

Pêches et Océans Canada

Elastom Arctic Flegion Flish Habitat Management P.O. Box 358 Igaluit, Nunavut XOA 0H0

Your file Votre viffice NWB2NAN0305

Our file Notre référee NU03432

March 30, 2004

Ms. Jennifer Pell Dunsmuir Ventures Ltd. Suite 3123-595 Burrard Street Vancouver, BC V7X 1J1 Tel. (604) 681-6311 Fax (604) 609-6145 Nunavut Water Board

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Dear: Ms. Pell,

RE: Mineral Exploration and Camp near Wager Bay, Nunavut

This letter is to advise you that Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Fish Habitat Management Division (DPO FIIM) has received the project proposal information submitted by the Nunavut Water Board for mineral exploration near Wager Bay, Nunavut. DFO-FHM's assessment takes into consideration primarily fish and fish habitat related concerns. Your proposal has been assigned the following file number and name:

WU03432 MINERAL EXPLORATION AND CAMP IN NUNAVUT- NANUQ PROJECT

Please refer to this number on your correspondence or inquiries.

This letter is to advise that DFO-FHM has reviewed the plans/correspondence for the proposed work for impacts to fish and fish habitat. It is my understanding, from the information submitted to this office, that:

- The duration of the mineral exploration program is from March 1, 2004 to June 1, 2004;
- Operations will include land based diamond drilling
- A small temporary camp will be established.

Operations in or near water may result in the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish liabitat, which is prohibited under Section 35 of the Fisheries Act. The following mitigation measures, along with mitigation measures indicated in the project proposal, are intended to prevent any potentially harmful impacts to fish and fish habitat.

- If a temporary or permanent camp is to be established please submit details (size, site plan, proximity to any watercourse, size of water body, fish species present etc.) to DFO-FHM for review.
- If artesian flow is encountered, drill holes should be plugged and permanently scaled upon completion of the project.
- All disturbed areas should be stabilized and re-vegetated as required, upon completion of work, and restored to a pre-disturbed state.

- No material should be left on the ice when there is potential for that material to enter the water (i.e. spring break-up).
- If the drilling requires water in sufficient volume that the source water body may be drawn down, please submit details (volume required, size of water body, fish species etc.) to DFO-FHM for review. DFO-FHM strongly discourages the use of streams as a water source.

Extraction of water via intake from any water body is prohibited under Section 30 of the *Fisheries Act* unless the entrance of the intake is properly screened to prevent the entrainment of fish, Refer to the *Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Fish Screen Guideline* (DFO 1995), which is available upon request. No harm should come to fish during water removal as long as the following mitigation measures are implemented:

- Holes in the screen should be small enough so that no fish of any size can pass through the screen and into the intake.
- The rate of water withdrawal should be such that fish do not become impinged on the screen.
- Fish guards or screens should be properly maintained, in a good state of repair, and not be removable except for renewal or repair.
- Ouring the time in which a renewal or repair is being conducted, the entrance of the water intake should be closed in order to prevent the passage of fish into the intake.

Depositing deleterious substances into fish bearing waters is prohibited as stated under Subsection 36(3) of the *Fisheries Act*. The following are additional measures to mitigate habitat disturbance or loss as well as the deposition of deleterious substances.

- Sediment and erosion control measures should be implemented prior to commencement of, and maintained during, the work to prevent sediment entry into the water.
- Drill enttings should be disposed of in a sump such that they do not enter any water body. The
 use of biodegradable, salt free drill additives is encouraged over non-biodegradable types.
- For any drilling activities, the proponent should ensure that the contractor undertaking the drill is prepared with a contingency plan covering the detection, control and handling of any inadvertent drilling fluid migration that may enter a waterbody.
- Sediments from water used in the drilling process should be filtered out before the water is | discharged onto the surrounding landscape.
- All wastes, drill cuttings, sewage containments and fuel caches should be located well away from the normal high water mark of any water body. Impermeable spill mats or plastic sheets as well as efficient containment berms should be incorporated into these caches to ensure that contaminants do not enter water bodies.
- All activities, including maintenance procedures and vehicular refuelling, should be controlled to prevent the entry of petroleum products, sediment, debris, rubble, or other deleterious substances into the water. Impermeable spill mats, drip pans or other measures to prevent ground or ice contamination should also be used when refuelling equipment on site. Refuelling activities should be conducted well away from the normal high water mark of any water body.
- Have available an extra fuel storage container equal to or bigger than the size of the largest fuel container. This container should be used to replace any existing container showing signs of leakage. Check for container leaks on a daily basis and prepare any visible leaks immediately. Spill kits should be readily available at all times.
- All spills of oil, fuel, or other deleterious material should be reported immediately to the 24flour Spill Line at (867) 920-8130.

If the proposed work is carried out as described in the plans provided to DFO-THM and if the additional mitigation measures specified above are implemented, the proposed work will not be considered as contravening Subsection 35(1) of the Fisheries Act which reads:

"No person shall carry on any work or undertaking that results in the harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat."

Therefore, an authorization under Subsection 35(2) of the Fisheries Act will not be necessary. If a harmful alteration, disruption or destruction of fish habitat and/or the deposition of deleterious substances into fish bearing waters occurs as a result of a change in the plans for the proposed works or failure to implement the additional mitigation measures specified above, prosecution under Subsection 35(1) and/or Subsection 36(3) of the Fisheries Act may be initiated.

Please note that this letter of advice does not release the proponent of the responsibility for obtaining any other permits that may be required under federal, provincial, territorial or municipal legislation. DFO should be notified of any changes that have the potential to affect fish or fish habitat.

Please note that this letter of advice will apply for the period of the current lease. If you have any questions concerning the mitigation measures or should there be any changes to the proposed work, please contact me at (867) 979-8016 or by fax at (867) 979-8039.

Paul Christensen

Lish Habitat Biologist

Hisheries & Oceans Canada

Department of Fisheries and Oceans -- Eastern Arctic Area

e.e. Phyllis Beaulieu, NWB, fax (867) 360-6369 Beth Guptill, DFO email