



# BAFFINLAND IRON MINES CORPORATION MARY RIVER PROJECT

# EMERGENCY AND SPILL RESPONSE PLAN – PRE-DEVELOPMENT WORK

# **APPENDIX B.1**

Revision	Revision Date	Changes	Approval
No.			
0	September 2010	Issued for inclusion in Application for PDW	
1			
2			
3			





## **FOREWORD**

The Emergency Response and Spill Contingency Plan (ERP) is a cornerstone of Baffinland's Environmental Management Plans. The current approved Spill Response and Contingency Plan was submitted to the NWB in March 2010 and is adequate for the level of activities currently taking place during the exploration and pre-development work (PDW) phases of the Project. The ERP, presented herein, and revised in December 2010, incorporates emergency response management into the existing approved spill plan. As the Project evolves, the ERP will undergo a number of updates/revisions to reflect the increased complexities and environmental risks associated with the construction phase, operation phase, and ultimately closure.

The ERP is supported by the following management plans:

- 1. Milne Port Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (OPEP Milne) Appendix B.2
- 2. Steensby Port Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (OPEP Steensby) Appendix B.3
- 3. The Explosive Management Plan Appendix B.10

Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plans (SOPEPs) are proprietary documents specific to each vessel. Canadian regulations require every vessel transiting in Canadian water to have a Transport Canada-approved SOPEP.

This Emergency and Spill Response Plan for the Mary River Project has been implemented and is in effect. The plan will be updated and revised as necessary during the course of the Project. For the distribution list of the plan, see Table 1. Additional copies of this Plan may be obtained from:

## **Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation**

Suite 1016, 120 Adelaide Street West Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 1T1

Tel: (416) 364-8820 Fax: (416) 364-0193





# Table 1.0 Distribution List for the Emergency and Spill Response Plan

<b>Department of Environment</b> - Environmental Protection	Department of Fisheries and Oceans - Central and
Division	Arctic Region
PO Box 1000 Station 1300	501 University Crescent
Iqaluit, NU, Canada	Winnipeg, MN, Canada
X0A 0H0	R3T 2N6
Tel: (867) 975-7700, 1-866-222-9063	Tel: (204) 983-5000
Fax: (867) 975-7742	Fax: (204) 984-2401
Hamlet of Pond Inlet	Indian and Northern Affairs Canada - Nunavut
PO Box 180	Regional Office
Pond Inlet, NU, Canada	Land Administration Division
X0A 0S0	PO Box 2200
Tel: (867) 899-8934	Iqaluit, NU, Canada
Fax: (867) 899-8940	X0A 0H0
	Tel: (867) 975-4280 (Land Administration Manager)
Indian and Northern Affairs Canada - Nunavut	Mittimatalik Hunters and Trappers Organization
Regional Office	PO Box 189
Water Resources Division	Pond Inlet, NU, Canada
PO Box 2200	X0A 0S0
Iqaluit, NU, Canada	Tel: (867) 899-8856
X0A 0H0	Fax: (867) 899-8095
Tel: (867) 975-4550 (Water Resources Manager)	
Nunavut Impact Review Board	Nunavut Water Board
PO Box 1360	PO Box 119
Cambridge Bay, NU, Canada	Gjoa Haven, NU, Canada
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Tel: (867) 983-4600, 1-866-233-3033	Tel: (867) 360-6338
Tax: (867) 983-2594	Fax: (867) 360-6369
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# BAFFINLAND IRON MINES CORPORATION MARY RIVER PROJECT

# **EMERGENCY AND SPILL RESPONSE PLAN**

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#### **SECTION 1.0 - INTRODUCTION**

# 1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This Emergency and Spill Response Plan (ERP) has been developed by Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation (Baffinland) to identify potential emergencies that could arise during pre-development phase of the Mary River project and to establish the framework for responding to these situations. Because the ERP was prepared during the Project planning stage (before construction and Project start-up), the plan will be updated before construction start-up and subsequently updated periodically to reflect the proposed Project and the specific responses, protocols, and response team and management contact information, once established.

# 1.2 **GUIDING PRINCIPLES**

Emergency events or situations are characterized by immediate threat to life, health, safety, property, or environment. The emergency response plan is designed to address these characteristics using the following principles:

- Ensure safety and well-being of personnel, property, and the environment.
- Identify evacuation route and muster station locations.
- Ensure effective communication between personnel and the emergency team.
- Ensure that procedures exist to respond, intervene, stop, or limit the emergency situation.
- Initiate response procedure and follow-up programs for emergencies.

## 1.3 REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

This Emergency and Spill Response Plan has been developed and implemented to ensure that Baffinland respects all applicable laws, regulations, and requirements from federal and territorial authorities. Baffinland complies with the permits, approvals, and authorizations required for the operations. The following regulatory and government documents constitute an integral part of the plan:

#### General

- Environmental Code of Practice for Aboveground and Underground Storage Tanks Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products, 2003, CCME
- National Fire Code 1995
- Territorial Lands Act 1985
- Territorial Land Use Regulations
- Canada Oil and Gas Operations Act 1985
- Canadian Environmental Protection Act
- Fisheries Act
- Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations
- Storage Tanks Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulation 2008





TP12402 – Oil Handling Facilities Standards, 1995, Transport Canada

# **Shipping**

- Canada Shipping Act Response Organizations and Oil Handling Facilities Regulations
- Arctic Waters Pollution Prevention Act
- Environmental Protection Act
- Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations
- Mine Site Reclamation Policy for Nunavut

# **Territorial Acts and Regulations**

- Nunavut Waters and Nunavut Surface Rights Tribunal Act 2002
- Nunavut Environmental Protection Act
- Nunavut Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations

# **Site Specific**

- Canada National Parks Act 2000
- Canada Wildlife Act 1985
- Migratory Birds Convention Act 1994

For guidelines used to prepare the Emergency Response Plan, see Section 8.

# 1.4 LINK TO BAFFINLAND OIL POLLUTION EMERGENCY PLAN (OPEP)

The Canada Shipping Act Response Organizations and Oil Handling Facilities Regulations stipulates that operators of designated Oil Handling Facilities must have an onsite Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (OPEP – standards, TP12402 applies). This Act also applies to fuel storage in barges.

The OPEP and SOPEPs specifically address marine spills at Milne Port (Appendix B.2) and the future Steensby Port (Appendix B.3). The Fuel Storage Facility OPEPs for Milne Port and Steensby Port have been designed to complement this ERP. These OPEPs do not supersede existing contingency plans. They are conceived to address the specifics of the Fuel Storage Facility – the bulk incoming transfer of fuel and spill scenarios directly relating to these operations as required by TP12402.

#### 1.5 ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

# 1.5.1 <u>Emergency Response Team</u>

The Operations Manager is responsible to establish and implement the Emergency Response Team. The team will comprise site employees who receive special training to assist in an emergency. The Construction Manager in consultation with the HSE manager will select qualified candidates in sufficient numbers to facilitate the response programs required by the plan.

The Emergency Response Team will receive the special training required for adequate response to onsite emergencies. The team will be trained in appropriate procedures to:

- implement onsite safety and emergency response procedures
- · respond to emergencies involving injuries and fatalities
- assist with evacuation procedures





- respond to emergencies involving fires or explosions
- control and mitigate spills or other accidental releases
- · ensure the safety of employees during extreme weather conditions

For emergency personnel contact information, see Table 1.1.

The On-Site Coordinator with the support of HSE Manager will coordinate response actions internally and externally in an emergency. He/she will coordinate response actions with management, regulatory agencies, local authorities, and the communities, when necessary. Contact information for external agencies and local authorities will be made available when responsible personnel are identified. For the Emergency Response Team organization, see Figure 4.1.

# 1.6 RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PLANS

Emergency situations are often related to specific activities such as explosive handling, shipping, or aircraft operations. In case of an activity-specific emergency, the response plan for that particular activity will be consulted. Specific action plans developed to support this ERP include:

- Milne Port OPEP (Appendix B.2) and Steensby Port OPEP (Appendix B.3) (ship-to-land fuel transfers at Milne Port and Steensby Port, ship to vessel at Steensby Port)
- Canadian Coast Guard Regional Response Plan (CCG, 2006)
- Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (ship-specific plan)
- Explosives Management Plan (Appendix B.10)

These and other plans developed in support of the environmental impact statement (EIS) comply with relevant regulatory requirements.

## 1.7 BAFFINLAND'S COMMITMENTS

Baffinland provides adequate resources to implement and maintain the EHS Management System, including the necessary human, material, and financial resources. For Baffinland's Sustainable Development Policy, see Figure 1.1.

# 1.8 UPDATE OF THIS MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Emergency Response and Spill Plan will be regularly updated on the basis of management reviews (see Section 8), incident investigations, regulatory changes, or other Project-related changes.

Start of the construction phase will be a major milestone for the Project. The Emergency and Spill Response Plan will be updated with input from the EPCM contractor to reflect the complexities of the construction phase.





# Figure 1.1 Sustainable Development Policy



#### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT POLICY

At Baffinland Iron Mines Corporation, we are committed to conducting all aspects of our business in accordance with the principles of sustainable corporate responsibility and always with the needs of future generations in mind. Everything we do is underpinned by our responsibility to protect the environment, to operate safely and fiscally responsibly and to create authentic relationships. We expect each and every employee, contractor, and visitor to demonstrate a personal commitment to this policy through their actions. We will communicate the Sustainable Corporate Policy to the public, all employees and contractors and it will be reviewed and revised as necessary on an annual basis.

These four pillars form the foundation of our corporate responsibility strategy:

- Health and Safety
- Environment
- Investing in our Communities and People
- Transparent Governance

# 1. 0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

We strive to achieve the safest workplace for our employees and contractors; free from occupational injury and illness from the very earliest of planning stages. Why? Because our people are our greatest asset. Nothing is as important as their health and safety.

We report, manage and learn from injuries, illnesses and high potential incidents to foster a workplace culture focused on safety and the prevention of incidents.

We foster and maintain a positive culture of shared responsibility based on participation, behaviour and awareness. We allow our workers and contractors the right to stop any work if and when they see something that is not safe.

# 2. 0 ENVIRONMENT

We employ a balance of the best scientific and traditional Inuit knowledge to safeguard the environment. We apply the principles of pollution prevention and continuous improvement to minimize ecosystem impacts, and facilitate biodiversity conservation.

We continuously seek to use energy, raw materials and natural resources more efficiently and effectively. We strive to develop pioneering new processes and more sustainable practices.





We understand the importance of closure planning. We ensure that an effective closure strategy is in place at all stages of project development and that progressive reclamation is undertaken as early as possible to reduce potential long-term environmental and community impacts.

#### 3.0 INVESTING IN OUR COMMUNITIES AND PEOPLE

We respect human rights and the dignity of others. We honour and respect the unique culture, values and traditions of the Inuit people.

We contribute to the social, cultural and economic development of sustainable communities adjacent to our operations.

We honour our commitments by being sensitive to local needs and priorities through engagement with local communities, governments, employees and the public. We work in active partnership to create a shared understanding of relevant social, economic and environmental issues, and take their views into consideration when making decisions.

## 4.0 TRANSPARENT GOVERNANCE

We will take steps to understand, evaluate and manage risks on a continuing basis, including those that impact the environment, employees, contractors, local communities, customers and shareholders. We ensure that adequate resources are available and that systems are in place to implement risk-based management systems, including defined standards and objectives for continuous improvement. We measure and review performance with respect to our environmental, safety, health, socio-economic commitments and set annual targets and objectives.

We conduct all activities in compliance with the highest applicable legal requirements and internal standards

We strive to employ our shareholder's capital effectively and efficiently. We demonstrate honesty and integrity by applying the highest standards of ethical conduct.

Tom Paddon

President and Chief Executive Officer

September 2011





Table 1.1 Baffinland Emergency Personnel Contact Information

Position	Contact
	Emergency After Hours Tel: 403-450-8844
	Email: cliff.pilgrim@baffinland.com
Cliff Pilgrim or Jeff Bush	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-7312
HSE Lead	Email: jeff.bush@baffinland.com
	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-7316
	Milne Inlet Site Tel: 647-723-2077 (24 hours)
	Emergency After Hours Tel: 403-450-8844
Dalton Head or David McCann	Email: dalton.head@baffinland.com
HSE Lead (alternates)	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-8838
Tion Lead (alternates)	Email: david.mccann@baffinland.com
	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-8843
	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-8843
Jim Millard or Brian Larson	Email: jim.millard@baffinland.com
Environmental Health and Safety Superintendent	Offsite Cell: 902-403-1337
Livilonmental rieatti and Salety Superintendent	Email: brian.larson@baffinland.com
	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-1589
Dave McCann	Mary River Site Tel: 403-450-8843
Operations Manager	Cell: 416-616-8860
Operations Manager	Email: david.mccann@baffinland.com
Erik Madsen	Office Tel: 416-814-3980
Corporate Contact – VP Sustainable Development	Cell: 416-996-5523
Outporate Contact – VI Gustamable Development	erik.madsen@baffinland.com





#### **SECTION 2.0 - GENERAL RESPONSE TO EMERGENCIES**

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Equipment required to prevent or minimize the effects of an emergency are identified during detailed project design and provided at the Project facilities. A list of available Personal Protective Equipment, cleanup material, medical supply, etc. is also provided when specific project requirements are identified.

To prevent spills and to provide adequate response in case of spill events, Baffinland maintains the appropriate type and quantity of response equipment and materials onsite. The company will also put in place reasonable security measures.

Spill kits are strategically placed primarily in areas of fuel handling to facilitate immediate first response in the event of a hydrocarbon release to land. Attachment 2 provides a list of the different spill kits and their contents (as purchased) that are available onsite. Over the course of operations, when materials in spill kits have been utilized, replacement materials may differ from that originally present in kits. Substituted spill kit materials will be of sufficient quality and quantity as appropriate to their locations and potential use.

In addition to the spill response material, a variety of mobile heavy equipment including excavators, front-end loaders, bull-dozers, haul trucks, Zodiac boat for in-land water use, and ocean support boat are available to aid in spill response and recovery efforts.

## 2.2 COMMUNICATION

Effective communication systems are critical to the success of emergency responses. The following provides an overview of communication procedures to be followed in an emergency event.

Main communication systems will be used internally to alert workers to danger, convey safety information, and maintain site control. Radios or field telephones will be used when work teams are working away from the main communication systems. The main system will consist of alarms or short signals that can easily be conveyed by audible signals.

## Communication During Emergency

During emergency, a dispatch station will be contacted immediately. Information will be transmitted from the dispatch station to other project facilities. The dispatch station will be manned 24 hours a day by onsite personnel and will be equipped to handle all radio and telecommunications in the case of an emergency. Project facilities will be equipped with a phone system that will be capable of wide range communication when required. In the event of an emergency, there will be prompt notification of appropriate individuals including the Construction Manager, the HSE Manager, HSE Lead, and the emergency response team.

### Communication with the Public

Appropriate pre-designated Company officer(s) will be charged with external communication during emergencies. More than one officer may be identified to address specific emergencies such as industrial accidents or spills. Meetings will be held to inform local communities and the public about onsite emergencies, when necessary.





Local residents, community leaders, other stakeholders, and non-governmental agencies will be contacted as appropriate and invited to attend these meetings. The designated officer(s) will coordinate dissemination of information to the media whenever necessary. Provision will also be made to inform family members of those involved in an emergency, if warranted.

# 2.3 GENERAL EVACUATION PROCEDURES

All employees will be instructed about emergency evacuation procedures during site induction. Muster location maps showing evacuation routes will be posted at conspicuous places at the site including working areas, facilities and notice boards. A muster list will be prepared and posted with the muster map. The list will provide information about emergency signals, instruction for operating emergency alarm systems, and the responsibilities of personnel. The list will be updated periodically to address current emergency response needs.

In an emergency, employees will proceed to the primary muster area for a head count. They will stay at this location until told to move to a secondary muster, or another location, or be evacuated.

#### **SECTION 3.0 - RESPONSE ACTIONS TO EMERGENCIES**

# 3.1 INITIAL RESPONSES

Project personnel working at a site or at a facility may be the first to encounter an emergency and will be expected to initiate a response action. In such an emergency, a general response will be followed before any other activities. The general procedures include the following:

- Avoid danger to yourself, others, and the environment
- Prevent further health or environmental effects, loss of material or damage to equipment, if this can be done safely
- Report to the appropriate supervisor the type and location of the emergency as well as hazards present and other health and safety concerns
- Communicate with individuals in the vicinity of the emergency to preliminarily assess their condition
- Assess the size and severity of the emergency (i.e. minor or major emergency?)
- Ensure the safety of personnel and evacuate to a temporary safe location, if necessary

# 3.2 RESPONSE ACTION

Response actions are considered briefly for the following potential general emergency situations:

- necessities of life
- personnel Issues
- natural environment-related Issues
- operational incidents





A minor incident could be an emergency that does not interrupt site operations, is not life-threatening, and does not result in any substantial environmental damage. In the event of a minor incident, onsite resources will be required to remedy the situation. Evacuation or offsite resources will not be necessary, and response can be coordinated by the HSE Lead.

A major or serious emergency may be an emergency that requires an interruption to site operations. The incident may be life-threatening and could involve substantial environmental or property damage. A serious emergency might require offsite resources for effective response. In the event of a serious emergency, further severity will be assessed by the Onsite Emergency Coordinator. In consultation with the HSE Manager a decision will be made whether on- or offsite resources will be needed to remedy the situation.

For a summary of emergency response actions, see Table 3.1. The Consequence Severity and Risk Rating table (see Table 3.2) is used to further characterize operational incidents/accidents resulting in emergency situations. These tables provide guidance for appropriate emergency response actions.

Table 3.1 Summary of Emergency Response Action

Emergency Situation	Response Action
NECESSITIES OF LIFE	
Lack of Adequate Shelter	<ul> <li>All-weather tents or trailers will provide shelter for personnel at the site</li> <li>Fixed-wing and rotary aircraft will be available for evacuations</li> <li>Refuge will be sought in vehicles, steel Quonset buildings, or other outbuildings at site</li> </ul>
Lack of Heat	<ul> <li>Oil supply and stove components will be repaired or replaced as needed</li> <li>Personnel may be removed to different onsite facilities</li> <li>Proper clothing will be provided</li> </ul>
Power Outages	<ul> <li>Back-up generators or standby/emergency portable generators will be available at all sites and facilities</li> <li>Emergency heat can be provided by oil furnaces so an interruption of power will not result in a lack of heat</li> </ul>
Interruptions to Potable Water Supply	<ul> <li>Water will be conserved; use will be restricted to drinking and for cooking over other uses</li> <li>Boiled and bottled water may be provided to personnel during these restrictions</li> <li>Equipment will be repaired or replaced as needed</li> </ul>
Interruption of Food Supply	<ul> <li>Sufficient food supplies will be kept at each site to account for a prolonged delay in food deliveries</li> <li>Food stuffs will be brought in by helicopter if required and available</li> </ul>
Sewage System Failures	Restrict water use to necessities (drinking, cooking)     Switch to latrine toilets and temporarily contain grey water
PERSONNEL ISSUES	
Medical Emergencies	<ul> <li>Initial response be will implemented immediately</li> <li>Trained personnel will attend to the emergency</li> <li>Victim may be evacuated to a medical facility</li> </ul>
Missing Persons	<ul> <li>Personnel, equipment, vehicles, and aircraft will be mobilized for search and rescue</li> <li>Additional resources and services from local communities will be mobilized as needed and if available</li> </ul>





Table 3.1 Summary of Emergency Response Action (cont'd)

Emergency Situation	Response Action		
Missing or Overdue Aircraft or Truck	<ul> <li>Dispatch will notify the HSE Lead who will initiate emergency action as needed</li> <li>Other rescue operations will be implemented as needed</li> <li>All vehicles have survival packs for equipment malfunction between camps</li> </ul>		
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT-RE	LATED ISSUES		
Floods	Washed out road sections will be repaired using available equipment on a timely basis.		
Extreme Weather Conditions	<ul> <li>Initiate response actions as required relative to the necessities of life</li> <li>Activities will cease or be modified</li> <li>Sufficient supplies will be kept at each site for prolonged period</li> </ul>		
Wildlife Encounters/Incursions	<ul> <li>Personnel will be provided with training to respond to polar bears</li> <li>Workers at coastal areas should have nearby shelter as refuge or if working on the land will be provided with trained bear monitors and suitable deterrents</li> <li>Wildlife should be avoided and be given the right-of-way.</li> <li>Wildlife feeding is not permitted under any circumstances</li> </ul>		
Seismicity	Necessary (maintenance or design) action will be taken		
OPERATIONAL INCIDENTS			
Fires	<ul> <li>Fire extinguishers will be stationed at work areas</li> <li>Personnel will be evacuated when necessary</li> <li>Trained, onsite personnel will respond to fires using onsite equipment</li> </ul>		
Ground Instability	<ul> <li>Evacuate workers in a timely manner</li> <li>Qualified professional to inspect suspect area</li> <li>Document the incidents</li> </ul>		
Automobile and Equipment Accidents	<ul> <li>Emergency action will be initiated depending on the circumstance</li> <li>Equipment will be "tagged out" and will not operate until repairs have been made</li> </ul>		
Ship Grounding/Collision	Action will be according to ship specific proprietary General Emergency Plans.		
Airplane/Helicopter Accidents	<ul> <li>Rescue operations will be implemented as required</li> <li>Further action will be according to the Aircraft Operating Plan</li> </ul>		
Explosions	<ul> <li>Evacuate workers</li> <li>Qualified professional to inspect area of concern</li> <li>Document the incidents</li> </ul>		
Fuel and Other Chemical Spills	Action will be according to the Milne Port OPEP or Steensby Port OPEP		
MULTIPLE EMERGENCIES			
Multiple Emergency	Emergency team will anticipate potential multiple emergency events     HSE Leadwill coordinate response actions		





Table 3.2 Consequence Severity and Risk Rating Table

Consequence Severity	Risk Rating	Description
(5) Critical  Major uncontrolled event or inefficiency with uncertain and perhaps prohibitively costly remediation.  Health & Safety: Fatality.  Production: More than six month production loss or expenditure.  Cost: >\$500,000,000 damage or additional costs.  Environmental Impact/Compliance: Very serious environmental impacts with impairment on land/marine scape ecology. Long term, widespread effects on significant environment.  Corporate Image or Utility: Corporate image tarnished internationally.  Community Affairs: Non compliance with existing community agreement. Extreme and widespread community concerns with International exposure/influence.	EXTREME (E) (>\$500,000,000)	Issues represents a control weakness which could cause a severe disruption to or have a severe adverse effect on operations and objectives
(4) Major  Significant event or inefficiency that can be addressed but with great effort.  Health & Safety: Lost time injury(s) potentially resulting in permanent disability.  Production: three to six months production or expenditure.  Cost: \$100,000,000 to \$500,000,000.  Environmental Impact/Compliance: Serious environmental impacts with impairment of ecosystems. Relatively widespread long-term effects. Regulatory approval withdrawn for a few months.  Corporate Image or Utility: Corporate image tarnished within North America.  Community Affairs: Much local community concerns with national exposure/influence.	HIGH (H) (\$100,000,000 - \$500,000,000)	Issues represents a control weakness which could cause a severe disruption to or have a major adverse effect on operations and objectives
(3) Moderate  Moderate event or inefficiency that may need some physical attention and certainly engineering review.  Health & Safety: Lost time injury (no permanent disability).  Production: one to three production loss or expenditure.  Cost: \$1,000,000 to \$100,000,000 damage or additional costs.  Environmental Impact/Compliance: Some impairment on ecosystem function.  Displacement of species. Moderate short-term widespread effects. Regulatory orders with significant cost implications.  Corporate Image or Utility: Corporate image tarnished within Region.  Community Affairs: Moderate local community concern with some potential permanent damage to relations.	MODERATE (M) (\$1,000,000 - \$100,000,000)	Issues represents a control weakness which could cause a severe disruption to or have adverse effect on operations and objectives





Table 3.2 Consequence Severity and Risk Rating Table (cont'd)

Consequence Severity	Risk Rating	Description
(2) Minor  Minor incident or inefficiency that may require engineering review and is easily and predictably remediated.  Health & Safety: Injury (no lost time)  Production: less than one month production loss or expenditure.  Cost: \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 damage or additional costs.  Environmental Impact/Compliance: Minor effects on biological or physical environment. Minor short-term damage to small areas.  Corporate Image or Utility: Corporate image not affected, written complaint or concern dealt with internally.  Community Affairs: Minimal local community concern with no lasting damage to relations.	LOW (L) (\$100,000 - \$1,000,000)	Issues represents a minor control weakness which could cause minimal but reportable effect on operations and objectives
(1) Insignificant  Minor incident or inefficiency of little or no consequence.  Health & Safety: No injury or lost time.  Production: one to two weeks production loss or expenditure.  Cost: <\$100,000 damage or additional costs.  Environmental Impact/Compliance: No lasting impacts. Low level effects on biological or physical environment. Limited damage to minimal area of low significance.  Corporate Image or Utility: Corporate image not affected or verbal complaint dealt with internally.  Community Affairs: No community concern	NEGLIGIBLE (N) (<\$100,000)	Issues represents an insignificant control weakness

# 3.2.1 <u>NECESSITIES OF LIFE ISSUES</u>

# 3.2.1.1 Lack of Adequate Shelter

Events that may result in inadequate shelter could involve remote work far away from camps, weather, or fire related events. All-weather tents or trailers will provide shelter for personnel at the site. A fire or major storm event could result in the destruction of part or of the entire camp facility requiring large scale evacuation, for which there will be fixed-wing and rotary aircraft available. In the event of destruction of a camp, attempts will be made to mobilize workers to another camp or a safe location. When these attempts fail, evacuation action will be initiated. When evacuation is not possible due to weather, refuge will be sought in vehicles, steel Quonset buildings, or other outbuildings at site, several of which are heated.

## 3.2.1.2 Lack of Heat

Many buildings at site are equipped with oil-fired stoves. Events such as extreme weather, damage by wild animals, hostile actions, vandalism, and vehicle accidents may affect the supply of oil to the tent or trailer stoves resulting in a lack of heat. During a lack of heat emergency, oil supply and stove components will be repaired or replaced as needed. Further response may involve removal of personnel to other onsite facilities.





# 3.2.1.3 Power Outages

Power is supplied to camps via generators. Back-up generators or standby/emergency portable generators will be available. Events that may cause a power outage are those that affect the generators, such as extreme weather, damage by wild animals, fires, hostile actions, vandalism, and vehicle accidents. Heat for many buildings are provided by oil furnaces so an interruption of power will result in a lack of heat for some buildings, but adequate oil furnaces would be available in other buildings for heat. During these outages back-up power supply will be directed at communications equipment and emergency lighting, over other uses.

# 3.2.1.4 Interruption to Potable Water Supply

All camps sites will be equipped with water storage tanks. Pumped water will be supplied to some camps while delivery trucks will supply other camps with potable water. Extreme weather (i.e. lines freezing), vandalism, mechanical failures, and fuel and other chemical spills may cause an interruption to potable water supply. When such an interruption occurs, water use will be restricted to drinking and for cooking over other uses. Boiled and bottled water may be provided to personnel during these restrictions. Equipment will be repaired or replaced as needed. Water will be hauled by truck from alternate sources if necessary, while long-term alternative supply sources are identified, if required, in consultation with regulatory authorities.

## 3.2.1.5 Interruption to Food Supply

Food arrives from outside the site primarily by air for perishable goods, and by sealift for non-perishables. Therefore, prolonged poor weather could limit airlifts of perishable food items. Airstrip lighting will make it easier for pilots to land during some events such as extreme weather. Sufficient food supplies will be kept at each site to account for a prolonged delay in food deliveries.

# 3.2.1.6 Sewage System Failures

Sewage at the camps will be treated using package sewage treatment plants. An interruption in sewage disposal could arise out of plant inoperability, poor treatment performance, or due to a frozen outfall. Troubleshooting and repairs will be undertaken immediately if a system fails to ensure ongoing treatment. If the problem is expected to persist for some time, back-up procedures will be implemented as follows:

- Restrict water use to necessities (drinking, cooking, etc.)
- Switch to latrine toilets and temporarily contain greywater
- Develop emergency or alternate disposal options in consultation with applicable government agencies

## 3.2.2 PERSONNEL ISSUES

# 3.2.2.1 Medical Emergencies

In the event of medical or related emergencies, any person who discovers someone injured will implement initial response (see Section 3.1), and identify back-up assistance, preferably the dedicated onsite medical professionals or the Emergency Response team will respond.





The onsite medical professionals will implement their protocols to address medical emergencies, providing further care, coordinating uninjured personnel to assist in the response, and arrange transfer to other health care facilities in Pond Inlet or Igaluit as necessary.

If the victim(s) will require facilities and services beyond that which can be given onsite, the victim(s) could be evacuated from site to receive further medical treatment at Pond Inlet or Iqaluit. A fixed-wing aircraft and several rotary-wing aircraft will be available at Mary River camp or area for medical evacuation. The HSE Manager or HSE Lead will make the necessary arrangements as directed by the onsite medical professional. Information required to initiate a medical evacuation include: name, location and contact information of caller and patient; family or relative information, patient's medical information; and, receiving hospital information.

In the event of a fatality at a work site, Baffinland will exercise discretion for, offer counselling to, and consult with family and/or community members.

## 3.2.2.2 Missing Persons

To reduce the potential for missing persons, personnel will check-in regularly and execute proper remote work practices as outlined in Baffinland's or contractor's health and safety plan. Resources such as personnel, equipment, land vehicles, and aircraft will be mobilized to aid search and rescue operations. Additional resources and services from local communities will be drawn upon as needed and if available.

## 3.2.2.3 Missing or Overdue Aircraft or Truck

Aircraft and truck will remain in contact with dispatch while departing from and en route between sites. In the event that a vehicle does not report, the HSE Manager will be notified and they will in turn initiate the Emergency Response action. Additional support for rescue operations will be implemented with site personnel and appropriate regulatory authorities as needed.

In the event of an accident, injuries will be reported to one of the designated trained first aid personnel in camp as soon as possible. Injuries will be reported immediately to medical personnel, who will implement treatment as required.

# 3.2.3 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT-RELATED ISSUES

# 3.2.3.1 Floods

Flooding could potentially occur within local watersheds affecting access along roads and the railway if a crossing structure was made inoperable. Serious emergencies are not envisaged from flooding. Washed out road sections will be repaired using available equipment.

# 3.2.3.2 Extreme Weather Conditions

Baffin Island experiences extreme weather conditions nearly year-round and snow is possible during any month of the year. This, by necessity, requires the Project to develop health and safety plans tailored to these conditions. These extreme weather conditions will be considered emergencies when prolonged and affecting the safety of employees, equipment or facilities.





When prolonged extreme weather conditions such as cold or poor visibility presents health and safety concerns, risky activities will be curtailed or modified, as appropriate. If white-out conditions persist, communications with the HSE Manager might be necessary to decide the course of action and if travel or rescue is necessary. Work activities that are exposed to severe winds, such as aircraft departures/arrivals and work at height, will be curtailed as appropriate.

Sufficient supplies (including food and back-up electricity generators) will be kept at each site in the event of prolonged weather-related interruptions, so as to adequately cater the necessities of life. Also, vehicles are equipped with survival packs in the event of equipment malfunction between camps. Further response will involve moving personnel to other onsite facilities or evacuation to offsite facilities.

## 3.2.3.3 Wildlife Encounters and Incursions

The possibility exists that polar bears may be encountered in coastal areas year round and much more rarely, at inland locations such as Mary River during the open water periods (i.e., July to October). Polar bear safety training will be provided to Project personnel as part of site orientation. Specific personnel will be provided with training to respond to polar bears. Workers at coastal areas should have nearby shelter (trailers, operable vehicles, helicopter) as refuge, or should be accompanied by a dedicated bear monitor, if working on the land, at a distance from camp facilities. Other wildlife (hare, fox, wolf and caribou) should be avoided and given the right-of-way. Wildlife feeding is not permitted under any circumstances.

Although unlikely, vehicle collision with wildlife is possible. To minimize collisions personnel will abide by the prescribed speed limits imposed on Project-related traffic. Wildlife fatalities from traffic incidents or other events will be reported to the HSE Manager, who will in turn contact Government of Nunavut wildlife officer and local hunters and trapper organizations. Firearms will be prohibited at all sites, except for use by trained bear monitors.

## 3.2.3.4 Seismicity

The Government of Nunavut *Good Building Practices Guideline* 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, December 2005, Appendix K will be used for the basis of seismic design of the facilities.

The consequences of seismic events are considered to be low, owing to the lack of large, permanent and rigid structures such as large frame buildings. In the case of a seismic occurrence, the necessary action will be taken.

#### 3.2.4 OPERATIONAL INCIDENTS

### 3.2.4.1 Fires

Any scheduled burning onsite, such as incineration, will follow regulatory requirements and control procedures. Fire extinguishers will be stationed at work areas including shops, fuel farms and dispensing areas, kitchens, incinerators, generators, etc. Personnel will be evacuated from site if a fire cannot be immediately controlled or impacts necessities of life or personnel issues. Trained onsite personnel will respond to fires using onsite equipment and notify regulatory authorities as needed.





## 3.2.4.2 Ground Instability

Incidents relating to ground instability could involve railway embankment collapse, pit wall failure, waste rock or ore stockpile embankment failure, road embankment failure, leading to injuries or fatality, or damage to equipment or facility. In such emergencies, the HSE Lead and the HSE Manager will be notified so that necessary response action can be implemented. A qualified professional will inspect the suspected area of failure and will ensure that the area is properly secured and isolated. The incident will be documented and appropriate mitigative and preventive programs developed to limit or minimize subsequent incidents and risks.

# 3.2.4.3 Automobile and Equipment Accidents

Accidents with vehicles and other equipment will be reported to a supervisor as soon as possible to initiate the Emergency Response action. Priority response, if warranted, will be given to necessities of life and, if a fuel spill has occurred, the Emergency and Spill Plan (see Section 5.5) will be initiated. After priority issues are resolved, equipment will be "tagged out" and will not operate until repairs have been made.

# 3.2.4.4 Ship Grounding/Collision

Each ship will have a proprietary general emergency plan/checklist according to the International Safety Management Code (ISM Code) for the Safe Operation of Ships and for Pollution Prevention.

# 3.2.4.5 Airplane/Helicopter Accidents

Contracted commercial air carriers will be equipped with standard operating procedures to address specific response actions to be taken in airplane emergency situations. Baffinland will have the emergency response equipment and develop emergency response procedures for aircraft incidents occurring on the airstrips.

## 3.2.4.6 Explosives

An Explosives Management Plan (Appendix B.10) is developed for the Project to address responses to incidents that may arise from transporting, handling and use, and storage of explosives and explosive components onsite.

# 3.2.4.7 Fuel and Other Chemical Spills

A Spill Response Plan is developed specifically to address fuel and other hazardous materials land-based spills, releases or discharges at the Mine Site (refer to Section 6.0 of this document). Fuel spills at the Milne Port or Steensby Port are addressed with by the Milne Port OPEP (Appendix B.2) and the Steensby Port OPEP (Appendix B.3).

# 3.3 <u>MULTIPLE EMERGENCIES</u>

## 3.3.1 Multiple Emergencies

Multiple emergencies can occur either by coincidence or by one incident leading to or causing another. In the case of multiple emergencies, the guiding principles outlined in Section 1.2 will provide direction for





appropriate response action. The emergency team will anticipate potential multiple incidents that could occur due to the occurrence of an emergency and be prepared to take actions as may be required. Sufficient resources will be available to address the potential for multiple emergences. The HSE Lead assisted by the HSE Manager will coordinate response actions.

#### **SECTION 4.0 - ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

As part of the Emergency and Spill Response Plan, Baffinland is responsible for implementing, through its project management team, the following procedures with regard to spill incidents:

- Train site personnel in emergency and spill response procedures and the proper use of response equipment and materials.
- In the event of an emergency or spill, mobilize required site personnel, equipment and tools.
- Implement the required health and safety procedures at the site of the emergency or spill.
- Eliminate the fire hazards and potential ignition sources near the emergency or spill area.
- Control the source of the spill (i.e., reduce or stop product discharge).
- Contain the spilled product using the most appropriate methods and equipment (i.e., dykes, ditches, sorbent materials, containment booms, and other barriers).
- Evaluate the possibilities of recovering spilled materials.
- Obtain, if required, assistance from government agencies such as Environment Canada, the Canadian Coast Guard and/or Fisheries and Oceans Canada.
- Obtain, if required, additional assistance by hiring local rangers or residents from the nearest communities and/or firms specialized in spill response operations.
- Comply with applicable guidelines and regulations.
- Conduct a preliminary assessment of environmental impacts to marine, freshwater and terrestrial ecosystems and natural resources.
- Report the spill to the Government of Nunavut Spill Report Line, to QIA, and to the water license inspector within 24 hours of the event, and submit a written spill report using the appropriate form.

# 4.1 <u>RESPONSE MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE</u>

All spill procedures and response functions are to be implemented through the Emergency Response Management Team (see Figure 4.1). Table 1.1 presents the management team responsible for overseeing emergency spill response operations and their contact information.

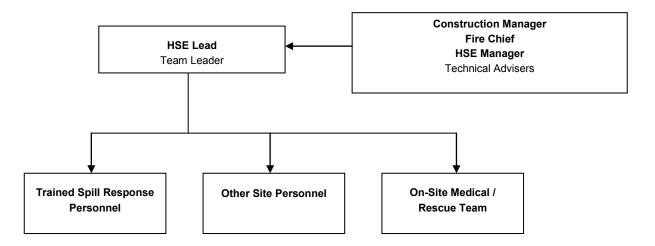
Once a spill event is reported, the HSE Lead establishes a specific strategy for containing and controlling the spill and to initiate the cleanup activities. Other site personnel such as the Fire Chief, HSE Manager, and Construction Manager may act as technical advisers before and during the intervention. The trained Spill





Response Team will conduct all emergency spill response operations under the leadership of the HSE Lead. During the cleanup phase of the intervention other site personnel (e.g., heavy equipment operators, labourers) could be involved in the intervention. The Spill Response Team organization chart is provided as Figure 4.1.

Figure 4.1 Spill Response Team Organization Chart



#### 4.1.1 HSE Lead

As part of the spill response plan, the HSE Lead, acting as incident commander, is responsible for implementing the following procedures:

- Assume authority over the spill scene and personnel involved.
- Activate the Spill Response Plan.
- Evaluate the initial situation and assesses the magnitude of the spill.
- Develop an overall plan of action.
- Collect photographic records of the spill event and cleanup efforts.
- Prepare a root cause analysis and an incident investigation for major spills.
- Report to the Construction Manager and provide recommendations on resource requirements (additional manpower, equipment, material) to complete the cleanup effort. The responsibility of the coordinator is to mobilize personnel and equipment to implement the cleanup.

The HSE Lead will be accessible to the Canadian Coast Guard during the entire transfer operation.

## 4.1.2 HSE Manager

The responsibilities of the HSE Department include the following:





- Report the spill to NWT 24-hour Spill Report Line at (867) 920-8130, to QIA Lands Administrator at (867) 975-8422, and INAC Water Licence Inspector at (867) 975-4289.
- Provide liaison with management to keep them informed of cleanup activities.
- Collect photographic records of the spill event and cleanup efforts.
- Obtain additional required resources not available onsite for spill response and cleanup.
- Act as the spokesperson with government agencies as appropriate.
- Document the cause of the spill and effectiveness of the cleanup effort, and recommend the appropriate measures to prevent a recurrence of the spill.
- Prepare and submit follow-up documentation required by appropriate regulators.
- Ensure that the spill is cleaned up and follow-up communication and reports are filed with the INAC Water License Inspector, and QIA Land Administrator. Ensure that the spill reports submitted to QIA include photographic records and an updated map showing UTM coordinates, date, and amount and nature of the spill.

# 4.1.3 Corporate Contact

The responsibilities of the Corporate Contact include the following:

- Work with the HSE Department on regulatory follow-up as necessary.
- Act as the spokesperson with government agencies as well as the public and media on any significant spill events.

## 4.1.4 Other Site Personnel – Responders

All responders are to be trained under the Emergency Response Plan outlined in Section 4.3. The number of responders and their specific tasks is estimated in accordance with the spill scenarios outlined in Section 6 of the OPEPs, as applicable.

## 4.1.5 Onsite Medical/Rescue Team

Depending on the scale of the spills/emergency scenario, fire response and medical emergency procedures will be initiated.

## 4.1.6 Shipping Companies

When shipping hazardous materials to and from the site, transport companies are required to carry out their operations in accordance with federal and international Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations (i.e., TDGR – Clear Language, IMDG, IATA).

In the event of a spill of hazardous materials (exceeding the quantities listed in Part 8.1 (1) of the TDGR) during transport, the shipping company will immediately report the incident to the local police and the Nunavut Emergency Services at 1-800-693-1666 (as stated in Part 8.1 (5), TDGR). The immediate report must include as much of the information listed in Part 8.2, TDGR, as is known at the time of the report. A





follow-up report must be made, in writing, to the Director General within 30 days after the occurrence of the accidental release, the "dangerous goods accident" or the "dangerous goods incident". The follow-up report must include the information listed in Part 8.3, TDGR.

If a spill occurs on water during transport or during the transfer of hazardous materials from ship to land, the shipping company is responsible to implement the appropriate spill response measures in accordance to their spill response plan. If needed, the Baffinland Spill Response Team can be available to assist the shipping company in their emergency response operations.

# 4.2 COORDINATION WITH COAST GUARDS AND GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

# 4.2.1 Canadian Coast Guard

The response to a spill at Milne Port or Steensby Port will be managed in coordination with the Canadian Coast Guard, lead response agency north of 60°.

The Central and Arctic Regional Response Plan (2006) and the Baffin Region, Nunavut Area Plan outline the Canadian Coast Guard's response capability for the Baffin region. The plans are components of the Canadian Coast Guard National Response Plan, which is the responsibility of the Director of Safety and Environmental Response Systems, Ottawa. It establishes the framework and procedures by which Central and Arctic Region will prepare for, assess, respond to, and document actions in response to pollution incidents in the region. This capability and the information contained in the Coast Guard plans are considered a valuable resource in planning spill response at both Milne Inlet and Steensby Inlet.

# 4.2.2 Regional Environmental Emergencies Team (REET)

The Environment Canada, Regional Environmental Emergencies Team (REET) is a multi-agency, multi-disciplinary group specializing in environmental emergencies. REET is designed to provide consolidated and coordinated environmental advice, information and assistance in the event of an environmental emergency. REET members represent several federal, provincial and municipal government departments, aboriginal communities, private sector agencies, and local individuals.

During emergency response situations a REET operates as a flexible and expandable multi-disciplinary and multi-agency team brought together to obtain and provide comprehensive and coordinated environmental advice, information and assistance to the On-Scene Commander or Lead Agency.

## 4.3 TRAINING

The HSE Manager will be responsible for coordinating emergency response training onsite. The Emergency Response Team will participate in training and emergency response exercises to ensure that all members are trained in equipment use and emergency response methods. The Emergency Response Team members will be trained in emergency identification and currently accepted response action techniques. Training will be related to specific emergency response roles, and will include:

- emergency chain-of-command.
- · communication methods and signals
- · emergency equipment and use





- emergency evacuation
- offsite support and use
- marine spill response
- marine shoreline recovery operations

Emergency personnel will receive training in first aid and Cardiopulmonary Response (CPR) and will practice hands-on rescue techniques. Employees will undergo formal safety and emergency response training. The training will identify site-specific hazards and hazards associated with the project in general. The training will also review standard operating procedures, use of personal protective equipment, signalling an emergency, evacuation routes and muster locations, reporting and notification protocol, and other general safety procedures.

As part of site orientation and ongoing awareness training, all site personnel are informed that any spill of fuel or other hazardous liquids or solids, whatever the extent, has to be reported to their immediate supervisor.

An appropriate number of site personnel are selected and appropriately trained to form the Emergency Response Team. Crew members are trained in emergency spill response procedures and operations. Training includes knowledge in the:

- · properties of hazardous materials used onsite
- · common causes of spills
- environmental effects of spills
- worker health and safety during emergency interventions
- personal protective equipment and clothing
- spill response procedures and techniques on land, water, snow, and ice, and during all four seasons
- spill response equipment and materials

Training also includes analysis of potential spill events that are more likely to occur during the Mary River Project operations. Fuel spills are more likely to be caused by:

- human error during fuel transfer operations (e.g., tank farm to tanker-trucks, drums to helicopters)
- rupture of tanks, supply lines, or valves from accidental damage, deterioration or equipment failure
- · road accidents involving tanker-trucks

Training includes spill response field drills and classroom training.

## 4.3.1 Hands-On Training and Deployments

Hands-on training will include:

- review of inventory of spill equipment
- hands-on instruction boom connections, tow bridles, rope handling, basic knots and attachment and deployment accessories





- simulated deployment of booms and related gear on water using appropriate vessels
- debriefing and lessons learned

# 4.4 **EXERCISES**

Following the annual delivery of training (see Section 4.3), a comprehensive spill exercise will be undertaken. The exercise is structured to test the readiness of both management and responders and to practice and validate the logistics of the deployment of spill gear. The exercise content will be different from year to year so that it can best validate the various elements of the OPEP and the appropriateness of the response. Factors that will be evaluated include:

- activation of the ERP / OPEP
- · effectiveness of management response
- site safety
- communications
- equipment deployment for specific scenarios
- reporting and coordination with external agencies
- exercise coordination with Canadian Coast Guard
- exercise coordination with ship

## 4.5 COMMUNICATION

The types of communications for which members of the team will participate include the following:

- formal written correspondence and meetings with stakeholders
- site visits by community representatives
- design, construction and planning meetings
- field inspections and monitoring reports disseminated by the HSE Lead
- electronic communications
- tailgate/toolbox meetings
- formal written correspondence and meetings with government regulatory bodies
- formal environmental awareness training

Communications will be appropriately recorded and filed for future reference. Where appropriate, the copies of communications will be forwarded to the Construction Manager(s), and Vice President Sustainability.

## 4.6 EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS

Effective forms of communication include the proactive notification to external stakeholders of Project activity. Project activity updates will be provided to the communities of North Baffin through various means including regular meetings, public notices and radio announcements as appropriate. Baffinland will endeavour to maintain Community Liaison Offices to assist in this regard.





#### **SECTION 5.0 - SPILL RESPONSE PROCEDURES**

A spill is defined as the discharge of a hazardous product out of its containment and into the environment. Potential hazards to humans, vegetation, water resources, fish and wildlife vary in severity, depending on several factors including nature of the material, quantity spilled, location and season. Fuel is the main product that may be spilled and therefore spill response procedures focus on this hazardous material. Other chemicals that may be spilled include sewage water, calcium chloride flakes and small quantities of lubricants and oils.

All site personnel are briefed on the procedures to be followed to report a spill and initiate spill response. The first person to notice a spill takes the following steps:

- 1. Immediately warn other personnel working near the spill area.
- 2. Evacuate the area if the health and safety of personnel is threatened.
- 3. In the absence of danger, and before the spill response team arrives at the scene, take any safe and reasonable measure to stop, contain and identify the nature of the spill.
- 4. Notify the HSE Lead, who will initiate the spill response operations.

All spill response interventions carried out by the spill response team follow these general procedures:

**Source Control** – Reduce or stop the flow of product without endangering anyone. This could involve very simple actions such as turning off a pump, closing a valve, or sealing a puncture hole with almost anything handy (e.g., a rag, piece of wood, tape), raising a leaky or discharging hose to a level higher than the product level inside the tank, or transferring fuel from leaking containers.

**Control of Free Product** – Prevent or limit the spread of the spilled material. Accumulate/concentrate spilled product in an area to facilitate recovery. Barriers positioned down-gradient of the spill will slow or stop the progression of the spill. Barriers can consist of absorbent booms, dykes, berms, or trenches (dug in the ground or in ice).

**Protection** – Evaluate the potential dangers of the spill to protect sensitive ecosystems and natural resources. Block or divert the spilled material away from sensitive receptors. This can also be achieved by using various types of barriers.

Clean up the Spill – Recover and containerize as much free product as possible. Recover and containerize/treat contaminated soil, water, and snow. Pressure-wash contaminated bedrock surfaces, shorelines, ice and recover as much as possible oily water for containerization and/or treatment.

**Report the Spill** – Provide basic information such as date and time of the spill, type and amount of product discharged, photographic records, location and approximate size of the spill, actions already taken to stop and contain the spill, meteorological conditions and any perceived threat to human health or the environment. Reporting requirements are presented on Section 8.

Response procedures specific to spills on land, water, snow and ice are presented in the following sections. Procedures vary depending on the season. Spill response operations, techniques, equipment and materials are further detailed in the spill response training course manual.





## 5.1 SPILLS ON LAND

Response to spills on land will include the general procedures previously detailed. The main spill control techniques involve the use of two types of barriers: dykes and trenches. Barriers should be placed downgradient (down-slope) from the source of the spill, and as close as possible to the source of the spill. Barriers slow the progression of the spill and also serve as containment to allow recovery of the spill.

Depending on the volume spilled, the site of the spill as well as available material, a dyke may be built with soil, booms, lumber, snow, etc. A plastic liner should be placed at the foot of and over the dykes to protect the underlying soil or other material and to facilitate recovery of the spill. Construct dykes in such a way as to accumulate a thick layer of free product in a single area (V-shaped or U-shaped).

Trenches are useful in the presence of permeable soil and when the spilled fuel is migrating below the ground surface. A plastic liner should be placed on the down-gradient edge of the trench to protect the underlying soil. Liners should not be placed at the bottom of the trench to allow water to continue flowing underneath the layer of floating oil (if applicable).

The use of large quantities of absorbent materials to recover important volumes of spilled fluids should be avoided. Large volumes of free-product should be recovered, as much as possible, by using vacuums and pumps, and containerized. Mixtures of water and fuel may be processed through an oil-water separator. Absorbent sheets should be used to soak up residual fuel on water, on the ground (soil and rock), and on vegetation. Peat moss may also be sprinkled on vegetation to absorb films of petroleum products.

# 5.2 SPILLS ON WATER

Response to spills on water includes the general procedures previously detailed. Various containment, diversion and recovery techniques are discussed in the following sections. The following elements must be considered when conducting response operations:

- type of waterbody or water course (lake, ocean, stream, river)
- water depth and surface area
- wind speed and direction
- presence and range of tides
- type of shoreline
- seasonal considerations (open-water, freeze-up, break-up, frozen)

Containment of a diesel fuel slick on the **ocean** requires the deployment of mobile floating booms to intercept, control, contain and concentrate (i.e., increase thickness) the floating oil. One end of the booms is anchored to shore while the other is towed by a boat and use to circle the diesel fuel slick and return it close to shore for recovery using a skimmer. Reducing the surface area of the slick increases its thickness and thereby improves recovery. Mechanical recovery equipment (*i.e.*, skimmers and oil/water separators) will be mobilized to site if required. Refer to Milne Port OPEP (Appendix B.2) and Steensby port OPEP (Appendix B.3).

If diesel fuel is spilled in a **lake** it may not be possible to deploy booms using a boat. In this case, measures are taken to protect sensitive and accessible shoreline (spills resulting from traffic incidents). The diesel fuel slick is monitored to determine the direction of migration. In the absence of strong winds the oil will likely flow towards the discharge of the lake. Measures is taken to block and concentrate the oil slick at the lake





discharge using booms where it will subsequently be recovered using a portable skimmer, a vacuum, or sorbent materials.

In small slowly-flowing rivers, **streams**, channels, inlets or ditches, inverted weirs (i.e., siphon dams) is used to stop and concentrate moving diesel fuel for collection while allowing water to continue to flow unimpeded. In the case of floating diesel fuel, in a **stream**, heading for a culvert (i.e., at a road crossing) a culvert block is used to stop and concentrate moving fuel for collection while allowing water to continue to flow unimpeded. In both cases diesel fuel will then be recovered using a portable skimmer or sorbent materials.

In the case of spills in larger **rivers**, with fast moving currents, diversion booming is used to direct the oil slick ashore for recovery. Single or multiple booms (i.e., cascading) may be used for diversion. Typically, the booms are anchored across the river at an angle. The angle will depend on the current velocity. Choosing a section of a river that is both wider and shallower makes boom deployment easier. Diversion booming may also be used to direct an oil slick away from a sensitive area to be protected.

## 5.3 SPILLS ON SNOW AND ICE

In general, snow and ice will slow the movement of hydrocarbons. The presence of snow may also hide the diesel fuel slick and make it more difficult to follow its progression. Snow is generally a good natural sorbent, as hydrocarbons have a tendency to be soaked up by snow through capillary action.

However, the use of snow as a sorbent material is to be limited as much as possible. Snow and frozen ground also prevent hydrocarbons from migrating down into soil or at least slow the migration process. Ice prevents seepage of fuel into the water.

Response to spills on snow and ice includes the general procedures previously detailed. Most response procedures for spills on land may be used for spills on snow and ice. The use of dykes (i.e., compacted snow berms lined with plastic sheeting) or trenches (dug in ice) slow the progression of the fuel and also serve as containment to allow recovery of the fuel.

Free-product is recovered by using a vacuum, a pump, or sorbent materials. Contaminated snow and ice is scraped up manually or using heavy equipment depending on volumes. The contaminated snow and ice is placed in containers or within lined berms on land. A contaminated snow storage site is located at Milne Port, the Mine Site and Steensby Port. Once enough snow has melted, the oily water is removed from the storage and processed through an oily water treatment system. Hydrocarbons recovered will be burned in the camp incinerator or shipped offsite for processing.

## 5.4 DISPOSAL OF SPILLED MATERIAL

Plastic ore sacks, steel drums, or other appropriate container as approved by the HSE Manager are used to contain and transport contaminated soil for treatment. Depending on the nature of the spilled contaminant, the soil may be treated for remediation at Baffindland's land farm (hydrocarbon based spills, sewage spills). Contaminated soil resulting from the spill of hazardous chemicals will be treated as a hazardous waste and shipped to a licensed facility for treatment and disposal (refer to Waste Management Plan - Appendix B.6). Temporary storage of contaminated materials is within lined berms. Used sorbent material is burned in the site incinerators.





### **SECTION 6.0 - POTENTIAL SPILL ANALYSIS**

To prepare for emergency spill response, potential spill analysis was conducted on various worst-case scenarios. The exercise serves to identify potential risk areas, as well as to determine the fate of spilled products and their environmental effects.

Three (3) types of materials are susceptible to cause environmental, health and safety concerns should a spill occur while being transported, stored and handled: fuel, explosives and untreated sewage. These materials are handled/used daily in sufficiently large quantities to warrant the evaluation of potential spill scenarios. All other hazardous materials, chemicals or wastes are handled/used/stored in smaller quantities and packaged/transported in small containers that limit the magnitude of the spills that can occur. Baffinland is committed to provide insurance coverage as required or as deemed appropriate.

# 6.1 FUEL SPILLS

For locations of the tank farms and temporary fuel depots at each of the Project sites, see Attachment 1. For the quantities of fuel stored at each location, see Table 6.1.

The fuel tank farms are designed to have bermed spill containment with capacity equal to the volume of the largest tank plus 10% of the volume of the remaining tanks or 110% volume of the largest tank, whichever is greater. In calculating the volume, the footprint of the smaller tanks is subtracted.

The above basis is consistent with the document *Design Rationale for Fuel Storage and Distribution Facilities* published by the Department of Public Works of the Northwest Territories. The lining in the bermed area is an impervious HDPE liner membrane. Refuelling stations are equipped with a lined and bermed area to contain minor spills or leaks during refuelling. The liner (e.g., 40 mm hypolon liner or equivalent) is protected by sand bedding. Vehicles and mobile equipment drive onto this bedding for refuelling. All fuel transfer is done by pumps.

All fuel storage areas are equipped with spill kits for emergency response, and a current Spill Response Plan will be maintained that identifies spill kit locations and response plans. The spill kit contains the appropriate type, size and quantity of equipment for the volume/type of product present in the storage location as well as the environment likely to be affected by a spill (i.e., ground, river, lake, ocean).

For each method of fuel storage and transfer, specific procedures related to fuel storage and transfer will be developed, and proper containment and emergency response equipment will be provided to meet or exceed regulatory requirements. The Emergency and Spill Response Plan governs land-based operations, and the Transport Canada approved OPEPs govern ship to shore fuel transfers for Milne Port and Steensby Port.

## 6.1.1 Potential Fuel Spill Scenarios

# 6.1.1.1 Scenario 1: Tank Farms Area Spill

The tank farms located at Milne Port, Steensby Port and the Mine Site are constructed in an impermeable secondary containment structure (lined and bermed containment area). The construction is in compliance with building codes and best practices for tank farm facilities. The low point of the containment area is fitted





with a pumping system for capture/disposal of runoff in this secondary containment area. The same pumping system is used to recover large spills, should they occur. For the capacity of the tank farms at each location, along with the capacity of the secondary containment, see Table 6.1.

Table 6.1 Tank Farms

Location	No of Tanks and Capacity	Total Storage Capacity
Milne Port	1 steel tank @ 5 ML 4 steel tanks @ 10 ML 1 steel tank @ 3 ML	45 ML
Mine Site	3 steel tanks @ 5 ML 100 ISO tanks @ 20,000 L	15.6 ML
Steensby Inlet	20 steel tanks @ 1 ML 100 ISO tanks @ 20,000 L	22 ML

In light of the capacities of the secondary containments, fuel spills outside these containment areas is unlikely to occur. Detailed procedures (site wide application) and work instructions (task specific) are in place as well as the Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) to deal with the cleaning of equipment and machinery entering and exiting the tank farms as well as dealing with contamination resulting from traffic in and out of the secondary containment areas.

## 6.1.1.2 Scenario 2: Day Tank/Temporary Storage Area Spill

All stand-alone day storage facilities, whether temporary (construction period) or permanent (mine pit), are double-walled iso-tanks located in secondary containment. In light of the nature of the tanks and capacities of the secondary containment, fuel spills outside these containment areas are unlikely to occur.

Detailed procedures (site-wide application) and work instructions (task-specific) are in place, along with the Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) to deal with refuelling operations.

The most likely source of spills is during refuelling or refilling the day tanks with fuel. These operations are carried out by trained personnel who stop the fuel transfer operation whenever a leak is detected.

# 6.1.1.3 Scenario 3: Road Accident Tanker Truck Spill

Description of Incident	Spill of the contents of a tanker truck or fuel re-supply truck to a stream. Spill occurs in an isolated area between Milne Inlet and Mary River or an isolated area along the railway construction road
Potential Causes	Human error, vehicle mechanical failure, or, traffic accident
Product Spilled	Tote Road: Diesel fuel, Jet-A Fuel     Ice Road: Diesel fuel
Maximum Volume Spilled	20 000 to 50 000 L (content of a tanker truck) This would require the rupture of the tanker.
Estimated Time to Spill Entire Volume	Spillage can be limited depending on severity of incident/accident  10 minutes to 48 hours – depending on severity of rupture or piping / valving associated with the tanker truck.





Immediate Receiving Medium	Soil, streams, lakes	
Most Probable Direction of Spill Migration	Varies with specific location of spill	
Distance and Direction to Closest Body of Water	Tote Road - Downstream and into a river named Phillips Creek; the road between Mary River and Milne Inlet follows Phillips Creek, and crosses many streams (that discharge into Phillips Creek) over a distance of approximately 50 km. Phillips Creek eventually discharges into the ocean at Milne Inlet.      Ice Road – depends on location of accident	
Resources to Protect	Tote Road: Streams, Phillips Creek and the ocean.     Ice Road: various water ways and lakes along the ice road	
Estimated Emergency Spill Response Time	60 minutes after spill is reported to site personnel (assuming truck driver is injured and cannot commence spill response procedures).	
Spill Response Procedures	1. Contain and recover diesel slick downriver as described in Section 6.2, protect shorelines using sorbent booms. Collect free-product for temporary storage. Clean-up soiled shorelines. If the response crew arrives before the complete spill, seal the leak where feasible, contain and recover oil spill on ground using dykes and trenches. Also, if the truck driver is not injured, he will act as a first responder and immediately initiate the spill contingency plan as defined in section 6 using the spill kit kept in the fuel trucks.	
	2. Once the treatment is achieved, the content of the reservoir is normally pumped by a vacuum truck to be discharged elsewhere. Therefore a vacuum truck is available in the area. In case of a spill of non-treated wastewater (sewage), the slick would be pumped using the vacuum truck. The piping would be repaired and the content of the truck would be discharged back in the oily water treatment unit. Impacted soils (if any) would be excavated and placed within the contaminated soil treatment area at the Mine Site or Steensby Port.	

# 6.1.1.4 Scenario 4: Marine Resupply Spill - Milne Port or Steensby Port

The Milne Port OPEP (Appendix B.2) and Steensby Port OPEP (Appendix B.3) present the range of spill scenarios probable for these facilities.

# 6.2 EXPLOSIVES TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

For the hazard class and potential impacts for explosives to be used at Baffinland, see Table 6.2. For an overview of the on-hand quantities of explosives, see Table 6.3. For the location of the explosives storage facilities at Milne Port, mine site, and Steensby Port, see the site layout drawings in Attachment 1. The Explosives Management Plan (Appendix B.10) deals with explosives management for the Project.

Ammonium nitrate is the single-largest material that will be used for explosives at the mine. At Steensby Port, the 1-t tote bags of ammonium nitrate will be stored and transported in Sea Can containers from the storage area to the emulsion manufacturing plant located at Steensby Port and the mine site. The spill of ammonium nitrate prill to the environment during transportation is thus unlikely to occur as the contents of a ripped tote bag would be contained inside the Sea Can container.





Table 6.2 Explosives Hazard Classes and Potential Impacts

Material	Class	Potential Impact
Ammonium Nitrate	5.1	Water contamination
Packaged Explosives	1	Negligible with proper handling
Blasting Caps	1	Negligible with proper handling
Acetic acid	8	Water contamination
Nitric acid	8	Water contamination
Ethylene Glycol	3	Water contamination
Sodium nitrite	5.1	Water contamination
N7 Emulsifier		Water contamination
N23 and LZ Emulsifier		Water contamination
N4 Emulsifier		Water contamination

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Table 6.3 Expected Consumption and Quantities of Explosives Stored Onsite

Material	Purpose	Storage Duration	Total PDW Quantities (kg)	Storage Type	Stored at Mine Site Quantities (kg)	Stored at Steensby Site Quantities (kg)
Pre- Packaged Explosives Explosive agent	Apr- Aug, 2012	100,000	1 tonne tote bags,	100,000	ı	
	agent	Aug -Sept, 2012	100,000	AN storage pad	-	100,000
Ammonium Nitrate	Polymer	Aug -Dec, 2012	900,000	20,000 kg Sea Cans at Emulsion Plant, 37,000 kg magazines	160,000	-
		Sept - Dec, 2012	1,400,000		-	160,000
		Apr - Aug, 2013	7,000,000		160,000	160,000

# 6.2.1 Potential Spill Scenarios Related to Explosives

# 6.2.1.1 Scenario 1: Spill of Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium nitrate dissociates readily in water to form ammonia, which in its un-ionized form, is toxic to aquatic organisms and fish. Storage on land, away from water sources largely eliminates the risk of ammonia losses to water bodies.

All partially full contaminated or ripped bags of prill, spilled prill and used empty bags are collected and stored in a dedicated contained location for shipment offsite for disposal. Spills within the storage facility are completely contained. All spills are recorded on a spill report and all tote bags are inspected regularly by the explosives contractor.





A spill of ammonium nitrate on mine roads is highly unlikely, however, accidental spills of ammonium nitrate from an explosives truck will be cleaned up immediately and reported to the mine Operating Supervisor and logged as required by regulations. Clean up will be done by employees licensed to handle explosives and the contaminated material will be handled as per spills occurring within the storage area.

### 6.2.1.2 Scenario 2: Spill of Emulsion

Emulsion materials are acutely toxic to aquatic life. Release of emulsions to receiving water could have adverse impacts on aquatic life and fish. Therefore, emulsion material is stored at the emulsion plant where spills can be contained 100% within the confine of the building. Spills in this area are cleaned by employees licensed to handle explosives. Clean-up materials will be segregated in an appropriate area; incompatible materials will not be stored together, pursuant to MSDS and WCB regulations.

When and if a spill occurs, a spill report will be filled by the explosives contractor and Baffinland mine supervisor. If a spill exceeds reportable quantities, notification will be made under the spill reporting regulations applicable in Nunavut.

# 6.2.1.3 Scenario 3: Spill of Emulsion During transport

Given the precautions taken in the design of the storage facilities and the suitability of containers used for storage and transport, major spills are most likely to be caused by traffic accident involving the explosives truck. If such an accident occurs, explosive material will be recovered by employees licensed to handle explosives and the contaminated material will be handled as per spills occurring in the storage area.

### 6.3 UNTREATED SEWAGE

There will be two permanent camps (the Mine Site and Milne Inlet) one construction camps (at Milne Inlet) and one floating camp (at Steensby) for the duration of pre-development work. Each camp will be equipped with a dedicated wastewater treatment facility (see the Wastewater Management Plan) with rotating biological contactor units (RBC) with associated polishing ponds.

At remote areas, such as the mine maintenance/mine office, explosives handling facility, non-serviced railway camps, wastewater will be collected in local holding tanks and transported by tanker truck for treatment at the closest WWTF.

# 6.3.1.1 Scenario 1: Sewage Spill at Milne Port or Steensby Inlet

Description of Incident	Spill from the Rotating Biological Contactor reservoir. A pipe is accidently dislodged and non treated wastewater escape the reservoir		
Potential Causes	Pipe or mechanical failure		
Product Spilled	Raw sewage		
Maximum Volume Spilled	15,000 litres		
Estimated Time to Spill Entire Volume	15 minutes		
Immediate Receiving Medium	Milne Inlet or Steensby Inlet		
Most Probable Direction of Spill Migration	Milne Inlet or Steensby Inlet		





Distance and Direction to Closest Body of Water	150 m.
Resources to Protect	Milne Inlet or Steensby Inlet
Estimated Emergency Spill Response Time	15 minutes after spill is noticed.
Spill Response Procedures	None

# 6.3.1.2 Scenario 2: Mine Site Sewage Spill

Description of Incident	Spill from the Rotating Biological Contactor reservoir.
Potential Causes	A pipe has accidently being dislodged and non treated wastewater escapes the reservoir
Product Spilled	Raw sewage
Maximum Volume Spilled	15,000 litres
Estimated Time to Spill Entire Volume	15 minutes
Immediate Receiving Medium	Soil
Most Probable Direction of Spill Migration	Downstream and into a local depression east of the RBC wastewater treatment facility. That local depression dries in the summer and intercepts the maximum spilled volume.
Distance and Direction to Closest Body of Water	200 m.
Resources to Protect	One stream and Camp Lake.
Estimated Emergency Spill Response Time	15 minutes after spill is noticed.
Spill Response Procedures	A vacuum truck is available at the Mine Site. In case of a spill of non-treated wastewater (sewage), the slick would be pumped using the vacuum truck. The piping would be repaired and the content of the truck would be discharged back in the RBC treatment unit. Impacted soils (if any) would be excavated and placed within the landfarm.

# 6.3.1.3 Scenario 3: Sewage Transport Truck Spill

Description of Incident	Spill from the tanker truck transporting raw sewage from one of the temporary camp site to one of the permanent WWTF
Potential Causes	Road accident
Product Spilled	Raw sewage
Maximum Volume Spilled	10 000 litres
Estimated Time to Spill Entire Volume	Depends on severity of accident and damage sustained by the tanker truck
Immediate Receiving Medium	soil
Distance and Direction to Closest Body of Water	Depends on location of accident
Resources to Protect	Soil and waterways
Estimated Emergency Spill Response Time	Immediate if driver is not injured; up to 60 minutes if ERP Team is required.
Spill Response Procedures	Spillage is contained. Impacted soils (if any) is excavated and





placed within the landfarm.

#### **SECTION 7.0 - REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

Quantities of hazardous substances spilled that require reporting are listed in Schedule B of the Nunavut Spill Contingency and Reporting Regulation.

After the initial field emergency response to the spill event, spills are reported to the 24-hour Spill Report Line:

24-Hour Spill Report Line spills@gov.nt.ca Tel. (867) 920-8130 or Fax (867) 920-8127

Failure to report a spill can lead to fines. The Qikiqtani Inuit Association Lands Administrator will also be promptly notified at (867) 975-8422 or via e-mail. Similarly, the INAC Water Resources Officer will be promptly notified of the spill event at (867) 975-4289 or via e-mail. In the event of a spill on the ocean, the incident will be reported to the Canadian Coast Guard (Arctic region) 1-800-265-0237 (24-hour).

It is the responsibility of the HSE Manager on behalf of the Operations Manager to prepare the proper reports and transmit them to regulatory authorities. Table 7.1 presents an additional contact list for spill reporting. The HSE Manager will determine on a spill by spill basis whom on the list is to be contacted.





Table 7.1 Contact List for Spill Reporting

Department	Person	E-mail	Telephone
INAC-Waters (Iqaluit)	Kevin Buck	buckk@inac-ainc.gc.ca	(867) 975-4550
INAC-Inspector	Bryan Raynor	bryan.rayner@inac.gc.ca	(867) 975-4288
INAC-Qikiqtani	David Abernethy	abernethyd@inac-ainc.gc.ca	(867) 975-4555
INAC-Field Operations	Peter Kusugak	kusugakp@inac-ainc.gc.ca	(867) 975-4289
DFO-Iqaluit	Gary Cooper	Gary.cooper@dfo-mpo.gc.ca	(867) 979-8011
EC-Iqaluit	Jim Noble		(867) 975-4639
GN-DOE	Robert Eno	reno@gov.nu.ca	(867) 975-7748
Qikiqtani Inuit Association	Salamonie Shoo	landadmin@qia.ca	(867) 975-1643
Pond Inlet Health Clinic			(867) 899-7500 (867) 899-8431
Pond Inlet RCMP			(867) 899-1111 (867) 899-6055
Qikiqtani General Hospital (Iqaluit)			(867) 979-7300

The spill event is reported in writing using the standard Spill Report Form (see Attachment 3).

The written report includes the following information:

- date and time of incident
- location or map coordinates and direction of spill movement if warranted
- party responsible for the spill
- type and estimated quantities of spilled contaminant(s)
- specific immediate cause of incident
- status of the spill indicating if spilled materials are still moving or now at steady-state
- approximate surface of contaminated area
- photographic record of spill event and cleanup efforts
- factors affecting spill or recovery such as temperature and wind
- status on containment actions indicating whether a) naturally, b) booms, dykes, or other,
   c) no containment implemented
- corrective action taken or proposed, to clean, contain, or dispose spilled material
- whether assistance is required and in what form
- whether the spill poses a hazard to persons or property (i.e., fire, drinking water)
- comments and recommendations





- name, position, and employer of person reporting the spill
- name, position, department of person to whom the spill is reported

In addition, QIA requests that Baffinland produce a site map(s) listing the location in UTM coordinates, date, amount, and nature of the substance spilled. The map(s) should be updated annually and will be provided along with annual report requirements. The map(s) will also detail major project components and relevant waterbodies.

In the event of a spill involving the marine carrier delivering bulk fuel, Baffinland will ensure that the subcontractor reports any spill event under its responsibility.

#### **SECTION 8.0 - REFERENCES**

- 1. The *Guidelines for Preparation of Hazardous Material Spill Contingency Plans* describe parameters that should be considered in the development of hazardous material spill emergency plans.
- 2. The CCME *Code of Practice for Used Oil Management* defines appropriate environmental options for handling, storage, collection, recycling, transport, reuse and/or disposal of used oils in Canada.
- The Field Guide for Oil Spill Response in Arctic Waters developed for the Emergency Prevention, Preparedness and Response Working Group, describes precise response methods and strategies for emergency response operations and provides technical support documentation.
- 4. The Land Transportation Emergency Response Guideline for Petroleum Spills developed by the Canadian Petroleum Products Institute outlines scope, emergency response code of practice, response time guidelines, response equipment, and personnel capability requirements.
- 5. INAC, Nunavut Regional Office, *Draft Recommended Best Practices for Storage and Handling of Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products on Federal Crown Lands in Nunavut*, March 2009.
- Department of Sustainable Development, Environmental Protection Service:
  - Environmental Guidelines for Contaminated Site Remediation, January 2002
  - A Guide to the Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations
  - Environmental Guidelines for Industrial Projects on Commissioner's Lands, January 2002
  - Environmental Guidelines for Industrial Waste Discharges, January 2002
  - Environmental Guidelines for Management of Hazardous Waste, January 2002
  - Illustrated Homeowner's Guide to Heating Oil Tank Inspection, February 2008
- 7. Canadian Coast Guard, Central and Arctic Region, 2006. Regional Response Plan. April 2006.
- 8. Government of Nunavut, Good Building Practices Guideline 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, December 2005.
- 9. The Mining Association of Canada Crisis Management Planning Guide March 2007. Available at: www.mining.ca/www/media\_lib/TSM\_Documents/TSM\_Publications/2007/Crisis\_Man\_03\_2007.pdf.





## **ATTACHMENT 1**

#### **Site Maps and Drawings**

The following figures present site layouts and tank farm drawings and are attached in Volume 10, Appendix 10H.

- Milne Port Pre-Development Work Layout Drawing
- Milne Inlet Pre-Development Work Layout Drawing
- Mine Site Pre-Development Work Layout Drawing
- General Arrangement Milne Port Tank Farm
- General Arrangement Mine Site Tank Farm
- General Arrangement Port Tank Farm





# **ATTACHMENT 2**

#### **Spill Kits and Contents**

See Annex 4, Resident Spill Response Equipment, Milne Port OPEP (Appendix B.2)





# **ATTACHMENT 3**

**Standard Nunavut Spill Report Form** 





CORIGINAL SPILL REPORT,

MINUTES

UN. NUMBER

LOCATION CALLING FROM

LOCATION

SIGNIFICANCE CIMINOR CIMAJOR CIUNKNOWN

LOCATION CALLED

REMARKS



Α

В

C

D

Е

F

G

I

J

K

AGENCY

LEAD AGENCY FIRST SUPPORT AGENCY SECOND SUPPORT AGENCY HIRD SUPPORT AGENCY

LATITUDE

DEGREES



EPORT DATE: MONTH - DAY - YEAR

OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH - DAY - YEAR

LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)

RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VESSEL NAME

SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED (IF APPLICABLE)

FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL OR RECOVERY

REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY

NY ALTERNATE CONTACT

RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY

POSITION

POSITION

LEAD AGENCY DEC DOOG DIGNWT DIGN DILA DINAC DINED DTO

CONTACT NAME

ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVED

PRODUCT SPILLED

PILL SOURCE

# Canadä

GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME OR DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM NAMED LOCATION

SECONDS

MINUTES

# NT-NU SPILL REPORT

REGION

DNWT

LONGITUDE

DEGREES

RESPONSIBLE PARTY ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION

QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES

QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES

DESCRIBE ANY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED

EMPLOYER

CONTACT TIME

REPORT LINE USE ONLY

CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION

WATER LICENCE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)

□ NUNAVUT

OCCURRENCE TIME

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE TEL: (867) 920-8130 FAX: (867) 873-6024

EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca REPORT NUMBER TO THE ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT CI ADJACENT JURISDICTION OR OCEAN SECONDS AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SQUARE METRES HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMEN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, COMMENTS, ACTIONS PROPOSED OR TAKEN TO CONTAIN, REDOVER OR DISPOSE OF SPILLED PRODUCT AND CONTAINMATED MATERIALS TELEPHONE ALTERNATE TELEPHONE REPORT LINE NUMBER FILE STATUS CLOPEN CICLOSES

PAGE 1 OF



#### Attachment 4

#### MSDS of hazardous materials used on site

- Agricultural Lime (4p.)
- Aluminum Sulphate (1p.)
- APS 703d#3 Floc Log (2p.)
- APS 705 Silt Stop (2p.)
- APS 706b Floc Log (2p.)
- Aviation Fuel (7p.)
- Calcium Chloride Flake (4p.)
- Cast Booster (3p.)
- CP-43 Diesel (6p.)
- Detonating Cord (3p.)
- DR-133 POLYMER (4p.)
- Electric Dentonators (4p.)
- Emulsion Explosives Dyno AP (3p.)
- EZ-MUD (6p.)
- Gasoline (6p.)
- Jet A (7p.)
- Lubtrac Rod Grease (4p.)
- Non-Electric Detonators (5p.)
- Packaged Dynamites and Explosive Gelatins (3p.)
- Packaged Emulsion Explosives (3p.)
- Potassium Chloride (Potash) (4p.)
- Shock Tube (3p.)
- Tellus T32 (4p.)
- W-OB POLYMER (4p.)

#### **Environment Laboratory**

- AmVer<sup>™</sup> High Range Ammonia Test 'N Tube<sup>™</sup> Reagent
- Ammonia Cyanurate Reagent
- Ammonia Salicylate Reagent
- COD TNTPlus™, LR (3-150 mg/L)
- Phosphate Acid Reagent Vials
- PhosVer® 3 Phosphate Reagent
- Potassium Persulfate
- Sodium Hydroxide Solution, 1.54 N

Updated: Oct. 23-06



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 703d#3 Floc Log

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298

www.siltstop.com

Distributed by: Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer gel

3. Hazard Identification

Placement of these materials on wet walking surface will create extreme slipping hazard.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: None.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin could cause dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap. Use of gloves

recommended.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

Ingestion: Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

**Special fire fighting precautions:** Floc Logs that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions: No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Dry wipe as well as possible. Keep in suitable and closed containers for disposal. After

cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after handling.

Storage: Keep in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Use dry handling areas only.

Updated: Oct. 23-06

**Personal Protection Equipment** 

**Respiratory Protection:** 

**Hand Protection:** Dry Cloth, Leather, or Rubber Gloves.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses with side shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** No special protective clothing required.

**Hygiene Measures:** Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Granular semi-solid gel

Color: White to Brown

Odor: None

pH: 3-10

**Melting Point:** N/A Flash Point: N/A

Autoignition: N/A

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity (EPA-821-R-02-012)

LC 50 (Survival) / Ceriodaphnia dubia / 48h / 673 ppm

NOAEC (Survival) / Ceriodaphnia dubia / 48h / 420 ppm

LC 50 / Onchorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 2928 ppm

Chronic Toxicity (EPA-821-R-02-013)

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 77.8 ppm IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 78.7 ppm NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 52.5 ppm

NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 52.7 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 50.1 ppm

IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 66.8 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 52.5 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 52.5 ppm

Bioaccumulation: The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Persistence / Degradability: Not readily biodegradable: (~85% after 180 days)

12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

NFPA and HMIS ratings:

NFPA: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 1

Flammability: 0 **HMIS:** Health: 2 Reactivity: 1



1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 705 Silt Stop

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298 **Distributed by:** Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

www.siltstop.com

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer.

3. Hazard Identification

Aqueous solutions or powders that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. Use dust mask when handling.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin could cause dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap. In case of

persistent skin irritation, consult a physician.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

**Ingestion:** Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

**Special fire fighting precautions:** Aqueous solutions or powders that become wet render surfaces extremely

slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions:** No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Do Not flush with water. Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum. Keep in suitable

and closed containers for disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid dust formation. Do not breathe dust. Use dust mask during

handling. Wash hands after handling.

**Storage:** Keep in a cool, dry place. (0-30° C).

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust if dusting occurs. Natural ventilation is adequate in absence of dust.

Updated: May 24-06

**Personal Protection Equipment** 

Respiratory Protection: Dust safety masks are recommended where dusting may occur.

**Hand Protection:** 

Dry cloth, leather or rubber Gloves.

**Eve Protection:** 

Safety glasses with side shields or face masks. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** 

No special protective clothing required.

**Hygiene Measures:** 

Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:

Granular solid

Color:

White

Odor:

None

pH:

5-6

Melting Point:

N/A

Flash Point: Autoignition: N/A N/A

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid:

Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

oxides.

#### 11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

Acute Toxicity: (EPA/600/4-90/027F)

LD 50 / Rattus norvegicus / oral / >5000 mg/kg LC 50 / Oncorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 530 mg/L

LC 50 / Daphnia magna / 48h / >420 mg/L

EC 50 / Selenastrum capricornutum / 96h / >500 mg/L

Chronic Toxicity: (EPA/600/R-98/182)

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 358 ppm NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 840 ppm IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 157.5 ppm

NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 105 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 94 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 105 ppm IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 27.7 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 26.25 ppm

Inhalation:

The product is not expected to be toxic by inhalation.

Dermal:

The result of testing on rabbits showed no toxicity even at high dose levels.

Bioaccumulation:

The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Persistence / Degradability:

Not readily biodegradable: (~40% after 28 days).

Chronic toxicity:

A 2 yr feeding study on rats did not reveal adverse health effects. A 1 yr feeding study on dogs did not reveal adverse health effects.

#### 12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

NFPA and HMIS ratings:

NFPA:

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

HMIS:

Health: 2

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Updated: Oct. 23-06



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. Identification of the Product and the Company

Product Name: APS 706b Floc Log

Manufacturer: Applied Polymer Systems, Inc.

519 Industrial Drive Woodstock, GA 30189 Tel. 678-494-5998 Fax. 678-494-5298

www.siltstop.com

Distributed by: Clear Flow Consulting, Inc.

#125, 65 Chippewa Road Sherwood Park, AB T8A 6J7

Tel. 780-410-1403 Fax. 780-410-1406

www.clearflowconsulting.com

2. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Identification of the preparation: Anionic water-soluble co-polymer gel mix.

3. Hazard Identification

Placement of these materials on wet walking surface will create extreme slipping hazard.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation: None.

Skin contact: Contact with wet skin causes dryness and chapping, wash with water and soap.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, seek medical attention in case of

persistent irritation.

Ingestion: Consult a physician

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder.

**Special fire fighting precautions:** Floc Logs that become wet render surfaces extremely slippery.

Protective equipment for firefighters: No special equipment required.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions: No special precautions required.

Methods for cleaning up: Dry wipe as well as possible. Keep in suitable and closed containers for disposal. After

cleaning, flush away traces with water.

7. Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after handling.

Storage: Keep in a cool, dry place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

**Engineering Controls:** Use dry handling areas only.

Personal Protection Equipment

Respiratory Protection: none.

Updated: Oct. 23-06

**Hand Protection:** 

Dry Cloth, Leather, or Rubber Gloves.

**Eye Protection:** 

Safety glasses with side shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

**Skin Protection:** 

No special protective clothing required.

Hygiene Measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at end of workday.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:

Granular semi-solid gel

Color:

White to Brown

Odor:

None

pH:

3-10

**Melting Point:** 

N/A

Flash Point:

N/A

Autoignition:

N/A

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Product is stable, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Materials to Avoid:

Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Thermal Decomposition may produce nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon

oxides.

## 11. Toxicological / Ecological Information

#### **Acute Toxicity**

LC 50 / Daphnia magna / 48h / >420 mg/L

LC 50 / Oncorhynchus mykiss / 96h / 637 mg/L

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

IC 25 (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / >1680 ppm NOEC (Survival) / P. promelas / 7 day / 1680 ppm IC 25 (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 257.3 ppm NOEC (Survival) / C. dubia / 7 day / 210 ppm

IC 25 (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / >1680 ppm NOEC (Growth) / P. promelas / 7 day / 1680 ppm IC 25 (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 91.6 ppm NOEC (Reproduction) / C. dubia / 7 day / 105 ppm

Bioaccumulation:

The product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Persistence / Degradability:

Not readily biodegradable (~85% after 180 days)

#### 12. Transport and Regulatory Information

Not regulated by DOT, RCRA status-Not a hazardous waste

#### NFPA and HMIS ratings:

Health: 1

HMIS: Health: 1

NFPA:

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1



# Material Safety Data Sheet for Agricultural Lime

## **Section I - Identity**

Manufacturer's name and address:

Ash Grove Cement Company

P. O. Box 25900

Overland Park, KS 66225

**Emergency Telephone Number:** 

(913) 451-8900

**Information Telephone Number:** 

(913) 451-8900

**Chemical Name and Synonyms:** 

Agricultural Lime

**Chemical Family:** 

Primarily a mixture of calcium carbonate and calcium hydroxide

and may contain a minor amount of calcium oxide.

**Revision Date:** 

January 2005

## Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

	CAS Number	OSHA PEL	1994-1995 ACGIH TLV	MSHA Limit from 1973 TLV
Calcium carbonate, CaCO <sub>3</sub>	1317-65-3	Total dust, 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction, 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> **	10 mg/m³*	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	1305-62-0	5 mg/m³	5 mg/m³	N/A
Calcium oxide, CaO	1305-78-8	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m³	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
*Particulate not otherwise classified containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica **Unless contains > 1% crystalline silica (quartz)				

N/A = Not Applicable

Agricultural Lime can contain quartz >0.1%. The MSHA 1973 TLV/OSHA PEL for quartz is respirable dust only.

10mg/m<sup>3</sup> % SiO<sub>2</sub>+2

The 2000 ACGIH TLV for respirable quartz is 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL

Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV

Threshold Limit Value

# Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

**Chemical Family:** 

Inorganic Base

Specific Gravity:

Approximate range 2.3 to 2.60

Vapor Pressure(mm Hg): 0

Vapor Density:

**Melting Point:** 

(Air=1) NA

Evaporation Rate:

NA

Solubility in Water:

0.0014% (25°C)

Appearance and Odor:

Soft white powder or granules; faint odor Calcium hydroxide-decomposes above 600°C

Calcium carbonate-decomposes above 900°C

# Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (method used): NA; Agricultural Lime is non-combustible and not explosive.

Flammable or Explosive Limits: LEL: NA UEL: NA

Extinguishing Media: NA

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Agricultural Lime is incombustible

Firefighting Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or foam. For larger fires use water spray or

fog.

**CAUTION:** Saturated water solutions of calcium hydroxide or calcium oxide can have pH of 12-12.49. See Section VII for appropriate precautions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

#### Section V - Health Hazard Data

Agricultural Lime can contain quartz greater than 0.1%. Chronic long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica without the use of a proper respirator can cause silicosis. Silicosis may aggravate other chronic pulmonary conditions and may increase the risk of pulmonary tuberculosis infection. Smoking aggravates the effects of silica exposure. NTP and IARC list respirable quartz crystalline silica as a carcinogen; OSHA does not.

Route(s) of Entry of calcium hydroxide, calcium oxide, and calcium carbonate: Inhalation; skin; eyes; ingestion

- 1. Inhalation: corrosive
  - a. Acute exposure: Inhalation of low concentrations may cause sore throat, coughing, choking, dyspnea, and variable symptoms of headache, dizziness, and weakness. Intense exposures may result in tightness in the chest and delayed pulmonary edema. The solubility of the substance allows further penetration that may continue for several days.
  - b. Chronic exposure: Bronchial irritation with chronic cough are common.

## Section V - Health Hazard Data - (Continued)

c. First aid: Remove from exposure; move to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention.

#### 2. Skin contact: corrosive

- a. Acute exposure: The substance can penetrate the skin slowly, producing soft, necrotic, deeply penetrating areas on contact. The solubility may allow further penetration that may continue for several days. The extent of damage depends on duration of contact.
- b. Chronic exposure: A chronic dermatitis may follow repeated contact.
- c. First aid: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (approximately 15-20 minutes). In the case of chemical burns, cover the affected areas with sterile, dry dressing. Bandage securely, but not too tightly. Get medical attention.

## 3. Eye contact: corrosive

- a. Acute exposure: Direct contact with the solid or aqueous solutions may cause conjunctival edema and corneal destruction; can lead to and may cause blindness.
- b. Chronic exposure: Prolonged contact may cause conjunctivitis.
- c. First aid: Wash eyes immediately with large amounts of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids, until no evidence of chemical remains (approximately 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. Qualified medical personnel should perform administration of drugs to the eyes.
- 4. Ingestion: corrosive. If ingested, consult a physician immediately.

Quartz listed as an OSHA carcinogen: NO By NTP: YES By IARC: YES Calcium carbonate, calcium oxide, calcium hydroxide listed as an OSHA carcinogen: NO By NTP NO By IARC: NO

Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure: Respiratory disorders or diseases, dermatitis or other skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Calcium hydroxide and calcium oxide will gradually absorb carbon dioxide when exposed to air, forming calcium carbonate.

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): maleic anhydride, nitroparaffins, nitromethane, nitroethane, and nitropropane; all can form explosive salts with calcium hydroxide.

Phosphorous, when boiled with alkaline hydroxides, yields mixed phosphines that may ignite spontaneously in air.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Water: Calcium hydroxide and calcium oxide form corrosive solutions with water; pH: 12-12.49.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products: When heated above 580°C, calcium hydroxide loses water to form calcium oxide, quicklime.

Conditions to Avoid: NA

# Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

## Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Pick up spilled powder; avoiding dusting conditions. Spills should not be flushed to surface waters or sewers. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal requirements.

Handling:

Avoid generation of excessive dust.

Storing:

Protect against physical damage and store in dry place away from water or moisture.

#### Section VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved (under 30 CFR 11) or NIOSH-approved (under 42 CFR 84) respirators in poorly ventilated areas, if an applicable exposure limit is exceeded, or when dust causes discomfort or irritation. (Advisory: Respirators and filters purchased after July 10, 1998 must be certified under 42 CFR 84.)

**Firefighting:** Self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or positive-pressure mode.

Ventilation: Enclose all dusty processes; use local exhaust ventilation. Use mechanical ventilation to vent dust to collector.

Protective Gloves: Gauntlet type work gloves.

Eye Protection: Tight fitting goggles.

Other Protective Equipment: To avoid contact with skin, use long sleeve shirt and long pants; can use protective cream on exposed skin areas.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid skin contact with product. If skin contact has occurred promptly remove from skin with soap and water. Follow listed precautions as appropriate during the repair and/or maintenance of contaminated equipment.

This product neither contains nor is directly manufactured with any controlled ozone depleting substances, Class I and II.

#### Section 1 - Product Identification & Use

Product Name: Aluminum Sulphate
WHMIS Classification: Class D2B. Toxic Materials

TDG Classification: Only regulated for TDG under class 9 if intended for

disposal.

Supplier: Advance Chemicals Ltd.

2023 Kingsway Avenue Port Coquitlam, BC V3C 1S9 Phone: (604) 945-9666

Fax: (604)945-9617

Emergency phone: CANUTEC 24 hrs. (613) 996-6666

#### Section 2 - Hazardous Ingredients

Hazardous Components %(w/w) C.A.S. No. LD<sub>50</sub> & LC<sub>50</sub>

Sulphuric acid, aluminum salt 60-100 10043-01-3 6207mg/kg, Oral(Mouse)

#### Section 3 - Physical Data

Physical state: Solid. Granules, or powder.

Liquid density: 1.61 g/mL

pH: >2.9 @ 5%

Vapour pressure: N/A

Dilling point: 290°C

Freezing point: 86°C

Solubility in water: Yes

Evaporation rate: N/A

Odour & Appearance: White to creamy white odourless solid.

#### Section 4 - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flammability: The product is not considered to be flammable.

Extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing media for surrounding the fire, or all purpose foam by manufacturer's recommended techniques for large fires. Use water to cool fire exposed containers to prevent vapour build-up and rupture.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Wear self contained breathing apparatus. Product reacts with most metals to produce hydrogen gas, which may accumulate to produce explosive and/or flammable mixtures with air. Reacts violently with water with the evolution of heat.

#### Section 5 - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable.

Incompatible substances: Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Alkalis. Water-reactive materials such as oleum cause exothermic reactions.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Temperatures over 760°C. Contact with water forms sulphuric acid. May corrode ferrous metals and mild steel in presence of moisture. Hazardous Combustion Products: At temperatures above 760°C, sulfur oxide gases are released which are toxic, corrosive and are oxidizers. The remaining residue is caustic. The trioxide is also a fire hazard. Oxides of aluminum.

#### Section 6 - Toxicological Properties

Acute Toxicity: Aluminum Sulphate has been shown to cause liver, kidney and nervous system toxicity when tested on animals. Repeated ingestion may cause phosphate deficiency, which can weaken bones.

Skin contact: Burning, inflammation, blisters.

Eye contact: May irritate or burn eyes.

Inhalation: Dust or mist inhalation may irritate nose, throat and lungs.

Ingestion: May irritate the gastrointestinal tract and cause nausea, vomiting and purging. Acute exposure can cause incoorination, muscle spasms and kidney effects.

#### Section 7 - Preventative Measures

Personal Protective Equipment: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear chemical protective gloves, goggles and face shield, rubber apron and boots. Eye wash fountains and safety shower facilities should be provided nearby for emergency use.

Respiratory protection: Use a NIOSH approved dust mask, for concentrations of up to 10 mg/m³. A NIOSH approved air-purrifying respirator equipped with acid gas/fume, mist cartridges for concentrations up to 20 mg/m³. An air supplied respirator if concentrations are unknown.

Ventilation Requirements: This product should be used in a well ventilated area at all times.

Action to take for spills & leaks: Wear chemical protective clothing, rubber gloves and suitable respiratory protection. Small spills should be wiped up with absorbent material and disposed of in government approved waste containers. The spilled product can be neutralized with a soda ash or baking soda and wet down with a little water to form a slurry. The spill area may then be flushed with large quantities of water. Larger spills should be contained by diking with sand, soil or other absorbent, non-combustible material, then transferred into approved waste containers for proper disposal. Keep product out of sewers, storm drains, surface

run-off water and soil. Restrict access to non-protected personnel. Comply with all government regulations on spill reporting, handling and disposal of waste.

Disposal methods: Dispose of contaminated product and materials used in cleaning up spills or leaks in a manner approved for this material. Consult appropriate federal, provincial and local regulatory agencies to ascertain proper disposal procedures.

Note: Empty containers can have residues, gasses and mists, and are subject to proper waste disposal as mentioned above.

Storage & Handling Precautions: Warning, harmful or fatal if swallowed. Causes eye, skin and respiratory irritation. Avoid contact with eyes and repeated contact with skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from sources of heat and open flame. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store upright in a cool, dry, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Do not use pressure to empty container. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Tanks must be grounded and ventilated. Ensure proper electrical grounding procedures are in place during product transfer.

Repair and Maintenance Precautions: Do not cut, grind, weld or drill in, on or near this container.

#### Section 8 - First Aid Measures

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate emergency medical attention.

In case of eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with clean water for at least twenty (20) minutes, lifting the upper and lower eye lids occasionally. Get immediate emergency medical attention. Do not transport victim until the recommended flushing period has been completed, unless eye flushing can be continued during transport to the nearest emergency medical treatment facility.

In case of skin contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of clean running water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If irritation persists after washing, get immediate medical attention. Wash and launder clothes before re-use.

In case of ingestion or swallowing: If victim is conscious and not convulsing, give one or two glasses of water to dilute material. Immediately contact the local poison control centre. Vomiting should only be induced under the direction of a physician or poison control centre. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in the vomitus. Rinse mouth and administer more water. Never GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM. GET IMMEDIATE EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION.

#### Section 9 - Preparation Information

Advance Chemicals Limited expressly disclaims all expressed or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product provided. The information contained herein is offered only as a guide to the handling of this specific product, and has been prepared in good faith by technically knowledgeable personnel. This M.S.D.S. is not intended to be all inclusive, and the manner and conditions of use may involve other and additional considerations.

Revised: 19 October 2006; 15 December 2006



# Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet

Effective Date: 2008-08-01 Supersedes: 2008-08-01





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity Class D2B Skin Irritation

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

**SHELL AVGAS 100 LL** 

SYNONYMS:

**AVIATION GASOLINE** 

May contain anti-icing additive (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel

PRODUCT CODE:

101-200

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

Shell Emergency Number

1-800-661-7378

P.O. Box 100, Station M

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-613-996-6666

400-4th Ave. S.W.

For general information: 1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

www.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited.
\*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

# 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Alkylate	64741-66-8	80 - 90	Yes
Toluene	108-88-3	8 - 10	Yes
i-Pentane	78-78-4	5 - 10	Yes
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	111-77-3	0 - 0.15	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description:

Volatile Liquid Blue Colour Clear Typical Gasoline Odour

Routes of Exposure:

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

101-200

Revision Number: 11

Flammable Liquid. Irritating to skin.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

At very high concentrations this product can have an anesthetic (drowsiness, weakness) and asphyxiant effect. In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing

heart arrythmia.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from edical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested,

vomiting should be induced with supervision.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Dry

Dry Chemical Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions:

Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use water except as a spray. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

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**Hazardous Combustion** 

Products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

be formed upon combustion.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

North American exposure limits have not been established for the product. Consult local and provincial authorities for acceptable values.

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)

Pentane: 600 ppm Toluene: 20 ppm

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

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#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is **Eye Protection:** 

handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

**Skin Protection:** Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical State:** Volatile Liquid Appearance: Blue Colour Clear Odour: Typical Gasoline Odour

**Odour Threshold:** Not available

Freeze Point < -58 °C Freezing/Pour Point:

**Boiling Point:** 70 - 170 °C **Density:** Not available Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available

38 - 49 kPa @ 38 °C Vapour Pressure (absolute):

pH:

Not applicable Flash Point: TCC < 1 °C Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.) **Upper Flammable Limit:** 7.6 % (vol.) **Autoignition Temperature:** Not available Viscosity: Not available Not available Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1):

Not available Partition Coefficient (log Kow): Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemically Stable:** Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No Sensitive to Static Discharge:

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids. **Conditions of Reactivity:** Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Alkylate	LC50 Inhalation Rat > 11000 mg/m3 for 4hours
	LD50 Dermal Rat > 4000 mg/kg
	LD50 Oral Rat > 8000 mg/kg

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Toluene	LD50 Oral Rat = 5000 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat = 8000 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit = 14000 mg/kg
i-Pentane	
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	LD50 Oral Rat 4140 - 5180 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on the ingredients, this product is expected to be irritating to skin.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. This product contains low levels of lead. Chronic, low grade exposure to lead compounds could lead to insomnia, anorexia, nausea and

vomiting, diarrhea, anemia, sensory loss and muscular weakness.

Feto/Teratogenicity: A component of this product has shown adverse effects on the growth and

development of the fetus in some animal studies.

Pre-existing Conditions: Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to

this product.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

**Biodegradability:** Readily biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Not likely to bioaccumulate.

Partition Coefficient (log Kow): Not available

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Naphtha	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
(Petroleum), Light	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Alkylate	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Toluene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
i-Pentane	
Ethanol, 2-(2-	
methoxyethoxy)-	

**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

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respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number Proper Shipping Name UN1203 GASOLINE

Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class

Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group

PG II

Additional Information

Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description

GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS Class:** 

Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity
Class D2B Skin Irritation

**DSL/NDSL Status:** 

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status:

No Canadian federal standards. Provincial criteria are likely and should be

requested when notifying provincial authorities.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement:

Flammable Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

**Handling Statement:** 

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

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residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section

1 Section 2 Section 3 Section 4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 9

Section 10 Section 11 Section 12 Section 15



## **CALCIUM CHLORIDE, FLAKE**

#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

TRADE NAME (COMMON NAME):	CAS NUMBER:
FLAKE CALCIUM CHLORIDE	10043-52-4 (anhydrous)
CHEMICAL NAME AND/OR SYNONYM: Calcium Chloride, Dihydrate	
FORMULA:	MOLECULAR WEIGHT:
CaCl <sub>2</sub> - 2H <sub>2</sub> O	147.02
MANUFACTURER/ADDRESS: GENERAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION 90 East Halsey Road Parsippany, NJ 07054	

CONTACT:

Manager, Product Safety

PHONE NUMBER:

(973) 515-1840

LAST ISSUE DATE: September, 1994

**CURRENT ISSUE DATE:** 

May, 2001

B. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER:** 

(800) 631-8050

EYES:

Flush promptly with plenty of water, continuing for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air.

INGESTION:

If conscious, immediately give 2 to 4 glasses of water, and induce vomiting by touching finger to back of throat.

Get medical attention for irritation, ingestion, or discomfort from inhalation.

#### C. HAZARDS INFORMATION

INHALATION:	
Dust or mist inhalation may irritate nose, throat, and lungs.	
INGEGERAL	
INGESTION:	
Low in toxicity. LD <sub>50</sub> (rat): 1.4 g/kg.* - Reference (e)	
May irritate gastrointestinal tract. *anhydrous basis.	
SKIN:	
May cause skin irritation. Under conditions of prolonged contact or when moisture is procuts can cause severe necrosis.	resent, superficial burns may result. Contact with abraded skin or
EYES:	
May irritate or burn eyes.	
PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION: AIR	BIOLOGICAL
(SEE SECTION J)	None
Also, no TLV established by ACGIH.	10010
UNUSUAL CHRONIC TOXICITY:	W. C.
None.	

# C. HAZARDS (Cont.)

FLASH POINT: Not flammable	AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	S IN AIR (% BY VOL.)
OPEN CUP ☐ CLOSED CUP ☐	NA NA	LOWER - NA	UPPER - NA
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS			
See hazard of contact with zinc as in galvanized in	on: Section G.		

# D. PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES

FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS RECOMMENDED: NA	
FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS TO AVOID:	
NA	
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PRECAUTIONS:	
None.	
VENTILATION:	
<b>Local exhaust</b> : In packaging and uploading areas, over open processing equipment, and any other <b>Natural ventilation</b> : Adequate for other areas.	places where dusty or misty condition prevails.
NORMAL HANDLING:	
Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing mist. Use good personal hygiene and ho	usekeeping.
STORAGE:	
Store in a cool, dry area. Prolonged storage may cause product to cake and become wet from atmo	spheric moisture.
SPILL OR LEAK (ALWAYS WEAR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE QUIPMENT - SECTION E)	
Shovel up dry chemical and place in metal drum with a cover. Cautiously spray residue with plenty	of water.
SPECIAL: PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES/LABEL INSTRUCTIONS:	SIGNAL WORD
	WARNING!

# E. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:
For dusty or misty condition, wear NIOSH-approved mist respirator.
EYES AND FACE:
For dusty or misty condition, or when handling solution where there is reasonable probability of eye contact, wear chemical safety googles and hat.
Under these conditions, do not wear contact lenses.
HANDS, ARMS, AND BODY:
As a minimum, wear long-sleeve shirt and trousers, boots, and gloves for routine product use.
Cotton gloves permitted for dry product, impervious gloves when using solutions.
OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:
Eye-wash facility.

F. PHYSICAL DATA					
MATERIAL IS AT NORMAL CO	_		APPEARANCE AND Small white flakes; or		
BOILING POINT:	Unknown °C	SPECIFIC GRAVITY: (H₂O = 1)	·	VAPOR DENSITY: (AIR =1)	
MELTING POINT:	176 °C	0.835	- Reference (b)	NA: water vapor only.	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: (% BY WEIGHT) 42 (anhydrous	s) @ 20°C	pH: Neutral or sligh - Reference		VAPOR PRESSURE: (mm Hg @ 20°C) ☐ (PSIG) ☐ NA	
EVAPORATION RATE: (Butyl acetate=1)	1.0) 🗌	% VOLATILES BY VOLUM (AT 20°C)	ΛΕ:		

# G. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	
UNSTABLE ☐ STABLE ☑	NA	
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID	D):	
		reactive. Water-reactive materials, such as sodium: cause an exothermic
		ence (d). Zinc as in galvanized iron: yields hydrogen gas with solutions.
which may explode under these conditions		ince (u). Zinc as in gaivanized from yields hydrogen gas with solutions,
which may explode under these conditions	Reference (u).	
III TARROUG RECOMBOOITION PROPINS		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCT	<b>'S</b> :	
None.		
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	CONDITION	IS TO AVOID:
MAY OCCUR  WILL NOT OCCUR	⊠ N	4
		TV

# H. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS (MIXTURES ONLY)

MATERIAL OR COMPONENT/C.A.S. #	WT.%	HAZARD DATA (See Sect. J)
NA		

1.	EN.	VIR	INC	ИE	NT	Αl

DEGRADABILITY/AQUATIC TOXICITY:	OCTAN	OL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT	
		NA	
Aquetic Tavicity: Tl m06: ever 1000 ppm (aphydraus)   Peferance (a)			
Aquatic Toxicity: TLm96: over 1000 ppm (anhydrous) – Reference (a).			
EPA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE? (CLEAN WATER ACT SECT. 311) YES ☐ NO ☑ IF SO	O, REPORTABLE QUAI	NTITY:	40 CFR 116-117
WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS (DISPOSER MUST COMPLY WITH FI	EDERAL, STATE AND	LOCAL DISPOSAL OR DISCHARGE LA	ws):
Treatment or disposal of waste generated by use of this product should Users are advised to consult with appropriate regulatory agencies before	be reviewed in terms of e discharge, treatment o	applicable federal, state and local laws ar or disposal.	nd regulations.
RCRA STATUS OF <u>UNUSED</u> MATERIAL IF DISCARDERD: Not a "hazardous waste".	HAZARDOUS WA	ASTE NUMBER: (IF APPLICABLE)	40 CFR 261
J. REFERENCES			
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATIONS REFERENCES:			
None.			
REGULATORY STANDARDS	DOT CLASSIFICATION	201	10.050
REGULATORY STANDARDS	Not regulated		49 CFR 173
None.			
GENERAL:			
(a) NIOSH, Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substa	inces, 1979, Accession	No. EV 98 00 000.	
<ul><li>(b) Weast, R.C. editor, CRC Handbook of Chemistry and</li><li>(c) Hawley, G.N., editor, Condensed Chemical Dictionar</li></ul>	y, 9 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 1977, Van	Nostrand Reinhold, NYC.	31.
<ul> <li>(d) Brethwick, L., Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazar</li> <li>(e) General Chemical Corporation tests, unpublished. (A</li> </ul>			
K. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
None.			
			GC-1002

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET IS OFFFERED SOLELY FOR YOUR INFORMATION, CONSIDERATION AND INVESTIGATION.

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FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300 CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666 MSDS #1108 Date 08/05/08

Supercedes

MSDS # 1108 01/23/06

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

DYNO® CORD SENSITIVE BOOSTERS - CS35, CS45, CS90, CS135

TROJAN<sup>®</sup> SPARTAN<sup>®</sup>
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> SPARTAN<sup>®</sup> Slider
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> Stinger
TROJAN<sup>®</sup> NB

TROJAN® NB UNIVERSAL

TROJAN® Twinplex

Product Class: Cast Boosters

Product Appearance & Odor: Tan to brown solid with no odor. May also be silvery gray.

Packaged in paper or plastic tube.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: Booster 1.1D UN0042 II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Available (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exposure Limits		
Ingredients:	CAS#	% (Range)	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	<b>OSHA PEL-TWA</b>	
Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate	78-11-5	35-70	None Established	None Established	
(PETN)			_	_	
Trinitrotoluene	118-96-7	30-50	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	
RDX	121-82-4	0-25	0.5 mg/m³ (skin)	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	
HMX	2691-41-0	0-5	None Established	None Established	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0-15	10 mg/m³ (dust)	15 mg/m³ (total)	

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

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#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Melting Point: 176° F (80° C) (TNT) Vapor Density: Not applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): Not applicable

**Vapor Pressure:** 0.042mm Hg at 80° C (TNT)

**Density:** 1.55 - 1.65 g/cc

Solubility in Water: < 0.01%

### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: Not applicable Flammable Limits: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section).

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: Particulates in the eye may cause irritation, redness, and tearing. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause cataracts, optic neuritis, blurred vision or amblyopia.

Prolonged contact may cause irritation, severe eczema and sensitization dermatitis. TNT may be absorbed through the skin, which may be indicated by orange staining on exposed skin. See systemic effects below.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. See systemic effects below.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts may cause irritation, sneezing or coughing. See systemic effects below.

Systemic or Other Effects: TNT is an irritant, neurotoxin, hepatotoxin, nephrotoxin and bone marrow depressant. Although exposure is unlikely, acute or chronic exposure may cause sensitization dermatitis, headache, dizziness, jaundice, lethargy, or problems with the liver or blood such as toxic nephritis, aplastic anemia, hemolytic anemia or methemoglobin formation. PETN is a known coronary vasodilator, and ingestion or inhalation may result in a lowering of blood pressure, headache or faintness, and a decreased tolerance for grain alcohol. Repeated over-exposure may result in chest pains in the absence of exposure.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

**Ingestion:** Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: In case of irritation, remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if chronic symptoms occur.

Special Considerations: None.

#### SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, friction, impact, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and bases or alkalis). Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Non-permeable gloves and work clothing that reduce skin contact are recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry location. Store in compliance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources or strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosives material be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name None Applicable **CAS Number** 

% By Weight

#### **Disclaimer**

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MSDS Number: C4730 \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 09/16/09 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 08/02/07

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. and Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# **CITRIC ACID**

# 1. Product Identification

**Synonyms:** 2-Hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, monohydrate

**CAS No.:** 77-92-9 (Anhydrous) 5949-29-1 (Monohydrate)

Molecular Weight: 210.14

Chemical Formula: H3C6H5O7.H2O

**Product Codes:** 

J.T. Baker: 0110, 0115, 0116, 0118, 0119, 0120

Mallinckrodt: 0616, 0627, 7788

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Citric Acid	77-92-9	99 - 100%	Yes

# 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

WARNING! CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.

**SAF-T-DATA** (tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Health Rating: 1 - Slight

Flammability Rating: 1 - Slight

Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate Contact Rating: 3 - Severe

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: Green (General Storage)

1 of 6 26/03/2010 3:50 PM

\_\_\_\_\_

#### **Potential Health Effects**

\_\_\_\_\_

#### Inhalation:

Causes irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath.

#### **Ingestion:**

Causes irritation to the gastrointestinal tract. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Extremely large oral dosages may produce gastrointestinal disturbances. Calcium deficiency in blood may result in severe cases of ingestion.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Causes irritation to skin. Symptoms include redness, itching, and pain.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Highly irritating; may also be abrasive.

#### **Chronic Exposure:**

Chronic or heavy acute ingestion may cause tooth enamel erosion.

#### **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

No adverse health effects expected.

### 4. First Aid Measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

#### **Ingestion:**

Induce vomiting immediately as directed by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

Autoignition temperature: 1011C (1852F)

As with most organic solids, fire is possible at elevated temperatures or by contact with an ignition source.

#### **Explosion:**

Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

## Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide.

#### **Special Information:**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Spills: Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal. Vacuuming or wet sweeping may be used to avoid dust dispersal.

2 of 6 26/03/2010 3:50 PM

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (dust, solids); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

None established.

### **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

#### Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

For conditions of use where exposure to dust or mist is apparent and engineering controls are not feasible, a particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

#### **Eve Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

```
Appearance:
White granules.
Odor:
Odorless.
Solubility:
ca. 60 g/100 ml @ 20C (Anhydrous)
Density:
1.542
pH:
2.2 (0.1 N sol)
% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):
Boiling Point:
No information found.
Melting Point:
ca. 100C (ca. 212F)
Vapor Density (Air=1):
No information found.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):
No information found.
Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):
```

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### **Stability:**

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

### **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

### **Incompatibilities:**

Metal nitrates (potentially explosive reaction), alkali carbonates and bicarbonates, potassium tartrate. Will corrode copper, zinc, aluminum and their alloys.

#### **Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 3 gm/kg; irritation skin rabbit: 500 mg/24H mild; eye rabbit: 750 ug/24H severe.

\Cancer Lists\			
	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No	No	None

# 12. Ecological Information

#### **Environmental Fate:**

No information found.

#### **Environmental Toxicity:**

No information found.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

Not regulated.

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1\				
Ingredient	TSCA	EC	Japan	Australia
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\			 ada	
Ingredient			DSL	NDSL	
Citric Acid (77-92-9)			Yes		
\Federal, State & International Re	_				313
Ingredient					ical Catg.
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No		No		
\Federal, State & International Re	gulati	ons -	Part 2\ -RCRA-		
Ingredient	CERCL		261.33	8 (	d)
Citric Acid (77-92-9)	No		No		
Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12 SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No Reactivity: No (Pure / Solid)					

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

Poison Schedule: None allocated.

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! CAUSES SEVERE EYE IRRITATION. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.

#### **Label Precautions:**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Avoid breathing dust.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### **Label First Aid:**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In all cases, get medical attention.

## **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

**Revision Information:** 

No Changes.

Disclaimer:

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**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

Revision Number: 02



# **Avjet Holding Inc. Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2009-12-09 Supersedes: 2009-09-02





Class B3 Combustible Class D2B Other Toxic Liquid Effects - Skin Irritant

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: LOW SULPHUR DIESEL CP-43

SYNONYMS: Diesel

Automotive Gas Oil

PRODUCT USE: Fuel Solvent MSDS Number: 320-043

MANUFACTURER TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Aviet Helding Inc.

Aviet Emergency Number

Avjet Holding Inc. Avjet Emergency Number 1-866-472-0007

900, Lemire Boulevard

Drummondville, QC Canada For general information: (819) 479-1000 J2C 7W8 For MSDS information: (819) 479-1000

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Avjet Holding Inc.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name CAS Number % Range WHMIS Controlled

Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 68476-34-6 100 Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Description: Liquid Clear To Yellow Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure: Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

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Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Combustible Liquid. Irritating to skin.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Vapours are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages.

**Handling:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

## 4. FIRST AID

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a

cuffed endotracheal tube should be considered.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread

fire. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

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Hazardous Combustion Products:

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Recommended materials: Clay or Sand Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, WHILE APPROPRIATE FOR THIS PRODUCT, IS GENERAL IN NATURE. THE SELECTION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL VARY DEPENDING ON THE CONDITIONS OF USE.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Diesel fuel, as total hydrocarbons: 100 mg/m3

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

Mechanical Concentrations in air should be maintained below the recommended threshold limit Ventilation:

value if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as

required to control vapour concentrations. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne

concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product

is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in

the area.

Skin Protection: Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this

> material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing should be worn. Safety showers should be available for

emergency use.

Respiratory If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-Protection:

approved respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with

organic vapour cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either selfcontained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL DATA

**Physical State:** Liquid

Appearance: Clear To Yellow Odour: Hydrocarbon Odour **Odour Threshold:** Not available

Freezing/Pour Point: Cloud Point-43 °C **Boiling Point:** 150 - 330 °C

Density: < 850 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available Not available Vapour Pressure (absolute): pH: Not available

Flash Point: Pensky-Martens CC > 40 °C

**Lower Explosion Limit:** 1 % (vol.) **Upper Explosion Limit:** 6 % (vol.) 250 °C **Autoignition Temperature:** 

1.3 - 2.1 cSt Viscosity: @ 40 °C

Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): Not available Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemically Stable:** Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No **Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:** Nο Sensitive to Static Discharge: Yes

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**Hazardous Decomposition** Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on

**Products:** combustion conditions.

Avoid strong oxidizing agents. **Incompatible Materials:** 

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified) **Toxicological Data** 

LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 LD50 Oral Rat = 9000 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin Irritancy:

sensitizer.

**Acute Toxicity:** Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to

the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are

anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

> skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central

nervous system depression.

Pre-existing Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure

**Conditions:** to this product.

Carcinogenicity and

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this Mutagenicity: product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates

have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left

in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the

continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with

unknown relevance to humans.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable. Bioaccumulation: Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>ow</sub>): Not available

#### **Aquatic Toxicity**

May be harmful to aquatic life.

Ingredient: **Toxicological Data** 

Fuels, Diesel, No. 2 EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

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**Definition(s):** LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration

respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for

low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the

water accommodated fraction.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery (cement kilns, thermal power generation), 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

#### Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1202
Proper Shipping Name DIESEL FUEL

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG III

Additional Information Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

Shipping Description DIESEL FUEL Class 3 UN1202 PG III

Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2B Other Toxic Effects - Skin Irritant

DSL/NDSL Status: This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances

List, as required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standards.

#### **16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

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LABEL STATEMENTS

Hazard Statement : Combustible Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

**Handling Statement:** Eliminate all ignition sources.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts,

liquid residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated.

Changes have been made to:

Section 1 Section 3 Section 5 Section 8 Section 9 Section 12

Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1126 Date 08/13/08

Supercedes MSDS # 1126 01/24/05

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

PRIMALINE® PRIMACORD® PRIMASHEAR™ OPTICORD<sup>®</sup> **GEOSEIS®** LOW FLEX™ FIRELINE CORD

**Product Class:** 

**Detonating Cord** 

Product Appearance & Odor: Flexible cord of woven textile with a protected explosive core of PETN (white crystalline powder) and covered by a white or colored plastic or textile jacket. May have a waxed finish. No odor.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: UN0065 Cord, Detonating 1.1D II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Occupational Exposure Limits **Ingredients** CAS# OSHA PEL-TWA **ACGIH TLV-TWA** 

Pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)

78-11-5

None<sup>1</sup>

None<sup>2</sup>

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable (PETN decomposes at melting point, about 141°C)

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable Solubility in Water: Insoluble.

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Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m³; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m³.
 Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m³; respirable part., 3 mg/m³. Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

<sup>\*</sup> Core powder is 100% PETN. The approximate amount of PETN in a given grade of cord is expressed as that number of grams of PETN per linear meter of cord. Range is from 1 to 280 gram/meter. Example: PRIMALINE® 5 contains approximately 5 grams PETN per meter of cord. (1 gram/meter = 4.7 grains/foot)

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe, distant location. Allow fire to burn unless it can be fought remotely or with fixed extinguishing systems (sprinklers). For transportation fires involving large quantities of detonating cord, such as a trailer load, evacuate no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning or detonating material may produce toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

**Effects of Overexposure** 

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the explosive core material under normal conditions of use.

Eyes:

May cause irritation, redness and tearing.

Skin:

PETN is not known as a skin irritant or sensitizer.

Ingestion: PETN is moderately toxic if ingested. See systemic effects below.

Inhalation: See systemic effects below.

Systemic or Other Effects: PETN is a known coronary vasodilator, and ingestion or inhalation may result in a lowering of blood pressure, headache or faintness, and a decreased tolerance for grain alcohol. Repeated over-exposure may result in chest pains in the absence of exposure. Systemic effects by ingestion include dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: No constituents are listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Eye:

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Special Considerations: None.

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock,

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate all personnel to a safe distant area and allow to burn or fight fire remotely. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If explosive powder is spilled from damaged detonating cord, remove all other explosives from the spill area. Wet down and clean spilled powder using a damp sponge or rag, avoid applying friction or pressure to the explosive, and place in a (Velostat) electrically conductive bag. Contamination of this material with sand, grit or dirt will render the material more sensitive to detonation. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other

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clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Work gloves and work clothing that reduce the possibility of skin abrasion and that would prevent

contact with spilled explosive powder is suggested.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Only properly qualified and authorized personnel should handle and use explosives. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death. Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Detonation in confined or unventilated areas may result in exposure to hazardous fumes or oxygen deficiency.

Other Precautions: It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name None **CAS Number** 

% By Weight

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MSDS# 1126 Date: 08/13/08 Page 3 of 3



## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT**

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Jan. 3, 2006

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 604-940-6050

**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 604-940-6080

PRODUCT NAME: **DR-133 POLYMER** 

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Anionic polyacrylamides in oil-water CAS#: Mixture

emulsion

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: B3; D2B

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Combustible liquid; skin and eye irritant

### TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

## **SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

<u>INGREDIENT</u>	% (v/v)	CAS NUMBER	LD50Oral-Rat	LC <sub>50</sub> Inhal-Rat	ACGIH-TLV
Mineral spirits	30-60	64742-47-8	>5000 mg/kg	Not available	Not established
Alkylphenol ethoxylate	3-7	68412-54-4	3000 mg/kg	Not available	Not established
Ethoxylated C <sub>12-15</sub> alcohol	0.5-1.5	68131-39-5	>3200 mg/kg	Not available	Not established

#### **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX]EYE CONTACT [XX]SKIN [ ]INHALATION [XX]INGESTION EYE CONTACT: Severe irritant. Can cause redness, tissue destruction, and irritation.

SKIN CONTACT: Irritant. Low acute dermal toxicity. Can cause redness, inflammation

and irritation on prolonged contact.

INGESTION: Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea, diarrhea and abdominal

cramps.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of exposure.

DR-133 Polymer Page 2 of 4

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

No information available.

No information available.

MUTAGENICITY: SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:

No information available.

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists,

obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water for 15 minutes or until irritation

subsides. Obtain medical attention when flushing period is complete.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Obtain immediate

medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth if patient is

unconscious, rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If

breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

#### SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Liquid emulsion; petroleum odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

BOILING POINT (°C):

MELTING POINT (°C):

Not available

Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Forms gel pH: 7-9 (@, 0.6%)

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available EVAPORATION RATE: Not available Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not applicable

#### SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 65°C (TCC) FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to

a water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area,

or cool with water spray, if possible.

DR-133 Polymer Page 3 of 4

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapours may travel to ignition source and flash back.

#### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []
INCOMPATIBILITY Avoid contact with strong oxidizers and strong

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): reducing agents. Avoid ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon and nitrogen upon combustion

PRODUCTS:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

#### **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

#### SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use approved respirators with organic vapour

cartridges if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering controls to maintain vapour/mist level below TLV.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Neoprene or viton recommended.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear chemical goggles when handling.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash

(Specify): station and emergency shower are available.

# PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid all contact with material. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container. Empty packages contain residual hazardous material; handle and store as if full.

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if possible to do so without risk. Dike spill to prevent spread. Use vacuum to pick up large spills. Soak up residual and small spills with absorbent materials. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material and absorbents in appropriate container for disposal.

DR-133 Polymer Page 4 of 4

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

# **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: SUPERSEDES:

January 3, 2006

BY:

Product safety committee

March 31, 2003

PHONE:

780-440-4923

Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

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FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300 CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666 MSDS # 1076 Date 08/13/08

Supercedes

MSDS # 1076 10/25/07

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s): ELECTRIC SUPER™ COAL

ELECTRIC SUPER™ LP
ELECTRIC SUPER™ SP
ELECTRIC SUPER™ SEISMIC
ELECTRIC SUPER™ INSTANT
ELECTRIC SUPER™ DIPED™

**Product Class:** 

Detonators, Electric

Product Appearance & Odor: Metal cylinder with varying length of attached plastic coated wires.

DOT Hazard Shipping Description: UN0030 Detonators, Electric 1.1B II

Or

UN0255 Detonators, Electric 1.4B II

Or

UN0456 Detonators, Electric 1.4S II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

		<b>EXPOSURE LIMITS</b>		
Ingredients	CAS#	OSHA PEL-TWA	ACGIH TLV-TWA	
Tungsten	7440-33-7	None <sup>1</sup>	5 mg/m³ (TWA) 10 mg/m³ (STEL)	
Barium Chromate	10294-40-3	1 mg (CrO <sub>3</sub> )/10m <sup>3</sup> (ceiling)	0.01 mg (Cr)/m <sup>3</sup>	
		0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup> 0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup> 0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup> None <sup>2</sup>	
Lead Compounds		0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	
Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate (PETN)	78-11-5	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>	
Boron	7440-42-8	No Value Established	No Value Established	
Potassium Perchlorate <sup>3</sup>	7778-74-7	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>	
Diazodinitrophenol (DDNP)	4682-03-5	No Value Established	No Value Established	
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	No Value Established	No Value Established	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m³; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m³.

MSDS# 1076 Date: 08/13/08 Page 1 of 4



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable part., 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not all delay periods contain perchlorate. Those that do contain between from about 4 to a maximum of about 25 mg perchlorate per detonator.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: Not Applicable Density: Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable Solubility in Water: Not Applicable

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: Not Applicable Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: None

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the explosive material under normal conditions of use. Exposure concerns are primarily with post-detonation reaction products, particularly heavy metal compounds.

**Eyes:** No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures. Particulates in the eye may cause irritation, redness and tearing.

Skin: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures.

Ingestion: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure.

**Systemic or Other Effects:** None anticipated with normal handling procedures. Repeated inhalation or ingestion of post-detonation reaction products may lead to systemic effects such as respiratory tract irritation, ringing of the ears, dizziness, elevated blood pressure, blurred vision and tremors. Heavy metal (lead) poisoning can occur.

Carcinogenicity: ACGIH classifies Lead as a "Suspected Human Carcinogen" and insoluble Chromium VI as "Confirmed Human Carcinogen". NTP, OSHA, and IARC consider components contained in this detonator carcinogenic.

Perchlorate: Perchlorate can potentially inhibit iodide uptake by the thyroid and result in a decrease in thyroid hormone. The National Academy of Sciences (NAS) has reviewed the toxicity of perchlorate and has concluded that even the most sensitive populations could ingest up to 0.7 microgram perchlorate per kilogram of body weight per day without adversely affecting health. The USEPA must establish a maximum contaminant level (MCL) for perchlorate in drinking water by 2007, and this study by NAS may result in a recommendation of about 20 ppb for the MCL.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash with soap and water. **Ingestion:** Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Not applicable.

Special Considerations: None

MSDS# 1076 Date: 08/13/08 Page 2 of 4



Groundbreaking Performance

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, strong shock and electrical impulse. Do not attempt to disassemble.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (acids and bases)

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide (CO), Nitrous Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), Lead (Pb) and various oxides and complex oxides of metals.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

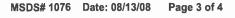
**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required. **Protective Clothing:** Cotton clothing is suggested. **Eye Protection:** Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, strong shock, and electrical impulses. **Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.





#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

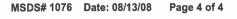
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Max. Ibs/1000 units
Lead	7439-92-1	0.016
(	(Use Toxic Chemical Category Code)	
Barium Compounds	N040	0.093*
Chromium Compounds	N090	0.093*
Lead Compounds	N420	0.091

Amount of Lead in Detonator Product Line *				
Product	lb Pb compounds per 1000 detonators	lb Pb per 1000 detonators		
Electric Super SP	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super LP	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super Coal	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Instant	0.0908	0.0000		
Electric Super Seismic	0.0000	0.0000		
Electric Super DiPED	0.0000	0.0157		

<sup>\*</sup> No barium or chromium compounds are present in the Electric Super Instant, Seismic or DiPED detonators. The exact quantity and weight percent of Section 313 Chemicals in each delay period and wire length for each product is available upon request.

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FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1030 09/05/07 Date

Supercedes MSDS # 1030 03/27/07

### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

#### Trade Name(s):

DYNO® AP DYNO<sup>®</sup> AP PLUS DYNO<sup>®</sup> AP PLUS LD DYNO<sup>®</sup> E5 DYNO® MC DYNO® MC PLUS DYNO® SL DYNO® SL PLUS DYNO® TX DYNO® XTRA DYNOSPLIT® AP

POWERMITE® POWERMITE® AP POWERMITE® Canadian POWERMITE® LD POWERMITE® LD PLUS POWERMITE® PLUS POWERMITE® RAISE BOMB™

POWERMITE® SL

POWERMITE® SL PLUS

Product Class: Emulsion Explosives, Packaged

Product Appearance & Odor: White or pink opaque semi-solid, which will appear gray if product contains aluminum.

Little or no odor. Typically paper or plastic chub packaging.

Explosive, Blasting, Type E 1.1D UN0241 II **DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** 

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Available (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exposure Limits		
Ingredients:	CAS#	% (Range)	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL-TWA	
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	60-80	None	None	
Sodium Nitrate	7631-99-4	10-18	None	None	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0-15	10 mg/m³ (dust)	15 mg/m³ (total)	
Mineral Oil	64742-35-4	0-3	5 mg/m³ (mist)	None	

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

MSDS# 1030 Date: 09/05/07 Page 1 of 3



#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

Boiling Point: Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable Density: 0.95-1.25 g/cc

Percent Volatile by Volume: <20 (water) Solubility in Water: Product partially dissolves very

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): <1

# **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: >100°C Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic

vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: May cause irritation, redness and tearing.Skin: Prolonged contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Large amounts may be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure. **Systemic or Other Effects:** None known.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If irritation occurs, remove to fresh air.

Special Considerations: None.

MSDS# 1030 Date: 09/05/07

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or

high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantity.

Page 2 of 3

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.



#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

**Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:** Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Gloves and work clothing that reduce skin contact are suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

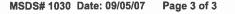
**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

The reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372 may become applicable if the physical state of this product is changed to an aqueous solution. If an aqueous solution of this product is manufactured, processed, or otherwise used, the nitrate compounds category and ammonia listing of the previously referenced regulation should be reviewed.

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## **HALLIBURTON**

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Product Trade Name:** 

**EZ-MUD®** 

**Revision Date:** 

02-Jan-2007

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Trade Name:** 

**EZ-MUD®** 

Synonyms:

None Blend

Chemical Family: Application:

Shale Inhibitor

Manufacturer/Supplier

Baroid Drilling Fluids

a Product Service Line of Halliburton Energy Services, Inc.

P.O. Box 1675 Houston, TX 77251

Telephone: (281) 871-4000

Emergency Telephone: (281) 575-5000

**Prepared By** 

Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE	CAS Number	PERCENT	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	OSHA PEL-TWA
Hydrotreated light petroleum	64742-47-8	10 - 30%	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
distillate				

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May cause headache, dizziness, and

other central nervous system effects. May be harmful if swallowed.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Remove

contaminated shoes and discard.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash Point/Range (F):

> 200Min: > 200

Flash Point/Range (C):

Not DeterminedMin: > 93

Flash Point Method:

**PMCC** > 392

Autoignition Temperature (F): Autoignition Temperature (C):

> 200

Not Determined

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%):

Not Determined

Fire Extinguishing Media

Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Special Exposure Hazards

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Use water spray to cool fire exposed

surfaces.

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

fire fighting personnel.

Fire-Fighters **NFPA Ratings:** 

Health 2, Flammability 1, Reactivity 0

**HMIS Ratings:** 

Flammability 1, Reactivity 0, Health 2

## **ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

**Absorption** 

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling Precautions** 

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands after

use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage Information** Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use.

# **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Engineering Controls** 

A well ventilated area to control dust levels. Local exhaust ventilation should be used

in areas without good cross ventilation.

**Respiratory Protection** 

Organic vapor respirator with a dust/mist filter. In high concentrations, supplied air

respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Hand Protection** 

Impervious rubber gloves.

**Skin Protection** 

Rubber apron.

**Eye Protection** 

Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

**Other Precautions** 

Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical State:** 

Liquid

Color: Odor:

White to gray Mild hydrocarbon

:Ha

6-8 **EZ-MUD®** 

Page 2 of 6

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.0

Density @ 20 C (lbs./gallon): 8.3

Bulk Density @ 20 C (lbs/ft3): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (F): 347
Boiling Point/Range (C): 175

Freezing Point/Range (F):

Freezing Point/Range (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

**Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg):** 0.002

Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 70
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): < 1

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (lbs./gallon):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistrokes):

Partially soluble

Not Determined

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Principle Route of Exposure** Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

**Inhalation** May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness and

unconsciousness.

Skin Contact May cause skin irritation.

**Eye Contact** May cause severe eye irritation.

Ingestion Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis including coughing,

difficulty breathing, wheezing, coughing up blood and pneumonia, which can be fatal.

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, muscular weakness, incoordination, slowed reaction time, fatigue

blurred vision, slurred speech, giddiness, tremors and convulsions.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Lung disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information

None known.

**Toxicity Tests** 

**Oral Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Dermal Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Inhalation Toxicity:** 

Not determined

**Primary Irritation Effect:** 

Not determined

Carcinogenicity

Not determined

Genotoxicity:

Not determined

Reproductive /

Not determined

**Developmental Toxicity:** 

## **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air)

Not determined

Persistence/Degradability

BOD(28 Day): 40% of COD

**Bio-accumulation** 

Not Determined

### **Ecotoxicological Information**

**Acute Fish Toxicity:** 

TLM96: >1000 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: TLM48: 98 mg/l (Acartia tonsa)

Acute Algae Toxicity:

EC50: 16.70 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum)

**Chemical Fate Information** 

Not determined

Other Information

Not applicable

# **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal Method** 

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** 

Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **Land Transportation**

DOT

Not restricted

**Canadian TDG** 

Not restricted

**ADR** Not restricted

## **Air Transportation**

**ICAO/IATA** Not restricted

### Sea Transportation

**IMDG** Not restricted

## Other Shipping Information

Labels:

None

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **US Regulations**

**US TSCA Inventory** All components listed on inventory.

**EPA SARA Title III Extremely Hazardous Substances** 

Not applicable

EPA SARA (311,312) Hazard

Class

Acute Health Hazard

EPA SARA (313) Chemicals

This product does not contain a toxic chemical for routine annual "Toxic Chemical Release Reporting" under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

EPA CERCLA/Superfund

Reportable Spill Quantity For This

**Product** 

**EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste** 

Classification

If product becomes a waste, it does NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as

defined by the US EPA.

**California Proposition 65** 

All components listed do not apply to the California Proposition 65 Regulation.

MA Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

Not applicable.

NJ Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

PA Right-to-Know Law

Does not apply.

**Canadian Regulations** 

**Canadian DSL Inventory** 

All components listed on inventory.

WHMIS Hazard Class

D2B Toxic Materials

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS

Not applicable

**Additional Information** 

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

#### **Disclaimer Statement**

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

\*\*\*END OF MSDS\*\*\*



# **Shell Canada Limited Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2007-05-25 Supersedes: 2005-07-29





Class B2 Flammable Liquid

Class D2A Carcinogenicity

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

**REGULAR UNLEADED GASOLINE MARKED** 

SYNONYMS:

Automotive Fuel

Petrol

PRODUCT USE:

Fuel

215-002 PRODUCT CODE:

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

**Shell Emergency Number** 

1-800-661-7378

P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-613-996-6666 1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

For general information:

T2P 2H5

www.shell.ca

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited. \*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Gasoline	86290-81-5	> 90	Yes
Benzene	71-43-2	< 1.5	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Physical Description:** 

Volatile Liquid Dyed for tax purposes

Typical Gasoline Odour

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

May be absorbed by skin contact.

In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing heart arrythmia.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed

endotracheal tube should be considered.

#### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Flammable. Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not use a direct stream of

water as it may spread fire. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after exposure to

combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may

be formed upon combustion.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Issue warning "Flammable". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Flammable. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be

grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Avoid breathing vapours and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Provide adequate ventilation. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet

acilities.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-

proof ventilation to prevent vapour accumulation.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Gasoline: 300 ppm (STEL: 500 ppm)
Benzene (skin): 0.5 ppm (STEL: 2.5 ppm)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total

exposure.

Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is

handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area.

Skin Protection: Avoid contact with skin. Use protective clothing and gloves manufactured from nitrile.

Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapour or mists. If exposure has the potential to exceed occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Appearance:

Odour:

Volatile Liquid

Dyed for tax purposes

Typical Gasoline Odour

Odour Threshold: > 0.25 ppm Freezing/Pour Point: Not available Boiling Point: 35 - 220 °C

**Density:** 720 - 760 kg/m3 @ 15 °C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): 3.5

Vapour Pressure (absolute): < 107 kPa @ 38 °C

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.74

pH: Not applicable
Flash Point: TCC -30 °C
Lower Flammable Limit: 1.4 % (vol.)
Upper Flammable Limit: 7.6 % (vol.)
Autoignition Temperature: 280 °C

Viscosity: < 1 cSt @ 38 °C Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3
Water Solubility: Insoluble
Formula: C4 - C11

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable:
Hazardous Polymerization:
No
Sensitive to Mechanical Impact:
No
Sensitive to Static Discharge:
Yes

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions of Reactivity: Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LD50 Oral Rat > 18 mL/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 5 mL/kg
Benzene	LD50 Oral Rat 690 - 3400 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat 13700 ppm for 4 hours
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 8260 mg/kg

**Routes of Exposure:** Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Formulation: No data is specifically available for this product and therefore this toxicological

information is based on testing completed with the ingredients.

Irritancy: Based on testing with similar materials, this product is not expected to be a primary

skin irritant after exposure of short duration, would not be a skin sensitizer and

would not be irritating to the eye.

Acute Toxicity: Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the

eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Chronic Effects: Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the

skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central nervous system depression. Prolonged and repeated exposure may cause serious injury to blood forming organs, resulting in anemia and similar conditions. Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) has been observed in people exposed to very high levels (50 to 300 ppm) of benzene over a long period of time in the

high levels (50 to 300 ppm) of benzene over a long period of time in the workplace. The relevance of these results to lower levels of exposure is not known.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity:

According to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) this product is considered to be possibly carcinogenic to humans. This product contains benzene. Carcinogenic hazard. Repeated exposure to benzene concentrations greater than the recommended TLV/TWA may reduce the cellular components of peripheral blood and bone marrow. Epidemiological studies indicate that long term inhalation of benzene vapour can cause leukaemia in man. Benzene has also

produced chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

Biodegradability: Inherently biodegradable.

Rapid volatilization.

**Bioaccumulation:** Potential for bioaccumulation.

Partition Coefficient (log K<sub>OW</sub>): 2.3

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Gasoline	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Benzene	LL50 Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
	EL50 Daphnia Magna (48hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.
	EL50 - growth rate Algae (72hr) 10 - 100 mg/L.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

215-002

Revision Number: 7

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number

UN1203 GASOLINE

Proper Shipping Name

Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Hazard Class Packing Group

PG II

Additional Information

Marine Pollutant

Shipping Description

GASOLINE Class 3 UN1203 PG II

Marine Pollutant

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

**WHMIS Class:** 

Class B2 Flammable Liquid Class D2A Carcinogenicity

**DSL/NDSL Status:** 

This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act. This product

and/or all components are listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status:

No Canadian federal standards.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**LABEL STATEMENTS** 

Hazard Statement : Flammable Liquid.

Contains Benzene. May cause cancer.

**Handling Statement:** 

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

First Aid Statement:

Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting.
Obtain medical attention.

**Revisions:** 

This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Section 1 Section 2 Section 3 Section

4 Section 5 Section 6 Section 7 Section 8 Section 11 Section 12



# GE Water & Process Technologies

# Material Safety Data Sheet

POLYFLOC AP1138

#### Issue Date: 17-APR-2008 Supercedes: 17-APR-2008

# 1 Identification

Identification of substance or preparation POLYFLOC AP1138

**Product Application Area** Flocculant

i loccularit

Company/Undertaking Identification GE Water & Process Technologies Canada 3239 Dundas Street West Oakville, Ontario, L6M 4B2 T 905-465-3030

**Emergency Telephone** 

(800) 877-1940

Prepared by Product Stewardship Group: T 215-355-3300 Prepared on: 17-APR-2008

# 2 Hazard(s) identification

\*

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause moderate irritation to the eyes. Dusts may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

Odor: None; Appearance: White, Powder

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus(full face-piece type). Proper fire-extinguishing media: dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water

\*

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### ACUTE SKIN EFFECTS:

Primary route of exposure; May cause slight irritation to the skin.

#### ACUTE EYE EFFECTS:

May cause moderate irritation to the eyes.

#### ACUTE RESPIRATORY EFFECTS:

Dusts may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

#### INGESTION EFFECTS:

May cause gastrointestinal irritation.

#### TARGET ORGANS:

No evidence of potential chronic effects.

#### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED:

Not known.

#### SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

May cause redness or itching of skin.

# 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Information for specific product ingredients as required by the WHMIS Regulations is listed. Refer to additional sections of this MSDS for our assessment of the potential hazards of this formulation.

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Product contains no hazardous ingredients reportable under WHMIS regulation

No component is considered to be a carcinogen by the U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), or under WHMIS.

# 4 First-aid measures

#### SKIN CONTACT:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

#### EYE CONTACT:

Remove contact lenses. Hold eyelids apart. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

#### INHALATION:

If nasal, throat or lung irritation develops - remove to fresh air and get medical attention.

#### INGESTION:

Do not feed anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive victim. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact physician. Dilute contents of stomach using 2-8 fluid ounces  $(60-240\ mL)$  of milk or water.

#### NOTES TO PHYSICIANS:

No special instructions

# 5 Fire-fighting measures

#### FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (full face-piece type).

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water

#### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

oxides of carbon

#### FLASH POINT:

> 200F > 93C P-M(CC)

# 6 Accidental release measures

#### PROTECTION AND SPILL CONTAINMENT:

Ventilate area. Use specified protective equipment. Sweep up and remove. Minimize dust generation.

#### DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:

The waste characteristics of the absorbed material, or any contaminated soil, should be determined in accordance with provincial regulations. Water contaminated with this product may be sent to a sanitary sewer treatment facility, in accordance with any local agreement or discharged under provincial regulations.

Incinerate or land dispose in an approved landfill.

# 7 Handling and storage

#### HANDLING:

This material may be combustible. As with all dry powders it is advisable to ground mechanical equipment in contact with dry material to dissipate the potential buildup of static electricity.

#### STORAGE:

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not expose to moisture.

# 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### EXPOSURE LIMITS

Consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.

Product contains no hazardous ingredients reportable under WHMIS regulation

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Adequate ventilation to maintain air contaminants below exposure limits.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

If air-purifying respirator use is appropriate, use any of the following particulate respirators: N95, N99, N100, R95, R99, R100, P95, P99 or P100.

#### SKIN PROTECTION:

rubber, butyl, viton or neoprene gloves -- Wash off after each use. Replace as necessary.

#### EYE PROTECTION:

airtight chemical goggles

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

43.120 lb/cu. Vapor Pressure (mmHG) < 0.1 Density Freeze Point (F) NA
Freeze Point (C) NA Vapor Density (air=1) < 1.00 Viscosity(cps 70F,21C) NA % Solubility (water) 1.0

Odor None Appearance White Powder Physical State Physical State
Flash Point P-M(CC) > 200F > 93C  $-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1$ < 1.00 Evaporation Rate (Ether=1) Percent VOC: 0.0

NA = not applicable ND = not determined

# 10 Stability and reactivity

STABILITY:

Stable under normal storage conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

May react with strong oxidizers.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

oxides of carbon

INTERNAL PUMPOUT/CLEANOUT CATEGORIES:

"B"

# 11 Toxicological information

Oral LD50 MOUSE: >2,000 mg/kg

NOTE - Supplier estimate; Rat oral LD50: >5,000 mg/kg per alternate

supplier

Carcinogenicity RAT/DOG: NEGATIVE Dermal LD50 RABBIT: >2,000 mg/kg

NOTE - Estimated value

Eye Irritation Score RABBIT: NONIRRITANT Skin Sensitization G.PIG:

# 12 Ecological information

#### AQUATIC TOXICOLOGY

Bluegill Sunfish 48 Hour Static Screen 0% Mortality= 100 mg/L Daphnia magna 48 Hour Static Renewal Bioassay LC50= 470; No Effect Level= 178 mg/L Fathead Minnow 96 Hour Static Renewal Bioassay LC50= 239; No Effect Level= 45 mg/L

#### BIODEGRADATION

BOD-28 (mg/g): 0BOD-5 (mg/g): 0 COD (mg/g): 775 TOC (mg/g): 349

# 13 Disposal considerations

Incinerate or bury in approved landfill. Please be advised that there may be additional local or provincial requirements relating to the disposal of waste. Consult provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

# 14 Transport information

#### Transportation of Dangerous Goods:

DOT EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE #: Not applicable

# 15 Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR. CEPA:

All components of this product comply with substance notification requirements under CEPA.

#### WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

NOT REGULATED

#### FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION:

The ingredients in this product are approved by FDA under 21 CFR 173.5 and 21 CFR 573.120

# 16 Other information

#### NFPA/HMIS CODE TRANSLATION

Health	1	Slight Hazard
Fire	1	Slight Hazard
Reactivity	0	Minimal Hazard
Special	NONE	No special Hazard
(1) Protective Equipment	В	Goggles, Gloves

(1) refer to section 8 of MSDS for additional protective equipment recommendations.

#### CHANGE LOG

	EFFECTIVE		
	DATE	REVISIONS TO SECTION:	SUPERCEDES
MSDS status:	07-MAY-1997		** NEW **
	01-MAY-1998	8;EDIT:9	07-MAY-1997
	01-JUN-1999	15	01-MAY-1998
	13-SEP-2000	4	01-JUN-1999
	11-DEC-2000	15	13-SEP-2000
	02-DEC-2003	16	11-DEC-2000
	03-NOV-2006	16	02-DEC-2003
	17-APR-2008	4,5,6,7,8,10	03-NOV-2006



# Shell Canada Limited **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2008-08-01 Supersedes: 2005-08-15





Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity Class D2B Skin Irritation

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

SHELL\* JET A-1

SYNONYMS:

Aviation Turbine Fuel (Kerosene Type)

May contain anti-icing additive (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)

PRODUCT USE:

**Fuel Solvent** 

PRODUCT CODE:

142-011

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

**Shell Emergency Number** 

P.O. Box 100, Station M

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-800-661-7378 1-613-996-6666

400-4th Ave. S.W.

For general information:

1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

www.shell.ca

T2P 2H5

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited. \*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component Name	CAS Number	% Range	WHMIS Controlled
Kerosene (Petroleum),	64742-81-0	60 - 100	Yes
Hydrodesulfurized			
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	111-77-3	0 - 0.15	Yes

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Physical Description:** 

Bright Clear Hydrocarbon Odour Liquid

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Hazards:

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

Combustible Liquid.

SHELL\* JET A-1 142-011

Revision Number: 8

Irritating to skin.

Ingestion may result in vomiting. Avoid aspiration of vomitus into lungs as small

quantities may result in aspiration pneumonitis.

Handling:

Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

**Skin:** Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on to their left side. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure and restore breathing, if required. Obtain

medical attention.

Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the

lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision. If symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, convulsions or unconsciousness occur before vomiting, gastric lavage with a cuffed

endotracheal tube should be considered.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide

Foam

Dry Chemical Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Caution - Combustible. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread

fire. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Avoid inhalation of smoke. Vapour forms a flammable/explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail may occur. Product will float and can be reignited on surface of water. Delayed lung damage can be experienced after

exposure to combustion products, sometimes hours after the exposure.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products:** 

A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid, particulates and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Carbon dioxide, carbon

monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon

combustion.

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Revision Number: 8

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Issue warning "Combustible". Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Handling equipment must be grounded. Work upwind of spill if it is safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with material. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapours; contain runoff. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies). After area has been cleaned up to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities, flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling:

Combustible. Avoid excessive heat, sparks, open flames and all other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation of static charge. Vapours are heavier than air and will settle and collect in low areas and pits, displacing breathing air. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapours are gone. Vapours may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable/explosive dusts, residues or vapours. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse. Use good personal hygiene.

#### Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Keep container

tightly closed.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, are general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapour (skin): 200 mg/m3 (Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.)

Skin Notation: Absorption through skin, eyes and mucous membranes may contribute significantly to the total exposure.

## Mechanical Ventilation:

Concentrations in air should be maintained below the occupational exposure limit if unprotected personnel are involved. Use explosion-proof ventilation as required to control vapour concentrations. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** 

Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is

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handled such that it could be splashed into eyes. Provide an eyewash station in the area. Skin Protection:

Impervious gloves (viton, nitrile) should be worn at all times when handling this material. In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing

should be worn. Safety showers should be available for emergency use.

Respiratory If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved Protection: respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapour

cartridges or use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH-approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid **Bright Clear** Appearance:

Odour: Hydrocarbon Odour

**Odour Threshold:** Not available Freezing/Pour Point: < -47 °C 145 - 300 °C **Boiling Point:** 

**Density:** 775 - 840 kg/m3 @ 15°C

Vapour Density (Air = 1): Not available

Vapour Pressure (absolute): 1 - 1.4 kPa @ 37.8 °C

pH: Not available Flash Point: TCC > 43 °C Lower Flammable Limit: 0.7 % (vol.)

**Upper Flammable Limit:** 5 % (vol.) **Autoignition Temperature:** 210 °C

Viscosity: < 8 cSt @ -20 °C Evaporation Rate (n-BuAc = 1): Not available Partition Coefficient (log Kow): 3.3 - 6

Water Solubility: Insoluble

Other Solvents: Hydrocarbon Solvents

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemically Stable:** Yes **Hazardous Polymerization:** No Sensitive to Mechanical Impact: No Sensitive to Static Discharge:

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on

combustion conditions.

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions of Reactivity:** Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient (or Product if not specified)	Toxicological Data
	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

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	No violett i voimbori	
Ethanol, 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-	LD50 Oral Rat 4140 - 5180 mg/kg	
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg	

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or inhalation.

Irritancy:

This product is expected to be irritating to skin but is not predicted to be a skin

sensitizer.

**Acute Toxicity:** 

Vapour concentrations above the recommended exposure level are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and

may have other central nervous system effects.

**Chronic Effects:** 

Prolonged and repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritation and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, blurred vision and central

nervous system depression.

Feto/Teratogenicity:

A component of this product has shown adverse effects on the growth and

development of the fetus in some animal studies.

**Pre-existing Conditions:** 

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to

this product.

Carcinogenicity and

**Mutagenicity:** 

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) considers that this product is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Middle distillates have caused skin cancers in laboratory animals when applied repeatedly and left in place between applications. This effect is believed to be caused by the continuous irritation of the skin. Good personal hygiene should be maintained to avoid this risk. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has classified this product as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown

relevance to humans.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. The immediate effect of a release is the physical impairment of the environment from the coating of surfaces, resulting in the disruption of oxygen, water and light to flora and fauna. Prolonged exposure may result in the partitioning of light-end hydrocarbon fractions into the water and gas phases of the subsurface soil environment, adversely affecting the soil quality.

**Biodegradability:** 

Not readily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulation:** 

Potential for bioaccumulation. Potential for bioconcentration.

Partition Coefficient (log Kow):

3.3 - 6

**Aquatic Toxicity:** 

Product is expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Ingredient:	Toxicological Data
Kerosene	LL50 (WAF method) Rainbow Trout (96hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
(Petroleum),	EL50 (WAF method) Daphnia Magna (48hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Hydrodesulfurized	EL50 - growth rate (WAF method) Algae (72hr) 1 - 10 mg/L.
Ethanol, 2-(2-	
methoxyethoxy)-	

Definition(s):

LL and EL are the lethal loading concentration and effective loading concentration Page 5 of 7

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respectively. The concentration represents the amount of substance added to the system to obtain a toxic concentration. They replace the traditional LC and EC for low solubility substances.

WAF is the water accommodated fraction. A slightly soluble hydrocarbon is stirred into water and the insoluble portions are removed. The remaining solution is the water accommodated fraction.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site. Incinerate at a licenced waste disposal site with approval of environmental authority.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

UN Number UN1863

Proper Shipping Name FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Hazard Class Class 3 Flammable Liquids

Packing Group PG III

Additional Information Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres. Shipping Description FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE Class 3 UN1863 PG III

Not Regulated in Containers Less Than or Equal to 450 Litres.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)* and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Class B3 Combustible Liquid

Class D2A Embryo/Fetotoxicity

Class D2B Skin Irritation

DSL/NDSL Status: This product, or all components, are listed on the Domestic Substances List, as

required under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standards. Provincial criteria are likely and should be

requested when notifying provincial authorities.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**LABEL STATEMENTS** 

Hazard Statement: Combustible Liquid.

Irritating to skin.

Handling Statement: Eliminate all ignition sources.

Wear suitable gloves and eye protection.

Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Empty containers are hazardous, may contain flammable / explosive dusts, liquid

residue or vapours. Keep away from sparks and open flames.

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Avoid prolonged exposure to vapours.

First Aid Statement: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Flush eyes with water.

If overcome by vapours remove to fresh air.

Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Revisions: This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section

2 Section 3 Section 6 Section 8 Section 11 Section 15



Lubtac Rod Grease

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A Smith/Schlumberger Company





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# ENVIRONMENTAL AND SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME: LUBTAC ROD GREASE

GENERIC DESCRIPTION: A MIXTURE OF INORGANIC INERT VISCOSIFIERS, TACKIFIERS, HYDROCARBON OILS AND VEGETABLE OILS.

## 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL COMPONENT	OR	%	DATA
NONE			

# 3. PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT : 120 °C

MELTING POINT : NA

FREEZING POINT : < 0 °C

pH : 7-8

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.99

APPEARANCE AND: DARK BROWN STRINGY GREASE

# 4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT °C: (AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE) > 200 °C

EXTINGUISING MEDIA: USE EXTINGUISHER USED FOR EXTINGUISHING HYDROPHOBIC MATERIALS

## 5. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

**ROUTES OF EXPOSURE AND EFFECTS** 

EYES : MODERATE TO SEVERE IRRITATION

INHALATION: NO IRRITATING FUMES ARE PRODUCED AT NORMAL

**TEMPERTURES** 

INGESTION : MAY CAUSE NAUSEA

SKIN : MAY BE IRRITATING TO SENSITIVE SKINS ON

PROLONGED EXPOSURE

### 6. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES : WIPE OUT WITH DRY CLOTH. USE EYE DROPS IF NECESSARY.

**OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IF NECESSARY** 

INHALATION : NO IRRITATING FUMES ARE PRODUCED AT NORMAL

**TEMPERATURES** 

INGESTION : WASH MOUTH WITH WATER. INDUCE VOMITING. OBTAIN

MEDICAL ADVICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

SKIN : WASH WITH SOAPY WATER. IF DEGREASING OF SKIN HAS

OCCURED, APPLY MOISTURISING CREAM

# 7. REACTIVITY DATA

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY: EXTREME HEAT

INCOMPATABILITY: NONE

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CAN PRODUCE HYDROCARBON DECOMPOSITION PRODUCT ON BURNING.

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERISATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

# 8. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

CONTAIN SPILL. SCRAPE UP EXCESS PRODUCTS WITH A SPADE. THROW SAND OR WOOD SHAVINGS OVER CONTAMINATED AREA AND SCRAPE UP WITH ASPADE. CONTAMINATED WOOD SHAVINGS OR SAND CAN BE DISCARDED IN ANY RUBBISH STORAGE AREA.

## 9. INDUSTRIAL HYGEINE CONTROL MEASURES

**VENTILATION: NORMAL** 

SPECIFIC PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY: NONE
EYES : NONE
GLOVES : YES

OTHER : CLOTHING PROTECTOR AS REQUIRED TO

PROTECT CLOTHES FROM GREASE WHICH IS

DIFFICULT TO REMOVE.

## 10. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

NONE

## 11. OTHER HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

NONE

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FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1122 Date 01/22/09

Supercedes

MSDS # 1122 08/13/08

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

NONEL® EZ DET® NONEL® EZTL™

NONEL® EZ DRIFTER®

Trade Name(s):

NONEL® MS NONEL® MS ARCTIC

NONEL® LP

NONEL® SL

NONEL® TD

NONEL® MS CONNECTOR NONEL® TWINPLEX™ NONEL® STARTER

Product Class: NONEL® Non-electric Delay Detonators

Product Appearance & Odor: Aluminum cylindrical shell with varying length and diameter of attached colored plastic tubing. The detonator may be enclosed in a plastic housing, and an assembly may contain two detonators. Odorless.

**DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** 

UN0029 Detonators, non-electric 1.1B II

-or--orUN0360 Detonator assemblies, non-electric 1.1B II UN0361 Detonator assemblies, non-electric 1.4B II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

	Occupational Exposure Limits		
Ingredients	CAS#	OSHA PEL-TWA	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate (PETN)	78-11 <b>-</b> 5	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>
Lead Azide	13424-46-9	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>
Lead	7439-92-1	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>
Silicon	7440-21-3	15 mg / m³ (total dust)	10 mg / m <sup>3</sup>
		5 mg / m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fra	action)
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Red Lead (Lead tetroxide)	1314-41-6	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m³
Barium Chromate	10294-40-3	1 mg (CrO <sub>3</sub> )/10m <sup>3</sup>	0.01 mg (Cr)/m <sup>3</sup>
		(ceiling)	0 F (D-)/3
1. 1.01	7750 07 0	0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup> 0.15 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>
Lead Chromate	7758-97-6	0.05 mg (Pb)/m <sup>3</sup>	0.15 mg (Pb)/m <sup>-</sup>
		1 mg (CrO <sub>3</sub> )/10m <sup>3</sup> (ceiling)	0.012 mg (Cr)/m <sup>3</sup>
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	0.5 mg (Ba)/m <sup>3</sup>	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Potassium Perchlorate <sup>3</sup>	7778-74-7	None	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> None <sup>2</sup>
Silica (crystalline)	61790-53-2	See Note Below	0.05 mg/m³ (resp frac)

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Molybdenum	7439-98-7	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>
Tungsten	7440-33-7	None <sup>1</sup>	5 mg/m³ (TWA)
			10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (STEL)
Aluminum	7429-90-5	15 mg/m³ (total dust)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fra	ction)
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyclotetramethylene Tetranitramine (HMX)	2691-41-0	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

**Boiling Point:** Not Applicable Vapor Density: Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

**Density:** Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Not Applicable

#### **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: Not Applicable Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to a predetermined safe, distant location. Allow fire to burn unless it can be fought remotely or with fixed extinguishing systems (sprinklers).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

### **Effects of Overexposure**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to the explosive material under normal conditions of use. Exposure concerns are primarily with post-detonation reaction products, particularly heavy metal compounds.

Eyes: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures. Particulates in the eye may cause irritation, redness, swelling, itching, pain and tearing.

Skin: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures. Exposure to post-detonation reaction products may cause irritation.

Ingestion: No exposure to chemical hazards anticipated with normal handling procedures. Post-detonation reaction product residue is toxic by ingestion. Symptoms may include gastroenteritis with abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. See systemic effects below.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable part., 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Note: The OSHA PEL for crystalline silica is calculated as follows:

Quartz, respirable: 10 mg/m $^3$ e / % SiO $_2$  + 2 Quartz, total dust: 30 mg/m $^3$  / % SiO $_2$  + 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not all delay periods contain perchlorate. Those that do contain between from about 4 to a maximum of about 60 mg perchlorate per detonator.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure. See systemic effects below.

**Systemic or Other Effects:** None anticipated with normal handling procedures. Repeated inhalation or ingestion of post-detonation reaction products may lead to systemic effects such as respiratory tract irritation, ringing of the ears, dizziness, elevated blood pressure, blurred vision and tremors. Heavy metal (lead) poisoning can occur.

Carcinogenicity: ACGIH classifies Lead as a "Suspected Human Carcinogen" and insoluble Chromium VI as "Confirmed Human Carcinogen". NTP, OSHA, and IARC consider components contained in this detonator carcinogenic.

Perchlorate: Perchlorate can potentially inhibit iodide uptake by the thyroid and result in a decrease in thyroid hormone. The National Academy of Sciences (NAS) has reviewed the toxicity of perchlorate and has concluded that even the most sensitive populations could ingest up to 0.7 microgram perchlorate per kilogram of body weight per day without adversely affecting health. The USEPA must establish a maximum contaminant level (MCL) for perchlorate in drinking water by 2007, and this study by NAS may result in a recommendation of about 20 ppb for the MCL.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash with soap and water. Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Not applicable.

Special Considerations: None

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock. Do not attempt to disassemble.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (acids and bases or alkalis).

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon Monoxide (CO), Nitrous Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Sulfides, Chromates, Lead (Pb), Antimony (Sb) and various oxides and complex oxides of metals.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate all personnel to a safe distant area and allow to burn or fight fire remotely. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. If loose explosive powder is spilled, such as from a broken detonator, only properly qualified and authorized personnel should be involved with handling and clean-up activities. Spilled explosive powder is extremely sensitive to initiation and may detonate. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

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#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** None required for normal handling. Provide enhanced ventilation after use if in underground mines or other enclosed areas.

Respiratory Protection: None required for normal handling.

Protective Clothing: Cotton gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

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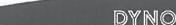
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#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Only properly qualified and authorized personnel should handle and use explosives. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, impact, friction, electrostatic discharge and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death. Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Detonation in confined or unventilated areas may result in exposure to hazardous fumes or oxygen deficiency.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.



#### **ECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

These products contain the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Max. Ibs/1000 units
Lead	7439-92-1	39.4
	(Use Toxic Chemical Category Code)	
Lead Compounds	N420	2.0
Barium Compounds	N040	1.8
Chromium Compounds	N090	1.9

Range\* of Section 313 Chemicals in each product

Product	lb Pb per 1000 detonators	Ib Pb compounds per 1000 detonators	Ib Ba compounds per 1000 detonators	lb Cr compounds per 1000 detonators
NONEL® MS	0 - 27	0.3 – 1.5	0 - 0.9	0 - 0.9
NONEL® LP	0 - 30	0.3 – 2.0	0 - 1.8	0 - 1.9
NONEL® SL	7 - 27	0.3 – 1.5	0	0
NONEL® TD	0 - 18	0.3 - 0.7	0	0
NONEL® MS Connector	5 - 16	0.3 - 0.4	0	0
NONEL® TWINPLEX™	5 - 15	0.3 - 0.7	0	0
NONEL® STARTER	0	0.3	0	0
NONEL® EZ DET®	22 - 36	2.0	0	0
NONEL® EZTL™	5 - 15	0.5 - 0.7	0	0
NONEL® EZ DRIFTER	39.4	1.3	1.2	1.3

<sup>\*</sup> The exact quantity and weight percent of Section 313 Chemicals in each delay period and tubing length for each product is available upon request.

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800-424-9300

MSDS #1063 10/30/08 Date

Supercedes MSDS # 1063 07/02/07

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

BLASTEX®	DYNO® 1.5 SB
BLASTEX® PLUS	DYNO® 1.5 SBC
BLASTEX® PLUS HD	DYNO® 1.5 SB30
BLASTEX® TX	DYNO® 900
BLASTEX® TX PLUS	DYNO <sup>®</sup> 1300
BLASTGEL® 1000	DYNO® 1500
BLASTGEL® 1070	DYNO® 1520
SUPER BLASTEX®	DYNO® 1540
SUPER BLASTEX® TX	DYNOTEX
SUPER BLASTEX®TX	DX-2011
	DX-2012

**Product Class: Emulsion Explosives, Packaged** 

Product Appearance & Odor: White or pink opaque semi-solid, which will appear gray if product contains aluminum.

Little or no odor. Packaged in cylindrical cartridges of paper or plastic film.

**DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** UN0332 Explosive, blasting, type E 1.5D II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exposure Limits		
Ingredients:	CAS#	<u>% (Range)</u>	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	OSHA PEL-TWA	
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	60-85	None	None	
Sodium Nitrate	7631-99-4	0-12	None	None	
Methylamine Nitrate*	22133-87-7	0-3	None	None	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0-10	10 mg/m³ (dust)	15 mg/m³ (total)	
Mineral Oil	64742-35-4	0-6	5 mg/m³ (mist)	None	
Kerosene	8008-20-6	0-6	None	None	

This ingredient may be used only in products produced at the Paige Plant.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

MSDS# 1063 Date: 10/30/08 Page 1 of 3



#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

**Boiling Point:** Not Applicable

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: <20 (water)

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): <1

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

**Density:** 1.15-1.35 g/cc

Solubility in Water: Product partially dissolves

very slowly in water.

## **SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA**

Flash Point: >100°C Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

#### **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: May cause irritation, redness and tearing.Skin: Prolonged contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Large amounts may be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not a likely route of exposure. **Systemic or Other Effects:** None known.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists seek medical attention.

**Skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: If irritation occurs, remove to fresh air.

Special Considerations: None.

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions, may explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (strong acids and strong bases or alkalis).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

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#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** Not required for normal handling. **Respiratory Protection:** None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Gloves and work clothing that reduce skin contact are suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: None.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

The reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372 may become applicable if the physical state of this product is changed to an aqueous solution. If an aqueous solution of this product is manufactured, processed, or otherwise used, the nitrate compounds category and ammonia listing of the previously referenced regulation should be reviewed.

#### **Disclaimer**

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Dyno Nobel Inc.

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E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS # 1019 Date 03/27/07

Supercedes

MSDS # 1019 01/24/05

#### **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s):

D-GEL™ 1000

DYNOSPLIT®: D1, D 3/4, D 7/8

EXTRA GELATIN: 40%, 75%

GELAPRIME® F UNIGEL® UNIMAX®

VIBROGEL®: 1,3

Z POWDER™ DYNOMAX PRO™ Oil Well Explosive 80% Oil Well Explosive 100%

**STONECUTTER™** 

REDH®A RED H® B POWERGEL D

60% Hi-Pressure Gelatin

IRESPLIT® D IP: 724, 738

**Product Class:** Dynamites and Blasting Gelatins

Product Appearance & Odor: Powdery to gelatinous solid, light tan to dark brown color. Faint, waxy odor.

**DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** Explosive, blasting, type A 1.1D UN0081 II

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Available (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

#### **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exposure Limits		
<u>Ingredients:</u>	CAS#	<u>% (Range)</u>	<b>ACGIH TLV-TWA</b>	OSHA PEL-TWA	
Nitroglycerin (NG)	55-63-0	1-20	0.05 ppm	0.05 ppm	
Ethylene Glycol Dinitrate	628-96-6	8-76	0.05 ppm	0.05 ppm	
(EGDN)					
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	0-6	None	None	
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	0-75	None	None	
Sodium Nitrate	7631-99-4	0-50	None	None	
Sulfur <sup>1</sup>	7704-34-9	0-4	None	None	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This ingredient is not found in most of the products listed above.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

#### **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

**Boiling Point:** Not Applicable Vapor Density: Not Applicable

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

**Density:** 0.8-1.48 g/cc

Solubility in Water: Ammonium and sodium nitrates are completely soluble. NG and EGDN

are very slightly soluble.

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#### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: Not Applicable Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: (See Special Fire Fighting Procedures section.)

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Do not attempt to fight fires involving explosive materials. Evacuate all personnel to

a predetermined safe location, no less than 2,500 feet in all directions.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Can explode or detonate under fire conditions. Burning material may produce

toxic vapors.

# **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Eyes: May cause irritation, redness and tearing.

**Skin:** Contact may result in headache, nausea and blood vessel dilation.

Ingestion: May result in headache, nausea, intestinal upset and blood vessel dilation.

Inhalation: May result in headache, nausea and blood vessel dilation.

Systemic or Other Effects: None known.

#### **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Special Considerations: None.

#### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

**Stability:** Stable under normal conditions. May explode when subjected to fire, supersonic shock, or high-energy projectile impact, especially when confined or in large quantities.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Corrosives (mineral acids, bases, strong acids).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon Monoxide (CO), Hydrogen Sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), Nitrous Oxides (NO<sub>X</sub>), and Sulfur Oxides (SO<sub>X</sub>)

Oxides (SO<sub>X</sub>).

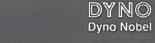
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 2,500 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, and product is undamaged and/or uncontaminated, repackage product in original packaging or other clean DOT approved container. Ensure that a complete account of product has been made and is verified. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements. Contact of this product with water may result in a reportable release.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

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#### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

Ventilation: Forced ventilation may be necessary where natural ventilation is limited. Magazines containing NG and/or

EGDN based explosives must be ventilated before entry.

Respiratory Protection: None normally required.

Protective Clothing: Chemical resistant (nitrile) gloves are suggested.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses are recommended.

Other Precautions Required: Inhalation and skin contact should be minimized to avoid headaches, nausea, and blood

vessel dilation. Protective clothing should be changed daily, more often if contaminated.

#### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources, and strong shock.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death.

**Other Precautions:** It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

Chemical Name Nitroglycerin **CAS Number** 55-63-0

% By Weight

1-20

The reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372 may become applicable if the physical state of this product is changed to an aqueous solution. If an aqueous solution of this product is manufactured, processed, or otherwise used, the nitrate compounds category and ammonia listing of the previously referenced regulation should be reviewed.

#### **Disclaimer**

MSDS# 1019 Date: 03/27/07

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#### SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: February 15, 2007

**8750 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064 **Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: POTASSIUM CHLORIDE (POTASH)

PRODUCT USE: Oil well drilling fluid and cement additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Inorganic salt CAS#: 7447-40-7

### WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS controlled. WORKPLACE HAZARD: Treat as nuisance dust.

# TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

#### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT % (w/w) CAS NUMBER LD<sub>50</sub>Oral-Rat LC<sub>50</sub>Inhal-Rat ACGIH-TLV

Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.

## **SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS**

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX]EYE CONTACT [ ]SKIN [ ]INHALATION [ ]INGESTION
EYE CONTACT: May cause mild irritation, including stinging, watering and redness.
SKIN CONTACT: May cause mild irritation including redness and a burning sensation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dry skin. No information

available on skin absorption.

INGESTION: Low to moderate degree of toxicity.  $LD_{50}$  (oral-rat) = 2.6 g/kg. INHALATION: High dust levels may cause upper respiratory tract irritation.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

REPRODUCTIVE

ICTIVE No information available.

TOXICITY:

MUTAGENICITY: SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: No information available. No information available.

**SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES** 

SKIN CONTACT: Flush with water. Dry area thoroughly and apply skin cream or

moisturizing cream. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water for 15 minutes, or until

irritation ceases. Hold eyelids open to ensure thorough flushing. If

irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

If large amount swallowed, obtain medical attention.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if required. If

breathing difficulties, or distress, continue obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: White to reddish-brown crystals; odourless

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.0

BOILING POINT (°C): 1500 (sublimes)

MELTING POINT (°C): 773

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 342 g/L @ 20°C pH: 8-9 (5% sol'n)

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: 0

EVAPORATION RATE: Not applicable

VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): ~0 VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): 2.57

BULK DENSITY: Loose;  $1025 - 1200 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not flammable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use media suitable for surrounding materials and

packaging

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel. UNUSUAL FIRE AND None known.

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** 

#### SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

STABLE [XX]

UNSTABLE [ ]

INCOMPATIBILITY

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

Avoid contact with hot nitric acid; may cause evolution of toxic nitrosyl chloride. Contact with other strong

acids may produce hydrogen chloride gas. May react violently with bromine trifluoride and may explode if mixed with potassium permanganate and sulfuric acid.

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:

Contact with incompatible materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

Hydrogen chloride and fumes of Na<sub>2</sub>O.

PRODUCTS:

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** 

WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]

MAY OCCUR [ ]

### **SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES**

### SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Use NIOSH approved dust mask, or respirator with

dust/mist filters, if TLV is exceeded. 8 hour OEL

Nuisance Dust Total Mass =  $10 \text{mg/m}^3$ .

**VENTILATION:** 

Suggest local exhaust ventilation, if TLV's are

exceeded.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Suggest cloth or leather work gloves be worn to

prevent skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION:

Safety glasses with side shields or goggles

recommended.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are

(Specify):

available.

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated place away from incompatibles. Keep bags or fibre drums dry at all times. Product is hygroscopic (may absorb moisture from the air when relative humidity >72%).

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Collect by sweeping and scoop up or shovel. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in an approved container for disposal. Keep out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soils.

#### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. This product may be suitable for disposal in landfills; check with local operator. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Dispose of all packaging in accordance with local regulations.

## **SECTION IX: PREPARATION**

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED:

February 15, 2007

BY:

Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES:

April 27, 2004

PHONE:

780-440-4923

Diversity Technologies Corp. is the parent company of Canamara-United Supply, Hollimex Products, The Drilling Depot and Westcoast Drilling Supplies.



MSDS No. 10068 Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD Revision Date: 06/03/2009

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD

Chemical Family: Acrylamide polymer.
Product Use: Drilling fluid additive.

Supplied by: M-I L.L.C.

P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77242 www.miswaco.com

**Telephone Number:** 281-561-1511 **Emergency Telephone (24 hr.):** 281-561-1600

Prepared by: Product Safety Group

Revision No. 5

**HMIS Rating** 

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 PPE: E

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. \*Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Caution! May cause mechanical irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Long

term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage.

**Canadian Classification:** 

UN PIN No: Not regulated. WHMIS Class: Not a controlled product.

Physical State: Powder. Color: White Odor: Odorless

**Potential Health Effects:** 

**Acute Effects** 

**Eye Contact:** May cause mechanical irritation May cause mechanical irritation. Inhalation: May cause mechanical irritation.

**Ingestion:** May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

Acute Effects Note: This product may release ammonia or amines when heated or exposed to high pH.

Ammonia is a severe eye, skin and respiratory irritant. Ammonia has a very strong odor and can be detected at levels as low as 5 ppm. Many amines are also eye, skin

and respiratory irritants.

**Carcinogenicity & Chronic** See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Effects:

**Routes of Exposure:** Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation.

Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD **Revision Date: 06/03/2009** 

**MSDS No. 10068** Page 2/6

**Target Organs/Medical** Conditions Aggravated by Eyes. Skin. Respiratory System.

Overexposure:

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Anionic acrylamide copolymer		90 - 100	No comments.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove

contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

any discomfort continues.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and **Skin Contact:** 

launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth Ingestion:

to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical

attention.

Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them. General notes:

## FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Flammable Properties**

Flash Point: F (C): NA Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): ND Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): ND Autoignition Temperature: F (C): ND Flammability Class:

Other Flammable Properties: Particulate may accumulate static electricity. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can

form explosive mixtures with air.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

### **Protection Of Fire-Fighters:**

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures: Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Ammonia or amines. Oxides of: Carbon. Nitrogen.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions:** Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD Revision Date: 06/03/2009

Evacuate the spill area with the exception of the spill response team. Wet product may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Do not allow spilled material

to enter sewers, storm drains or surface waters. Avoid the generation of dust. Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage:** Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from

incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding,

shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):**

**MSDS No. 10068** 

**Spill Procedures:** 

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Anionic acrylamide copolymer		90 - 100	NA	NA	NA	(1) (6)

#### Notes

- (1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).
- (6) Ammonia or amines may be released when this component is heated or exposed to high pH. The recommended exposure limits for ammonia are ACGIH TLV 25 ppm and OSHA PEL 50 ppm. No general recommended exposure limit is available for amines. A NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with ammonia/methylamine cartridges should be used to protect against ammonia or amine inhalation exposure.

**Engineering Controls:** Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

#### **Personal Protection Equipment**

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Dust resistant safety goggles.

**Skin Protection:** Not normally necessary. If needed to minimize irritation: Wear appropriate clothing

to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves such

as: Nitrile. Neoprene.

Page 3/6

Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD **Revision Date: 06/03/2009** 

**MSDS No. 10068** 

All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive **Respiratory Protection:** 

respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134

(U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.

If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable

or re-useable particulate respirator.

General Hygiene Considerations: Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable

clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: White Odorless Odor: **Physical State:** Powder.

7.7 (1% solution) pH:

1.25 - 1.40 at 68F (20C) Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):

Solubility (Water): Soluble **Melting/Freezing Point:** ND **Boiling Point:** ND **Vapor Pressure:** NA Vapor Density (Air=1): NA **Evaporation Rate:** NA Odor Threshold(s): ND

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 10.

**Chemical Stability:** Stable

**Conditions to Avoid:** Heat. Moisture. Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

**Hazardous Polymerization** Will not occur

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION 11.

For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Acute Data
Anionic acrylamide copolymer		Oral LD50: Estimated >2000 mg/kg (rat)

#### **Product Toxicological Information:**

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

This product may contain trace amounts of acrylamide (< 0.1%). Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a Group 2A carcinogen (probably carcinogenic to humans) and a suspect carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP). (LOLI)

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Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD **Revision Date: 06/03/2009** 

**MSDS No. 10068** 

#### **12**. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Component Ecotoxicity Data:** Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none was found in

the component review.

**Product Ecotoxicity Data:** Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.

ND **Biodegration:** ND Bioaccumulation: **Octanol/Water Partition** 

ND

Coefficient:

#### 13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Classification: ND

Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and **Waste Management:** 

> Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled

precautions must be observed.

Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste, **Disposal Method:** 

dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by

the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT

**Shipping Description:** Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG,

ICAO/IATA.

**Canada TDG Shipping Description:** Not regulated. UN PIN No: Not regulated.

Not regulated. **IMDG Shipping Description:** ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: Not regulated.

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION **15**.

# **U.S. Federal and State Regulations**

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Not a SARA 311/312 hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced

**California Proposition 65:** SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed

chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use

conditions.

# **International Chemical Inventories**

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Trade Name: POLY-PLUS\* RD Revision Date: 06/03/2009

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Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

### **Canadian Classification:**

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Not a controlled product.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 4, 6, 15, 16

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

\*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

#### Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.



MSDS No. 12011 Trade Name: ROD EASE Revision Date: 07/21/2009

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: ROD EASE

Chemical Family: Mixture

**Product Use:** Drilling fluid additive. Lubricant.

Supplied by: M-I L.L.C.

P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77242 www.miswaco.com

**Telephone Number:** 281-561-1511 **Emergency Telephone (24 hr.):** 281-561-1600

Prepared by: Product Safety Group

Revision No. 6

**HMIS Rating** 

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 PPE: J

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. \*Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Occupational exposure not expected to present a health or physical hazard.

Prolonged exposure, however, may cause eye, skin and respiratory irritation.

**Canadian Classification:** 

**UN PIN No:** Not regulated. **WHMIS Class:** Not a controlled product.

Physical State: Thick Liquid Color: Dark brown. Odor: Distinctive

**Potential Health Effects:** 

**Acute Effects** 

**Eye Contact:**Not expected to irritate eyes. Prolonged contact, however, may cause irritation. **Skin Contact:**Not expected to irritate skin. Prolonged contact, however, may cause irritation. **Inhalation:**Not expected to be an inhalation hazard. Prolonged inhalation of vapors or mists,

however, may cause irritation.

**Ingestion:** May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

**Carcinogenicity & Chronic** See Section 11 for additional information.

Effects:

Routes of Exposure: Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation.

Target Organs/Medical None expected from occupational exposure.

Conditions Aggravated by

Overexposure:

Trade Name: ROD EASE Revision Date: 07/21/2009

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# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Vegetable oil		60 - 100	No comments.
Additives		10 - 30	No comments.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove

contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

any discomfort continues.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

**General notes:** Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# Flammable Properties

**Flash Point: F (C):** 734F (390C)

Flash Point Method: COC
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): ND
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): ND
Autoignition Temperature: F (C): ND
Flammability Class: IIIB
Other Flammable Properties: ND

**Extinguishing Media:** Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical. Foam. Water mist.

### **Protection Of Fire-Fighters:**

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:** Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of Carbon. Sulfur.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

Spill Procedures: Evacuate the spill area with the exception of the spill response team. Keep

personnel removed and upwind of spill. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Shut off leak if it can be done safely. Contain spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewers, storm drains or surface waters. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth. Place into containers for

disposal.

Trade Name: ROD EASE **Revision Date: 07/21/2009** 

**MSDS No.** 12011

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws. In the **Environmental Precautions:** 

U.S., for products with reportable quantity (RQ) components - if the RQ is exceeded,

report to National Spill Response Office at 1 800 424 8802.

# HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid breathing vapors or spray mists. Use only in a well ventilated area. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat,

> sparks and flames. Store away from incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding, shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** 8.

# **Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):**

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	<b>ACGIH TLV</b>	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Vegetable oil		60 - 100	NA	NA	NA	(1)
Additives		10 - 30	NA	NA	NA	None

#### **Notes**

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).

Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation as necessary to maintain exposures to within applicable limits.

### **Personal Protection Equipment**

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear chemical safety goggles.

**Skin Protection:** Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear

chemical resistant gloves such as nitrile or neoprene.

**Respiratory Protection:** All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive

respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134

(U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.

If exposed to airborne mist/aerosol of this product, use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-usable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol, use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable

or reuseable particulate respirator.

General Hygiene Considerations: Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Change work

clothing daily if there is any possibility of contamination.

# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Trade Name: ROD EASE

**MSDS No. 12011 Revision Date: 07/21/2009** Page 4/6

Dark brown. Color: Odor: Distinctive **Physical State:** Thick Liquid 7 - 7.5 Specific Gravity (H2O = 1): 0.887 Solubility (Water):

Flash Point: F (C): 734F (390C) **Melting/Freezing Point:** -13F (-25C) **Boiling Point:** >572F (>300C)

**Vapor Pressure:** ND Vapor Density (Air=1): ND **Evaporation Rate:** ND Odor Threshold(s): ND

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** Stable

**Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

ND

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

**Hazardous Polymerization** Will not occur

#### 11. **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

# **Product Toxicological Information:**

Oral LD50: >5000 mg/kg (rat).

#### **12**. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Component Ecotoxicity Data:** Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none was found in

the component review.

**Product Ecotoxicity Data:** Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data.

**Biodegration:** ND Bioaccumulation: ND **Octanol/Water Partition** 

Coefficient:

ND

#### 13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Classification:** This product does not meet the criteria of a hazardous waste if discarded in its

purchased form.

Trade Name: ROD EASE **Revision Date: 07/21/2009** 

**MSDS No.** 12011

Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and Waste Management:

> Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled

precautions must be observed.

**Disposal Method:** Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste,

dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by

the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT

**Shipping Description:** Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG,

ICAO/IATA.

**Canada TDG Shipping Description:** Not regulated. UN PIN No: Not regulated.

**IMDG Shipping Description:** Not regulated. **ICAO/IATA Shipping Description:** Not regulated.

#### **15**. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **U.S. Federal and State Regulations**

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Immediate (acute) health hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced

California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed

chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use

conditions.

# **International Chemical Inventories**

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

U.S. TSCA - Contains a component(s) that is not listed.

U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

### **Canadian Classification:**

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Not a controlled product.

#### OTHER INFORMATION **16**.

The following sections have been revised: 1, 4, 6, 15, 16

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Trade Name: ROD EASE Revision Date: 07/21/2009

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

**MSDS No.** 12011

### Disclaimer:

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Dyno Nobel Inc.

2650 Decker Lake Boulevard, Suite 300

Salt Lake City, Utah 84119

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax: 801-321-6703 E-Mail: dnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA)

800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

MSDS #1124 Date 08/13/08

Supercedes MSDS # 1124 01/24/05

# **SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade Name(s): NONEL® LEAD LINE

**Product Class: Shock Tube** 

Product Appearance & Odor: Hollow plastic tubing (normally yellow) with dusty inner coating of HMX and aluminum. No detectable odor.

**DOT Hazard Shipping Description:** 

UN0349 Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (HMX) 1.4S II.

For 10,000 ft spools with Wire Lock Terminations only:

Not regulated as an explosive, 0000

NFPA Hazard Classification: Not Applicable (See Section IV - Special Fire Fighting Procedures)

# **SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

			Occupational Exp	osure Limits
Ingredients:	CAS#	% (Range)	OSHA PEL-TWA	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Cyclotetramethylene Tetranitramine (HMX)	2691-41-0	0.35	None <sup>1</sup>	None <sup>2</sup>
Aluminum (dust)	7429-90-5	0.04	15 mg/m³ (total) 5 mg/m³ (respirable)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR): Total dust, 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable fraction, 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Ingredients, other than those mentioned above, as used in this product are not hazardous as defined under current Department of Labor regulations, or are present in deminimus concentrations (less than 0.1% for carcinogens, less than 1.0% for other hazardous materials).

# **SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA**

**Boiling Point: Not Applicable** Vapor Density: Not Applicable

Melting Point: HMX decomposes violently at melting pt., about 278°C

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

**Density:** Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Not Soluble

Percent Volatile by Volume: Not Applicable

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Use limit for particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC): Inhalable particulate, 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; respirable part., 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Note: The above hazardous dust mixture is present at approximately 15 mg per meter of tubing.

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point: Not Applicable

Flammable Limits: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media: Water, inert powder, CO2

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: For shock tube only, consider initial isolation of at least 15 meters (50 feet) in all directions. Fight fire with normal precautions and methods used for plastic fires from a reasonable distance. IF

DETONATORS OR OTHER EXPLOSIVES ARE PRESENT, DO NOT FIGHT FIRE.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: May burn vigorously with localized detonations and projection of fragments, with effects usually confined to the immediate vicinity of packages. Toxic smoke from combustion of the plastic material may be emitted. If product functions, high heat and pressure are released from the end of the tube if not covered or enclosed, typically by a metal device.

# **SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA**

### **Effects of Overexposure**

This is a packaged product that will not result in exposure to hazardous ingredients (inner coating materials) under normal conditions of use.

Eyes: Not a likely route of exposure. Dust particles may be irritating.

Skin: Not a likely route of exposure. Dust particles may cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Not a likely route of exposure. Ingestion of large amounts of the reactive powder (HMX) is poisonous and may cause cardiovascular collapse.

Inhalation: Not a likely route of exposure. Breathing dust can cause respiratory irritation. During manufacture and at processing temperatures, irritating fumes may evolve.

Systemic or Other Effects: None known.

Carcinogenicity: No constituents are listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

# **Emergency and First Aid Procedures**

Eyes: Irrigate with running water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash with soap and water.

Ingestion: Not Applicable Inhalation: Not Applicable Special Considerations: None.

### **SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA**

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, flame, impact, friction, ignition sources and strong shocks. Also avoid stretching to failure.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibility): Incompatible with strong oxidizers and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition or Combustion Products: Hazardous carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen oxide (NO<sub>X</sub>) gases and products of plastic decomposition produced.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

### **SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES**

Steps to be taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Protect from all ignition sources. In case of fire evacuate area not less than 50 feet in all directions. Notify authorities in accordance with emergency response procedures. Only personnel trained in emergency response should respond. If no fire danger is present, repackage undamaged devices in original packaging, accounting for every device. If the ends or tube wall have been opened such that powder may have

MSDS# 1124 Date: 08/13/08 Page 2 of 3



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

been released from the tube, isolate the spill area. Contamination of the HMX/Aluminum powder with sand, grit or dirt will render the material more sensitive to detonation. Carefully wet down and clean "loose" powder spills using a damp sponge or rag, avoid applying friction or pressure to the explosive, and place in a (Velostat) electrically conductive bag. Follow applicable Federal, State, and local spill reporting requirements.

**Waste Disposal Method:** Disposal must comply with Federal, State and local regulations. If product becomes a waste, it is potentially regulated as a hazardous waste as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR, part 261. Review disposal requirements with a person knowledgeable with applicable environmental law (RCRA) before disposing of any explosive material.

### **SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION**

**Ventilation:** None normally required. Provide enhanced ventilation if used in underground mines, indoors or other enclosed areas.

**Respiratory Protection:** None normally required. Extended testing of the product indoors or in enclosed areas may necessitate respiratory protection.

**Protective Clothing:** None normally required. Wear chemical-resistant gloves during post-detonation cleanup or spill cleanup operations.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for handling, testing or cleanup.

Other Precautions Required: None

### **SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:** Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Store in compliance with Federal, State, and local regulations. Keep away from heat, flame, ignition sources and strong shock. Only properly qualified and authorized personnel should handle and use Shock Tube.

**Precautions to be taken during use:** Use accepted safe industry practices when using explosive materials. Unintended detonation of explosives or explosive devices can cause serious injury or death. Avoid breathing the fumes or gases from detonation of explosives. Detonation in confined or unventilated areas may result in exposure to hazardous fumes or oxygen deficiency.

Other Precautions: It is recommended that users of explosive materials be familiar with the Institute of Makers of Explosives Safety Library Publications.

#### **SECTION X - SPECIAL INFORMATION**

This product contains the following substances that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Chemical Name None **CAS Number** 

% By Weight

#### **Disclaimer**

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MSDS# 1124 Date: 08/13/08 Page 3 of 3



# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Soda Ash

Date: November 4, 2005

# **I** Company Identification

Company Name: BHS Marketing / Western Briquette
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 27955 SLC, UT 84127-0955
Physical Address: 2320 West Indiana Ave. SLC, UT 84104

Telephone: (801) 973-8232 Fax: (801) 973-8838

Emergency Number: PERS (800) 633-8253

# **II Product Identification**

Product Name: Soda Ash

Product Class: 55

Chemical Description: Sodium Carbonate, anhydrous, is a white odorless,

granular material, free of contamination. Meets federal specification O-S-571 G, Type II. Meets

AWWA Std.

Cas Number: 497-19-8

# **III Typical Physical Properties**

Physical Appearance: White granules solid

Odor: Odorless Molecular Weight: 105.99

pH: 11.3 at 1wt/wt%

Boiling Point: Decomposes at 1800 F Melting Point: 851 Deg C (1564 F)

Specific Gravity: 2.53 at (68F)

Solubility in Water: Soluble 7wt/wt% at (77 F)

# **IV** Reactivity Data

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and

storage conditions

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme Heat

Materials to Avoid: Aluminum, Fluorine, Humid Air, Moisture, Sulfuric Acid,

Acids, Magnesium, Phosphorus Pentoxide

Hazardous Decomposition

Products: Carbon Dioxide Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

Decomposition

Temperature Range: 400 Deg. C (752 Deg F)

# V Toxicological Information and Interpretation

Acute

Eye irritation: Eye-Eye irritation, 50 mg Rabbit. Severely irritating

Skin Irritation: Skin-Skin irritation, Rabbit. Mildly irritating

Dermal Toxicity: No test data found for Product Respiratory Irritation: No test data found for Product.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50-Lethal concentration. 50% of Test Species,

2300 mg/cu m/2hrs, rat

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50-Lethal Dose. 50% of Test Species, 4090

mg/kg, rat

Chronic Toxicity: This product does not contain any substances that

are considered by OSHA, NTP, IARC or ACGIH to

be "probable" or "suspected" human carcinogens

# VII Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Effects of Overexposure:

Acute

Eye Contact: Causes Irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause redness, swelling

Ingestion: Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea,

vomiting, diarrhea, irritation, corrosion.

Inhalation: May cause upper respiratory tract irritation, lung

irritation

Chronic Effects: This product does not contain any ingredient

designated by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, OSHA as probable or suspected human carcinogens.

# VIII Recommended First Aid Measures

Eye Exposure: Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of

water for at least 15 mins. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Skin Exposure: In case of contact, immediately wash with plenty of soap

and water for al least 5 mins. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Clean contaminated clothing and

shoes before re-use.

Inhalation Exposure Remove and assure that the victim is breathing. If

breathing is difficult, administer oxygen, if available. If

victim is not breathing, administer CPR

(cardio-pulmonary resuscitation). Seek immediate

medical attention.

Ingestion Exposure: If victim is conscious and alert, give 1-2 glasses of water to

drink. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not leave victim unattended. To prevent aspiration of swallowed product, lay victim on side with head lower than waist. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. If vomiting occurs and the victim is conscious, give water to further dilute the

chemical.

Medical conditions possible

aggravated by exposure: Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic

respiratory problems such as asthma emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin

disease.

Notes to Physician: All treatments should be based on observed signs and

symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials

other than this product may have occurred.

# **IX** Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Not combustible. Use extinguishing methods suitable for

surrounding fire.

Special Fire Fighting

Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved

self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Dike area top prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and

Explosion Hazard: Not combustible

# X Accidental Release Measures

**Evacuation Procedure** 

& Safety: Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Wear

appropriate protective gear for situation. See

personal information.

Containment of Spills: Follow Procedure described below under Cleanup

and Disposal of spill

Environmental

& Regulatory Reporting: Do not flush to drain. If spilled on the ground, the

affected area should be scraped clean placed in an

appropriate container for disposal. Prevent material from entering public sewer system or any waterway. Large spills should be handled according to a predetermined plan. For assistance in developing a plan contact with the Technical Service Department using the Product Information phone

number.

# XI Handling & Storage

Handling: Do not get in eyes. Do not breath dusts. Avoid direct or

prolonged contact with skin.

Storage: Store in area that is cool, dry, well-ventilated.

# XII Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection

Appropriate

Hygienic Practices: As part of good industrial, personal hygiene and safety procedure, avoid all unnecessary exposure to the product and ensure removal from eyes, skin and clothing. Maintain good

housekeeping to control dust accumulations.

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye Protection: Eye and face protection requirements will vary dependent

upon work environment conditions and material handling practices. Appropriate ANSI Z87 approved equipment should be selected for the particular use intended for this

material.

Skin Protection: Skin contact should be minimized through use of gloves

and suitable long-sleeved clothing (i.e. shirts and pants.) Consideration must be give both to durability as well as

permeation resistance.

**XIII Ecological Information** 

Acute Ecotoxicity: Crustaceans, Daphnia magna, EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours, 265 mg/l

Fishes, Lepomis macrochirus, LC<sub>50</sub> 96 hours, 300 mg/l Algae, Nitszcheria linearis, EC<sub>50</sub>, 5 day(s), 242 mg/l

Chronic Ecotoxicity: Phytoplankton, EC biomass, 7 day(s), 14 mg/l

Mobility: Considerable solubility and mobility

Degradation

Abiotic: Water, hydrolysis. Degradation products: carbonate (pH.

10/bicarbonate (pH 6-10)/carbonic acid/carbon dioxide

(ph<6)

Soil-result: N/A

Biotic: N/A

Potential for

Bioaccumulation: Log Po/w: Result- N/A

Other Adverse

Effects/ Comments: Observed effects are related to alkaline properties of

product. Product is not significantly hazardous for the

environment.

# XIV Disposal Consideration

Waste Treatment: Sodium Carbonate is not a listed hazardous waste under 40

CFR 261. However, state and local regulations for waste disposal may be more restrictive. Spilled product should be

disposed of in an EPA-approved disposal facility in accordance with applicable national, state and local

environmental laws and regulations.

Packing Treatment: Use dedicated containers where possible

Rinse the empty containers and treat the effluent in the

same way as waste

Consult current federal, state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of emptied containers.

RCRA Hazardous Waste: Not listed

# **XV** Transport Information

Mode	DOT	IMDG	IATA	
UN Number	Not a regulated	Not a regulated	Not a regulated	
	hazardous material	hazardous material	hazardous material	
Other	It is not recommended that ERG guide #111 be used for all non-			
	DOT-regulated material			
STCC#	28-123-22			

# XVI Regulatory Information

National Regulations (US)

TSCA Inventory 8(b): Yes

SARA Title III Sec. 302/303

**Extremely Hazardous** 

Substances (40 CFR 355): No

SARA Title III Sec 311/312

(40 CFR 370): Hazard Category: Acute health hazard; Chronic health

hazard. Threshhold planning quantity: 10,000 lbs

SARA Title III Sec 313

Toxic Chemical Emissions Reporting

(40 CFR 372): No

**CERCLA Hazardous** 

Substance (40 CFR Part 302) Listed: No

Unlisted Substance: No Characteristic: N/A

State Component Listing: None identified

National Regulations (Canada) Canadian DSL Registration: DSL WHMIS Classifications: D2B—Material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled

Products Regulations, and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products

Regulations.

EEC Labeling: Name of dangerous product- sodium carbonate

Symbols Xi Irritant

Phrases R 36 Irritating to eyes

Phrases S (2) Keep out of reach of children

Do not breath dust.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice

Labeling "Dangerous for the environment." Not dangerous.

Provisions classification of WG from EU-DGXI-1/3-04-98

# **XVII Other Information**

# Ratings:

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

Health = 2 Flammability = 0 Instability = 0 Special = None

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information system)

Health = 2 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0 PPE = Supplied by User; dependent on local conditions

# **XVIII Additional Information**

The information in this MSDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage, or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

\*n/a= Not Applicable

MSDS Number: **S4040** \* \* \* \* \* \* Effective Date: 11/21/08 \* \* \* \* \* Supercedes: 01/25/06

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet National CANUTION Outside Chemitre

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865



24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 908-859-2151 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

Outside U.S. and Canada Chemtrec: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMTREC, CANUTEC and National Response Cemer emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

# SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTIONS AND CONCENTRATES

# 1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Sodium hydroxide, 0.2 to 2.0 normal volumetric solutions; DILUT-IT® analytical concentrates;

Sodium Hydroxide Concentrate Solution StandARd®

**CAS No.:** 1310-73-2 **Molecular Weight:** 40.00

Chemical Formula: NaOH in water

**Product Codes:** 

J.T. Baker: 0328, 0329, 0387, 0388, 0389, 0390, 3726, 4687, 4691, 4715, 5633, 5634, 5635, 5636, 5638, 5665,

5667

Mallinckrodt: 4693, H361, H380

# 2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Sodium Hydroxide Water	1310-73-2 7732-18-5	0.8 - 8% 92 - 99%	Yes No

# 3. Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview** 

DANGER! CORROSIVE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES BURNS TO ANY AREA OF CONTACT. REACTS WITH WATER, ACIDS AND OTHER MATERIALS.

**SAF-T-DATA** (tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

------

Health Rating: 3 - Severe Flammability Rating: 0 - None

Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate

Contact Rating: 4 - Extreme (Corrosive)

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES

Storage Color Code: White Stripe (Store Separately)

------

### **Potential Health Effects**

-----

The health effects from exposure to diluted forms of this chemical are not well documented. They are expected to be less severe than those for concentrated forms which are referenced in the descriptions below.

#### **Inhalation:**

Severe irritant. Effects from inhalation of mist vary from mild irritation to serious damage of the upper respiratory tract, depending on severity of exposure. Symptoms may include sneezing, sore throat or runny nose. Severe pneumonitis may occur.

### **Ingestion:**

Corrosive! Swallowing may cause severe burns of mouth, throat, and stomach. Severe scarring of tissue and death may result. Symptoms may include bleeding, vomiting, diarrhea, fall in blood pressure. Damage may appear days after exposure.

# **Skin Contact:**

Corrosive! Contact with skin can cause irritation or severe burns and scarring with greater exposures.

### **Eve Contact:**

Corrosive! Causes irritation of eyes, and with greater exposures it can cause burns that may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness.

# **Chronic Exposure:**

Prolonged contact with dilute solutions or dust has a destructive effect upon tissue.

# **Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:**

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance.

# 4. First Aid Measures

### **Inhalation:**

Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.

# **Ingestion:**

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Skin Contact

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician, immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

### **Note to Physician:**

Perform endoscopy in all cases of suspected sodium hydroxide ingestion. In cases of severe esophageal corrosion, the use of therapeutic doses of steroids should be considered. General supportive measures with continual monitoring of gas exchange, acid-base balance, electrolytes, and fluid intake are also required.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Fire:

Not considered to be a fire hazard.

### **Explosion:**

Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

# Fire Extinguishing Media:

Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire. Adding water to caustic solution generates large amounts of heat.

# **Special Information:**

Use protective clothing and breathing equipment appropriate for the surrounding fire.

# 6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away from area of spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Do not flush caustic residues to the sewer. Residues from spills can be diluted with water, neutralized with dilute acid such as acetic, hydrochloric or sulfuric. Absorb neutralized caustic residue on clay, vermiculite or other inert substance and package in a suitable container for disposal.

US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

J. T. Baker NEUTRACIT®-2 or BuCAIM® caustic neutralizers are recommended for spills of this product.

# 7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container. Protect from physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat, moisture and incompatibilities. Protect from freezing. Always add the caustic to water while stirring; never the reverse. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Do not store with aluminum or magnesium. Do not mix with acids or organic materials.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

# **Airborne Exposure Limits:**

Sodium hydroxide:

- -OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):
- 2 mg/m3 Ceiling
- -ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):
- 2 mg/m3 Ceiling

# **Ventilation System:**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

# Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a half facepiece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest.. A full-face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filters) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency, or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

# **Skin Protection:**

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

# **Eye Protection:**

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical data is displayed for a 5% solution of sodium hydroxide.

## Appearance:

Clear, colorless solution.

Odor:

Odorless.

Solubility:

Miscible in water.

**Density:** 

5% solution: 1.05

pH:

14.0

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

No information found.

**Boiling Point:** 

102C (216F) (5% solution)

**Melting Point:** 

-4C (25F) (5% solution)

**Vapor Density (Air=1):** 

No information found.

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

No information found.

**Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):** 

No information found.

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

# Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

No hazardous decomposition products.

# **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

### **Incompatibilities:**

Sodium hydroxide in contact with acids and organic halogen compounds, especially trichloroethylene, may causes violent reactions. Contact with nitromethane and other similar nitro compounds causes formation of shock-sensitive salts. Contact with metals such as aluminum, magnesium, tin, and zinc cause formation of flammable hydrogen gas. Sodium hydroxide, even in fairly dilute solution, reacts readily with various sugars to produce carbon monoxide. Precautions should be taken including monitoring the tank atmosphere for carbon monoxide to ensure safety of personnel before vessel entry.

# **Conditions to Avoid:**

Heat, moisture, incompatibles.

# 11. Toxicological Information

Sodium hydroxide: irritation data: skin, rabbit: 500 mg/24H severe; eye rabbit: 50 ug/24H severe. Investigated as

26/03/2010 3:53 PM

### a mutagen.

\Cancer Lists\			
T 17		Carcinogen	TADO GALANA
Ingredient	KHOWH	Anticipated	IARC Category
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2)	No	No	None
Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	None

# 12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate: No information found. Environmental Toxicity: No information found.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Although not a listed RCRA hazardous waste, this material may exhibit one or more characteristics of a hazardous waste and require appropriate analysis to determine specific disposal requirements. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

# 14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

-----

**Proper Shipping Name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION** 

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN1824 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 460LB

International (Water, I.M.O.)

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**Proper Shipping Name: SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION** 

Hazard Class: 8 UN/NA: UN1824 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 460LB

# 15. Regulatory Information

\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 1\ Ingredient	TSCA			Australia
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Water (7732-18-5)		Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2\			 anada	
Ingredient	Korea			Phil.

Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Water (7732-18-5)			Yes Yes		
\Federal, State & International Ingredient	-SARA RQ	302- TPQ	List	SARA 3 Chemio	313 cal Catg.
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Water (7732-18-5)	No	No	No No	1	 No No
\Federal, State & International Ingredient	CERCLA	A	Part 2\RCRA-261.33	-TSCA 8 (d)	A- )
Sodium Hydroxide (1310-73-2) Water (7732-18-5)	1000		No No	No	
Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No Reactivity: No (Pure / Liquid)					

Australian Hazchem Code: 2R

**Poison Schedule: S5** 

WHMIS:

S.

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

# Label Hazard Warning:

DANGER! CORROSIVE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES BURNS TO ANY AREA OF CONTACT. REACTS WITH WATER, ACIDS AND OTHER MATERIALS.

# **Label Precautions:**

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Do not breathe mist.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### **Label First Aid:**

If swallowed, give several glasses of water or milk to drink. Vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In all cases get medical attention immediately.

# **Product Use:**

Laboratory Reagent.

# **Revision Information:**

No Changes.

#### Disclaimer:

DISCIAINEL.

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**Prepared by:** Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

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MSDS No. 10374 Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\* Revision Date: 07/21/2009

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\*

**Chemical Family:** Polysaccharide gum Biopolymer.

**Product Use:** Drilling fluid additive.

Supplied by: M-I L.L.C.

P.O. Box 42842 Houston, TX 77242 www.miswaco.com

**Telephone Number:** 281-561-1511 **Emergency Telephone (24 hr.):** 281-561-1600

Prepared by: Product Safety Group

Revision No. 4

**HMIS Rating** 

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 PPE: E

4=Severe, 3=Serious, 2=Moderate, 1=Slight, 0=Minimal Hazard. \*Chronic effects - See Section 11. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Caution! May cause mechanical irritation of eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Long

term inhalation of particulates may cause lung damage.

**Canadian Classification:** 

**UN PIN No:** Not regulated. **WHMIS Class:** Not a controlled product.

Physical State: Powder, dust. Color: White to tan Odor: Slight

**Potential Health Effects:** 

**Acute Effects** 

**Eye Contact:** May cause mechanical irritation **Skin Contact:** May cause mechanical irritation. **Inhalation:** May cause mechanical irritation.

**Ingestion:** May cause gastric distress, nausea and vomiting if ingested.

**Carcinogenicity & Chronic** See Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Effects:

Routes of Exposure: Eyes. Dermal (skin) contact. Inhalation. Target Organs/Medical Eyes. Skin. Respiratory System.

Conditions Aggravated by

Overexposure:

Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\* Revision Date: 07/21/2009

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# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	Comments:
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	100	No comments.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting eye lids. Look for and remove

contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if

any discomfort continues.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

launder before reuse. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Dilute with 2 - 3 glasses of water or milk, if conscious. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. If signs of irritation or toxicity occur seek medical

attention.

**General notes:** Persons seeking medical attention should carry a copy of this MSDS with them.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# Flammable Properties

Flash Point: F (C): NA
Flammable Limits in Air - Lower (%): ND
Flammable Limits in Air - Upper (%): ND
Autoignition Temperature: F (C): >392 (F)
Flammability Class: NA

Other Flammable Properties: Particulate may accumulate static electricity. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can

form explosive mixtures with air.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

**Protection Of Fire-Fighters:** 

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:** Do not enter fire area without proper personal protective equipment, including NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water spray may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Keep water run off out of sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of: Carbon.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use personal protective equipment identified in Section 8.

Spill Procedures: Evacuate the spill area with the exception of the spill response team. Wet product

may create a slipping hazard. Contain spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewers, storm drains or surface waters. Avoid the generation of dust.

Sweep, vacuum, or shovel and place into closable container for disposal.

**Environmental Precautions:** Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local laws.

Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\* Revision Date: 07/21/2009

MSDS No. 10374 Revision Date: 07/21/2009 Page 3/6

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid generating or breathing dust. Product is slippery if wet. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep container closed. Store away from

incompatibles. Follow safe warehousing practices regarding palletizing, banding,

shrink-wrapping and/or stacking.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Exposure Limits (TLV & PEL - 8H TWA):

Ingredient	CAS No.	Wt. %	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other	Notes
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	100	NA	NA	NA	(1)

#### Notes

(1) Control as an ACGIH particulate not otherwise specified (PNOS): 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable); 3 mg/m³ (Respirable) and an OSHA particulate not otherwise regulated (PNOR): 15 mg/m³ (Total); 5 mg/m³ (Respirable).

**Engineering Controls:** Use appropriate engineering controls such as, exhaust ventilation and process enclosure, to ensure air contamination and keep workers exposure below the applicable limits.

### **Personal Protection Equipment**

All chemical Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should be selected based on an assessment of both the chemical hazards present and the risk of exposure to those hazards. The PPE recommendations below are based on our assessment of the chemical hazards associated with this product. The risk of exposure and need for respiratory protection will vary from workplace to workplace and should be assessed by the user.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Dust resistant safety goggles.

**Skin Protection:** Not normally necessary. If needed to minimize irritation: Wear appropriate clothing

to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear chemical resistant gloves such

as: Nitrile. Neoprene.

**Respiratory Protection:** All respiratory protection equipment should be used within a comprehensive

respiratory protection program that meets the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134

(U.S. OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard) or local equivalent.

If exposed to airborne particles of this product use at least a NIOSH-approved N95 half-mask disposable or re-useable particulate respirator. In work environments containing oil mist/aerosol use at least a NIOSH-approved P95 half-mask disposable

or re-useable particulate respirator.

General Hygiene Considerations: Work clothes should be washed separately at the end of each work day. Disposable

clothing should be discarded, if contaminated with product.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color: White to tan
Odor: Slight
Physical State: Powder, dust.

Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\* **Revision Date: 07/21/2009** 

**MSDS No. 10374** 

5.4 - 8.6 (1% solution) pH:

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1): ND Solubility (Water): Soluble **Melting/Freezing Point:** ND **Boiling Point:** ND Vapor Pressure: NA Vapor Density (Air=1): NA **Evaporation Rate:** ND ND Odor Threshold(s):

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** Stable **Conditions to Avoid:** ND Materials to Avoid: Oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

For thermal decomposition products, see Section 5.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Will not occur

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicological Data: Any adverse component toxicological effects are listed below. If no effects are listed, no such data were found.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Acute Data
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	Oral LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rat)

# **Product Toxicological Information:**

Long term inhalation of particulate can cause irritation, inflammation and/or permanent injury to the lungs. Illnesses such as pneumoconiosis ("dusty lung"), pulmonary fibrosis, chronic bronchitis, emphysema and bronchial asthma may develop.

#### **12**. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component ecotoxicity data are listed below. If no data are listed, none was found in **Component Ecotoxicity Data:** 

the component review.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Data
Xanthan gum	11138-66-2	LC50 96H: 490 mg/l (rainbow trout); LC50 48H: 980 mg/l
		(Daphnia magna)

Contact M-I Environmental Affairs Department for available product ecotoxicity data. **Product Ecotoxicity Data:** 

**Biodegration:** ND Bioaccumulation: ND **Octanol/Water Partition** ND

Coefficient:

#### 13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\*
Revision Date: 07/21/2009

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Waste Classification: ND

Waste Management: Under U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Resource Conservation and

Recovery Act (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for the hazardous waste. This is because product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the resulting materials hazardous. Empty containers retain residues. All labeled

precautions must be observed.

**Disposal Method:** Recover and reclaim or recycle, if practical. Should this product become a waste,

dispose of in a permitted industrial landfill. Ensure that the containers are empty by

the RCRA criteria prior to disposal in a permitted industrial landfill.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT

**Shipping Description:** Not regulated for transportation by DOT, TDG, IMDG,

Canada TDG Shipping Description:
UN PIN No:

ICAO/IATA.

Not regulated.

Not regulated.

IMDG Shipping Description: Not regulated. ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: Not regulated.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# U.S. Federal and State Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Catagories: Not a SARA 311/312 hazard.

SARA 302/304, 313; CERCLA RQ, Note: If no components are listed below, this product is not subject to the referenced

California Proposition 65: SARA and CERCLA regulations and is not known to contain a Proposition 65 listed

chemical at a level that is expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use

conditions.

**State Comments:** Proposition 65: This product is not known to contain chemicals considered by the State of California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 as causing cancer and/or reproductive toxicity at levels that are expected to pose a significant risk under anticipated use conditions.

# **International Chemical Inventories**

Australia AICS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Canada DSL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

China Inventory - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

European Union EINECS/ELINCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Japan METI ENCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Korea TCCL ECL - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

New Zealand - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

Philippine PICCS - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

U.S. TSCA - Components are listed or exempt from listing.

U.S. TSCA - No components are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

# **Canadian Classification:**

Trade Name: SUPER-VIS\*
Revision Date: 07/21/2009

Controlled Products Regulations Statement: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class: Not a controlled product.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised: 1, 4, 6, 15, 16

NA - Not Applicable, ND - Not Determined.

**MSDS No. 10374** 

\*A mark of M-I L.L.C.

#### Disclaimer:

MSDS furnished independent of product sale. While every effort has been made to accurately describe this product, some of the data are obtained from sources beyond our direct supervision. We can not make any assertions as to its reliability or completeness; therefore, user may rely on it only at user's risk. We have made no effort to censor or conceal deleterious aspects of this product. Since we cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which this information and product may be used, we make no guartantee that the precautions we have suggested will be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the obligation of each user of this product to comply with the requirements of all applicable laws regarding use and disposal of this product. Additional information will be furnished upon request to assist the user; however, no warranty, either expressed or implied, nor liability of any nature with respect to this product or to the data herein is made or incurred hereunder.

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# Shell Canada Limited **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Effective Date: 2006-06-05 Supersedes: 2003-06-05

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

TELLUS\* T 32

SYNONYMS:

LOW TEMPERATURE HYDRAULIC OIL

PRODUCT USE:

Hydraulic Fluid

PRODUCT CODE:

407-159

**SUPPLIER** 

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

Shell Canada Limited (SCL)

Shell Emergency Number

1-800-661-7378 1-613-996-6666

P.O. Box 100, Station M 400-4th Ave. S.W.

**CANUTEC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER** 

1-800-661-1600

Calgary, AB Canada

For general information:

T2P 2H5

www.shell.ca

This MSDS was prepared by the Toxicology and Product Stewardship Section of Shell Canada Limited. \*An asterisk in the product name designates a trade-mark(s) of Shell Canada Limited, used under license by Shell Canada Products.

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Physical Description:** 

Liquid Lightly Coloured Hydrocarbon Odour

Routes of Exposure:

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or from inhalation of mechanically

or thermally generated oil mists.

Hazards:

This product is not expected to be irritating and has a low level of toxicity under

normal use.

Inhalation of oil mist or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of the upper

respiratory tract.

For further information on health effects, see Section 11.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eyes:** 

Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation

occurs and persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin:

Wipe excess from skin. Wash contaminated skin with mild soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs and persists, obtain medical attention. If material is injected under the skin, get medical attention promptly to prevent serious damage; do

not wait for symptoms to develop.

Ingestion:

Not normally required; obtain medical attention if large amounts have been ingested. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent

TELLUS\* T 32 407-159

Revision Number: 7

aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

**Inhalation:** Remove victim from further exposure. Additional first aid treatment is not ordinarily

required.

Notes to Physician: In general, lubricating oils have low oral toxicity. High pressure injection under the skin

may have serious consequences and may require urgent treatment.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical

Carbon Dioxide

Foam Water Fog

Firefighting Instructions: Material will not burn unless preheated. Product will float and can be reignited on

surface of water. Do not use a direct stream of water as it may spread fire. Use water to cool fire exposed containers. Water may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and dense smoke are produced on

Products:

combustion.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Eliminate all ignition sources. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Spilled material is slippery. Dike and contain land spills; contain spills to water by booming. For large spills remove by mechanical means and place in containers. Adsorb residue or small spills with adsorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Flush area with water to remove trace residue. Dispose of recovered material as noted under Disposal Considerations. Notify appropriate environmental agency(ies).

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid excessive heat, formation of oil mist, breathing of vapours and mist of hot oil and

prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash with soap and water prior to eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse.

Use good personal hygiene.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following information, while appropriate for this product, is general in nature. The selection of personal protective equipment will vary depending on the conditions of use.

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (Current ACGIH TLV/TWA unless otherwise noted):

Oil mist (mineral): 5 mg/m3 (STEL: 10 mg/m3)

Mechanical Not normally required. Local ventilation is recommended if oil mist is present or if exposure

Ventilation: limit is exceeded. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either

generally or locally).

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

**Eye Protection:** No special eye protection is routinely necessary. Wear safety glasses as appropriate. **Skin Protection:** Not normally needed. Chemically-resistant gloves should be worn for frequent or

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prolonged contact with this product.

Respiratory Protection:

Not normally required under intended conditions of use. If airborne concentration is high (e.g. when product is heated), use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with

organic vapour cartridges in combination with a P95 particulate filter.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Liquid	Odour:	Hydrocarbon Odour
Lightly Coloured	Odour Threshold:	Not available
Pour Point < -39 °C	<b>Boiling Point</b>	
	Vapour Density (air = 1):	Not available
approximately 869 kg/m3 @ 15 °C	Flash Point	COC > 160 °C
	Lower Flammable Limit:	Not available
Not applicable	Upper Flammable Limit:	Not available
28.8 - 35.2 cSt @ 40 °C	Auto-ignition Temperature:	Not available
Not available	Partition Coefficient ( log Kow):	Not available
Insoluble	Molecular Weight:	
Hydrocarbon Solvents	Formula:	
	Lightly Coloured Pour Point < -39 °C  approximately 869 kg/m3 @ 15 °C  Not applicable 28.8 - 35.2 cSt @ 40 °C  Not available  Insoluble	Lightly Coloured Pour Point < -39 °C Boiling Point Vapour Density (air = 1):  approximately 869 kg/m3 @ Flash Point 15 °C Lower Flammable Limit:  Not applicable 28.8 - 35.2 cSt @ 40 °C Not available Partition Coefficient ( log Kow): Insoluble Molecular Weight:

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemically Stable: Sensitive to Mechanical Yes No Hazardous Polymerization: Sensitive to Static Discharge: No No

Impact:

**Incompatible Materials:** 

Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions of Reactivity:** 

Avoid excessive heat, formation of vapours or mists.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Routes of Exposure:** 

Exposure will most likely occur through skin contact or from inhalation of mechanically or thermally generated oil mists.

Irritancy:

This product is not a primary skin irritant after exposure of short duration, is not a skin

sensitizer and is not irritating to the eyes.

**Acute Toxicity:** 

This product is not expected to be irritating and has a low level of toxicity under

normal use

**Chronic Effects:** 

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause various forms of dermatitis including folliculitis and oil acne. Long term intensive exposure to oil mist may cause benign

lung fibrosis.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environmental Effects:** 

Do not allow product or runoff from fire control to enter storm or sanitary sewers, lakes, rivers, streams, or public waterways. Block off drains and ditches. Provincial regulations require and federal regulations may require that environmental and/or other agencies be notified of a spill incident. Spill area must be cleaned and restored to original condition or to the satisfaction of authorities.

**Biodegradability:** 

Not readily biodegradable.

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# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste management priorities (depending on volumes and concentration of waste) are: 1. recycle (reprocess), 2. energy recovery 3. incineration, 4. disposal at a licenced waste disposal facility. Do not attempt to combust waste on-site.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification:

This product is not regulated under the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by road and rail.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

**DSL/NDSL Status:**One or more of the components of this product are listed on the NDSL. All other

components are on the DSL. This product and/or all components are listed on the

U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory.

Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standard; however, for general discharge guidance,

federal installations limited to 15 mg/L for total oil and grease. Provincial criteria

are likely and should be requested when notifying provincial authorities.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Revisions:** This MSDS has been reviewed and updated. Changes have been made to: Section 5

Section 8 Section 15

# SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Dec. 23, 2008

**8750-53 Ave.** PHONE: 780-468-4064

**Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2** FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: W-OB POLYMER

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Polysaccharide suspension CAS #: Mixture

# WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: D2B

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Skin and eye irritant

# TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

### SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT% (v/v)CAS NUMBERLD50 Oral-RatLC50 Inhal-RatACGIH-TLVEthoxylated nonylphenol1-59016-45-95100 mg/kgNot determinedNot available

# SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [XX] SKIN [XX] INHALATION [XX] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: Irritant. Can cause redness, tearing and inflammation. SKIN CONTACT: Irritant. Can cause redness, irritation and inflammation.

INGESTION: Low oral toxicity. May cause nausea, abdominal cramps and diarrhea. INHALATION: High concentrations of vapour and mist can cause irritation of the nose

and throat

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available.

REPRODUCTIVE

TOXICITY: No information available.

W-OB Polymer Page 2 of 4

MUTAGENICITY:

No information available.

SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:

No information available.

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash exposed area with

water and soap for 5 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water for 15 minutes, or

until irritation ceases. When flushing period is completed, obtain

medical attention.

**INGESTION:** Rinse mouth and give 1 - 2 glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce

vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting

occurs keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Even small

amounts of liquid drawn into the lungs from swallowing, or vomiting may cause severe health effects. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious, rapidly losing

consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move patient to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if

required. If breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical

attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR:

Opaque dark yellow to beige liquid; little odour

pH: Not determined

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 

1.078

BOILING POINT (°C): MELTING POINT (°C): Not determined Not determined

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** 

Dispersible

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:

Not determined

**EVAPORATION RATE:** 

Not determined Not determined

VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1):

Not determined

Not applicable

**BULK DENSITY:** 

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT:

Not flammable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

Not determined

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** 

CO<sub>2</sub>, water, mist, foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING

Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES:

fighting personnel.

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UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

None known.

# **SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA**

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE [ ]

INCOMPATIBILITY Strong oxidizers and acids.

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: Not applicable.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon on combustion.

PRODUCTS:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

# SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

# SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: An approved respirator with organic vapour cartridge

if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use local exhaust ventilation, process enclosure or

other engineering control to prevent exposure.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Rubber or viton gloves recommended.

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles and/or face shield required. Do

not wear contact lenses.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

(Specify):

It is recommended that chemical resistant protective clothing be worn at all times when handling this product. Make eye bath and emergency shower

available.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid ingestion. Practice reasonable caution and personal cleanliness. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapours or mists. Wear suitable protection for eyes and skin when handling. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Store in cool, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store unused material in original container. Handle and store empty containers as if full.

# STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment including respiratory protection. Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if possible to do so without risk. Soak up small spills with absorbent material. Contain large spills using absorbent materials. Collect spilled material and absorbents in approved containers for disposal. Prevent entry into bodies of water or sewer systems.

# WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets criteria for hazardous waste. Empty containers, which have not been cleaned and purged, contain residual hazardous material and must be disposed of, or recycled, according to local regulations.

# SECTION IX: PREPARATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED:

December 23, 2008

BY:

Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: January

January 18, 2006

PHONE:

780-440-4923

Diversity Technologies Corp. is the parent company of Canamara-United Supply, Hollimex Products, The Drilling Depot and Westcoast Drilling Supplies.

World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

(Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

MSDS No: M00486

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: COD TNTPlus<sup>TM</sup>, LR (3-150 MG/L)

Catalog Number: TNT821

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M00486 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable Chemical Family: Not applicable

**PIN:** 1830

Intended Use: Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand

Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 22 Month: February Year: 2010

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Mercuric Sulfate**

Percent Range: 0.1 - 1.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7783-35-9 Contains Mercury. Dispose Per Local, State or Federal Laws.

**LD50:** Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 57$  mg/kg; Oral mouse  $LD_{50} = 25$  mg/kg.

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* 0.05 mg/m³ (Hg) *PEL:* 0.1 mg/m³ (Hg)

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Acute Poison

## **Demineralized Water**

**Percent Range:** 15.0 - 25.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7732-18-5 LD50: None reported LC50: None reported TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

# **Chromic Acid**

**Percent Range:** 0.01 - 0.1

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

*CAS No.*: 13530-68-2 *LD50*: None reported

*LC50*: Inhalation human TCLo =  $110 \mu g/m^3$ 

**TLV:**  $0.05 \text{ mg/m}^3 (0.0235 \text{ ppm}) \text{ as } \text{Cr}^{+6}$ 

*PEL*:  $5 \mu g/m^3 (0.00235 \text{ ppm Cr}^{+6})$ , 8 Hr TWA; Action Level is  $2.5 \mu g/m^3 (0.00117 \text{ ppm})$ , 8 Hr TWA

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### Silver Sulfate

**Percent Range:** 0.5 - 3.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

*CAS No.*: 10294-26-5 *LD50*: None reported *LC50*: None reported *TLV*: 0.01 mg/m³ (Ag) *PEL*: 0.01 mg/m³ (Ag)

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### **Sulfuric Acid**

**Percent Range:** 80.0 - 90.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7664-93-9

*LD50:* Oral rat LD50 = 2140 mg/kg. *LC50:* Inhalation rat LC50 = 87 ppm/4 hr *TLV:* 1 mg/m³ (TWA); 3 mg/m³ (STEL)

**PEL:** 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Acute Poison Corrosive

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: Turbid, light orange liquid

Physical State: Liquid Odor: Not determined

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED CAUSES SEVERE BURNS HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED

THROUGH SKIN

CANCER HAZARD CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER CAN CAUSE KIDNEY AND

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM EFFECTS

#### HMIS:

Health: 3\* Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 2

*Protective Equipment:* X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes severe burns Skin Contact: Causes severe burns

Skin Absorption: Will be absorbed through the skin. Effects similar to those of ingestion

Target Organs: Central nervous system Kidneys

*Ingestion:* Causes: severe burns May cause: abdominal pain circulatory disturbances diarrhea loosening of the teeth nausea vomiting rapid pulse and respirations toxic nephritis (inflammation of the kidneys) shock collapse kidney damage death

Target Organs: Central nervous system Kidneys

*Inhalation:* Toxic. Causes: severe burns May cause: difficult breathing mouth soreness teeth erosion Effects similar to those of ingestion. Inhalation of mists / sprays: Causes asthma Causes damage to the nasal epithelia Causes lung cancer

Target Organs: Central nervous system Kidneys Lungs Teeth Nasal cavity

*Medical Conditions Aggravated:* Pre-existing: Eye conditions Skin conditions Respiratory conditions Allergies or sensitivity to chromates or chromic acid. Allergies or sensitivity to mercury.

Chronic Effects: Chronic overexposure may cause destruction of any tissue contacted erosion of the teeth mouth soreness chronic irritation or inflammation of the lungs accumulation of silver in body tissues which causes a slate-gray

to bluish discoloration. Chromate and dichromate salts may cause ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum, severe liver damage, central nervous system effects, and lung cancer. Mercury is a general protoplasmic poison; it circulates in the blood and is stored in the liver, kidneys, spleen and bones. Main symptoms are sore mouth, tremors and psychic disturbances.

#### Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

An ingredient of this mixture is: IARC Group 1: Recognized Carcinogen

Hexavalent Chromium Compounds Sulfuric Acid - The IARC evaluation was based on exposure to the mist or vapor of concentrated sulfuric acid generated during chemical processes.

An ingredient of this mixture is: NTP Listed Group 1: Recognized Carcinogen

Hexavalent Chromium Compounds

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: Contains: an experimental teratogen.

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class D, Division 1, Subdivision A - Very toxic materials (immediate effects) Class D,

Division 2, Subdivision A - Very toxic materials (other toxic effects) Class E - Corrosive material

WHMIS Symbols: Acute Poison Corrosive

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Call physician immediately

*Ingestion (First Aid):* Do not induce vomiting. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call physician immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Call physician.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

*Flammable Properties:* Not Flammable, but reacts with most metals to form flammable hydrogen gas. During a fire, corrosive and toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Hazardous Combustion Products: This material will not burn.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Contact with metals gives off hydrogen gas which is flammable May react violently with:

strong bases water

Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Use media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective gear. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

**Containment Technique:** Releases of this material may contaminate the environment. Absorb spilled liquid with non-reactive sorbent material. Stop spilled material from being released to the environment. Dike the spill to contain material for later disposal.

Clean-up Technique: Mercury and its compounds are extremely toxic! Be extremely careful not to contact the spill or breathe any vapors. Absorb spilled liquid with non-reactive sorbent material. Dispose of all mercury contaminated material at an E.P.A. hazardous waste facility. Dispose of material in an E.P.A. approved hazardous waste facility. Decontaminate area with commercially available mercury absorbing compounds.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate general area (50 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: any quantity is spilled. Deny access to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remain up-wind from spilled material. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: 137

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#### 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes skin clothing Do not breathe mist or vapors. Use with adequate ventilation.

Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Protect from: light contamination by organic materials (will affect product stability) heat

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

*Engineering Controls:* Have an eyewash station nearby. Have a safety shower nearby. Use a fume hood to avoid exposure to dust, mist or vapor. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product. Refer to the OSHA Standard at 29CFR1910.1026 for Cr (VI) (See Federal Register 28 February 2006 Page 10100.)

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: chemical splash goggles Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves lab coat Inhalation Protection: laboratory fume hood

**Precautionary Measures:** Avoid contact with: eyes skin clothing Do not breathe: mist/vapor Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Protect from: light organic materials heat Keep away from: alkalies metals

other combustible materials oxidizers reducers *TLV*; Not established. 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (0.0235 ppm as Cr<sup>+6</sup>).

*PEL*: Not established.  $5 \mu g/m^3$  (0,00235 ppm Cr<sup>+6</sup>), 8 Hr TWA; Action Level is 2,5  $\mu g/m^3$  (0,00117 ppm), 8 Hr TWA

#### 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Turbid, light orange liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

Odor: Not determined

pH: < 0.5

Vapor Pressure: Not determined Vapor Density (air = 1): Not determined Boiling Point:  $\sim 105^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\sim 221^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) Melting Point: Not applicable Specific Gravity (water = 1):  $\sim 1.78$ 

Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not determined Volatile Organic Compounds Content: Not applicable

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

Water: Miscible
Acid: Not determined
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: Corrosive
Aluminum: Corrosive

### 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to light or contamination by organic materials will affect this product's stability.

Reactivity / Incompatibility: May react violently in contact with: caustics

Hazardous Decomposition: Heating to decomposition releases toxic and/or corrosive fumes of: mercury compounds

sulfur oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

**LD50:** Oral rat (male)  $LD_{50} = 428 \text{ mg/kg}$ ; Oral rat (female)  $LD_{50} = 360 \text{ mg/kg}$ .

LC50: None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported

Skin and Eye Irritation Data: None reported

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

\_-

Ingredient Toxicological Data: Sulfuric Acid: Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 2140 \text{ mg/kg}$ ; Mercuric Sulfate: Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 57 \text{ mg/kg}$ ,

Oral mouse  $LD_{50} = 25 \text{ mg/kg}$ .

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

*Special Instructions (Disposal):* Dispose of all mercury contaminated material at an E.P.A. hazardous waste facility. Dispose of material in an E.P.A. approved hazardous waste facility.

*Empty Containers:* Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. Rinsate from empty containers may contain sufficient product to require disposal as hazardous waste.

**NOTICE** (**Disposal**): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*T.D.G.*:

Proper Shipping Name: Sulphuric Acid Solution

--

Hazard Class: 8 PIN: 1830 Group: II

Subsidiary Risk: NA

Additional Information: There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: 29 CFR 1900 - 1910 (Code of Federal Regulations - Labor). Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. Cassaret and Doull's Toxicology, 3rd Ed. New York: Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., 1986. CCINFO RTECS. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety. Hamilton, Ontario Canada: 30 June 1993. Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Association, 1991. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. World Health Organization (Volumes 1-42) Supplement 7. France: 1987. List of Dangerous Substances Classified in Annex I of the EEC Directive (67/548) - Classification, Packaging and Labeling of Dangerous Substances, Amended July 1992. Outside Testing. Sixth Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Rockville, MD: Technical Resources, Inc. 1991. Technical Judgment. TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. Verschueren, Karel. Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 1977.

# Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

**USER RESPONSIBILITY:** Each user should read and understand this information and incorporate it in individual site safety programs in accordance with applicable hazard communication standards and regulations.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED TO BE ACCURATE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THESE DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF.

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

(Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

MSDS No: M00035

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: PhosVer ® 3 Phosphate Reagent

Catalog Number: 2106046

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M00035 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable

Chemical Family: Not applicable

PIN: NA

Intended Use: Phosphate determination

Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 15
Month: October
Year: 2009

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## **Potassium Pyrosulfate**

**Percent Range:** 75.0 - 85.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7790-62-7

*LD50*: Oral rat LD50 = 2340 mg/kg

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Other Toxic Effects

## **Ascorbic Acid**

**Percent Range:** 15.0 - 25.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 50-81-7

*LD50*: Oral rat LD50 = 11900 mg/kg

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### Sodium Molybdate

**Percent Range:** 1.0 - 10.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 10102-40-6

**LD50:** Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 4000 \text{ mg/kg}$ .

*LC50*: Inhalation rat LC50 =  $> 2080 \text{ mg/m}^3/4 \text{ hrs}$ 

*TLV*: 5 mg/m³ (as Mo) *PEL*: 5 mg/m³ (as Mo)

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### Other components, each

**Percent Range:** 0.1 - 1.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: Not applicable LD50: Not applicable LC50: Not applicable TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: White to off-white powder

Physical State: Solid

Odor: None

CAUSES EYE BURNS MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION

#### HMIS:

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Protective Equipment: X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes eye burns.Skin Contact: No effects are anticipatedSkin Absorption: None ReportedTarget Organs: None Reported

Ingestion: May cause: copper deficiency anemia gout loss of appetite loss of coordination listlessness diarrhea

liver damage May effect enzyme activity.

Target Organs: Blood Liver

Inhalation: May cause: respiratory tract irritation Effects similar to those of ingestion.

Target Organs: Blood Liver

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Pre-existing: Eye conditions Respiratory conditions Gout

**Chronic Effects:** Chronic overexposure may cause copper deficiency enzyme activity effects liver damage Molybdenum poisoning signs include loss of appetite, listlessness and reduced growth rate. Excessive exposure to molybdenum compounds may cause gout and anemia.

## Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: Contains: an experimental mutagen.

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B - Toxic material (other toxic effects)

WHMIS Symbols: Other Toxic Effects

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water.

Ingestion (First Aid): Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Call physician.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: Can burn in fire, releasing toxic vapors.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not determined

Hazardous Combustion Products: Toxic fumes of: sulfur oxides. carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. sodium monoxide

Fire / Explosion Hazards: None reported Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Use media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

Containment Technique: Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

*Clean-up Technique:* Scoop up spilled material into a large beaker and dissolve with water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Flush reacted material to the drain with a large excess of water. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a soap solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan)

when: any quantity is spilled.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: NONE

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7. HANDLING / STORAGE

*Handling:* Avoid contact with eyes Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Store between 10° and 25°C.

A TUDO GUIDE GOLUMBOL GUIDE OMA GUIDE OMA DE CONTROL DE

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Have an eyewash station nearby. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: safety glasses with top and side shields Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves lab coat Inhalation Protection: adequate ventilation

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes Do not breathe: dust Wash thoroughly after handling.

TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

# 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: White to off-white powder

Physical State: Solid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

Odor: None

pH: of a 5% solution = 1.5Vapor Pressure: Not applicable

*Vapor Density (air* = 1): Not applicable

**Boiling Point:** Not applicable **Melting Point:** 105 °C (221 °F) **Specific Gravity (water = 1):** 2.22

Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not applicable

Volatile Organic Compounds Content: Not applicable

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility: Water: Soluble

Acid: Soluble
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: Not Applicable
Aluminum: Not Applicable

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# 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme temperatures

Reactivity / Incompatibility: Incompatible with: oxidizers dyes alkalies iron copper

Hazardous Decomposition: Heating to decomposition releases: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

*LD50:* None reported *LC50:* None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported

Skin and Eye Irritation Data: Not corrosive to skin, no erythema

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

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Ingredient Toxicological Data: Potassium Pyrosulfate Oral rat LD50 = 2340 mg/kg; Sodium Molybdate Oral rat LD50 =

4000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50 >  $2080 \text{mg/m}^3/4 \text{ hr}$ ; Ascorbic Acid Oral rat LD50 = 11.9 g/kg

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

*Special Instructions (Disposal):* Work in an approved fume hood. Dilute material with excess water making a weaker than 5% solution. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain. Allow cold water to run for 5 minutes to completely flush the system.

*Empty Containers:* Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. *NOTICE (Disposal):* These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

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# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*T.D.G.*:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Currently Regulated

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Hazard Class: NA

PIN: NA Group: NA

Subsidiary Risk: NA

Additional Information: There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

## 17 DECULATION DECOMATION

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. In-house information. Technical Judgment. Outside Testing. NIOSH/OSHA Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards. Cincinnati: Department of Health and Human Services, 1981. Sax, N. Irving. Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 7th Ed. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 1989. Gosselin, R. E. et al. Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products, 5th Ed. Baltimore: The Williams and Wilkins Co., 1984. Vendor Information. Patty, Frank A. Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, 3rd Revised Edition. Volume 2. New York: A Wiley-Interscience Publication, 1981.

#### Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Potassium Persulfate

Catalog Number: 2084766

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050 Emergency Telephone Numbers: (Medical and Transportation) (303) 623-5716 24 Hour Service (515)232-2533 8am - 4pm CST

MSDS No: M00039

MSDS Number: M00039

Chemical Name: Peroxydisulfuric Acid, Dipotassium Salt

CAS No.: 7727-21-1 Chemical Formula: K<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub> Chemical Family: Oxidizing Agents

**PIN:** 1492

Intended Use: Laboratory Reagent Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 15
Month: October
Year: 2009

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Potassium Persulfate

Percent Range: 100.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7727-21-1

*LD50*: Oral Rat LD50 = 802 mg/kg

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Oxidizing Other Toxic Effects

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: White to light yellow crystals

Physical State: Solid

Odor: None

CAUSES EYE AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION

MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN AND RESPIRATORY REACTIONS

STRONG OXIDIZER: CONTACT WITH OTHER MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE

HMIS:

Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

Protective Equipment: X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes severe irritation

Skin Contact: May cause irritiation May cause allergic reaction

Skin Absorption: None Reported Target Organs: None Reported

Ingestion: May cause: gastrointestinal irritation

Target Organs: None reported

Inhalation: Causes: irritation of nose and throat May cause: allergic respiratory reaction

Target Organs: None reported

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Pre-existing: Allergies or sensitivity to potassium persulfate.

Chronic Effects: Chronic overexposure may cause allergic skin reactions allergic respiratory reactions

Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

IARC Listed: No

NTP Listed: No

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: None reported

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B - Toxic material (other toxic effects) Class C -

Oxidizing materials

WHMIS Symbols: Oxidizing Other Toxic Effects

# 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water. Call physician if irritation develops.

Ingestion (First Aid): Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

*Inhalation:* Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Call physician.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: Strong oxidizer. Contact with combustible materials may cause a fire. During a fire, this product

decomposes to form toxic gases. Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not determined

Hazardous Combustion Products: Toxic fumes of: sulfur oxides.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: May react violently with: strong reducers combustible materials

Static Discharge: None reported.

Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Water.

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

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# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

**Containment Technique:** Stop spilled material from being released to the environment. Cover spilled solid material with sand or other inert material.

*Clean-up Technique:* Remove all combustible materials from the spill area. Cover with an inert material, such as sand. Sweep up material. Incinerate material at an E.P.A. approved hazardous waste facility. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a soap solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: a pound or more of loose powder is spilled. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: 140

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#### 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes skin Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general

industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Keep away from: reducers oxidizable materials Protect from: moisture heat

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Have an eyewash station nearby. Use a fume hood to avoid exposure to dust, mist or vapor.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: safety glasses with top and side shields Skin Protection: lab coat disposable latex gloves Inhalation Protection: laboratory fume hood

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes skin Do not breathe: dust Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep

away from: oxidizable materials reducers

TLV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>
PEL: Not established

# 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: White to light yellow crystals

Physical State: Solid Molecular Weight: 270.32

Odor: None

pH: of 5% solution = 4.1Vapor Pressure: Not applicableVapor Density (air = 1): Not applicable

**Boiling Point:** Not applicable

Melting Point: Decomposes at >100°C or 212°F

Specific Gravity (water = 1): 2.477

Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not applicable Volatile Organic Compounds Content: 0.0% Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not determined

Solubility:

Water: Soluble
Acid: Not determined
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: 0.704 in/yr
Aluminum: 0.137 in/yr

# 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Excess moisture Exposure to air. Heating to decomposition.

Reactivity / Incompatibility: May react violently in contact with: oxidizable material reducers

Hazardous Decomposition: Heating to decomposition releases toxic and/or corrosive fumes of: sulfur oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

LD50: Oral Rat LD50 = 802 mg/kg

*LC50:* None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported

Skin and Eye Irritation Data: Testing showed only slight erythema to rabbit skin.

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

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#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: -No ecological data available for this product.
Ingredient Ecological Information: -Not applicable

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Special Instructions (Disposal): Incinerate material at an E.P.A. approved hazardous waste facility.

*Empty Containers:* Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. Rinsate from empty containers may contain sufficient product to require disposal as hazardous waste.

**NOTICE** (**Disposal**): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*T.D.G.*:

Proper Shipping Name: Potassium Persulphate

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Hazard Class: 5.1 PIN: 1492 Group: III

Subsidiary Risk: NA

**Additional Information:** There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: DSL Listed: Yes

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. The Merck Index, 11th Ed. Rahway, New Jersey: Merck and Co., Inc., 1989. Technical Judgment. Sax, N. Irving. Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 7th Ed. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 1989. List of Dangerous Substances Classified in Annex I of the EEC Directive (67/548) - Classification, Packaging and Labeling of Dangerous Substances, Amended July 1992. In-house information. Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Association, 1991. CCINFO RTECS. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety. Hamilton, Ontario Canada: 30 June 1993. CCINFO MSDS/FTSS. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety. Hamilton, Ontario Canada: 30 June 1993. Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. 29 CFR 1900 - 1910 (Code of Federal Regulations - Labor).

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## Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

(Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

MSDS No: M01622

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Sodium Hydroxide Solution, 1.54N

Catalog Number: 2743042

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M01622 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable

Chemical Family: Not applicable

**PIN:** 1824

Intended Use: Standard solution Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 22 Month: February Year: 2010

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# Sodium Hydroxide

**Percent Range:** 5.0 - 15.0

Percent Range Units: weight / volume

CAS No.: 1310-73-2

**LD50:** Oral rat LDLo = 500 mg/kg.

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Ceiling/STEL

PEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Corrosive

# **Demineralized Water**

Percent Range: > 90.0

Percent Range Units: volume / volume

CAS No.: 7732-18-5 LD50: None reported LC50: None reported TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Odor: None

CAUSES SEVERE BURNS

HMIS:

Health: 3
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0

Protective Equipment: X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes severe burns Skin Contact: Causes severe burns Skin Absorption: None Reported Target Organs: None Reported

Ingestion: Causes: severe burns vomiting rapid pulse and respirations shock collapse death

Target Organs: None reported Inhalation: Causes: severe burns Target Organs: None reported

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Pre-existing: Eye conditions Skin conditions Respiratory conditions

Chronic Effects: None reported

Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: None reported

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class E - Corrosive material

WHMIS Symbols: Corrosive

# 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Call physician immediately.

Ingestion (First Aid): Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: Material will not burn.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Hazardous Combustion Products: This material will not burn.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: None reported Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Use media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

Containment Technique: Absorb spilled liquid with non-reactive sorbent material. Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

**Clean-up Technique:** Cover spilled material with a dry acid, such as citric or boric. Scoop up slurry into a large beaker. Dilute with a large excess of water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an acid, such as sulfuric or citric. Flush reacted material to the drain with a large excess of water. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a weak acid solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: any quantity is spilled. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: 154

## 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes skin clothing Do not breathe mist or vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Protect from: heat Keep away from: acids

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

*Engineering Controls:* Have a safety shower nearby. Have an eyewash station nearby. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: chemical splash goggles Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves lab coat Inhalation Protection: adequate ventilation

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes skin clothing Do not breathe: mist/vapor Wash thoroughly after

handling. Protect from: heat Keep away from: acids/acid fumes

TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

# 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

*Odor:* None *pH:* >13

Vapor Pressure: Not determined Vapor Density (air = 1): Not determined

**Boiling Point:** Not determined **Melting Point:** Not applicable

Specific Gravity (water = 1): Not determined Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not determined Volatile Organic Compounds Content: Not applicable

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

Water: Miscible
Acid: Reacts with acid
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: Not determined
Aluminum: Not determined

\_\_\_\_\_

# 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat Evaporation Exposure to air.

Reactivity / Incompatibility: May react violently in contact with: strong acids Incompatible with: halogenated organic

compounds tin aluminum zinc nitro compounds

Hazardous Decomposition: No hazardous decomposition products known.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data: LD50: None reported LC50: None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported Skin and Eye Irritation Data: None reported

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

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Ingredient Toxicological Data: Sodium hydroxide: oral rat LDLo = 500 mg/kg

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Special Instructions (Disposal):** Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an acid, such as sulfuric or citric. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain. Allow cold water to run for 5 minutes to completely flush the system.

*Empty Containers:* Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. Rinsate from empty containers may contain sufficient product to require disposal as hazardous waste.

**NOTICE** (*Disposal*): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

T.D.G.:

Proper Shipping Name: Sodium Hydroxide Solution

Hazard Class: 8
PIN: 1824
Group: II

Subsidiary Risk: NA

**Additional Information:** There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**References:** 29 CFR 1900 - 1910 (Code of Federal Regulations - Labor). Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. Technical Judgment. In-house information. Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Fire

Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 10th Ed. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Association, 1991. List of Dangerous Substances Classified in Annex I of the EEC Directive (67/548) - Classification, Packaging and Labeling of Dangerous Substances, Amended July 1992.

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#### Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

**USER RESPONSIBILITY:** Each user should read and understand this information and incorporate it in individual site safety programs in accordance with applicable hazard communication standards and regulations.

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Phosphate Acid Reagent Vials

Catalog Number: 2742900

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M01616 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable Chemical Family: Not applicable

PIN: 3264

Intended Use: Standard solution Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 18
Month: February
Year: 2010

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

Emergency Telephone Numbers: (Medical and Transportation) (303) 623-5716 24 Hour Service (515)232-2533 8am - 4pm CST

MSDS No: M01616

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## **Demineralized Water**

**Percent Range:** 90.0 - 100.0

Percent Range Units: volume / volume

CAS No.: 7732-18-5 LD50: None reported LC50: None reported TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

# Sulfuric Acid

Percent Range: 1 - 9

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 7664-93-9

**LD50:** Oral rat LD50 = 2140 mg/kg. **LC50:** Inhalation rat LC50 = 87 ppm/4 hr **TLV:** 1 mg/m³ (TWA); 3 mg/m³ (STEL)

**PEL:** 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Corrosive Other Toxic Effects

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Odor: None

CAUSES EYE BURNS MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION CANCER HAZARD CONTAINS SULFURIC ACID WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER

HMIS:

Health: 4
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0

Protective Equipment: X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes eye burns.Skin Contact: No effects are anticipatedSkin Absorption: None ReportedTarget Organs: None Reported

Ingestion: Causes: irritation of the mouth and esophagus May cause: vomiting diarrhea

Target Organs: None reported

Inhalation: May cause: respiratory tract irritation teeth erosion mouth soreness difficult breathing

Target Organs: Lungs

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Pre-existing: Eye conditions Respiratory conditions

Chronic Effects: Chronic overexposure may cause erosion of the teeth chronic irritation or inflammation of the lungs

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Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

An ingredient of this mixture is: IARC Group 1: Recognized Carcinogen

Sulfuric Acid - The IARC evaluation was based on exposure to the mist or vapor of concentrated sulfuric acid generated during chemical processes.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: None reported

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class E - Corrosive material Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A - Very toxic materials

(other toxic effects)

WHMIS Symbols: Corrosive Other Toxic Effects

# 4. FIRST AID

Eve Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water.

Ingestion (First Aid): Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.

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#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: Material will not burn. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by

thermal decomposition.

Flash Point: Not applicable

Method: Not applicable

Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not determined

*Hazardous Combustion Products:* This material will not burn. *Fire / Explosion Hazards:* This product will not burn or explode.

Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Use media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

**Containment Technique:** Absorb spilled liquid with non-reactive sorbent material. Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

*Clean-up Technique:* Cover spilled material with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Scoop up slurry into a large beaker. Dilute with a large excess of water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9. Use sulfuric or citric acid to lower pH. Use soda ash or sodium bicarbonate to increase pH. Flush reacted material to the drain with a large excess of water. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a soap solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: any quantity is spilled. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: 154

#### 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid contact with eyes Do not breathe mist or vapors. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Store between 10° and 25°C.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

*Engineering Controls:* Have an eyewash station nearby. Use general ventilation to minimize exposure to mist, vapor or dust. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: chemical splash goggles
Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves lab coat
Inhalation Protection: adequate ventilation

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes skin Do not breathe: mist/vapor Use with adequate ventilation.

Protect from: heat *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

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#### 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

Odor: None

pH: Not determined

*Vapor Pressure:* Not determined *Vapor Density (air = 1):* Not determined

**Boiling Point:** Not determined **Melting Point:** Not applicable

Specific Gravity (water = 1): Not determined Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not determined Volatile Organic Compounds Content: Not applicable

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

Water: Soluble
Acid: Not determined
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: Not determined
Aluminum: Not determined

## 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme temperatures Heating to decomposition. Reactivity / Incompatibility: Incompatible with: alkalies oxidizers reducers

Hazardous Decomposition: Heating to decomposition releases toxic and/or corrosive fumes of: sulfur oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data: LD50: None reported

LC50: None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported

Skin and Eye Irritation Data: Skin irritation testing performed on 10% sulfuric acid showed SLIGHT to NO

IRRITATION effects

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

Ingredient Toxicological Data: Sulfuric acid: oral rat LD50 = 2140 mg/kg; inhalation rat LC50 = 87 ppm/4h

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Special Instructions (Disposal): Work in an approved fume hood. Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain. Allow cold water to run for 5 minutes to completely flush the system. Empty Containers: Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. Rinsate from empty containers may contain sufficient product to require disposal as hazardous waste.

NOTICE (Disposal): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

T.D.G.:

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive Liquid, Acidic, Inorganic, N.O.S.

(< 10 % Sulphuric Acid Solution)

Hazard Class: 8 PIN: 3264 Group: III

Subsidiary Risk: NA

Additional Information: There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

*References:* TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. In-house information. Technical Judgment. Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. Vendor Information. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. World Health Organization (Volumes 1-42) Supplement 7. France: 1987.

#### Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

(Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

MSDS No: M00127

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Ammonia Salicylate Reagent

Catalog Number: 2395266

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M00127 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable

Chemical Family: Not applicable

PIN: NA

Intended Use: Reagent for ammonia test

Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 15
Month: October
Year: 2009

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# Sodium Salicylate

**Percent Range:** 40.0 - 50.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 54-21-7

**LD50:** Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 1200$  mg/kg; Oral mouse  $LD_{50} = 540$  mg/kg; Oral rabbit  $LD_{50} = 1700$  mg/kg.

LC50: None reported.

TLV: Respirable particles: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Inhalable particles: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**PEL:** Total dust: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; Respirable fraction: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> **Ingredient WHMIS Symbol:** Other Toxic Effects

# Sodium Nitroferricyanide

Percent Range: < 1.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 14402-89-2

**LD50:** Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 99 \text{ mg/kg}$  (anhydrous).

LC50: None reported. TLV: 5 mg/m³ as CN<sup>-</sup> PEL: 5 mg/m³ as CN<sup>-</sup>

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Other Toxic Effects

#### Other components, each

Percent Range: 0.1 - 1.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

*CAS No.:* Not applicable *LD50:* Not applicable

LC50: Not applicableTLV: Not establishedPEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### **Sodium Citrate**

**Percent Range:** 40.0 - 50.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 68-04-2

LD50: Oral rat LD50 >8 g/Kg LC50: None Reported TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### **Sodium Tartrate**

**Percent Range:** 10.0 - 20.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 6106-24-7

*LD50*: Oral rabbit LD50 = 5290 mg/kg

*LC50:* None Reported *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: Tan powder Physical State: Solid

Odor: None

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN MAY CAUSE EYE, SKIN AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION

#### CONTACT WITH ACIDS FORMS TOXIC FUMES

#### HMIS:

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

*Protective Equipment:* X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: May cause irritiation Skin Contact: May cause irritiation

Skin Absorption: Harmful if absorbed through the skin Effects similar to those of ingestion Sodium nitroferricyanide produces a delayed cyanide poisoning reaction.

Target Organs: Central nervous system Blood

*Ingestion:* Sodium nitroferricyanide produces a delayed cyanide poisoning reaction. May cause: headache nausea vomiting central nervous system effects

Target Organs: Central nervous system Blood

Inhalation: Sodium nitroferricyanide produces a delayed cyanide poisoning reaction. May cause: headache nausea, vomiting central nervous system effects

Target Organs: Central nervous system Blood

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Allergies or sensitivity to aspirin or salicylates.

*Chronic Effects:* Chronic overexposure may cause confusion diarrhea fatigue weakness death Salicylates may cause ringing in the ears (tinnitus), abnormal bleeding, gastric ulceration, mental deterioration, skin eruption, temporary vision loss, and other optical effects.

Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: Contains: an experimental mutagen. an experimental teratogen.

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A - Very toxic materials (other toxic effects)

WHMIS Symbols: Other Toxic Effects

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Call physician

ımmediately.

Ingestion (First Aid): Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call physician immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Call physician.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: During a fire, this product decomposes to form toxic gases.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not determined.

*Hazardous Combustion Products:* May emit acrid smoke and fumes. *Fire / Explosion Hazards:* This product will not burn or explode.

Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide Alcohol foam.

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

**Containment Technique:** Releases of this material may contaminate the environment. Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

*Clean-up Technique:* Avoid contact with spilled material. Sweep up material. Dilute with a large excess of water. Flush the spilled material to the drain with a large excess of water. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a soap solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: a pound or more of loose powder is spilled. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: None

#### 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

*Handling:* Avoid contact with eyes skin clothing Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Store between 10° and 25°C. Keep away from: acids / acid fumes. oxidizers

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

*Engineering Controls:* Have an eyewash station nearby. Use a fume hood to avoid exposure to dust, mist or vapor. *Personal Protective Equipment:* 

Eye Protection: safety glasses with top and side shields Skin Protection: lab coat disposable latex gloves

Inhalation Protection: laboratory fume hood

Precautionary Measures: eyes skin clothing Do not breathe: dust Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate

ventilation. Keep away from: acids/acid fumes oxidizers

*TLV:* Not established. *PEL:* Not established.

# 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Tan powder Physical State: Solid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

Odor: None

**pH:** 7.84 (5% solution)

*Vapor Pressure:* Not applicable *Vapor Density (air = 1):* Not applicable

**Boiling Point:** Not applicable **Melting Point:** 97°C (206.6°F) **Specific Gravity (water = 1):** 1.689

Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not applicable Volatile Organic Compounds Content: None. Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

*Water:* Soluble. *Acid:* Soluble.

Other: Not determined.

Metal Corrosivity:

Steel: Not applicable

Aluminum: Not applicable

#### 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heating to decomposition. Extreme temperatures

Reactivity / Incompatibility: Incompatible with: acids iodine iron salts lead acetate organic materials oxidizers silver

nitrate sodium phosphate

Hazardous Decomposition: Heating to decomposition releases toxic and/or corrosive fumes of: cyanide nitrogen oxides

sodium oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

*LD50:* None reported. *LC50:* None reported.

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported. Skin and Eye Irritation Data: None reported.

Mutation Data: None reported.

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported.

Ingredient Toxicological Data: Sodium Salicylate: Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 1200$  mg/kg; Sodium Citrate: Oral rat  $LD_{50} > 8$  g/kg; Sodium Tartrate: Oral rabbit  $LD_{50} = 5290$  mg/kg; Sodium Nitroferricyanide: Oral rat  $LD_{50} = 99$  mg/kg.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Special Instructions (Disposal): Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Flush system with plenty of water. Empty Containers: Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. NOTICE (Disposal): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*T.D.G.*:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Currently Regulated

--

Hazard Class: NA PIN: NA Group: NA

Subsidiary Risk: NA

Additional Information: There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL/NDSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

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#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992. Technical Judgment. Sixth Annual Report on Carcinogens, 1991. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Rockville, MD: Technical Resources, Inc. 1991. Sax, N. Irving. Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 7th Ed. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 1989. List of Dangerous Substances Classified in Annex I of the EEC Directive (67/548) - Classification, Packaging and Labeling of Dangerous Substances, Amended July 1992. In-house information. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risks to Humans. World Health Organization (Volumes 1-42) Supplement 7. France: 1987. Gosselin, R. E. et al. Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products, 5th Ed. Baltimore: The Williams and Wilkins Co., 1984. Cassaret and Doull's Toxicology, 3rd Ed. New York: Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., 1986. Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. 29 CFR 1900 - 1910 (Code of Federal Regulations - Labor).

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#### Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers: (Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

MSDS No: M00128

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Ammonia Cyanurate Reagent

Catalog Number: 2395466

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M00128 Chemical Name: Not Applicable CAS No.: Not Applicable Chemical Formula: Not Applicable

Chemical Family: Not applicable

**PIN:** 1759

Intended Use: Reagent for ammonia test

Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 15
Month: October
Year: 2009

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate

Percent Range: 1.0 - 5.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 2893-78-9

LD50: Oral rat LD50 = 1400 mg/kg; Oral human LDLo = 3570 mg/kg

*LC50:* None reported *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

## Lithium Hydroxide, Anhydrous

**Percent Range:** 1.0 - 5.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 1310-65-2

*LD50*: Oral rat LD50 = 225 mg/kg

*LC50*: Inhalation rat LC50 =  $980 \text{ mg/m}^3/4\text{H}$ 

*TLV:* 3mg/m³ Respirable Particles; 10 mg/m³ Inhalable particles *PEL:* 5 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction; 15 mg/m³ Total Dust

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Corrosive

# Sodium Citrate

**Percent Range:** 80.0 - 90.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 68-04-2

*LD50*: Oral rat LD50 >8 g/Kg

LC50: None ReportedTLV: Not establishedPEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### **Sodium Tartrate**

**Percent Range:** 5.0 - 15.0

Percent Range Units: weight / weight

CAS No.: 6106-24-7

**LD50:** Oral rabbit LD50 = 5290 mg/kg

*LC50:* None Reported *TLV:* Not established *PEL:* Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: White powder

Physical State: Solid Odor: Chlorine

CAUSES BURNS HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

MAY CAUSE KIDNEY OR LIVER DAMAGE BASED ON ANIMAL DATA

HMIS:

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 1

Protective Equipment: X - See protective equipment, Section 8.

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: Causes eye burns.
Skin Contact: Causes burns.
Skin Absorption: None Reported
Target Organs: None Reported

Ingestion: Causes: burns May cause: dizziness nausea kidney damage liver damage

Target Organs: Liver Kidneys Central nervous system Bone marrow Inhalation: Causes: burns May cause: shortness of breath coughing

Target Organs: None reported

Medical Conditions Aggravated: Pre-existing: Eye conditions Skin conditions Respiratory conditions

Chronic Effects: Lithium compounds have been implicated in development of aplastic anemia. Signs of lithium poisoning include dehydration, extreme weight loss, fine tremor of hands, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, Chronic

overexposure may cause central nervous system effects kidney damage liver damage

Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: None reported

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported

WHMIS Hazard Classification: Class E - Corrosive material Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B - Toxic material (other

toxic effects)

WHMIS Symbols: Corrosive Other Toxic Effects

#### 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. Call physician.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with soap and plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Call physician immediately.

*Ingestion (First Aid):* Do not induce vomiting. Give 1-2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Call physician.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not determined

Hazardous Combustion Products: May emit toxic and corrosive fumes.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not combustible.
Static Discharge: None reported.
Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide Water.

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear.

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#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

Containment Technique: Cover spilled solid material with sand or other inert material. Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

*Clean-up Technique:* Scoop up spilled material into a large beaker and dissolve with water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an acid, such as sulfuric or citric. Flush reacted material to the drain with a large excess of water. Decontaminate the area of the spill with a soap solution.

**Evacuation Procedure:** Evacuate local area (15 foot radius or as directed by your facility's emergency response plan) when: any quantity is spilled. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: 154

## 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

*Handling:* Avoid contact with eyes skin clothing Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Protect from: heat moisture Store away from: acids / acid fumes.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Have an eyewash station nearby. Have a safety shower nearby. Use a fume hood to avoid exposure to dust, mist or vapor. Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: safety glasses with top and side shields Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves lab coat Inhalation Protection: adequate ventilation

Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes skin clothing Do not breathe: dust Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep away from: acids/acid fumes metals

*TLV*: 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> Respirable Particles; 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Inhalable particles *PEL*: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Respirable Fraction; 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Total Dust

#### 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** White powder **Physical State:** Solid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

Odor: Chlorine

pH: of a 5% solution = 12.33Vapor Pressure: Not applicableVapor Density (air = 1): Not applicable

**Boiling Point:** Not applicable **Melting Point:** >240 °C, >464 °F **Specific Gravity (water = 1):** 1.783

*Evaporation Rate (water = 1):* Not applicable

Volatile Organic Compounds Content: None reported

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

Water: Soluble Acid: Soluble

Other: Not determined Metal Corrosivity: Steel: 0.00 in/yr Aluminum: 0.803 in/yr

#### 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heating to decomposition. Extreme temperatures Excess moisture

Reactivity / Incompatibility: Incompatible with: acids

Hazardous Decomposition: Contact with acids releases toxic and/or corrosive fumes of: chlorides nitrogen oxides

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

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#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

*LD50:* None Reported *LC50:* None Reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None Reported Skin and Eye Irritation Data: None Reported

Mutation Data: None Reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None Reported

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*Ingredient Toxicological Data:* Sodium Citrate Oral rat LD50 > 8 g/k; Sodium Tartrate Oral rabbit LD50 = 5290 mg/kg; Lithium Hydroxide Oral rat LD50 = 225 mg/kg; Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate Oral rat LD50 = 1400 mg/kg

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Special Instructions (Disposal):** Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an acid, such as sulfuric or citric. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain. Flush system with plenty of water.

*Empty Containers:* Rinse three times with an appropriate solvent. Dispose of empty container as normal trash. *NOTICE (Disposal):* These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

T.D.G.:

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive Solid, N.O.S.

(Lithium Hydroxide Mixture)

Hazard Class: 8 PIN: 1759 Group: II

Subsidiary Risk: NA

Additional Information: There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: NIOSH Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, 1985-86. Cincinnati: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, April, 1987. Patty, Frank A. Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, 3rd Revised Edition. Volume 2. New York: A Wiley-Interscience Publication, 1981. Gosselin, R. E. et al. Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products, 5th Ed. Baltimore: The Williams and Wilkins Co., 1984. Technical Judgment. In-house information. Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. TLV's Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-1993. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1992.

#### Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

**USER RESPONSIBILITY:** Each user should read and understand this information and incorporate it in individual site safety programs in accordance with applicable hazard communication standards and regulations.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED TO BE ACCURATE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THESE DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF.

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World Headquarters Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Telephone Numbers:

24 Hour Service

8am - 4pm CST

(Medical and Transportation)

(303) 623-5716

(515)232-2533

MSDS No: M01553

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** AmVer<sup>TM</sup> High Range Ammonia Test 'N Tube<sup>TM</sup> Reagent

Catalog Number: 2607000

Hach Company P.O.Box 389 Loveland, CO USA 80539 (970) 669-3050

MSDS Number: M01553 Chemical Name: Not applicable CAS No.: Not applicable Chemical Formula: Not applicable

Chemical Family: Not applicable PIN: NA

Intended Use: Determination of ammonium nitrogen

Date of MSDS Preparation:

Day: 10 Month: March Year: 2010

MSDS Prepared: MSDS prepared by Product Compliance Department extension 3350

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## **Demineralized Water**

Percent Range: > 99.0

Percent Range Units: volume / volume

CAS No.: 7732-18-5 LD50: None reported LC50: None reported TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

# Other components, each

Percent Range: < 1.0

Percent Range Units: weight / volume

CAS No.: Not applicable LD50: Not applicable LC50: Not applicable TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

Ingredient WHMIS Symbol: Not applicable

# 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Appearance: Colorless liquid

Physical State: Liquid

Odor: None

HMIS:

Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

Protective Equipment: Not applicable

Potential Health Effects:

Eye Contact: No effects are anticipated Skin Contact: No effects are anticipated Skin Absorption: No effects anticipated Target Organs: Not applicable Ingestion: No Effects Anticipated Target Organs: Not applicable Inhalation: No effects anticipated Target Organs: Not applicable

Medical Conditions Aggravated: None reported

Chronic Effects: No effects anticipated
Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information:

This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

This product does NOT contain any NTP listed chemicals.

Additional Cancer / Reproductive Toxicity Information: None reported

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None reported WHMIS Hazard Classification: Not applicable

WHMIS Symbols: Not applicable

2.2.2.2.0 Symbols. 1 (ct approach

# 4. FIRST AID

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with water. Call physician if irritation develops.

Skin Contact (First Aid): Wash skin with plenty of water.

Ingestion (First Aid): Give large quantities of water. Call physician immediately.

Inhalation: None required.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties: Material will not burn.

Flash Point: Not applicable Method: Not applicable Flammability Limits:

Lower Explosion Limits: Not applicable Upper Explosion Limits: Not applicable Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable

Hazardous Combustion Products: This material will not burn.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: None reported Static Discharge: None reported. Mechanical Impact: None reported

Extinguishing Media: Use media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions

Fire Fighting Instruction: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand and full protective

gear. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Spill Response Notice:

Only persons properly qualified to respond to an emergency involving hazardous substances should respond to a spill involving chemicals. See Section 13, Special Instructions for disposal assistance.

Containment Technique: Stop spilled material from being released to the environment.

Clean-up Technique: Cover spilled material with a dry acid, such as citric or boric. Scoop up slurry into a large beaker. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an acid, such as sulfuric or citric. Flush reacted material to the drain with a large excess of water.

Evacuation Procedure: Evacuate as needed to perform spill clean-up. If conditions warrant, increase the size of the

evacuation.

D.O.T. Emergency Response Guide Number: None

#### 7. HANDLING / STORAGE

Handling: Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Engineering Controls: Maintain general industrial hygiene practices when using this product.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection: safety glasses with top and side shields

Skin Protection: disposable latex gloves
Inhalation Protection: adequate ventilation
Precautionary Measures: Avoid contact with: eyes

TLV: Not established PEL: Not established

# 9. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Colorless liquid Physical State: Liquid

Molecular Weight: Not applicable

*Odor:* None *pH:* 11

Vapor Pressure: Not determined Vapor Density (air = 1): Not determined Boiling Point:  $\sim 100^{\circ}$  C ( $\sim 212^{\circ}$  F) Melting Point: Not determined Specific Gravity (water = 1):  $\sim 1.00$ 

Evaporation Rate (water = 1): Not determined Volatile Organic Compounds Content: Not applicable

Coefficient of Water / Oil: Not applicable

Solubility:

Water: Miscible
Acid: Miscible
Other: Not determined
Metal Corrosivity:
Steel: Not determined
Aluminum: Not determined

# 10. STABILITY / REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable when stored under proper conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme temperatures Reactivity / Incompatibility: None reported Hazardous Decomposition: None reported Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Toxicological Data:

*LD50:* None reported *LC50:* None reported

Dermal Toxicity Data: None reported Skin and Eye Irritation Data: None reported

Mutation Data: None reported

Reproductive Effects Data: None reported

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Ingredient Toxicological Data: --

No toxicological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for this product.

Ingredient Ecological Information: --

No ecological data available for the ingredients of this product.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Special Instructions (Disposal):** Dilute to 3 to 5 times the volume with cold water. Adjust to a pH between 6 and 9 with an alkali, such as soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Open cold water tap completely, slowly pour the reacted material to the drain. Allow cold water to run for 5 minutes to completely flush the system.

Empty Containers: Dispose of empty container as normal trash.

**NOTICE** (**Disposal**): These disposal guidelines are based on federal regulations and may be superseded by more stringent state or local requirements. Please consult your local environmental regulators for more information.

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#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

*T.D.G.*:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Currently Regulated

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Hazard Class: NA

PIN: NA Group: NA

Subsidiary Risk: NA

**Additional Information:** There is a possibility that this product could be contained in a reagent set or kit composed of various compatible dangerous goods. If the item is NOT in a set or kit, the classification given above applies. If the item IS part of a set or kit, the classification would change to the following: UN3316 Chemical Kit, Class 9, PG II or III. If the item is not regulated, the Chemical Kit classification does not apply.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National Inventories:

Canadian Inventory Status: All ingredients of this product are DSL Listed.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

References: 29 CFR 1900 - 1910 (Code of Federal Regulations - Labor). Air Contaminants, Federal Register, Vol. 54, No. 12. Thursday, January 19, 1989. pp. 2332-2983. Technical Judgment.

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Legend:

NA - Not Applicable w/w - weight/weight
ND - Not Determined w/v - weight/volume
NV - Not Available v/v - volume/volume

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