



Committee Bay Project

Explosives Management Plan

Revision 2

North Country Gold Corp.
March 2025

1.0 **Table of Contents**

1.0	Table of Contents	1
2.0	DOCUMENT CONTROL	2
3.0	BACKGROUND.....	3
4.0	INTRODUCTION	4
5.0	SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES	4
6.0	EXPLOSIVE QUANTITIES.....	4
7.0	APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND GUIDELINES	5
7.1	Explosives Storage Facilities.....	6
7.2	Explosive Storage	7
7.3	Signs	7
7.4	Fire Hazards.....	7
7.5	Explosives Handling	8
7.6	Inventories.....	8
7.7	On-Site Handling/Transport.....	9
7.8	Personnel Qualifications /Exposure	10
7.9	Blast Design/Operations.....	10

List of Appendices

Appendix A – NCGC Camp layout plans
Appendix B – Hayes Camp – buildings and equipment
Appendix C – Explosives MSDS

2.0 **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

Version	Date	Section	Pages	Revision
1	17/Nov/2014	all	all	Format update
2	8/Mar/2025	all	all	Updated to ensure compliance

3.0 **BACKGROUND**

In October 2020 Auryn Resources Inc. was renamed Fury Gold Mines Limited ('Fury'). Fury is a Canadian-focused high-grade gold exploration company strategically positioned in two prolific mining regions: the Kitikmeot Region in Nunavut and the James Bay Region of Quebec. North County Gold Corp. (NCGC) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fury and is the 100% owner and operator of The Committee Bay Project (CBP).

Fury's exploration strategy for the Committee Bay Project is to continue to advance the high-grade Three Bluffs gold deposit while attempting to identify additional deposits within the Committee Bay Belt via regional grassroots exploration and further drill-testing of previously identified gold prospects. Innovative low impact and cost-effective exploration techniques also form a large part of the exploration strategy for the CBP.

The CBP is made up of mineral claims and leases located on Crown Land and surface and sub-surface Inuit Owned Lands (IOLs) which are subject to the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement (NLCA).

Exploration work programs are generally undertaken as seasonal campaigns occurring between March and October in any given year, largely dictated by market conditions. Work activities comprise prospecting, geological mapping, rock, till and soil sampling, airborne and ground geophysics and drilling. Supplies, including fuel are airlifted to the CBP from various towns and cities in Nunavut, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Since 2011, NCGC has been working on upgrading its primary camp, Hayes Camp. These upgrades are designed to increase the camp capacity to 100 people and improve the overall safety, working conditions and environmental impacts of ongoing work at the Three Bluffs gold deposit. NCGC intends to continue these camp upgrades and to construct an all-weather road from Hayes Camp to, and within, the Three Bluffs drilling area in coming years.

NCGC has the following permits and licences in place to support advanced exploration activity at the CBP.

Organization	Description	Permit/Licence #
Nunavut Impact Review Board (NIRB)	Project Reference Number	07EN021
Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)	Land Use Permit (Bullion camp)	N2021C0002
	Land Use Permit (Hayes camp)	N2021C0001
Kitikmeot Inuit Association	Land Use Licence for IOL (Ingot/Crater camps)	KTL314C003

Nunavut Water Board (NWB)	Water Licence	2BE-CRA2025
Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC)	Commercial Leases	Lease 056J/11-1-2
		Lease 056J/12-1-2

4.0 **INTRODUCTION**

NCGC initiated significant infrastructure upgrades to Hayes Camp in 2011 to support ongoing exploration work at the Three Bluffs gold deposit and improve the operational safety and efficiency of ongoing work.

As part of these infrastructure upgrades, NCGC commenced the construction of a 3000' airstrip at Hayes Camp. The company also plans to construct an all-weather road to from Hayes Camp to the Three Bluffs drilling area to enable year round motive access and reduce the dependency on helicopters. NCGC intends to complete the construction of this airstrip and the planned road route in subsequent operational seasons.

NCGC anticipates future quarrying activities to support airstrip and road construction will require the use of explosives to liberate rock material suitable for crushing.

The use of pre-packaged, ammonium nitrate based explosives is being proposed based on the expected site conditions.

5.0 **SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES**

This Explosives Management Plan (ExMP) has been prepared to outline the procedures to be implemented by NCGC during the course of blasting operations at the CBP. The plan describes the transportation, storage and handling protocols to be adopted by NCG to ensure that explosives management and blasting occur in a safe and secure manner and that any environmental impacts associated with this activity are minimized.

Explosives supplies have not yet been identified

6.0 **EXPLOSIVE QUANTITIES**

NCGC expects to utilise up to 10,000 kg of pre-packaged commercial explosives to support the operations at the Hayes Camp site annually. This will include detonators, boosters, pre-packaged commercial explosives and detonating cord.

The recommended products are currently listed as approved products federally. They are industry proven for use in northern climates and are accepted globally.

7.0 **APPLICABLE LEGISLATION AND GUIDELINES**

The control and use of explosives within Canada and Nunavut are covered by existing federal and territorial acts and regulations.

NCGC will implement standard operating policies and procedures which meet or exceed the applicable regulations.

The main applicable regulations in the case of the Committee Bay Project include (but are not limited to):

Federal:

- Explosives Act and Regulations
- Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations
- National Fire Code
- Hazardous Products Act

Territorial

- Mines Health and Safety Act and Regulations
- Explosive Use act and Regulations
- Fire Prevention Act and Regulations

Based on the remote nature of the site, ensuring adequate on-site support and response to any potential environmental considerations is critical. All essential equipment required to support spill containment and recovery will be located at Hayes Camp and will be operated by the NCG site staff.

NCG will maintain a detailed documentation for the safe handling, transport, and use of explosives. As a precondition of receipt of federal licensing for the storage, use, and transportation of explosives there is the requirement to have in place a detailed site specific Emergency Response Plan (ERP).

NCG utilizes the CAN/CSA Z731-95 Standard for "Emergency Preparedness and Response" as the guiding document for the preparation of site specific ERP's. A detailed ERP, prepared in accordance with the guidance provided in this

standard will be prepared during development of the project. It will be integrated with the site ERP to maximize resource utilization, training and planning efforts.

EXPLOSIVES MANAGEMENT

NCG has strict handling policies with regards to the safe handling, transportation, manufacture and storage of explosives. Through this documentation and established procedures, sites will be established to ensure adherence to all relevant regulations and safety.

7.1 Explosives Storage Facilities

General infrastructure to support the project includes:

- Storage for pre-packaged explosives
- Explosive Materials Storage e.g. detonators etc.

Pre-packaged explosives will be stored in an explosives magazine storage area (see Appendix A). 2 Magazines will be of an appropriate type (refer to the document "Explosives Storage Standards - 2001 published by the NR Can Explosives Regulatory Division for specific means of construction).

One magazine will be used to store the packaged explosives, and one to store the detonators.

The magazines will be located 280m from camp and 50m apart and the magazine storage site will be established respecting the requirements outlined in the NR Can ERD issued Quantity Distance. Based on the climatic conditions, it is highly likely that at least one magazine in each set-up will require internal heating to ensure product performance. The magazines will be locked at all times and the blast controller and camp managers will maintain keys to the magazines.

The magazines will be grounded to reduce the possibility of being struck by lightning. In addition, use of portable electrical devices, (cell phones, GPS's) will be strictly prohibited in the explosive storage area.

The explosive storage area will be located more than 30m from the nearest high water mark of any stream or water body.

7.2 Explosive Storage

Fuse lighters, igniter cord, and igniter cord connectors are explosives, but present more of a fire hazard than an explosion risk. For this reason, these items must not be stored with either the blasting explosives, or the detonators, but rather in a separate, dry and secure location.

In regards to any detonating cord or boosters, since they contain small amount of explosives, their explosive potential must always be borne in mind. They will always be stored in the blasting explosives magazine (never with the detonators) and kept in closed cases. Cut ends of detonating cords should be sealed with masking or other suitable tape to prevent loss of explosives.

On the interior wall of the magazine, a 'stacking line' must be painted or otherwise permanently marked with a red line at least 10mm wide and a distance of at least 15 cm below the height of the bullet-resistant material. Cases should never be piled too high or above the staking line.

7.3 Signs

Hazard warning signs will be posted around the magazines and storage area indicating that only authorised personnel may enter the area, as well as no smoking signs and no fuel transfer within 100m of the storage area.

Only materials and equipment that do not increase the risk of fire or explosion and that are needed for handling explosives in the magazine may be brought into the magazine.

7.4 Fire Hazards

Fire is a hazard that must always be borne in mind with considering explosive storage. To guard against fire risk, the surrounding area must be kept clear of debris and all combustible materials for a distance of at least 8 m.

Empty cases or other combustible material must not be allowed to accumulate inside or in proximity to the magazine. All empty explosives packages and packing material must be carefully collected and destroyed as they constitute a potential explosive and fire hazard.

Regular follow-up by magazine operators must be made to ensure: observance of the "No Smoking" rule, magazine is exclusively for the storage of the explosives, magazine is kept clean and orderly and dust free, proper staking of explosives below staking line, and packaging of explosives properly identified with owners identification.

Cases of prepackaged explosives should be removed from the magazine before opening then properly closed before returning to the magazine.

7.5 *Explosives Handling*

Attention must always be paid to the turnover of the stock. The older stock must be used first since most explosives deteriorate over time. Care must be taken not to leave old stock at the back when new stock is brought into the magazine. The presence of corrosion on the metal shells of detonators indicates that deterioration may be advanced and the detonators should be destroyed with care. Damaged detonators should not be used. In addition, pre-packaged explosives should be inspected regularly for deterioration. Damaged explosive packages should not be used.

Instructions sheets for blasting explosives and initiation systems must be posted inside each magazine and reviewed frequently by the magazine keeper.

7.6 *Inventories*

Careful inventory must be kept of all receipts of blasting explosives and initiation systems to the magazine and for every issue from it. Care must be taken that the stocks do not exceed the licence limits for the magazine. See Appendix B for the NCG control sheets.

A magazine keeper who issues the shot firers, blasters etc must keep a record of the amount of blasting explosives and detonators used. "Returns" must also be carefully recorded. Every precaution must be taken to ensure that no explosives have been "misaid" or lost. A signature must be obtained for every issue or return of explosives.

A record must be kept of every explosive that is put into and taken out of storage. The record must be retained of at least three years after the date the explosive is taken out of storage. All stock must be counted at least monthly and results from stock counts must be recorded in the inventory book. Unresolved discrepancies must be reported to police and the Explosives Regulatory Division. Records must be kept in a secure location to preclude loss of records in the event of a theft.

Every package or case of blasting explosives or detonators must be properly and permanently marked to indicate ownership, and magazine licence number.

No explosives will be stored at the camp storage site when camp is not active and in operation.

7.7 On-Site Handling/Transport

All on-site transportation will be done in accordance with Section 14 of the Mines Act and Regulations as well as with the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act.

Non-process vehicles (i.e. Forklifts, on-site vehicles etc.) will be maintained in sound mechanical condition and equipped with safety equipment as required under mine site policy / regulations.

All vehicles used to transport explosives must be:

- Equipped with two fire extinguishers readily available
- Electrical wiring is insulated and firmly secured
- Fuel tanks and lines have no leaks
- Chassis and engine are clean and free from excess oil and grease
- Brakes and steering in good condition
- Tires not worn
- No vehicles will travel with more than 2000kg of explosive at any one time without an Explosives Vehicle Certificate

The portion of the vehicle containing explosives must be kept free of grit, combustible or abrasive materials, matches, and any spark producing device.

Detonators must be kept separate from the other explosives in a vehicle, and in a completely closed container or compartment that protects them from detonation. There must be no access to the detonators from inside the cargo compartment of the vehicle.

A driver of a vehicle must be a minimum of 18 years of age, and 21 years old if more than 2000kg is being transported. A vehicle should be equipped with a tracking and communication system to allow NCG to locate the vehicle at any time.

Four Orange Transport of Dangerous Goods placards are to be displayed in each side of a vehicle while it contains explosives. All explosives of the same compatibility group may be transported together.

All explosive equipment will be brought into camp according to the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act.

7.8 *Personnel Qualifications /Exposure*

The base premise when dealing with explosives is to reduce exposure to non-essential personnel. The site will be established with appropriate man-limits agreed to by the NR Can Explosives Regulatory Division and published on the site license. As required under either federal or territorial regulations all personnel will hold valid permits / certificates.

7.9 *Blast Design/Operations*

Blast design and control of blasting parameters will be controlled by NCGC. The current blasting parameters anticipate that 254mm bore holes will be drilled. Blasting patterns will be determined to optimise efficient use of explosives.

3 Safety Procedures

NCGC will maintain procedures which outline explosives activities as well as safety systems required for the handling, transport of explosives. In addition, all personnel, contractors or otherwise, are trained in the use of explosives, and all NCGC site safety policies including use of PPE. NCGC is committed to ensuring that federal and territorial individual mandated qualifications and skills are maintained.

Prior to undertaking any explosive activities, a safety meeting is conducted by the blaster in charge. Any access to the blasting site must be authorized by the blasting supervisor. All loading is done under the direct supervision of the blaster in charge of the pattern. Loading is based on the engineered design. As an example of standard blast protocols, no personnel are permitted within 500m of the blast area. This safety zone is also under observation for the potential entry of local wildlife. Blast will not be fired if this area is not clear. When the area is clear and the pattern is ready for blasting, there are a number of notifications that will occur (including sirens and radio communications as required). Following the blast, guards will remain in place.

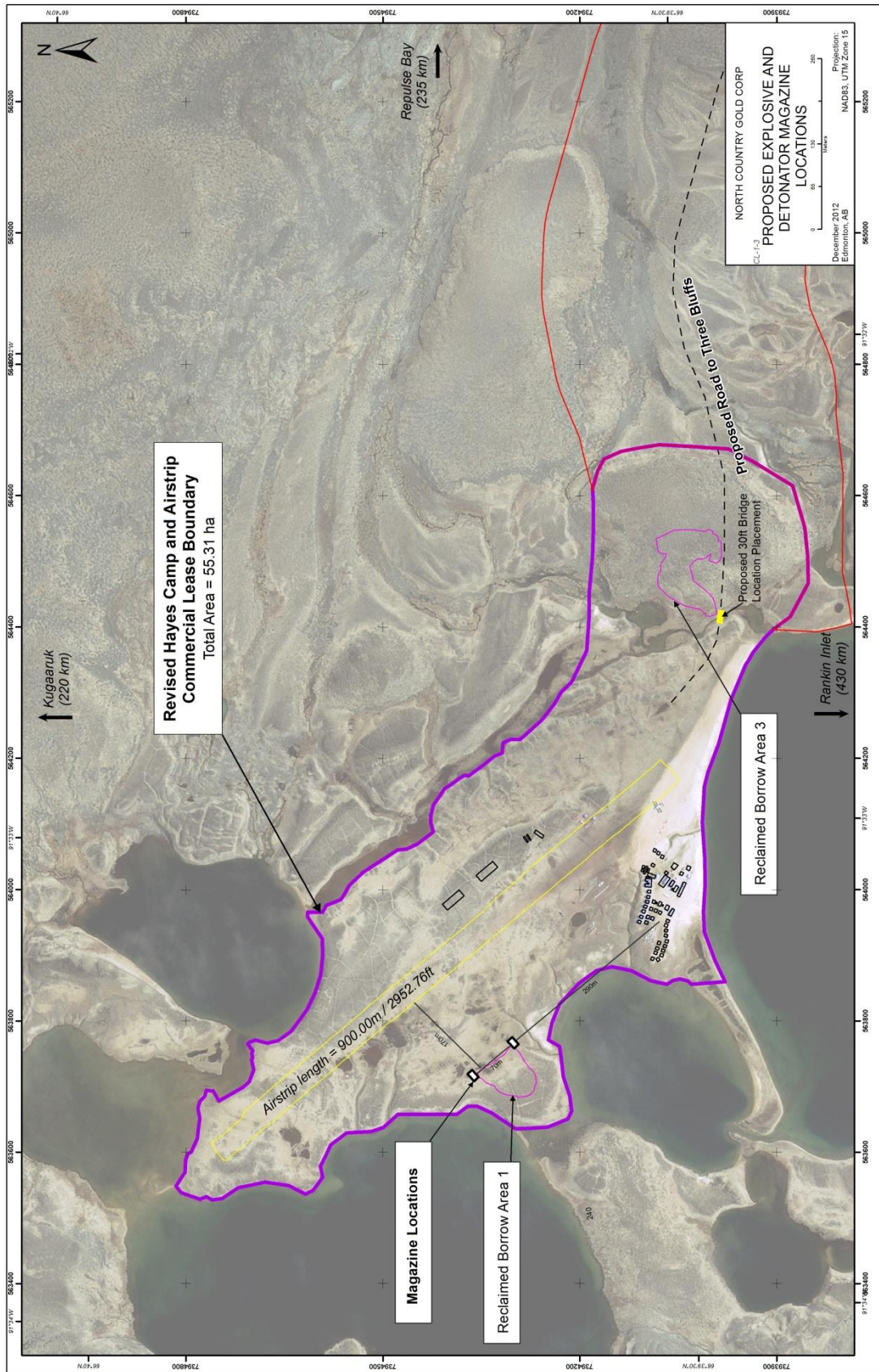
4 Spills & Spill Containment

NCGC maintains a stringent Spills Prevention and Response Plan.

Ammonium Nitrate is commonly used in a variety of agricultural applications and as itself is not classified as an explosive. It is WHMIS classified as 5.1 (Oxidizer). AN is soluble in water and can be dissolved to create AN Solution (ANS) which is in turn used in the manufacture of explosives. A copy of the AN Prill technical data sheet and MSDS is attached at Appendix C. The attached data sheet

outlines the nature of the product and the appropriate spill response. Areas will be monitored for the presence of ammonia present to indicate any potential for AN leaching into ground water. The site will be loading and blasting in the same day so the potential for any AN leaching is minimized. Typical spill response measures for AN Prill are recovery using non-sparking shovels and packaging into designated containers. Spilled AN Prill will be worked into product and consumed in subsequent blasts. Spills of ANS will typically be recovered through excavation and soil disposal. All on site containers of hazardous material will be located inside of a secondary means of containment. Response to any chemical spill or loss of containment will be covered under the site emergency response plan.

Appendix A
Camp Layout and Explosives Storage Location



Appendix B
NCG Control Sheets

DATE	Shipped to / Received from	STOCK			SIGNATURE
		IN	OUT	BALANCE	

Appendix C
Explosives MSDS

Ammonium Nitrate

Description

Low density Industrial Grade Prills.

Application

Prilled Ammonium Nitrate (NH₄NO₃) is the primary oxidizer used in the production of ammonium nitrate fuel oil mixtures (ANFO); the most cost-effective bulk explosive for dry, surface and underground blasting applications.

Key Benefits

- Manufacture of Ammonium Nitrate / Fuel Oil blends, bulk emulsion blends, packaged emulsion products, packaged slurry products, and NCN explosives.
- Ammonium Nitrate is transported as an oxidizer.

Technical Properties

Ammonium Nitrate	
Bulk Density (g / cc)	0.74 – 0.87
Oil Absorption (wt%)	> 5.7
Size Distribution (wt%)	Tyler 6 – 20 (3.3 – 0.83 mm) > 95%
Total Nitrogen (wt%)	> 34
Moisture ¹	< 0.25
	0.04 - 0.15
Coating (wt%)	organic
PH (10% solution)	4.5 – 6.0

Packaging

Bagged Production: Available in 25 kg (55 lb) two-ply polyethylene valve bags, or 25 kg (55 lb) polypropylene bags.

FIBC Production: Available in 400 kg (882 lb) to 1000 kg (2205 lb) capacities.

Bulk: Available in road truck, or rail car quantities (volumes per DOT restrictions).

Product Classification USA

Authorized Name: *Ammonium nitrate*
 Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium nitrate
 Classification: 5.1
 UN No: 1942
 Packaging Group : III

Product Classification Canada

Authorized Name: *Ammonium Nitrate*
 Proper Shipping Name: *Ammonium Nitrate*
 Classification: 5.1
 UN No: 1942
 Packaging Group : III

Storage and Handling

Storage

Due to its hygroscopic nature, it is important that the product be stored in dry silos or storage sheds, and not in humid or wet conditions. The internal crystalline structure of the product transitions at 32° C (90° F) and -18° C (0° F). In conjunction with these changes there are corresponding volume changes of 3.6% and 2.8% respectively. Repeated cycling through these temperatures can break down the structure of the product. This is most important during summer and winter months, where day/night temperature variations pass through either of these transition temperatures. If such exposure is unavoidable, expedient consumption is recommended.

If there is any concern an Orica Technical Representative should be contacted.

Disposal

Disposal of explosive materials can be hazardous. Methods of safe disposal of explosives may vary, depending on the user's situation. Please contact an Orica Technical Representative for information on safe practices.

Safety

Ammonium Nitrate poses the following hazards:

- Supports combustion
- Decomposes with excessive heating, releasing toxic fumes
- Potential for fire or explosion if heated during confinement
- Thermal and chemical burns
- Toxic to aquatic organisms
- See the MSDS for complete product details.

Ammonium Nitrate

Trademarks

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Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on experience and is believed to be accurate and up to date as at the date of its preparation. However, uses and conditions of use are not within the manufacturer's control and users should determine the suitability of such products and methods of use for their purposes. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller makes any warranty of any kind, express or implied, statutory or otherwise, except that the products described herein shall conform to the manufacturer's or seller's specifications. The manufacturer and the seller expressly disclaim all other warranties, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES CONCERNING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Under no circumstances shall the manufacturer or the seller be liable for indirect, special, consequential, or incidental damages without limitation, damages for lost or anticipated profits. Explosives based on Ammonium Nitrate may react with pyritic materials in the ground and create potentially hazardous situations. Orica accepts no responsibility for any loss or liability arising from use of the product in ground containing pyritic or other reactive material.

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301 Hotel De Ville
Brownsburg, QC J8G 3B5
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Orica USA Inc.
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Emergency Contact Telephone Numbers

For chemical emergencies (24 hour) involving transportation, spill, leak, release, fire or accidents:

Canada: Orica Canada emergency response **1-877-561-3636**

USA: Chemtrec **1-800- 424-9300**

For lost, stolen or misplaced explosives:

USA: BATFE **1-800-800-3855**. Form ATF F5400.0 must be completed and local authorities (state / municipal police, etc) must be advised.

Notes

1. Ammonium Nitrate is hygroscopic. Any contact with moisture or humid air can weaken and break down the prill's internal crystalline structure.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Preparation Date: 21-Nov-2006

Revision Date: 1-May-2009

Revision Number: 1

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier(s):

Orica Canada Inc.
Maple Street
Brownsburg, QC

For MSDS Requests: 1-450-533-4201

Orica USA Inc.

33101 E. Quincy Avenue
Watkins, CO 80137-9406

For MSDS Requests: 1-303-268-5000

Product Name:

Ammonium Nitrate Solution, Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt Solution

Product Code:

20011

Alternate Name(s):

Not Available

UN-No:

UN2426

Recommended Use:

Fertilizer, manufacture of explosives.

Emergency Telephone Number: FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES (24 HOUR) INVOLVING TRANSPORTATION, SPILL, LEAK, RELEASE, FIRE OR ACCIDENTS: **IN CANADA CALL:** THE ORICA TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM AT 1-877-561-3636. **IN THE U.S. CALL: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. IN THE U.S.:** FOR LOST, STOLEN, OR MISPLACED EXPLOSIVES CALL: BATF 1-800-800-3855. FORM ATF F 5400.0 MUST BE COMPLETED AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES (STATE/MUNICIPAL POLICE, ETC.) MUST BE ADVISED.

SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Danger. Oxidizing agent. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Irritating to respiratory system. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Appearance:

Opaque Liquid

Physical State:

Liquid

Odor:

Mild ammoniacal

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name

Ammonium Nitrate

CAS-No

6484-52-2

Weight %

80-90

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice:

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice IMMEDIATELY (show the product label where possible)

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact:

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water, removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation:

Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration ONLY if breathing has stopped. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Give cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) if there is no breathing AND no pulse. Obtain medical advice IMMEDIATELY.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head positioned to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer more water. Immediate medical attention is required.

Notes to physician: Symptomatic. Administer oxygen if there are signs of cyanosis. If clinical condition deteriorates, administer 10cc Methylene Blue intravenously. It is unlikely for this to be required with methemoglobin level of less than 40%.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties: Oxidizer. The product itself does not burn.

Suitable extinguishing media: Use Water only, in as much volume as possible to cool the burning mass quickly. Chemical extinguishers will not work. Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-containing breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Water may be applied through fixed extinguishing system (sprinklers) as long as people need not be present for the system to operate.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Chemical extinguishers will not work. Attempts to smother a fire involving this product will be ineffective as it is its own oxygen source. Smother this product could lead to decomposition and explosion. This product is more sensitive to detonation if contaminated with organic or oxidisable material or if heated while confined. Unless the mass of product on fire is flooded with water, re-ignition is possible.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Toxic gases and vapours will be released by the thermal decomposition of this material. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Immediately evacuate all personnel from the area to a safe distance. Guard against re-entry.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, NIOSH approved (or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for containment: No information available.

Methods for cleaning up: Carefully collect spilled material in a closed, metal container. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. For release to land, contain discharge by constructing dykes or applying inert absorbent; for release to water, utilize damming and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination. Collect contaminated soil and water, and absorbent for proper disposal. Notify applicable government authority if release is reportable or could adversely affect the environment. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wear personal protective equipment.

Storage: 10-30 °C above crystallization temperature of product. Ammonium Nitrate Liquor, in low concentrations, is very corrosive to mild steel and untreated concrete. Stainless steel and aluminium are adequate. Avoid materials made of copper, iron, or bronze.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Other exposure guidelines: Ammonium Nitrate: ORICA Guideline 5 mg/m³ (internal TWA)

Engineering Measures: Full-Handling precautions should be taken at all times. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection: Face-shield. Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves and protective clothing made from cotton

Respiratory Protection: In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved respirator, if concentrations in air are unknown or in excess of established exposure guidelines

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name:	Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt Solution	Chemical Family:	Nitrates
Appearance:	Opaque Liquid	Odor:	Mild Ammoniacal
Physical State:	Liquid	Viscosity:	No information available
pH:	5 – 6 (0.1M solution in water)	Flash Point:	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable	Boiling Point/Range:	Not applicable
Melting Point/Range:	Not available	Flammable Limits (Upper):	Not applicable
Flammable Limits (Lower):	Not applicable	Explosion Power:	No data available
Specific Gravity:	1.3-1.38 g/cc	Water Solubility:	Not applicable
Other Solubility:	Soluble in alcohols.	Vapor Pressure:	no data available
Oxidizing Properties:	Oxidizer	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, flame, and sparks.
Incompatible materials:	Avoid oxidizable materials, metal powder, bronze & copper alloys, fuels (e.g. lubricants, machine oils), fluorocarbon lubricants, acids, corrosive liquids, chlorate, sulphur, sodium nitrite, charcoal, coke and other finely divided combustibles, strong oxidizing and reducing agents. Keep away from combustible material.
Hazardous decomposition products:	The following toxic decomposition products may be released. At temperatures above 210 °C, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon oxide. Hydrocarbons. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Hazardous polymerization does not occur

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information: Irritating to eyes. May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Chemical name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ammonium Nitrate	2217 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	88.8 mg/L Rat 4 h

Subchronic Toxicity (28 Days):	Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and, possibly shock.
Chronic Toxicity:	May cause methemoglobinemia.
Carcinogenicity:	The ingredients of this product are not classified as carcinogenic by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) or IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), not regulated as carcinogens by OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), and not listed as carcinogens by T\NTP (National Toxicology Program).
Mutagenic effects:	There is no evidence of mutagenic potential.
Irritation:	Irritating to eyes. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.
Reproductive effects:	No information is available and no adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.
Developmental effects:	No information is available and no adverse developmental effects are anticipated.
Target Organ:	Eyes, skin, respiratory system, blood, liver, urinary tract, gastrointestinal tract (GI), endocrine system, & immune system.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects: There is no known ecological information for this product.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with National, State and local regulations. Should not be released into the environment. Do not dispose of waste with normal garbage, or to sewer systems. Call upon the services of an Orica Technical Representative.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate Liquid
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN2426
Packing group: II

TDG Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate Liquid
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN2426
Packing group: II

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-877-561-3636 or CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

CANADIAN CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulations) and this MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS hazard class: C: Oxidizer. D-2B. Toxic.

USA CLASSIFICATION:

SARA Regulations Sections 313 and 40 CFR 372: This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements, Ammonium Nitrate (6484-52-2).

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic Health Hazard: No
Fire Hazard: Yes
Reactive Hazard: No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No

Ozone Protection and 40 CFR 42: No reportable quantities of ozone depleting agents

Other Regulations/Legislations which apply to this product: New Jersey Right-to-Know, Pennsylvania Right-to-Know, Massachusetts Right-to-Know, Rhode Island Right-to-Know, Florida, New Jersey Special Health Hazard Substance List, Minnesota Hazardous Substance List, California Director's List of Hazardous Substances, California Proposition 65.

TSCA: Complies

DSL: Complies

NDSL: Complies

The components in the product are on the following international inventory lists:

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	ENCS	EINECS	ELINCS	CHINA	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Ammonium Nitrate	X	X	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X

Legend: X – Listed

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Safety Health & Environment
303-268-5000

Preparation Date: 14-May-2004
Revision Date: 1-May-2009

The information contained herein is offered only as guide to the handling of this specific material and has been prepared in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. It is not intended to be all-inclusive and the manner and conditions of use and handling may involve other and additional considerations. No warranty of any kind is given or implied and Orica will not be liable for any damages, losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained herein.

End of MSDS

Ammonium Nitrate

Description

Low density Industrial Grade Prills.

Application

Prilled Ammonium Nitrate (NH₄NO₃) is the primary oxidizer used in the production of ammonium nitrate fuel oil mixtures (ANFO); the most cost-effective bulk explosive for dry, surface and underground blasting applications.

Key Benefits

- Manufacture of Ammonium Nitrate / Fuel Oil blends, bulk emulsion blends, packaged emulsion products, packaged slurry products, and NCN explosives.
- Ammonium Nitrate is transported as an oxidizer.

Technical Properties

Ammonium Nitrate	
Bulk Density (g / cc)	0.74 – 0.87
Oil Absorption (wt%)	> 5.7
Size Distribution (wt%)	Tyler 6 – 20 (3.3 – 0.83 mm) > 95%
Total Nitrogen (wt%)	> 34
Moisture ¹	< 0.25
	0.04 - 0.15
Coating (wt%)	organic
PH (10% solution)	4.5 – 6.0

Packaging

Bagged Production: Available in 25 kg (55 lb) two-ply polyethylene valve bags, or 25 kg (55 lb) polypropylene bags.

FIBC Production: Available in 400 kg (882 lb) to 1000 kg (2205 lb) capacities.

Bulk: Available in road truck, or rail car quantities (volumes per DOT restrictions).

Product Classification USA

Authorized Name: *Ammonium nitrate*
 Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium nitrate
 Classification: 5.1
 UN No: 1942
 Packaging Group : III

Product Classification Canada

Authorized Name: *Ammonium Nitrate*
 Proper Shipping Name: *Ammonium Nitrate*
 Classification: 5.1
 UN No: 1942
 Packaging Group : III

Storage and Handling

Storage

Due to its hygroscopic nature, it is important that the product be stored in dry silos or storage sheds, and not in humid or wet conditions. The internal crystalline structure of the product transitions at 32° C (90° F) and -18° C (0° F). In conjunction with these changes there are corresponding volume changes of 3.6% and 2.8% respectively. Repeated cycling through these temperatures can break down the structure of the product. This is most important during summer and winter months, where day/night temperature variations pass through either of these transition temperatures. If such exposure is unavoidable, expedient consumption is recommended.

If there is any concern an Orica Technical Representative should be contacted.

Disposal

Disposal of explosive materials can be hazardous. Methods of safe disposal of explosives may vary, depending on the user's situation. Please contact an Orica Technical Representative for information on safe practices.

Safety

Ammonium Nitrate poses the following hazards:

- Supports combustion
- Decomposes with excessive heating, releasing toxic fumes
- Potential for fire or explosion if heated during confinement
- Thermal and chemical burns
- Toxic to aquatic organisms
- See the MSDS for complete product details.

Ammonium Nitrate

Trademarks

The word Orica, the Ring device and the Orica mark are trademarks of Orica Group Companies.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on experience and is believed to be accurate and up to date as at the date of its preparation. However, uses and conditions of use are not within the manufacturer's control and users should determine the suitability of such products and methods of use for their purposes. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller makes any warranty of any kind, express or implied, statutory or otherwise, except that the products described herein shall conform to the manufacturer's or seller's specifications. The manufacturer and the seller expressly disclaim all other warranties, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES CONCERNING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Under no circumstances shall the manufacturer or the seller be liable for indirect, special, consequential, or incidental damages without limitation, damages for lost or anticipated profits. Explosives based on Ammonium Nitrate may react with pyritic materials in the ground and create potentially hazardous situations. Orica accepts no responsibility for any loss or liability arising from use of the product in ground containing pyritic or other reactive material.

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Fax: +1 303 268 5250

Emergency Contact Telephone Numbers

For chemical emergencies (24 hour) involving transportation, spill, leak, release, fire or accidents:

Canada: Orica Canada emergency response **1-877-561-3636**

USA: Chemtrec **1-800- 424-9300**

For lost, stolen or misplaced explosives:

USA: BATFE **1-800-800-3855**. Form ATF F5400.0 must be completed and local authorities (state / municipal police, etc) must be advised.

Notes

1. Ammonium Nitrate is hygroscopic. Any contact with moisture or humid air can weaken and break down the prill's internal crystalline structure.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Preparation Date: 21-Nov-2006

Revision Date: 1-May-2009

Revision Number: 1

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier(s):

Orica Canada Inc.
Maple Street
Brownsburg, QC

For MSDS Requests: 1-450-533-4201

Orica USA Inc.

33101 E. Quincy Avenue
Watkins, CO 80137-9406

For MSDS Requests: 1-303-268-5000

Product Name:

Ammonium Nitrate Solution, Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt Solution

Product Code:

20011

Alternate Name(s):

Not Available

UN-No:

UN2426

Recommended Use:

Fertilizer, manufacture of explosives.

Emergency Telephone Number: FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES (24 HOUR) INVOLVING TRANSPORTATION, SPILL, LEAK, RELEASE, FIRE OR ACCIDENTS: **IN CANADA CALL:** THE ORICA TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM AT 1-877-561-3636. **IN THE U.S. CALL: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. IN THE U.S.:** FOR LOST, STOLEN, OR MISPLACED EXPLOSIVES CALL: BATF 1-800-800-3855. FORM ATF F 5400.0 MUST BE COMPLETED AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES (STATE/MUNICIPAL POLICE, ETC.) MUST BE ADVISED.

SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Danger. Oxidizing agent. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Irritating to respiratory system. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Appearance:

Opaque Liquid

Physical State:

Liquid

Odor:

Mild ammoniacal

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name

Ammonium Nitrate

CAS-No

6484-52-2

Weight %

80-90

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice:

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice IMMEDIATELY (show the product label where possible)

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact:

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water, removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation:

Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration ONLY if breathing has stopped. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Give cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) if there is no breathing AND no pulse. Obtain medical advice IMMEDIATELY.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head positioned to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer more water. Immediate medical attention is required.

Notes to physician: Symptomatic. Administer oxygen if there are signs of cyanosis. If clinical condition deteriorates, administer 10cc Methylene Blue intravenously. It is unlikely for this to be required with methemoglobin level of less than 40%.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties: Oxidizer. The product itself does not burn.

Suitable extinguishing media: Use Water only, in as much volume as possible to cool the burning mass quickly. Chemical extinguishers will not work. Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-containing breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Water may be applied through fixed extinguishing system (sprinklers) as long as people need not be present for the system to operate.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Chemical extinguishers will not work. Attempts to smother a fire involving this product will be ineffective as it is its own oxygen source. Smother this product could lead to decomposition and explosion. This product is more sensitive to detonation if contaminated with organic or oxidisable material or if heated while confined. Unless the mass of product on fire is flooded with water, re-ignition is possible.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Toxic gases and vapours will be released by the thermal decomposition of this material. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Immediately evacuate all personnel from the area to a safe distance. Guard against re-entry.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, NIOSH approved (or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for containment: No information available.

Methods for cleaning up: Carefully collect spilled material in a closed, metal container. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. For release to land, contain discharge by constructing dykes or applying inert absorbent; for release to water, utilize damming and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination. Collect contaminated soil and water, and absorbent for proper disposal. Notify applicable government authority if release is reportable or could adversely affect the environment. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wear personal protective equipment.

Storage: 10-30 °C above crystallization temperature of product. Ammonium Nitrate Liquor, in low concentrations, is very corrosive to mild steel and untreated concrete. Stainless steel and aluminium are adequate. Avoid materials made of copper, iron, or bronze.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Other exposure guidelines: Ammonium Nitrate: ORICA Guideline 5 mg/m³ (internal TWA)

Engineering Measures: Full-Handling precautions should be taken at all times. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection: Face-shield. Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves and protective clothing made from cotton

Respiratory Protection: In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved respirator, if concentrations in air are unknown or in excess of established exposure guidelines

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name:	Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt Solution	Chemical Family:	Nitrates
Appearance:	Opaque Liquid	Odor:	Mild Ammoniacal
Physical State:	Liquid	Viscosity:	No information available
pH:	5 – 6 (0.1M solution in water)	Flash Point:	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable	Boiling Point/Range:	Not applicable
Melting Point/Range:	Not available	Flammable Limits (Upper):	Not applicable
Flammable Limits (Lower):	Not applicable	Explosion Power:	No data available
Specific Gravity:	1.3-1.38 g/cc	Water Solubility:	Not applicable
Other Solubility:	Soluble in alcohols.	Vapor Pressure:	no data available
Oxidizing Properties:	Oxidizer	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, flame, and sparks.
Incompatible materials:	Avoid oxidizable materials, metal powder, bronze & copper alloys, fuels (e.g. lubricants, machine oils), fluorocarbon lubricants, acids, corrosive liquids, chlorate, sulphur, sodium nitrite, charcoal, coke and other finely divided combustibles, strong oxidizing and reducing agents. Keep away from combustible material.
Hazardous decomposition products:	The following toxic decomposition products may be released. At temperatures above 210 °C, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon oxide. Hydrocarbons. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Hazardous polymerization does not occur

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information: Irritating to eyes. May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Chemical name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ammonium Nitrate	2217 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	88.8 mg/L Rat 4 h

Subchronic Toxicity (28 Days):	Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and, possibly shock.
Chronic Toxicity:	May cause methemoglobinemia.
Carcinogenicity:	The ingredients of this product are not classified as carcinogenic by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) or IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), not regulated as carcinogens by OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), and not listed as carcinogens by T\NTP (National Toxicology Program).
Mutagenic effects:	There is no evidence of mutagenic potential.
Irritation:	Irritating to eyes. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.
Reproductive effects:	No information is available and no adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.
Developmental effects:	No information is available and no adverse developmental effects are anticipated.
Target Organ:	Eyes, skin, respiratory system, blood, liver, urinary tract, gastrointestinal tract (GI), endocrine system, & immune system.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects: There is no known ecological information for this product.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with National, State and local regulations. Should not be released into the environment. Do not dispose of waste with normal garbage, or to sewer systems. Call upon the services of an Orica Technical Representative.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate Liquid
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN2426
Packing group: II

TDG Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate Liquid
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN2426
Packing group: II

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-877-561-3636 or CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

CANADIAN CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulations) and this MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS hazard class: C: Oxidizer. D-2B. Toxic.

USA CLASSIFICATION:

SARA Regulations Sections 313 and 40 CFR 372: This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements, Ammonium Nitrate (6484-52-2).

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic Health Hazard: No
Fire Hazard: Yes
Reactive Hazard: No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No

Ozone Protection and 40 CFR 42: No reportable quantities of ozone depleting agents

Other Regulations/Legislations which apply to this product: New Jersey Right-to-Know, Pennsylvania Right-to-Know, Massachusetts Right-to-Know, Rhode Island Right-to-Know, Florida, New Jersey Special Health Hazard Substance List, Minnesota Hazardous Substance List, California Director's List of Hazardous Substances, California Proposition 65.

TSCA: Complies

DSL: Complies

NDSL: Complies

The components in the product are on the following international inventory lists:

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	ENCS	EINECS	ELINCS	CHINA	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Ammonium Nitrate	X	X	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X

Legend: X – Listed

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Safety Health & Environment
303-268-5000

Preparation Date: 14-May-2004
Revision Date: 1-May-2009

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End of MSDS

Ammonium Nitrate Solution

Description

Liquid Ammonium Nitrate (NH₄NO₃: hot concentrated solution).

Application

Ammonium Nitrate (AN) Solution is the primary oxidizer used in the manufacture of bulk and packaged emulsion explosives; required for more complex blasting applications than conventional ammonium nitrate fuel oil (ANFO) mixtures.

Key Benefits

- AN Solution is low cost.
- Easily moved by bulk, rail or truck shipments.
- Ammonium Nitrate Solution is transported as an oxidizer.
- Solution can be used in the production of bulk and packaged explosives.

Technical Properties

Ammonium Nitrate Solution (ANS)	
AN (wt%)	65-85 ¹
PH	3.5-5.5
Appearance	Clear
Hole Type	Wet or Dry
Delivery System	Pumped
Freeze Point	18°-75°C (64°-167°F) ²
Shipping Temperature (summer)	93°-107°C (200°-225°F) ²
Shipping Temperature (winter)	104°-116°C (220°-245°F) ²

Packaging

Available in Bulk loads only. Shipments can be made in either an insulated DOT approved bulk road truck or rail car.

Product Classification USA

Authorized Name: *Ammonium nitrate, liquid*
Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate, Liquid
Classification: 5.1
UN No: 2426

Product Classification Canada

Authorized Name: *Ammonium nitrate, liquid*
Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate, Liquid
Classification: 5.1
UN No: 2426

Storage and Handling

Storage

Ammonium Nitrate (AN) Solution must be stored at 10°-30° C (18°-48° F) above the product's freeze point, dependent upon concentration required / shipped.

If there is any concern an Orica Technical Representative should be contacted.

Disposal

Disposal of explosive materials can be hazardous. Methods of safe disposal of explosives may vary, depending on the user's situation. Please contact an Orica Technical Representative for information on safe practices.

Safety

Ammonium Nitrate Solution poses the following hazards:

- Supports combustion
- Decomposes with excessive heating, releasing toxic fumes
- Thermal and chemical burns
- Toxic to aquatic organisms
- See the MSDS for complete product details.

Trademarks

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Ammonium Nitrate Solution

Disclaimer

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Orica USA Inc.
33101 East Quincy Ave
Watkins, CO 80137
Tel: +1 303 268 5000
Fax: +1 303 268 5250

Emergency Contact Telephone Numbers

For chemical emergencies (24 hour) involving transportation, spill, leak, release, fire or accidents:

Canada: Orica Canada emergency response **1-877-561-3636**

USA: Chemtrec **1-800- 424-9300**

For lost, stolen or misplaced explosives:

USA: BATFE **1-800-800-3855**. Form ATF F5400.0 must be completed and local authorities (state / municipal police, etc) must be advised.

Notes

1. Minimum of 65%.
2. Dependent upon concentration required / shipped, maximum shipping temperature 116° C (240° F).



Material Safety Data Sheet

Preparation Date: 18-Feb-2008

Revision Date: 15-Mar-2011

Revision Number: 2

SECTION 1 – PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier(s):

Orica Canada Inc.
Maple Street
Brownsburg, QC

For MSDS Requests: 1-450-533-4201

Orica USA Inc.

33101 E. Quincy Avenue
Watkins, CO 80137-9406

For MSDS Requests: 1-303-268-5000

Product Name:

Ammonium Nitrate Prill

Product Code:

40002

Alternate Name(s):

AN Prill

UN-No:

UN1942

Uses:

Fertilizer, Manufacture of Explosives. Manufacture of Blasting Agents.

Emergency Telephone Number: FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES (24 HOUR) INVOLVING TRANSPORTATION, SPILL, LEAK, RELEASE, FIRE OR ACCIDENTS: **IN CANADA CALL:** THE ORICA TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE SYSTEM AT 1-877-561-3636. **IN THE U.S. CALL: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. IN THE U.S.:** FOR LOST, STOLEN, OR MISPLACED EXPLOSIVES CALL: BATF 1-800-800-3855. FORM ATF F 5400.0 MUST BE COMPLETED AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES (STATE/MUNICIPAL POLICE, ETC.) MUST BE ADVISED.

SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Appearance:

Grey or white prills

Physical State:

Prills

Odor:

Odorless

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name

Ammonium Nitrate

CAS-No

6484-52-2

Weight %

98-100

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice:

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice IMMEDIATELY (show the product label where possible)

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact:

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water, removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation:

Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration ONLY if breathing has stopped. Give cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) if there is no breathing AND no pulse. Obtain medical advice IMMEDIATELY.

Ingestion:

Immediate medical attention is required. If victim is alert and not convulsing, rinse mouth out and give 200-300 mL (1 cup) of water to dilute material. Do not induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head positioned to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer more water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to physician: Symptomatic. Administer oxygen if there are signs of cyanosis. If clinical condition deteriorates, administer 10cc Methylene Blue intravenously. It is unlikely for this to be required with methemoglobin level of less than 40%.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties: Not itself combustible by assists fire in burning materials. The product does not flash. Rate of burning: attempts to smother a fire involving this product will be ineffective as it is its own oxygen source.

Suitable extinguishing media: Use Water only, in as much volume as possible to cool the burning mass quickly. Chemical extinguishers will not work. Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-containing breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. Water may be applied through fixed extinguishing system (sprinklers) as long as people need not be present for the system to operate.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Chemical extinguishers will not work. Attempts to smother a fire involving this product will be ineffective as it is its own oxygen source. Smother this product could lead to decomposition and explosion. This product is more sensitive to detonation if contaminated with organic or oxidisable material or if heated while confined. Unless the mass of product on fire is flooded with water, re-ignition is possible.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Toxic gases and vapours will be released by the thermal decomposition of this material. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Immediately evacuate all personnel from the area to a safe distance. Guard against re-entry.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, NIOSH approved (or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods for containment: Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Prevent further leak if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up: Avoid the use of metal tools containing iron and/or copper. Collect product in suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Notify applicable government authority if release is reportable or could adversely affect the environment.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash clothing before re-use. Locate safety shower and eyewash station closest to chemical handling area. The use of coveralls is recommended. Use good industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition

Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Keep storage containers closed. Store at 10-27°C (50-80°F). Do not expose closed containers to temperatures above 40°C (104°F). Product is mildly corrosive to concrete and steel. Stainless steel and aluminium are adequate. Avoid materials made of copper, iron, or bronze.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Other exposure guidelines: Ammonium Nitrate: ORICA Guideline 5 mg/m³ (internal TWA)

Engineering Measures: Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin Protection: Gloves and protective clothing made from cotton should be impervious under normal conditions

Respiratory Protection: In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved respirator, if concentrations in air are unknown or in excess of established exposure guidelines

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Recommendations listed in this section indicate the type of equipment, which will provide protection against over exposure to this product. Conditions of use, adequacy of engineering or other control measures, and actual exposures will dictate the need for specific protective devices at your workplace.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical Name:	Nitric Acid Ammonium Salt	Chemical Family:	Nitrates
Appearance:	Grey or white prills	Odor:	Odorless
Physical State:	Solid prills	Viscosity:	No information available
pH:	5 – 6 (0.1M solution in water)	Flash Point:	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable	Boiling Point/Range:	210 °C/ 410 °F
Melting Point/Range:	160–165 °C/ 320-329 °F	Flammable Limits (Upper):	Not applicable
Flammable Limits (Lower):	Not applicable	Explosion Power:	No data available
Specific Gravity:	1.72 g/cc	Water Solubility:	79% @25
Other Solubility:	Soluble in Alkalies, alcohols, acetone. Insoluble in ether.	Vapor Pressure:	0 mm Hg @20°C
Oxidizing Properties:	Oxidizer	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions. Decomposition Temperature: Ammonium Nitrate will spontaneously decompose at 210 °C.

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Not expected to be sensitive to static discharge. Not expected to be sensitive to mechanical impact. Keep away from light.

Incompatible materials: Avoid oxidizable materials, metal powder, bronze & copper alloys, fuels (e.g. lubricants, machine oils), fluorocarbon lubricants, acids, corrosive liquids, chlorate, sulphur, sodium nitrite, charcoal, coke and other finely divided combustibles, strong oxidizing and reducing agents. Keep away from combustible material.

Hazardous decomposition products: The following toxic decomposition products may be released. At temperatures above 210 °C, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined. Nitrogen oxides (NO_x). Carbon oxide. Hydrocarbons. At higher temperatures, decomposition may be explosive, especially if confined.

Hazardous Polymerization: None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Explosive material under shock conditions.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information: Irritating to eyes. May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause methemoglobinemia.

Chemical name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ammonium Nitrate	2217 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	88.8 mg/L Rat 4 h

Subchronic Toxicity (28 Days): Ammonium Nitrate: Ingestion may cause methemoglobinemia. Initial manifestation of methemoglobinemia is cyanosis, characterized by navy lips, tongue and mucous membranes, with skin color being slate grey. Further manifestation is characterized by headache, weakness, dyspnea, dizziness, stupor, respiratory distress and death due to anoxia. If ingested, nitrates may be reduced to nitrites by bacteria in the digestive tract. Signs and symptoms of nitrite poisoning include methemoglobinemia, nausea, dizziness, increased heart rate, hypotension, fainting and, possibly shock.

Chronic Toxicity: May cause methemoglobinemia.
Carcinogenicity: The ingredients of this product are not classified as carcinogenic by ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) or IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), not regulated as carcinogens by OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), and not listed as carcinogens by T\NTP (National Toxicology Program).

Mutagenic effects: There is no evidence of mutagenic potential.
Irritation: Irritating to eyes. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause skin irritation in susceptible persons.

Reproductive effects: No information is available and no adverse reproductive effects are anticipated.
Developmental effects: No information is available and no adverse developmental effects are anticipated.
Target Organ: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, blood, liver, urinary tract, gastrointestinal tract (GI), endocrine system, & immune system.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects: Dissolves slowly in water. Harmful to aquatic life at low concentrations.
Environmental Effects: Can be dangerous if allowed to enter drinking water intakes. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water supplies, lakes, streams, ponds, or rivers.

Persistence/Degradability: No data available.

Mobility in Environmental media: Dissolves slowly in water

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with National, State and local regulations. Should not be released into the environment. Do not dispose of waste with normal garbage, or to sewer systems. Call upon the services of an Orica Technical Representative.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN1942
Packing group: III

TDG Proper Shipping Name: Ammonium Nitrate
Hazard Class: 5.1
UN-No: UN1942
Packing group: III

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: 1-877-561-3636 or CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

CANADIAN CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (Controlled Products Regulations) and this MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

WHMIS hazard class: C: Oxidizer. D-2B. Toxic.

USA CLASSIFICATION:

SARA Regulations Sections 313 and 40 CFR 372: This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements, Ammonium Nitrate (6484-52-2).

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic Health Hazard: No
Fire Hazard: Yes
Reactive Hazard: No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No

Ozone Protection and 40 CFR 42: No reportable quantities of ozone depleting agents

Other Regulations/Legislations which apply to this product: New Jersey Right-to-Know, Pennsylvania Right-to-Know, Massachusetts Right-to-Know, Rhode Island Right-to-Know, Florida, New Jersey Special Health Hazard Substance List, Minnesota Hazardous Substance List, California Director's List of Hazardous Substances, California Proposition 65.

TSCA: Complies

DSL: Complies

NDSL: Complies

The components in the product are on the following international inventory lists:

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	ENCS	EINECS	ELINCS	CHINA	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Ammonium Nitrate	X	X	-	X	X	-	X	X	X	X

Legend: X – Listed

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Safety Health & Environment
303-268-5000

Preparation Date: 18-Feb-2008
Revision Date: 15-Mar-2011

The information contained herein is offered only as guide to the handling of this specific material and has been prepared in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. It is not intended to be all-inclusive and the manner and conditions of use and handling may involve other and additional considerations. No warranty of any kind is given or implied and Orica will not be liable for any damages, losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained herein.

End of MSDS