Twin Mining Corp.
Jackson Inlet Project
Nunavut, Canada

Proposed 2002 Summer Program Installations

The Jackson Inlet Property is located on the Brodeur Peninsula, 125 kilometres west of the town of Arctic Bay, Baffin Island, Nunavut. Breakwater Resources' Nanisivik Mine is located 21 kilometres from the townsite. A road connects the town with the mine and also the Nanisivik Airport where regular commercial flights ensure excellent access to the area year-round. Shipping facilities are available at Nanisivik and Arctic Bay and supplies are delivered from mid July to the end of September. The property covers an area of 655 square kilometers near the north tip of the Brodeur Peninsula. The main diamond-bearing kimberlite pipe is located within 12 kilometres of deep-sea water (the Jackson Inlet) which also connects with the regular shipping route. A second pipe was discovered in 2001. The Cargo 1 Pipe is located approximately 4.5 kilometers east of the main Freightrain Pipe.

During the Summer of 2001, a total 17 holes were drilled at the Freightrain Pipe, 2 holes were drilled at the Cargo 1 Pipe, and an additional hole was drilled at Site Cargo 2 located approximately 3 kilometers west of the Freightrain Pipe. In addition, approximately 233 tonnes of rock was collected from 5 different sites at Freightrain. The samples were taken from the same sites worked during the 2000 program. Prior to this work, a small camp was constructed on a small plateau overlooking the Jackson River. The camp site is located approximately 2 kilometers north of the Freightrain Pipe.

During the month of May 2001, local authorities (Arctic Bay) were approached in order to explain the details of our exploration efforts and to understand any concerns they may have. Among these, the Hunters and Trappers Association and Wildlife Officer were approached independently. On May 15th, a town meeting was held in which Richard Roy presented maps and pictures of the site and explained the ongoing program with the help of a local translator. An additional meeting will be scheduled in 2002 prior to initiating the 2002 Program.

The summer 2002 program should be more extensive. A drilling and prospecting program is scheduled between the months of June and October. As shown on the map, a 36 man camp will be required on site. This camp will be managed through sound environmental procedures in an effort to counter any possible impact on the environment. Being a small temporary camp, no permanent infrastructure will be built. An arrangement has been made with Nanisivik to use their local infrastructure for waste disposal. Human waste will be buried in small

pits while gray water will be disposed by sedimentation and percolation. An RC rig is scheduled to arrive on site in July 2002. A total of approximately 10,000 meters of drilling is planned. The RC rig uses compressed air and only minimal water. No chemicals expected to be used. A total of approximately 10 core holes are planned. These holes will be collared on different targets located generally within 20 km of the Camp. The diamond drill will not use any significant amounts of chemicals compounds. On occasion, a salt solution will be introduced in the hole to avoid freezing and drill muds may be required to facilitate drilling. This will give the water a composition similar to seawater. All water used by the drill will be returned in a sedimentation basin and recycled back by the drill to minimize fresh water use.

The construction of a temporary trail is also planned. As shown on the map, the trail will follow the Jackson Inlet Estuary and then follow a N-S trending creek in order to reach the top of the plateau. The existing creeks rarely cover more than 50% of base of the N-S trending canyons and therefore the trail should not affect the existing waterways. The trail will greatly decrease the use of helicopter and Jet Fuel. This will decrease the amount of fuel required on-site.

Late in the season (August and September) a mini-bulk sample of approximately 1000 tonnes may be taken. This sample will be taken using existing equipment on site with the addition of a small Kubota which will be used to free the bedrock for drilling. Explosives (approx. 500 kilos) will be used to break the rock. The opening caused by the sampling will immediately be refilled at the end of the operation.

Shipping services may be used on occasion to carry material to the camp. Again, local providers will be asked to quote on this operation. The material will be carried from Arctic Bay/Nanisivik to the Jackson Inlet on the east coast of the Brodeur Peninsula. Any larger ships used to carry material and samples to the south will not enter Admiralty Inlet for the purpose of collecting the mini-bulk sample. No Icebreakers are currently scheduled for our program.

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