302-201

Revision Number: 7



Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2002-11-08 Supersedes: 2002-10-01





Class B3 Combustible Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant Liquid

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

HEATING OIL - PRAIRIES

SYNONYMS:

Light fuel oil

Distillate fuel oil

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel Solvent

MSDS Number:

302-201

MANUFACTURER Shell Canada Limited

P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

Calgary, AB Canada

T2P 2H5

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Shell Emergency Number **CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER**

613-996-6666

1-800-661-7378

1-800-661-1600

For general information: For MSDS information:

403-691-3982 (From 7:30 to 4:30 Mountain Time)

403-691-2220

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Fuel Oil, No. 2	68476-30-2	100	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid Lightly Coloured Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye

contact.

Hazards:

^{*}An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

Combustible Liquid. Irritating to skin.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. The liquid when accidently aspirated into the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung.

Handling: Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static

accumulation.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts,

liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If

irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin: Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric

lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not use water

except as a fog. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus.

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Hazardous Combustion Products: A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources, Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Disposa of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handfing:

Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Never siphon by mouth. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep

container tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

Diesel fuel, as total hydrocarbons: 100 mg/m3

Mechanical Ventilation:

Mechanical ventilation is recommended for all indoor situations to control fugitive emissions. Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection:

Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product

is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in

the area.

Skin Protection:

Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for

emergency use.

Respiratory Protection: if exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSHapproved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure

mode.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Physical State:

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Appearance:

Odour:

Lightly Coloured Hydrocarbon Odour

Odour Threshold:

Not available

Freezing/Pour Point:

Pour Point <-39 degrees C

Boiling Point:

210 - 320 degrees C

Density:

850 kg/m3 @ 15 degrees C

Vapour Density (Air = 1):

Not available

pH:

Not applicable

Flash Point:

Method Pensky-Martens CC >40 degrees C

Lower Explosion Limit:

0.7 % (vol.) 5 % (vol.)

Upper Explosion Limit: Autoignition Temperature:

Not available

Viscosity:

1.3 - 2.4 cSt @ 40 degrees C

Association

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (Kow):

Not available

Water Solubility:

Insoluble

Other Solvents:

Hydrocarbon Solvents

Formula:

C10 - C15

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:

Yes

Hazardous Polymerization:

No

Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:

No

Sensitive to Static Discharge:

Yes

Page 4 of 6

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on

combustion conditions.

Incompatible Materials:

Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions of Reactivity:

Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data	
Fuel Oil, No. 2		

Routes of Exposure: Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption and skin or eye

This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin Irritancy:

sensitizer.

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the Chronic Effects:

> skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision

and central nervous system depression.

Pre-existing Conditions:

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by

exposure to this product.

Carcinogenicity and

Mutagenicity:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin, Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal

carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans,

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Effects:

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction

of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability:

Not readily biodegradable. Potential for bioaccumulation.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

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UN Number

UN1202

Proper Shipping Name

HEATING OIL LIGHT

Hazard Class

Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group

PG III

Additional information Shipping Description Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

HEATING OIL LIGHT Class 3 UN1202 PG III

Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class:

Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant

DSL/NDSL Status:

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status: No

No Canadian federal standards.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement :

Combustible Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

Handling Statement:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static

accumulation.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts,

liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement:

Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Revisions:

This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.

Changes have been made to:

Section 14 Section 8 Section 11