






**FUELS, FUEL ADDITIVES, OIL**  
**Knife Lake Project – Spring 2004 Drill Programme**



## Material Safety Data Sheet

| WHMIS (Pictograms)  | WHMIS (Classification) | Protective Clothing  | TDG (pictograms)  |
|---|------------------------|--|---|
|  | B-3, D-2B              |    |  |

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

|               |   |                         |  |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|--|
| Product Name  | <b>DIESEL FUEL</b>  | Code                    | W104<br>SAP: 120, 121, 122, 287  |
| Synonym       | Diesel 50, Diesel 50 LS, #1 Diesel, #1 Diesel LS, Diesel LC, Seasonal Diesel, Seasonal Diesel LS, Diesel AA, Domestic Marine Diesel, International marine Diesel, Seasonal Diesel Locomotive, Domestic Marine diesel LS, diesel -20°C (LS), LSD, Low Sulphur Diesel, dyed diesel, marked diesel, coloured diesel, Naval Distillate, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULS Diesel. | Validated on            | 3/2/2001.  |
| Manufacturer  | PETRO-CANADA<br>P.O. Box 2844<br>Calgary, Alberta<br>T2P 3E3  | In case of<br>Emergency | Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000<br>Canutec Transportation:<br>813-998-8868<br>Poison Control Centre: Consult<br>local telephone directory for<br>emergency number(s). |
| Material Uses | Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type.   |                         |  |

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

|   |   |         | Exposure Limits (ACGIH)                         |                 |                 |
|---|---|---------|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Name  | CAS #   | % (V/V) | TLV-TWA(8 h)                                    | STEL            | CEILING         |
| 1) Diesel oil.                                  | 88334-30-5  | >99.9   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbons) * | Not established | Not established |
| 2) Proprietary additives.                       | Not available   | <0.1    | Not established                                 | Not established | Not established |
| Aromatic content is 50% maximum (benzene: nil). |   |         |   |                 |                 |
| Manufacturer Recommendation                     | * Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer. |         |   |                 |                 |
| Other Exposure Limits                           | Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.   |         |   |                 |                 |

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Potential Health Effects | Eye contact may cause mild eye irritation. Skin contact can cause moderate to severe irritation and produce drying, cracking, or defatting dermatitis. Inhalation of vapours can cause CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconsciousness and possibly death. Inhalation can also cause irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. For more information, refer to Section 11. |
|--------------------------|--|

## Section 4. First Aid Measures

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Eye Contact       | IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.  |
| Skin Contact      | Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.                             |
| Inhalation        | Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion         | DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.   |
| Note to Physician | Not available   |

## Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

|  |  |   |   |
|--|--|---|---|
| Flammability                                   | Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).  | Flammable Limits                                    | LOWER: 0.7%, UPPER: 6%  |
| Flash Points                                   | Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >40°C (>104°F)<br>Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >60°C (>140°F)  | Auto-ignition Temperature                           | 225°C (437°F)   |
| Fire Hazards In Presence of Various Substances | Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, or heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces. | Explosion Hazards In Presence of Various Substances | Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Products of Combustion</b>               | Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur compounds (H <sub>2</sub> S), water vapour (H <sub>2</sub> O), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.  |
| <b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b> | <p>NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-Immiscible).</p> <p>CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C; Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</p> <p>If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p> <p>SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam.</p> <p>LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.</p> <p>Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.</p> <p>Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p> |

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Material Release or Spill</b> | <p>NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable Liquids (Non-polar/ Water-immiscible).</p> <p>ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. Avoid contact. Stop leak if without risk. Contain spill. Absorb with inert absorbents, dry clay, or diatomaceous earth. Avoid inhaling dust of diatomaceous earth for it may contain silica in very fine particle size, making this a potential respiratory hazard. Place used absorbent in closed metal containers for later disposal or burn absorbent in a suitable combustion chamber. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER. Check with applicable jurisdiction for specific disposal requirements of spilled material and empty containers. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately.</p> |
|----------------------------------|---|

### Section 7. Handling and Storage

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| <b>Handling</b> | <p>Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Ground/bond line and equipment during pumping or transfer to avoid accumulation of static charge. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe gas/vapour/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Launder work clothes frequently. Discard saturated leather goods.</p> |
| <b>Storage</b>  | <p>Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area, and away from incompatibles. Ground all equipment containing material.</p>   |

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Engineering Controls</b> | For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eye wash station and safety shower are close to work-station. |
| <b>Personal Protection</b>  | <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i>   |
| <b>Eyes</b>                 | Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.  |
| <b>Body</b>                 | Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.   |
| <b>Respiratory</b>          | Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.  |
| <b>Hands</b>                | Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.  |
| <b>Feet</b>                 | Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.   |

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

|                                      |   |                        |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| <b>Physical State and Appearance</b> | Bright oily liquid.   | <b>Viscosity</b>       | 1.3-4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)             |
| <b>Colour</b>                        | Clear to yellow / brown. Low sulphur diesel fuels (<0.05 wt % sulphur) are colourless to light yellow (and may be dyed red for taxation purposes). Regular sulphur diesel fuels (0.05-0.50 % sulphur) may be colourless to yellow / brown and are usually dyed red for taxation purposes. | <b>Pour Point</b>      | Variable, 0°C to -50°C (32°F to -58°F) |
| <b>Odour</b>                         | Petroleum oil like.   | <b>Softening Point</b> | Not applicable.                        |
| <b>Odour Threshold</b>               | Not available   | <b>Dropping Point</b>  | Not applicable.                        |

| DIESEL FUEL            |   | Page Number: 3                       |   |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Boiling Point</b>   | 150-371°C (302-700°F)                         | <b>Penetration</b>                   | Not applicable.   |
| <b>Density</b>         | 0.85 kg/L @ 15°C (Water = 1).                 | <b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b> | Not available   |
| <b>Vapour Density</b>  | 4.5 (Air = 1)                                 | <b>Ionicity (in water)</b>           | Not applicable.   |
| <b>Vapour Pressure</b> | 1.0 kPa @ 20°C (7.5 mmHg @ 68°F).             | <b>Dispersion Properties</b>         | Not available   |
| <b>Volatility</b>      | <0.1 (Butyl acetate = 1), less than gasoline. | <b>Solubility</b>                    | Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents. |

| Section 10. Stability and Reactivity                 |   |                                 |   |
|--|---|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>Corrosivity</b>                                   | Not available   |                                 |   |
| <b>Stability</b>                                     | The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions. | <b>Hazardous Polymerization</b> | Will not occur under normal working conditions.   |
| <b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b> | Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.                           | <b>Decomposition Products</b>   | May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, H2O, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition. |

| Section 11. Toxicological Information |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Routes of Entry</b>                | Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.   |
| <b>Acute Lethality</b>                | Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 7500 mg/kg (rat).   |
| <b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b> |   |
| Dermal Route:                         | Skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation. Repeated exposure would produce drying and cracking or defatting dermatitis. (See Other Considerations)   |
| Inhalation Route:                     | Inhalation of vapours can cause CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconsciousness and possibly death. Inhalation can also cause irritation of nose and throat. |
| Oral Route:                           | Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure.  |
| Eye Irritation/Inflammation:          | Eye contact may cause mild irritation, but no permanent damage.   |
| Immunotoxicity:                       | Not available   |
| Skin Sensitization:                   | This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.  |
| Respiratory Tract Sensitization:      | This product is not expected to be a respiratory tract sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.   |
| Mutagenic:                            | This product is not expected to be a mutagen, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.  |
| Reproductive Toxicity:                | This product is not expected to be a reproductive hazard, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.  |
| Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:        | This product is not expected to be a teratogen or an embryotoxin, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.  |
| Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):              | ACGIH A3: animal carcinogen. [Diesel oil] (See Other Considerations)  |
| Carcinogenicity (IARC):               | This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.   |
| Carcinogenicity (NTP):                | This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.  |
| Carcinogenicity (IRIS):               | Not available   |
| Carcinogenicity (OSHA):               | This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.   |
| <b>Other Considerations</b>           | Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.   |

| Section 12. Ecological Information |                       |  |               |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|
| <b>Environmental Fate</b>          | Not available         | <b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b> | Not available |
| <b>BOD5 and COD</b>                | Not available         | <b>Products of Biodegradation</b>            | Not available |
| <b>Additional Remarks</b>          | No additional remark. |  |               |





**Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Waste Disposal</b> | Preferred waste management priorities are: (1) recycle or reprocess; (2) incineration with energy recovery; (3) disposal at licensed waste disposal facility. Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities. |
|-----------------------|--|

**Section 14. Transport Information**

|                           |  |   |                 |
|---------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| <b>TDG Classification</b> | Currently: Diesel Fuel, 3, UN1202, PGIII<br>As of August 15, 2002: DIESEL FUEL, 3, UN1202, PGIII | <b>Special Provisions for Transport</b> | Not applicable. |
|---------------------------|--|---|-----------------|

**Section 15. Regulatory Information**

|                                  |   |  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|------------|---|---------------------|---|----------------------|--|---|--------|---|-------------|--------|-----------------|------------|----------|--|--|-----------------|--|------------|--|--|--|--|--------|--|--|--|--|-----------|
| <b>Other Regulations</b>         |   | This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).                        |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA inventory.  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | All components of this product are on the European inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | Please contact Product Safety for more information.  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| <b>DSD/DPD (Europe)</b>          |   | Not evaluated.   | <b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>             |                 | CLASS: Irritating substance.<br>CLASS: Target organ effects.<br>CLASS: Combustible liquid having a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| <b>ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)</b> |   | NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT<br><br>NON EVALUE POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPEEN.   | <b>DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)</b> |                 |    |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| <b>HMIS (U.S.A.)</b>             |   | <table><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Personal Protection</td><td>H</td></tr></table>   | Health Hazard                   | 2               | Fire Hazard   | 2 | Reactivity | 0 | Personal Protection | H | <b>NFPA (U.S.A.)</b> |  | <table><tr><td rowspan="2">Health</td><td rowspan="2"></td><td>Fire Hazard</td><td rowspan="2">Rating</td><td>0 Insignificant</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>1 Slight</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>Specific hazard</td><td></td><td>2 Moderate</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3 High</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4 Extreme</td></tr></table> | Health |  | Fire Hazard | Rating | 0 Insignificant | Reactivity | 1 Slight |  |  | Specific hazard |  | 2 Moderate |  |  |  |  | 3 High |  |  |  |  | 4 Extreme |
| Health Hazard                    | 2   |  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| Fire Hazard                      | 2   |  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| Reactivity                       | 0   |  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| Personal Protection              | H   |  |                                 |                 |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
| Health                           |  | Fire Hazard  | Rating                          | 0 Insignificant |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | Reactivity   |                                 | 1 Slight        |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   | Specific hazard  |                                 | 2 Moderate      |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   |  |                                 | 3 High          |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |
|                                  |   |  |                                 | 4 Extreme       |   |   |            |   |                     |   |                      |  |   |        |   |             |        |                 |            |          |  |  |                 |  |            |  |  |  |  |        |  |  |  |  |           |

**Section 16. Other Information**

|   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| <b>References</b>                                     | <p>Available upon request.</p> <p>* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark</p>  |  |  |
| <b>Glossary</b>                                       | <p>ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</p> <p>ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)</p> <p>ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials (</p> <p>BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days</p> <p>CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code</p> <p>CAS - Chemical Abstract Services</p> <p>CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act</p> <p>CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act</p> <p>CFR - Code of Federal Regulations</p> <p>CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List</p> <p>COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days</p> <p>CPR - Controlled Products Regulations</p> <p>DOT - Department of Transport</p> <p>DSOL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)</p> <p>DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)</p> <p>DSL - Domestic Substance List</p> <p>EEC/EEU - European Economic Community/European Union</p> <p>EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances</p> <p>EPORA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act</p> <p>FDA - Food and Drug Administration</p> <p>FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act</p> <p>HCS - Hazardous Communication System</p> <p>HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System</p> <p>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</p> <p>IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System</p> <p>LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%</p> <p>LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration</p> <p>NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)</p> <p>NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association</p> <p>NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety &amp; Health</p> <p>NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory</p> <p>NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)</p> <p>NTP - National Toxicology Program</p> <p>OSHA - Occupational Safety &amp; Health Administration</p> <p>PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit</p> <p>RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act</p> <p>SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act</p> <p>SD - Single Dose</p> <p>STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)</p> <p>TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)</p> <p>TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration</p> <p>Tm - Median Tolerance Limit</p> <p>TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average</p> <p>TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act</p> <p>USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency</p> <p>USP - United States Pharmacopoeia</p> <p>WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System</p> |  |  |
| <b>For Copy of MSDS</b>                               | <p><b>Fuels &amp; Solvents:</b></p> <p>Western Canada, telephone: 403-296-4158; fax: 403-296-6551</p> <p>Ontario &amp; Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228</p> <p>Quebec &amp; Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-840-8308; fax: 514-840-8385</p>  |  |  |
| <b>For Product Safety Information: (805) 804-4752</b> | <p>Prepared by Product Safety - TAR on 3/2/2001.</p> <p>Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.</p>   |  |  |

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*

**Shell Canada Limited**  
**Material Safety Data Sheet**Effective Date: 2002-08-14  
Supersedes: 2001-01-08Class B2 Flammable  
LiquidClass D2A Other Toxic  
Effects - Carcinogen**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION****PRODUCT: REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE****SYNONYMS:** Automotive Fuel  
Petrol**PRODUCT USE:** Fuel**MSDS Number:** 211-001**MANUFACTURER****Shell Canada Limited**  
P.O. Box 100, Station M  
400-4th Ave. S.W.  
Calgary, AB Canada  
T2P 2H5**TELEPHONE NUMBERS****Shell Emergency Number**

1-800-661-7378

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER**

613-996-6666

For general information:

1-800-661-1600

For MSDS information:

403-691-3982

(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time)

403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

**2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| Component Name    | CAS Number | % Range  | WHMIS Controlled |
|-------------------|------------|----------|------------------|
| Gasoline, Natural | 8006-61-9  | 80 - 100 | Yes              |
| Benzene           | 71-43-2    | <1.5     | Yes              |

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

**3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Physical Description:** Liquid Clear Typical Gasoline Odour**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.



**Hazards:**

Flammable Liquid.  
May cause cancer.  
Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.  
Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.  
May be absorbed by skin contact. Prolonged immersion in liquid may lead to chemical burns.  
Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. The liquid when accidentally aspirated into the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung.  
Excessive exposure to benzene may cause leukemia in man.

**Handling:**

Eliminate all ignition sources.  
Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.  
Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.  
Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.  
Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

**4. FIRST AID**

**Eyes:** Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.

**Notes to Physician:** The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical  
Carbon Dioxide  
Foam  
Water Fog



**Firefighting Instructions:** Extremely flammable. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Do not use water except as a fog. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Extremely flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid all direct contact with this material. Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not use as a cleaning solvent. Never siphon by mouth. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Protect against physical damage to containers.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)

Benzene (skin) : 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Skin Notation: The occupational exposure limit is based on the fact that skin and/or eye is a major route of exposure through absorption.

**Mechanical Ventilation:** Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

**Skin Protection:** Impervious gloves should be worn at all times when handling this product. PVC or nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

**Respiratory Protection:** If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

**9. PHYSICAL DATA**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Physical State:</b>                         | Liquid                                     |
| <b>Appearance:</b>                             | Clear                                      |
| <b>Odour:</b>                                  | Typical Gasoline Odour                     |
| <b>Odour Threshold:</b>                        | <0.25 ppm                                  |
| <b>Freezing/Pour Point:</b>                    | Not available                              |
| <b>Boiling Point:</b>                          | 35 - 220 degrees C                         |
| <b>Density:</b>                                | 720 - 730 kg/m <sup>3</sup> @ 15 degrees C |
| <b>Vapour Density (Air = 1):</b>               | 3.5  |
| <b>Vapour Pressure (absolute):</b>             | Not available                              |
| <b>pH:</b>                                     | Not applicable                             |
| <b>Flash Point:</b>                            | Method Tag Closed Cup -30 degrees C        |
| <b>Lower Explosion Limit:</b>                  | 1.4 % (vol.)                               |
| <b>Upper Explosion Limit:</b>                  | 7.6 % (vol.)                               |
| <b>Autoignition Temperature:</b>               | 280 degrees C                              |
| <b>Viscosity:</b>                              | <1 cSt @ 38 degrees C                      |
| <b>Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):</b>          | Not available                              |
| <b>Partition Coefficient (K<sub>ow</sub>):</b> | 200  |
| <b>Water Solubility:</b>                       | Insoluble                                  |
| <b>Other Solvents:</b>                         | Hydrocarbon Solvents                       |

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

|  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <b>Chemically Stable:</b>              | Yes                            |
| <b>Hazardous Polymerization:</b>       | No                             |
| <b>Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:</b> | No                             |
| <b>Sensitive to Static Discharge:</b>  | Yes                            |
| <b>Incompatible Materials:</b>         | Avoid strong oxidizing agents. |

**Conditions of Reactivity:**

Avoid excessive heat, formation of vapours or mists.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Ingredient (or Product if not specified)**

Gasoline, Natural

Benzene

**Toxicological Data**

LD50 Oral Rat = 18800 mg/kg

LD50 Dermal Rabbit &gt;8000 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Rat = 930 - 5600 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat = 13700 ppm for 4 hours

**Routes of Exposure:**

Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.

**Irritancy:**

Based on testing with similar materials, this product is not expected to be a primary skin irritant after exposure of short duration, would not be a skin sensitizer and would not be irritating to the eye.

**Chronic Effects:**

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions.

**Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:**

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****Environmental Effects:**

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May be harmful to aquatic life. Fish Toxicity: 5 to 40 ppm | 96 hr TLm | Rainbow Trout | Freshwater

**Biodegradability:**

Not readily biodegradable. Potential for bioaccumulation. Rapid volatilization.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

**14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION****Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:**

UN Number

UN1203

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| Proper Shipping Name   | GASOLINE  |
| Hazard Class           | Class 3 Flammable Liquids                         |
| Packing Group          | PG II   |
| Additional Information | Marine Pollutant                                  |
| Shipping Description   | GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II<br>Marine Pollutant |

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>WHMIS Class:</b>             | Class B2 Flammable Liquid<br>Class D2A Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen   |
| <b>DSL/NDSL Status:</b>         | This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory. |
| <b>Other Regulatory Status:</b> | No Canadian federal standards.  |

## 16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### LABEL STATEMENTS

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <b>Hazard Statement :</b>    | Flammable Liquid.<br>May cause cancer.   |
| <b>Handling Statement:</b>   | Eliminate all ignition sources.<br>Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.<br>Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.<br>Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.<br>Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames. |
| <b>First Aid Statement :</b> | Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.<br>Flush eyes with water.<br>If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.<br>Do not induce vomiting.<br>Obtain medical attention.   |
| <b>Revisions:</b>            | This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.<br>Changes have been made to:<br>Section 1<br>Section 2<br>Section 14   |

## PAGE 1

## N/A; not available

|   |  |  |                      |  |            |
|---|--|--|----------------------|--|------------|
| <b>Material Name/Identifier:</b> Diesel Fuel Oil Conditioner                |  | <b>Stock No.</b> 991/992/993/994/995/998   |                      | <b>PAGE 2</b>  |            |
| <b>SECTION VI-TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF PRODUCT</b>                       |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Route of Entry:</b>  |  | -SKIN CONTACT -X-SKIN ABSORPTION -X-EYE CONTACT -X-INHALATION -X-INGESTION   |                      |  |            |
| <b>Effects of Acute Exposure:</b>   |  | May cause slight eye irritation, headaches, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness and central nervous system depression.   |                      |  |            |
| <b>Effects of chronic exposure:</b>   |  | High exposure to dimethylbenzene to some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on developing embryo/fetus. These effects were often at levels toxic to mother. The significance of these findings has not been determined. |                      |  |            |
| <b>LD 50 of Product:</b>  |  | 5gm/kg rat-oral  |                      | <b>LC 50 of Product:</b> >12000 ppm rat-inh.                         |            |
| <b>Irritancy of Product:</b>  |  | skin and eye irritant  |                      | <b>Exposure limits of products:</b> 2-propanol- 400 ppm,             |            |
| <b>Sensitization of Product:</b>  |  | N/A  |                      | ethyl benzene- 100 ppm, xylene- 100 ppm                              |            |
|   |  |  |                      | <b>Toxicologically Synergistic Materials:</b> N/A                    |            |
| <b>-CARCINOGENICITY -REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS -TERATOGENICITY -MUTAGENICITY</b> |  |  |                      |  | none known |
| <b>SECTION VII-PREVENTIVE MEASURES</b>                                      |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Personal Protective Equipment to be used:</b>                            |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Gloves(specify):</b>   |  | Nitrile, viton & polyethylene  |                      | <b>Eye(specify):</b> Chemical safety glasses                         |            |
| <b>Respiratory(specify):</b>  |  | Organic canister mask  |                      | <b>Clothing:</b> Plastic apron <b>Footwear:</b> Oil resistant soles. |            |
| <b>Respiratory Protection:</b>  |  | If used indoors or on a continuous basis, use of cartridge type respirator is recommended  |                      |  |            |
| <b>SECTION VII-PREVENTIVE MEASURES</b>                                      |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Personal Protective Equipment to be used:</b>                            |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Gloves(specify):</b>   |  | Nitrile, viton & polyethylene  |                      | <b>Eye(specify):</b> Chemical safety glasses                         |            |
| <b>Respiratory(specify):</b>  |  | Organic canister mask  |                      | <b>Clothing:</b> Plastic apron <b>Footwear:</b> Oil resistant soles. |            |
| <b>Respiratory Protection:</b>  |  | If used indoors or on a continuous basis, use of cartridge type respirator is recommended  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Handling procedure &amp; Equip.</b>                                      |  | Use spark resistant tools and equipment for transfers.   |                      |  |            |
| <b>Leak and Spill Procedure:</b>  |  | Dyke and contain land spill. Soak residue with natural absorbent.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Waste Disposal:</b>  |  | Incineration or dispose at an approved waste disposal facility.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Storage Requirements:</b>  |  | Keep in a cool place.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>CEPA &amp; DSL</b>   |  | All ingredients in the product are included in the DSL and are exempted from CEPA requirements.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>TDG Classification</b>   |  | 991/992/993 : Consumer Commodity, 994/995/996/998 as follows:<br>Flammable liquids, N.O.S. * (2-propanol/Xylene), Class 3, UN 1993, Pkg.Gr.II  |                      |  |            |
| <b>WHMIS Classification:</b>  |  | 991/992/993 - Consumer Commodity, #994/995/998 - Class B2, D2B & D2A   |                      |  |            |
| <b>SECTION VIII-FIRST AID MEASURES</b>                                      |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Eye:</b>   |  | Flush with water for at least 15 minutes.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Skin:</b>  |  | Wash with soap and water   |                      |  |            |
| <b>Inhalation:</b>  |  | Remove to fresh air and restore breathing if required.   |                      |  |            |
| <b>Ingestion:</b>   |  | Contains petroleum distillate. Do not induce vomiting. Guard against aspiration into lungs.  |                      |  |            |
| <b>SECTION IX-PREPARATION DATE OF M.S.D.S.</b>                              |  |  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Additional Info/Comments:</b>  |  | Sources Used: NOISH Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Shell Data  |                      |  |            |
| <b>Phone Number:</b>  |  | (905) 793-4311   |                      | <b>Prepared By:</b> Quality Control Laboratory                       |            |
| <b>Date:</b>  |  | March 3rd. 2003  |                      | Klean-Flo Tumbler Industries Limited                                 |            |
| <b>THIS SHEET SUPERSEDES ANY OTHER M.S.D.S. PREVIOUSLY PREPARED</b>         |  |  |                      |  |            |
| N/A: not available  |  |  | N/E: not established |  |            |

**Shell Canada Limited**  
**Material Safety Data Sheet**Effective Date: 2002-08-14  
Supersedes: 2001-01-08Class B2 Flammable  
LiquidClass D2B Other Toxic  
Effects - Skin IrritantClass D2A Other Toxic  
Effects - Carcinogen**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT: **SHELL JET B**  
SYNONYMS: WIDE BOILING RANGE AVIATION TURBINE FUEL  
PRODUCT USE: Fuel  
MSDS Number: 141-012

**MANUFACTURER**  
**Shell Canada Limited**  
P.O. Box 100, Station M  
400-4th Ave. S.W.  
Calgary, AB Canada  
T2P 2H5

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS**  
**Shell Emergency Number** 1-800-661-7378  
**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 613-996-6666  
  
For general information: 1-800-661-1600  
For MSDS information: 403-691-3982  
(From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time) 403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Material Safety Section of Shell Canada Limited.

\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

**2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

| Component Name                              | CAS Number | %<br>Range | WHMIS Controlled | CBI Claim No.<br>CBI Date |
|---|------------|------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Naphtha (Petroleum), Full-range<br>Reformed | 68919-37-9 | >95        | Yes              |                           |
| Benzene                                     | 71-43-2    | 0.5 - 1.5  | Yes              |                           |

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

**3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**Physical Description:** Liquid Bright Clear Typical Gasoline Odour



|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Routes of Exposure:</b> | Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.  |
| <b>Hazards:</b>            | Flammable Liquid.<br>Irritating to skin.<br>Contains Benzene.<br>May cause cancer.<br>Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.<br>Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. The liquid when accidentally aspirated into the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung.<br>Excessive exposure to benzene may cause leukemia in man. |
| <b>Handling:</b>           | Eliminate all ignition sources.<br>Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.<br>Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.<br>Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.<br>Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.                  |

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Eyes</b>               | Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.  |
| <b>Skin</b>               | Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.  |
| <b>Ingestion</b>          | DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.<br>Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.   |
| <b>Inhalation</b>         | Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain medical attention.   |
| <b>Notes to Physician</b> | The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered. |

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Extinguishing Media</b> | Dry Chemical<br>Carbon Dioxide<br>Foam<br>Water Fog |
|----------------------------|---|

|                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Firefighting Instructions</b>     | Extremely flammable. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not use water except as a fog. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Always stay away from ends of containers due to explosive potential. Fight fire from maximum distance. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. |
| <b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b> | A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.  |

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Saturated clothing should be immediately removed to avoid flammability hazard. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. For large spills remove by mechanical means and place in containers. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>Handling:</b> | Extremely flammable. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Never siphon by mouth. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene. |
| <b>Storage:</b>  | Use explosion-proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation. Keep container tightly closed.  |

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON

**THE CONDITIONS OF USE.**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Occupational Exposure Limits (2000) :</b> | North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.<br>Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)<br>Benzene (skin) : 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)  |
| <b>Mechanical Ventilation:</b>               | Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. |

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Eye Protection:</b>         | Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.  |
| <b>Skin Protection:</b>        | Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.  |
| <b>Respiratory Protection:</b> | If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode. |

**9. PHYSICAL DATA**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Physical State:</b>                         | Liquid                                     |
| <b>Appearance:</b>                             | Bright Clear                               |
| <b>Odour:</b>                                  | Typical Gasoline Odour                     |
| <b>Odour Threshold:</b>                        | Not available                              |
| <b>Freezing/Pour Point:</b>                    | <-51 degrees C                             |
| <b>Boiling Point:</b>                          | 60 - 270 degrees C                         |
| <b>Density:</b>                                | 750 - 801 kg/m <sup>3</sup> @ 15 degrees C |
| <b>Vapour Density (Air = 1):</b>               | Not available                              |
| <b>Vapour Pressure:</b>                        | >42 mm Hg @ 38 degrees C                   |
| <b>Specific Gravity (Water = 1):</b>           | 0.000                                      |
| <b>pH:</b>                                     | Not applicable                             |
| <b>Flash Point:</b>                            | Method Tag Closed Cup = -23 - 1 degrees C  |
| <b>Lower Explosion Limit:</b>                  | 1.4 % (vol.)                               |
| <b>Upper Explosion Limit:</b>                  | 7.6 % (vol.)                               |
| <b>Autoignition Temperature:</b>               | Not available                              |
| <b>Viscosity:</b>                              | Not available                              |
| <b>Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):</b>          | Not available                              |
| <b>Partition Coefficient (K<sub>ow</sub>):</b> | Not available                              |
| <b>Water Solubility:</b>                       | Insoluble                                  |
| <b>Other Solvents:</b>                         | Hydrocarbon Solvents                       |

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Chemically Stable:</b>                | Yes   |
| <b>Hazardous Polymerization:</b>         | No  |
| <b>Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:</b>   | No  |
| <b>Sensitive to Static Discharge:</b>    | Yes   |
| <b>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</b> | Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions. |
| <b>Incompatible Materials:</b>           | Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.                         |
| <b>Conditions of Reactivity:</b>         | Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.                   |

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

| <b>Ingredient (or Product if not specified)</b> | <b>Toxicological Data</b>   |
|---|---|
| Naphtha (Petroleum), Full-range Reformed        | LD50 Oral Rat >28 mL/kg   |
| Benzene   | LD50 Oral Rat = 930 - 5600 mg/kg<br>LC50 Inhalation Rat = 13700 ppm for 4 hours   |
| <b>Routes of Exposure:</b>                      | Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye contact.  |
| <b>Irritancy:</b>                               | This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin sensitizer.   |
| <b>Chronic Effects:</b>                         | Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions. |
| <b>Pre-existing Conditions:</b>                 | Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.   |
| <b>Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:</b>        | This product contains benzene. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes. Carcinogenic hazard.   |

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Environmental Effects</b> | Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May be harmful to aquatic life. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. |
| <b>Biodegradability</b>      | Not readily biodegradable. Potential for bioaccumulation.   |

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

### Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| UN/NA Number         | UN1863  |
| Proper Shipping Name | FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE                      |
| Hazard Class         | Class 3 Flammable Liquids                           |
| Packing Group        | PG II   |
| Shipping Description | FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE Class 3 UN1863 PG II |

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| WHMIS Class:             | Class B2 Flammable Liquid<br>Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant<br>Class D2A Other Toxic Effects - Carcinogen  |
| DSL/NDL Status:          | This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory. |
| Other Regulatory Status: | No Canadian federal standards.  |

## 16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### LABEL STATEMENTS

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Hazard Statement :  | Flammable Liquid.<br>Irritating to skin.<br>Contains Benzene.<br>May cause cancer.   |
| Handling Statement: | Eliminate all ignition sources.<br>Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.<br>Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.<br>Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.<br>Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames. |

**First Aid Statement :** Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.  
Flush eyes with water.  
If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.  
Do not induce vomiting.  
Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This revision reflects the change of name from Shell Canada Products Limited to Shell Canada Products.  
This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.  
Changes have been made to:  
Section 14