

APPENDIX “E”

◆ Inuktitut/English Project Summary ◆

Non-Technical Summary of Land Use Activities

Ashton Mining (Northwest Territories) Ltd. is a diamond exploration company operating in the Territory of Nunavut. In Nunavut Ashton holds the mineral rights to 234 mineral claims totaling 240,645 hectares.

At present Ashton holds 12 land use permits authorizing work on the above mineral claims. These land use permits were acquired as our claim holdings grew over the past four years. Many of these land use permits will be expiring in 2003 or early 2004. Rather than renew each of these permits individually Ashton is applying for a new permit that encompasses all of our exploration areas.

Diamond exploration activities require the continuation of our three existing "fly-camps" and the establishment of a new camp on an unnamed lake approximately 150 kilometers directly east of Bathurst Inlet. These camps are required to support mapping, prospecting and drilling activities and have been located to assure the safe landing of float planes. Camp occupancy will range from 8 to 12 people for a period of one to two months. It is unlikely that more than one camp will operate at any single time.

Ashton recognizes that it is only a tenant on land belonging to the people of Nunavut and all Canadians. As a good corporate citizen it strives to have responsible, safe and clean work practices.

Ayongnaituk Naituni Okakhimayuk Nunap Atuktaunighaagut

Ashton Oyagakhiotiit (Nunatiami) oyagakhioktit nalvaakhiokhotik hitiyonik kiploktonik oyakanik Nunavunmi. Nunavunmi Ashton-kot kinikhiaginnagiakaktut kanogittoniklikaa 234-goyonik ovalo nalvaakhiokvigiyaat imaa nunami aktilaakaktuk 240, 645-goyomi nunami.

Tatja Ashton-kot Oyagakhioktiit 12-nik titikanik pihimayakaktut kinikhiaginnagiakaotighamiknik nalvaakhiokvigitahoktamikni. Hapkoa titikat nunap atuktaunighaagut piinagiakaotit pihimayavut kinikhiavigiyaptikni aklivaliagaaktillugit okioni hitamani anigukhimaliktuni. Hapkoa ilanggit titikat piinagiakaotigiyavut atuguikniaktut omani okiomi 2003-mi aipaagulo 2004 okiok atulihaaktillugu. Ataohikkaaktaklugit pihimaitumik nutaanik himmaohigiaginni hapkoa titikat nutaagutighainik, kihiani Ashton-kot toghiknaohoktut titikamik piinagiakaotighamik nunap atuktaonighaagut tamatkiomatiyumik nunami nalvaakhiokviginahuaktaptikni.

Hitiyunik kipliktonik oyakanik nalvaagahoaknik pihimayaakaktok kinikhianighaptikni pingahoni tingmiakot opakataktaghaptikni hiniktakvioyoni ovalo nutaamik takmaaktakvighaptiknik piyaakakniakmiyugut inikhilota tahikmi kanok atikagiakhaanik ilihimanggitaptikni 150 kilometers-mik onggahiktilaakaktuk kivataaniituk Kilohiktop. Hapkoa takmaaktakvighavot ihagiagigaptigik nalvaakhiokviginahoaktaptikni nunaoyaliokvigiyaami, kinikhiavigilogillo, ekootakvigivaklogillo piviginiaktavot talvalo naonaitikhimalikhogo kayangnaitot hivoganaitotiklo mittakvigiyaami kayalikot tingmiakmot. Takmaaktakviginahoaktavot havakvighat inokapakniagonakhiyot 8-nikloniit 12-nikloniit atoklogit tatkihionmi ataohikmiloniit malgokniloniit. Takmaaktakviginahoaktavot ahiit ataohikkaaktaklogit havakvigivakniagonakhiyavot..

Ashton-kot Oyagakhioktit ilitugimatiaktaat nuna atukafogahoaktaat inuit nunaotigikmajut Nunavunmi Kaanatamionotlo. Havakvioplota pittiakhimaniaktaat nuna monagitiaklogo kayangnaitomiklo halomanahoaklogolo pihimaniaktaat havakvigilogo.