

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DD 2000

SECTION I - Product Identification

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: Control Chemical (1989) Corporation
MANUFACTURER'S ADDRESS: 7016, 30th Street S.E.
Calgary, Alberta, Canada
T2C 1N9
EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (403) 720-7044
SUPPLIER IDENTIFIER:
SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS:
SUPPLIER'S EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER:
PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: DD 2000
PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud - Co-polymer of Acrylamide and Sodium Acrylate

SECTION II - Hazardous Ingredients of Materials

Chemical Identity	Concentration	CAS#/NA#/UN#	LD (50)	LC (50)
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No regulated components.

This is not a WHMIS controlled product.

SECTION III - Physical Data for Product

PHYSICAL STATE:	Solid
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE:	Granular white solid. Faint odour
ODOUR THRESHOLD:	Not available
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	0.80
VAPOR PRESSURE:	Very low
VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1):	Not available
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available
BOILING POINT:	Decomposes
FREEZING POINT:	Not available
pH:	Not available
DENSITY (g/ml):	0.80
COEFFICIENT OF WATER / OIL DISTRIBUTION:	Not available

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard of Product

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY:	Requires a source of ignition, the presence of air, and a temperature greater than the flash point.
MEANS OF EXTINCTION:	Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Water may cause excessive slipperiness
FLASHPOINT AND METHOD OF DETERMINATION:	No flash point
UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT (% by Vol):	Not available
LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT (% by Vol):	Not available

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AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:	Not available. Not a controlled product.
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:	Not available
EXPLOSION DATA:	Not available
SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:	Not available

SECTION V - Reactivity Data

CHEMICAL STABILITY:	Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:	Avoid strong oxidizing and reducing agents.
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	Avoid contamination with reactive substances.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Not available

SECTION VI - Toxicological Properties of Product

ROUTES OF ENTRY:	
SKIN CONTACT:	No effects of exposure expected due to contact. Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation or dermatitis in some individuals.
SKIN ABSORPTION:	No known hazard due to skin absorption.
EYE:	No effects of exposure expected with the exception of possible irritation.
INHALATION:	May cause sneezing, slight irritation of nose and throat.
INGESTION:	
ACUTE OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS:	
CHRONIC OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS:	Skin irritation or dermatitis may occur upon frequent or prolonged contact.
EXPOSURE LIMITS:	TWAEV = 0.03 mg/m ³ (skin) (Ont. Reg. 654/86).
IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT:	Eye: mild irritant.
SENSITIZATION TO MATERIAL:	Repeated or prolonged contact may cause sensitization in some individuals.
CARCINOGENICITY, REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS:	
TERATOGENICITY, MUTAGENICITY:	Not available
TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:	Not available

SECTION VII - Preventive Measures

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	Chemical goggles, impervious gloves, and protective clothing as required to prevent contact. Use a mechanical-filter respirator as required to prevent exposure.
SPECIFIC ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	General ventilation with a good source of make-up air recommended for all indoor situations.

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LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURES:

Ventilate area. Wear rubber boots, gloves, and a self-contained breathing apparatus if ventilation is not adequate. Collect into waste container. Avoid raising dust. Wash spill site after material pickup. Water solutions are very slippery. May constitute a hazard following a spill.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Dispose of waste according to Federal, Provincial, and Municipal regulations.

HANDLING PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT:

Avoid prolonged or frequent contact when handling material. Do not inhale dust or breathe vapor. Wear a NIOSH approved mechanical-filter respirator, if adequate ventilation cannot be provided. Avoid skin or eye contact.

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS:

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in cool and dry location away from oxidizing and reducing agents.

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION:

None

SECTION VIII - First Aid Measures

SPECIFIC FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Skin contact: wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes and call a physician.

Inhalation: remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion: do not induce vomiting. If conscious, dilute by giving two glasses of water. Call a physician immediately.

SECTION X - Preparation Date of Material Safety Data Sheet

PREPARED BY:

Safety Committee

PHONE NUMBER OF PREPARER:

(403) 720-7044

DATE PREPARED:

January 02, 2006

The information contained herein is based on data believed to be reliable, but is presented without guarantee or warranty and Control Chemical (1989) Corporation disclaims any liability incurred from the use thereof.

Material Safety Data Sheet

DD 1200

Material Identification and Use

MANUFACTURER'S NAME.....CONTROL CHEMICAL (1989) CORPORATION
 MANUFACTURER'S ADDRESS.....7016 30 Street SE Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2C 1N9
 EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER.....(403) 720-7044
 SUPPLIER IDENTIFIER.....
 SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS.....
 SUPPLIER EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER.....
 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER.....DD 1200
 PRODUCT USE.....Drilling Mud

Hazardous Ingredients of Materials

Chemical Identity	Concentration	CAS#/NA#/UN#	LD(50)	LC(50)
Mincral Spirits	20-40%	CAS 64742-47-8	(Oral, Rat) Over 8 ml/kg	N/E

Physical Data For Product

PHYSICAL STATE.....Liquid
 ODOUR AND APPEARANCE.....oily smell, liquid emulsion
 ODOUR THRESHOLD.....N/E
 SPECIFIC GRAVITY.....0.98
 VAPOUR PRESSURE.....N/E
 VAPOUR DENSITY (air=1).....N/E
 EVAPORATION RATE.....N/E
 BOILING POINT.....N/E
 FREEZING POINT.....N/E
 pH.....7.0 - 9.0 (0.5% in distilled water)
 DENSITY (g/ml).....N/E
 COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION.....N/E

Fire and Explosion Hazard of Product

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY.....requires source of ignition, presence of air and temperature greater than flashpoint
 MEANS OF EXTINCTION.....In case of fire use water spray, foam, dry chemical, or CO2 AVOID USE OF WATER-SLIPPERY CONDITIONS WILL OCCUR.
 FLASHPOINT AND METHOD OF DETERMINATION.....70 c. (C.C.)
 UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT(% BY VOL).....N/E
 LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT(% BY VOL).....N/E
 AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE.....N/E

Material Safety Data Sheet

DD 1200

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION.....Combustible Liquid Class B-3
 HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS.....Oxides of carbon or nitrogen and products of incomplete combustion.
 EXPLOSION DATA.....N/E
 SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE.....Potential for fire and/or explosion when used indoors.

Reactivity Data

CHEMICAL STABILITY.....Stable
 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS.....Avoid strong oxidizing and reducing materials.
 CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY.....Avoid contamination with reactive materials.
 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS.....N/E

Toxicological Properties of Product

ROUTES OF ENTRY
 SKIN CONTACT.....May cause irritation, redness, swelling or dermatitis.
 SKIN ABSORPTION.....N/A
 EYE.....Will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes and lids, watering of eyes and inflammation.
 INHALATION.....N/A
 INGESTION.....May cause nausea or vomiting.
 ACUTE OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS.....N/E
 CHRONIC OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS.....Skin irritation or dermatitis may occur upon frequent or prolonged contact.
 EXPOSURE LIMITS.....Contains traces of acrylamide, TWAEV=0.05 mg/mg (ONT-RLC 654/86)
 IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT.....Skin-moderate eye-moderate
 SENSITIZATION TO MATERIAL.....Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause sensitization in some individuals.
 CARCINOGENICITY, REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS.....N/E
 TERATOGENICITY, MUTAGENICITY.....N/E
 TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS.....N/E

Preventive Measures

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.....Wear eye/face protection. Wear suitable gloves.
 SPECIFIC ENGINEERING CONTROLS.....General ventilation with a good source of make-up air recommended for all indoor situations.
 LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURES.....Contain the spill, soak up with an absorbent material. Clean with an adequate solvent.
 WASTE DISPOSAL.....In accordance with Municipal, Provincial and Federal regulations.
 HANDLING PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT.....N/A
 STORAGE REQUIREMENTS.....Store in a tightly sealed container.
 SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION.....None.

First Aid Measures

Material Safety Data Sheet

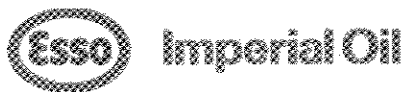
DD 1209

SPECIFIC FIRST AID PROCEDURES FLUSH EYES WITH WATER. RINSE CONTAMINATED SKIN WITH SOAP AND WATER. IF INGESTED, GIVE WATER. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. CALL A PHYSICIAN. IN CASE OF DISCOMFORT BY VAPORS OR DUSTS, MOVE TO A VENTILATED AREA.

Preparation Date of Material Safety Data Sheet

PREPARED BY Control Chemical (1989) Corporation
PHONE NUMBER OF PREPARER (403) 720-7044
DATE PREPARED January 1, 2006

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Prepared: November 07, 2005
 Supersedes: November 06, 2002
 MSDS Number: 826

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Identifier: MIDDLE DISTILLATE

- ESSO MARINE GAS OIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO RAILROAD DIESEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- HEATING OIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL QUALITY FURNACE FUEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL QUALITY HEATING OIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO DIESEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO DIESEL QUALITY COMMERCIAL FUEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO DIESEL QUALITY FURNACE FUEL
- ESSO DIESEL QUALITY HEATING OIL
- ESSO FURNACE FUEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO HEATING OIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO MARINE DIESEL FUEL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO RAILROAD DIESEL FUEL #3 (DYED OR CLEAR)
- ESSO TOBACCO CURING OIL
- FUEL OIL 75
- FUEL OIL 76
- DIESEL MARINE (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL MARINE GAS OIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- FURNACE (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL MARINE - POUR DEPRESSED (DYED OR CLEAR)
- NO.2 FUEL OIL
- NAVAL FUEL OIL 3-GP-11M (DYED)
- ESSO DIESEL FUEL LS
- DIESEL LOW SULFUR (DYED OR CLEAR)
- NO.2 FUEL OIL FOR EXPORT
- DIESEL FOR EXPORT (DYED OR CLEAR)
- FURNACE TOBACCO CURING OIL
- DIESEL NAVAL 3GP-11 (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL NAVAL 3GP-15 (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL LOW SULFUR RAIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL LOW SULFUR DYED EP
- DIESEL RAIL (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL RAIL #3 (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL RAIL #3 (HD) (DYED OR CLEAR)
- DIESEL LOW SULFUR (032) (DYED OR CLEAR)
- FURNACE URBAN (DYED OR CLEAR)

DIESEL (032) (DYED OR CLEAR)
 DIESEL LOW SULFUR (EXP DYED)
 FURNACE FUEL (032) DYED
 DIESEL LOW SULFUR (EXPORT)
 MARINE GAS OIL
 MDO - MARINE DIESEL OIL 3 CST (CLEAR)
 DIESEL NAV 3GP-11(24682)
 DIESEL MARINE GAS OIL-INTL (DYED)

Application and Use:
 Multi-purpose fuel

Product Description:

A complex mixture of aliphatic, olefinic, naphthenic and aromatic hydrocarbons.

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION

WHMIS:

Class B, Division 3: Combustible Liquids.
 Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B: Toxic Material

CEPA: CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

TDG INFORMATION (RAIL/ROAD):

Shipping Name: FUEL OIL
 Class: 3
 Packing Group: III
 PIN Number: UN1202
 Marine Pollutant:N

Please be aware that other regulations may apply.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Emergency 24 hr. (519) 339-2145
 Technical Info. (800) 268-3183

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:

IMPERIAL OIL
 Products Division
 111 St Clair Avenue West
 Toronto, Ontario
 M5W 1K3

2. REGULATED COMPONENTS

The following components are defined in accordance with sub-paragraph 13(a) (i) to (iv) or paragraph 14(a) of the Hazardous Products Act:

NAME	%	CAS #
Fuel Oil No.2	>99.9 V/V	68476-30-2

3. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid
Specific gravity: 0.820 to 0.900 at 15.5 deg C
Viscosity: 1.30 cSt at 40 deg C
to 11.00 cSt at 40 deg C
Vapour Density: 4
Boiling Point: 150 to 370 deg C
Evaporation rate: <1 (1= n-butylacetate)
Solubility in water: negligible
Freezing/Pour Point: -4 deg C -39 (RANGE)
Odour Threshold: not available
Vapour Pressure: 4 kPa at 38 deg C
Appearance/odour: White or pale yellow liquid, petroleum odour

4. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

NATURE OF HAZARD

INHALATION:

Negligible hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38 deg C).
High vapour concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs; may cause headaches and dizziness; may be anesthetic and may cause other central nervous system effects.
Avoid breathing vapours or mists.

EYE CONTACT:

Slightly irritating, but will not injure eye tissue.

SKIN CONTACT:

Low toxicity.
Irritating.

INGESTION:

Low toxicity.
Small amounts of this liquid drawn into the lungs from swallowing or vomiting may cause severe health effects (e.g. bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema).

CHRONIC:

Lifetime skin painting tests indicate that materials of similar composition have produced skin cancer in experimental animals. The relationship of these results to humans has not been fully established.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

Based on animal testing data from similar materials and products, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be:

Oral : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)
Dermal : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Inhalation : LC50 > 2500 mg/m3 (Rat)

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT:

ACGIH RECOMMENDS

For Diesel fuel, as total hydrocarbons, 100 mg/m3 (vapour and aerosol)

MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDS:

For total hydrocarbons 500 mg/m3 (total vapour/aerosol) and 5 mg/m3 (stable aerosols).

Local regulated limits may vary.

5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION:

In emergency situations use proper respiratory protection to immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.

EYE CONTACT:

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after flushing has begun. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

INGESTION:

DO NOT induce vomiting since it is important that no amount of the material should enter the lungs (aspiration). Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

6. PREVENTIVE AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon

conditions of use.

In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles, chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves.

Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety goggles, long sleeves, and chemical-resistant gloves.

Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 4 and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

HANDLING, STORAGE AND SHIPPING:

Keep containers closed. Handle and open containers with care.

Store in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials.

In keeping with good personal hygiene practices, wash hands thoroughly after handling the material.

Do not handle or store near an open flame, sources of heat, or sources of ignition.

Material will accumulate static charges which may cause a spark. Static charge build-up could become an ignition source. Use proper relaxation and grounding procedures.

Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

LAND SPILL:

Eliminate source of ignition. Keep public away. Prevent additional discharge of material, if possible to do so without hazard. Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. Do not use combustible materials such as sawdust.

Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof motor or hand pump), or by using a suitable absorbent.

Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

WATER SPILL:

Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by local authorities and environmental agencies, sinking and/or suitable dispersants may be used in unconfined waters.

Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

7. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flashpoint and method: >40 deg C PMCT ASTM D93

Autoignition: NA Flammable Limits: LEL: 0.7% UEL: 6.5%

GENERAL HAZARDS:

Combustible Liquid; may form combustible mixtures at or above the flash point.
Toxic gases will form upon combustion.
Static Discharge; material may accumulate static charges which may cause a fire.

FIRE FIGHTING:

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.
Shut off fuel to fire.
Use foam, dry chemical or water spray to extinguish fire.
Respiratory and eye protection required for fire fighting personnel.
Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boilover.
A self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used for all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires. For small outdoor fires, which may easily be extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of an SCBA may not be required.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and traces of oxides of sulphur

8. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

This product is stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:

none

9. NOTES

All components of this product are listed on the U.S. TSCA inventory.

REVISED.

10. PREPARATION

Date Prepared: November 07, 2005
Prepared by: Lubricants & Specialties
IMPERIAL OIL
Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
(800) 268-3183

CAUTION: " The information contained herein relates only to this product or material and may not be valid when used in combination with any other product or material or in any process. If the product is not to be used for a purpose or under conditions which are normal or reasonably foreseeable, this information cannot be relied upon as complete or applicable. For greater certainty, uses other than those described in Section 1 must be reviewed with the supplier. The information contained herein is based on the information available at the indicated date of preparation. This MSDS is for the use of Imperial Oil customers and their employees and agents only. Any further distribution of this MSDS by Imperial Oil customers is prohibited without the written consent of Imperial Oil."

**IMPERIAL OIL
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****TURBINE FUEL TYPE AVIATION, WIDE CUT**

Date Prepared: December 03, 2003
Supersedes: May 31, 2003
MSDS Number: 08524

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Identifier: TURBINE FUEL AVIATION, WIDE CUT TYPE
ESSO TURBO FUEL B
ESSO JET B
JET B
TURBO FUEL B
TURBO FUEL B F40
TURBO FUEL B JP4
ESSO TURBO FUEL B (FSII)
JET B (FSII)
AVIATION TURBINE FUEL (JP4)
CAN/CGSB-3.22 GRADE F40
ESSO JET B (FSII)

Application and Use:
Aviation turbine fuel

Product Description:

A mixture of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons and additives.

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION**WHMIS:**

Class B, Division 2: Flammable Liquids.
Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A: Very Toxic Material.
Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B: Toxic Material

CEPA: CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

All components of this product are either on the Domestic
Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

TDG INFORMATION (RAIL/ROAD):

Shipping Name: FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINES
Class: 3
Packing Group: II
PIN Number: UN1863
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable

Please be aware that other regulations may apply.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS**MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER:**

Emergency 24 hr. (519) 339-2145 IMPERIAL OIL
Technical Info. (800) 268-3183 Products Division
111 St Clair Avenue West
Toronto, Ontario
M5W 1K3
(416) 968-4441

2. REGULATED COMPONENTS

The following components are defined in accordance with sub-paragraph 13(a) (i) to (iv) or paragraph 14(a) of the Hazardous Products Act:

NAME	%	CAS #
Kerosene, straight run	40-70 V/V	8008-20-6 LD50:>5g/kg,oral,rat
Naphtha, full range	30-60 V/V	64741-42-0
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	0-0.15 V/V	111-77-3 LD50:7g/kg,orl,rat LD50:>2.0/kg,skn.rbt

3. TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid
Specific gravity: not available
Viscosity: 0.60 cSt at 40 deg C
Vapour Density: 4
Boiling Point: 40 to 270 deg C
Evaporation rate: <1 (1= n-butylacetate)
Solubility in water: negligible
Freezing/Pour Point: -58 deg C ASTM D 2386
Odour Threshold: not available
Vapour Pressure: 21 kPa at 38 deg C
Density: 0.78 g/cc at 15 deg C
Appearance/odour: White or pale yellow liquid, petroleum odour

4. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

NATURE OF HAZARD

INHALATION:

Negligible hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38 deg C).
High vapour concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs; may cause headaches and dizziness; may be anesthetic and may cause other central nervous system effects.
Avoid breathing vapours or mists.

EYE CONTACT:

Slightly irritating, but will not injure eye tissue.

SKIN CONTACT:

Irritating.

Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin and cause a skin rash (dermatitis).

Low toxicity.

INGESTION:

Low toxicity.

Small amounts of this liquid drawn into the lungs from swallowing or vomiting may cause severe health effects (e.g. bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema).

CHRONIC:

Contains benzene. Human health studies (epidemiology) indicate that prolonged and/or repeated overexposures to benzene may cause damage to the blood producing system and serious blood disorders, including leukemia.

Animal tests suggest that prolonged and/or repeated overexposures to benzene may damage the embryo/fetus. The relationship of these animal studies to humans has not been fully established.

Contains n-hexane. Prolonged and/or repeated exposures may cause damage to the peripheral nervous system (e.g. fingers, feet, arms etc.).

Contains diethylene glycol monomethyl ether (DIEGME). Prolonged and repeated exposure through inhalation or extensive skin contact with DIEGME may result in toxic effects on the kidneys, the reproductive system and/or the embryo/fetus.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

Based on animal testing data from similar materials and products, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be:

Oral	:	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	(Rat)
Dermal	:	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	(Rabbit)
Inhalation	:	LC50 > 2500 mg/m3	(Rat)

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT:

Manufacturer Recommends:

100 ppm based on composition.

ACGIH recommends:

For n-Hexane (skin), 50 ppm (176 mg/m3).

For Benzene, ACGIH recommends a TWA of 0.5 ppm (1.6 mg/m3), (skin), and categorizes it as a confirmed human carcinogen.

Local regulated limits may vary.

5. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION:

In emergency situations use proper respiratory protection to immediately remove the affected victim from exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.

EYE CONTACT:

Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after flushing has begun. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

INGESTION:

DO NOT induce vomiting since it is important that no amount of the material should enter the lungs (aspiration). Keep at rest. Get prompt medical attention.

6. PREVENTIVE AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES**PERSONAL PROTECTION:**

The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles, chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves.

Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety goggles, long sleeves, and chemical-resistant gloves.

Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 4 and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

HANDLING, STORAGE AND SHIPPING:

Keep containers closed. Handle and open containers with care.

Store in a cool, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials.

In keeping with good personal hygiene practices, wash hands thoroughly after handling the material.

Store and load at normal (up to 38 deg C) temperature and at atmospheric pressure.

Material will accumulate static charges which may cause a spark. Static charge build-up could become an ignition source. Use proper relaxation and grounding procedures.

Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

LAND SPILL:

Eliminate source of ignition. Keep public away. Prevent additional discharge of material, if possible to do so without hazard. Vapours or dust may be harmful or fatal. Warn occupants of downwind areas.

Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. Do not use combustible materials such as sawdust.

Recover by pumping (use an explosion proof motor or hand pump), or by using a suitable absorbent.

Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

WATER SPILL:

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Vapours or dust may be harmful or fatal. Warn occupants and shipping in downwind areas.

Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material. Ensure disposal in compliance with government requirements and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately. Take all additional action necessary to prevent and remedy the adverse effects of the spill.

7. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flashpoint and method: -18 deg C COC ASTM D92

Autoignition: NA Flammable Limits: LEL: 0.6% UEL: 8.0%

GENERAL HAZARDS:

Extremely flammable; material will readily ignite at normal temperatures. Flammable Liquid; may release vapours that form flammable mixtures at or above the flash point.

Decomposes; flammable/toxic gases will form at elevated temperatures (thermal decomposition).

Toxic gases will form upon combustion.

Static Discharge; material may accumulate static charges which may cause a fire.

FIRE FIGHTING:



Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	A, B-1		

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	PROPANE	Code	W222 SAP: 169
Synonym	Propane HD-5, Propane commercial, Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG), C3H8, CGSB Propane Grade 1, CGSB Propane Grade 2, odourized propane, stenched propane, automotive propane.	Validated on	3/17/2004.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
Material Uses	Propane is used as a fuel gas, refrigerant, automotive fuel and as a raw material for organic synthesis. The grade determines the propane content. It is supplied as pressurized liquid in tanks.		

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
1) HD-5 Propane					
Propane	74-98-6	>90	2500 ppm	Not established	Not established
Propene	115-07-1	<5	Simple Asphyxiant	Not established	Not established
2) Commercial Propane					
Propane	74-98-6	>75	2500 ppm	Not established	Not established
Propene	115-07-1	<20	Simple Asphyxiant	Not established	Not established
3) Both grades may contain:					
Ethane	74-84-0	<6	Simple Asphyxiant	Not established	Not established
Butane +	106-97-8	<5	800 ppm	Not established	Not established
Manufacturer	Not applicable				
Recommendation					
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

Section 3. Hazards Identification.

Potential Health Effects	The product is contained under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or heat container as contents may explode. Flammable gas. Exercise caution when handling this material. Propane may displace oxygen and cause asphyxiation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Contact with gas or liquified gas may cause burns and frostbite to eyes and skin. Ingestion is not an expected route of exposure. For more information, refer to Section 11.
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Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not an applicable route of exposure for gases.
Note to Physician	Not available

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Flammability	Class I - flammable gas (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	Lower: 2.1%; Upper: 9.5%, (NFPA).
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: -104°C (-155°F).	Auto-Ignition Temperature	450°C (842°F), (NFPA).
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapours may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Propane may form explosive mixtures with air.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), acrid smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG2000, GUIDE 115, Flammable Gas: CAUTION: This product has a low flash point, use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO ₂ , water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions. DO NOT extinguish a leaking gas flame unless leak can be stopped. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) will be required if approaching the fire from downwind, or to enter enclosed areas or buildings. Handle damaged cylinders with extreme care.		

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill	IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. Use spark-proof electrical equipment. Do not allow escaping compressed gas or liquid to come in contact with skin or eyes as it can cause frostbite. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Sludges and tank scale from propane storage tanks, trucks and rail cars, and filters/screens may contain naturally occurring radioactive material ("NORM") in the form of lead 210. Similarly, equipment used for the transfer of propane such as product pipelines, pumps and compressors, may have detectable levels of radioactive lead 210 on inner surfaces. Workers involved in cleaning, repair or other maintenance on inner surfaces of such equipment should avoid breathing dust generated from such activities. Suitable codes of practice should be developed for these activities, detailing appropriate occupational hygiene and disposal practices.
Storage	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store as flammable material. Compressed gases should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Avoid direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.	
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e. safety glasses, safety goggles, and/or face shield) should be based on the condition of use. As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. Wear insulated gloves to prevent from frostbite.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State and Appearance	Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure.	Viscosity	Not applicable.
Colour	Colourless.	Pour Point	Not applicable.
Odour	Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 28 g ethyl mercaptan per 1000 L of propane.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Odour is not an adequate warning to prevent overexposure to propane. Prolonged exposure to mercaptans can cause olfactory desensitization.	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	-42°C (-44°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	508 kg/m ³ @ 15°C (59°F)	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available
Vapour Density	1.56 (air=1)	Ioncity (in water)	Not available
Vapour Pressure	10763 mmHg (1435 kPa) @ 38°C (100°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Volatile	Solubility	Slightly soluble in water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents.	Decomposition Products	May release CO _x , acrid smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Inhalation, skin contact and eye contact.
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below: <u>Propene (115-07-1):</u> Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >50000 ppm/4h (rat). <u>Butane (106-97-8):</u> Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): 202000 ppm/4h (mouse).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	
Dermal Route:	Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns and frostbite to the skin.
Inhalation Route:	Propane may displace oxygen and cause asphyxiation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion is not an applicable route of exposure for gases.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns and frostbite to the eyes.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.

Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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Section 14. Transport Information

TDG Classification	PROPANE, 2.1, UN1978 (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
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Section 15. Regulatory Information

Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).																									
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.																									
	All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).																									
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.																									
	Please contact Product Safety for more information.																									
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.		HCS (U.S.A.)	CLASS: Flammable gas. CLASS: Compressed gas. CLASS: Target organ effects.																						
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)																							
HMIS (U.S.A.)	<table><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Personal Protection</td><td>H</td></tr></table>		Health Hazard	1	Fire Hazard	4	Reactivity	0	Personal Protection	H	NFPA (U.S.A.)	<table><tr><td rowspan="2">Health</td><td rowspan="2"></td><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>Rating</td><td>0 Insignificant</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td></td><td>1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme</td></tr><tr><td colspan="2"></td><td>Specific hazard</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>		Health		Fire Hazard	Rating	0 Insignificant	Reactivity		1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme			Specific hazard		
Health Hazard	1																									
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Health		Fire Hazard	Rating	0 Insignificant																						
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Section 16. Other Information

References	Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark
Glossary	ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)