# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

DURON ™ SYNTHETIC 0W-30



# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : DURON ™ SYNTHETIC 0W-30

Code : DUSYN03

Material uses : DURON SYNTHETIC 0W-30 is an engine oil for use in 4-stroke compression and spark

ignition engines under extended ambient conditions, including temperatures below -40°C. Mobile equipment applications include heavy duty highway and off-highway operations, as well as smaller trucks and cars. The product may also be used in many types of wet

clutch transmissions and hydraulic systems.

Manufacturer : Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.

2310 Lakeshore Road West

Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2

In case of emergency : Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

# 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Odour : Mild.

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and

available for employees and other users of this product.

**Emergency overview** : No specific hazard.

**Routes of entry**: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions : Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and

aggravated by oversevere skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

**exposure** dermatitis

See toxicological information (Section 11)

 DURON ™ SYNTHETIC 0W-30 Page Number: 2

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

CAS number
Mixture

Mixture
-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

# 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : May be combustible at high temperature.

Extinguishing media

**Products of combustion** 

equipment for fire-fighters

Special remarks on fire

**Special protective** 

Special remarks on

explosion hazards

hazards

**Protection of first-aiders** 

Notes to physician

Skin contact

**Inhalation** 

Ingestion

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards
 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), sulphur oxides (SOx), phosphorus oxides (POx), calcium oxides (CaOx), zinc oxides (ZnOx), aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds

# 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

### **Environmental precautions**

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

## **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# **Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### **Engineering measures**

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

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#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Personal protection**

Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter

**Hands** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

**Eyes** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Physical and chemical properties 9.

**Physical state** : Viscous liquid.

Open cup: 231°C (447.8°F) [Cleveland.] Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Fire Point: 243°C (469.4°F)

Flammable limits Not available. Colour Amber. Mild. **Odour** 

**Odour threshold** Not available. pН Not available. **Boiling/condensation point** : Not available. : Not available. **Melting/freezing point** 

: 0.8442 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F) **Relative density** 

Not available. Vapour pressure Not available. Vapour density Volatility Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available.

: 61.3 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 11.1 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=176 **Viscosity** 

-51°C (-60°F) **Pour point** Solubility : Insoluble in water.

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation** Materials to avoid

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Reactive with oxidising agents, alkalis, acids, halogens, nitric acid, and halogen compounds.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

May release COx, H2S, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers,

smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose Exposure** LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat >5.2 mg/l 4 hours

**Dusts and mists** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Chronic toxicity** 

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** 

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH IARC EPA NIOSH NTP OSHA** 

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and A4

hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

: Not available. Conclusion/Summary

**Biodegradability** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	 Additional information
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-	-
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-	-

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

**HCS Classification**: Not regulated.

**Canada** 

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

**Europe inventory** 

: At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS.

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

International lists

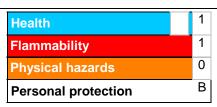
: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory**: All components are listed or exempted. **Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

# 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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# 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health 1 0 Instability
Special

**References** : Available upon request.

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Date of printing : 10/27/2011.

Date of issue : 27 October 2011

Date of previous issue : 6/22/2011.

Responsible name : Product Safety - JDW

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

DURON ™ -E XL SYNTHETIC BLEND 15W-40



# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : DURON ™ -E XL SYNTHETIC BLEND 15W-40

Code : DEXL15

Material uses : DURON-E XL Synthetic Blend 15W-40 is a superior quality heavy duty engine oil which

may be used in a wide range of 4 stroke compression and spark ignition engines in both mobile and stationary equipment where this viscosity grade is recommended. It has been especially formulated for use in on-highway 2007 and 2010 EPA compliant engines which

incorporate emission system aftertreatment technology.

Manufacturer : Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.

2310 Lakeshore Road West

Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2

In case of emergency : Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

# 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and

available for employees and other users of this product.

**Emergency overview** : No specific hazard.

**Routes of entry**: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

exposure dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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# Composition/information on ingredients

**CAS** number **Name** <u>%</u> Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum). Mixture

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

#### 4 First-aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

> In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : May be combustible at high temperature.

**Extinguishing media** 

**Special protective** 

hazards

Special remarks on fire

Date of issue : 3/6/2012.

Special remarks on

explosion hazards

**Protection of first-aiders** 

Notes to physician

Skin contact

**Inhalation** 

Ingestion

Suitable : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable : None known.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), calcium oxides **Products of combustion** (CaOx), zinc oxides (ZnOx), aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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# 6. Accidental release measures

### **Personal precautions**

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

## **Handling**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# **Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### **Engineering measures**

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

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#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

### **Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Personal protection**

Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter

**Hands** 

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

**Eyes** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Physical and chemical properties 9.

**Physical state** 

: Viscous liquid.

Flash point

Open cup: 235°C (455°F) [Cleveland.]

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Fire Point: 247 °C (476.6°F)

Flammable limits

Not available.

Colour

Light amber.

**Odour** 

Mild petroleum oil like.

**Odour threshold** pН **Boiling/condensation point** 

Not available. : Not available.

Not available.

**Melting/freezing point** 

: Not available.

Relative density

: 0.8676 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

Not available. Vapour pressure Not available. Vapour density Volatility Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Viscosity** 113.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 15.54 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=144

-39°C (-38.2°F) **Pour point** Solubility : Insoluble in water.

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# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid

Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, halogens and halogen compounds.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

May release COx, H₂S, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers,

products smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

# 11 . Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Dose Exposure** 

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat >5.2 mg/l 4 hours

**Dusts and mists** 

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** 

**Chronic toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH IARC EPA NIOSH NTP OSHA** 

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and

hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Environmental effects** 

Α4

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Biodegradability** 

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	 Additional information
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-	-
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-	-

PG\*: Packing group

# 15 . Regulatory information

**United States** 

**HCS Classification** : Not regulated.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**International regulations** 

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

**United States inventory** (TSCA 8b)

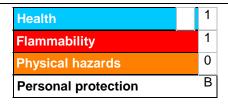
**Europe inventory** 

: At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in

Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.

# 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material** Information System (U.S.A.)



**National Fire Protection** Association (U.S.A.)

Date of issue : 3/6/2012. Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 6/7

# 16. Other information



**References**: Available upon request.

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Date of printing: 3/6/2012.Date of issue: 6 March 2012Date of previous issue: 10/13/2011.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

2-CYCLE MOTOR OIL



# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : 2-CYCLE MOTOR OIL

Code : TWOCYC

Material uses : A low ash 2-cycle engine oil designed to lubricate conventional pre-mixed fuel/oil as well

as oil injection lubricated engines powering air-cooled two-stroke cycle engines.

**Manufacturer** : Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.

2310 Lakeshore Road West

Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2

In case of emergency : Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

# 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and

available for employees and other users of this product.

**Emergency overview**: No specific hazard.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or cri

Medical conditions : Repeated or prolonged contact wi
aggravated by oversevere skin irritation. Repeated sk

exposure

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil

Mixture

Mixture

Mixture

-

(petroleum).

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Date of issue: 1/19/2012. Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 1/7

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# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64741-95-3, 64742-01-4, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-62-7, 72623-83-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

# 4. First-aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** 

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation** 

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: May be combustible at high temperature.

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Products of combustion** 

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards

: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

# 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

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# Accidental release measures

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

# Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).	ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** 

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hands : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

necessary.

Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

dusts.

Skin : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Flash point : Open cup: 152°C (305.6°F) [Cleveland.]

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Flammable limits : Not available.

Colour : Blue-green.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

Vapour pressure: Not available.Vapour density: Not available.Volatility: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.

Viscosity : 20.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 4.5 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=132

Pour point : -57°C (-71°F)

Solubility : Insoluble in water.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

**Hazardous polymerisation**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, alkalis and acids.

Treature with oxiding agents, reasoning agents, and a dide.

**Hazardous decomposition**Products
: May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, methacrylate monomers, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure

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# 11. Toxicological information

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and

hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).

>2000 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg >5.2 mg/l LC50 Inhalation Rat 4 hours

**Dusts and mists** 

LD50 Dermal

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Chronic toxicity** 

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

A4

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Sensitiser

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH** IARC **EPA** NIOSH NTP **OSHA** 

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined

base oil (petroleum).

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Biodegradability** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Date of issue: 1/19/2012. Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 5/7

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	 Additional information
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-	-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-	-

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

**HCS Classification**: Not regulated.

**Canada** 

WHMIS (Canada)
: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

(TSCA 8b)

**Europe inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

# 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health 1
Flammability 1
Physical hazards 0
Personal protection B

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



**References**: Available upon request.

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Date of printing : 1/19/2012.

Date of issue : 19 January 2012

Date of previous issue : 1/19/2012.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS

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# 16. Other information

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

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Date of issue: 1/19/2012. Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 7/7

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Nov. 22, 2011

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064 **Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: 550X POLYMER

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Anionic water soluble polymer CAS#: Not available

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not a controlled product under WHMIS

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Treat as a nuisance dust.

# TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

# SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LD50Oral-Rat LC50Inhal-Rat ACGIH-TLV

Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.

## **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [ ]EYE CONTACT [ ]SKIN [ ]INHALATION [ ]INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation and/or redness. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation some cases.

INGESTION: No effects expected.

INHALATION: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, including sneezing and

coughing.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

REPRODUCTIVE

TOXICITY: No information available.

MUTAGENICITY: No information available.

550X Polymer Page 2 of 4

SYNERGISTIC

No information available. PRODUCTS:

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or

persists, obtain medical attention.

Flush with gently flowing warm water until irritation subsides. If **EYE CONTACT:** 

irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

This product is not considered toxic based on studies on lab animals. **INGESTION:** 

Do not induce vomiting. Give 2-3 glasses of water. If symptoms

occur, obtain medical attention.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required.

If breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: White granular powder; no odour

Not available SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not available BOILING POINT (°C): Not available MELTING POINT (°C):

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble pH: 6 - 8 (@ 0.5% ag. sol'n)

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available **EVAPORATION RATE:** Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available **BULK DENSITY:**  $0.8 \,\mathrm{g/cc}$ 

### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT Not applicable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

a water spray.

Self contained breathing apparatus required for fire SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area if

possible.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND As with most organic powders, flammable dust clouds may be formed in air. Avoid creating dust. **EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

Avoid sources of ignition. Product is extremely

slippery when wet.

550X Polymer Page 3 of 4

## SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []
INCOMPATIBILITY Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Avoid wet,
(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): damp or humid conditions, extremes of temperature,

and ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various hydrocarbons,

PRODUCTS: and/or ammonia upon combustion

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

# **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use approved dust mask in absence of adequate

ventilation. Use approved respirators with dust

cartridges if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering

controls to maintain dust level below TLV.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Use gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated

skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety glasses or goggles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash

(Specify): station and emergency shower are available.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of dust and contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container.

### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Sweep up dry material and flush spill area with water. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Scrub spill area with dry absorbent and then flush residue with water to eliminate slip hazard. Absorb spills of dilute solutions with inert absorbent. Collect in approved containers for disposal. The product or its solutions should not be allowed to enter waterways without treatment. Spilled solutions can create a hazard because of their slippery nature.

550X Polymer Page 4 of 4

## WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. It may be possible to dispose of spills of non-hazardous materials in a landfill; check with local operator.

## **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: Nov. 22, 2011 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: Dec. 19, 2008 PHONE: 780-440-4923



Revision Date: 18 Jan 2012

Page 1 of 10

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **SECTION 1**

### PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT** 

Product Name: ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT

Product Description: Glycol MSDS Number: 8512

Intended Use: Antifreeze/coolant

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Supplier: Imperial Oil Products Division

240 4th Avenue

Calgary, ALBERTA. T2P 3M9 Canada

**24 Hour Environmental / Health Emergency** 1-866-232-9563

Telephone

Transportation Emergency Phone Number1-866-232-9563Product Technical Information1-800-268-3183Supplier General Contact1-800-567-3776

## **SECTION 2**

## **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s)

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	Acute Toxicity
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	90 - 99%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 9.53 g/kg (Rabbit); Inhalation Lethality: LC50 4300 ppm (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD50 4.70 g/kg (Rat)

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

# SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

# **HEALTH EFFECTS**

May cause harm to the unborn child. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Ingestion may cause serious adverse effects and may be fatal. May cause kidney failure and central nervous system effects. Prolonged exposure to elevated concentrations of mist or liquid may cause irritation of the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage.

NFPA Hazard ID: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0
HMIS Hazard ID: Health: 2\* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0



Product Name: ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT Revision Date: 18 Jan 2012

Page 2 of 10

**NOTE:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

### **SECTION 4**

#### **FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

#### **INGESTION**

Seek immediate medical attention.

#### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

This product contains ethylene glycol and/or diethylene glycol which, if ingested, are metabolized to toxic metabolites by the enzyme alcohol dehydrogenase, for which ethanol and 4-methylpyrazole {U.S. drug name Fomepizole, trade name Antizol} are antagonists. Administration of oral or intravenous ethanol or intravenous 4-methylpyrazole may arrest further metabolism of this material and thereby ameliorate the toxicity. Use of ethanol or 4-methylpyrazole does not affect toxic metabolites that are already present and is not a substitute for hemodialysis.

## **SECTION 5**

### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water or standard foam

## **FIRE FIGHTING**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.



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**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Smoke, Fume, Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: 116°C (240°F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 3.2 UEL: 15

**Autoignition Temperature:** 400°C (752°F)

### **SECTION 6**

#### **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

## **SPILL MANAGEMENT**

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Consult an expert. Warn other shipping. Material will sink. Remove material, as much as possible, using mechanical equipment.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Remove debris in path of spill and remove contaminated debris from shoreline and water surface. Dispose of according to local regulations. Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### SECTION 7

### HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **HANDLING**

Avoid breathing mists or vapour. Avoid contact with skin. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

#### **STORAGE**

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

## **SECTION 8**

## **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**



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Substance Name	Form	Limit/Stand	dard	Note	Source
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	Aerosol.	Ceiling	100 mg/m3		ACGIH

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical-resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet-style gloves.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical, and oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practise good housekeeping.

# **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and



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soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

### **SECTION 9**

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Physical State: Liquid Colour: Colourless Odour: Characteristic Odour Threshold: N/D

# IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

**Relative Density:** > 1

Flash Point [Method]: 116°C (240°F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 3.2 UEL: 15

**Autoignition Temperature:** 400°C (752°F)

Boiling Point / Range: N/A

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 2.1 at 101 kPa

Vapour Pressure: 0.008 kPa (0.06 mm Hg) at 20°C

**Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1):** 0.0

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): < 2

**Solubility in Water**: Complete **Viscosity**: [N/D at 40°C]

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

### OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/D

Pour Point: -13°C (9°F)

### SECTION 10

# STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers, Acids, Alkalies

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

# **SECTION 11**

# **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mg/m3	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar



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	materials.
Irritation: Data available.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
	Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Ingestion	
Toxicity (Human): LDLo 100 ml	Moderately toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Skin	
Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Eye	
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.

### **CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS**

### **Contains:**

ETHYLENE GLYCOL (EG): Repeated high oral exposure has caused kidney damage, neurological effects, degeneration of the liver and changes in blood chemistry and circulating blood cells in laboratory animals. Repeated overexposure has the potential to cause similar toxic effects in humans. EG causes developmental and reproductive effects at high dose levels in laboratory animals. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. However, as a precaution, avoid exposure during pregnancy.

Additional information is available by request.

CMR Status: None.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	4

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1 3 = IARC 2B 5 = ACGIH A1 2 = IARC 2A 4 = ACGIH ALL 6 = ACGIH A2

# **SECTION 12**

## **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

### **ECOTOXICITY**

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

### **MOBILITY**

Material -- Expected to remain in water or migrate through soil.

### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

### **Biodegradation:**

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

# **Atmospheric Oxidation:**



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Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

## **BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL**

Material -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

## **SECTION 13**

### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Even though this product is readily biodegradable, it must not be indiscriminately discarded into the environment. Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

#### REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

### **SECTION 14**

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**LAND (TDG):** Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Ethylene

Glycol)

Hazard Class & Division: 9

ID Number: 3082 Packing Group: III

Product RQ: 5102.04 LBS - ETHYLENE GLYCOL

ERG Number: 171

Label(s): 9

Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Ethylene Glycol), 9, PG III, RQ

**SEA (IMDG):** Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

### **SECTION 15**

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION



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**WHMIS Classification:** Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B: Toxic Material Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A: Very Toxic Material

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**CEPA:** All components of this material are either on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.

Complies with the following national/regional chemical inventory requirements: TSCA, DSL

### The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	6

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = TSCA 4 3 = TSCA 5e 5 = TSCA 12b 2 = TSCA 5a2 4 = TSCA 6 6 = NPRI

# SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

**Revision Changes:** 

Section 04: First Aid Skin was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Skin - Header was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Eye - Header was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Ingestion - Header was modified.

Section 06: Protective Measures was modified.

Section 06: Notification Procedures - Header was modified.

Section 10: Materials To Avoid - Header was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity Table Header was modified.

Section 09: Phys/Chem Properties Note was modified.

Section 11: Inhalation - Header was modified.

Section 09: Evaporation Rate - Header was modified.

Section 08: Comply with applicable regulations phrase was modified.

Section 09: Vapour Pressure - Header was modified.

Section 09: Vapour Pressure was modified.

Hazard Identification: Health Hazards was modified.

Section 11: Inhalation Lethality Test Data was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release-Spill Management-Land was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release- Spill Management- Water was modified.

Section 09: Flash Point C(F) was modified.

Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Header was modified.



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Section 14: Air (IATA) - Header was modified.

Section 14: LAND (TDG) - Header was modified.

Section 14: LAND (TDG) Default was modified.

Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Default was modified.

Section 14: Air (IATA) - Default was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing - Header was modified.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing was modified.

Hazard Identification: Hazards Note was modified.

Hazard Identification: Health Hazards was modified.

Section 15: WHMIS Classification was modified.

Composition: Component table was modified.

Section 16: Health Hazards was modified.

Section 16: Health Hazards - Header was modified.

Section 16: CA Prepared by - Header was modified. Section 09: Flammable Limits -UEL was modified.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table was modified.

Section 16: Land Spill was modified.

Section 16: First Aid Inhalation - Header was modified.

Section 16: First Aid Skin was modified.

Section 16: Precautionary Label Text - Header was modified.

Section 09: Oxidizing Properties was modified.

Section 01: Product Identification Product Name was modified.

Section 01: Company Contact Methods Sorted by Priority was modified.

Section 11: Tox List Cited Table was modified.

Section 15: List Citation Table - Header was modified.

Section 13: Regulatory Disposal Information - Header was modified.

Section 14: Product RQ - Header was added.

Section 14: Product RQ was added.

Section 15: Canadian List Citations Table was added.

Section 15: Chemical Name - Header was added.

Section 15: CAS Number - Header was added.

Section 15: List Citations -Header was added.

#### PRECAUTIONARY LABEL TEXT:

WHMIS Classification: Class D, Division 1, Subdivision B: Toxic Material Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A: Very Toxic Material

#### **HEALTH HAZARDS**

May cause harm to the unborn child. Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

### **PRECAUTIONS**

Avoid breathing mists or vapour. Avoid contact with skin.

### **FIRST AID**

**Inhalation:** Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye: Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Oral: Seek immediate medical attention.



Product Name: ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT Revision Date: 18 Jan 2012

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rage 10 01 10

**Skin:** Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

### SPILL/LEAK

**Land Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Report spills as required to appropriate authorities. Material will sink. This product emulsifies, disperses or is miscible in water. Consult an expert.

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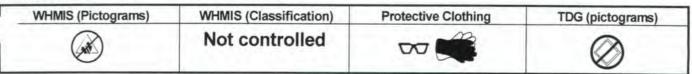
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Prepared by: Imperial Oil Limited, IH and Product Safety





Section 1. C	hemical Product and Company Identification		
Product Name	DEXRON® III/MERCON® AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID	Code 460-601, DEXRON	
Synonym	Not available	Validated on 11/22/2005.	
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: Emergency 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666	
Material Uses	Automatic transmission fluid for most North American automobiles and for off-highway torque converters requiring C-4 type transmission fluid. It is also suitable as a hydraulic fluid and as a top-up in power steering systems. Not to be used in conditions where aerosols could be generated.	directory for emergency	

				Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
	Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hy base oil (petroleum) a non-hazardous addition	rdrotreated and hydrocracked and other proprietary, ves.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established
*lanufacturer .ecommendation	Not applicable					
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial	or territory aut	horities for a	cceptable exposure li	mits.	

Section 3. Haz	ards Identification.
Potential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Section 4. First	First Aid Measures	
Eye Contact	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.	
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.	
Inhalation	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.	
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water. Obtain medical attention.	
Note to Physician	Not available	

ammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits Not available	
Flash Points	OPEN CUP: ≥180°C (356°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Fire Point: 205°C (401°F) Temperature	

DEXRON® III/MERC	ON® AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID		Page Number: 2
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		d irritating vapours as products of incomplete
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is from area and let fire burn out under controlled venting safety device or any discolouration of to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or export CO2. LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog to be used, and self contained breathing apparation.	directions; also, s possible to do so d conditions. With ank due to fire. C xplosion. SMALL or foam. For sma atus (SCBA) may	If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 or without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw indraw immediately in case of rising sound from ool containing vessels with water spray in order FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray all outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may not be required. For all indoor fires and any I eye protection are required for fire fighting

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill

Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7.	Section 7. Handling and Storage			
Handling	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.			
Storage	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.			

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)

Respiratory A minimum of NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

DEXRON® III/MERCON® AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID			Page Number: 3	
Section 9. Phys	sical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and ppearance	Viscous liquid.	Viscosity	34.26 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 7.7 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=210.	
Jolour	Dark red.	Pour Point	-51°C (-59.8°F).	
Odour	Mild petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	Not available	Penetration	Not applicable,	
Density	0.855 kg/L @ 15°C(59°F) 7.14 lbs/US gal @ 15°C(59°F)	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	Not available	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	Non-volatile	Solubility	Insoluble in water.	

DEXRON® III/MERCON® AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID

Section 10. S	tability and Reactivity		
Corrosivity	Copper corrosion, 3h, 149°C (ASTM D013	0): 1b.	
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Av	Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents and acids.  roid	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, metallic oxides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.
\cute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below:  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effect	
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization	n: Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.

DEXRON® III/MERCON® AUTON	NATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID	Page Number: 4
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable qua- carcinogens by NTP.	antities that are listed as
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable qua- carcinogens by IRIS.	antities that are listed as
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable qua- carcinogens by OSHA.	intities that are listed as
Other Considerations	No additional remark.	

Environmental Not availa Fate	ble	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD Not availa	ble	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	

Section 13, Dis	sposal Considerations
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information				
TDG Classification	Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.	

Other	gulatory Information			
Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).			
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.			
	All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).			
	German Water Hazard Classification (Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdende Stoffe - VwVwS) WGK=2			
	This product has been classified in (CPR) and the MSDS contains all	n accordance with the haza of the information required	ard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations by the CPR.	
	Please contact Product Safety for	more information		
		more initiation.		
DSD/DPD (Europe)		HCS (U.S.A.)	Does not meet the definitions of a health or physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)	
ADR (Europe)	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Prepara	HCS (U.S.A.)  DOT (U.S.A)	physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)	
	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Prepara Directives.	HCS (U.S.A.)	physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)  Not evaluated for transport	
ADR (Europe)	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Prepara Directives.  NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)  Not evaluated for transport  Non évalué pour le transport	
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Prepara Directives.  NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	DOT (U.S.A.)  Property (Pictograms)	physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)  Not evaluated for transport  Non évalué pour le transport  Fire Hazard  Rating 0 Insignificant 1 Slight	
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Prepara Directives.  Not evaluated for European Transport Non évalué Pour Le Transport Européen.  Health Hazard  1 N	DOT (U.S.A.)  PER (U.S.A.)  FPA (U.S.A.)  Health  1  0	physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)  Not evaluated for transport  Non évalué pour le transport  Rating 0 Insignificant	

References	Available upon request.  * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark	
Glossary		

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days AN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

AS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives

(Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

#### For Copy of MSDS

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as oracticable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, r you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax:

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 11/22/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
<b>(A)</b> (7)	B-2, D-2B		8

	hemical Product and Company Identification	
Product Name	AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL	Code 060-100LL, W118
Synonym	AVGAS 100LL	Validated on 5/30/2005.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: Emergency 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666
Material Uses	This product is used as fuel for internal combustion aircraft engines.	Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

				Exp	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
	Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons (C4-C12). Toluene Contains 0-0.56g/L of lead [from Tetraethyl Lead].		68527-27-5 108-88-3	85-95 5-15	Not established 50 ppm	Not established  Not established	7.33,7483,141,143
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable					
Other Exposure imits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for			cceptable exposure li	mits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.		
Potential Health Effects	Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.	

Section 4. Firs	t Aid Measures
Eye Contact	Avoid direct contact. Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical resistant protective clothing if necessary. Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 20 minutes or until chemical is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watch bands, belts, etc.). Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Note to Physician	Not available

AVIATION GASOLIN	E 100LL		Page Number: 2	
Section 5. Fire	e-fighting Measures			
Flammability	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits LOWER: 1.4%, UPPER: 7.6%		
lash Points	Closed Cup: -50°C (-58°F), Tag, ASTM D56.	Auto-Ignition Temperature	257°C (494.6°F)	
ire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Easily ignites under almost all normal temperature conditions. Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, shocks, heat, oxidizing materials. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Hazards in Presence of Various	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), reactive hydrocarbons, aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours as products incomplete combustion.			
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	very low flash point: Use of water spray whe involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (*) meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. SMALL FII FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do	In fighting fire may 1/2 mile) in all dire RES: Dry chemical not use straight so or Car/Trailer Loa Cool containers with ling sound from viring sound from the let fire burn. We	streams. Move containers from fire area if you ads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use the flooding quantities of water until well after fire tenting devices or any discolouration of tank ase unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles ear positive pressure self-contained breathing	

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Notify appropriate authorities immediately. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Do not allow spilled materials to come into to contact with incompatible materials (see Section 10). Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary.

Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Do not ingest this product. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid contact with any incompatible or reactive materials. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Ensure container is securely closed when not in use. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Exercise caution when washing/drying clothing contaminated with flammable materials. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning.
Storage	Store as flammable material. Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area.

#### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

#### Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL Page Number: 3

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Physical State and Appearance	Clear liquid.	Viscosity	Not available
Colour	Bright Blue.	Pour Point	Not applicable.
Odour	Gasoline.	Softening Point	Not applicable
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	30 to 170°C (86 to 338°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.69 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not measurable. The product is more soluble in oil.
Vapour Density	Heavier than air.	lonicity (in water)	Insoluble in water.
Vapour Pressure	38 kPa @ 20°C (285 mmHg @ 68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Volatile.	Solubility	Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform, and benzene. Dissolves fats, oils and natural resins.

Corrosivity	Non corrosive.		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
compatible Substances / Conditions to Av	Can react with strong oxidizing agents, acids, tetranitromethane, uranium oid hexafluoride and sulfur dichloride.	Decomposition	May release COx, aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below:		
	Toluene (108-88-3): Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 636 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): 12225 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 8800 ppm/4h (rat)		
Chronic or Other Toxic Effe			
Dermal Route	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause skin irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.		
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any. This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be an eye irritant.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization	on: Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL	Page Number: 4
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	There is a wealth of information about the teratogenic hazards of Toluene in the literature; however, based upon professional judgement regarding the body of evidence, WHMIS classification as a teratogen is not warranted.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as A1, A2 or A3 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA);	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Environmental No Fate	ot available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD No	ot available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations Waste Disposal Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information				
TDG Classification GASOLINE, 3, UN1203, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.		

Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for listed on the CEPA-DSL (Do	or use under t mestic Substa	he provisions of WH ances List).	IMIS-CPR. All components	s of this formulation are
100 Table 100 Ta	All components of this formu	lation are liste	d on the US EPA-TS	SCA Inventory.	
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.				
	Please contact Product Safe	ty for more in	formation.		
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.		HCS (U.S.A.)	CLASS: Flammable li point lower than 37.8° CLASS: Irritating subs CLASS: Target organ	C (100°F). stance.
ADR (Europe) 'Dictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÈVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	Not evaluated for tran	
IMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard 2*	NFPA (U	.S.A.)	ire Hazard Rating	0 Insignificant
	Fire Hazard 4	Health 2 0		Reactivity	1 Slight
	Reactivity 0		XX		2 Moderate 3 High
	Personal Protection H		V ;	Specific hazard	4 Extreme

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL

#### Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Glossarv

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives

(Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 5/30/2005.

Page Number: 5

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled	DD (	Ø

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification				
Product Name	BARIMOL HEAVY GREASE	Code	650-119, BARH	
C	Not available	DSL	See Section 15	
Synonym	Not available.	TSCA	See Section 15	
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult	
Material Uses	This product is a multi-purpose, barium soap based grease with a wide range of automotive and industrial lubricant applications.		local telephone directory for emergency number(s).	

Section 2. Composition and Information on	Ingredients				
				Exposure Limits (ACG	IH)
Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established

Section 3. Hazards Identification.		
Potential Health Effects	Non irritating to slight transient irritation to skin and eyes, but no permanent damage. Relatively non-toxic via ingestion. This product has a low vapour pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation exposure at ambient conditions. Upon heating to high temperatures, or mechanical actions which may produce vapours or mists, inhalation of product may cause irritation of the breathing passages. For more information, refer to Section 11.	

Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at lest 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.	
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. High pressure grease gun is capable of injecting grease through the skin. Grease gun injuries require immediate physician assessment. Seek medical attention.	
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.	
Note to Physician	Not available	

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available.
Flash Points	Mineral Oil Blend: OPEN CUP: 230°C (446°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
Products of Combustic	on Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), sulphur oxides (SOx), smok	e and irritating vapours	as products of incomplete combustion
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial leaking gas flame unless leak can be stopped. Shut withdraw from area and let fire burn out under control safety device or any discologration of tank due to fir build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use I For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers mequired. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fighting personnel.	hazard). If tank, rail ca evacuation for 800 met off fuel to fire if it is po- led conditions. Withdra e. Cool containing ver DRY chemicals, foam,	ar or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 ters (0.5 mile) in all directions. DO NOT extinguish a ssible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, aw immediately in case of rising sound from venting ssels with water spray in order to prevent pressure or CO2. LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7. F	landling and Storage
Handling	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
Storage	Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10).

Married Control of the Control of th	
Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
Personal Protection - 7	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.
Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits. This product is not expected to form a mist based on its properties and expected use.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties				
Physical State and Appearance	Paste of long fibred texture.	Viscosity	Mineral Oil Blend: 101.36 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.71 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=89	
Colour	Dark grey,	Pour Point	Mineral Oil Blend: -18°C (0°F)	
Odour	Mild grease like.	Softening Point	Not available.	
Odour Threshold	Not available.	Dropping Point	239°C (462°F)	
Boiling Point	Not available.	Penetration	299 (60 strokes)	
Specific Gravity	Mineral Oil Blend: 0.8896 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)	Oil / Water Dist. Coeff.	Not available	
Vapor Density	Not available.	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapor Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Propertie	s Not available	
Volatility	Non to semivolatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.	

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity				
Corrosivity	Not corrosive to copper.			
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
		Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, diphenylamine, alkenes smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

BARIMOL	HEALO	CDEACE
DARINUL	HEAVY	GREASE

Page Number: 3

Section 11. Toxicologica	al Information
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Based on toxicity of components.  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation characterized by dermatitis or oil acne.
Inhalation Route:	Negligible breathing hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38°C) or recommended blending temperatures. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes. Inhalation of oil mists or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract.
Oral Route:	Low toxicity; has laxative effect.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Repeated or prolonged contact may cause transient irritation, but no permanent damage.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.
Skin Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a respiratory tract sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Based on actual test results of base oils and results of similar products, severely hydrotreated base oils give negative results when tested for: (a) Salmonella Typhimurium TA98 using the Modified Ames Assay for Petroleum Product; (b) Salmonella-Escherichia coli/Mammalian-Microsome Reverse Mutation Assay (Ames test) with a Confirmatory Assay; (c) Structural Chromosomal Aberrations in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not expected to be a reproductive hazard, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not expected to be a teratogen or an embryotoxin, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (lARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Section 12. Ecological Information					
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available		
BOD5 and COD	Not available.	Products of Biodegradation	Not available.		
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.				

# Section 13. Disposal Considerations Waste Disposal Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information					
TDG Classification	Not controlled under TDG (Canada).	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.		

#### Section 15. Regulatory Information

Other Regulations This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).

All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.

All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Please contact Product Safety for more information.

DSD/DPD (Europe)

Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives.

DSD/DPD (Europe) (Pictograms)



DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)



HMIS (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	1
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	В

NFPA (U.S.A.)

Health



#### Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials ( BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability

Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)

DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazardous Communication System HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1998)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

#### Information Contact Internet: www.petro-canada.ca

Lubricants

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199;

fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone:

1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 5/2/2003.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Nov. 22, 2011

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 780-440-4923 **Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

PRODUCT USE: Anti-seize compound

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture CAS #: Mixture

#### WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS regulated.

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not hazardous under normal conditions of use.

#### TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not TDG regulated. TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable. UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable. PACKING GROUP: Not applicable.

#### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	% (w/w)	CAS NUMBER	LD <sub>50</sub> Oral-Rat	LC <sub>50</sub> Inhal-Rat	ACGIH-TLV
Mineral oil	70-80	64742-52-5	Not available	Not available	Not available
Barium soap	20-30	68201-19-4	Not available	Not available	Not available

## **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [XX] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [XX] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight transient irritation. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight transient irritation.

INGESTION: No effects known.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.

CARCINOGENICTY: None of the ingredients in the compound are listed by NTP, IARC or

OSHA as being carcinogenic.

TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

Big Bear Rod Grease Page 2 of 4

REPRODUCTIVE

TOXICITY: No information available.

MUTAGENICTY: No ingredients listed as mutagenic.

SYNERGISTIC No information available.

PRODUCTS:

**SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES** 

SKIN CONTACT: Remove by wiping, or with a waterless hand cleaner. Wash with soap

and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until all residual

material is removed. Remove contact lenses if present. Hold eyelids open to ensure thorough flushing. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain immediate medical

attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or

convulsing victim.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If

breathing difficulties or distress continues, obtain medical attention.

**SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA** 

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Brown paste; bland odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.90 @ 16°C

BOILING POINT (°C): 371 MELTING POINT (°C): 204

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble pH: Not available

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available EVAPORATION RATE: Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE: Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not applicable

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 188°C (D-92) FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not available

EXTINGIUSHING MEDIA: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam or water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire PRODCEDURES: fighting personnel. Remove containers from fire

area, or cool with water spray, if possible.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND This product may burn under fire conditions.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Big Bear Rod Grease Page 3 of 4

#### **SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE [] INCOMPATIBILITY Strong oxidizers. Avoid heat, sparks and open

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): flames.

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: Contact with incompatibles or ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION May release CO<sub>x</sub>, smoke and irritating vapours when

PRODUCTS: heated to decomposition.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

#### SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

#### SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not required under normal conditions of use. VENTILATION: Not required under normal conditions of use.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Suggest neoprene or viton.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side-shields if required.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Protective clothing as required to prevent contact. (Specify): Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are

available.

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly before eating, drinking or smoking. Store in cool, dry area away from incompatibles and sources of ignition. Use caution when opening unvented containers. Use in well ventilated area. Store unused material in original container.

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Scoop up excess, then wipe down the affected area and pick up residual with diatomateous earth to prevent slipping hazard. Place contaminated material and clean up materials in approved containers for disposal.

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose/incinerate in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Dispose of, or recycle, empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

Big Bear Rod Grease Page 4 of 4

#### **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSURED: Nov. 22, 2011 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: Dec. 9, 2008 PHONE: 780-440-4923



## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name/Trade Name Regular Bleach

Ref#40000002

Manufacturer: KIK CUSTOM PRODUCTS

2921 Corder Street Houston, TX USA 77054

**Contact Number:** Tel: 905-660-0444 **24Hr Emergency Contact Number:** Tel: 1-800-255-3924

Prepared By: KIK CUSTOM PRODUCTS Laboratory

Date Last Revised:October 18, 2011Replaces Date:September 27, 2011

#### Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient	Concentration	CAS#	Worker Exposure Limit				
Sodium Hypochlorite	1 - 6.0%	7681-52-9	not established				
Sodium Hydroxide	<1.0%	1310-73-2	$2 \text{ mg/m}^3 - \text{TLV-C*}$				
* TLV-C = ACGIH Threshold Limit Value – Ceiling							
None of the ingredie	None of the ingredients in this product are on the IARC or NTP carcinogen lists.						

## Section 3. Hazards Identification

Route of Entry

Skin	Yes	Eye	Yes
Inhalation	Yes	Ingestion	Yes

Effects of Exposure: May cause substantial but temporary eye injury. May irritate skin.

When ingested, may cause nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of vapor will irritate nose, throat and lungs.

**Effects of acute exposure:** Inhalation of mist or vapor may cause breathing difficulty. Its corrosiveness may cause severe irritation to eyes and skin. May cause permanent damage if not treated properly. Ingestion can cause corrosion of mucous membranes, severe esophageal burns and perforation of esophagus or stomach.

#### **Effects of chronic exposure:** Not Known.

Under normal consumer use conditions, the likelihood of any adverse health effects is low. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure to high concentration of vapor or mist: heart conditions or chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, bronchitis or obstructive lung disease. Some clinical tests conducted on intact skin with sodium hypochlorite liquid bleach found no sensitization in the test subjects.

#### Section 4. First Aid Measures

**Skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with copious amount of water. If irritation persists, call a doctor.

**Eyes:** Flush eyes with cool running water holding eyelids apart to ensure thorough rinsing for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. See a doctor immediately.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air and restore breathing,. If breathing problems develop, call a doctor.

**Ingestion:** DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Drink large amounts of water. Do not give anything by mouth to a convulsing or unconscious person. See a doctor immediately.

**General Advice:** If irritation occurs, see a doctor immediately.



## Section 5. Preventative Measures

#### **Protective Equipment**

Gloves: Impervious PVC or Neoprene.

Eyes: Safety glasses at the very least. Chemical splash goggles. Face shield also helpful.

Respiratory: Not normally required. Footwear: Protect shoes and feet when using product for floor

cleaning.

#### LEAK AND SPILL PROTECTION:

Small spills: Dilute product by flooding area with large quantity of water and flush to sanitary sewer. Large spills: Contain run-off by diking with suitable material. Soak up liquid on inert absorbent and

transfer to approved container. Prevent spill from entering sewers or waterways WASTE DISPOSAL: Reclaim or dispose in accordance with local regulations. STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated area.

#### Section 6. Physical Data

	<u> </u>		
State	Liquid	рH	12.5 maximum
Appearance	Clear Pale yellow	Specific Gravity	1.080 min
Odor	Typical bleach	Solubility in water	complete

## Section 7. Fire & Explosion

Not flammable nor explosive

## Section 8. Reactivity Data

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Conditions: Temperature above 40 °C, sunlight and metals,

Incompatibility: YES X NO

What Substances? Acids, ammonia, urea, metals & oxidizers.

Reactivity / Conditions: Reacts with other household products containing such chemicals as acids, rust removers, urea or ammonia to produce hazardous gases such as chlorine and other chlorinated species. Oxygen is released on contact with metals. Extended contact with metals may cause discoloration or pitting

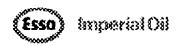
## Section 9. Regulatory Information

WHIMS:

Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1

#### DOT: Not Restricted

As the handling and use of products under user's conditions are beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made concerning this product. The information contained herein is offered only as a guide to the handling of this specific material and is not intended to be all-inclusive in the manner and conditions of use and handling. The user assumes all risks of use or handling, whether or not in accordance with any directions or suggestions of the manufacturer. Manufacturer shall not be liable to purchaser or any other person for loss or damages directly or indirectly arising from the use of our product.



Page 1 of 10

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**SECTION 1** 

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT** 

**Product Name: Brake fluid** Product Description: Glycol Ether

MSDS Number: 14344 Intended Use: Brake fluid

**COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Supplier:

Imperial Oil Products Division

240 4th Avenue

Calgary, ALBERTA. T2P 3M9

Canada

24 Hour Environmental / Health Emergency

519 339-2145

Telephone

Transportation Emergency Phone Number

519 339-2145

**Product Technical Information Supplier General Contact** 

1-800-268-3183

1-800-567-3776

#### **SECTION 2**

#### **COMPOSITION /INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s)

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	Acute Toxicity
2-PROPANOL, 1,1-IMINOBIS	110-97-4	< 3%	None
ETHANOL, 2,2-OXYBIS-	111-46-6	< 10%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 11.89 g/kg (Rabbit); Oral Lethality: LD50 12.5 g/kg (Rat)
ETHANOL, 2-(2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHOXY)-	143-22-6	< 25%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 6.6 g/kg (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD50 3.5 g/kg (Rat)
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5	< 5%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 2.7 g/kg (Rabbit); Oral Lethality: LD50 6.56 g/kg (Rat)
SODIUM PHOSPHÄTE, TRIBASIC	7601-54-9	< 5%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 < 7.94 g/kg (Rabbit); Oral Lethality: LD50 6.5 g/kg (Rat)
Triethylene Glycol	112-27-6	< 20%	Dermal Lethality: LD50 > 5.0 g/kg (Rabbit); Inhalation Lethality: LC50 > 4.5 mg/l (Rat); Oral Lethality: LD50 17 g/kg (Rat)

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

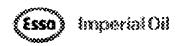
#### **SECTION 3**

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

#### **HEALTH EFFECTS**

Irritating to eyes. Frequent or prolonged contact may de-fat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and



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dermatitis. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause kidney failure and central nervous system effects if ingested. Prolonged exposure to elevated concentrations of mists or liquids may cause irritation to skin, eyes, and the respiratory tract. High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage.

1

NFPA Hazard ID:

Health:

Flammability:

Reactivity: 0

HMIS Hazard ID:

Health:

Flammability:

Reactivity: 0

**Note:** This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

#### **SECTION 4**

#### FIRST AID MEASURES

#### INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### **Skin Contact**

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### Eye Contact

Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.

Get medical assistance.

#### Ingestion

Give one or two glasses of water if patient is alert and able to swallow. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

#### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

This product contains ethylene glycol and/or diethylene glycol which, if ingested, are metabolized to toxic metabolites by the enzyme alcohol dehydrogenase, for which ethanol and 4-methylpyrazole {U.S. drug name Fomepizole, trade name Antizol} are antagonists. Administration of oral or intravenous ethanol or intravenous 4-methylpyrazole may arrest further metabolism of this material and thereby ameliorate the toxicity. Use of ethanol or 4-methylpyrazole does not affect toxic metabolites that are already present and is not a substitute for hemodialysis.

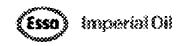
#### SECTION 5

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Appropriate Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water or standard foam



Page 3 of

#### **FIRE FIGHTING**

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

Smoke, Fume, Aldehydes, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of **Hazardous Combustion Products:** carbon, Nitrogen Oxides, Organic acid(s), Ketone

#### **FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES**

Flash Point [Method]: 135C (275F) [ASTM D-93]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

#### **SECTION 6**

#### **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Notification Procedures**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuatly occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. Personal Protective Equipment.

See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for

#### SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. suitable absorbent.

For Small Spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Recover by pumping or with

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. disperses or is miscible in water.

This product emulsifies. Warn other shipping.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe dr limit action to be taken.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

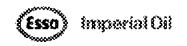
Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### **SECTION 7**

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **HANDLING**

Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.



Page 4 of

Contains amines. Do not add sodium nitrite or other ritrosating agents which may form cancer-causing nitrosamines.

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

#### STORAGE

Do not allow to dry out during storage. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep container

tightly closed and dry.

Unsuitable Containers/Packing: Copper

#### **SECTION 8**

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Substance Name	Form	Limit/Standard		Note	Source
ETHANOL, 2,2-OXYBIS-		TWA	10 mg/m3		AIHA WEEL
POLY(ETHYLENE OXIDE)	Particulate.	TWA	10 mg/m3		AIHA WEEL
SODIUM PHOSPHATE, TRIBASIC [as		STEL	5 mg/m3		AlHA WEEL
dodecahydrate]					
TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL	Particulate.	TWA	10 mg/m3		AIHA WEEL

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

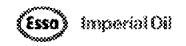
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a Respiratory Protection: level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifyling filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. manufacturer data. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical-resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with



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forearms is likely, wear gauntlet-style gloves.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical goggles are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical, and oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practise good housekeeping.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

See Sections 6, 7, 12, 13.

#### **SECTION 9**

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical and chemical properties are given below. Consult the Supplier in Section 1 for additional data.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Physical State: Liquid

Colour: vellow

Odour: Characteristic
Odour Threshold: N/D

#### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 20 C): 1.04 [Estimated]

Flash Point [Method]: 135C (275F) [ ASTM D-93]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D

Autoignition Temperature: N/D

Boiling Point / Range: 262C (504F)

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 6 at 101 kPa [Estimated]
VAPOUR PRESSURE: < 0.001 kPa (0.01 mm Hg) at 20°C

Evaporation Rate (N-Butyl Acetate = 1): < 0.01

pH: 9.5 [Estimated]

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D

Solubility in Water: Complete

Viscosity: [N/D at 40°C] | 930 cSt (930 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec) at -40C

Oxidizing properties: See Sections 3, 15, 16.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/A Melting Point: N/A

Pour Point: -51°C (-60°F)

#### SECTION 10

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.



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Materials To Avoid: Strong oxidizers, Acids, Strong Bases

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

**SECTION 11** 

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity** 

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks
INHALATION	
Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.
	Based on assessment of the components.
Ingestion	
Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Skin	
Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on assessment of the components.
Eye	
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	Irritating and will injure eye tissue. Based on assessment of the components.

#### **CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS**

#### Contains:

Alkanolamines: Repeated overexposure to alkanolamines caused liver and kidney damage in laboratory animals. DIETHYLENE GLYCOL (DEG): Orally, DEG is more toxic to humans than animal test data indicate. Probable lethal dose for an adult is about 50 ml (2 oz.), or 2 -3 swallows. Smaller amounts may cause kidney degeneration and failure. Benign urinary bladder tumours were observed in rats, no tumours were observed in mice. GLYCOL ETHERS: Some glycol ethers cause adverse effects in animals that include the reproductive system, offspring, blood, kidney and liver.

Additional information is available by request.

CMR Status: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 1

3 = IARC 2B

5 = ACGIHA1

2 = IARC 2A

4 = ACGIH ALL

6 = ACGIH A2

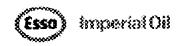
#### **SECTION 12**

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data available for the matefial, the components of the material, and similar materials.

#### **ECOTOXICITY**

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.



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MOBILITY

Components -- Expected to remain in water or migrate through soil.

#### **BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL**

Components -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

#### **SECTION 13**

#### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

Regulatory Disposal Information

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

#### **SECTION 14**

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

**LAND (DOT)**: Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

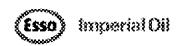
#### **SECTION 15**

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B: Toxic Material

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

**CEPA:** All components of this material are either on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.



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U . . . UI . . . .

National Chemical Inventory Listing: DSL, EINECS, TSCA

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below: None

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = TSCA 4

3 = TSCA 5e

5 = TSCA 12b

10.100/404001

2 = TSCA 5a2

4 = TSCA 6

6 = NPRI

SECTION 16

#### OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

#### THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Revision Changes:

Section 04: First Aid Skin - Header was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Eye - Header was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Ingestion - Header was modified.

Section 11: Ingestion Acute Lethality - Header was modified.

Section 08: Personal Protection - Header was modified.

Section 01: Product Intended Use was modified.

Section 16: Health Hazards - Header was modified.

Section 16: Precautions - Header was modified.

Section 01: Product Identification Product Name was modified.

Section 13: Regulatory Disposal Information - Header was middified.

Section 04: First Aid Ingestion was modified.

Section 04: First Aid Notes was added.

Section 04: First Aid Notes - Header was added.

Section 05: Fire Fighting Measures - Fire Fighting Instruction was modified.

Section 06: Protective Measures was modified.

Section 06: Notification Procedures - Header was modified.

Section 10: Materials To Avoid - Header was modified.

Section 05: Fire Fighting Measures - Inappropriate Extinguishing Media was modified.

Section 13: Regulatory Disposal Information - Header was deleted.

Section 13: Empty Container Warning was modified.

Section 09: Phys/Chem Properties Note was modified.

Section 09: Boiling Point C(F) was modified.

Section 09: pH was modified.

Section 09: Flash Point C(F) was modified.

Section 08: Hand Protection was modified

Section 09: Vapour Pressure - Header was modified.

Section 07: Handling and Storage-Handling was modified.

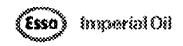
Section 07: Handling and Storage-Storage Phrases was modified.

Section 01: Company Mailing Address was modified.

Section 01: Company Mailing Address was modified.

Hazard Identification: Health Hazards was modified.

Section 07: Suitable Materials and Coatings - Header was deleted.



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Section 07: Materials/Coatings - Suitable was deleted.

Section 07: Unsuitable Materials and Coatings - Header was deleted.

Section 07: Materials/Coatings - Unsuitable was deleted.

Section 05: Hazardous Combustion Products was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release-Spill Management-Water was modified.

Section 09: Relative Density - Header was modified.

Section 09: Flash Point C(F) was modified.

Section 09 Viscosity was modified.

Composition: Concentration Footnote was deleted. Section 11: Other Health Effects Header was deleted.

Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing - Header was modified.

Section 09: Relative Density was modified.

Composition: Primary Ingredient Name was deleted.

Composition: CAS Number was deleted.

Composition: Concentration - Header was deleted. Composition: Substances Table - Header was deleted.

Section 16: MSN, MAT ID was modified.

Hazard Identification: Emergency Overview Target Organs was deleted.

Hazard Identification: Emergency Overview Target Organ - Header was deleted.

Composition: No components was deleted. Composition: Component Table was modified.

Section 16: Target Organs was deleted.

Section 16: Target Organ - Header was deleted.

Section 08: Exposure Limits Table was modified.

Section 16: Water Spill was modified.

Section 11: Chronic Tox - Component was deleted.

Section 11: Chronic Tox - Component - Header was deleted

Section 08: OEL Table - Form Column - Header was deleted

Section 08: OEL Table - Limit Column - Header was deleted

Section 08: OEL Table - Notation Column - Header was deleted.

Section 08: OEL Table - Source Column - Header was deleted

Section 08: OEL Table - Substance Name Column - Header was deleted.

Section 07: Suitable Containers was deleted.

Section 07: Suitable Containers - Header was deleted.

Section 07: Not Suitable Containers was modified.

Section 09: Form - Header was deleted.

Section 09: Physical State was deleted.

Section 11: Chronic Tox - Component - WHMIS was added.

Section 11: Chronic Tox - Component - Header was added.

Section 11: Other Health Effects Header was added.

Composition: CAS Number was added.

Composition: Concentration - Header was added. Composition: Primary Ingredient Name was added. Composition: Substances Table - Header was added.

Composition: No components was added.

Composition: Concentration Footnote was added.

Section 08: OEL Table - Substance Name Column - Header was added.

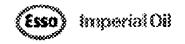
Section 08: OEL Table - Form Column - Header was added.

Section 08: OEL Table - Limit Column - Header was added.

Section 08: OEL Table - Notation Column - Header was added

Section 08: OEL Table - Source Column - Header was added.

#### **Precautionary Label Text:**



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WHMIS Classification: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B: Toxic Material

**Health Hazards** Irritating to eyes. **PRECAUTIONS** 

Avoid contact with eyes.

FIRST AID

**Eve:** Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance.

**FIRE FIGHTING MEDIA** 

Use water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

SPILL/LEAK

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For Small Spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible Land Spill: absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Warr other shipping. Report spills as required to appropriate Water Spill: authorities. This product emulsifies, disperses or is miscible in water.

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DGN: 5012482 (1016439)

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Prepared By: Imperial Oil Limited, IH and Product Safety



Trade Name

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



287°C (550°F)

#### **SECTION 1 – PRODUCT INFORMATION**

**Product Name** 1011 Butane PIN

WHMIS Classification Compressed Gas - Class A

Supplier Superior Propane Flammable Gas - Class B, Division 1

> 1111 - 49th Avenue N.E. Calgary, AB T2E 8V2

A Division of Superior Plus LP

(403) 730-7500

None

Uses Fuel. Refrigerant. Aerosol propellant. Chemical

industry intermediate.

24-Hour Emergency

Canutec (613) 996-6666 Number

#### SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS No			LD 50 (RA T, ORAL)	LD 60 (RAT, 4 HR )
					,
Butane	106-97-8	~100	1,000 TWA No STEL	Not applicable	658 g/m3
Including: Butylene	25167-67-3	trace	1,000 TWA No STEL	Not applicable	Not available

#### **SECTION 3 – PHYSICAL DATA**

Appearance & Odour Colourless gas. Liquefied by Coefficient of Water/Oil Log P(oct) = 2.9

Distribution pressure for more convenient

storage and transport. **Evaporation Rate** Not applicable (gas)

Odour Threshold 1,250-5,000 ppm Vapour Pressure 214 kPa @ 21.1°C

> (essentially odourless) **Boiling Point** -0.5 °C (31°F)

Vapour Density 2.1 (air = 1)Melting Point -138°C (-217°F)

Specific Gravity Not applicable (gas) рΗ Not applicable

#### SECTION 4 – FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Conditions of Flammability Extremely flammable gas. Explosive. Gas is released very rapidly as liquid evaporates. Gas is

> heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback to a leak. Accumulates in low-lying areas or confined spaces, causing explosion (or

asphyxiation) hazard.

Flash Point -60°C to -74°C (-76°F to -101°F) (cc)

**Autoignition Temperature** Lower Explosive Limit 1.8 to 1.9% **Upper Explosive Limit** 8.4 to 8.5%

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge Other Explosion Hazard Means of Extinction

Not sensitive

Liquid form accumulates static charge by flow or agitation. Gas is ignited by static discharge. Heating can cause a rapid build-up of pressure inside containers, with explosive rupture. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance or a protected location. Approach fire from upwind. Use dry chemical powder , carbon dioxide, water spray, or fog. Water may be ineffective because it will not cool the product below its flash point. If it is not possible stop the flow of gas and if there is no risk to the surrounding area, it may be preferable to to allow continued burning, while protecting exposed materials with water spray until the flow of gas can be stopped. Container metal shells require cooling with water to prevent flame impingement and the weakening of metal. If sufficient water is not available to protect the container shell from weakening, the area should be evacuated.

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Smoke. Hazardous Combustion Products

#### **SECTION 5 – REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability Stable

Incompatibilities Strong oxidizers (such as chlorine, chlorine dioxide, peroxides). Nickel carbonyl & oxygen

Other Conditions of Reactivity Static charges, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition. Attacks rubber and some

plastics.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.





#### **SECTION 6 - HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION**

Routes of Entry Inhalation (gas) Hazardous Contact Eyes and skin (liquid)

Acute Exposure Contact with liquid Butane will cause freeze injury to eyes or skin. Simple asphyxiant, i.e., at

high concentrations (% range), it can displace oxygen in enclosed spaces and cause asphyxiation of exposed persons. Symptoms include rapid breathing, fatigue, loss of coordination, salivation, headache, nausea, vomiting, and disorientation. Oxygen concentrations must be maintained at 18% or higher, which is equivalent, at normal pressure, to about 18 kPa. Central nervous system

(CNS) depression, i.e. headache, dizziness, at high concentrations (10,000 ppm).

Chronic Exposure No chronic effects known.

Irritancy Not known to be an irritant. Sensitization Not known to be a sensitizer.

Carcinogenicity Not know to be carcinogenic. Teratogenicity Not known to cause teratogenic effects.

Mutagenicity Not known to be mutagenic. Reproductive Toxicity Not known to cause reproductive effects.

Toxicological Synergies Other gases that displace oxygen in confined spaces or cause CNS depression are expected to

have additive effects.

#### **SECTION 7 – PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES**

Personal Protective Equipment If a respirator is needed, use a properly fitted, positive-pressure, NIOSH-approved, airline

respirator or SCBA. Fire-resistant long sleeved shirt and long legged pants or coveralls. Pant legs outside boots. Closed boot tops. Immediately remove clothing that is wet with liquid butane. Thoroughly clean before re-use, or discard. CSA-approved safety goggles and a face shield when working with liquid product. Insulated protective gloves when handling liquid butane. Gloves made

of neoprene are recommended.

Engineering Controls Enclose processes. Ventilate (non-sparking, grounded system) use area. Local exhaust ventilation at

main potential sources of product dissemination and general (dilution) ventilation to remove small quantities generated at point sources. Vent to the outdoors. Supply an adequate quantity of tempered

make-up air. Ventilate low-lying areas such as sumps or pits to prevent accumulation of gas.

Handling Procedures Eliminate all ignition sources. Use non-sparking equipment, explosion-proof ventilation systems, and Equipment and intrinsically safe electrical equipment. Bond and ground containers during product transfer.

and intrinsically safe electrical equipment. Bond and ground containers during product transfer. Empty containers may have product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld "empty"

containers.

Maintain clean emergency eyewash and shower in the work area.

Storage Isolated building that is cool, dry, and well ventilated. Non-sparking

equipment, explosion-proof ventilation systems, and intrinsically safe electrical systems. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep product out of direct sunlight and away from

incompatible or combustible materials.

Consider leak detection and alarm equipment for storage area.

Leaks or Spills Leaks of high-pressure materials, particularly when large volumes are involved, can generate

high atmospheric concentrations very rapidly . Leaked product will accumulate in low-lying areas. Evacuate area and isolate the leak. Eliminate all sources of ignition. V entilate area. Stop flow of product if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse gas if it has not ignited.

Waste Disposal Evacuate product from containers using a closed system or use as fuel. Contact appropriate

regulatory authorities.

Shipping UN 1011. TDG Class 2.1.

#### **SECTION 8 – FIRST AID**

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air or remove source of contamination. If breathing is difficult, a

trained individual may administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, seek medical attention at once, and have a qualified person administer artificial respiration. If the heart has stopped beating, have a qualified person administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and get

immediate medical help.

Skin Flush affected area with lukewarm, gently flowing water until the product is removed. Do not

attempt to rewarm the affected area, rub it, or apply dry heat. Gently remove clothing or jewelry that may restrict circulation. Carefully cut around clothing that sticks to the skin and remove the remainder of the garment. Loosely cover affected area with sterile dressing. Do not allow affected person to drink alcohol or smoke. Transport person to an emergency care facility

immediately.

Eye Immediately flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water until the product is removed. Do not

attempt to rewarm. Cover both eyes with a sterile dressing. Do not allow affected person to

drink alcohol or smoke. Transport affected person to an emergency care facility.

Ingestion Not applicable: Gases do not enter body by this route.

#### SECTION 9 - PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by Superior Propane Telephone: (403) 730-7500

Health Safety and Environment Team Revision: January 17, 2011

Supersedes: March 1, 2008

The information contained in this document is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product information contained herein.

## Dow

## Material Safety Data Sheet

Dow Chemical Canada, Inc.

Product Name: PELADOW\* DG Calcium Chloride

Issue Date: 2005.09.29 Print Date: 29 Sep 2005

Dow Chemical Canada, Inc encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. Product and Company Identification

#### **Product Name**

PELADOW\* DG Calcium Chloride

#### COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow Chemical Canada, Inc A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company PO Box 3030 1425 Vidal Street South Sarnia, ON N7T 8C6 Canada

Prepared By:

Prepared for use in Canada by EH&S, Product Regulatory

Management Department.

450-652-1029

Revision

2005.09.29

Print Date:

9/29/2005

Customer Information Number:

800-331-6451

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

24-Hour Emergency Contact:

519-339-3711

#### 2. Hazards Identification

#### **Emergency Overview**

Color: White Physical State: Solid Odor: Odorless Hazards of product:

WARNING! Causes eye irritation. May cause skin irritation. May be harmful if swallowed. Isolate area.

Product Name: PELADOW\* DG Calcium Chloride

#### Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: For dust: May cause severe eye irritation. May cause corneal injury. Effects may be slow to heal.

Issue Date: 2005.09.29

**Skin Contact:** Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation, even a burn. Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines. May cause more severe response if skin is damp. May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched or cut). May cause more severe response on covered skin (under clothing, gloves).

**Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. **Inhalation:** Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties.

**Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: The data presented are for the following material: Potassium chloride. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract. Heart. Kidney. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

## Composition/information on ingredients

Component	CAS#	Amount W/W	
Calcium chloride	10043-52-4	> 91.0 - < 93.0 %	
Sodium chloride	7647-14-5	> 1.0 - < 2.0 %	
Potassium chloride	7447-40-7	> 2.0 - < 3.0 %	
Water	7732-18-5	> 1.0 - < 4.0 %	

Amounts are presented as percentages by weight.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with plenty of water.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician: Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

## Fire Fighting Measures

**Extinguishing Media:** This material does not burn. If exposed to fire from another source, use suitable extinguishing agent for that fire.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. This material does not burn. Fight fire for other material that is burning. Water should be applied in large quantities as fine spray.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers,

boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

Issue Date: 2005.09.29

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Heat is generated when product mixes with water. Hazardous Combustion Products: Not applicable.

See Section 9 for related Physical Properties

#### Accidental Release Measures

Steps to be Taken if Material is Released or Spilled: Small and large spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Flush residue with plenty of water. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

Personal Precautions: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

## 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

General Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not swallow. Heat developed during diluting or dissolving is very high. Use cool water when diluting or dissolving (temperature less than 80°F, 27°C). See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

#### Storage

Keep container closed. Store in a dry place. Protect from atmospheric moisture.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits				
Component	List	Туре	Value	
Calcium chloride	DOW IHG CAD ON OEL	TWA TWA	10 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

#### Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses. For dusty operations or when handling solutions of the material, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory Protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When respiratory protection is required for certain operations, use an approved air-purifying respirator. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Particulate filter.

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**Ingestion:** Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

#### **Engineering Controls**

Ventilation: Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Solid
Color White
Odor Odorless
Flash Point - Closed Cup Not applicable

Flammable Limits In Air Lower: Literature Not applicable

Upper: Literature Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature Not applicable

Vapor Pressure 0.009 mmHg @ 20 °C Literature

Boiling Point (760 mmHg) >= 204 °C Literature
Vapor Density (air = 1) Not applicable
Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) Not applicable
Freezing Point Not applicable

Melting Point 772 °C Literature (Approx.)

Solubility in Water (by soluble in water

weight)

pH Not applicable

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability/Instability

Stable. Hygroscopic.

Conditions to Avoid: None known. Avoid moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Heat is generated when mixed with water. Spattering and boiling can occur. Avoid contact with: Sulfuric acid. Corrosive when wet. Flammable hydrogen may be generated from contact with metals such as: Zinc. Sodium.

#### Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

#### Thermal Decomposition

Does not decompose.

## 11. Toxicological Information

#### Acute Toxicity

Ingestion

For the major component(s): LD50, Rat 900 - 2,100 mg/kg

Skin Absorption

For the major component(s): LD50, Rabbit > 5,000 mg/kg

Repeated Dose Toxicity

The data presented are for the following material: Potassium chloride. In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion: Gastrointestinal tract. Heart. Kidney. Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.

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#### **Developmental Toxicity**

For the major component(s): Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

#### Genetic Toxicology

The data presented are for the following material: Calcium chloride or CaCl2. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. The data presented are for the following material Potassium chloride. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were positive. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.

## 12. Ecological Information

#### CHEMICAL FATE

#### Data for Component: Calcium chloride

#### Movement & Partitioning

No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high water solubility. Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

#### Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation is not applicable.

#### Data for Component: Sodium chloride

#### Movement & Partitioning

No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high water solubility. Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50). Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

#### Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation is not applicable.

#### Data for Component: Potassium chloride

#### Movement & Partitioning

Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

#### Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation is not applicable.

#### **ECOTOXICITY**

#### Data for Component: Calcium chloride

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

#### Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus): 8,350 - 10,650 mg/l

#### Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity

LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 759 - 3,005 mg/l

#### Toxicity to Micro-organisms

EC50; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/l

#### Data for Component: Sodium chloride

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas): 10,610 mg/l

**Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity** 

LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 4,571 mg/l

Toxicity to Micro-organisms

IC50, OECD 209 Test; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/l

Data for Component: Potassium chloride

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 > 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

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Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 4,236 mg/l

**Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity** 

EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, 24 h, immobilization: 590 mg/l

## 13. Disposal Considerations

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. DOW HAS NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Reclaimer. Landfill. Waste water treatment system. As a service to its customers, Dow can provide names of information resources to help identify waste management companies and other facilities which recycle, reprocess or manage chemicals or plastics, and that manage used drums. Telephone Dow's Customer Information Group at 1-800-258-2436 or 1-989-832-1556 (U.S.), or 1-800-331-6451 (Canada) for further details. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed. permitted: Reclaimer. Landfill. Waste water treatment system.

Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging: Offer empty container to licensed reconditioner or crush and dispose of in compliance with all federal, state/provincial and local laws and regulations.

## 14. Transport Information

TDG Small container NOT REGULATED

TDG Large container NOT REGULATED

IMDG NOT REGULATED

ICAO/IATA NOT REGULATED

## 15. Regulatory Information

#### **US. Toxic Substances Control Act**

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

#### CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

## Hazardous Products Act Information: CPR Compliance

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Hazardous Products Act Information: WHMIS Classification

D2B Eye or Skin Irritant

## Hazardous Products Act Information: Hazardous Ingredients

This product contains the following ingredients which are Controlled Products and/or are on the Ingredient Disclosure List (Canadian HPA Section 13 and 14).

Component CAS # Amount W/W

Calcium chloride 10043-52-4 91.0 - 93.0 %

## 16. Other Information

## Recommended Uses and Restrictions

Gas and liquid hydrocarbon dehydrating.

#### Revision

Identification Number: 50015 / 1002 / Issue Date 2005.09.29 / Version: 2.1

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

N/A	Not available
WW	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
VOL/VOL	Volume/Volume

Dow Chemical Canada, Inc urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that its activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have

obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

DIESEL FUEL



## 1. Product and company identification

Product name : DIESEL FUEL

Code

Synonym : Seasonal Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1 Heating Oil, D50, D60, P40, P50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel,

ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel

: W104, W293; SAP: 120, 121, 122, 129, 287

Material uses : Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal

combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining Diesel has a higher flash

point requirement, for safe use in underground mines.

Manufacturer : PETRO-CANADA

P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency : Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation:

613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Bright oily liquid.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview : WARNING!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Combustible liquid. Severely irritating to the skin. Irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous

System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

coma and death.

Ingestion : Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product

may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes: Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Hazards identification 2 .

**Medical conditions** aggravated by overexposure

Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (section 11)

#### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

**Name CAS** number % Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized/Fuels, diesel/Fuel Oil No. 2 64742-81-100 0/68334-30-5/68476-30-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### First-aid measures 4

**Eve contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical Ingestion

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### Fire-fighting measures 5.

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid

**Extinguishing media** 

hazards

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable Do not use water jet.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), sulphur **Products of combustion** compounds (H2S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing Special protective equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Special remarks on fire

: Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.

: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or Special remarks on sources of ignition. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. explosion hazards

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## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### **Handling**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## **Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Fuels, diesel	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).
Fuel oil No. 2	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** 

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Personal protection Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### **Hands**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommended: nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

**Eyes** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Physical and chemical properties 9

**Physical state** 

: Bright oily liquid.

Flash point

: Diesel fuel: Closed cup: >40°C (>104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >60°C (>140°F) Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: >52°C (>126°F)

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: 225°C (437°F)

Flammable limits

Lower: 0.7% Upper: 6%

Colour

: Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation purposes).

**Odour** 

Mild petroleum oil like.

**Odour threshold** 

Not available.

pН

: Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point** Date of issue: 7/3/2009.

: 150 to 371°C (302 to 699.8°F)

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

**Relative density** : 0.80 to 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F) **Vapour pressure** : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F).

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]

**Volatility** : Semivolatile to volatile.

**Evaporation rate**: Not available.

Viscosity : Diesel fuel: 1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: 1.3 - 4.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour Point : Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Unanalous nalimoniastica

**Hazardous polymerisation**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.

**Hazardous decomposition**: May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to

**products** decomposition.

## 11. Toxicological information

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	Vapour			
Fuels, diesel	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	24500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-
Fuel oil No. 2	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Chronic toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Sensitiser** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	A3	-	-	-	-	-
Fuels, diesel	A3	3	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil No. 2	A3	3	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Biodegradability** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1202	DIESEL FUEL	3	III		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\*: Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid Irritating material

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

(TSCA 8b)

**Europe inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

## 16. Other information

Label requirements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health 2
Flammability 2
Physical hazards 0
Personal protection H

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



**References** : Available upon request.

TM/MC Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Date of printing: 7/3/2009.Date of issue: 3 July 2009Date of previous issue: 7/3/2009.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

## Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

KLEEN-FLO TUMBLER IND	OUSTRIES LIMITE	D	MATERIAL	SAFETY DA	TA SHEET		PAGE 1
SECTION I-MATERIAL IDE	NTIFICATION AN	D USE					
Material Name/Identifier:	Diesel Fuel Condit	tioner	Stock No.		991/992/993/	/994/995/998	
Manufacturer's Name:	Kleen-Flo Tumble		Street Addr	ess:		75 Advance	Blvd.
City:	Brampton		Province:			Ontario	
Postal Code:	L6T 4N1		Emergency	Phone #:	CANUTEC:-	613-996-6666 (2	24HR)
Chemical Name:	N.Ap. (mixture)		Chemical Fa			hatic alcohol	
	. <b>.</b>			<u> </u>	aromatic hyd		
Chemical Formula:	N/Ap.(mixture)		Trade Name	es & Synonym		el Conditioner	
Material Use:	disesel fuel additiv	ve	Molecular V	· · · · · ·		N/Av. (Mixtu	
SECTION II-HAZARDOUS II	NGREDIENTS OF	MATERIAL					
Hazardous		Approximate	LD5	50		LC50	
Ingredients	C.A.S.	Concentration	Species &	Route	S	pecies & Rou	te
2-propanol	67-63-0	60-100%	5045 mg/kg	rat-oral	16000 ppm (	4hr) rat-inh.	
Dimethylbenzene	1330-20-7	10-30%	4300 mg/kg	rabbit-derma	5000 ppm (4	hr) rat-inh.	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1-5%	3500mg/kg 1	rat-oral	4000 ppm(4l	hr) rat-inhal	
SECTION III-PHYSICAL DA	TA FOR MATERIA	<u>AL</u>					
Physical State:	Liquid	Odour/Appearance:		Colourless,	water white lie	quid, alcohol o	odour
Specific Gravity:	0.8 @ 15°C	Odour Threshold(p.p.	.m.):	N/E			
Boiling Point:	82-137°C	Evaporation Rate:		N/E			
Freezing Point:	N/Av.	Solubility in Water:		Partly solubl	e		
% Volatile(by volume):	100%	Vapour Pressure(mm	)Hg:	33.0 mmHg	@ 20°C		
Vapour Density(Air=1):	>1	Coefficient of Water/O	Oil Distribut:	N/E			
pН	N.Ap.						
SECTION IV-FIRE AND EXP	PLOSION HAZARD	OF MATERIAL					
Flammability Yes/No	Yes		If yes under	which condition	ons? Heat, Op	en flame, spa	rk
Auto Ignition Temperature	N/E		Means of Ex	tinguishing:	Dry chemical	, Carbon diox	ide,
			Alcohol - res	istant foam.			
Flashpoint and Method:	11°C TCC		Hazardous	Combustion P	roducts:	Carbon mone	oxide,
			carbon diox	ide, hydrocarl	oon fumes & s	smoke	
Upper Flammable limit (%vol)	12		Lower Flam	mable Limit(	% by volume)	1	
Explosion Data:	Sensitivity to Mecl	h. Impact: Yes	Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Electrical & mechanical				cal
			equipment sl	nould be explo	sion proof an	d grounded.	
SECTION V-REACTIVITY D	ATA						
Chemical Stability Yes/No:		Yes	If NO unde	r which condi	tions?		N.Ap.
Incompatibility to Other Subst	ances Yes/No:	Yes				pounds, Aceta	ldehyde, Acids,
				-			perature above 120°F
Reactivity and under what con	ditions?	Normally stable but o		•	•	•	-
Hazardous Decomposition Production		Carbon monoxide, ca				_	
N/E: not established		N.Ap.: not a	nnlicable			N/Av.: not av	railahle
1 1/21 HOL CHADIBIECE		roap not a	rpiicanic			. Waster Hot av	under

Material Name/Identifier:	Diesel Fuel Conditioner	Stock No.	991/992/993/9	94/995/998			PAGE 2
SECTION VI-TOXICOLOGIC	CAL PROPERTIES OF PRODUCT						
Route of Entry:	SKIN CONTACT -x-SKIN ABSORPTIO	ON -x-EYE CON	NTACT -x-IN	HALATION	-x-INGESTIC	ON	
Effects of Acute Exposure:	Eye, Skin irritation. May cause headache, o	dizziness, nause	a, drowsines	s and central	nervous syste	m depression.	
Effects of chronic exposure:	High exposure to dimethylbenzene to some	osure to dimethylbenzene to some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on					
	developing embryo/fetus. These effects wer	ng embryo/fetus. These effects were often at levels toxic to mother. The significance of these findings to					
	humans has not been determined.						
LD 50 of Product:	N/E	LC 50 of Product: N/E					
Irritancy of Product:	skin and eye irritant	Exposure Lim	its: IPA 400	ppm STEL (	ACGIH)		
Sensitization of Product:	N/Av.	Xylene 150 pp		• •		EL	
		Toxicologically		<u> </u>	- 11	N/Av.	
CARCINOGENICITYREI	PRODUCTIVE EFFECTSTERATOGEN				None known		
Ethyl benzene is listed as possib				L			
SECTION VII-PREVENTIVE	· ·						
Personal Protective Equipment	<u></u>						
Gloves(specify):		Eye(specify):		safety glasses			
Respiratory(specify):	Organic vapour mask	Clothing:		Not required i			
Respiratory Protection:	•	used indoors or on a continuous basis, use of NIOSH approved respirator is recommended					
Engineering Control:	If used indoors or on a continuous basis, m	-	•				
Leak and Spill Procedure:	Use non-reactive absorbent material and n	•	•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Zean and Spin 110ccauser	Incase of large spill use explosion proof and				ring waterwa	ivs.	
Waste Disposal:	Dispose of at an approved waste disposal fa		•			.,	
DSL Listing	All ingredients in the product are listed in		1 mumerpur	provinciar.	eguiution.		
Storage Requirements:	Keep in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep		snark and f	lame			
Handling procedure & Equip.	Use spark resistant tools and equipment fo				not inhale or	ingest.	
TDG Classification	991/992/993 : Consumer Commodity, 994	4/995/996/998 as	s follows:				
	Flammable liquids, N.O.S. (2-propanol solu	ution), Class 3,	UN 1993, Pk	g.Gr.II			
WHMIS Classification:	991/992/993 - Consumer Commodity, comp				ss B2, D2B &	D2A	
SECTION VIII-FIRST AID M	EASURES						
Eye:	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Se	eek mediacl atte	ention immed	iately.			
Skin:	Wash with soap and water. See doctor if ir	ritation persist.					
Inhalation:	Move patient to fresh air and restore breat	thing if required	l. Call a phys	ician if discor	nfort persist.		
Ingestion:	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medi						
		_					
SECTION IX-PREPARATION	DATE OF M.S.D.S.						
Additional Info/Comments:		Source used: S	upplier's dat	a			
Phone Number:	(905) 793-4311	Prepared By:	Quality Con	trol Laborato	ory		
Date Prepared:	January 16, 2012			Tumbler Indu		d	
TH	IS SHEET SUPERSEDES ANY OTHER M	.S.D.S. PREVIO	OUSLY PRE	PARED			
N/Av.: not available	N/Ap.: not applicable		]	N/E: not estab	olished		



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled	<b>∞</b>	Ø

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification					
Product Name	DRILL ROD HEAVY GREASE	Code	650-265, DRODH		
	Taylor Control of the	DSL	See Section 15		
Synonym	Not available	TSCA	See Section 15		
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre		
Material Uses	This product is recommended for the lubrication of diamond drill rods.		Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).		

Section 2. Composition and Information	on Ingredi	ients			
			Ex	xposure Limits (A)	CGIH)
Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established

Section 3. Ha	zards Identification.
.'otential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Section 4. Fil	rst Aid Measures
Eye Contact	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for sminutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Inhalation	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air.If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water. Obtain medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available
Flash Points	Mineral Oil Blend: OPEN CUP: 252°C (485.6°F). (Cleveland).	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Fire Hazards in Presence of arious Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating va	apours as products of	incomplete combustion.

Continued on Most Dogs

Available in Franch

## DRILL ROD HEAVY GREASE

Page Number: 2

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions NAERG2004, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO2. LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

# Handling Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated. Storage Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)

Respiratory

A minimum of NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

ds If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Exposure Limits This product is not expected to form a mist based on its properties and expected use.

Physical State and	Paste of long fibred texture.	Vitagasta	Minary Oll Bloods
Appearance	r date of long hored texture.	Viscosity	Mineral Oil Blend: 155.5 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 14.42 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=89
Colour	Dark greenish-brown	Pour Point	Mineral Oil Blend: -15°C (5°F)
Odour	Mild grease like.	Softening Point	Not available
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	201°C (394°F)
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available	Penetration	234 (60 strokes)
Specific Gravity	Mineral Oil Blend: 0.8898 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coeff.	Not available
Vapor Density	Not available	Ionicity (in water)	Not available
Vapor Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Non-volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.

DRILL ROD H	EAVY GREASE	Page Number: 3		
Section 10. St	ability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	Not corrosive to copper.			
ability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids and alkalis.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, diphenylamine, alkenes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.			
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below:  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)			
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	Colored Colore			
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.			
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.			
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.			
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.			
Immunotoxicity:	Not available			
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.			
Respiratory Tract Sensitization	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.			
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.			
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.			
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.			
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.			
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.			
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.			
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.			
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.			
Other Considerations	No additional remark.			

Section 12. Ec	ological Information		
Environmental Fate	Not available.	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
dditional Remarks	No additional remark.		

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## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information				
TDG Classification	Not controlled under TDG (Canada).	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.	

Other	This product is acceptable for use under the application of the product is			
Regulations	on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substar	der the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed ices List).		
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.			
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.			
	Please contact Product Safety for mo	re information.		
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.			
DSD/DPD (Europe)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT	DOT (U.S.A)		
(Pictograms)	NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	(Pictograms)		
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	NFPA (U.S.A.)		
	Fire Hazard	1 Fire Hazard		
	Reactivity	Health 1 0 Reactivity		
	Personal Protection B	Specific hazard		

Section	16.	Other	Information
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References

Available upon request.

Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

## Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials

BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply

COD - Chemical Oxygen Demand

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transportation (U.S.A.)

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)

DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substance or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

EPCRA - Emergency Planning And Community Right-To-Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

HCS - Hazardous Communication System

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/26/2005.

#### WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System Information Lubricants: Contact

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax:

1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

DRILL ROD HEAVY GREASE

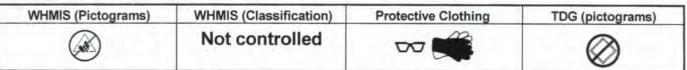
Page Number: 5

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-

) the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.







Section 1. C	hemical Product and Company Identification	
Product Name	DURATRAN* XL	Code DTRANXL, 460-644-0
Synonym	Not available	Validated on 10/23/2003.
Manufacturer		In case of Petro-Canada: 403-296- Emergency 3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666
Material Uses	A synthetic blend, extended season transmission / hydraulic fluid for use in a wide range of ambient conditions with exceptional low temperature performance. Suitable for transmission, hydraulic, wet brake, PTO, final drive and power steering units in mobile equipment.	directory for emergency

		_		Expe	osure Limits (ACGIH)	)
	Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
base oil (petroleum),	odrotreated and hydrocracked synthetic hydrocarbons and n-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable					
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial	l or territory au	thorities for a	acceptable exposure	limits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.				
Potential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.			

Section 4. First	Aid Measures
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available
Flash Points	OPEN CUP: 219°C (426.2°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Fire Point: 239°C (462.2°F)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxide compounds (POx), smoke and irritating vapou	es (NOx), sulphur	oxides (SOx), CaOx, ZnOx, phosphorus ncomplete combustion.

DURATRAN* XL	Page Number: 2
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO2. LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill

Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7. Handling and Storage				
Handling	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.			
Storage	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.			

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.

Body Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.

Respiratory Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

Hands Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Phy	sical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State and Viscous liquid. Appearance		Viscosity	39.21 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 8.34 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=196
Colour	Yellow/amber.	Pour Point	-49.8°(-57.6°F)
Odour	No odour or slight petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.8503 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available
apour Density	Not available	Ionicity (in water)	Not available
Vapour Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Non-volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.

DURATRAN* XL			Page Number: 3	
Section 10. S	tability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	Copper corrosion, 3h, 149°C (ASTM D013	30M): 1b.		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, CaOx, ZnOx, SiOx, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below:  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)  Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m³/4h (rat)		
Chronic or Other Toxic Effe Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (ar accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to camutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.		
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.		
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.		
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.		
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.		
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed a carcinogens by NTP.		
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.		
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.		
Other Considerations	No additional remark.		

DURATRAN* XL			Page Number: 4
Section 12. Ec	ological Information		
Environmental ate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

## Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information				
TDG Classification Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.		

## Section 15. Regulatory Information

Other Regulations

This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).

All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.

All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

	Please contact Product Safety for more in	nformation.	
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives.	HCS (U.S.A.)	Does not meet the definitions of a health or physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)
ADR (Europe)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT	DOT (U.S.A)	

(Pictograms)

NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE

(Pictograms)

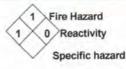


HMIS (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	- 1
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	В

NFPA (U.S.A.)

Health



Rating

- 0 Insignificant
- Slight
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Extreme

## Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days

Propane Installation Code CAN/CGA B149.2 CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

ERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation d Liability Act

FR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration DURATRAN\* XL

Page Number: 5

Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

#### For Copy of MSDS

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax:

1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 10/23/2003.

Data entry by Product Safety - RS.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

ITW Permatex Canada 8450 Lawson Road, Unit 1 Milton, ON Canada L9T 0J8 Telephone: (800) 924-6994

**Urgence: 800-255-3924 (ChemTel)** 

# Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System Material Safety Data Sheet

#### I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: PC FAST ORANGE LOTION WITH PUMICE 3.78 L

Item No: 20861

Product Type: Waterless hand cleaner

## II. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Weight%	LD50/oral/rat	LC50/inhalation/rat	ACGIH; TLV-TWA
WATER	>75	not available	not available	
7732-18-5				
PUMICE 1332-09-8	<10	not available	not available	10 mg/m³ (inhal); 3 mg/m³ (resp) ACGIH
POLYMER EMULSION (PROPRIETARY)	<5	not available	not available	
ETHOXYLATED C11-C16 ALCOHOL 127036-24-2	<5	oral rat: >500 mg/kg	not available	
CASTOR OIL 8001-79-4	<5	not available	not available	
TRIETHANOLAMINE 102-71-6	<5	4190 mg/kg	not available	5 mg/m³

## III. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State/Appearance: White lotion with pumice

Odour & Odour Threshold: Orange odour

Specific Gravity: 1.05

Evaporation Rate: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapour Pressure: Not determined
Vapour Density: Heavier than air
Freezing Point: Not determined
pH: 6.0-8.0

Octanol/Water Coefficient: Not determined Boiling Point: Not 00°C (212°F)

#### IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE DATA

Recommended Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, Water, dry chemical

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not applicable.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Sensitivity to static discharge is not expected.

Conditions of Flammability:

Flash Point/Range:

Autoignition Temperature:

Upper Explosive Limit:

Lower Explosive Limit:

Not determined

Not determined

Not determined

## V. REACTIVITY DATA

Conditions Causing Chemical Instability: None

Materials to avoid:

None reasonably foreseeable

Conditions of Reactivity: None.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

None anticipated

## VI. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Primary Routes of Exposure: Eye and skin contact, ingestion, inhalation

Existing Conditions Aggravated by None known

Exposure:

Toxicity Information: (See Effects of Acute Exposure to Product)

Product Name: PC FAST ORANGE LOTION WITH Item No: 20861

PUMICE 3.78 L

VI. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Effects of Acute Exposure:

None under normal conditions of use.

Effects of Chronic Exposure:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Irritancy of Product: Possible eye irritation.

Sensitization to Product:

Carcinogenicity:

Reproductive Toxicity:

Teratogenicity:

Mutagenicity:

(See Effects of Chronic Exposure to Product)

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None known WHMIS Hazard Class: Non-controlled

## **VII. PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

**Personal Protection** 

**Eyes:** Not required. **Skin:** Not required.

**Ventilation:** Not required under normal use.

Engineering Controls: No special provisions are required under normal conditions.

Spill Procedures: Rinse away with water or wipe up with a towel.

Protection of Man and Environment: Follow Canadian and local regulations for disposal.

Handling Procedures and Equipment: Protect from freezing.

Special Handling Information:

Avoid contact with eyes.

#### **VIII. FIRST AID MEASURES**

Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Keep individual calm. Obtain medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Immediate medical attention is not required.

Skin Contact: Flush with water.

Eye Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical

attention if irritation persists.

## IX. SHIPPING INFORMATION

## **Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated Hazard Class: None None

IATA (Air)

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated Class or Division: None None None

IMDG (Vessel)

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated None None None

## X. PREPARATION INFORMATION

Estimated HMIS Classification: HEALTH 1, FLAMMABILITY 1, PHYSICAL HAZARD 0 HMIS is a registered trademark of the National Paint and Coatings Association

Estimated NFPA Rating: HEALTH 1, FLAMMABILITY 1, REACTIVITY 0 (NFPA is a registered trademark of the National Fire Protection Association)

Prepared By: Denise Boyd, Manager-Environmental, Health & Safety

Company:

ITW Permatex Canada, 8450 Lawson Rd, Unit 1, Milton, ON L9T 0J8

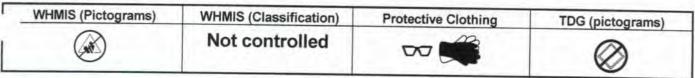
Revision Number: 1

Revision Date: September 12, 2011

Telephone No.: 1-87-Permatex (877) 376-2839







Section 1. C.	hemical Product and Company Identification	
Product Name	DURON* SINGLE GRADE ENGINE OILS SAE VISCOSITY GRADES 10W, 20, 30, 40, 50	
Synonym	Not available	Validated on 10/7/2005.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: 403-296 Emergency 3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666
Material Uses	DURON* single grade oils are intended for use in diesel and spark ignition engines according to the specific viscosity grade and performance level for each grade of product. They may also be used for wet clutch and gear type transmissions and hydraulic systems in line with equipment builder specifications.	directory for emergenc

				Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name  Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum) and other oprietary, non-hazardous additives.		CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL 10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established
				5 mg/m³ (oil mist)		
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable					
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial of	or territory au	thorities for a	cceptable exposure	limits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.		
Potential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is no expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures o subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tracirritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.	

Section 4. First	
Eye Contact	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Inhalation	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water. Obtain medical attention.
ote to Physician	Not available .

10W, 20, 30, 40, 50	GRADE ENGINE OILS SAE VISCOSITY GRADES		Page Number: 2	
Section 5. Fir	re-fighting Measures			
Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available.	
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP:≥194°C (381.2°F) (Pensky- Martens) OPEN CUP: ≥205°C (401°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Fire Point: ≥231°C (447.8°F)	
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.	
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), CaOx, ZnOx, POx, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.			
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG2004, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire it withdraw from area and let fire burn out unde sound from venting safety device or any disco spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, foam, water spray or CO2. LARGE FIRE: use extinguishers may be used, and self contain indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, of for fire fighting personnel.	o moderate hazard directions; also, c f it is possible to or controlled condit louration of tank di autoignition or exp e water spray, fog c	consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 do so without hazard. If this is impossible, ions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising ue to fire. Cool containing vessels with water plosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire	

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill

Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7.	Handling and Storage
Handling	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8) Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
Storage	Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10).

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use Engineering ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always Controls be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station. Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSHapproved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

10W, 20, 30, 40, 50	DURON* SINGLE GRADE ENGINE OILS SAE VISCOSITY GRADES 10W, 20, 30, 40, 50		Page Number: 3	
Section 9. Phy	sical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and opearance		Viscosity	10W: 41.51 cSt @ 40°C (104°F) 20: 64.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F) 30: 83.2 cSt @ 40°C (104°F) 40: 133.5 cSt @ 40°C (104°F) 50: 209 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)	
Colour	Amber.	Pour Point	10W: -42°C (-43.6°F) 20: -39°C (-38.2°F) 30: -36°C (-32.8°F) 40: -30°C (-22°F) 50: -21°C (-5.8°F)	
Odour	Mild petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available.	Dropping Point	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	Not available.	Penetration	Not applicable.	
Density	0.8667 to 0.8881 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	Not available.	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	Not available	Solubility	Insoluble in water.	

	tability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	10W, 30, 40: Copper corrosion, 3h, 100°C (ASTM D0130): 1b. 20, 50: Copper corrosion, 3h, 100°C (ASTM D0130): 1a.			
Stability	- C-		Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
ncompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, halogens and halogen compounds.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, ZnOx, H2S, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, aldehydes, methacrylate monomers, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Insoluble in water.

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below:  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)  Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m³/4h (rat)
Chronic or Other Toxic Ef	
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.

DURON* SINGLE GRADE ENGINE 10W, 20, 30, 40, 50	Committee of the second of the	Page Number: 4
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity	This product is not known to contain any components teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, bas hazards of the components, this product is not expected.	od upon the evel-bl- det
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.	reportable quantities that are listed as Group
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.	reportable quantities that are listed as Group
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals carcinogens by NTP.	at reportable quantities that are listed as
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals carcinogens by IRIS.	at reportable quantities that are listed as
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals carcinogens by OSHA.	at reportable quantities that are listed as
Other Considerations	No additional remark.	

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available,	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

Section 13. Disposal Considerations			
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regiona authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.		

Section 14. Transport Information			
TDG Classification Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.	

Other	Regulatory Information				
Regulations	are listed on the CEPA-DSL (	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).			
	All components of this formula	ation are lis	ted on the US EPA-1	TSCA Inventory.	
	All components of this product (EINECS).	ct are on th	ne European Invento	ry of Existing Commercia	Chemical Substances
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.				
	Please contact Product Safety	for more in	nformation.		
DSD/DPD (Europ	<ul> <li>Not classified under the Dange Substances or Dangerous Pre</li> </ul>	erous	HCS (U.S.A.)	Does not meet the de	finitions of a health or
	Directives.	parations		physical hazard accor Hazard Communication States)	ding to the OSHA -
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	Directives.  NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPEEN.	parations	DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	States)  Not evaluated for trans	rding to the OSHA - on Standard, (United
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT		(Pictograms)	Not evaluated for trans	rding to the OSHA - on Standard. (United sport
(Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPEEN.	NFPA (L	(Pictograms)  J.S.A.)	Hazard Communication States)  Not evaluated for trans Non évalué pour le tra  *Rating	rding to the OSHA - on Standard. (United sport nsport 0 Insignificant
(Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPEEN.  Health Hazard 1		(Pictograms)  J.S.A.)  Health  1 0	Not evaluated for trans	rding to the OSHA - on Standard. (United sport

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## Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

#### Jossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations

Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

#### For Copy of MSDS

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous roducts Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax:

1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 10/7/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - RS.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
<b>(A)</b> (7)	B-2, D-2B		8

	hemical Product and Company Identification	
Product Name	AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL	Code 060-100LL, W118
Synonym	AVGAS 100LL	Validated on 5/30/2005.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: Emergency 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666
Material Uses	This product is used as fuel for internal combustion aircraft engines.	Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

				Exp	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
	Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons (C4-C12). Toluene Contains 0-0.56g/L of lead [from Tetraethyl Lead].		68527-27-5 108-88-3	85-95 5-15	Not established 50 ppm	Not established  Not established	
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable					
Other Exposure imits	Consult local, state, provincia	or territory auth	norities for a	cceptable exposure li	mits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.	
Potential Health Effects	Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Section 4. Firs	t Aid Measures
Eye Contact	Avoid direct contact. Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical resistant protective clothing if necessary. Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 20 minutes or until chemical is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watch bands, belts, etc.). Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.
Note to Physician	Not available

AVIATION GASOLIN	E 100LL		Page Number: 2
Section 5. Fire	e-fighting Measures		
Flammability	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Lim	nits LOWER: 1.4%, UPPER: 7.6%
lash Points	Closed Cup: -50°C (-58°F), Tag, ASTM D56.	Auto-Ignition Temperature	257°C (494.6°F)
ire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Easily ignites under almost all normal temperature conditions. Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, shocks, heat, oxidizing materials. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Hazards in Presence of Various	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), reactive hydroca incomplete combustion.	rbons, aldehydes,	smoke and irritating vapours as products o
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	very low flash point: Use of water spray whe involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (*) meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. SMALL FII FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do	In fighting fire may 1/2 mile) in all dire RES: Dry chemical not use straight so or Car/Trailer Loa Cool containers with ling sound from viring sound from the let fire burn. We	streams. Move containers from fire area if you ads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use the flooding quantities of water until well after fire tenting devices or any discolouration of tank ase unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles ear positive pressure self-contained breathing

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Notify appropriate authorities immediately. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Do not allow spilled materials to come into to contact with incompatible materials (see Section 10). Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary.

Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Do not ingest this product. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid contact with any incompatible or reactive materials. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Ensure container is securely closed when not in use. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Exercise caution when washing/drying clothing contaminated with flammable materials. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning.
Storage	Store as flammable material. Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area.

#### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

## Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL. Page Number: 3

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Physical State and Appearance	Clear liquid.	Viscosity	Not available
Colour	Bright Blue.	Pour Point	Not applicable.
Odour	Gasoline.	Softening Point	Not applicable
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	30 to 170°C (86 to 338°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.69 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not measurable. The product is more soluble in oil.
Vapour Density	Heavier than air.	lonicity (in water)	Insoluble in water.
Vapour Pressure	38 kPa @ 20°C (285 mmHg @ 68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Volatile.	Solubility	Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform, and benzene. Dissolves fats, oils and natural resins.

Section 10. S	tability and Reactivity		
Corrosivity	Non corrosive.		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
compatible Can react with strong oxidizing agents,		Decomposition	May release COx, aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below:		
	Toluene (108-88-3):		
	Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 636 mg/kg (rat)		
	Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): 12225 mg/kg (rabbit)		
	Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 8800 ppm/4h (rat)		
Chronic or Other Toxic Effe	ects		
Dermal Route:	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause skin irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.		
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any. This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be an eye irritant.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization	on: Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL	Page Number: 4
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	There is a wealth of information about the teratogenic hazards of Toluene in the literature; however based upon professional judgement regarding the body of evidence, WHMIS classification as a teratogen is not warranted.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as A1, A2 or A3 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA).	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information						
TDG Classification GASOLINE, 3, UN1203, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.				

Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).							
, togulations								
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.							
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.							
	Please contact Product Safe	ety for more in	formation.					
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.		HCS (U.S.A.)	CLASS: Flammable li point lower than 37.8° CLASS: Irritating subs CLASS: Target organ	C (100°F). stance.			
ADR (Europe) 'Dictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	Not evaluated for tran	sport			
	NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		( constant	Non évalué pour le tra	insport			
iMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard 2*	NFPA (U	.S.A.)	ire Hazard Rating	0 Insignificant			
	Fire Hazard 4		///	Posethity 1 Slight				
	Reactivity 0	XX			2 Moderate 3 High			
	Personal Protection H		~ .	Specific hazard	4 Extreme			

AVIATION GASOLINE 100LL

## Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Glossarv

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives

(Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

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NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

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SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

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TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 5/30/2005.

Page Number: 5

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

DIESEL FUEL



## 1. Product and company identification

Product name : DIESEL FUEL

Synonym : Seasonal Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1 Heating Oil, D50, D60, P40, P50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel,

ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel

Code : W104, W293; SAP: 120, 121, 122, 129, 287

Material uses : Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal

combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining Diesel has a higher flash

point requirement, for safe use in underground mines.

Manufacturer : PETRO-CANADA

P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency : Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation:

613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Bright oily liquid.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview : WARNING!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Combustible liquid. Severely irritating to the skin. Irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous

System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

coma and death.

Ingestion : Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product

may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes: Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Hazards identification 2 .

**Medical conditions** aggravated by overexposure

Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (section 11)

#### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

**Name CAS** number % Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized/Fuels, diesel/Fuel Oil No. 2 64742-81-100 0/68334-30-5/68476-30-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### First-aid measures 4

**Eve contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical Ingestion

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### Fire-fighting measures 5.

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid

**Extinguishing media** 

hazards

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable Do not use water jet.

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if Special exposure hazards there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), sulphur **Products of combustion** compounds (H2S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing Special protective equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Special remarks on fire

: Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.

: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or Special remarks on sources of ignition. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. explosion hazards

Date of issue: 7/3/2009. Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 2/7

# 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

### **Handling**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## **Storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Fuels, diesel	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).
Fuel oil No. 2	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls/personal protection** 8.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** 

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# Personal protection Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

#### **Hands**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Recommended: nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

**Eyes** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Physical and chemical properties 9

**Physical state** 

: Bright oily liquid.

Flash point

: Diesel fuel: Closed cup: >40°C (>104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >60°C (>140°F) Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: >52°C (>126°F)

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: 225°C (437°F)

Flammable limits

Lower: 0.7% Upper: 6%

Colour

: Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation purposes).

**Odour** 

Mild petroleum oil like.

**Odour threshold** 

Not available.

pН

: Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point** Date of issue: 7/3/2009.

: 150 to 371°C (302 to 699.8°F)

Page: 4/7

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

**Relative density** : 0.80 to 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F) **Vapour pressure** : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F).

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]

**Volatility** : Semivolatile to volatile.

**Evaporation rate**: Not available.

Viscosity : Diesel fuel: 1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: 1.3 - 4.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour Point : Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Unanalous nalimoniastica

**Hazardous polymerisation**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Materials to avoid** : Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.

**Hazardous decomposition**: May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to

**products** decomposition.

# 11. Toxicological information

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	Vapour			
Fuels, diesel	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	24500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-
Fuel oil No. 2	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Chronic toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Sensitiser** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	A3	-	-	-	-	-
Fuels, diesel	A3	3	-	-	-	-
Fuel oil No. 2	A3	3	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

**Environmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Biodegradability** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1202	DIESEL FUEL	3	III		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

**United States** 

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid Irritating material

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

(TSCA 8b)

**Europe inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

# 16. Other information

Label requirements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health 2
Flammability 2
Physical hazards 0
Personal protection H

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



**References** : Available upon request.

TM/MC Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

Date of printing: 7/3/2009.Date of issue: 3 July 2009Date of previous issue: 7/3/2009.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

# Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2010-05-07 Supersedes: 2007-05-25





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

SYNONYMS: Automotive Fuel

Petrol

PRODUCT USE: Fuel PRODUCT CODE: 211-001

SUPPLIER TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)Shell Emergency Number1-800-661-7378P.O. Box 100, Station MCANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER1-613-996-6666400-4th Ave. S.W.For general information:1-800-661-1600Calgary, AB Canadawww.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.
\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark of Shell Brands International AG. Used under license.

# 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Gasoline	86290-81-5	> 90	Yes
Benzene	71-43-2	< 1.5	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Volatile Liquid Colourless Typical Gasoline Odour

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid. Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing heart arrythmia.

**Handling:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use a direct stream of

water as it may spread fire. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to

combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

**Products:** 

be formed upon combustion.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling
Page 2 of 7

equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking,

smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, is general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

The exposure limits listed here are provided for guidance only. Consult local, provincial and territorial authorities for specific values.

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm) Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Benzene: Shell internal standard is 0.5 ppm or 1.6 mg/m3 (8-12 hour time-weighted average limit), 2.5 ppm

or 8 mg/m3 (15-minute short term limit)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where general ventilation

is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended

occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including

ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

**Respiratory**Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Volatile Liquid Appearance: Colourless

**Odour:** Typical Gasoline Odour

Odour Threshold:< 0.25 ppm</th>Freezing/Pour Point:Not availableBoiling Point:35 - 220 °C

**Density:** 720 - 760 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 3.5

Vapour Pressure (absolute): < 107 kPa @ 38 °C

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.74

pH: Not applicable
Flash Point: TCC -30 °C
Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Flammable Limit: 7.6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature: 280 °C

**Viscosity:** < 1 mm2/s @ 38 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3
Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

Formula: C4 - C11

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:
Hazardous Polymerization:
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:
No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:
Yes

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg
Benzene	LD50 Oral Rat 690 - 3400 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat 13700 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 8260 mg/kg

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**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on testing with similar materials, this product is not expected to be a primary

skin irritant after exposure of short duration, would not be a skin sensitizer and

would not be irritating to the eye.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions. Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) has been observed in people exposed to very

high levels (50 to 300 ppm) of benzene over a long period of time in the

workplace. The relevance of these results to lower levels of exposure is not known.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. This product contains benzene. Carcinogenic hazard. Repeated exposure to benzene concentrations greater than the recommended TLV/TWA may reduce the cellular components of peripheral blood and bone marrow. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes. May cause

heritable genetic damage.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches.

**Biodegradability:** Inherently biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Benzene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low

solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred

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into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1203
Proper Shipping Name GASOLINE

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG II

Additional Information Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

**DSL/NDSL Status:** This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product

and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other

regulations may apply to this material.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement: Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

**Handling Statement:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

**First Aid Statement:** Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

Revision Number: 7

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Section 4 Section 7 Section

8 Section 11 Section 15



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	B-2, D-2A, D-2B		<u>\delta</u>

Section 1. Cl	hemical Product and Company Identification		
Product Name	JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Code	W219 SAP: 150, 151, 152
Synonym	Jet B; Jet B DI; JP-4; Jet F-40; NATO F-40; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Wide Cut Type (CAN/CGSB-3.22).	Validated of	on 2/8/2005.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: ½403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666
Material Uses	Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor.		Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Section 2. Composition and Information of	on ingreater	its	osure Limits (ACGIH)	imits (ACGIH)	
Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14).	64741-41-9	>99	Not established	Not established	Not established
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.5	0.5 ppm	2.5 ppm	Not established
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added*): Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	<u>&lt;</u> 0.15	Not established	Not established	Not established
Anti-static, antioxidant, corrosion inhibitor and metal deactivator additives.  * Please note that Jet B DI, JP-4, Jet F-40 and NATO F-40 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII).corrosion inhibitor	Not applicable	<0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Manufacturer Not applicable Recommendation		1			1
Other Exposure Consult local, state, provincial Limits	or territory au	thorities for a	acceptable exposure	limits.	

_			
Castian	2	11	Identification.
Section	•	Hazarne	INDUITICATION

Potential Health Effects

Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Skin and eye contact can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapours can cause irritation of the respiratory tract and CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconciousness and possibly death. Aspiration into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. May cause cancer. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Eye Contact	Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice.  DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.

Continued on Next Page Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Available in French

JET B AVIATION TU	RBINE FUEL	Page Number: 2
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousne Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOM mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water.	IITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300
Note to Physician	Not available	

Section 5. Fire-	fighting Measures		
Flammability	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 8% (NFPA)
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: -31°C (-24°F) (NFPA)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	240°C (464°F) (NFPA)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions			pray when fighting fire may be inefficient.  300 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also s.  Attraight streams. Move containers from fire um distance or use unmanned hose holders ire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. If this is impossible withdraw from area and

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

# Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7.	Section 7. Handling and Storage		
Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.		
Storage	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.		

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 3

#### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Engineering** Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

> Body If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information).

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Phy	sical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and Clear liquid.  Appearance		Viscosity	Not available (similar to gasoline)	
Colour	Clear and colourless.	Pour Point	Freezing Point: $<-51^{\circ}$ C ( $<-60^{\circ}$ F) for Jet B/Jet B DI; $<-58^{\circ}$ C ( $<-72^{\circ}$ F) for Jet Fuel F-40.	
Odour	Gasoline like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	50 to 270°C (122 to 518°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.	
Density	0.75 to 0.80 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	3.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	21 kPa (158 mmHg) @ 37.8°C (100°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	Volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible in other petroleum solvents.	

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity			
Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Can react with strong oxidizing agents, uranium hexafluoride, diborane. Incompatible with halogens and halogen compounds.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section 11. Toxicolo	Section 11. Toxicological Information		
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, th ingredients is provided below:	erefore, data for some of the	
	Based on toxicity of similar product.  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m³/4h (rat).		
Continued on Next Page	Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Available in French	

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 4
	Benzene Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 930 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >9400 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): 13200 ppm/4h (rat).
	Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4140-5180 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >50000 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effec	cts
Dermal Route:	Skin contact can cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs).
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Benzene is tumorigenic by RTECS criteria.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product contains a component(s) at >= 0.1% that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in laboratory tests. Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin [Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether].
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A1: confirmed human carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	IARC Group 1: carcinogenic to Humans. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	NTP Group 1: known to be a carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	EPA/IRIS Class A: human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Benzene is an OSHA known carcinogen.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.			

Section 13. Disposal Considerations		
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.	

Section 14. Transport Information		
<b>TDG Classification</b> FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, 3, UN1863, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 5

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

# Other Regulations

This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).

All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.

All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Please contact Product Safety for more information.

**DSD/DPD (Europe)** Not evaluated.

HCS (U.S.A.)

CLASS: Contains material which may cause

cancer.

CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash

point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS: Toxic.

CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects.

ADR (Europe) (Pictograms) NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN. DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)



HMIS (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard 2\*
Fire Hazard 3
Reactivity 0
Personal Protection H

NFPA (U.S.A.)

Health 2 0 Reactivity

Specific hazard

Rating

- 0 Insignificant
- 1 Slight
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Extreme

#### Section 16. Other Information

### References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

# **Glossary**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials

BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations

Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/8/2005.

Continued on Next Page

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Available in French

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 6
Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.
Fuels & Solvents: Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385	
For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	B-3, D-2B		4

Section 1. Ch	nemical Product and Company Identification		
Product Name	FUEL OIL	Code	W108 SAP: 132, 156, 286, 300
Зупонут	Synonymi #1 Furnace Oil, Furnace Oil 50, Seasonal Furnace Oil, Seasonal Furnace Oil Special Economy Diskel Stove Oil TharmuClean		n 2/5/2004.
Manufacturer			Petro-Canada 403-296-3000 Canuter Transportation 013-996-0006 Poteon Control Centrel Consult
Material Uses	Fuel Oils are distillate fuels suitable for use in liquid fuel burning equipment without preheating.	local leterative director elhergency humber(s)	

			-	En	nosure Linna (ACGIri)	
Name  1) Morture of petroleum distillates.  Aromatic content is 50% maximum (benzene nil).		CAB#	5.(V/V)	TLV-TWA(II.h)	STEL	CEILING
		68478-30-2 64742-81-0	160	Toll rig/m² (sa total hydrocarbona) *	hat established	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	" Avoid prolonged or repeated skin content to tilesel fuels which can lead to dermal remains and may be associated an increased risk of skin cancer."				e associated w	
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.					

Potential Health	Combustible liquid Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye
Effects	irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause shir irritation, defatting, drying and dermatilis. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Contral Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include, weakness, districts, sillured speech, throwsiness unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure, compand death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe inflation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Section 4 First	Aid Measures	
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY thus eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping syelide open. Beek medical attention:	
Skin Contact	Remove conteminated dothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-atrastive spap. Seek medical attention.	
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a wall ventilated area. Sheek medical attention.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce varniting because of danger of aspirating inquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.	
Note to Physician	Not available	

Flammability	Class # - combustible liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	Lower 0.7%, Upper 6%
Flash Points	Open Cup. >40°C (>104°F), Cleveland	Auto-ignition Temperature	225°C (437°) ]
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presents of open flames sparks, or next. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flesh back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Containers may explode in heat of life. Do not out, wold, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Hunoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Products of Combustion	Certion oxides (CD), CO2), ritrogen oxides (NOx), valuums se products of incomplete combustion.	aulphur oxidea (SDv)	, hilphul compounds (H2S), smoke and initating

FUEL OIL	Paga Wurder 2
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG98. QUIDE 128. Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immacities). CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C. Use of water upray when fighting the may be inefficient.
	If tank, not can or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions, also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.
	SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water apray or regular foam.  LARGE FIRES: Water spray, log or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do if without risk.  Fires lovolving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmarried hose holders or monitor nozzies.
	Cost containers with flooding spentitive of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from verifing devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks: For massive fire, use unmanned hose tolders or monitor nozzles of this is impossible withdraw from aree and let fire turn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters, protective clothing will only provide limited

Section 7. H	breathing vapours of material. Avoid contaminating savers streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.  andling and Storage
Handling	COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid brinalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 9). Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressure, but heat, or well empty containers. Do not vause containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
Storage	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in dry, social, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded

Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. IN THE

EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES Extinguish all ignition sources. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inside absorbert material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbert for later disposal. Ground and bond all equipment

Section 6. Accidental Rolease Measures

Material Release

or Spill

	re Controls/Personal Protection
Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary if user's operations generate vapours or mill, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Mexe-up all should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
Personal Protection Eyes	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.  Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use of product is used in an application where splashing may occur. The use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	West appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and these applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate. NIOSH approver respirators may be recessary to prevent expressive by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin

Appearance	Bright ally liquid	Viscosity	1.2 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)
Colour	Clear to yellow I thrown (may be dued for lexition purposes).	Pour Point	Not available
Odour	Mild petroleum oil like	Softening Point	Not applicable
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable
Boiling Point	150 - 371°C (302 - 710°F)	Penetration	Not applicable
Density	().80 - ().88 kg/( @ 15°S (59°F)	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available
Vapour Density	4.5 (Air = 1)	lonicity (in water)	Not evailable
Vapour Pressure	I D kPs @ 20℃ (T.5 mmHg @ 68年).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	«II.) (Butyl acetals = 1), less than gasoline.	Solubility	instituble it sold water southle to from obtain hydrocarbus solvents.

1606.78			Page numero 2	
Section 10. Stability and Reactivity				
Corrosivity	Not available			
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not socur under normal working conditions	
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acuts.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, H28 smoke and initiating vapours when hexited to decomposition	

Section 11. Toxicological In		
Routes of Entry	Skin contect, we contact inhalation, and ingestion	
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredient is provided below.	
	Fuel Dil No. 2 (58475-30-2): Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 12000 mg/kg (ral)	
	Kerosine (petroleum), hydroxulfurized (64742-61-0): Acute Drai toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermai toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Infielation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m1/4h-(rat)	
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects Dermal Route	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause akin imitation. Therefore, this product considered to be a skin imitant. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermetitis	
Inhalaban Route	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract imitation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include weekness, dizziness, sturred speech drowalness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; comuland death.	
Oral Route	pastion of this product may cause gastro-intentinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in saver tation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) spreasion, symptoms of which may include, weakness, dizzinass, slurred speech, drowsinasi consciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; come and death.	
Eye imiation/inflammelien	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore this product a sonsidered to be an eye irritant.	
Immunotoxicity:	Not available	
Sion Sensitization	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the amount hazards of the components.	
Respiratory Tract Sensatzation	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available date and the known hazards of the components.	
Midagenio.	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, the product is not expected to be a mutagen.	
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.	
Teratogenically/Embryotoxically	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause tendogenicity and/or entaryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the evallable data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a tendogen/embryotoxin.	
Cardinogenicity (ACGIH)	ACG/H A3 animal carcinogen [Diesel fue] (See Other Considerations)	
Carcinogenicity (IARC)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 28 carcinogens by IARC.	
Carcinagenicity (NTP)	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantilles that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.	
Carcinogenicity (IRtS).	Not available	
Carcinogenicity (OSHA)	This product is not known to contain any chamissals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.	
Other Considerations	* Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to darmel imitation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.	

PURELOW

PHEL OIL			C-Ste istriction a
Section 12 Ecol	ogical Information		
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bloaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark		

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Spent/ used: waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal

Section 14. Transport Information					
TDG Classification	FUEL OIL, 8 UN120Z PGIII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations		

Section 15. Regu	latory Information						
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CFFF. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-091 (Domestic Substances Dat)						
	All components of this formulati	im are listed or	hine US EPA-TSCA II	wentbry			
	All components of this product in	ire on the Euro	pean inventory of Exu	sing Commercial Chem	ical Substances (EINECS)		
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) suit the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.						
	Please contact Product Safety I	ar more inform	ation.				
DSD/DP0 (Europe)	Not evaluated		HC5 (U.S.A.)				
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	HOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON EVALUE POUR LE		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	4			
HMI5 (U.S.A.)	TRANSPORT EUROPEEN Health Hazard 2*	NFPA (U.	841	n	Ing () Inagnificant		
rinus (u.s.m.)	Fire Hazard I	MI PA (U.		fire Hazard	T SHUOT		
	Reactivity		A 7		2 Moderate 1 High		
	Personal Protection H		-	Specific hazant	4 Extreme		

#### Section 16. Other Information

References

Available upon request

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Cariada - Trademark

ACGIN - American Conference of Governments: Industrial Hypernals

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

AETM - American Society for Teeting and Materials -

BCD5 - Biniogkiai Oxygen Gernarid in 5 days DAN/OGA B149 J Propane materiation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

DEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Acq

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response Companiation and Liability

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIF - Chemicals Hactard Information and Packaging Approved Expely Lot

DODS - Dhemical Dkygen Gemand in 5 days

CPR - Controlled Froducts Regulations DOT - Department of Transport

DBCL - Dangerous Supetences Classification and Casaling (Europe)

DSD/DFD / Cangerous Substances or Cangerous Pregarations Directives

(Burope)

Dili. - Dimeetic Buzstania List

EED/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Knew Act

FOR - Food and Drug Administration

FRA Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HC3 - Hazardinus Communication System

MIX - Integrated Risk Information System

LD80/LC50 - Lethal Dese/Consentration xill 50%

LOLGACIO - Lowest Published Lemai Dose Concentration

NAEMG'66 | North American Emergency Response Clints Book (1996)

14FFA - Haddrial Fire Prevendon Association NICSH - National Institute for Compational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutent Release Inventory

NENR - New Substances Notification Requestors (Cartalle)

NTP - Netronal Toxinology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Parmissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Recognization Act

5D - Single Dose

STEL-Blight Term Exposure Limit (15 (horumes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLe/TDLe - Lowest Published Trace Dose/Concentration

Cm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Meighted Ave. 434

TRCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

Utilities - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United Diates Pharmacopoeis

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

HMS - Hazantous Material Information System
LARC - International Agency for Research on Career

For Copy of MSD5
Internet: www.petro-carrada.ca/msds

Western Carrada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-868-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-840-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

	<u> </u>	
WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Personal protective equipment
	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).	

Section 1. P	Section 1. Product and Company Identification					
Product name / Trade name		Associated Product's Item Code		IPA 99		
Synonym	alcool isopropilico (italian); alcool isopropylique (french); avantine; dimethylcarbinol; isohol; isopropanol; iso-propylalkohol (german); lutosol; petrohol; propropan-2-ol; 2-propanol; i-propanol (german); sec-propyl alcohol; i-propylalkohol; ipa; propan-2-ol; sec-propyl alcohol; arquad dmcb, component of (with 169153); visco 1152, component of (with 107601); pro	CAS#		67-63-0		
Chemical family	Not available.	Validation	date	24/10/2011.		
Chemical formula	C3-H8-O	Print date		24/10/2011.		
Manufacturer/Supplier	Recochem Inc. 850 Montee de Liesse Montreal, Quebec H4T 1P4 (514) 341-3550 www.recochem.com	emergency	Comm Affairs	nem Inc. iunications ar Department 78-5544	nd Regulatory	
Material uses	Not available.					

Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
<b>Emergency Overview</b>	WARNING!
· ·	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
Potential Acute Health Effects	See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
	Slightly hazardous by the following route of exposure: of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inpestion, of inhalation (lung irritant). Severe over-exposure can result in death.
Note to Physician	Not available.

# Section 3. Composition, information on ingredients

Canada

 Name
 CAS number
 Conc. (% w/w)

 2-Propanol
 67-63-0
 100

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



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Section 4. First a	aid measures
Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion Notes to physician	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.  No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
<b>Products of combustion</b>	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide		
Fire-fighting media and instructions	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Fire Hazards	Not available.		
<b>Explosion Hazards</b>	Not available.		

Section 6. Accid	lental release measures
Small spill and leak	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill and leak	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Validated on 24/10/2011.

# Isopropyl Alcohol

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COCHION	

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#### Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Personal protection**

Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles Possible: face shield

Body Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: full-face mask

Hands Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

# **United States**

#### **Product name Exposure limits**

2-Propanol ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008).

> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 1225 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008).

TWA: 400 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 1225 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s).

TWA: 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

# Continued on next page

Canada

Validated on 24/10/2011.		Isopropyl Alcohol							Page: 4/7		
Occupational exp	osure limits	TWA	(8 hour	s)	STEL	. (15 min	ıs)	Ceilir	ng		
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
2-Propanol	US ACGIH 1/2008 AB 6/2008	200 400	- 983	-	400 500	- 1230	-	-	-	-	
	BC 6/2008	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	200 400	983	-	400 500	- 1230	-	-	-	-	

Section 9. Physica	Section 9. Physical and chemical properties					
Physical State and Appearance	Liquid. [COLORLESS LIQUID WITH THE ODOR OF RUBBING ALCOHOL]	Odour	Alcohol-like.			
Molecular weight	60.11 g/mole	Taste	Not available.			
pН	Not available.	Colour	Clear.			
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	82.5°C (180.5°F)	Volatility	Not available.			
Melting/freezing point	-88.9°C (-128°F)	Evaporation rate	1.5 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Relative density	0.785	Odour Threshold	Not available.			
Vapor pressure	5.9 kPa (44 mm Hg)	Viscosity	Not available.			
Vapour Density	2.07 [Air = 1]	Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.			
VOC content	100 % (w/w)	Other Properties	Not available.			
The product is:	Flammable.					
Auto-ignition temperatur	e 399°C (750.2°F)					
Flash point	Open cup: 11.85°C (53.3°F)					
Flammable limits	Lower: 2% Upper: 12%					
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	Extremely flammable in the presence discharge.	of the following r	materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity					
Stability	The product is stable.				
Conditions of instability	Not available.				
Incompatibility with various substances					
Hazardous decompositi products	On Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.				

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Section 11. Toxicological Information

Canada

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** Dose

2-Propanol LD50 Dermal Rabbit 12800 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat 5000 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH IARC EPA** NIOSH **NTP OSHA** 2-Propanol 3

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

DLH

2000 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

For accidental discharges into the environment, see Section 6:"Accidental Release Measures" for suggested

instructions.

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Canada

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** 48 hours Crustaceans - Crangon crangon

2-Propanol Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 ug/L

: Not available.

Marine water

Acute LC50 >1400000 ug/L Fish - Gambusia affinis - 20 to 30 96 hours

mm

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Biodegradability** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Validated	on 24	1/10	/2011.

# Isopropyl Alcohol



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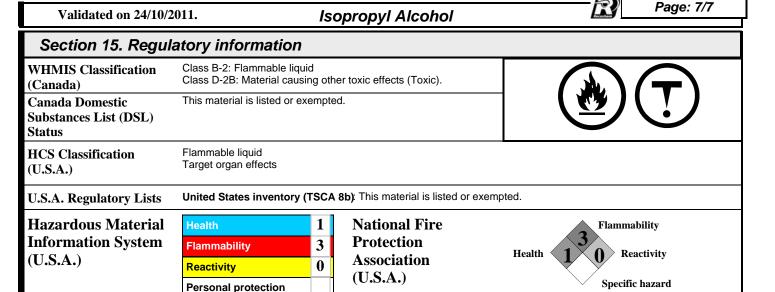
# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Canada TDG Classificati	on		
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.		
Subsidiary class	-		
Proper Shipping Name (Canada) TDG	ISOPROPANOL; OR ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	3	
UN number	UN1219		
Packing Group	II		
Special provisions	In containers of 1 L (1Kg) capacity or less this product is classified as a "Limited Quantities""Consumer Commodity" under TDG regulations.		
IMDG Classification			
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.		
Subsidiary class	-		
Proper Shipping Name IMDG	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)		
UN number	UN1219		
Packing Group	II		
Marine pollutant	Not a pollutant.		
Special provisions	-		
United States DOT (Class	sification)		
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.		
Subsidiary class	-	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	
Proper Shipping Name (United States) DOT	ISOPROPANOL OR ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	3	
UN number	UN1219		
Packing Group	II		
Special provisions	IB2, T4, TP1. In containers of 1 L (1Kg) this product is qualified as a "consumer commodity" ORM-D under DOT		
International Air Transport Association (IATA)  For air shipment classification and associated regulations, please refer to the latest edition of latest editions.			



# Section 16. Other information

Validated and verified by Compliance and Technical Information Manager on 24/10/2011 ph.# 905-878-5544.

Printed 24/10/2011.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# MSDS are available at www.recochem.com



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2010-05-07 Supersedes: 2007-05-25





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE

SYNONYMS: Automotive Fuel

Petrol

PRODUCT USE: Fuel PRODUCT CODE: 211-001

SUPPLIER TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)Shell Emergency Number1-800-661-7378P.O. Box 100, Station MCANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER1-613-996-6666400-4th Ave. S.W.For general information:1-800-661-1600Calgary, AB Canadawww.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.
\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark of Shell Brands International AG. Used under license.

# 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Gasoline	86290-81-5	> 90	Yes
Benzene	71-43-2	< 1.5	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Volatile Liquid Colourless Typical Gasoline Odour

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid. Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing heart arrythmia.

**Handling:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use a direct stream of

water as it may spread fire. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to

combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

**Products:** 

be formed upon combustion.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling
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equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking,

smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, is general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

The exposure limits listed here are provided for guidance only. Consult local, provincial and territorial authorities for specific values.

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm) Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Benzene: Shell internal standard is 0.5 ppm or 1.6 mg/m3 (8-12 hour time-weighted average limit), 2.5 ppm

or 8 mg/m3 (15-minute short term limit)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where general ventilation

is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended

occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including

ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

**Respiratory**Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Volatile Liquid Appearance: Colourless

**Odour:** Typical Gasoline Odour

Odour Threshold:< 0.25 ppm</th>Freezing/Pour Point:Not availableBoiling Point:35 - 220 °C

**Density:** 720 - 760 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 3.5

Vapour Pressure (absolute): < 107 kPa @ 38 °C

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.74

pH: Not applicable
Flash Point: TCC -30 °C
Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Flammable Limit: 7.6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature: 280 °C

**Viscosity:** < 1 mm2/s @ 38 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3
Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

Formula: C4 - C11

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:
Hazardous Polymerization:
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:
No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:
Yes

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg
Benzene	LD50 Oral Rat 690 - 3400 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat 13700 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 8260 mg/kg

Revision Number: 7

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on testing with similar materials, this product is not expected to be a primary

skin irritant after exposure of short duration, would not be a skin sensitizer and

would not be irritating to the eye.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions. Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) has been observed in people exposed to very

high levels (50 to 300 ppm) of benzene over a long period of time in the

workplace. The relevance of these results to lower levels of exposure is not known.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. This product contains benzene. Carcinogenic hazard. Repeated exposure to benzene concentrations greater than the recommended TLV/TWA may reduce the cellular components of peripheral blood and bone marrow. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes. May cause

heritable genetic damage.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches.

**Biodegradability:** Inherently biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Benzene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low

solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred

into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1203
Proper Shipping Name GASOLINE

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG II

Additional Information Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

**DSL/NDSL Status:** This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product

and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other

regulations may apply to this material.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement: Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

**Handling Statement:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

**First Aid Statement:** Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

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If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Section 4 Section 7 Section

8 Section 11 Section 15

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Jan. 17, 2012

**8750-53 Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064

**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: G-STOP

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Polyacrylamide CAS#: Not available

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not a controlled product under WHMIS

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Treat as a nuisance dust.

# TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

# SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LD50Oral-Rat LC50Inhal-Rat ACGIH-TLV

Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.

# **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [ ]EYE CONTACT [ ]SKIN [ ]INHALATION [ ]INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation and/or redness. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation some cases.

INGESTION: Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea and vomiting.

INHALATION: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, including sneezing and

coughing.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

REPRODUCTIVE

TOXICITY: No information available.

Diversity Technologies Corp. is the parent company of Canamara-United Supply, Hollimex Products, The Drilling Depot and Westcoast Drilling Supplies G-Stop Page 2 of 4

**MUTAGENICITY:** No information available.

**SYNERGISTIC** PRODUCTS:

No information available.

#### SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or

persists, obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing prior

to reuse.

EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water for 15 minutes or until

irritation subsides. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

**INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Give 2-3 glasses of water. If symptoms

occur, obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if

patient is unconscious, rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. INHALATION: If breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

# SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: White granular powder; no odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8

Not available BOILING POINT (°C): Not available MELTING POINT (°C):

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble pH: Not applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available **EVAPORATION RATE:** Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not available

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not applicable Not applicable FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to

a water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire PROCEDURES:

fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area if

UNUSUAL FIRE AND As with most organic powders, flammable dust clouds may be formed in air. Avoid creating dust. **EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

Avoid sources of ignition.

G-Stop Page 2 of 4

#### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []
INCOMPATIBILITY Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Avoid wet,
(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): damp or humid conditions, extremes of temperature,

and ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various hydrocarbons,

PRODUCTS: and/or hydrogen cyanide upon combustion

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

# **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use approved dust mask in absence of adequate

ventilation. Use approved respirators with dust

cartridges if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering

controls to maintain dust level below TLV.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Use gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated

skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety glasses or goggles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash

(Specify): station and emergency shower are available.

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of dust and contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container.

# STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Avoid creating dust clouds. Remove ignition sources. Sweep up or vacuum dry material and flush spill area with water. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. This product or its solutions should not be allowed to enter waterways without treatment.

G-Stop Page 2 of 4

# WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. It may be possible to dispose of spills of non-hazardous materials in a landfill; check with local operator.

# **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: January 17, 2012 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: January 13, 2009 PHONE: 780-440-4923





# Material Safety Data Sheet Hydrochloric acid MSDS

# **Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification**

Product Name: Hydrochloric acid

Catalog Codes: SLH1462, SLH3154

CAS#: Mixture.

RTECS: MW4025000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Hydrochloric acid

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: Hydrochloric Acid; Muriatic Acid

Chemical Name: Not applicable.

Chemical Formula: Not applicable.

**Contact Information:** 

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

# **Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients**

# Composition:

Name	CAS#	% by Weight
Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	20-38
Water	7732-18-5	62-80

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Hydrogen chloride: GAS (LC50): Acute: 4701 ppm 0.5 hours [Rat].

# **Section 3: Hazards Identification**

#### **Potential Acute Health Effects:**

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant, corrosive), of ingestion, . Slightly hazardous in case of inhalation (lung sensitizer). Non-corrosive for lungs. Liquid or spray mist may produce tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes, mouth and respiratory tract. Skin contact may produce burns. Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Severe over-exposure can result in death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

# **Potential Chronic Health Effects:**

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (sensitizer). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC [Hydrochloric acid]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, Circulatory System, teeth. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target

organs damage. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

# **Section 4: First Aid Measures**

#### **Eye Contact:**

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **Serious Skin Contact:**

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

**Serious Ingestion:** Not available.

# **Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data**

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: of metals

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Non-explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of shocks.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

#### **Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:**

Non combustible. Calcium carbide reacts with hydrogen chloride gas with incandescence. Uranium phosphide reacts with hydrochloric acid to release spontaneously flammable phosphine. Rubidium acetylene carbides burns with slightly warm hydrochloric acid. Lithium silicide in contact with hydrogen chloride becomes incandescent. When dilute hydrochloric acid is used, gas spontaneously flammable in air is evolved. Magnesium boride treated with concentrated hydrochloric acid produces spontaneously flammable gas. Cesium acetylene carbide burns hydrogen chloride gas. Cesium carbide ignites in contact with hydrochloric acid unless acid is dilute. Reacts with most metals to produce flammable Hydrodgen gas.

# **Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:**

Hydrogen chloride in contact with the following can cause an explosion, ignition on contact, or other violent/vigorous reaction: Acetic anhydride AgClO + CCl4 Alcohols + hydrogen cyanide, Aluminum Aluminum-titanium alloys (with HCl vapor), 2-Amino ethanol, Ammonium hydroxide, Calcium carbide Ca3P2 Chlorine + dinitroanilines (evolves gas), Chlorosulfonic acid Cesium carbide Cesium acetylene carbide, 1,1-Difluoroethylene Ethylene diamine Ethylene imine, Fluorine, HClO4 Hexalithium disilicide H2SO4 Metal acetylides or carbides, Magnesium boride, Mercuric sulfate, Oleum, Potassium permanganate, beta-Propiolactone Propylene oxide Rubidium carbide, Rubidium, acetylene carbide Sodium (with aqueous HCl), Sodium hydroxide Sodium tetraselenium, Sulfonic acid, Tetraselenium tetranitride, U3P4, Vinyl acetate. Silver perchlorate with carbon tetrachloride in the presence of hydrochloric acid produces trichloromethyl perchlorate which detonates at 40 deg. C.

# Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

# **Small Spill:**

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

# Large Spill:

Corrosive liquid. Poisonous liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

# **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

#### **Precautions:**

Keep locked up.. Keep container dry. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, organic materials, metals, alkalis, moisture. May corrode metallic surfaces. Store in a metallic or coated fiberboard drum using a strong polyethylene inner package.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

# **Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### **Engineering Controls:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### **Personal Protection:**

Face shield. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Boots.

#### Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

# **Exposure Limits:**

CEIL: 5 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] CEIL: 7 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] CEIL: 5 from NIOSH CEIL: 7 (mg/m3) from NIOSH TWA: 1 STEL: 5 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 2 STEL: 8 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)]Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

**Odor:** Pungent. Irritating (Strong.)

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable.

Color: Colorless to light yellow.

pH (1% soln/water): Acidic.

**Boiling Point:** 

108.58 C @ 760 mm Hg (for 20.22% HCl in water) 83 C @ 760 mm Hg (for 31% HCl in water) 50.5 C (for 37% HCl in water)

**Melting Point:** 

-62.25°C (-80°F) (20.69% HCl in water) -46.2 C (31.24% HCl in water) -25.4 C (39.17% HCl in water)

**Critical Temperature:** Not available.

**Specific Gravity:** 

1.1- 1.19 (Water = 1) 1.10 (20% and 22% HCl solutions) 1.12 (24% HCl solution) 1.15 (29.57% HCl solution) 1.16 (32% HCl

solution) 1.19 (37% and 38%HCl solutions)

Vapor Pressure: 16 kPa (@ 20°C) average

**Vapor Density:** 1.267 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: 0.25 to 10 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

**Dispersion Properties:** See solubility in water, diethyl ether.

**Solubility:** Soluble in cold water, hot water, diethyl ether.

# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

**Stability:** The product is stable.

**Instability Temperature:** Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials, water

Incompatibility with various substances:

Highly reactive with metals. Reactive with oxidizing agents, organic materials, alkalis, water.

Corrosivity:

Extremely corrosive in presence of aluminum, of copper, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316). Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

# **Special Remarks on Reactivity:**

Reacts with water especially when water is added to the product. Absorption of gaseous hydrogen chloride on mercuric sulfate becomes violent @ 125 deg. C. Sodium reacts very violently with gaseous hydrogen chloride. Calcium phosphide and hydrochloric acid undergo very energetic reaction. It reacts with oxidizers releasing chlorine gas. Incompatible with, alkali metals, carbides, borides, metal oxides, vinyl acetate, acetylides, sulphides, phosphides, cyanides, carbonates. Reacts with most metals to produce flammable Hydrogen gas. Reacts violently (moderate reaction with heat of evolution) with water especially when water is added to the product. Isolate hydrogen chloride from heat, direct sunlight, alkalies (reacts vigorously), organic materials, and oxidizers (especially nitric acid and chlorates), amines, metals, copper and alloys (e.g. brass), hydroxides, zinc (galvanized materials), lithium silicide (incandescence), sulfuric acid(increase in temperature and pressure) Hydrogen chloride gas is emitted when this product is in contact with sulfuric acid. Adsorption of Hydrochloric Acid onto silicon dioxide results in exothmeric reaction. Hydrogen chloride causes aldehydes and epoxides to violently polymerize. Hydrogen chloride or Hydrochloric Acid in contact with the folloiwing can cause explosion or ignition on contact or

**Special Remarks on Corrosivity:** 

Highly corrosive. Incompatible with copper and copper alloys. It attacks nearly all metals (mercury, gold, platinium, tantalum, silver, and certain alloys are exceptions). It is one of the most corrosive of the nonoxidizing acids in contact with copper alloys. No corrosivity data on zinc, steel. Severe Corrosive effect on brass and bronze

Polymerization: Will not occur.

# **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

# **Toxicity to Animals:**

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 900 mg/kg [Rabbit]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 1108 ppm, 1 hours [Mouse]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 3124 ppm, 1 hours [Rat].

#### **Chronic Effects on Humans:**

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC [Hydrochloric acid]. May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, Circulatory System, teeth.

#### Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of ingestion, . Hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive), of inhalation (lung corrosive).

# **Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:**

Lowest Published Lethal Doses (LDL/LCL) LDL [Man] -Route: Oral; 2857 ug/kg LCL [Human] - Route: Inhalation; Dose: 1300 ppm/30M LCL [Rabbit] - Route: Inhalation; Dose: 4413 ppm/30M

# **Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:**

May cause adverse reproductive effects (fetoxicity). May affect genetic material.

# **Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:**

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Corrosive. Causes severe skin irritation and burns. Eyes: Corrosive. Causes severe eye irritation/conjuntivitis, burns, corneal necrosis. Inhalation: May be fatal if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Inhalation of hydrochloric acid fumes produces nose, throat, and larryngeal burning, and irritation, pain and inflammation, coughing, sneezing, choking sensation, hoarseness, laryngeal spasms, upper respiratory tract edema, chest pains, as well has headache, and palpitations. Inhalation of high concentrations can result in corrosive burns, necrosis of bronchial epithelium, constriction of the larynx and bronchi, nasospetal perforation, glottal closure, occur, particularly if exposure is prolonged. May affect the liver. Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed. Causes irritation and burning, ulceration, or perforation of the gastrointestinal tract and resultant peritonitis, gastric hemorrhage and infection. Can also cause nausea, vomitting (with "coffee ground" emesis), diarrhea, thirst, difficulty swallowing, salivation, chills, fever, uneasiness, shock, strictures and stenosis (esophogeal, gastric, pyloric). May affect behavior (excitement), the cardiovascular system (weak rapid pulse, tachycardia), respiration (shallow respiration), and urinary system (kidneys- renal failure, nephritis). Acute exposure via inhalation or ingestion can also cause erosion of tooth enamel. Chronic Potential Health Effects: dyspnea, bronchitis. Chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema can also

# **Section 12: Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

#### **Products of Biodegradation:**

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

# **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

# Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

# **Section 14: Transport Information**

**DOT Classification:** Class 8: Corrosive material

Identification: : Hydrochloric acid, solution UNNA: 1789 PG: II

**Special Provisions for Transport:** Not available.

# **Section 15: Other Regulatory Information**

#### Federal and State Regulations:

Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Hydrochloric acid Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Hydrochloric acid Illinois chemical safety act: Hydrochloric acid New York release reporting list: Hydrochloric acid Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Hydrochloric acid Pennsylvania RTK: Hydrochloric acid Minnesota: Hydrochloric acid Massachusetts RTK: Hydrochloric acid Massachusetts spill list: Hydrochloric acid New Jersey: Hydrochloric acid New Jersey spill list: Hydrochloric acid Louisiana spill reporting: Hydrochloric acid California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Hydrochloric acid TSCA 8(b) inventory: Hydrochloric acid TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Hydrochloric acid SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Hydrochloric acid SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Hydrochloric acid CERCLA: Hazardous substances:: Hydrochloric acid: 5000 lbs. (2268 kg)

#### Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

#### Other Classifications:

# WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS E: Corrosive liquid.

#### DSCL (EEC)

R34- Causes burns. R37- Irritating to respiratory system. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

#### HMIS (U.S.A.):

**Health Hazard: 3** 

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 1

**Personal Protection:** 

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

### **Protective Equipment:**

Gloves. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Face shield.

#### **Section 16: Other Information**

#### References:

-Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987. -SAX, N.I. Dangerous Properties of Indutrial Materials. Toronto, Van Nostrand Reinold, 6e ed. 1984. -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II. -Guide de la loi et du règlement sur le transport des marchandises dangeureuses au canada. Centre de conformité internatinal Ltée. 1986.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	B-2, D-2A, D-2B		<u>\delta</u>

Section 1. Cl	Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification					
Product Name	JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Code	W219 SAP: 150, 151, 152			
Synonym	Jet B; Jet B DI; JP-4; Jet F-40; NATO F-40; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Wide Cut Type (CAN/CGSB-3.22).	Validated of	on 2/8/2005.			
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: Emergency 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation 613-996-6666				
Material Uses	Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor.		Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).			

Section 2. Composition and Information of	on ingreater	its	Expo	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14).	64741-41-9	>99	Not established	Not established	Not established
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.5	0.5 ppm	2.5 ppm	Not established
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added*): Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	<u>&lt;</u> 0.15	Not established	Not established	Not established
Anti-static, antioxidant, corrosion inhibitor and metal deactivator additives.  * Please note that Jet B DI, JP-4, Jet F-40 and NATO F-40 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII).corrosion inhibitor	Not applicable	<0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Manufacturer Not applicable Recommendation		1			1
Other Exposure Consult local, state, provincial Limits	or territory au	thorities for a	acceptable exposure	limits.	

_			
Castian	2	11	Identification.
Section	•	Hazarne	INDUITICATION

Potential Health Effects

Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Skin and eye contact can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapours can cause irritation of the respiratory tract and CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconciousness and possibly death. Aspiration into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. May cause cancer. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Eye Contact	Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice.  DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.

Continued on Next Page Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Available in French

JET B AVIATION TU	RBINE FUEL	Page Number: 2
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousne Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOM mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water.	IITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300
Note to Physician	Not available	

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures					
Flammability	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 8% (NFPA)		
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: -31°C (-24°F) (NFPA)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	240°C (464°F) (NFPA)		
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.		
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.				
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions			pray when fighting fire may be inefficient.  300 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also s.  Attraight streams. Move containers from fire um distance or use unmanned hose holders ire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. If this is impossible withdraw from area and		

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

# Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7.	Handling and Storage
Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.
Storage	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 3

#### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Engineering Controls**

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

> Body If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information).

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Phy	sical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State and Appearance	Clear liquid.	Viscosity	Not available (similar to gasoline)
Colour	Clear and colourless.	Pour Point	Freezing Point: $<-51^{\circ}$ C ( $<-60^{\circ}$ F) for Jet B/Jet B DI; $<-58^{\circ}$ C ( $<-72^{\circ}$ F) for Jet Fuel F-40.
Odour	Gasoline like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	50 to 270°C (122 to 518°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.75 to 0.80 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available
Vapour Density	3.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not available
Vapour Pressure	21 kPa (158 mmHg) @ 37.8°C (100°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	Volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible in other petroleum solvents.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity				
Corrosivity	Not available			
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Can react with strong oxidizing agents, uranium hexafluoride, diborane. Incompatible with halogens and halogen compounds.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Section 11. Toxicolo	gical Information	
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.	
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, th ingredients is provided below:	erefore, data for some of the
	Based on toxicity of similar product.  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m³/4h (rat).	
Continued on Next Page	Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Available in French

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 4
	Benzene Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 930 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >9400 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): 13200 ppm/4h (rat).
	Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4140-5180 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >50000 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effec	cts
Dermal Route:	Skin contact can cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs).
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Benzene is tumorigenic by RTECS criteria.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product contains a component(s) at >= 0.1% that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in laboratory tests. Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin [Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether].
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A1: confirmed human carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	IARC Group 1: carcinogenic to Humans. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	NTP Group 1: known to be a carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	EPA/IRIS Class A: human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Benzene is an OSHA known carcinogen.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.			

Section 13. Disposal Considerations		
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.	

Section 14. Transport Information		
<b>TDG Classification</b> FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, 3, UN1863, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 5

#### Section 15. Regulatory Information

# Other Regulations

This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).

All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.

All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Please contact Product Safety for more information.

**DSD/DPD (Europe)** Not evaluated.

HCS (U.S.A.)

CLASS: Contains material which may cause

cancer.

CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash

point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

CLASS: Toxic.

CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects.

ADR (Europe) (Pictograms) NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN. DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)



HMIS (U.S.A.)

Health Hazard 2\*
Fire Hazard 3
Reactivity 0
Personal Protection H

NFPA (U.S.A.)

Health 2 0 Reactivity

Specific hazard

Rating

- 0 Insignificant
- 1 Slight
- 2 Moderate
- 3 High
- 4 Extreme

#### Section 16. Other Information

#### References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

# **Glossary**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials

BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations

Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/8/2005.

Continued on Next Page

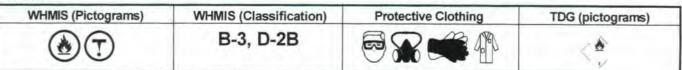
Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Available in French

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 6
Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.
Fuels & Solvents: Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385	
For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.





Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification				
Product Name	KEROSENE	Code W106 SAP: 100		
Synonym	Kerosene 1-K, Low Sulphur Kerosene, Kerosine	Validated on 7/12/2005.		
Manufacturer PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3		In case of Petro-Canada: Emergency 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666		
Material Uses	Kerosene is a refined petroleum distillate suitable for burning in wick lamps and non-vented space heaters.	Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).		

			_	Exp	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
	Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
(C9-C16)	etroleum hydrocarbons s 10-25% typical (benzene: nil).	8008-20-6	>99.9	200 mg/m³	Not established	Not established
Recommendation						
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial	or territory aut	horities for a	cceptable exposure li	mits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.		
Potential Health Effects	Combustible liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin irritation. Not expected to cause more than slight eye irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.	

Section 4. First Aid Measures		
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.	
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.	
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.	
Note to Physician	Not available	

Flammability	Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits LOWER: 0.7% UPPER: 5%	
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: >38°C (100°F) Tag (ASTM D56)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	210°C (410°F)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	charge and ignite. Vapours are heavier than	Presence of	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

KEROSENE	Page Number: 2
Products of ombustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Fire Fighting 'edia and instructions	NAERG2000, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.  If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.  SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.  Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case or rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

# Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. Do not allow spilled materials to come into to contact with incompatible materials (see Section 10). Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7. I	Section 7. Handling and Storage		
Handling	COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Avoid contact with any incompatible or reactive materials. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.		
Storage	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.		

	sure Controls/Personal Protection			
Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, us ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always b supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower arclose to work-station.			
Personal Protection	- The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.			
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based or conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.			
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.			
Respiratory	Respiratory Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and the applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.			
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.			
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.			

KEROSENE	Page Number: 3

Section 9. Phys	sical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and Appearance	Clear liquid.	Viscosity	1.0-1.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F).	
Colour	Clear and bright.	Pour Point	<-51°C (-60°F)	
Odour	Hydrocarbon solvent.	Softening Point	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	150 to 300°C (302 to 572°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.	
Density	0.8 to 0.82 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	4.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	0.70 kPa @ 20°C (5.25 mmHg @ 68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	<1 (water = 1).  Low volatility at ambient temperature and pressure, and much lower than gasoline.	Solubility	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible with other petroleum solvents.	

Corrosivity	Not available			
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.	
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Av	Reactive with oxidizing agents.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, acrid smoke, and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.			
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity of the product based on actual testing:			
	Kerosene (8008-20-6): Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2835 mg/kg (rabbit).			
Chronic or Other Toxic Effec	Fig July 1 & July			
Dermal Route:	Contact may cause skin irritation based on laboratory test results.			
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.			
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.			
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.			
Immunotoxicity:	Not available			
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available da and the known hazards of the components.			
Respiratory Tract Sensitization	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.			
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components this product is not expected to be a mutagen.			
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq$ = 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.			
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity;	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.			
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	Considered to be A3 by the ACGIH. (Kerosene, 8008-20-6)			
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.			

	KEROSENE	Page Number: 4
	Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
1	Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
ı	Carcinogenicity (OSHA).	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
9	Other Considerations	Chronic exposure to some of the hazardous components of this product may result in damage to the following organs and/or systems: kidney.

Environmental Not available Fate	Persistance/ Not available Bioaccumulation Potential
BOD5 and COD Not available	Products of Not available Biodegradation

Section 13. Disposal Considerations				
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.			

Section 14. Transport Information					
TDG Classification	KEROSENE, 3, UN1223,	PGIII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.	

Other legulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).						
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.						
	All components of this pro (EINECS).	duct are on th	ne European Invento	ry of Existing Commerc	cial Chemical Substances		
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.						
	Please contact Product Safety for more information.						
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.	HCS (U.S.A.)  CLASS: Irritating substate CLASS: Target organ et CLASS: Combustible liquid point between 37.8°C (1 (200°F).		gan effects. ble liquid having a flash			
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)				
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard 2*	NFPA (I	J.S.A.) 2	Fire Hazard Ratin	ng 0 Insignificant		
	Fire Hazard 2			Reactivity	1 Slight 2 Moderate		
	Reactivity 0		$\times$	Specific hazard	3 High		
	Personal Protection H		*	-produite installed	4 Extreme		

# 

KEROSENE Page Number: 5 ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days **CAN/CGA B149.2** Propane Installation Code NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association CAS - Chemical Abstract Services NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) Liability Act NTP - National Toxicology Program CFR - Code of Federal Regulations OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit CNS - Central Nervous System RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances CPR - Controlled Products Regulations SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act DOT - Department of Transport SD - Single Dose DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration DSL - Domestic Substance List TLm - Median Tolerance Limit EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act EPA - Environmental Protection Agency USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act USP - United States Pharmacopoeia FDA - Food and Drug Administration WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System

# For Copy of MSDS

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

Fuels & Solvents:

Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax:

1-800-837-1228

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 7/12/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - DSR.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Nov. 22, 2011

**8750-53 Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064

**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: LINSEED SOAP

PRODUCT USE: Lubricant.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Not available CAS#: Not available

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS controlled.

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not applicable

# TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

#### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LD<sub>50</sub>Oral-Rat LC<sub>50</sub>Inhal-Mouse ACGIH-TLV

No hazardous ingredients available.

# **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [ ] EYE CONTACT [ ] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [ ] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation.

INGESTION: No information available. Not considered toxic based on information

available for similar materials.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE

No information available. No information available.

TOXICITY: No information available.

MUTAGENICITY: No information available.

Linseed Soap Page 2 of 4

**SYNERGISTIC** 

No information available. PRODUCTS:

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wipe away excess. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected

area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists,

obtain medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until material is

removed and irritation ceases. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

INGESTION: If conscious give 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting; keep

> head below hips to prevent aspiration of vomitus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious,

rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if required. INHALATION:

If breathing difficulties, or distress, continue obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Brown paste; slight soapy odour

Not applicable SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

100 BOILING POINT (°C): 0 MELTING POINT (°C):

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble pH: 9.5 - 11.5

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not applicable Not applicable **EVAPORATION RATE:** Not applicable VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not applicable Not applicable **BULK DENSITY** 

# SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not flammable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

Use media suitable for packaging and surrounding **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

materials.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire

fighting personnel. PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE AND None known.

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

Linseed Soap Page 3 of 4

# **SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE [

INCOMPATIBILITY None known.

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Not determined.

PRODUCTS:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

# **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

# SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not applicable.

VENTILATION: Not applicable.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Personal preference.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side-shields recommended.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Wear clothing adequate to protect against exposure.

Ensure eye-wash station and emergency shower are

available.

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. No specific storage requirements.

# STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Scoop up excess material. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Wipe up remaining spill with absorbent compound to prevent slipping hazard.

# WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. This material can be landfilled in most areas; check with local operator. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

Linseed Soap Page 4 of 4

# **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: Nov. 22, 2011 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: Dec. 9, 2008 PHONE: 780-440-4923

504-991 Revision Number: 5



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2006-04-21 Supersedes: 2003-03-05

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: LINSEED SOAP
SYNONYMS: Lubricating Grease
PRODUCT USE: Lubricating Grease

MANUFACTURER
Shell Canada Limited
P.O. Box 100, Station M
400-4th Ave. S.W.
Calgary, AB Canada
T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS
Shell Emergency Number
CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER
For general information:
For MSDS information:
(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time)

1-800-661-7378 613-996-6666 1-800-661-1600 403-691-3982 403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE. See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Semi-Solid Paste Brown Colour Slight Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin or eye contact. Inhalation is only

possible if the product is heated or mists are generated.

Hazards:

This product is not expected to be irritating and has a low level of toxicity under

normal use.

Inhalation of oil mist or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of the upper

respiratory tract.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin: Wipe excess from skin. Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15

minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention. If material is injected under the skin, get medical attention promptly to prevent serious damage;

do not wait for symptoms to develop.

<sup>\*</sup>An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

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Ingestion: Not normally required; obtain medical attention if large amounts have been ingested.

Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to

prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

Inhalation: Remove victim from further exposure. Additional first aid treatment is not ordinarily

required.

Notes to Physician: In general, lubricating oils have low oral toxicity. High pressure injection under the

skin may have serious consequences and may require urgent treatment.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Material will not burn unless preheated. Caution, spilled material is slippery.

Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Do not use a direct

stream of water as it may spread fire. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Water may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and dense smoke are produced on

Products:

combustion.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Spilled material is slippery. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. For large spills remove by mechanical means and place in containers. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Clean area with appropriate cleaner. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid excessive heat, formation of oil mist, breathing of vapours and mist of hot oil and

prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using

toilet facilities. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, is general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Oil mist (mineral): 5 mg/m3 (STEL: 10 mg/m3)

Mechanical Not normally required. Local ventilation is recommended if oil mist is present or if

Ventilation: exposure limit is exceeded. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air

exhausted (either generally or locally).

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: No special eye protection is routinely necessary. Wear safety glasses as appropriate.

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Skin Protection: Not normally needed. Chemically-resistant gloves should be worn for frequent or

prolonged contact with this product.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required under intended conditions of use. If vaporization of oil component is occurring (i.e. under conditions of high heat), use a NIOSH-approved chemical

cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges in combination with a P95 particulate

Partition Coefficient (Kow): Not available

filter.

# 9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State: Semi-Solid Paste Odour: Slight Hydrocarbon Odour

Appearance:Brown ColourOdour Threshold:Not availablePour Point, ℂ:0 ℂBoiling Point, ℂ:100 ℂ

Vapour Pressure Not available Vapour Density (air = 1): Not available

(absolute):

Density: Not available Flash Point, ℃: Not applicable Specific Gravity Lower Explosion Limit: Not applicable

Specific Gravity (Water = 1):

pH: 9.5 - 11 Upper Explosion Limit: Not applicable Viscosity: Not available Autoignition Temperature, Not applicable

C:

Evaporation Rate Not available

(n-BuAc = 1):

Water Solubility: Soluble Molecular Weight:

Other Solvents: None Identified Formula:

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable: Yes Hazardous Polymerization: No Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No Sensitive to Static Discharge: No

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, formation of vapours or mists.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin or eye contact. Inhalation is only

possible if the product is heated or mists are generated.

Irritancy: This product is not a primary skin irritant after exposure of short duration, is not

a skin sensitizer and is not irritating to the eyes.

Acute Toxicity: This product is not expected to be irritating and has a low level of toxicity under

normal use.

Chronic Effects: Long term intensive exposure to oil mist may cause benign lung fibrosis.

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects:

Environmental Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary

sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction

of authorities.

Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable.

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# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site.

# 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

This product is not regulated under the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by road and rail.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

DSL/NDSL Status: This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List,

as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product

and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standard; however, for general discharge guidance,

federal installations limited to 15 mg/L for total oil and grease. Provincial criteria are likely and should be requested when notifying provincial

authorities.

# 16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.

Changes have been made to:

Section 3 Section 4 Section 6

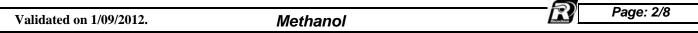


# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

	<u> </u>	
WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Personal protective equipment
	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic)	

Section 1. Product and Company Identification					
Product Met name / Trade name	hanol	Associated Product's Code		methanol	
Synonym	alcool methylique (french); alcool metilico (italian); carbinol; colonial spirit; columbian spirit; columbian spirits (dot); methanol (dot); metanolo (italian); methyl alcohol; methyl alcohol (dot); methylalkohol (german); methyl hydroxide; metylowy alkohol (polish); monohydroxymethane; pyroxylic spirit; wood alcohol; wood naphtha; wood spirit	CAS#		67-56-1	
Chemical family	Alcohol. (Solvent.)	Validation	n date	1/09/2012.	
Chemical formula	C-H4-O	Print date	<b>;</b>	1/18/2012.	
Manufacturer/Supplier	Recochem Inc. 850 Montee de Liesse Montreal, Quebec 514-341-3550	In case of emergency	Affairs I	nem Inc. unications and Regulatory Department 78-5544	
Material uses	Other non-specified industry: MANUFACTURE OF FORMALDEHYDE AND DIMETHYL TEREPHTHALATE; CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS (METHY AMINES, METHYL CHLORIDE, METHYL METHACRYLATE, AUTOMOTIVE FUELS); ANTIFREEZE; SOLVENT FOR NITROCELLULOSE, ETHYLCELLULOSE, POLYVINYL BUTYRAL, SHELLAC, ROSIN, MANILA RESIN, DYES; DENATURANT FOR ETHYL ALCOHOL; DEHYDRATOR FOR NATURAL GAS; FUEL FOR UTILITY PLANTS (METHYL FUEL); FEEDSTOCK FOR MANUFACTURE OF SYNTHETIC PROTEINS BY CONTINUOUS FERMENTATION; SOURCE OF HYDROGEN FOR FUEL CELLS; HOME HEATING OIL EXTENDER.				

<b>Emergency Overview</b>	WARNING!					
<b>.</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.					
	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.					
Potential Acute Health Effects	See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.					
	Extremely hazardous by the following route of exposure: of ingestion. Hazardous by the following route of exposure: of inhalation. Slightly hazardous by the following route of exposure: of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant). Non-sensitizer to skin.  Severe over-exposure can result in death.					



# Note to Physician

Acute exposure to methanol, either through ingestion or breathing high airborne concentrations can result in symptoms appearing between 40 minutes and 72 hours after exposure. Symptoms and signs are usually limited to CNS, eyes and gastrointestinal tract. Because of the initial CNS's effects of headache, vertigo, lethargy and confusion, there may be an impression of ethanol intoxication. Blurred vision, decreased acuity and photophobia are common complaints. Treatment with ipecac or lavage is indicated in any patient presenting within two hours of ingestion. A profound metabolic acidosis occurs in severe poisoning and serum bicarbonate levels are a more accurate measure of severity than serum methanol levels. Treatment protocols are available from most major hospitals and early collaboration with appropriate hospitals is recommended.

# Section 3. Composition, information on ingredients

Canada

Name CAS number Conc. (% w/w)

Methanol 67-56-1 100

There are no other ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First a	aid measures
Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Notes to physician	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Section 5. Fire-fig	Section 5. Fire-fighting measures					
Products of combustion	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide					
Fire-fighting media and instructions	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.					
Fire Hazards	Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes when heated to decomposition.					
<b>Explosion Hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.					

Page: 3/8 Validated on 1/09/2012. Methanol

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill and leak

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill and leak

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmenta contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Personal protection**

Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles Possible: face shield

Body Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Validated on 1/09/2012. **Methanol** 



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Hands Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

# **United States**

# Product name

# **Exposure limits**

Methanol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 262 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

<u>Canada</u> <u>Occupational exposure lim</u>	<u>its</u>	TWA	(8 hour	s)	STEL	(15 min	s)	Ceilir	ıg		
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Methanol	US ACGIH 1/2008 AB 6/2008 BC 6/2008 ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	200 200 200 200 200	262 262 - 260 262	- - - -	250 250 250 250 250	328 328 - 325 328	- - -		- - -	-	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]

[1]Absorbed through skin.

Section 9. Physic	al and chemical properties		
Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.	Odour	FAINTLY SWEET; CHARACTERISTIC PUNGENT [Slight]
Molecular weight	32.05 g/mole	Taste	Not available.
pН	7	Colour	Colorless.
Boiling/condensation point	64.5°C (148.1°F)	Volatility	100% (v/v)
Melting/freezing point	-98°C (-144°F)	Evaporation rate	2.1 compared to butyl acetate
Relative density	0.792	Odour Threshold	2000 ppm
Vapor pressure	96 mm of Hg @ 20°C.	Viscosity	Not available.

Validated on 1/09	/2012.	Methanol	Page: 5/8
Vapour Density	1.11 [Air = 1]	Solubility	Soluble in water, diethyl ether.
VOC content	100 % (w/w)	Other Properties	Not available.
The product is:	Flammable.		
Auto-ignition temperat	ure 385°C (725°F)		
Flash point	Closed cup: 11°C (51 Open cup: 15.85°C (6		
Flammable limits	Lower: 6% Upper: 36%		
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	discharge.  Non-flammable in the Explosive in the form	e presence of the following materials	materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static or conditions: heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. ame. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of mes when heated to decomposition.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity					
Stability	The product is stable.				
Conditions of instability	No additional remark.				
Incompatibility with various substances	Slightly reactive to reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.				
Hazardous decompositi products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.				

<u>Canada</u>						
Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	5	Species	Dose	E	xposure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	R	Rat Rabbit Rat	64000 ppm 15800 mg/kg 5600 mg/kg	g -	hours
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.			0 0		
Chronic toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.					
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	May be fatal or cause blir Chronic Exposure Effects headaches, nausea, vom Exposure can cause dern	can includiting, unco	de one or all			oning,
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH I	NTP	OSHA

Validated on 1/09/2012.

Mutagenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive Toxicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

IDLH:
6000 ppm

#### Section 12. Ecological information

For accidental discharges into the environment, see Section 6:"Accidental Release Measures" for suggested

instructions.

water

: Not available.

**Ecotoxicity** : Readily biodegradable

<u>Canada</u>

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result Species Exposure

Methanol Acute LC50 2500000 ug/L Marine water Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - 48 hours

Adult

Acute LC50 3289 to 4395 mg/L Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna -

Neonate - <24 hours

48 hours

Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas - 96 hours

Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,

Weanling) - 0.2 to 0.5 g

Conclusion/Summary

**Biodegradability** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### Section 13. Disposal considerations

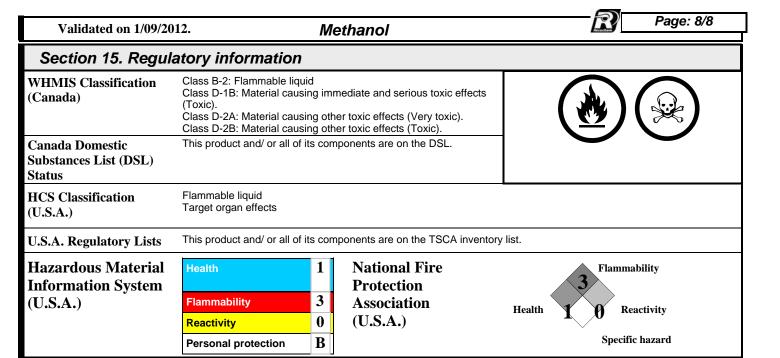
Waste information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

T7 10 1 4 1 4 400 400 40		Page: 7/8
Validated on 1/09/2012.	Methanol	Recorberry
	Wethanor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Section 14. Trans	port information	
Canada TDG Classification	on	
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	
Proper Shipping Name (Canada) TDG	METHANOL	3
UN number	UN1230	
Packing Group	II	
Special provisions	43	
IMDG Classification		
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	3 6
Proper Shipping Name IMDG	METHANOL	
UN number	UN1230	No placard (handling and hazard label) required.
Packing Group	II	
Marine pollutant	Not a pollutant.	
Special provisions	Emergency schedules (EmS) 3-06	
	Remarks In containers of 1 L (1Kg) capacity or less this product is classified as a "Limited Quantity" under IMDG regulations	
United States DOT (Class	ification)	
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	PLAMMABLE LIQUID
Proper Shipping Name (United States) DOT	METHANOL	3
UN number	UN1230	
Packing Group	II	
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP2	
International Air Transport Association (IATA)	For air shipment classification and associated regulation IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.	ons, please refer to the latest edition of



#### Section 16. Other information

Validated and verified by Compliance and Technical Information Manager on 1/09/2012 ph.# 905-878-5544.

Printed 1/18/2012.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## MSDS are available at www.recochem.com

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

Version 1.2 Print Date 11/23/2009

Revision Date 11/13/2009 MSDS Number 350000004807

SITE\_FORM Number

3000000000000004116.002

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product information** 

Trade name : OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

Use of the : Insect Repellent

Substance/Mixture

Company : S.C. Johnson & Son, Inc.

1525 Howe Street

Racine WI 53403-2236

Emergency telephone : 24 Hour Transport & Medical Emergency Phone (866) 231-

5406

24 Hour International Emergency Phone (952) 852-4647

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Emergency Overview** 

Appearance / Odor : clear / aerosol / characteristic

Immediate Concerns : Caution

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION.

FLAMMABLE:

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not store at temperatures above 120 Deg. F (50 Deg C), as

container may burst. May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid

contact with eyes and lips.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Exposure routes : Eye, Skin, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Eyes : May cause:

Moderate eye irritation

Skin : May cause skin reactions in rare cases.

Inhalation : Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

May cause irritation to mouth, throat and stomach.

Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central

nervous system.

Aggravated Medical

Condition

: None known.

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

Print Date 11/23/2009 Version 1.2

Revision Date 11/13/2009 MSDS Number 350000004807

SITE FORM Number

3000000000000004116.002

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight percent
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	30.00 - 60.00
N,N-Diethyl-m-toluamide	134-62-3	25.00
Water	7732-18-5	7.00 - 13.00
Butane	106-97-8	1.00 - 5.00
Propane	74-98-6	1.00 - 5.00
Isobutane	75-28-5	1.00 - 5.00

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye contact : Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Skin contact : Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Inhalation : If breathing is affected, get medical attention. Remove to fresh

Ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never

give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Aerosol Product - Containers may rocket or explode in heat of

Further information : Wear full protective clothing and positive pressure self-

> contained breathing apparatus. Fight fire from maximum distance or protected area. Cool and use caution when

approaching or handling fire-exposed containers.

Flash point < 20 °F

Method: Tag Closed Cup (TCC)

Note: Propellant

Lower explosion limit : Note: no data available

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according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

Version 1.2 Print Date 11/23/2009

Revision Date 11/13/2009 MSDS Number 350000004807

SITE\_FORM Number

3000000000000004116.002

Upper explosion limit : Note: no data available

NFPA Classification : NFPA Level 2 Aerosol

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions : Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental

contamination.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

Dike large spills.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Advice on safe handling : Use only as directed.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.

Avoid contact with eyes and lips. Do not puncture or incinerate.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

or storage : Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Do not store at temperatures above 120 Deg. F (50 Deg C), as

container may burst.

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

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SITE\_FORM Number

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#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	mg/m3	ppm	Basis
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	-	1,000 ppm	ACGIH TWA
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1,900 mg/m3	1,000 ppm	OSHA TWA
Butane	106-97-8	-	1,000 ppm	ACGIH TWA
Propane	74-98-6	•	1,000 ppm	ACGIH TWA
Propane	74-98-6	1,800 mg/m3	1,000 ppm	OSHA TWA
Isobutane	75-28-5	-	1,000 ppm	ACGIH TWA

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

Industrial setting : Do not spray in enclosed areas.

No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

Household setting : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

Hand protection

Industrial setting : For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves.

Household setting : not required under normal use

Eye protection

Industrial setting : If prolonged or repeated contact is possible:

Safety glasses with side-shields

Household setting : No special requirements.

**Hygiene measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after

handling. Wear suitable protective clothing.

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



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#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form aerosol

Color clear

Odor characteristic

рΗ not applicable

**Boiling point** no data available

Freezing point not applicable

< 20 °F Flash point

Method: Tag Closed Cup (TCC)

Propellant

Evaporation rate no data available

no data available Autoignition temperature

Lower explosion limit no data available

Upper explosion limit no data available

Vapour pressure no data available

Density 0.84 g/cm3

Water solubility soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water no data available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid Do not mix with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

When exposed to fire, produces normal products of

combustion.

Hazardous reactions Stable

5/8

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



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#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity : 3,735 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : > 2.18 mg/l

Acute dermal toxicity : > 2,000 mg/kg

Chronic effects

Carcinogenicity : no data available

Mutagenicity : no data available

Reproductive effects : no data available

Teratogenicity : no data available

Sensitisation : Not known to be a sensitizer.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity effects** : no data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Industrial setting : Observe all applicable Federal, Provincial and State

regulations and Local/Municipal ordinances regarding

disposal.

Household setting : Consumer may discard empty container in trash, or recycle

where facilities exist.

RCRA waste class : D001 (Ignitable Waste)

SCJ product category : AF: Aerosol Flammable

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

Version 1.2 Print Date 11/23/2009

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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Land transport

#### **U.S. DOT and Canadian TDG Surface Transportation:**

UN-Number 1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Class: 2.1 Packaging group: None.

Note: SC Johnson ships this product as Consumer Commodity ORM-D

(non-bulk packages)

#### Sea transport

IMDG:

Class: 2.1 Packaging group: None.

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

UN-Number: 1950

Note: SC Johnson ships this product as "Limited Quantity" when the

container quantity value is 1 Liter or less.

#### Air transport

ICAO/IATA:

Class: 2.1 Packaging group: None.

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

UN/ID No.: UN 1950

Note: SC Johnson typically does not ship products via air, therefore it has

not been determined if the product container meets current

IATA/ICAO package criteria. Refer to IATA/ICAO Dangerous Goods Regulations for detailed instructions when shipping this item by air.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notification status : All ingredients of this product are listed or are excluded from

listing on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Chemical Substance Inventory.

Notification status : All ingredients of this product comply with the New Substances

according to ANSI Z400.1- 2004 and 29 CFR 1910.1200



#### OFF!® DEEP WOODS® INSECT REPELLENT V

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SITE\_FORM Number 30000000000000000004116.002

Notification requirements under the Canadian Environmental

Protection Act (CEPA).

California Prop. 65 : This product is not subject to the reporting requirements under

California's Proposition 65.

: This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products

Regulations.

Registration # / Agency

4822-167/EPA

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **HMIS Ratings**

2
4
0

#### **NFPA Ratings**

Health	2	
Fire	4	
Reactivity	0	
Special		

#### **Further information**

This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable. It does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Actual conditions of use are beyond the seller's control. User is responsible to evaluate all available information when using product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws and regulations.

Prepared by:	SC Johnson Global Safety Assessment &
	Regulatory Affairs (GSARA)

# Material Safety Data Sheet Oil Gator™

Date of issue: June 18, 2008



Section I Manufacturer Information

Fluid Environmental Services, Inc.

6637 North Talman Ave. Chicago, Illinois 60645

PH: (773) 262-8888 FAX: (773) 262-8905 EMERGENCY CONTACT: 1 (254) 493-3635

Section II Product Information

Form: Free-flowing powder

Color: Tan Odorless

Formula: Natural-proprietary

Section III Hazardous Ingredients / Identity Information

None known

Section IV Physical / Chemical Characteristics

Water solubility: Insoluble / Dispersible

pH or SO'N:

Particle size:

Specific gravity:

4.5 to 7.0

60 mesh
1.25 g/00

Mointure:

(0/ West with)

Moisture: (% Wet wt.) < 5%

Section V Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash point: N/A
Melting point: N/A
Flammable Limit: 500° F

Fire fighting procedures: Treat as paper fire

Section VI Health Hazard Data

Eye Contact: Redness or mild irritation possible. Flush with water.

Skin Contact: Mild irritation possible, wash with soap & water. If irritation persists call

physician.

Inhalation: Agricultural ingredients, may upset allergies or respiratory illness. Move

to fresh air if breathing becomes tight or upset.

Ingestion: Drink large amounts of water. Call physician if acute.

Section VII Storage of Product

Recommended Storage: Store in cool, dry conditions.

Waste Disposal: Product is totally safe to the environment. Can be incinerated. Dispose of

contaminated Oil Gator according to local, state, and federal guidelines

Section VIII Protective Equipment Used

Gloves: Not necessary

Eye Protection: Goggles Recommended

Other Protective Equipment: Dust mask recommended if used in non-ventilated area

Section IX Special Precautions and Other

Hazardous Conditions: May evolve ammonia gas in contact with strong caustic.

Incompatibility: Strong acids.

ATTENTION: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, Product Services Company does not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of this information. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown health hazards & should be used with caution. Any product use which is not in conformance with this DATA SHEET or which involves using the product in combination with any other process is the sole responsibility of the user.

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE

**Product Name** Palmolive Dish Liquid - All Variants NCP **Product Use** Dish Detergent Whmis Classification: Two Morneau Sobeco Centre, 6th Floor Supplier's Name Colgate-Palmolive Canada Inc. Address: 895 Don Mills Road, Toronto, Ontario M3C 1W3 **Telephone No.:** (416) 421-6000 Check your local Poison Control Centre in your After Hours **Emergency Contacts:** telephone white pages. **SECTION II - PREPARATION OF MSDS** PREPARED BY: Technical Services PHONE: (416) 421-6000 DATE: January 1, 2010 N/A = Not Applicable; N/E = Not Established/Available **SECTION III - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS** Hazardous Ingredient Concentration C.A.S. or U.N. **Exposure Limits** LD<sub>50</sub>/LC<sub>50</sub> Specify Species and Route Range % Number N/A **SECTION IV - PHYSICAL DATA** Physical State Odour and Appearance Odour Threshold Specific Gravity Vapour Pressure Liquid Various colours and odours N/E 1.04-1.05 at 25° C N/E Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution Vapour Density **Evaporation Rate Boiling Point** Freezing Point pН 6.0 - 8.0N/E N/E N/F N/E N/E SECTION V - FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD Flammable: Yes (X) If yes, under which conditions: Means of Extinction: If involved in fire, use water, dry alcohol type or all purpose foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or other Class B extinguishing agents. Upper Flammable Limit Flashpoint and Method Lower Flammable Limit **Auto-ignition Temperature** N/A N/E N/E N/E **Hazardous Combustion Products:** Sulphur Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide **Explosion Data Sensitivity Explosion Data Sensitivity** N/E N/E To Static Charge To Mechanical Impact SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA **(X)** Chemical () If yes, under which conditions? Yes No **Instability: Incompatibility To** Yes () No (X) If ves, which ones? **Other Substances:** Reactivity: Yes () No **(X)** If yes, under which conditions? **Hazardous Decomposition Products:** None known SECTION VII - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF PRODUCT This product has not been tested as a whole. **Routes of Entry: Skin Contact** Skin Absorption **Eye Contact**  $\mathbf{X}$ Inhalation Ingestion X **Effects of Acute Exposure To Product:** May cause skin irritation on prolonged contact Skin N/A Skin Contact: Absorption:

Inhalation:

N/A

N/A

Effects of Chronic Exposure To Product: N/E

LD<sub>50</sub> of Product (Specify Species and Route) N/E

LC<sub>50</sub> of Product (Specify Species)

This product is an eye irritant upon direct contact

May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea to occur

Eye Contact:

Ingestion:

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Product Name** Palmolive Dish Liquid – All Variants

#### SECTION VII - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF PRODUCT This product has not been tested as a whole.

Exposure Limits Irritancy of Product Sensitization of Product Carcinogenicity

N/E N/E N/E N/E

#### SECTION VIII - PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

Personal Protective Equipment: Rubber or Plastic Gloves, Goggles or Safety Glasses, Protective Clothing

Engineering Controls: Safety Showers and Eyewash Fountains should be available. The product should be used in a well ventilated area.

**Leak and Spill Procedures:** Flush with water

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with Federal, Provincial and Local regulations.

**Handling Procedures and** 

**Equipment:** 

N/A

Storage Requirements: This product will turn cloudy when exposed to temperatures below 10° C. To restore to original appearance, hold at room

temperature for up to 24 hours.

Special Shipping Instruction: None

#### SECTION IX - TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS

TDG Regulated Product: Yes ( ) No (X) Product TDG or CFR 49 Shipping N/A

Name |

(If CFR so indicate)

PIN Number: N/A Packaging Group N/A

#### **SECTION X - FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Skin:** Rinse well with soap and water. If irritation persists, call a physician.

Eve: Flush with water for 15 minutes. Call a physician.

**Inhalation:** N/A

**Ingestion:** If swallowed drink 3 - 4 glasses of water. Call a physician.

This product is labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Hazardous Products Act and/or the Pest Control Products Act in that the use pattern and exposure in the workplace is generally consistent with that experienced by consumers. In certain respects, the requirements of the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System applicable to the drafting of this Material Safety Data Sheet may differ from the requirements of those acts and regulations and as a result, this MSDS may contain additional information to that found on the label.

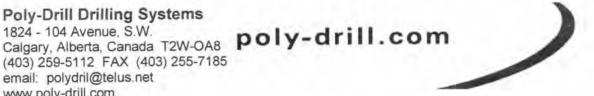
Because we cannot anticipate or control the many different conditions under which this information and our products may be used, we do not guarantee the applicability of this information or the suitability of our products in any given situation. Users of our products should make their own tests to determine the safety and suitability of each such product for their particular purposes.



#### Poly-Drill Drilling Systems

(403) 259-5112 FAX (403) 255-7185

email: polydril@telus.net www.poly-drill.com



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET/FICHE SIGNALETIQUE

#### 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT TRADE NAME(S): Poly Drill O.B.X. WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Non-regulated TDG Classification: Non dangerous goods

DATE: November 17, 2004

A liquid polymer containing guar gum, mineral oil, vegetable oil, acrylamide copolymer and a surfactant: Evaluation of the ingredient(s) has found no ingredient(s) hazardous as per WHMIS regulations.

#### 2. PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point: Not available Specific Gravity: 0.9 g/cm

Solubility in Water: disperses in water(forms viscous, slippery solution).

pH: 3.8 (1% concentration) Density (g/ml): Not available

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance and Odor: Brown. Odor slight.

#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA 3.

Flash Point (method used): (PMCC) greater than 100 C.

Conditions of flammability: Very low risk. Hazardous combustion products: None known. Upper and Lower flammable limits: Not available.

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, in preference to water spray

#### REACTIVITY 4.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Incompatible substances: Avoid strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium or calcium

hypo chloride.

Hazardous decomposition products: None known

#### HEALTH HAZARD DATA

TOXICITY RATING: Practically non-harmful.

Routes of Exposure and Effects:

SKIN: Slight irritant: prolonged contact may cause skin irritation or dermatitis in some individuals

EYE: No effects of exposure expected with the exception of possible irritation.

INHALATION: Due to low volatility of mineral distillates a small inhalation hazard exists.

INGESTION: can cause nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea

Chronic exposure limits: None

Sensitization of product: Not suspected to be a sensitizer.

Teratongenicity: Not available. Mutagenicity: Not available.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components of this product are listed as carcinogens by IARC and ACGIH

#### 6. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SKIN: Wash exposed area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. If irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician.

EYE: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. Get medical attention.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, give oxygen and call a physician.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting: Call a physician immediately or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical advice.

#### 8. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection: None normally required.

Ventilation: If mist and/or vapors are present, use air purifying respirator of self-contained breathing apparatus,

this is rarely required.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses, if personally preferred Gloves: Generally not necessary. Personal preference.

#### 7. HANDLING AND USE PRECTIONS

Storage requirements: keep container closed when no in use. Store in a cool dry location away from oxidizing and reducing agents.

Waste Disposal: product should be disposed of in accordance with applicable local, Provincial and Federal regulations.

Steps must be taken if product is released or spilled: clean spill areas thoroughly to avoid hazardous slippery conditions.

#### 8. TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

G50 Microtox Analysis prepared by HydroQual Laboratories, Calgary, AB-97/6/26 Test#970978:

Test Description	EC20	EC50	Pass/Fail
MTX	>91	>91	PASS

#### 9. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME/HAZARD CLASS MAY VARY BY PACKAGING, PROPERTIES, AND MODE OF TRANSPORTATION. TYPICAL PROPER SHIPPING NAMES FOR THIS PRODUCT ARE:

ALL TRANSPORTATION MODES: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING TRANSPORATION

Shipping Name: Liquid Drilling Additive

Hazard Class: Not hazardous

Hazardous Substances: None Cautionary Labeling: None required

## 10. OTHER INFORMATION

This information contained herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made



#### Poly-Drill Drilling Systems

1824 - 104 Avenue, S.W. (403) 259-5112 FAX (403) 255-7185

email: polydril@telus.net www.poly-drill.com



### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET/FICHE SIGNALETIQUE

#### 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT TRADE NAME:

Poly-Drill 1330-W

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

LIQUID ANIONIC POLYMER

CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION:

Polymer, Surfactant(s), Water, Hydrocarbon solvent

UPDATED: March 15, 2004

NFPA704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 0/1

FLAMMABILITY:

REACTIVITY: 0/0

OTHER:

0=Insignificant

1=Slight

2=Moderate

3=High

4=Extreme

#### COMPOSITION

A liquid polymer: Evaluation of the ingredient(s) has found no ingredient(s) hazardous as per WHMIS regulation None of the substances in this product are hazardous.

#### PHYSICAL DATA 3.

Flash Point: >100°C (PMCC) Specific Gravity (@ 25°C.): 1.08 Solubility in Water: Emulsifiable

pH: 8.1 (1.0% solution)

Freeze Point: -10 °C (14 Degrees F)

Density (g/ml): 1.08 at 25 °C Physical State: Liquid Appearance: Blue liquid Odor: Hydrocarbon

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product.

#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers (eg. Chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorates, concentrated oxygen, permanganates) which can generate heat, fires, explosions and the release of toxic fumes.

THERMAL DECOMPOSTION PRODUCTS: In the event of combustion CO, oxides of carbon (COx), oxides of nitrogen (NOx) may be formed. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear suitable protective equipment.

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >100°C (PMCC)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Based on the NFPA guide, use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or other extinguishing agent suitable for Class B fires. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. For larger fires, use water spray or fog, thoroughly drenching the burning material.

#### UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Do not use water unless flooding amounts are available.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) under fire conditions.

#### 6. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION: May cause irritation to skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not take internally.

Empty containers may contain residual product. Do not reuse container unless properly reconditioned.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Eye & Skin

EYE CONTACT: Can cause mild to moderate irritation SKIN CONTACT: Can cause mild, short-lasting irritation

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: A review of available data does not identify any symptoms from exposure not previously mentioned.

AGGRAVATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: A review of available data does not identify any worsening of existing conditions.

#### 7. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SKIN: Wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician. EYE: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, if irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, give oxygen and call a physician. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting: Call a physician immediately.

CAUTION: If unconscious, having trouble breathing or in convulsions, do not induce vomiting or give water. Call for medical assistance immediately.

#### 8. HANDLING, ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES & DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

#### DISPOSAL

In Ontario, the waste class under Regulation 347 is: 233L

#### SMALL SPILLS:

Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area.

#### LARGE SPILLS:

Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by dyking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Contact approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated.

Dispose of wastes in an approved incinerator or waste treatment/disposal site, in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

This product should NOT be directly discharged into lakes, ponds, streams, waterways or public water supplies.

As a non-hazardous liquid waste, it should be solidified with stabilizing agents (such as sand, fly ash, or cement) so that no free liquid remains before disposal to an industrial waste landfill. A non-hazardous liquid waste can also be incinerated in accordance with local, state, provincial and federal regulations.

#### 9. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE CONTROL MEASURES

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

This product does not contain any substance that has an established exposure limit.

Respiratory Protection: None normally required.

For large spills, entry into large tanks, vessels or enclosed small spaces with inadequate ventilation, a positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended.

Ventilation: General ventilation is recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses, if personally preferred

Gloves: Generally not necessary. Personal preference. Examples of impermeable gloves available on the market are neoprene, nitrile, PVC, natural rubber, viton, and butyl (compatibility studies have not been performed).

If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 10. TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

#### SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

A "LC50-96" Pass/Fail Bioassay test. This test determines the lethality of a fluid on young aquatic organisms. The fluid fails if 50% or more of the animals are dead after 96 hours in the fluid.

- 96 hour static acute LC50 to Rainbow Trout = Greater than 1,000 mg/L
- 96 hour no observed effect concentration = 125 mg/L based on no mortality or abnormal effects
- 96 hour static acute LC50 to Sheepshead Minnow = Greater than 1,000 mg/L
- 96 hour no observed effect concentration = 1,000 mg/L (highest concentration tested) based on no mortality or abnormal effects.
- 96 hour static acute LC50 to Mysid Shrimp = 400 mg/L
- 96 hour no observed effect concentration = 180 mg/L based on no mortality or abnormal effects.
- 96 hour static acute LC50 to Daphnia Magna 400 mg/L
- 96 hour no observed effect concentration = 56 mg/L (lowest concentration tested) based on no mortality or abnormal effects.

#### Microtoxicity

The Microtox bioassay has been established as the reference test for mud additive toxicity testing.

Test Method: Luminescent Bacteria, IC50@ 15 min

Reference: Appendix 1: Microtox Bioassay Procedure, Drilling Waste Management, Guide G50. 1993. Alberta Energy and Utilities Board, Calgary, AB, Canada.

Sample: Poly Drill 1330, sample #97324-1 for test #970723, 97/05/09 by D. Lintott

Preparation: Sample was diluted to 2 g/L, which formed thick, slightly cloudy liquid. The sample was then centrifuged for 1 hour.

#### Test Results:

SAMPLE	TREATMENT	%CTL	IC20%	IC50	RESULT
97324-1	None	N/A	14 (9-22)	>91	PASS

The following results are for a 1% aqueous solution of product.

#### CARCINOGENCITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

#### HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our Hazard Characterization, the potential human hazard is: LOW

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our Hazard Characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: LOW.

#### 11. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME/HAZARD CLASS MAY VARY BY PACKAGING, PROPERTIES, AND MODE OF TRANSPORTATION. TYPICAL PROPER SHIPPING NAMES FOR THIS PRODUCT ARE:

ALL TRANSPORTATION MODES: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING TRANSPORATION

Shipping Name: Drilling Mud Hazard Class: Not hazardous Cautionary Labeling: None required

#### 12. OTHER INFORMATION

This information contained herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.



#### Poly-Drill Drilling Systems

1824 - 104 Avenue, S.W. (403) 259-5112 FAX (403) 255-7185

email: polydril@telus.net www.poly-drill.com



### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET/FICHE SIGNALETIQUE

#### 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT TRADE NAME:

Poly-Drill 133-X

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION:

LIQUID ANIONIC POLYMER

CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION:

Polymer, Surfactant(s), Water, Hydrocarbon solvent

UPDATED: March 15, 2004

NFPA704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH:

FLAMMABILITY: 0/1

REACTIVITY: 0/0 1/1

OTHER:

0=Insignificant

1=Slight

2=Moderate

3=High

4=Extreme

#### COMPOSITION 2.

A liquid polymer: Evaluation of the ingredient(s) has found no ingredient(s) hazardous as per WHMIS regulation None of the substances in this product are hazardous.

#### PHYSICAL DATA

Flash Point: >100°C (PMCC) Specific Gravity (@ 25°C.): 1.08 Solubility in Water: Emulsifiable

pH: 8.1 (1.0% solution)

Freeze Point: -10 °C (14 Degrees F)

Density (g/ml): 1.08 at 25 °C Physical State: Liquid Appearance: Blue liquid Odor: Hydrocarbon

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product.

#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers (eg. Chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorates, concentrated oxygen, permanganates) which can generate heat, fires, explosions and the release of toxic fumes.

THERMAL DECOMPOSTION PRODUCTS: In the event of combustion CO, oxides of carbon (COx), oxides of nitrogen (NOx) may be formed. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear suitable protective equipment.

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >100°C (PMCC)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Based on the NFPA guide, use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or other extinguishing agent suitable for Class B fires. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. For larger fires, use water spray or fog, thoroughly drenching the burning material.

#### UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Do not use water unless flooding amounts are available.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD: May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) under fire conditions.

#### 6. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

CAUTION: May cause irritation to skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not take internally.

Empty containers may contain residual product. Do not reuse container unless properly reconditioned.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: Eye & Skin

EYE CONTACT: Can cause mild to moderate irritation SKIN CONTACT: Can cause mild, short-lasting irritation

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: A review of available data does not identify any symptoms from exposure not previously mentioned.

AGGRAVATION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS: A review of available data does not identify any worsening of existing conditions.

#### 7. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES.

SKIN: Wash exposed area with soap and water. If irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician. EYE: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, if irritation or abnormalities persist, call a physician. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, give oxygen and call a physician. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting: Call a physician immediately.

CAUTION: If unconscious, having trouble breathing or in convulsions, do not induce vomiting or give water. Call for medical assistance immediately.

#### 8. HANDLING, ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES & DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

#### DISPOSAL:

In Ontario, the waste class under Regulation 347 is: 233L

#### SMALL SPILLS:

Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area.

#### LARGE SPILLS:

Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by dyking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Contact approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated.

Dispose of wastes in an approved incinerator or waste treatment/disposal site, in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

This product should NOT be directly discharged into lakes, ponds, streams, waterways or public water supplies.

As a non-hazardous liquid waste, it should be solidified with stabilizing agents (such as sand, fly ash, or cement) so that no free liquid remains before disposal to an industrial waste landfill. A non-hazardous liquid waste can also be incinerated in accordance with local, state, provincial and federal regulations.

#### 9. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE CONTROL MEASURES

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

This product does not contain any substance that has an established exposure limit.

Respiratory Protection: None normally required.

For large spills, entry into large tanks, vessels or enclosed small spaces with inadequate ventilation, a positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended.

Ventilation: General ventilation is recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses, if personally preferred

Gloves: Generally not necessary. Personal preference. Examples of impermeable gloves available on the market are neoprene, nitrile, PVC, natural rubber, viton, and butyl (compatibility studies have not been performed).

If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 10. TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

#### SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

A "LC50-96" Pass/Fail Bioassay test. This test determines the lethality of a fluid on young aquatic organisms. The fluid fails if 50% or more of the animals are dead after 96 hours in the fluid.

96 hour static acute LC50 to Rainbow Trout = Greater than 1,000 mg/L

96 hour no observed effect concentration = 125 mg/L based on no mortality or abnormal effects

96 hour static acute LC50 to Sheepshead Minnow = Greater than 1,000 mg/L

96 hour no observed effect concentration = 1,000 mg/L (highest concentration tested) based on no mortality or abnormal effects.

96 hour static acute LC50 to Mysid Shrimp = 400 mg/L

96 hour no observed effect concentration = 180 mg/L based on no mortality or abnormal effects.

96 hour static acute LC50 to Daphnia Magna - 400 mg/L

96 hour no observed effect concentration = 56 mg/L (lowest concentration tested) based on no mortality or abnormal effects.

#### Microtoxicity

The Microtox bioassay has been established as the reference test for mud additive toxicity testing.

Test Method: Luminescent Bacteria, IC50@ 15 min

Reference: Appendix 1: Microtox Bioassay Procedure, Drilling Waste Management, Guide G50. 1993. Alberta Energy and Utilities Board, Calgary, AB, Canada.

Sample: Poly Drill 1330, sample #97324-1 for test #970723, 97/05/09 by D. Lintott

Preparation: Sample was diluted to 2 g/L, which formed thick, slightly cloudy liquid. The sample was then centrifuged for 1 hour.

#### Test Results:

SAMPLE	TREATMENT	%CTL	IC20%	IC50	RESULT
97324-1	None	N/A	14 (9-22)	>91	PASS

The following results are for a 1% aqueous solution of product.

#### CARCINOGENCITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

#### HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our Hazard Characterization, the potential human hazard is: LOW

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our Hazard Characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: LOW.

#### 11. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME/HAZARD CLASS MAY VARY BY PACKAGING, PROPERTIES, AND MODE OF TRANSPORTATION. TYPICAL PROPER SHIPPING NAMES FOR THIS PRODUCT ARE:

ALL TRANSPORTATION MODES: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING TRANSPORATION

Shipping Name: Liquid Drilling Additive

Hazard Class: Not hazardous Cautionary Labeling: None required

#### 14. OTHER INFORMATION

This information contained herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made



WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Personal protective equipment
to present therefore, and tracent related required.	Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).	

Section 1. Product and Company Identification					
Product name / Trade name	ver Steering Fluid	Associated Product's I Code		PWR STR FLD	
Synonym	Mineral oil based hydraulic steering fluid.	CAS#		Mixture, Not applicable	
Chemical family	Petrochemical.	Validation	date	11/7/2007.	
Chemical formula	Not applicable.	Print date		11/7/2007.	
Manufacturer	Recochem Inc. 850 Montee de Liesse Montreal, Quebec (514) 341-3550 www.recochem.com	In case of emergency Recochem Inc. Communications and Regula Affairs Department (905) 878-5544		inications and Regulatory department	
Material uses	Consumer products: Power steering fluid				

## Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

Canada

NameCAS number%Hydrotreated paraffinic base oil64742-58-190-95

There are no ingredients or additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 3. Hazar	rd Identification
<b>Emergency Overview</b>	NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED.
	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Potential Acute Health Effects	See Section #11: "Toxicological Information" for further human health effects.
	May cause eye irritation. May cause mild skin irritation.
Note to Physician	Not available.

Validated on 11/7/20	Page: 2/6 Power Steering Fluid
Section 4. First ai	d measures
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Page: 2/6

Section 5. Fire fighting measures			
Products of combustion	No specific data.		
Fire-fighting media and instructions	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.		
Fire Hazards	Material supports combustion. If involved in a fire, gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.		
Explosion Hazards	No additional remark.		

Section 6. Accidental release measures			
Small spill and leak	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill and leak	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. H	Section 7. Handling and Storage			
Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.			
Storage	See Section #10 for applicable incompatible materials.  Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.			

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## Power Steering Fluid



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#### Section 8. Exposure controls, personal protection

**Engineering controls** 

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Personal protection** 

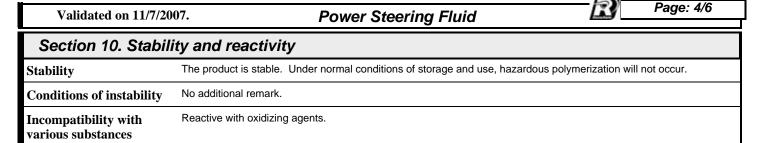
Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles

Body Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.	Odour	petroleum odour.	
Molecular weight	Not available.	Taste	Not available.	
pН	Not applicable.	Colour	Amber.	
Boiling/condensation poin	nt >246°C (474.8°F)	Volatility	Not available.	
Melting/freezing point	-42°C (-43.6°F) Pour point.	Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Relative density	0.863 (Water = 1)	Odour Threshold	Not available.	
Vapour Pressure	<0.01 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) (at 20°C)	Viscosity	Kinematic (40C): 37 to 45 cSt	
<b>Vapour Density</b>	Not available.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.	
VOC Content	Not available.	Other Properties	Not available.	
The product is:	May be combustible at high temperature.			
Auto-ignition temperatur	e Not available.			
Flash Point	Open cup: 182°C (359.6°F) (Cleveland.).			
Flammable limits	Not available.			
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	No specific information is available in our database regarding the flammability of this product in presence of various materials.			



Routes of entry	Inhalation. Skin contact.
Environmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Acute effects on humans	
Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
Skin	May cause mild skin irritation.
Inhalation	Inhalation is minimal since vapours are unlikely due to physical properties. Inhalation not likely under normal use conditions. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Chronic effects on humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity For accidential discharges into environment, see Section #6: "Accidential Release Measures" for suggested

instructions.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Not available.

#### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

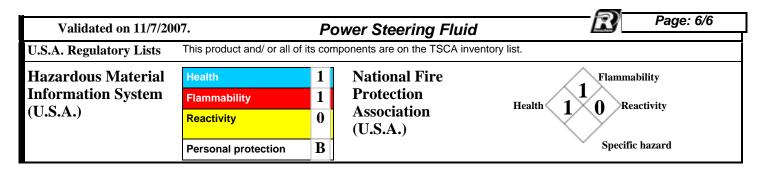
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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Validated on 11/7/2007.	Power Steering Fluid		Page: 5/6
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Validated on 11/7/2007.	Power Steering Fluid	7 age: 5/6
Section 14. Transport inf	ormation	
Canada Transportation of Dangero	ous Goods (TDG) Information	
Primary Class Not a TE Subsidiary Class (if applicable)	OG regulated material.	No piscord (panding and hazard lides) required.
Proper shipping name Hazard identification number Packing group		
Special Provisions		
International Maritime Dangerous	Goods (IMDG) Transportation Information	
Primary Class Not cont Subsidiary Class (if applicable)	rolled under IMDG.	
Proper shipping name Hazard identification number Packing group		No proceed (handling and hazard solve) reguland.
Marine pollutant Not a po	illutant.	
Special Provisions		
<b>United States Department of Trans</b>	portation (DOT) Information	
Primary Class Not a DO	OT controlled material (United States).	No pincerd (handing and hazard little) required.
Subsidiary class (if applicable)		
Proper shipping name Hazard identification number Packing group		
Special Provisions		

Section 15. Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms				
WHMIS Classification (Canada)	Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).	to picced (handing and hazed latel) required.		
Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Status	This product and/ or all of its components are on the DSL.			
HCS Classification (U.S.A.)	Not regulated.			
Continued on next	page			

**International Air** Transport Association (IATA) For air shipment classification and associated regulations, please refer to the latest edition of IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.



#### Section 16. Other information

Validated and verified by Compliance and Technical Information Manager on 11/7/2007 ph.# 905-878-5544.

Printed 11/7/2007.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for

the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## MSDS are available at www.recochem.com



#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### **SECTION 1 – PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Product Name: Propane Supplier: Superior Propane

Trade Name: LPG (Liquefied Petroleum Gas), LP-Gas

Chemical Formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>

WHMIS Classification: Class A – Compressed Gas

Class B, Division 1 – Flammable Gas

24-Hour

Emergency Contact: Canutec (613) 996-6666

A Division of Superior Plus LP

1111 - 49th Avenue N.E. Calgary, AB T2E 8V2

Business: (403) 730-7500

Application and Use: Propane is commonly used as a fuel for heating, cooking, automobiles, forklift trucks, crop drying and welding and cutting operations. Propane is used in industry as a refrigerant, solvent and as a chemical feedstock.

#### **SECTION 2 – HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

COMPONENTS		% VOLUME (v/v)	LD <sub>50</sub> (rat, oral)
Propane	74-98-6	90% -99%	Not Applicable
Propylene	115-07-1	0% - 5%	Not Applicable
Ethane	74-84-0	0% - 5%	Not Applicable
Butane and heavier hydro carbon	ns 106-97-8	0% - 2.5%	Not Applicable

Occupational Exposure Limit:

Based upon animal test data, the acute toxicity of this product is expected to be inhalation: 4 hour LC50 = 280,000 ppm (Rat)

Note: Composition is typical for HD-5 Propane per The Canadian General Standard Board CGSB 3.14 National Standard of Canada. Exact composition will vary from shipment to shipment.

#### SECTION 3 - CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL DATA

Form: Liquid and vapour while pH: Not available

stored under pressure Solubility in Water : Slight, 6.1% by volume @ 17.8°C

Boiling Point: -42°C @ 1 atm Specific Gravity: 0.51 (water = 1)

Freezing Point: -188°C Appearance/Odour: Colourless liquid and vapour while stored

Evaporation Rate: Rapid (Gas at normal ambient conditions) under pressure. Colourless and odourless

gas in natural state at any concentration. Commercial propane has an odourant added, ethyl mercaptan, which has an odour similar to boiling cabbage.

Coefficient of Water/

Oil Distribution: Not available Odour Threshold: 4800 ppm

1435 kPa (maximum) @ 37.8°C

1.52 (Air = 1)

With proper handling, transportation and storage, adding a chemical odourant such as ethyl mercaptan has proven to be a very effective warning device, but all odourants have certain limitations. The effectiveness of the odourant may be diminished by a person's sense of smell, by competing odours and by oxidation which may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

#### SECTION 4 - FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Flash Point: -103.4°C Method: Closed cup

Vapour Pressure:

Vapour Density:

Flammable Limits: Lower 2.4%, Upper 9.5%

Auto Ignition T emperature: 432°C

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon monoxide can be produced when primary air and secondary air are deficient while

combustion is taking place.

Fire and Explosive Hazards : Explosive air -vapour allowed

to leak to atmosphere.

Sensitivity to Impact: No

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Yes

Fire Extinguishing Precautions: Use water spray to cool exposed cylinders or tanks. Do not extinguish fire unless the source of the escaping gas that is fueling the fire can be turned off. Fire can be extinguished with carbon dioxide and/or dry chemical (BC). Container metal shells require cooling with water to prevent flame impingement and the weakening of metal. If sufficient water is not available to protect the container shell from weakening, the area will be required to be evacuated. If gas has not ignited, liquid or vapour may be dispersed by water spray or flooding.

Special Fire Fighting Equipment: Protective clothing, hose monitors, fog nozzles, self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 5 – REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid: Keep separate from oxidizing agents. Gas explodes spontaneously when mixed with chloride dioxide.

Incompatibility: Remove sources of ignition and observe distance requirements for storage tanks from combustible material, drains and openings to building.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Deficient primary and secondary air can produce carbon monoxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

MSDS-Propane-32003-2 (01/11)

Side 1 of 2





#### SECTION 6 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF MATERIAL

Routes of Entry: Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Inhalation

Inhalation: Simple asphyxiant. No effect at concentrations of 10,000 ppm (peak exposures). Higher concentrations may cause central nervous system disorder and/or damage. Lack of oxygen may cause dizziness, loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, euphoria, mental confusion, blurred vision, convulsions, breathing failure, coma and death. Breathing high vapour concentrations (saturated vapours) for a few minutes may be fatal. Saturated vapours may be encountered in confined spaces and/or under conditions of poor ventilation. Avoid breathing vapours or mist.

Skin and Eye Contact: Exposure to vapourizing liquid may cause frostbite (cold burns) and permanent eye damage.

Ingestion: Not considered to be a hazard.

Acute Exposure: Contact with Liquefied Petroleum Gas may cause frostbite or cold burns. Propane acts as a simple asphyxiant as oxygen content in air is displaced by the propane. At increasing concentration levels, propane may cause dizziness, headaches, loss of coordination, fatigue, unconsciousness and death.

No reported effects from long term Chronic Exposure: low level exposure.

Sensitization to Product: Not known to be a sensitizer.

Occupational Exposure Limits: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) lists as a simple asphyxiant.

ACGIH TLV: 1000 ppm

Carcinogenicity, Reproductive Toxicity, Teratogenicity,

Mutagenicity: No effects reported. Other Toxicological Effects:

#### **SECTION 7 – PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

Safety glasses or chemical goggles are recommended when transferring product. Eyes:

Skin: Insulated gloves required if contact with liquid or liquid cooled equipment is expected. Wear gloves and long

sleeves when transferring product.

Inhalation: Where concentration in air would reduce the oxygen level below 18% air or exceed occupational exposure limits

in section 6, self-contained breathing apparatus is required.

Ventilation: Use in well-ventilated areas. Use with explosion proof mechanical ventilation in confined spaces or poorly

ventilated areas.

#### SECTION 8 – EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Should eye contact with liquid occur, flush eyes with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Obtain immediate Eyes:

medical care.

Skin: In case of "Cold Burn" from contact with liquid, immediately place affected area in lukewarm water and keep

at this temperature until circulation returns. If fingers or hands are frostbitten, have the victim hold his hand next

to his body such as under the armpit. Obtain immediate medical care.

Ingestion: None considered necessary.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult or has stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Obtain immediate medical care.

Eliminate leak if possible. Eliminate source of ignition. Ensure cylinder is upright. Disperse vapours with hose Spill or Leak:

streams using fog nozzles. Monitor low areas as propane is heavier than air and can settle into low areas. Remain upwind of leak. Keep people away. Prevent vapour and/or liquid from entering into sewers, basements

or confined areas.

#### SECTION 9 - TRANSPORTATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

Transport and store cylinders and tanks secured in an upright position in a ventilated space away from ignition sources (so the pressure relief valve is in contact with the vapour space of the cylinder or tank).

Cylinders that are not in use must have the valves in the

closed position and be equipped with a protective cap or guard.

Do not store with oxidizing agents, oxygen, or chlorine cylinders.

Empty cylinders and tanks may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat or weld empty containers.

Transport, handle and store according to applicable federal and provincial codes and regulations.

TDG Shipping Name: Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Propane)

PIN Number: UN1075

#### SECTION 10 - PREPARATION INFORMATION

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

TDG Classification: Flammable Gas 2.1

Telephone: (403) 730-7500 Prepared by: **Superior Propane** 

Health Safety and Environment Team Revision: January 17, 2011 Supersedes: March 1, 2008

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product information contained herein.

MSDS-Propane-32003-2 (01/11)



#### **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL CHEMTREC AT 1-800-424-9300

#### 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION:

Product Name: PURELL® INSTANT HAND SANITIZER

GOJO Industries, Inc.

Company Name & Address: One GOJO Plaza, Suite 500

Akron, OH 44311

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

Non-Emergency Phone: (330) 255-6000

MSDS Request Phone: (330) 255-6000 x8804

#### 2. INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	CAS NUMBER	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	% RANGE
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	62
Isopropanol	67-63-0	400 ppm	200 ppm	<5

Other ingredient(s) with notification requirements:	CAS NUMBER	List
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	MA 1; NJ 1S; PA 1; CN 2
Isopropanol	67-63-0	MA 1; NJ 1S; PA; CN 1

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

When used according to instructions, the product applicable to this MSDS is safe and presents no immediate or long-term health hazard. However, abnormal entry routes, such as gross ingestion, may require immediate medical attention.

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

HMIS: Health 2 Flammability 3 Reactivity 0 Personal Protection None

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Skin Contact: No irritation or reaction expected.

Inhalation: Not applicable.

Ingestion: May cause upset stomach, nausea (Abnormal entry route). Carcinogenicity: Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, OSHA or ACGIH.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

Eye Contact: Do not rub eyes. Flush eyes thoroughly with water for 15 minutes. If condition

worsens or irritation persists, contact physician.

Skin Contact: Not applicable. Inhalation: Not applicable.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact a physician or Poison Control Center.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

NFPA: Health <u>2</u> Fire <u>3</u> Reactivity <u>0</u>

Flashpoint °F/°C (PMCC method): 77°F/25°C

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Product is flammable due to alcohol content.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: None known.

Extinguishing Media: X Water Fog X Alcohol Foam X CO<sub>2</sub> X Dry Chemical Other

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Avoid contact with ignition sources since product is flammable. Absorb onto inert material and dispose in appropriate manner. Water clean up and rinse. CAUTION – WILL CAUSE SLIPPERY SURFACES.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Keep away from fire or flame. Store at normal room temperature away from reach of small children. Keep containers sealed. Use older containers first. Avoid freezing conditions.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Eye Protection:

Skin Protection:

Respiratory Protection:

Ventilation:

Protective Equipment or Clothing:

None required under normal conditions.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance and Odor Clear liquid, citrus fragrance

pH (undiluted): 6.0 – 9.2 VOC, %: 65

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:

Stable/Non reactive product. Avoid ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

No acute or chronic toxic effects expected when used according to directions.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL CONSIDERATIONS:

No ecological or special considerations when used according to directions. Not considered environmentally harmful from normal dilution, expected usage and typical drainage to sewers, septic systems and treatment plants.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Characteristic hazardous waste-flammable liquid. Dispose according to local, state and Federal regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION:

Hazardous by transport regulations. When transported by ground modes in the U.S., this product typically is typically shipped as Consumer Commodity ORM-D. When transported by water, this product is typically shipped as a UN1170 in Limited Quantities. Refer to all current transport regulations for exact requirements.

#### 15. REGULATORY AND OTHER INFORMATION:

TSCA: All ingredients are listed or exempt per reference 15 USC 2602 (2)(B)(iv).

Complies with current FDA regulations for cosmetic and/or over-the-counter drug products.

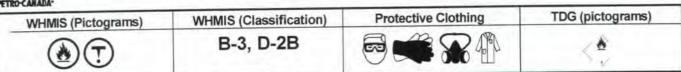
This formula meets the FDA Food Code Hand Antiseptics (Sanitizers) criteria (Section 2-301.16).

WHMIS: Not Controlled

Notice: The information herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this material safety data sheet. However, no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the foregoing data and safety information. The user assumes all liability for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.

Document#: 9652-521





Product Name	STOVE OIL	Code W107 SAP: 154
Synonym	Stove Oil 55, Switch Heater Fuel, Tobacco Curing Oil, No.1 Diesel, No.1 Furnace Oil, #1 Furnace Oil, ThermaClean.	Validated on 2/24/2004.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Petro-Canada: 403-296- Emergency 3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre:
Aterial Uses Stove Oils are light distillate fuels suitable for use in liquid fuel burni equipment without preheating.		Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)			
	Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of p C18) Trace of functional ac	etroleum hydrocarbons (C9- dditives.	64742-81-0 64742-80-9 Not applicable	>99.9 <0.1	Not established  Not established	Not established  Not established	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable					
other Exposure	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for			cceptable exposure li	mits.	

Section 3. Hazards Identification.				
Potential Health Effects	Combustible liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.			

Section 4. First	Ald Measures	
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medic attention.	
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.	
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificia respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.	
Note to Physician	Not available	

Flammability Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).		Flammable Limits Lower: 0.7%, Upper: 6%	
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: >40°C (104°F). (Closed Cup)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	225°C (437°F)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances		Hazards in Presence of Various	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

STOVE OIL	Page Number: 2
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), sulphur compounds (H2S), smoke an irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
	If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.
	SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders of monitor nozzles.
	Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case or rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

#### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Material Release or Spill

Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Extinguish all ignition sources. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

	Handling and Storage
Handling	COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
Storage	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

Section 8.	Exposure	Controls/Personal	Protection

#### Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

Eyes Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.

Body Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.

Respiratory Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.

Hands Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

STOVE OIL			Page Number: 3	
Section 9. Phys	sical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and opearance		Viscosity	1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F).	
olour	Clear to yellow / brown (may be dyed for taxation purposes).	Pour Point	Variable, -50°C to 0°C (-58°F to 32°F)	
Odour	Mild petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	150 - 315°C (302 - 599°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.	
Density	0.80 - 0.85 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	4.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	1.0 kPa @ 20°C (7.5 mmHg @ 68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	<0.1 (Butyl acetate = 1), less than gasoline.	Solubility	Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.	

Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

toutes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.				
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below:				
	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrosulfurized (64742-81-0):  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit)  Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m³/4h (rat)				
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (64742-80-9): Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 4600 mg/m³/4h (rat)				
Chronic or Other Toxic Effe	ects				
Dermal Route:	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause skin irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.				
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.				
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.				
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be an eye irritant.				
Immunotoxicity:	Not available				
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.				
Respiratory Tract Sensitizati	on: Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.				
Mutagenic	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components this product is not expected to be a mutagen.				

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STOVE OIL	Page Number: 4
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH. (Considered to be A3 by the ACGIH. Kerosine (petroleum), hydrosulfurized, 64742-81-0).
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Environmental Not a Fate	available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available	
BOD5 and COD Not a	available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available	

Section 13. Disposal Considerations				
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.			

Section 14. Transport Information					
TDG Classification FUEL OIL, 3, UN1202, PGIII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.			

	ulatory Information						
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).						
	All components of this formulat	ion are listed o	n the US EPA-TSCA	Inventory.			
	All components of this product	are on the Eur	opean Inventory of Ex	xisting Commercial	Chemical Su	bstances (EINECS).	
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.						
	Please contact Product Safety for more information.						
DSD/DPD (Europe)	) Not evaluated.		HCS (U.S.A.)		et organ effec oustible liquid		
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	<b>(A)</b>			
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard 2*	NFPA (U	.S.A.) 2	Fire Hazard	Rating (	Insignificant	
HIVIIO (U.S.A.)	Fire Hazard 2		1.	Reactivity		Slight Moderate	
HIVIS (U.S.A.)	riid riazaru	V V				Winderate	
HIVIIS (U.S.A.)	Reactivity 0		××	Specific hazard	3	3 High	

STOVE OIL

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#### Section 16. Other Information

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

**Jossary** 

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)

ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days

CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code

CAS - Chemical Abstract Services

CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List

CNS - Central Nervous System

COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations

DOT - Department of Transport

DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)

DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act

FDA - Food and Drug Administration

FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System

LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%

LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration

NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)

NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act

SD - Single Dose

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)

TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration

TLm - Median Tolerance Limit

TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/24/2004.

Data entry by Product Safety - DSR.

Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax:

-800-837-1228

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

#### **INVOICE**

WDS - A Division of DiCorp Unit 101, 2567 192 Street Surrey, British Columbia Canada V3S 3X1 Phone: 604-542-9595 Fax: 604-542-9599

Toll Free: 1-800-665-6645

**REMIT TO:** 

e paid by CHB # 674

Invoice No: 111011827

DICORP

8750 - 53 AVENUE EDMONTON, ALBERTA Date:

02-09-2012

T6E 5G2

31905/01

Page:

1

Sold to: NORTH COUNTRY GOLD CORP.

Ship to: NORTH COUNTRY GOLD CORP.

31905/01

#220, 9797 - 45 AVENUE

EDMONTON, AB

T6E 5V8

ATTN ROCKY 306-278-7307 OR SIMEON ROBINSON

FOR FURTHERANCE TO NUNAVUT

RECEIVED FLB 1 5 2012

Customer PO	Ordered By	Terms
NCG-12-0121	Rocky	NET 30
Date Shipped	Shipped Via	FOB Warehouse
02-09-2012	CLARK+EDMUNDS TRAN COL W#31914	SASKATOON, SK
Line# Qty Date		

04-09-4	.012		CLARK+EDMUNDS TRAN COL W#31914	SASKATOON,	SK	
Line#	Qty Shipped	Part #	Description		Unit Price	Total Amount
1	988	50003	DRILL ROD, NQ 10' #BB00000047		128.1500	126,612.20
2	114	50001	DRILL ROD, BQ 10' #8800000045		104.7000	11.935.80
3	144	30140	BIG BEAR ROD GREASE 17KG PAIL		97.5000	14,040.00
4	144	30699	550X POLYMER - 20 L PAIL (FAB)		164.8500	23,738.40
5	20	30142	Z-50 THREAD LUBE 8KG PAIL #20408		89.8000	1.796.00
6	6	30707	G-STOP COARSE - 20 L PAIL		165.0000	990.00
7	64	30711	LINSEED SOAP - 17KG PAIL		67.9500	4,348.80
8	36	30050	REAM SHELL, NO 14 CT H.D.		353.0000	12,708.00
9	36	30069	ROD SHOE, HQ 4VRING 40 CTS 0/S		294.0000	10,584.00
10	12	30071 ~	CASING SHOE, NW 4VRING 40 CT 0/S		294.0000	3,528.00
			NCG 12-012 approved AR 12111	Р	SUB TOTAL IST EXEMPT IST	210,281.20
ŀ				1r	NVOICE TOTAL	220,795.26
				c	URRENCY	CANADIAN

Z-50 Page 1 of 4

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Dec. 14, 2010

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 780-440-4923 **Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: **Z-50** 

PRODUCT USE: Tool joint compound

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture CAS #: Mixture

#### WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS regulated.

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not hazardous under normal conditions of use.

#### TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not TDG regulated.
TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable.
UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable.
PACKING GROUP: Not applicable.

#### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	% (w/w)	CAS NUMBER	LD <sub>50</sub> Oral-Rat	<u>LC<sub>50</sub>Inhal-Rat</u>	ACGIH-TLV
Zinc	<del>45 - 55</del>	<mark>7440-66-6</mark>	1400 mg/kg	<mark>Not available</mark>	5 mg/m3
Mica	<10.0	12001-26-2	Not available	Not available	$3 \text{ mg/m}^3$

#### SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [XX] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [XX] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: Non-irritating to slight transient irritation.

SKIN CONTACT: Non-irritating to slight transient irritation. Possible rash for persons

with hypersensitivity. Long-term dermal application may cause

irritation.

INGESTION: May cause diarrhea.

Z-50 Page 2 of 4

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use. Elevated

temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours or fumes.

Inhalation of oil mists or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of

the upper respiratory tract.

CARCINOGENICITY: Not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

REPRODUCTIVE

TOXICITY: No information available.

MUTAGENICITY: No information available. SYNERGISTIC No information available.

PRODUCTS:

#### SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Remove by wiping, or with a waterless hand cleaner. Wash with soap

and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until all residual

material is removed. Remove contact lenses if present. Hold eyelids open to ensure thorough flushing. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain immediate medical

attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious,

rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required.

If breathing difficulties or distress continues, obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Paste; light petroleum odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.59
BOILING POINT (°C): >316
MELTING POINT (°C): 196

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble pH: Neutral

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Nil

EVAPORATION RATE: <0.01 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)

VAPOUR PRESSURE : <0.01 kPa VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not applicable

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 221°C (COC)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL = 0.9% UEL = 7.0%

Diversity Technologies Corp. is the parent company of Canamara-United Supply, Hollimex Products, The Drilling Depot and Westcoast Drilling Supplies Z-50Page 3 of 4

**EXTINGIUSHING MEDIA:** Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, foam or water spray.

Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING fighting personnel. Remove containers from fire PROCEDURES:

area, or cool with water spray, if possible.

This product may burn under fire conditions. UNUSUAL FIRE AND

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

#### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE [ ] Strong oxidizers and reactives. Avoid powerful INCOMPATIBILITY ignition sources and extreme temperatures. (CONDITIONS TO AVOID): CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: Contact with incompatibles or ignition sources.

May release CO<sub>x</sub>, smoke and irritating vapours when HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS: heated to decomposition.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR [ ]

#### **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

#### SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Breathing apparatus in confined areas.

If ventilation is inadequate use local exhaust **VENTILATION:** 

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering

controls to maintain PEL's/TLV's.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Suggest protective gloves for hypersensitive persons. Safety glasses with side-shields if applied to moving EYE PROTECTION:

parts.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

(Specify):

Protective clothing as required to prevent contact.

Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are

available.

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly before eating, drinking or smoking. Do not pressurize, cut, heat or weld empty containers. Store in cool, dry area away from incompatibles and sources of ignition. Use caution when opening unvented containers. Use in well ventilated area. Store unused material in original container.

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Scoop up excess, then wipe down the affected area and pick up residual with absorbent material to prevent slipping hazard. Place contaminated material and clean up materials in approved containers for disposal.

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#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose/incinerate in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Dispose of, or recycle, empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

#### **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSURED: December 14, 2010 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: November 30, 2006 PHONE: 780-440-4923