signt Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate Contact Rating: 3 - Severe

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: Green (General Storage)

\_\_\_\_\_

#### **Potential Health Effects**

-----

#### Inhalation:

Causes irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath.

#### **Ingestion:**

Causes irritation to the gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Extremely large oral dosages may produce gastrointestinal disturbances. Calcium deficiency in blood may result in severe cases of ingestion.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Causes irritation to skin. Symptoms include redness, itching, and pain.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Highly irritating; may also be abrasive.

#### **Chronic Exposure:**

Chronic or heavy acute ingestion may cause tooth enamel erosion.

#### **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

No adverse health effects expected.

#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### **Ingestion:**

Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

Autoignition temperature: 1011C (1852F)

As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures or by contact with an ignition source.

#### **Explosion:**

Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

#### Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide.

#### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

None established.

#### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

#### Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

For conditions of use where exposure to dust or mist is apparent and engineering controls are not feasible, a particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

#### **Eve Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

```
Appearance:
White granules.
Odor:
Odorless.
Solubility:
ca. 60 g/100 ml @ 20C (Anhydrous)
Density:
1.542
pH:
2.2 (0.1 N sol)
% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):
Boiling Point:
No information found.
Melting Point:
ca. 100C (ca. 212F)
Vapor Density (Air=1):
No information found.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):
No information found.
Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):
```

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### **Stability:**

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

#### **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

#### **Incompatibilities:**

Metal nitrates (potentially explosive reaction), alkali carbonates and bicarbonates, potassium tartrate. Will corrode copper, zinc, aluminum and their alloys.

#### **Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 3 gm/kg; irritation skin rabbit: 500 mg/24H mild; eye rabbit: 750 ug/24H severe.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No	No	None

# 12. Ecological Information

#### **Environmental Fate:**

No information found.

#### **Environmental Toxicity:**

No information found.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

Not regulated.

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1\				
Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\			 ada	
Ingredient			a DSL 	NDSL	
Citric Acid (77-92-9)			Yes		
\Federal, State & International Re	_				313
Ingredient			List		ical Catg.
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No		No		No
\Federal, State & International Re	gulati	ons -	Part 2\ -RCRA-		
Ingredient	CERCL		261.33	8 (	d)
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No				
Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12 SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No Reactivity: No (Pure / Solid)					

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

**Poison Schedule:** None allocated.

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.

#### **Label Precautions:**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Avoid breathing dust.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Label First Aid:**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In all cases, get medical attention.

#### **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

**Revision Information:** 

No Changes.

Disclaimer:

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**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

Revision Number: 02



# **Avjet Holding Inc. Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2009-12-09 Supersedes: 2009-09-02





Class B3 Combustible Class D2B Other Toxic Liquid Effects - Skin Irritant

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: LOW SULPHUR DIESEL CP-43

SYNONYMS: Diesel

Automotive Gas Oil

PRODUCT USE: Fuel Solvent MSDS Number: 320-043

MANUFACTURER TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Aviet Helding Inc.

Aviet Emergency Number

Avjet Holding Inc. Avjet Emergency Number 1-866-472-0007

900, Lemire Boulevard

Drummondville, QC Canada For general information: (819) 479-1000 J2C 7W8 For MSDS information: (819) 479-1000

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Avjet Holding Inc.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name CAS Number % Range WHMIS Controlled

Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 68476-34-6 100 Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid Clear To Yellow Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

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Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Combustible Liquid. Irritating to skin.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages.

**Handling:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a

cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread

fire. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

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Hazardous Combustion Products:

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage: S

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Diesel fuel, as total hydrocarbons: 100 mg/m3

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

Mechanical Concentrations in air should be maintained below the recommended threshold limit Ventilation:

value if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as

required to control vapour concentrations. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne

concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product

is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in

the area.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this

> material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for

emergency use.

Respiratory If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-Protection:

approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with

organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either selfcontained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL DATA

**Physical State:** Liquid

Appearance: Clear To Yellow Odour: Hydrocarbon Odour **Odour Threshold:** Not available

Freezing/Pour Point: Cloud Point-43 °C **Boiling Point:** 150 - 330 °C

Density: < 850 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available Not available Vapour Pressure (absolute): pH: Not available

Flash Point: Pensky-Martens CC > 40 °C

**Lower Explosion Limit:** 1 % (vol.) **Upper Explosion Limit:** 6 % (vol.) 250 °C **Autoignition Temperature:** 

1.3 - 2.1 cSt Viscosity: @ 40 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): Not available Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemically Stable:** Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No **Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:** Nο Sensitive to Static Discharge: Yes

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**Hazardous Decomposition** Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on

**Products:** combustion conditions.

Avoid strong oxidizing agents. **Incompatible Materials:** 

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified) **Toxicological Data** 

LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 LD50 Oral Rat = 9000 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin Irritancy:

sensitizer.

**Acute Toxicity:** Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to

the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are

anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

> skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central

nervous system depression.

Pre-existing Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure

**Conditions:** to this product.

Carcinogenicity and

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this Mutagenicity: product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates

have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left

in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the

continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with

unknown relevance to humans.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable. Bioaccumulation: Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): Not available

#### **Aquatic Toxicity**

May be harmful to aquatic life.

Ingredient: **Toxicological Data** 

Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

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**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for

low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the

water accommodated fraction.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1202
Proper Shipping Name DIESEL FUEL

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG III

Additional Information Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

Shipping Description DIESEL FUEL Class 3 UN1202 PG III

Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant

**DSL/NDSL Status:** This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances

List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standards.

#### **16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Revision Number: 02

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement : Combustible Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

**Handling Statement:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts,

liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.

Changes have been made to:

Section 1 Section 3 Section 5 Section 8 Section 9 Section 12

Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1126 Date 08/13/08

Supercedes MSDS # 1126 01/24/05

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

PRIMALINE® PRIMACORD® PRIMASHEAR™ OPTICORD<sup>®</sup> **GEOSEIS®** LOW FLEX™ FIRELINE CORD

**Product Class:** 

**Detonating Cord** 

Product Appearance & Odor: Flexible cord of woven textile with a protected explosive core of PETN (white crystalline powder) and covered by a white or colored plastic or textile jacket. May have a waxed finish. No odor.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: UN0065 Cord, Detonating 1.1D II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Occupational Exposure Limits **Ingredients** CAS# OSHA PEL-TWA **ACGIH TLV-TWA** 

Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)

78-11-5

None<sup>1</sup>

None<sup>2</sup>

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable (PETN decomposes at melting point, about 141°C)

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable Solubility in Water: Insoluble.

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Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m³; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m³.
 Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m³; respirable part., 3 mg/m³. Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

<sup>\*</sup> Core powder is 100% PETN. The approximate amount of PETN in a given grade of cord is expressed as that number of grams of PETN per linear meter of cord. Range is from 1 to 280 gram/meter. Example: PRIMALINE® 5 contains approximately 5 grams PETN per meter of cord. (1 gram/meter = 4.7 grains/foot)

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe, distant location. Allow fire to burn unless it can be fought remotely or with fixed extinguishing systems (sprinklers). For transportation fires involving large quantities of detonating cord, such as a trailer load, evacuate no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning or detonating material may produce toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

**Effects of Overexposure** 

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the explosive core material under normal conditions of use.

Eyes:

May cause irritation, redness and tearing.

Skin:

PETN is not known as a skin irritant or sensitizer.

Ingestion: PETN is moderately toxic if ingested. See systemic effects below.

Inhalation: See systemic effects below.

Systemic or Other Effects: PETN is a known coronary vasodilator, and ingestion or inhalation may result in a lowering of blood pressure, headache or faintness, and a decreased tolerance for grain alcohol. Repeated over-exposure may result in chest pains in the absence of exposure. Systemic effects by ingestion include dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: No constituents are listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Eye:

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Special Considerations: None.

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock,

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate all personnel to a safe distant area and allow to burn or fight fire remotely. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If explosive powder is spilled from damaged detonating cord, remove all other explosives from the spill area. Wet down and clean spilled powder using a damp sponge or rag, avoid applying friction or pressure to the explosive, and place in a (Velostat) electrically conductive bag. Contamination of this material with sand, grit or dirt will render the material more sensitive to detonation. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other

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clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Work gloves and work clothing that reduce the possibility of skin abrasion and that would prevent

contact with spilled explosive powder is suggested.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Only properly qualified and authorized personnel should handle and use explosives. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death. Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Detonation in confined or unventilated areas may result in exposure to hazardous fumes or oxygen deficiency.

Other Precautions: It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name None **CAS Number** 

% By Weight

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## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT**

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Jan. 3, 2006

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 604-940-6050

**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 604-940-6080

PRODUCT NAME: **DR-133 POLYMER** 

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Anionic polyacrylamides in oil-water CAS#: Mixture

emulsion

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: B3; D2B

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Combustible liquid; skin and eye irritant

### TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

## **SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	% (v/v)	CAS NUMBER	LD50Oral-Rat	LC <sub>50</sub> Inhal-Rat	ACGIH-TLV
Mineral spirits	30-60	64742-47-8	>5000 mg/kg	Not available	Not established
Alkylphenol ethoxylate	3-7	68412-54-4	3000 mg/kg	Not available	Not established
Ethoxylated C <sub>12-15</sub> alcohol	0.5-1.5	68131-39-5	>3200 mg/kg	Not available	Not established

#### **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX]EYE CONTACT [XX]SKIN [ ]INHALATION [XX]INGESTION EYE CONTACT: Severe irritant. Can cause redness, tissue destruction, and irritation.

SKIN CONTACT: Irritant. Low acute dermal toxicity. Can cause redness, inflammation

and irritation on prolonged contact.

INGESTION: Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea, diarrhea and abdominal

cramps.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of exposure.

DR-133 Polymer Page 2 of 4

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

No information available.

No information available.

MUTAGENICITY: SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:

No information available.

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists,

obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water for 15 minutes or until irritation

subsides. Obtain medical attention when flushing period is complete.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Obtain immediate

medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth if patient is

unconscious, rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If

breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Liquid emulsion; petroleum odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

BOILING POINT (°C):

MELTING POINT (°C):

Not available

Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Forms gel pH: 7-9 (@, 0.6%)

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available EVAPORATION RATE: Not available Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not applicable

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 65°C (TCC) FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to

a water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area,

or cool with water spray, if possible.

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UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapours may travel to ignition source and flash back.

#### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []
INCOMPATIBILITY Avoid contact with strong oxidizers and strong

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): reducing agents. Avoid ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon and nitrogen upon combustion

PRODUCTS:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

#### **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

#### SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use approved respirators with organic vapour

cartridges if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering controls to maintain vapour/mist level below TLV.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Neoprene or viton recommended.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear chemical goggles when handling.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash

(Specify): station and emergency shower are available.

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid all contact with material. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container. Empty packages contain residual hazardous material; handle and store as if full.

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if possible to do so without risk. Dike spill to prevent spread. Use vacuum to pick up large spills. Soak up residual and small spills with absorbent materials. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material and absorbents in appropriate container for disposal.

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#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

# **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: SUPERSEDES:

January 3, 2006

BY:

Product safety committee

March 31, 2003

PHONE:

780-440-4923

Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300 CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666 MSDS # 1076 Date 08/13/08

Supercedes

MSDS # 1076 10/25/07

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s): ELECTRIC SUPER™ COAL

ELECTRIC SUPER™ LP
ELECTRIC SUPER™ SP
ELECTRIC SUPER™ SEISMIC
ELECTRIC SUPER™ INSTANT
ELECTRIC SUPER™ DIPED™

**Product Class:** 

Detonators, Electric

Product Appearance & Odor: Metal cylinder with varying length of attached plastic coated wires.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: UN0030 Detonators, Electric 1.1B II

Or

UN0255 Detonators, Electric 1.4B II

Or

UN0456 Detonators, Electric 1.4S II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

		EXPOSURE L	<u>MITS</u>
Ingredients	CAS#	OSHA PEL-TWA	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Tungsten	7440-33-7	None <sup>1</sup>	5 mg/m³ (TWA) 10 mg/m³ (STEL)
Barium Chromate	10294-40-3	1 mg (CrO <sub>3</sub> )/10m <sup>3</sup> (ceiling)	0.01 mg (Cr)/m <sup>3</sup>
		0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup> 0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup> 0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup> None <sup>2</sup>
Lead Compounds		0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>
Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate (PETN)	78-11-5	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>
Boron	7440-42-8	No Value Established	No Value Established
Potassium Perchlorate <sup>3</sup>	7778-74-7	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>
Diazodinitrophenol (DDNP)	4682-03-5	No Value Established	No Value Established
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	No Value Established	No Value Established

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m³; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m³.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable part., 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not all delay periods contain perchlorate. Those that do contain between from about 4 to a maximum of about 25 mg perchlorate per detonator.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: Not Applicable Density: Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable Solubility in Water: Not Applicable

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: Not Applicable Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: None

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the explosive material under normal conditions of use. Exposure concerns are primarily with post-detonation reaction products, particularly heavy metal compounds.

**Eyes:** No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures. Particulates in the eye may cause irritation, redness and tearing.

Skin: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures.

Ingestion: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure.

**Systemic or Other Effects:** None anticipated with normal handling procedures. Repeated inhalation or ingestion of post-detonation reaction products may lead to systemic effects such as respiratory tract irritation, ringing of the ears, dizziness, elevated blood pressure, blurred vision and tremors. Heavy metal (lead) poisoning can occur.

Carcinogenicity: ACGIH classifies Lead as a "Suspected Human Carcinogen" and insoluble Chromium VI as "Confirmed Human Carcinogen". NTP, OSHA, and IARC consider components contained in this detonator carcinogenic.

Perchlorate: Perchlorate can potentially inhibit iodide uptake by the thyroid and result in a decrease in thyroid hormone. The National Academy of Sciences (NAS) has reviewed the toxicity of perchlorate and has concluded that even the most sensitive populations could ingest up to 0.7 microgram perchlorate per kilogram of body weight per day without adversely affecting health. The USEPA must establish a maximum contaminant level (MCL) for perchlorate in drinking water by 2007, and this study by NAS may result in a recommendation of about 20 ppb for the MCL.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Not applicable.

Special Considerations: None

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Groundbreaking Performance

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, strong shock and electrical impulse. Do not attempt to disassemble.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (acids and bases)

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide (CO), Nitrous Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Lead (Pb) and various oxides and complex oxides of metals.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

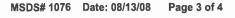
**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required. **Protective Clothing:** Cotton clothing is suggested. **Eye Protection:** Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, strong shock, and electrical impulses. **Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.





#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

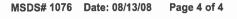
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Max. Ibs/1000 units
Lead	7439-92-1	0.016
(	(Use Toxic Chemical Category Code)	
Barium Compounds	N040	0.093*
Chromium Compounds	N090	0.093*
Lead Compounds	N420	0.091

Amount of Lead in Detonator Product Line *				
Product	lb Pb compounds per 1000 detonators	lb Pb per 1000 detonators		
Electric Super SP	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super LP	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super Coal	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Instant	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super Seismic	0.0000	0.0000		
Electric Super DiPED	0.0000	0.0157		

<sup>\*</sup> No barium or chromium compounds are present in the Electric Super Instant, Seismic or DiPED detonators. The exact quantity and weight percent of Section 313 Chemicals in each delay period and wire length for each product is available upon request.

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**Dvno Nobel Inc.** 

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1030 09/05/07 Date

Supercedes MSDS # 1030 03/27/07

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

#### Trade Name(s):

DYNO® AP DYNO<sup>®</sup> AP PLUS DYNO<sup>®</sup> AP PLUS LD DYNO<sup>®</sup> E5 DYNO® MC DYNO® MC PLUS DYNO® SL DYNO® SL PLUS DYNO® TX DYNO® XTRA DYNOSPLIT® AP

POWERMITE® POWERMITE® AP POWERMITE® Canadian POWERMITE® LD POWERMITE® LD PLUS POWERMITE® PLUS POWERMITE® RAISE BOMB™

POWERMITE® SL

POWERMITE® SL PLUS

Product Class: Emulsion Explosives, Packaged

Product Appearance & Odor: White or pink opaque semi-solid, which will appear gray if product contains aluminum.

Little or no odor. Typically paper or plastic chub packaging.

Explosive, Blasting, Type E 1.1D UN0241 II **DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** 

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Available (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

		Occupational Exposure		
Ingredients:	CAS#	% (Range)	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL-TWA
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	60-80	None	None
Sodium Nitrate	7631-99-4	10-18	None	None
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0-15	10 mg/m³ (dust)	15 mg/m³ (total)
Mineral Oil	64742-35-4	0-3	5 mg/m³ (mist)	None

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

MSDS# 1030 Date: 09/05/07 Page 1 of 3



#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable Density: 0.95-1.25 g/cc

Percent Volatile by Volume: <20 (water) Solubility in Water: Product partially dissolves very

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): <1

# **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: >100°C Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic

vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: May cause irritation, redness and tearing.Skin: Prolonged contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Large amounts may be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure. **Systemic or Other Effects:** None known.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If irritation occurs, remove to fresh air.

Special Considerations: None.

MSDS# 1030 Date: 09/05/07

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or

high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantity.

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Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.



#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

**Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:** Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Gloves and work clothing that reduce skin contact are suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

The reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372 may become applicable if the physical state of this product is changed to an aqueous solution. If an aqueous solution of this product is manufactured, processed, or otherwise used, the nitrate compounds category and ammonia listing of the previously referenced regulation should be reviewed.

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## **HALLIBURTON**

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Product Trade Name:** 

**EZ-MUD®** 

**Revision Date:** 

02-Jan-2007

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Trade Name:** 

**EZ-MUD®** 

Synonyms:

None Blend

Chemical Family: Application:

Shale Inhibitor

Manufacturer/Supplier

**Baroid Drilling Fluids** 

a Product Service Line of Halliburton Energy Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 1675 Houston, TX 77251

Telephone: (281) 871-4000

Emergency Telephone: (281) 575-5000

**Prepared By** 

Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE	CAS Number	PERCENT	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	OSHA PEL-TWA
Hydrotreated light petroleum	64742-47-8	10 - 30%	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
distillate				

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May cause headache, dizziness, and

other central nervous system effects. May be harmful if swallowed.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Remove

contaminated shoes and discard.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash Point/Range (F):

> 200Min: > 200

Flash Point/Range (C):

Not DeterminedMin: > 93

Flash Point Method:

**PMCC** > 392

Autoignition Temperature (F): Autoignition Temperature (C):

> 200

Not Determined

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%):

Not Determined

Fire Extinguishing Media

Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Special Exposure Hazards

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Use water spray to cool fire exposed

surfaces.

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

fire fighting personnel.

Fire-Fighters **NFPA Ratings:** 

Health 2, Flammability 1, Reactivity 0

**HMIS Ratings:** 

Flammability 1, Reactivity 0, Health 2

## **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

**Absorption** 

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling Precautions** 

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands after

use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage Information** Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use.

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Engineering Controls** 

A well ventilated area to control dust levels. Local exhaust ventilation should be used

in areas without good cross ventilation.

**Respiratory Protection** 

Organic vapor respirator with a dust/mist filter. In high concentrations, supplied air

respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Hand Protection** 

Impervious rubber gloves.

**Skin Protection** 

Rubber apron.

**Eye Protection** 

Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

**Other Precautions** 

Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical State:** 

Liquid

Color: Odor:

White to gray Mild hydrocarbon

:Ha

6-8 **EZ-MUD®** 

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.0

Density @ 20 C (lbs./gallon): 8.3

Bulk Density @ 20 C (lbs/ft3): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (F): 347
Boiling Point/Range (C): 175

Freezing Point/Range (F):

Freezing Point/Range (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

**Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg):** 0.002

Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 70
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): < 1

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (lbs./gallon):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistrokes):

Partially soluble

Not Determined

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Principle Route of Exposure** Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

**Inhalation** May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness and

unconsciousness.

Skin Contact May cause skin irritation.

**Eye Contact** May cause severe eye irritation.

Ingestion Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis including coughing,

difficulty breathing, wheezing, coughing up blood and pneumonia, which can be fatal.

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, muscular weakness, incoordination, slowed reaction time, fatigue

blurred vision, slurred speech, giddiness, tremors and convulsions.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Lung disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information

None known.

**Toxicity Tests** 

**Oral Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Dermal Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Inhalation Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Primary Irritation Effect:** 

Not determined

Carcinogenicity

Not determined

**Genotoxicity:** 

Not determined

Reproductive /

Not determined

**Developmental Toxicity:** 

## **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air)

Not determined

Persistence/Degradability

BOD(28 Day): 40% of COD

**Bio-accumulation** 

Not Determined

#### **Ecotoxicological Information**

**Acute Fish Toxicity:** 

TLM96: >1000 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: TLM48: 98 mg/l (Acartia tonsa)

Acute Algae Toxicity:

EC50: 16.70 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum)

**Chemical Fate Information** 

Not determined

Other Information

Not applicable

# **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal Method** 

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **Land Transportation**

DOT

Not restricted

**Canadian TDG** 

Not restricted

**ADR** Not restricted

## **Air Transportation**

**ICAO/IATA** Not restricted

### Sea Transportation

**IMDG** Not restricted

## Other Shipping Information

Labels:

None

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **US Regulations**

**US TSCA Inventory** All components listed on inventory.

**EPA SARA Title III Extremely Hazardous Substances** 

Not applicable

EPA SARA (311,312) Hazard

Class

Acute Health Hazard

EPA SARA (313) Chemicals

This product does not contain a toxic chemical for routine annual "Toxic Chemical Release Reporting" under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

EPA CERCLA/Superfund

Reportable Spill Quantity For This

**Product** 

**EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste** 

Classification

If product becomes a waste, it does NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as

defined by the US EPA.

**California Proposition 65** 

All components listed do not apply to the California Proposition 65 Regulation.

MA Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

Not applicable.

NJ Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

PA Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

**Canadian Regulations** 

**Canadian DSL Inventory** 

All components listed on inventory.

WHMIS Hazard Class

D2B Toxic Materials

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS

Not applicable

**Additional Information** 

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

#### **Disclaimer Statement**

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

\*\*\*END OF MSDS\*\*\*



# **Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2007-05-25 Supersedes: 2005-07-29





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

**REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE MARKED** 

SYNONYMS:

Automotive Fuel

Petrol

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel

215-002 PRODUCT CODE:

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

**Shell Emergency Number** 

1-800-661-7378

P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-613-996-6666 1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

For general information:

T2P 2H5

www.shell.ca

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited. \*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Gasoline	86290-81-5	> 90	Yes
Benzene	71-43-2	< 1.5	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Physical Description:** 

Volatile Liquid Dyed for tax purposes

Typical Gasoline Odour

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing heart arrythmia.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed

endotracheal tube should be considered.

#### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use a direct stream of

water as it may spread fire. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to

combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

be formed upon combustion.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet

acilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)
Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is

handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

Skin Protection: Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Appearance:

Odour:

Volatile Liquid

Dyed for tax purposes

Typical Gasoline Odour

Odour Threshold: > 0.25 ppm Freezing/Pour Point: Not available Boiling Point: 35 - 220 °C

**Density:** 720 - 760 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 3.5

Vapour Pressure (absolute): < 107 kPa @ 38 °C

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.74

pH: Not applicable
Flash Point: TCC -30 °C
Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Flammable Limit: 7.6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature: 280 °C

Viscosity: < 1 cSt @ 38 °C Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3
Water Solubility: Insoluble
Formula: C4 - C11

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:
Hazardous Polymerization:
No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:
No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:
Yes

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg
Benzene	LD50 Oral Rat 690 - 3400 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat 13700 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 8260 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on testing with similar materials, this product is not expected to be a primary

skin irritant after exposure of short duration, would not be a skin sensitizer and

would not be irritating to the eye.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions. Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) has been observed in people exposed to very high levels (50 to 300 ppm) of benzene over a long period of time in the

workplace. The relevance of these results to lower levels of exposure is not known.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. This product contains benzene. Carcinogenic hazard. Repeated exposure to benzene concentrations greater than the recommended TLV/TWA may reduce the cellular components of peripheral blood and bone marrow. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

Biodegradability: Inherently biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

Bioaccumulation: Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>):

2.3

**Aquatic Toxicity:** 

Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data			
Gasoline	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.			
	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.			
	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.			
Benzene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.			
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.			
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.			

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

Revision Number: 7

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number

UN1203 GASOLINE

Proper Shipping Name

Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Hazard Class Packing Group

PG II

Additional Information

Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description

GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS Class:** 

Class B2 Flammable Liquid Class D2A Carcinogenicity

**DSL/NDSL Status:** 

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product

and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status:

No Canadian federal standards.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**LABEL STATEMENTS** 

Hazard Statement : Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

**Handling Statement:** 

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement:

Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting.

Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** 

This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section

4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 11 Section 12



# GE Water & Process Technologies

# Material Safety Data Sheet

POLYFLOC AP1138

#### Issue Date: 17-APR-2008 Supercedes: 17-APR-2008

# 1 Identification

Identification of substance or preparation POLYFLOC AP1138

**Product Application Area** Flocculant

i loccularit

Company/Undertaking Identification GE Water & Process Technologies Canada 3239 Dundas Street West Oakville, Ontario, L6M 4B2 T 905-465-3030

**Emergency Telephone** 

(800) 877-1940

Prepared by Product Stewardship Group: T 215-355-3300 Prepared on: 17-APR-2008

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

\*

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause moderate irritation to the eyes. Dusts may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

Odor: None; Appearance: White, Powder

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus(full face-piece type). Proper fire-extinguishing media: dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water

\*

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### ACUTE SKIN EFFECTS:

Primary route of exposure; May cause slight irritation to the skin.

#### ACUTE EYE EFFECTS:

May cause moderate irritation to the eyes.

#### ACUTE RESPIRATORY EFFECTS:

Dusts may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

#### INGESTION EFFECTS:

May cause gastrointestinal irritation.

#### TARGET ORGANS:

No evidence of potential chronic effects.

#### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED:

Not known.

#### SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

May cause redness or itching of skin.

# 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Information for specific product ingredients as required by the WHMIS Regulations is listed. Refer to additional sections of this MSDS for our assessment of the potential hazards of this formulation.

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Product contains no hazardous ingredients reportable under WHMIS regulation

No component is considered to be a carcinogen by the U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), or under WHMIS.

# 4 First-aid measures

#### SKIN CONTACT:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

#### EYE CONTACT:

Remove contact lenses. Hold eyelids apart. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

#### INHALATION:

If nasal, throat or lung irritation develops - remove to fresh air and get medical attention.

#### INGESTION:

Do not feed anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive victim. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact physician. Dilute contents of stomach using 2-8 fluid ounces  $(60-240\ mL)$  of milk or water.

#### NOTES TO PHYSICIANS:

No special instructions

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (full face-piece type).

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water

#### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

oxides of carbon

#### FLASH POINT:

> 200F > 93C P-M(CC)

# 6 Accidental release measures

#### PROTECTION AND SPILL CONTAINMENT:

Ventilate area. Use specified protective equipment. Sweep up and remove. Minimize dust generation.

#### DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:

The waste characteristics of the absorbed material, or any contaminated soil, should be determined in accordance with provincial regulations. Water contaminated with this product may be sent to a sanitary sewer treatment facility, in accordance with any local agreement or discharged under provincial regulations.

Incinerate or land dispose in an approved landfill.

# 7 Handling and storage

#### HANDLING:

This material may be combustible. As with all dry powders it is advisable to ground mechanical equipment in contact with dry material to dissipate the potential buildup of static electricity.

#### STORAGE:

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not expose to moisture.

# 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### EXPOSURE LIMITS

Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

Product contains no hazardous ingredients reportable under WHMIS regulation

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Adequate ventilation to maintain air contaminants below exposure limits.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

If air-purifying respirator use is appropriate, use any of the following particulate respirators: N95, N99, N100, R95, R99, R100, P95, P99 or P100.

#### SKIN PROTECTION:

rubber, butyl, viton or neoprene gloves -- Wash off after each use. Replace as necessary.

#### EYE PROTECTION:

airtight chemical goggles

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

43.120 lb/cu. Vapor Pressure (mmHG) < 0.1 Density Freeze Point (F) NA
Freeze Point (C) NA Vapor Density (air=1) < 1.00 Viscosity(cps 70F,21C) NA % Solubility (water) 1.0

Odor None Appearance White Powder Physical State Physical State
Flash Point P-M(CC) > 200F > 93C  $-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1$ < 1.00 Evaporation Rate (Ether=1) Percent VOC: 0.0

NA = not applicable ND = not determined

# 10 Stability and reactivity

STABILITY:

Stable under normal storage conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

May react with strong oxidizers.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

oxides of carbon

INTERNAL PUMPOUT/CLEANOUT CATEGORIES:

"B"

# 11 Toxicological information

Oral LD50 MOUSE: >2,000 mg/kg

NOTE - Supplier estimate; Rat oral LD50: >5,000 mg/kg per alternate

supplier

Carcinogenicity RAT/DOG: NEGATIVE Dermal LD50 RABBIT: >2,000 mg/kg

NOTE - Estimated value

Eye Irritation Score RABBIT: NONIRRITANT Skin Sensitization G.PIG:

# 12 Ecological information

#### AQUATIC TOXICOLOGY

Bluegill Sunfish 48 Hour Static Screen 0% Mortality= 100 mg/L Daphnia magna 48 Hour Static Renewal Bioassay LC50= 470; No Effect Level= 178 mg/L Fathead Minnow 96 Hour Static Renewal Bioassay LC50= 239; No Effect Level= 45 mg/L

#### BIODEGRADATION

BOD-28 (mg/g): 0BOD-5 (mg/g): 0 COD (mg/g): 775 TOC (mg/g): 349

# 13 Disposal considerations

Incinerate or bury in approved landfill. Please be advised that there may be additional local or provincial requirements relating to the disposal of waste. Consult provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

# 14 Transport information

#### Transportation of Dangerous Goods:

DOT EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE #: Not applicable

# 15 Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. CEPA:

All components of this product comply with substance notification requirements under CEPA.

#### WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

NOT REGULATED

#### FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION:

The ingredients in this product are approved by FDA under 21 CFR 173.5 and 21 CFR 573.120

# 16 Other information

#### NFPA/HMIS CODE TRANSLATION

Health	1	Slight Hazard
Fire	1	Slight Hazard
Reactivity	0	Minimal Hazard
Special	NONE	No special Hazard
(1) Protective Equipment	В	Goggles, Gloves

(1) refer to section 8 of MSDS for additional protective equipment recommendations.

#### CHANGE LOG

	EFFECTIVE		
	DATE	REVISIONS TO SECTION:	SUPERCEDES
MSDS status:	07-MAY-1997		** NEW **
	01-MAY-1998	8;EDIT:9	07-MAY-1997
	01-JUN-1999	15	01-MAY-1998
	13-SEP-2000	4	01-JUN-1999
	11-DEC-2000	15	13-SEP-2000
	02-DEC-2003	16	11-DEC-2000
	03-NOV-2006	16	02-DEC-2003
	17-APR-2008	4,5,6,7,8,10	03-NOV-2006



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2008-08-01 Supersedes: 2005-08-15





Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity Class D2B Skin Irritation

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

SHELL\* JET A-1

SYNONYMS:

Aviation Turbine Fuel (Kerosene Type)

May contain anti-icing additive (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel Solvent

PRODUCT CODE:

142-011

**SUPPLIER** 

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

Shell Emergency Number

1-800-661-7378 1-613-996-6666

P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

For general information:

www.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.
\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Kerosene (Petroleum),	64742-81-0	60 - 100	Yes
Hydrodesulfurized			
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	111-77-3	0 - 0.15	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Physical Description:** 

Liquid Bright Clear Hydrocarbon Odour

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Combustible Liquid.

SHELL\* JET A-1 142-011

Revision Number: 8

Irritating to skin.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed

endotracheal tube should be considered.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Dry Chemical Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread

fire. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after

exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products:** 

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon

monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon

combustion.

Revision Number: 8

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling:

Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

#### Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container

tightly closed.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapour (skin): 200 mg/m3 (Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

## Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** 

Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is

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handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area. Skin Protection:

Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing

should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved Protection: respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour

cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: **Bright Clear** 

Odour: Hydrocarbon Odour

**Odour Threshold:** Not available Freezing/Pour Point: < -47 °C 145 - 300 °C **Boiling Point:** 

**Density:** 775 - 840 kg/m3 @ 15°C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available

Vapour Pressure (absolute): 1 - 1.4 kPa @ 37.8 °C

pH: Not available Flash Point: TCC > 43 °C Lower Flammable Limit: 0.7 % (vol.) **Upper Flammable Limit:** 5 % (vol.)

**Autoignition Temperature:** 210 °C

Viscosity: < 8 cSt @ -20 °C Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available Partition Coefficient (log Kow): 3.3 - 6

Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable: Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No Sensitive to Static Discharge:

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on

combustion conditions.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions of Reactivity:** Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Kerosene (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

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Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	LD50 Oral Rat 4140 - 5180 mg/kg	
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg	

Routes of Exposure:

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Irritancy:

This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin

sensitizer.

**Acute Toxicity:** 

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** 

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central

nervous system depression.

Feto/Teratogenicity:

A component of this product has shown adverse effects on the growth and

development of the fetus in some animal studies.

**Pre-existing Conditions:** 

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to

this product.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be served by the continuous

skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown

relevance to humans.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. The immediate effect of a release is the physical impairment of the environment from the coating of surfaces, resulting in the disruption of oxygen, water and light to flora and fauna. Prolonged exposure may result in the partitioning of light-end hydrocarbon fractions into the water and gas phases of the subsurface soil environment, adversely affecting the soil quality.

Biodegradability:

Not readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation:** 

Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>):

3.3 - 6

**Aquatic Toxicity:** 

Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data		
Kerosene	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.		
(Petroleum),	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.		
Hydrodesulfurized	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.		
Ethanol, 2-(2-			
methoxyethoxy)-			

Definition(s):

LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration Page 5 of 7

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respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1863

Proper Shipping Name FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG III

Additional Information Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres. Shipping Description FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE Class 3 UN1863 PG III

Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity

Class D2B Skin Irritation

DSL/NDSL Status: This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standards. Provincial criteria are likely and should be

requested when notifying provincial authorities.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**LABEL STATEMENTS** 

Hazard Statement: Combustible Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

Handling Statement: Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

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Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section

2 Section 3 Section 6 Section 8 Section 11 Section 15



Lubtac Rod Grease

PERTH
Tel (08) 9249 7599
Fax (08) 9249 7699
BRISBANE
Tel (07) 3271 5900
Fax (07) 3271 5907



MELBOURNE
Tel (03) 9545 1277
Fax (03) 9545 1299
INTERNATIONAL
Tel +61 (8) 9249 7599
Fax +61 (8) 9249 7699

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# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME: LUBTAC ROD GREASE

GENERIC DESCRIPTION: A MIXTURE OF INORGANIC INERT VISCOSIFIERS, TACKIFIERS, HYDROCARBON OILS AND VEGETABLE OILS.

## 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL COMPONENT	OR	%	DATA
NONE			

# 3. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT : 120 °C

MELTING POINT : NA

FREEZING POINT : < 0 °C

pH : 7-8

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.99

APPEARANCE AND: DARK BROWN STRINGY GREASE

# 4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT °C: (AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE) > 200 °C

EXTINGUISING MEDIA: USE EXTINGUISHER USED FOR EXTINGUISHING HYDROPHOBIC MATERIALS

## 5. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

**ROUTES OF EXPOSURE AND EFFECTS** 

EYES : MODERATE TO SEVERE IRRITATION

INHALATION: NO IRRITATING FUMES ARE PRODUCED AT NORMAL

**TEMPERTURES** 

INGESTION : MAY CAUSE NAUSEA

SKIN : MAY BE IRRITATING TO SENSITIVE SKINS ON

PROLONGED EXPOSURE

### 6. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES : WIPE OUT WITH DRY CLOTH. USE EYE DROPS IF NECESSARY.

**OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IF NECESSARY** 

INHALATION : NO IRRITATING FUMES ARE PRODUCED AT NORMAL

**TEMPERATURES** 

INGESTION : WASH MOUTH WITH WATER. INDUCE VOMITING. OBTAIN

MEDICAL ADVICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

SKIN : WASH WITH SOAPY WATER. IF DEGREASING OF SKIN HAS

OCCURED, APPLY MOISTURISING CREAM

# 7. REACTIVITY DATA

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY: EXTREME HEAT

INCOMPATABILITY: NONE

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CAN PRODUCE HYDROCARBON DECOMPOSITION PRODUCT ON BURNING.

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERISATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

# 8. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

CONTAIN SPILL. SCRAPE UP EXCESS PRODUCTS WITH A SPADE. THROW SAND OR WOOD SHAVINGS OVER CONTAMINATED AREA AND SCRAPE UP WITH ASPADE. CONTAMINATED WOOD SHAVINGS OR SAND CAN BE DISCARDED IN ANY RUBBISH STORAGE AREA.

## 9. INDUSTRIAL HYGEINE CONTROL MEASURES

**VENTILATION: NORMAL** 

SPECIFIC PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY: NONE
EYES : NONE
GLOVES : YES

OTHER : CLOTHING PROTECTOR AS REQUIRED TO

PROTECT CLOTHES FROM GREASE WHICH IS

DIFFICULT TO REMOVE.

## 10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

NONE

## 11. OTHER HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

NONE