










# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
 	<b>B-3, D-2B</b>	   	

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>DIESEL FUEL</b>	<b>Code</b>	W104, W293 SAP: 120, 121, 122, 287
<b>Synonym</b>	Diesel 50, Diesel 50 LS, #1 Diesel, #1 Diesel LS, Diesel LC, Seasonal Diesel, Seasonal Diesel LS, Diesel AA, Domestic Marine Diesel, International marine Diesel, Seasonal Diesel Locomotive, Domestic Marine diesel LS, diesel -20°C (LS), LSD, Low Sulphur Diesel, dyed diesel, marked diesel, coloured diesel, Naval Distillate, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULS Diesel, Mining Diesel, Mining Diesel Special, Mining Diesel Special LS, High Flash Mining Diesel, Furnace Oil, Stove Oil.	<b>Validated on</b>	8/17/2005.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	<b>In case of Emergency</b>	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
<b>Material Uses</b>	Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining Diesel has a higher flash point requirement, for safe use in underground mines.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Diesel oil.	68334-30-5	>99.9	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as total hydrocarbons) *	Not established	Not established
Proprietary additives.	Not available	<0.1	Not established	Not established	Not established
Aromatic content is 50% maximum (benzene: nil). Sulphur content is 0-0.50%.					
<b>Manufacturer Recommendation</b>	* Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.				
<b>Other Exposure Limits</b>	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

<b>Potential Health Effects</b>	Combustible liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical resistant protective clothing if necessary. Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 15 minutes or until chemical is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watch bands, belts, etc.). Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.

**Ingestion** NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.

**Note to Physician** Not available

### Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

<b>Flammability</b>	Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	LOWER: 0.7%, UPPER: 6% (NFPA)
<b>Flash Points</b>	Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >40°C (>104°F) Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >60°C (>140°F) Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: 52°C (126°F)	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	225°C (437°F)
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, or heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur compounds (H <sub>2</sub> S), water vapour (H <sub>2</sub> O), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion. See Section 11 (Other Considerations) for information regarding the toxicity of the combustion products.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	<p>NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</p> <p>If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p> <p>SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.</p> <p>Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p>		

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8).
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

**Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)
<b>Respiratory</b>	A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Bright oily liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)
<b>Colour</b>	Clear to yellow / brown (may be dyed for taxation purposes).	<b>Pour Point</b>	Variable, -50°C to 0°C (-58°F to -32°F)
<b>Odour</b>	Petroleum oil like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	150 - 371°C (302-700°F)	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.80 - 0.85 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	4.5 (Air = 1)	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	Not available	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Semivolatile to volatile.	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity**

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Not available		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, H2O, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 7500 mg/kg (rat).
<b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b>	
Dermal Route:	This product contains a component (at >= 1%) that can cause skin irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. (See Other Considerations)
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	This product contains a component (at $\geq 1\%$ ) that can cause eye irritation. Therefore, this product is considered to be an eye irritant.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A3: animal carcinogen. [Diesel oil] (See Other Considerations)
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
<b>Other Considerations</b>	Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.  Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

### Section 12. Ecological Information

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available
<b>Additional Remarks</b> No additional remark.			

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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### Section 14. Transport Information

<b>TDG Classification</b>	DIESEL FUEL, 3, UN1202, PGIII (CL-TDG)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
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### Section 15. Regulatory Information

<b>Other Regulations</b>	<p>This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).</p> <p>All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.</p> <p>All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).</p> <p>This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.</p>
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Please contact Product Safety for more information.

**DSD/DPD (Europe)** Not evaluated.

**HCS (U.S.A.)**

CLASS: Irritating substance.  
CLASS: Target organ effects.  
CLASS: Combustible liquid having a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).

**ADR (Europe)  
(Pictograms)**

NOT EVALUATED FOR  
EUROPEAN TRANSPORT

NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE  
TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.

**DOT (U.S.A)  
(Pictograms)**

Not evaluated for transport

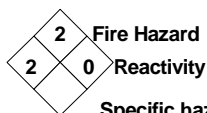
Non évalué pour le transport

**HMIS (U.S.A.)**

Health Hazard	2*
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	H

**NFPA (U.S.A.)**

Health



Fire Hazard

Rating 0 Insignificant

1 Slight

2 Moderate

3 High

4 Extreme

Specific hazard

## Section 16. Other Information

### References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

### Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)  
ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials  
BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days  
CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code  
CAS - Chemical Abstract Services  
CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act  
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act  
CFR - Code of Federal Regulations  
CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List  
CNS - Central Nervous System  
COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days  
CPR - Controlled Products Regulations  
DOT - Department of Transport  
DSCCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)  
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)  
DSL - Domestic Substance List  
EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union  
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EPA - Environmental Protection Agency  
EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act  
FDA - Food and Drug Administration  
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act  
HCS - Hazard Communication Standard  
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System  
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System  
LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%  
LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration  
NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)  
NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association  
NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health  
NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory  
NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)  
NTP - National Toxicology Program  
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration  
PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit  
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances  
SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act  
SD - Single Dose  
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)  
TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)  
TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration  
TLm - Median Tolerance Limit  
TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average  
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act  
USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency  
USP - United States Pharmacopoeia  
WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

### For Copy of MSDS

Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752








Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 8/17/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*



# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
 	<b>B-3, D-2B, (D-2A)* (See Section 15)</b>	   	

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL</b>	<b>Code</b>	W213, SAP: 149
<b>Synonym</b>	Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8; NATO F-34; Jet F-34; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB-3.32)	<b>Validated on</b>	11/8/2004.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	<b>In case of Emergency</b>	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
<b>Material Uses</b>	Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel and heating oil.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C9-C16)**(Kerosene) **Aromatic content is 25% maximum (benzene: nil).	8008-20-6	99.9	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (***)	Not established	Not established
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added*): Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	≤0.15	Not established	Not established	Not established
Anti-static, antioxidant and metal deactivator additives. *Please note that Jet A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor.	Not applicable	<0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>Manufacturer Recommendation</b>	***Application of this TLV is restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.				
<b>Other Exposure Limits</b>	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

<b>Potential Health Effects</b>	Combustible liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity. Contact with this product may cause skin irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-30 minutes, by the clock, while holding the eyelid(s) open.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek medical attention.
<b>Note to Physician</b>	Not available

**Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures**

<b>Flammability</b>	Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Lower: 0.7% Upper: 5%
<b>Flash Points</b>	Closed cup: >38°C (100.4°F). (Tag. Closed Cup)	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	210°C (410°F)
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	<p>NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</p> <p>If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p> <p>SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.</p> <p>Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p>		

**Section 6. Accidental Release Measures**

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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**Section 7. Handling and Storage**

<b>Handling</b>	COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

**Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information).

**Respiratory** A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hands** If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

**Feet** Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	1.0-1.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)
<b>Colour</b>	Clear and colourless.	<b>Pour Point</b>	<-51°C (<-60°F)
<b>Odour</b>	Kerosene-like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	150 to 300°C (302 to 572°F)	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.8 to 0.82 (Water = 1)	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	4.5 (Air = 1)	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	0.7 kPa at 20°C (5.25 mm Hg @ 68°C)	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Low than gasoline.	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible in other petroleum solvents.

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Not available		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents, nitric acid, chlorosulfonic acid and calcium hypochlorite.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	<p><b>Kerosene</b>            Acute oral toxicity (LD50): &gt;5000 mg/kg (rat).            Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): &gt;2000 mg/kg (rabbit).            Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): &gt;5000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4h (rat).</p> <p><b>Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether</b>            Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4140-5180 mg/kg (rat).            Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): &gt;2000 mg/kg (rabbit).            Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): &gt;50000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4h (rat).</p>
<b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b>	<p><b>Dermal Route:</b> This product contains a component (at &gt;= 1%) that can cause skin irritation (Kerosene, CASRN 8008-20-6). Therefore, this product is considered to be a skin irritant.</p> <p><b>Inhalation Route:</b> Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; headache, nausea, dizziness, light-headedness and vomiting.</p> <p><b>Oral Route:</b> Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure.</p> <p><b>Eye Irritation/Inflammation:</b> Eye contact causes irritation.</p> <p><b>Immunotoxicity:</b> Not available</p> <p><b>Skin Sensitization:</b> Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.</p> <p><b>Respiratory Tract Sensitization:</b> Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.</p>



Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product contains a component(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in laboratory tests (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether, CASRN 111-77-3). Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to human (Kerosene, CASRN 8008-20-6)
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	IARC Group 3: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen (Kerosene, CASRN 8008-20-6).
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
<b>Other Considerations</b>	Chronic exposure to some of the hazardous components of this product may result in damage to the following organs and/or systems: kidney.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available
<b>Additional Remarks</b> No additional remark.			

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations


<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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### Section 14. Transport Information

<b>TDG Classification</b>	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, 3, UN1863, PGII (CL-TDG)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
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### Section 15. Regulatory Information

<b>Other Regulations</b>	<p>This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).</p> <p><b>The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3, D2B.</b>  <b>The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A, D2B.</b></p> <p>All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.</p> <p>All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).</p> <p>This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.</p> <p>Please contact Product Safety for more information.</p>		
<b>DSD/DPD (Europe)</b>	Not evaluated.	<b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>	<p>CLASS: Combustible liquid having a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).</p> <p>CLASS: Irritating material.</p> <p>Target Organ Effects* (Only applies to: Jet A/A-1-D1, JP8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34)</p>

ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)		NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)																		
HMIS (U.S.A.)		<table><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>(2/2*)</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>(2)</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>(0)</td></tr><tr><td>Personal Protection</td><td>(H)</td></tr></table>		Health Hazard	(2/2*)	Fire Hazard	(2)	Reactivity	(0)	Personal Protection	(H)	NFPA (U.S.A.)		<table><tr><td rowspan="3">Health</td><td>2</td><td>Fire Hazard</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>0 Reactivity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specific hazard</td></tr></table>		Health	2	Fire Hazard	2	0 Reactivity		Specific hazard
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Reactivity	(0)																					
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				Rating		<table><tr><td>0</td><td>Insignificant</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Slight</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Moderate</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>High</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Extreme</td></tr></table>		0	Insignificant	1	Slight	2	Moderate	3	High	4	Extreme					
0	Insignificant																					
1	Slight																					
2	Moderate																					
3	High																					
4	Extreme																					

**Section 16. Other Information**

**References** Available upon request.  
\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

**Glossary**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List CNS - Central Nervous System COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPA - Environmental Protection Agency EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act FDA - Food and Drug Administration FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer	IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration TLm - Median Tolerance Limit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency USP - United States Pharmacopoeia WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
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**For Copy of MSDS**Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752




Prepared by Product Safety - TLM on 11/8/2004.

Data entry by Product Safety - RS.

***To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.***



# Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS (U.S.A.)	Rating	Protective Clothing	DOT (pictograms)
	Health Hazard (2*) Fire Hazard (3) Reactivity (0) Personal Protection (H)	0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme		

## Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Code	W219 SAP: 150, 151, 152
Synonym	Jet B; Jet B DI; JP-4; Jet F-40; NATO F-40; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Wide Cut Type (CAN/CGSB-3.22).	DSL	See Section 15
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	TSCA	See Section 15
Material Uses	Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor.	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

## Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C6-C14).	64741-41-9	>99	Not established	Not established	Not established
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.5	0.5 ppm	2.5 ppm	Not established
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added*): Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	≤0.15	Not established	Not established	Not established
Anti-static, antioxidant, corrosion inhibitor and metal deactivator additives. * Please note that Jet B DI, JP-4, Jet F-40 and NATO F-40 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII).corrosion inhibitor	Not applicable	<0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable				
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section III. Hazards Identification.

Potential Health Effects	Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Skin and eye contact can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapours can cause irritation of the respiratory tract and CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconsciousness and possibly death. Aspiration into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. May cause cancer. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.

**Ingestion** NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water.

**Note to Physician** Not available

### Section V. Fire-fighting Measures

<b>Flammability</b>	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 8% (NFPA)
<b>Flash Points</b>	CLOSED CUP: -31°C (-24°F) (NFPA)	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	240°C (464°F) (NFPA)
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	<p>NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</p> <p>If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p> <p>SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.</p> <p>Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p>		

### Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section VII. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

**Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information).
<b>Respiratory</b>	A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available (similar to gasoline)
<b>Colour</b>	Clear and colourless.	<b>Pour Point</b>	Freezing Point: <-51°C (<-60°F) for Jet B/Jet B DI; <-58°C (<-72°F) for Jet Fuel F-40.
<b>Odour</b>	Gasoline like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	50 to 270°C (122 to 518°F)	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.75 to 0.80 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coeff.</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	3.5 (Air = 1)	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	21 kPa (158 mmHg) @ 37.8°C (100°F).	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Volatile.	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible in other petroleum solvents.

**Section X. Stability and Reactivity**

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Not available		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Can react with strong oxidizing agents, uranium hexafluoride, diborane. Incompatible with halogens and halogen compounds.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

**Section XI. Toxicological Information**

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of the ingredients is provided below:  <b>Based on toxicity of similar product.</b> Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m³/4h (rat).  <b>Benzene</b> Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 930 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >9400 mg/kg (rabbit).

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): 13200 ppm/4h (rat).

**Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether**

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4140-5180 mg/kg (rat).

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >50000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>/4h (rat).

**Chronic or Other Toxic Effects**

Dermal Route:	Skin contact can cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs).
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Benzene is tumorigenic by RTECS criteria.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product contains a component(s) at >= 0.1% that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in laboratory tests. Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin [Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether].
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A1: confirmed human carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	IARC Group 1: carcinogenic to Humans. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	NTP Group 1: known to be a carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	EPA/IRIS Class A: human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Benzene is an OSHA known carcinogen.

**Other Considerations** No additional remark.

**Section XII. Ecological Information**

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available
<b>Additional Remarks</b>	No additional remark.		

**Section XIII. Disposal Considerations**

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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**Section XIV. Transport Information**

<b>DOT Classification</b>	Fuel, aviation, turbine engine; UN 1863, 3, PG II	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	Not applicable.
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**Section XV. Regulatory Information**

<b>Other Regulations</b>	<p>This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).</p> <p>All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.</p> <p>All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).</p> <p>This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations</p>
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(CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Please contact Product Safety for more information.

**DSD/DPD (EEC)**

Not evaluated.

**WHMIS (Canada)** B-2, D-2A, D-2B

**ADR (Europe)  
(Pictograms)**

NOT EVALUATED FOR  
EUROPEAN TRANSPORT

NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE  
TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN

**TDG (Canada)  
(Pictograms)****Section XVI. Other Information****References**

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

**Glossary**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System
ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)	LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%
ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials	LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration
BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days	NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)
CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code	NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association
CAS - Chemical Abstract Services	NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act	NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act	NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)
CFR - Code of Federal Regulations	NTP - National Toxicology Program
CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List	OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration
CNS - Central Nervous System	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days	RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
CPR - Controlled Products Regulations	RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
DOT - Department of Transport	SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act
DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)	SD - Single Dose
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)	STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)
DSL - Domestic Substance List	TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)
EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union	TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	TLm - Median Tolerance Limit
EPA - Environmental Protection Agency	TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average
EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act	TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act
FDA - Food and Drug Administration	USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act	USP - United States Pharmacopoeia
HCS - Hazard Communication Standard	WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System	
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**Fuels & Solvents:**

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Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752








Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/8/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*



# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
 	<b>B-2, D-2A, D-2B</b>	   	

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>GASOLINE, UNLEADED</b>	<b>Code</b>	W102E
<b>Synonym</b>	Regular, Unleaded Gasoline (US Grade), Mid-Grade, Plus, Super, WinterGas, SummerGas, Supreme, SuperClean WinterGas, RegularClean, PlusClean, Premium, marked or dyed gasoline, Super Premium (94 RO)	<b>Validated on</b>	7/4/2005.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	<b>In case of Emergency</b>	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
<b>Material Uses</b>	Unleaded gasoline is used in spark ignition engines including motor vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines such as chain saws and lawn mowers, and recreational vehicles.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Gasoline	8006-61-9	85-100	300 ppm	500 ppm	Not established
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	0-15	50 ppm	Not established	Not established
Benzene	71-43-2	<1.5	0.5 ppm	2.5 ppm	Not established
Note: Petro-Canada does not use MTBE in the manufacturing of its gasoline, however MTBE can be introduced from time to time through the use of external gasoline blendstocks.					
<b>Manufacturer Recommendation</b>	Not applicable				
<b>Other Exposure Limits</b>	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

<b>Potential Health Effects</b>	Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. May cause cancer. May cause heritable genetic effects (mutagenicity). This product contains an ingredient or ingredients, which have been shown to cause chronic toxic effects. Contact with this product may cause skin and eye irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death. Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical resistant protective clothing if necessary. Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water and non-abrasive soap for 20 minutes or until chemical is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watch bands, belts, etc.). Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.



<b>Inhalation</b>	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment). If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Immediately transport victim to an emergency care facility.
<b>Ingestion</b>	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration (AR) or, if the heart has stopped, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Quickly transport victim to an emergency care facility.
<b>Note to Physician</b>	Not available

### Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

<b>Flammability</b>	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Lower: 1.3%; Upper: 7.6% (NFPA).
<b>Flash Points</b>	Closed Cup: -50 to -38°C (-58 to -36°F), ASTM D56 Standard Test Method for Flash Point by Tag Closed Tester.	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	257°C (495°F) (NFPA).
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, phenols, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.  See Section 11 (Other Considerations) for information regarding the toxicity of the combustion products.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	NAERG2004 GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray or regular foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.		

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate area. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Ground and bond all equipment used to clean up the spilled material, as it may be a static accumulator. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Do not ingest this product.
<b>Storage</b>	Store as flammable material. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Avoid direct sunlight.

**Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)
<b>Respiratory</b>	A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available
<b>Colour</b>	Clear to slightly yellow, undyed liquid. May be dyed red for taxation purposes.	<b>Pour Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour</b>	Gasoline. MTBE has a terpene-like odour.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Less than 1 ppm.	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	25 to 220°C (77 to 428°F) Initial boiling point by ASTM D86 Standard Test Method.	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.685 - 0.80 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	3 to 4 (Air = 1) (NFPA).	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	<107 kPa @ 37.8°C (100°F)	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Volatile.	<b>Solubility</b>	Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Soluble in alcohol, ether, chloroform, and benzene. Dissolves fats, oils and natural resins.

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity**

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Non corrosive.		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, interhalogens and uranium hexafluoride.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release COx, NOx, phenols, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, acrid smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	<p><u>Gasoline (8006-61-9):</u>  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 13600 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): &gt;5000 mg/kg (rabbit)</p> <p><u>MTBE (1634-04-4):</u>  Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 2963 mg/kg (rat)  Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): &gt;6800 mg/kg (rabbit)  Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 23576 ppm/4h (rat)</p>

Benzene (71-43-2):

Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): 930 mg/kg (rat)

Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): &gt;9400 mg/kg (rabbit)

Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): 13229 ppm/4h (rat)

**Chronic or Other Toxic Effects**

Dermal Route:	Contact may cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Contact may cause eye irritation.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product contains a component(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that has been shown to cause mutagenicity in laboratory tests. Therefore, this product is considered to be a mutagen. (Benzene)
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product contains the following chemical(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that are listed as carcinogenic compounds. Therefore this product is considered to be carcinogenic. [Considered to be A1 by the ACGIH. Benzene (71-43-2)] [Considered to be A3 by the ACGIH. Gasoline (8006-61-9), MTBE (1634-04-4)]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product contains the following chemical(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that are listed as carcinogenic compounds. Therefore this product is considered to be carcinogenic. [Considered to be carcinogenic to humans (group 1) by IARC. Benzene (71-43-2)] [Considered to be carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) by IARC. Gasoline (8006-61-9)]
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product contains the following chemical(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that are listed as carcinogenic compounds. Therefore this product is considered to be carcinogenic. [Known to be a human carcinogen according to NTP. Benzene (71-43-2)]
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product contains the following chemical(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that are listed as carcinogenic compounds. Therefore this product is considered to be carcinogenic. [Considered to be carcinogenic by IRIS. Benzene (71-43-2)]
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product contains the following chemical(s) at $\geq 0.1\%$ that are listed as carcinogenic compounds. Therefore this product is considered to be carcinogenic. [Considered to be carcinogenic by OSHA. Benzene (71-43-2)]
<b>Other Considerations</b>	Gasoline engine exhaust is possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B).

**Section 12. Ecological Information**

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available
<b>Additional Remarks</b>	No additional remark.		

**Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

**Waste Disposal** Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.

**Section 14. Transport Information**

<b>TDG Classification</b> GASOLINE, 3, UN1203, PGII (CL-TDG)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b> See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.
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**Section 15. Regulatory Information**


**Other Regulations** This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).

All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.

All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

Please contact Product Safety for more information.

<b>DSD/DPD (Europe)</b> Not evaluated.		<b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>  CLASS: Contains material which may cause cancer. CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects.	
<b>ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)</b>  NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		<b>DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)</b>  Not evaluated for transport  Non évalué pour le transport	
<b>HMIS (U.S.A.)</b>	<b>Health Hazard</b> (2*)	<b>NFPA (U.S.A.)</b>  Health 	<b>Fire Hazard</b> Rating 0 Insignificant
	<b>Fire Hazard</b> (3)		1 Slight
	<b>Reactivity</b> (0)		2 Moderate
	<b>Personal Protection</b> (H)		3 High
			4 Extreme
		<b>Specific hazard</b>	

**Section 16. Other Information**

**References** Available upon request.  
\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

**Glossary**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System
ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)	LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%
ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials	LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration
BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days	NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)
CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code	NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association
CAS - Chemical Abstract Services	NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act	NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory
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HCS - Hazard Communication Standard	WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System	

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

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Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 7/4/2005.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

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# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled		

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>PETRO-CANADA SUPREME 5W-30, 10W-30, 10W-40, 20W-50 MOTOR OIL</b>	<b>Code</b>	410-344, MOSP53 410-341, MOSP13 410-342, MOSP14 410-343, MOSP25
<b>Synonym</b>	Not available.	<b>Validated on</b>	8/31/2004.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	<b>In case of Emergency</b>	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
<b>Material Uses</b>	Supreme is designed for the lubrication of all gasoline, propane and CNG engines where the manufacturer recommends the use of API SM quality oils. SAE 5W-30 and 10W-30 grades also meet the requirements of ILSAC GF-4.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	Not established
<b>Manufacturer Recommendation</b>	Not applicable				
<b>Other Exposure Limits</b>	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

<b>Potential Health Effects</b>	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
<b>Ingestion</b>	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water. Obtain medical attention.
<b>Note to Physician</b>	Not available

### Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

<b>Flammability</b>	May be combustible at high temperature.	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash Points</b>	OPEN CUP: $\geq 200^{\circ}\text{C}$ ( $392^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) (Cleveland)	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	Not available
<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), calcium oxides (CaO <sub>x</sub> ), phosphorus compounds (PO <sub>x</sub> ), zinc oxides, boron oxides and molybdenum, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO <sub>2</sub> . LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.		

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)
<b>Respiratory</b>	A minimum of NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Viscous liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	5W-30: 62.3 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.6 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=160 10W-30: 67.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.5 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=143 10W-40: 97.2 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 14.1 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=143 20W-50: 170 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 19.0 cSt @ 100°C (212°F). VI=127
<b>Colour</b>	Light amber.	<b>Pour Point</b>	5W-30: -36°C (-33°F) 10W-30: -36°C (-33°F) 10W-40: -30°C (-22°F) 20W-50: -24°C (-11°F)
<b>Odour</b>	Mild petroleum oil like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available.	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available.	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.8566 - 0.8775 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour Density</b>	Not available.	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Non-volatile	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water.

### Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Copper corrosion, 3h, 121°C (ASTM D0130): 1a		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release CO <sub>x</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> S, methacrylate monomers, alkyl mercaptans, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

### Section 11. Toxicological Information

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.		
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4h (rat).		
<b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b>			
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.		



Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at $\geq 0.1\%$ that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
<b>Other Considerations</b>	No additional remark.

### Section 12. Ecological Information

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available.	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available.
<b>Additional Remarks</b>	No additional remark.		


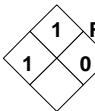
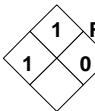
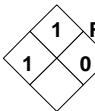
### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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### Section 14. Transport Information

<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	Not applicable.
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### Section 15. Regulatory Information

<b>Other Regulations</b>		This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).																				
		All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.																				
		All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).																				
		This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.																				
		Please contact Product Safety for more information.																				
<b>DSD/DPD (Europe)</b>		Not evaluated.		<b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>	Does not meet the definitions of a health or physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)																	
<b>ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)</b>		NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		<b>DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)</b>																		
<b>HMIS (U.S.A.)</b>		<table border="1"><tr><td>Health Hazard</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Fire Hazard</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Reactivity</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>Personal Protection</td><td>B</td></tr></table>		Health Hazard	1	Fire Hazard	1	Reactivity	0	Personal Protection	B	<table><tr><td><b>NFPA (U.S.A.)</b></td><td></td><td>Fire Hazard</td></tr><tr><td>Health</td><td>1</td><td>Reactivity</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>Specific hazard</td></tr></table>		<b>NFPA (U.S.A.)</b>		Fire Hazard	Health	1	Reactivity			Specific hazard
Health Hazard	1																					
Fire Hazard	1																					
Reactivity	0																					
Personal Protection	B																					
<b>NFPA (U.S.A.)</b>		Fire Hazard																				
Health	1	Reactivity																				
		Specific hazard																				
				<b>Rating</b>	0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme																	

## Section 16. Other Information

### References

Available upon request.

\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

### Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)  
ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials  
BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days  
CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code  
CAS - Chemical Abstract Services  
CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act  
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act  
CFR - Code of Federal Regulations  
CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List  
COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days  
CPR - Controlled Products Regulations  
DOT - Department of Transport  
DSCl - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)  
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)  
DSL - Domestic Substance List  
EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union  
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act  
FDA - Food and Drug Administration  
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act  
HCS - Hazard Communication Standard  
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System  
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System  
LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%  
LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration  
NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996)  
NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association  
NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health  
NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory  
NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)  
NTP - National Toxicology Program  
OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration  
PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit  
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act  
SD - Single Dose  
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)  
TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)  
TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration  
TlM - Median Tolerance Limit  
TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average  
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act  
USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency  
USP - United States Pharmacopoeia  
WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

### For Copy of MSDS

**The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:**

Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca](http://www.petro-canada.ca)

#### Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - TLM on 8/31/2004.

Data entry by Product Safety - RS.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*



# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled		

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	<b>DURON 15W-40 HEAVY DUTY ENGINE OIL</b>	Code	420-053, DUR15
Synonym	Not available	Validated on	5/9/2006.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
Material Uses	DURON* 15W-40 engine oil may be used in a wide range of compression and spark ignition engines in mobile and stationary equipment where this viscosity grade is recommended. The product may also be used in many types of wet clutch transmissions and hydraulic systems.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable				
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

Potential Health Effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical attention immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
Inhalation	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water. Obtain medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

## Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available
Flash Points	Open cup: 227°C (440.6°F) [Cleveland.]	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Fire Point: 247°C (476.6°F)

<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), calcium oxides (CaO <sub>x</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	NAERG2004, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO <sub>2</sub> . LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.		

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
<b>Storage</b>	Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - <i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)
<b>Respiratory</b>	A minimum of NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Viscous liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	117 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 15.4 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=139
<b>Colour</b>	Light amber.	<b>Pour Point</b>	-45°C (-49°F)
<b>Odour</b>	Mild petroleum oil like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available.	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable
<b>Density</b>	0.8756 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	Not available	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Not available	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water.

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity**

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Copper corrosion, 3h, 100°C (ASTM D0130): 1a		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, halogens and halogen compounds.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	May release COx, SOx, NOx, SiOx, H2S, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below: Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /4h (rat)		
<b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b>			
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.		
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.		
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.		
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.		
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.		

Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
<b>Other Considerations</b>	No additional remark.

**Section 12. Ecological Information**

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available
<b>Additional Remarks</b> No additional remark.			

**Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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**Section 14. Transport Information**

<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	Not applicable.
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**Section 15. Regulatory Information**

<b>Other Regulations</b>	<p>This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).</p> <p>All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.</p> <p>All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) or the European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS).</p> <p>This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.</p> <p>Please contact Product Safety for more information.</p>																													
<b>DSD/DPD (Europe)</b>	Not classified under the Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives.		<b>HCS (U.S.A.)</b>	Does not meet the definitions of a health or physical hazard according to the OSHA - Hazard Communication Standard. (United States)																										
<b>ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)</b>	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT  NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.		<b>DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)</b>	Not evaluated for transport  Non évalué pour le transport																										
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**Section 16. Other Information**

<b>References</b>	Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark
<b>Glossary</b>	

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	HCS - Hazardous Communication System
ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe)	HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System
ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days	IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System
CAS - Chemical Abstract Services	LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%
CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act	LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act	NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association
CFR - Code of Federal Regulations	NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CHIP - Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List	NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory
COD - Chemical Oxygen Demand	NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)
CPR - Controlled Products Regulations	NTP - National Toxicology Program
DOT - Department of Transportation (U.S.A.)	OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration
DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substance or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)	RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
DSL - Domestic Substance List (Canada)	SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act
EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union	STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)
EPCRA - Emergency Planning And Community Right-To-Know Act	TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration
FDA - Food and Drug Administration	TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act	TLm - Median Tolerance Limit
	TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act
	USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency
	USP - United States Pharmacopoeia
	WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

**For Copy of MSDS**

**The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:**

**Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)**

**Lubricants:**

**Western Canada, telephone: (001) 1-800-661-1199; fax: (001) (780) 464-9564**

**Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: (001) 1-800-268-5850 and (001) (905) 822-4222; fax: (001) 1-800-201-6285**

**Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: (001) 1-800-576-1686; fax: (001) 1-800-201-6285**

**For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752**

**Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 5/9/2006.**

**Data entry by Product Safety - DSR.**

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: **Diversity Technologies Corp.** DATE: Jan. 3, 2006  
**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 604-940-6050  
**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 604-940-6080

PRODUCT NAME: **550X POLYMER**

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.  
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Anionic water soluble polymer CAS#: Not available

## WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not a controlled product under WHMIS  
WORKPLACE HAZARD: Treat as a nuisance dust.

## TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG  
TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable  
UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable  
PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

## SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	<u>PERCENT</u>	<u>CAS NUMBER</u>	<u>LD<sub>50</sub> Oral-Rat</u>	<u>LC<sub>50</sub> Inhal-Rat</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV</u>
Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.					

## SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [ ] EYE CONTACT [ ] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [ ] INGESTION  
EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation and/or redness.  
SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation some cases.  
INGESTION: No effects expected.  
INHALATION: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, including sneezing and coughing.  
CARCINOGENICITY: No information available.  
TERATOGENICITY: No information available.  
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No information available.



MUTAGENICITY: No information available.  
SYNERGISTIC  
PRODUCTS: No information available.

#### SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists, obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing prior to reuse.  
EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.  
INGESTION: This product is not considered toxic based on studies on lab animals. Do not induce vomiting. Give 2-3 glasses of water. If symptoms occur, obtain medical attention.  
INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR:	White granular powder; no odour
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	Not available
BOILING POINT (°C):	Not available
MELTING POINT (°C):	Not available
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Soluble pH: 4-9 (@ 5 g/L)
PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	Not available
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available
VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg):	Not available
VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1):	Not available
BULK DENSITY:	Not available

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT:	Not applicable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:	Not applicable
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to a water spray.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:	Self contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area if possible.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:	As with most organic powders, flammable dust clouds may be formed in air. Avoid creating dust. Avoid sources of ignition. Product is extremely slippery when wet.

**SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY:	STABLE [XX]	UNSTABLE [ ]
INCOMPATIBILITY (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):	Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Avoid wet, damp or humid conditions, extremes of temperature, and ignition sources.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various hydrocarbons, and/or ammonia upon combustion	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]	MAY OCCUR [ ]

**SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES****SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Use approved dust mask in absence of adequate ventilation. Use approved respirators with dust cartridges if TLV is exceeded.
VENTILATION:	Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering controls to maintain dust level below TLV.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	Use gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.
EYE PROTECTION:	Use safety glasses or goggles.
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify):	As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are available.

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING**

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of dust and contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED**

Use appropriate safety equipment. Sweep up dry material and flush spill area with water. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Scrub spill area with dry absorbent and then flush residue with water to eliminate slip hazard. Absorb spills of dilute solutions with inert absorbent. Collect in approved containers for disposal. The product or its solutions should not be allowed to enter waterways without treatment. Spilled solutions can create a hazard because of their slippery nature.

### **WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. It may be possible to dispose of spills of non-hazardous materials in a landfill; check with local operator.

### **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH,  
BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: January 3, 2006  
SUPERSEDES: January 2005

BY: Product safety committee  
PHONE: 780-440-4923



# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	<b>Not controlled</b>		

## Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>TRAXON* 80W-90, 85W-140</b>	<b>Code</b>	TR89, 470-502 TR8514, 470-501
<b>Synonym</b>	Not available.	<b>Validated on</b>	6/28/2006.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	<b>In case of Emergency</b>	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).
<b>Material Uses</b>	These products are multipurpose automotive hypoid gear lubricants, suitable for use in passenger cars, trucks and off-highway vehicles.		

## Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum) and other proprietary, non-hazardous additives.	Mixture	100	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (oil mist)	Not established
<b>Manufacturer Recommendation</b>	Not applicable				
<b>Other Exposure Limits</b>	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

## Section 3. Hazards Identification.

<b>Potential Health Effects</b>	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation, defatting, drying and dermatitis. Not expected to cause more than slight skin or eye irritation. With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion may produce a laxative effect. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.
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## Section 4. First Aid Measures

<b>Eye Contact</b>	No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the chemical is removed. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed. Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g., watchbands, belts, etc.). If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical advice immediately. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
<b>Ingestion</b>	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Have victim drink 240 to 300 mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water.
<b>Note to Physician</b>	Not available

## Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

<b>Flammability</b>	May be combustible at high temperature.	<b>Flammable Limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash Points</b>	OPEN CUP: $\geq 214^{\circ}\text{C}$ (417.2°F) (Cleveland)	<b>Auto-Ignition Temperature</b>	Not available.

<b>Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	<b>Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances</b>	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container.
<b>Products of Combustion</b>	Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ), nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ), sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ), phosphorous oxides (PO <sub>x</sub> ), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
<b>Fire Fighting Media and Instructions</b>	NAERG2004, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. <b>SMALL FIRE:</b> use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO <sub>2</sub> . <b>LARGE FIRE:</b> use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.		

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Material Release or Spill</b>	Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike spilled material. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid contact with spilled material. Avoid contaminating sewers, streams, rivers and other water courses with spilled material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.
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### Section 7. Handling and Storage

<b>Handling</b>	Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10).

### Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

<b>Engineering Controls</b>	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
<b>Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.
<b>Body</b>	If this material may come in contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information.)
<b>Respiratory</b>	A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. A NIOSH-approved positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.
<b>Hands</b>	If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.
<b>Feet</b>	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

**Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Viscous liquid.	<b>Viscosity</b>	80W90: 140.3 cSt @ 40°C, 15.05 cSt @ 100°C, VI=109 85W140: 344.4 cSt @ 40°C, 25.6 cSt @ 100°C, VI=97
<b>Colour</b>	Dark amber to brown.	<b>Pour Point</b>	80W90: -33°C (-27°F) 85W140: -15°C (5°F)
<b>Odour</b>	No odour or slight petroleum oil like.	<b>Softening Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available.	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Not available.	<b>Penetration</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	0.8834 to 0.9153 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	<b>Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Density</b>	Not available.	<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	<b>Dispersion Properties</b>	Not available
<b>Volatility</b>	Not available	<b>Solubility</b>	Insoluble in water.

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity**

<b>Corrosivity</b>	Copper corrosion, 3h, 121°C (ASTM D0130): 1b		
<b>Stability</b>	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	<b>Hazardous Polymerization</b>	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
<b>Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid</b>	Reactive with oxidizing agents.	<b>Decomposition Products</b>	COx, NOx, SOx, SiOx, H2S, aldehydes, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

<b>Routes of Entry</b>	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.		
<b>Acute Lethality</b>	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for the base oils are provided below: Acute Oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat) Acute Dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit) Acute Inhalation toxicity (LC50): >2500 mg/m³/4h (rat)		
<b>Chronic or Other Toxic Effects</b>			
Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis. Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Inhalation Route:	With its relatively low vapour pressure, this product is not expected to be inhaled in any appreciable quantity at ambient conditions. If heated to high temperatures or subjected to mechanical actions which produce vapours or mists, inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.		
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs). May produce a laxative effect.		
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.		
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.		
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.		
Mutagenic:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause mutagenicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a mutagen.		
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.		
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a teratogen/embryotoxin.		

Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as Group 1, 2A, or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by IRIS.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
<b>Other Considerations</b>	No additional remark.

**Section 12. Ecological Information**

<b>Environmental Fate</b>	Not available	<b>Persistence/Bioaccumulation Potential</b>	Not available
<b>BOD5 and COD</b>	Not available.	<b>Products of Biodegradation</b>	Not available.
<b>Additional Remarks</b>	No additional remark.		

**Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

<b>Waste Disposal</b>	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.
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**Section 14. Transport Information**

<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not a hazardous material for transport according to the TDG Regulations. (Canada)	<b>Special Provisions for Transport</b>	Not applicable.
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**Section 15. Regulatory Information**

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 CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act  
 CFR - Code of Federal Regulations  
 CHIP - Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List  
 COD - Chemical Oxygen Demand  
 CPR - Controlled Products Regulations  
 DOT - Department of Transportation (U.S.A.)  
 DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe)  
 DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substance or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe)  
 DSL - Domestic Substance List (Canada)  
 EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union  
 EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
 EPCRA - Emergency Planning And Community Right-To-Know Act  
 FDA - Food and Drug Administration  
 FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

HCS - Hazardous Communication System  
 HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System  
 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System  
 LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50%  
 LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration  
 NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association  
 NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health  
 NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory  
 NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada)  
 NTP - National Toxicology Program  
 OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration  
 PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit  
 RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
 SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act  
 STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes)  
 TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada)  
 TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration  
 TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average  
 TLm - Median Tolerance Limit  
 TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act  
 USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency  
 USP - United States Pharmacopoeia  
 WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

**For Copy of MSDS**

**The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:**

Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca](http://www.petro-canada.ca)**Lubricants:**

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario &amp; Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec &amp; Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 6/28/2006.

Data entry by Product Safety - DSR.

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*



# Material Safety Data Sheet

PRECISION GENERAL PURPOSE EP1, EP2



## 1 . Product and company identification

<b>Common name</b>	: PRECISION GENERAL PURPOSE EP1, EP2
<b>Code</b>	: PGP1, 650-123; PGP2, 650-124
<b>Material uses</b>	: These products are multi-purpose, extreme pressure greases and are designed for use in a wide variety of severe automotive and industrial applications.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 150 – 6th Avenue South-West Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: <b>Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000</b> <b>Canutec Transportation:</b> <b>613-996-6666</b> <b>Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).</b>

## 2 . Hazards identification

<b>Physical state</b>	: Stringy smooth paste.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild grease like.
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
<b>Emergency overview</b>	: No specific hazard.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure</b>	: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## 3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>CAS number</u></b>	<b><u>%</u></b>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	Mixture	-
The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s: 8042-47-5, 64741-95-3, 64742-01-4, 64742-46-7, 64742-52-5, 64742-54-7, 64742-62-7, 72623-83-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4		

## 4 . First-aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

## 4 . First-aid measures

- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## 5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Products of combustion** : Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>), sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>), sulphur compounds (H<sub>2</sub>S), hydrocarbons, acrolein, aldehydes, nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), lithium compounds, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : No specific hazard.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilt material. For small spills, add absorbent (soil may be used in the absence of other suitable materials), scoop up material and place in a sealable, liquid-proof container for disposal. For large spills, dyke spilt material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilt material in an appropriate container for disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk. Evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidising agents, acids.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

### Product name

Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).

### Exposure limits

**ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (oil mist)**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

### Personal protection

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

<b>Eyes</b>	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.
<b>Skin</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Respiratory</b>	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter
<b>Hands</b>	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Stringy smooth paste.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Mineral Oil Blend: Open cup: 272°C (521.6°F) (Cleveland.)
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Mineral Oil Blend: Fire Point: 310°C (590°F)
<b>Flammable limits</b>	: Not available.
<b>Colour</b>	: Brown.
<b>Odour</b>	: Mild grease like.
<b>pH</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Pour Point</b>	: Mineral Oil Blend: -15°C (5°F)
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: Mineral Oil Blend: 0.8813 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Volatility</b>	: Not available
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Mineral Oil Blend: 159.0 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 10.85-16.30 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=93
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in water.
<b>LogK<sub>ow</sub></b>	: Not available.
<b>Softening Point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Dropping Point</b>	: ≥177°C (351°F)
<b>Penetration</b>	: <b>EP1:</b> 310 (60 strokes); <b>EP2:</b> 265 (60 strokes)
<b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b>	: Not available.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

<b>Stability and reactivity</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Conditions of instability</b>	: Not available.
<b>Incompatibility with various substances</b>	: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, phosphorus and maleic anhydride.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: May release CO <sub>x</sub> , NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> , diphenylamine, alkenes, hydrocarbons, acrolein, aldehydes, ammonia, lithium compounds, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.
<b>Hazardous polymerisation</b>	: Will not occur.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Toxicity data

<u>Product/ingredient name</u>	<u>Test</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked base oil (petroleum).	LD50	>5000 mg/kg	Oral	Rat
	LD50	>2000 mg/kg	Dermal	Rabbit
	LC50	>2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (4 hour(s))	Inhalation	Rat

### Specific effects

<b>Carcinogenic effects</b>	: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.
<b>Mutagenic effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity / Reproductive toxicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Sensitisation

<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
<b>Skin</b>	: Slightly irritating to the skin.
<b>Synergistic products</b>	: Not available.

## 12 . Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity data

<u>Product/ingredient name</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Result</u>
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<b>Bioconcentration factor</b>	Not available.		
<b>BOD and COD</b>	Not available.		
<b>Biodegradable/OECD</b>	Not available.		
<b>Mobility</b>	Not available.		
<b>Special remarks on the products of biodegradation</b>	Not available.		

## 13 . Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

## 14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15 . Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Not regulated.

### Canada

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

### EU regulations

**Risk phrases** : This product is not classified according to EU legislation.

### International regulations

#### International lists

**Canada inventory status** : Listed

**EC INVENTORY (EINECS/ELINCS)** : Listed

**TSCA 8(b) inventory** : Listed

## 16 . Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	1
Fire hazard	1
Reactivity	0
Personal protection	B

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



### **References**

: Available upon request.  
\* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark

**Date of printing** : 2/14/2008.

**Date of issue** : 7/19/2006.

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation.

**Responsible name** : Product Safety - JDW

**Version** : 4

## 16 . Other information

### For Copy of (M)SDS

: The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: [www.petro-canada.ca/msds](http://www.petro-canada.ca/msds)

#### Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: **Diversity Technologies Corp.** DATE: Dec. 19, 2005  
**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 604-940-6050  
**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 604-940-6080

PRODUCT NAME: **LINSEED SOAP**

PRODUCT USE: Lubricant.  
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture CAS#: Mixture

## WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS controlled.  
WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not applicable

## TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG  
TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable  
UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable  
PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

## SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	<u>PERCENT</u>	<u>CAS NUMBER</u>	<u>LD<sub>50</sub>Oral-Rat</u>	<u>LC<sub>50</sub>Inhal-Mouse</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV</u>
Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.					

## SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [ ] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [ ] INGESTION  
EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation.  
SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation.  
INGESTION: Not considered toxic.  
INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.  
CARCINOGENICITY: No information available.  
TERATOGENICITY: No information available.  
REPRODUCTIVE: No information available.  
TOXICITY:  
MUTAGENICITY: No information available.

SYNERGISTIC  
PRODUCTS: No information available.

#### SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wipe away excess. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until material is removed and irritation ceases. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

INGESTION: If conscious give 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting; keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of vomitus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if required. If breathing difficulties, or distress, continue obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR:	Brown paste; slight odour	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	Not applicable	
BOILING POINT (°C):	100	
MELTING POINT (°C):	0	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Soluble	pH: 9.5 – 11.0
PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	Not applicable	
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not applicable	
VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg):	Not applicable	
VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1):	Not applicable	
BULK DENSITY	Not applicable	

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT:	Not flammable
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:	Not applicable
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Use media suitable for packaging and surrounding materials.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:	Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:	None known.



**SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY:	STABLE [XX]	UNSTABLE [ ]
INCOMPATIBILITY (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):	None known.	
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	None known.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION	Not determined.	
PRODUCTS:		
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]	MAY OCCUR [ ]

**SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES****SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Not applicable.
VENTILATION:	Not applicable.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	Personal preference.
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety glasses with side-shields recommended.
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify):	Wear clothing adequate to protect against exposure. Ensure eye-wash station and emergency shower are available.

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING**

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. No specific storage requirements.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED**

Use appropriate safety equipment. Scoop up excess material. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Wipe up remaining spill with absorbent compound to prevent slipping hazard.

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. This material can be land filled in most areas; check with local operator. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

**SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH,  
BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED:	December 19, 2005	BY:	Product safety committee
SUPERSEDES:	March 31, 2003	PHONE:	780-440-4923

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: **Diversity Technologies Corp.** DATE: Nov. 30, 2006  
**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064  
**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: **Z-50**

PRODUCT USE: Tool joint compound  
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture CAS #: Mixture

## WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS regulated.  
WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not hazardous under normal conditions of use.

## TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not TDG regulated.  
TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable.  
UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable.  
PACKING GROUP: Not applicable.

## SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	<u>% (w/w)</u>	<u>CAS NUMBER</u>	<u>LD<sub>50</sub> Oral-Rat</u>	<u>LC<sub>50</sub> Inhal-Rat</u>	<u>ACGIH-TLV</u>
Mica	<10.0	12001-26-2	Not available	Not available	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [XX] SKIN [ ] INHALATION [XX] INGESTION  
EYE CONTACT: Non-irritating to slight transient irritation.  
SKIN CONTACT: Non-irritating to slight transient irritation. Possible rash for persons with hypersensitivity. Long-term dermal application may cause irritation.  
INGESTION: May cause diarrhea.  
INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours or fumes. Inhalation of oil mists or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract.

CARCINOGENICITY:	Not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
TERATOGENICITY:	No information available.
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:	No information available.
MUTAGENICITY:	No information available.
SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:	No information available.

#### SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT:	Remove by wiping, or with a waterless hand cleaner. Wash with soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
EYE CONTACT:	Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until all residual material is removed. Remove contact lenses if present. Hold eyelids open to ensure thorough flushing. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious, rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.
INHALATION:	Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If breathing difficulties or distress continues, obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR:	Paste; light petroleum odour	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.59	
BOILING POINT (°C):	>316	
MELTING POINT (°C):	196	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Insoluble	pH: Neutral
PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	Nil	
EVAPORATION RATE:	<0.01 (Butyl acetate = 1.0)	
VAPOUR PRESSURE :	<0.01 kPa	
VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1):	Not available	
BULK DENSITY:	Not applicable	

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT:	221°C (COC)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:	LEL = 0.9% UEL = 7.0%
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , foam or water spray.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:	Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel. Remove containers from fire area, or cool with water spray, if possible.

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND  
EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

This product may burn under fire conditions.

**SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY:	STABLE [XX]	UNSTABLE [ ]
INCOMPATIBILITY (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):	Strong oxidizers and reactives. Avoid powerful ignition sources and extreme temperatures.	
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:	Contact with incompatibles or ignition sources.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	May release CO <sub>x</sub> , smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]	MAY OCCUR [ ]

**SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES****SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Breathing apparatus in confined areas.
VENTILATION:	If ventilation is inadequate use local exhaust ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering controls to maintain PEL's/TLV's.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	Suggest protective gloves for hypersensitive persons.
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety glasses with side-shields if applied to moving parts.
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify):	Protective clothing as required to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are available.

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly before eating, drinking or smoking. Do not pressurize, cut, heat or weld empty containers. Store in cool, dry area away from incompatibles and sources of ignition. Use caution when opening unvented containers. Use in well ventilated area. Store unused material in original container.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED**

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Scoop up excess, then wipe down the affected area and pick up residual with absorbent material to prevent slipping hazard. Place contaminated material and clean up materials in approved containers for disposal.

### **WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

Dispose/incinerate in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Dispose of, or recycle, empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

### **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH,  
BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED:	November 30, 2006	BY:	Product safety committee
SUPERSEDES:	None	PHONE:	780-440-4923