

Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 6 of 9

animals.

Additional information is available by request.

CMR Status: None.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	
MICA	12001-26-2	4	

-REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = IARC 13 = IARC 2B 5 = ACGIH A1 2 = IARC 2A 4 = ACGIH ALL 6 = ACGIH A2

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain



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residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification: Not controlled

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

CEPA: All components of this material are either on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.

Complies with the following national/regional chemical inventory requirements: AICS, DSL, IECSC, KECI,

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	
ZINC	7440-66-6	6	

-- REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED-I = TSCA4 3 = TSCA 5e 5 = TSCA 126 2 = TSCA5a26 = NPRI 4 = TSCA6

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined , N/A = Not applicable



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THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS: Revision Changes: Section 06: Notification Procedures - Header was modified. Section 10: Materials To Avoid - Header was modified. Section 11: Acute Toxicity Table Header was modified. Section 09: Phys/Chem Properties Note was modified Section 09: Colour was modified. Section 11: Ingestion Acute Lethality - Header was modified. Section 11: Inhalation - Header was modified. Section 09: Boiling Point C(F) was modified. Section 09; Evaporation Rate - Header was modified. Section 08: Personal Protection - Header was modified. Section 08: Comply with applicable regulations phrase was modified. Section 09: Vapour Pressure - Header was modified. Section 09: Vapour Pressure was modified. Section 11: Inhalation Lethality Test Data was modified. Section 11: Inhalation Irritation Test Data was modified. Section 05: Hazardous Combustion Products was modified. Section 06: Accidental Release- Spill Management- Water was modified. Section 09: Relative Density - Header was modified. Section 09: Flash Point C(F) was modified. Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Header was modified. Section 14: Air (IATA) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (TDG) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (DOT) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (DOT) - Default was modified. Section 14: LAND (TDG) Default was modified. Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Default was modified. Section 14: Air (IATA) - Default was modified. Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing - Header was modified. Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing was modified. Hazard Identification: Hazards Note was modified. Section 16: CA Prepared by a Header was modified. Section 09: Section 9 Footnotes was modified. Section 09: Oxidizing Properties was modified Section 15. Canadian List Citations Table was modified Section 01: Company Contact Methods Sorted by Priority was modified. Section 06: Protective Measures was added. Section 06: Accidental Release - Protective Measures - Header was added. Section 09: Form - Header was added. Section 09: Physical State was added Section 09: Decomposition Temperature was added. Section 09: Decomposition Temp - Header was added. Section 09: Vapour Pressure was added. Section 01: Product Code was added. Section 01: Product Code - Header was added. Section 09: Form - Header was deleted. Section 09: Physical State was deleted. WHMIS Classification: Not controlled







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DGN: 5007465 (1015931)

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Prepared by: Imperial Oil Limited, IH and Product Safety



Material Safety Data Sheet



DIESEL FUEL

1. Product and company identification

Product name

: DIESEL FUEL

Synonym

: Seasonal Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1 Heating Oil, D50, D60, P40, P50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel, Furnace special, Biodiesel blend, B1, B2, B5, Diesel Low Cloud (LC), Marine Gas Oil.

Code

: W104, W293

Material uses

Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining diesels, marine diesels, MDO and naval distillates may have a higher flash point requirement.

Manufacturer

: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844

150 – 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency

: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Bright oily liquid.

Odour

: Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada)



Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F)

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: WARNING!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Combustible liquid. Severely irritating to the skin. Irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Ingestion

: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity: Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

 Mutagenicity
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Teratogenicity
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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2. Hazards identification

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions aggravated by over: Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.

exposure

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%	
Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel/ Fuels, diesel/ Fuel Oil No. 1/ Fuel Oil No. 2	64742-81-0/	95 - 100	
1 x to decouple to the contract of the time for the time to about the contract of the contract	68334-30-5/		
	8008-20-6/		
	68476-30-2		
Alkanes, C10 - 20 Branched and Linear (R100)	928771-01-1	10 - 20	
Fatty acids methyl esters	61788-61-2 /	0 - 5	
	67784-80-9 /		
	73891-99-3		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First-aid measures

Eve contact	: Check for a

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, im

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

thoroughly before rease. Get medical attention immediatory.

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

nmediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Attention inmissioners

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid

Extinguishing media

Notes to physician

Inhalation

Suitable

Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam
 Do not use water jet.

Not suitable Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Products of combustion

 Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), sulphur compounds (H2S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Fire-fighting measures

Special remarks on fire hazards : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.

Special remarks on explosion hazards Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculitie or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

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DIESEL FUEL		Page Number: 4
8. Exposure co	ntrols/pe	ersonal protection
Ingredient		Exposure limits
Fuels, diesel Fuel oil No. 2 Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel Fuel oil No. 1		ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m², (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m², (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m² 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m² 8 hour(s).
Second to the contract of the second		
Consult local authorities for Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this pro	exposure limits. Induct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmospherical monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	other eng recomme vapour o	with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or gineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any ended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof on equipment.
Hygiene measures	eating, s technique contamir	ands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before moking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriates should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers to the workstation location.
Personal protection		
Respiratory	standard based or working I canister are expe is limited uncontro	operly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be a known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour cartridge or may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations cited to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for lited release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where ing respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hands		il-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is
	Recomm provider use patte imperviouregularly	inended: nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Consult your PPE for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your erns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their usness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they e changed.
Eyes		yewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ent indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or
Skin		protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being d and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling uct.
Environmental exposure controls	comply v fume scr	is from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the vith the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, ubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be ry to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Bright oily liquid.

Flash point : Diesel fuel and other distillate fuels: Closed cup: ≥40°C (≥104°F)

Marine Diesel/MDO/Naval Distillate: Closed Cup: ≥60°C (≥140°F)

Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: ≥52°C (≥126°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 225°C (437°F)
Flammable limits : Lower: 0.7%

Upper: 6%

Colour : Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation purposes)

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour threshold : Not available. pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 150 to 371°C (302 to 699.8°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

 Relative density
 : 0.80 to 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

 Vapour pressure
 : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F)

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]
Volatility : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.

Viscosity : Diesel fuel: 1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: 1.3 - 4.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour point : Not available

Solubility : Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, NOx, SOx, H₂S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to

products decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	24500 mg/kg	
47470	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-
Fuel oil No. 2	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	
Fuel oil No. 1	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	Vapour			
Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Pat	>5200 mg/m ³	A hours

Vapour

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

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11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary
 Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH** IARC **OSHA A3** Fuels, diesel 3 Fuel oil No. 1 A3 3 Fuel oil No. 2 A3 3 Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel A3 3

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : 1

: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1202	DIESEL FUEL	3	M		SI .
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	\$		1

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14. Transport information

PG*: Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid Irritating material

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Label requirements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of issue : 28 June 2013

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

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16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Material Safety Data Sheet



GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Product and company identification

Product name

: GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Synonym

: Regular, Unleaded Gasoline (US Grade), Mid-Grade, Plus, Super, WinterGas, SummerGas, Supreme, SuperClean WinterGas, RegularClean, PlusClean, Premium, marked or dyed gasoline, TQRUL, transitional quality regular unleaded, BOB, Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending, Conventional Gasoline.

Code

; W102E, SAP: 102 to 117

Material uses

: Unleaded gasoline is used in spark ignition engines including motor vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines such as chain saws and lawn mowers, and

recreational vehicles.

Manufacturer

: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency

; Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

Clear liquid

Odour

Gasoline

WHMIS (Canada)

D (T

Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: WARNING!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

Flammable liquid. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects Inhalation

. Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Ingestion

: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Date of issue : 10/10/2012.

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED	Page Number: 2
2. Hazards ide	ntification
Skin	; Irritating to skin.
Eyes	: Irritating to eyes.
Potential chronic health eff	fects
Chronic effects	: This product contains an ingredient or ingredients, which have been shown to cause chronic toxic effects. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce blood disorders.
Carcinogenicity	 Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Medical conditions** aggravated by overexposure

: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Gasoline	86290-81-5	85-100
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40*
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5-1.5
Ethanol	64-17-5	0.1-0.3

^{*}Montreal: may vary from 3-40% *Edmonton: may vary from 1-5%

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

4. First-aid mea	asules
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	 Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid (NFPA)

Extinguishing media Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool

Products of combustion

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Special remarks on fire hazards

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, shocks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

6 . Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

; Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly

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Handling and storage

closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits	
Gasoline	ACGIH TLV (United States). TVVA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).	
Toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States). TVVA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).	
Benzene	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TVA: 0.5 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minute(s).	
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s).	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- **Engineering measures**
- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vaporu cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

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8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be

regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they

should be changed.

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk Eyes

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

Environmental exposure

controls

Skin

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid.

: Closed cup: -50 to -38°C (-58 to -36.4°F) [Tagliabue.] Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature : 257°C (494.6°F) (NFPA) Flammable limits : Lower: 1.3% (NFPA) Upper: 7.6% (NFPA)

: Clear to slightly yellow or green, undyed liquid. May be dyed red for taxation purposes. Colour

: Gasoline Odour : Not available. Odour threshold pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 25 to 220°C (77 to 428°F) (ASTM D86)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.685 to 0.8 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

: <107 kPa (<802.5 mm Hg) @ 37.8°C (100°F) Vapour pressure

Vapour density : 3 to 4 [Air = 1] (NFPA) Volatility : Not available.

Evaporation rate : Not available. : Not available. Viscosity Pour point : Not available.

Solubility : Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Soluble in alcohol, ether,

chloroform and benzene. Dissolves fats, oils and natural resins

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

; The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid

: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and interhalogens

Hazardous decomposition

products

: May release COx, NOx, phenols, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED	Page Number: 6
11 . Toxicological information	

Product/ingredient name		Result		Species	Dose	- 1	Exposure	
Gasoline		LD50 Dermal		Rabbit	>5000 m		-	
		LD50 C	ral	Rat	13600 m	g/kg -		
Toluene		LD50 D		Rabbit	12125 m			
		LD50 C		Rat	636 mg/l			
		Vapour	halation	Rat	7585 ppr	n ·	4 hours	
Benzene		LD50 D		Rabbit	>8240 m	a/ka -		
		LD50 C		Rat	930 mg/k		-	
		The second secon	halation	Rat	13700 pp	om .	4 hours	
		Vapour		4.7				
Ethanol		LD50 C	ral halation	Rat Rat	7060 mg >32380 r		4 hours	
		Vapour	11 10001000100110	Rat	~3230U J	opin -	4 Hours	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not	available.						
Chronic toxicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: Not	available.						
rritation/Corrosion		es estates es						
Conclusion/Summary	· Not	available.						
Sensitiser	. 1401	avallable.						
Conclusion/Summary	. Not	available						
The state of the s	· MOL	avallable.						
Carcinogenicity	- State							
Conclusion/Summary	: Not	available.						
Classification		400000	See al	Sec. 2	arm Labor.	S. Change	Same	
Product/ingredient name Gasoline		ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA	
Toluene		A3 A4	2B 3	D				
Benzene		A1	1	A	+	Proven	+	
Ethanol		A3	9	=		16	2.	
Mutagenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: Not	available.						
Teratogenicity								
Conclusion/Summary	: The	re is a wealth of	informatio	n about the tera	atogenic hazaro	ds of Tolue	ne in the	
M. N. Carlotte and Carlotte and Carlotte	litera	ature; however,	based upo	n professional j	udgement rega			
	WH	MIS classificatio	n as a tera	togen is not wa	arranted.			
Reproductive toxicity								
Conclusion/Summary		available.						

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1203	GASOLINE	3	91		
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	6		

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification

Flammable liquid Irritating material Carcinogen

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory
United States inventory
(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

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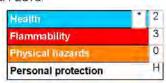
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16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LÍQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of issue : 10 October 2012

Date of previous issue : 4/9/2010.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax:: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Material Safety Data Sheet



JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Product and company identification

Product name : JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Synonym : Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8; NATO F-34; Jet F-34;

Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB-3.32)

Code : W213, SAP: 149

Material uses : Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet

A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel (if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.

Manufacturer : PETRO-CANADA

P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3

In case of emergency : Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Clear liquid.

Odour : Kerosene-like.

WHMIS (Canada) :



Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F)

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all

contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview : CAUTION!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE

BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Combustible liquid. Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only

with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

Potential acute health effects

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

coma and death

Ingestion : Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product

may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

 Skin
 ; Slightly irritating to the skin.

 Eyes
 ; Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

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99.9

< 0.1

0.1 - 0.15

CAS number

Not applicable

8008-20-6

111-77-3

2. Hazards identification

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name

Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C9-C16)*(Kerosene) Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added**): (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether) Anti-static, antioxidant and metal deactivator additives

*Aromatic content is 25% maximum (benzene: nil).

**Please note that Jet A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34 all contain Fuel System

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

Eye contact

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA)

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 3

Fire-fighting measures

Products of combustion

 Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards

Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

 Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 4
7. Handling and storage	
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Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosene	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TVVA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Recommended: polywinyl alcohol (PVA) Viton® Consult your PPE provider for

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Eyes

 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: ≥38°C (≥100.4°F) [Tag. Closed Cup]

Auto-ignition temperature : 210°C (410°F)
Flammable limits : Lower: 0.7%
Upper: 5%

Colour : Clear and colourless.
Odour : Kerosene-like,
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 140 to 300°C (284 to 572°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.775 to 0.84 (Water=1)

Vapour pressure : 0.7 kPa (5.25 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F).

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]
Volatility : Volatile.
Evaporation rate : Not available.

Viscosity : 1.0 - 1.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour point : <-51°C (<-60°F)

Solubility: Insoluble in water, Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible with other petroleum

solvents.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours

products when heated to decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

 Product/ingredient name
 Result
 Species
 Dose
 Exposure

 Kerosene
 LD50 Dermal
 Rabbit
 >2000 mg/kg

 LD50 Oral
 Rat
 >5000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat >5000 mg/m³ 4 hours

Vapour

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURB	INE FUEL	Page Number: 6
11. Toxicologica	l information	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	

Classification

Product/ingredient name ACGIH IARC EPA NIOSH NTP OSHA Kerosene A3 3

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	3	30(
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available	Not available.	4		

PG* Packing group



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15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification

: Combustible liquid

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory
United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

All components are listed or exempted
 All components are listed or exempted

: All components are listed or exempted

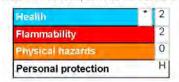
16. Other information

Label requirements

Europe inventory

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.
POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE
BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of printing : 5/24/2012.

Date of issue : 24 May 2012

Date of previous issue : 5/24/2012.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

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16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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★ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LINSEED SOAP

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: **Diversity Technologies Corp.** DATE:

November 22, 2011 8750 - 53rd Ave. PHONE: 780-440-4923 Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2 FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: LINSEED SOAP

PRODUCT USE: Lubricant.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: CAS#: Not available Fatty acids.

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS controlled. WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not applicable

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

Not applicable TDG CLASSIFICATION: UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

LCsoInhal-INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LD₅₀Oral-Rat ACGIH-TLV Mouse

No hazardous ingredients available.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [] EYE CONTACT [] SKIN [] INHALATION [] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation.

INGESTION: No information available. Not considered toxic based on information

available for similar materials.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE No information available. TOXICITY: No information available. MUTAGENICITY: SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: No information available.

LINSEED SOAP



◆ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ■

LINSEED SOAP

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wipe away excess. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected

area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists,

obtain medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until material is

removed and irritation ceases. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

INGESTION: If conscious give 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting; keep head

below hips to prevent aspiration of vomitus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious, rapidly losing

consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if required. If

breathing difficulties, or distress, continue obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Brown paste; slight soapy odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not applicable

BOILING POINT (°C): 100
MELTING POINT (°C): 0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble pH: 9.5 - 11.5

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not applicable EVAPORATION RATE: Not applicable VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not applicable VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not applicable BULK DENSITY Not applicable

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not flammable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use media suitable for packaging and surrounding

materials.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND None known.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []

LINSEED SOAP

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LINSEED SOAP

INCOMPATIBILITY

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

None known.

None known. Not determined.

WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]

MAY OCCUR []

SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not applicable. VENTILATION: Not applicable. PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Personal preference.

EYE PROTECTION: OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify): Safety glasses with side-shields recommended. Wear clothing adequate to protect against exposure.

Ensure eye-wash station and emergency shower are

available.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. No specific storage requirements.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Scoop up excess material. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Wipe up remaining spill with absorbent compound to prevent slipping hazard.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. This material can be landfilled in most areas; check with local operator. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

SECTION IX: PREPARATION

The information contains herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

DATE ISSUED: Nov. 22, 2011 SUPERSEDES: Dec. 9, 2008 780-440-4923 BY: PHONE: Regulatory Affairs

LINSEED SOAP



Material Safety Data Sheet



PROPANE

1. Product and company identification

Product name : PROPANE

: Propane HD-5, Propane commercial, Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG), C3H8, CGSB Synonym

Propane Grade 1, CGSB Propane Grade 2, odourized propane, stenched propane,

automotive propane.

Code : W222

: Propane is used as a fuel gas, refrigerant and as a raw material for organic synthesis. It Material uses

is also used as a laboratory gas. The grade determines the propane content. It is

supplied as pressurized liquid in tanks.

Manufacturer PETRO-CANADA

P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3F3

In case of emergency : Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Hazards identification

Physical state

: Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure.

Odour

Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 28 g Ethyl Mercaptan

per 1000 L of propane.

WHMIS (Canada)



Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

OSHA/HCS status

Emergency overview

; This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

: CAUTION!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HIGH PRESSURE GAS. Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. At high concentrations, this product can displace oxygen and cause asphyxiation therefore a minimum requirement

of 19.5 % oxygen at sea level is recommended.

Routes of entry

Potential acute health effects

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

coma and death.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Skin : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. Eyes Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Potential chronic health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Chronic effects Carcinogenicity ; Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC. Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Hazards identification 2.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects Medical conditions : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Overexposure may lead to cardiac sensitization.

aggravated by over-

exposure

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Propane	74-98-6	90 - 100
Propene	115-07-1	1-5
Butane	106-97-8	1-5
Ethane	74-84-0	1-2.5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Class I - flammable gas (NFPA).

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance

Products of combustion

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Fire-fighting measures

Special remarks on fire hazards

Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Propane may form explosive mixtures with air.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. Immediately contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

 Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Sludges and tank scale from petroleum storage tanks, trucks, rail cars, and filters/screens may contain naturally occurring radioactive material ("NORM") in the form of radon 226 and it's progeny including lead 210. Similarily, equipment used for the transfer of petroleum product such as pipelines, pumps and compressors, may have detectable levels of radioactive lead on inner surfaces. Workers involved in cleaning, descaling, repair or other maintenance on inner surfaces of such equipment should avoid breathing and ingesting of dust generated from such activities. Similarly, gas freeling of pipelines, pumps, vessels and compressors may put workers are risk of inhalation of radon gas. Suitable codes of practice should be developed for these activities, detailing appropriate occupational hygiene, personal protective equipment and disposal practices.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

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PROPANE		Page Number: 4		
8. Exposure co	ntrols/pers	onal protection		
Ingredient		Exposure limits		
Propane Propene Butane Ethane		ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s).		
		ACGIH TLV (United States). TVVA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TVVA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).		
Consult local authorities for	acceptable expo	sure limits.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	or biological r	t contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation of measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.		
Engineering measures	other engineer recommender vapour or dus	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Hygienė measurės	eating, smoki techniques st contaminated	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropri techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety show are close to the workstation location.		
Personal protection				
Respiratory	standard if a based on kno working limits	ly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be own or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe of the selected respirator. Recommended: NIOSH-approved self-eathing apparatus.		
Hands	worn at all tin necessary.	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Recommended: Wear insulated gloves to prevent frostbite.		
Eyes		 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. 		
Skin		 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handli this product. 		
Environmental exposure controls	comply with to	om ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they he requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, ers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under p	ressure
----------------	---	---------

Flash point : Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 450°C (842°F) (NFPA)

Flammable limits : Lower: 2.1% (NFPA)
Upper: 9.5% (NFPA)

Colour : Colourless

Odour : Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 28 g Ethyl Mercaptan

per 1000 L of propane.

Odour threshold : Not available.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : -42°C (-43.6°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Vapour pressure : 1434.9 kPa (10763 mm Hg) @ 38°C (100°F)

Vapour density : 1.56 [Air = 1]
Volatility : Volatile.
Evaporation rate : Not available.
Viscosity : Not available.
Pour point : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.

10 . Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents and halogenated compounds.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

products

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

 Product/ingredient name
 Result
 Species
 Dose
 Exposure

 Butane
 LC50 Inhalation
 Rat
 658000 mg/m²
 4 hours

Gas.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.



PROPANE Page Number: 6

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects Aquatic ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Conclusion/Summary

nclusion/Summary : Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	-		
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		4.

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Compressed gas Flammable gas

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

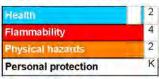
Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

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PROPANE Page Number: 7 16. Other information

Label requirements Hazardous Material : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HIGH PRESSURE GAS.

Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References Available upon request

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Date of printing : 10/24/2013. : 30 March 2012 Date of issue Date of previous issue : 3/31/2009.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

: Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds For Copy of (M)SDS

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue: 3/30/2012. Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Page: 7/7 Petro-Canada is a Suncor Energy business ™ Trademark of Suncor Energy Inc. Used under licence

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USED OIL



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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: USED OIL

SYNONYMS: Waste oil; Used lubricating oil; Oil and water mixture

PRODUCT PART

NUMBER(S): Not applicable.

PRODUCT USE: Oil or water mixture for re-refining or reprocessing.

If this product is used in combination with other products, refer to the

Material Safety Data Sheets for those products.

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS MEDICAL AND TRANSPORTATION (SPILL):

These numbers are for emergency use only. If you desire non-emergency product information, please call a phone

number listed below.

1-800-468-1760

MANUFACTURER/ SUPPLIER: Safety-Kleen Systems, Inc.

5400 Legacy Drive Cluster II, Building 3 Plano, Texas 75024

USA

1-800-669-5740

www.Safety-Kleen.com

TECHNICAL INFORMATION: 1-800-669-5740 Press 1 then 1 then Extension 7500

MSDS FORM NUMBER: 81451 ISSUE: September 20, 2007

ORIGINAL ISSUE: January 15, 1990 SUPERSEDES: June 11, 2007

PREPARED BY: Product MSDS Coordinator APPROVED BY: MSDS Task Force

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SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

				OSH	A PEL	ACG	HILVE		
WT%	NAME	SYNONYM	CAS NO.	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	LDa	LCb
80 to 100	Lubricating oils, used	Used oil	70514-12-4	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 20*	Water/solids	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 10^	Hydrocarbon solvents. May include gasoline, diesel fuel, jet fuel, mineral spirits, etc.	N. Av.	N. AV	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. AV.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 1.5*	Metals. May include lead, iron, zinc, copper, chromium, arsenic, nickel, and others: each below 1.0 WT%.	N. Av	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 1.0*	Polynuclear aromatics. May include naphthalene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and others: each below 0.3 WT%.	N. Av.	N. Av	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av	N. Av.	N. Av.	N Av.
01005	Chlorinated solvents	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N.Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av
Av. = Not		the concentration						I-Rat LD ₅₀ (I	ng/kg)
	by WHMIS, I	his is the actual r	ange which yarie	s with ead	en patch of	the produc	Ar. Arm	alation-Rat Lo	

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

APPEARANCE

Liquid, black and viscous (thick), petroleum odor.

WARNING!

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Combustible liquid.

HEALTH HAZARDS

May be harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

May irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs), eyes, and skin.

Suspect cancer hazard. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Contains material which can cause birth defects.

Contains material which can cause central nervous system damage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Product may be toxic to fish, plants, wildlife, and/or domestic animals.

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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Effects may vary depending on material composition. Typical effects may include:

INHALATION High concentrations of vapor or mist may be harmful if inhaled. High

(BREATHING): concentrations of vapor or mist may irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat,

and lungs). High concentrations of vapor or mist may cause nausea, vomiting, headaches, dizziness, loss of coordination, numbness, and other central nervous system effects. Massive acute overexposure may cause rapid central

nervous system depression, sudden collapse, coma, and/or death.

EYES: May cause irritation.

May cause irritation. Product may be absorbed through the skin and cause SKIN:

harm as noted under INHALATION (BREATHING).

INGESTION May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause throat irritation, (SWALLOWING):

nausea, vomiting, and central nervous system effects as noted under INHALATION (BREATHING). Breathing product into the lungs during

ingestion or vomiting may cause lung injury and possible death.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS Individuals with pre-existing cardiovascular, liver, kidney, AGGRAVATED BY respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs), central nervous EXPOSURE:

system, eye, and/or skin disorders may have increased

susceptibility to the effects of exposure.

CHRONIC: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause oil pneumonia, lung tissue

> inflammation, fibrous tissue formation, and/or toxic effects as noted under INHALATION (BREATHING). Prolonged or repeated eye contact may cause inflammation of the membrane lining the eyelids and covering the eyeball (conjunctivitis). Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying,

cracking, redness, itching, and/or swelling (dermatitis).

CANCER This product contains mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated, which can INFORMATION:

cause cancer. This product may contain hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics which can cause cancer. Risk

of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. For more

information, see SECTION 11: CARCINOGENICITY.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Effective April 2019

Product may be toxic to fish, plants, wildlife, and/or domestic animals.

Also see SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: (BREATHING) Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Oxygen should only be administered by qualified personnel. Someone should stay with victim. Get medical attention if

breathing difficulty persists.

EYES:

If irritation or redness from exposure to vapor develops, move away from exposure into fresh air. Upon contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water, holding eyelids apart, for 15 minutes. Get medical

attention.

SKIN:

Remove affected clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation or pain develops or persists.

INGESTION: (SWALLOWING) Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately get medical attention. Call

1-800-468-1760 for additional information.

If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to avoid breathing the product into the lungs. Never give anything to an unconscious person

by mouth.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Treatment may vary with condition of victim and specifics of incident. Call 1-800-468-1760 for additional

information.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >200°F (93°C) (minimum) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not available.

AUTOIGNITION

TEMPERATURE: Not available.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION

PRODUCTS:

Decomposition and combustion materials may be toxic.
Burning may produce phosgene gas, nitrogen oxides, carbon

monoxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

CONDITIONS OF

FLAMMABILITY: Heat, sparks, or flame. Product may burn but does not ignite

readily.

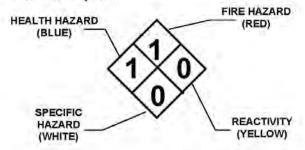
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use carbon dioxide, regular foam, dry chemical, water spray,

or water fog.

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NFPA 704 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:

This information is intended solely for the use by individuals trained in this system.



FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Keep storage containers cool with water spray.

A positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full-body protective equipment are required for

fire emergencies.

FIRE AND

Effective April 2019

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Heated containers may rupture. "Empty" containers may retain residue and can be dangerous. Product is not sensitive to mechanical impact. Product may be sensitive to static

discharge, which could result in fire or explosion.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled product. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Wear protective equipment and provide engineering controls as specified in **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapor or mist. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Contain spill away from surface waters and sewers. Contain spill as a liquid for possible recovery, or sorb with compatible sorbent material and shovel with a clean, sparkproof tool into a sealable container for disposal.

Additionally, for large spills: Water spray may reduce vapor, but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for collection and later disposal.

There may be specific federal regulatory reporting requirements associated with spills, leaks, or releases of this product. Also see **SECTION 15**: **REGULATORY INFORMATION**.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Keep away from heat, sparks, or flame. Where flammable mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used. Use clean, sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. When transferring product, storage tanks, tanker trucks, and rail tank cars should be grounded and bonded. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing, and shoes. Do not smoke while using this product.

SHIPPING AND STORING:

Keep container tightly closed when not in use and during transport. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind containers. Keep containers away from heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Empty product containers may retain product residue and can be dangerous. See SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION for Packing Group information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use general ventilation, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control air-borne levels. Where explosive mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A respiratory protection program which meets USA's OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134 or Canada's CSA Standard Z94.4-M1982 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Consult a qualified Industrial Hygienist or Safety Professional for respirator selection guidance.

EYE PROTECTION: Wearing chemical goggles is recommended. Contact lens may be worn with eye protection.

SKIN

PROTECTION:

Where prolonged or repeated skin contact is likely, wear neoprene, nitrile (4 mil minimum), PVC (polyvinyl chloride), or equivalent protective gloves; wearing natural rubber or equivalent gloves is not recommended.

When product is heated and skin contact is likely, wear heat-insulating gloves, boots, and other protective clothing.

To avoid prolonged or repeated contact with product where spills and splashes are likely, wear appropriate chemical-resistant faceshield, boots, apron, whole body suits, or other protective clothing.

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PERSONAL Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling product and before

HYGIENE: eating, drinking, or using tobacco products. Clean affected clothing, shoes, and protective equipment before reuse. Discard affected clothing, shoes,

and/or protective equipment if they cannot be thoroughly cleaned. Discard

leather articles, such as shoes, saturated with the product.

OTHER Where spills and splashes are likely, facilities storing or using this product should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and shower, both

PROTECTIVE should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and shower, both equipped with clean water, in the immediate work area.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE.

APPEARANCE, AND ODOR: Liquid, black and viscous (thick), petroleum odor.

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available.

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Not applicable.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8 to 1.0 at 60°F (15.6°C) (water = 1)

DENSITY: 6.7 to 8.3 LB/US gal (800 to 1000 g/l) (approximately)

VAPOR DENSITY: greater than 1 (air = 1) (based on kerosene)

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.

BOILING POINT: Not available.

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.

pH: Not applicable.

EVAPORATION RATE: less than 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Slight.

FLASH POINT: >200°F (93°C) (minimum) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not available.

AUTOIGNITION

TEMPERATURE: Not available.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Avoid heat, sparks, or

flame.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, reactive

halogens, or reactive metals.

REACTIVITY: Polymerization is not known to occur under normal temperatures and

pressures. Not reactive with water.

HAZARDOUS

DECOMPOSITION None under normal temperatures and pressures. Also see PRODUCTS: SECTION 5: HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SENSITIZATION: Based on best current information, there may be known human

sensitization associated with this product.

MUTAGENICITY: Based on best current information, there may be mutagenicity

associated with this product.

CARCINOGENICITY: Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated are listed by IARC as a known

carcinogen. Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated are classified by NTP as having limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans or sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are listed by OSHA as known carcinogens. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are listed by IARC as known, probable, or possible carcinogens. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are classified by NTP as known carcinogens or as having limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans or sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are recognized by ACGIH as confirmed or suspected human carcinogens.

Also see SECTION 3: CANCER INFORMATION

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REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

Based on best current information, there may be reproductive

toxicity associated with this product.

TERATOGENICITY:

Based on best current information, there may be teratogenicity

associated with this product.

TOXICOLOGICALLY

SYNERGISTIC PRODUCT(S):

Based on best current information, there may be toxicologically

synergistic products associated with this product.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY: Not available.

OCTANOL/WATER

PARTITION COEFFICIENT:

Not available.

VOLATILE ORGANIC

Not available.

COMPOUNDS:

As per 40 CFR Part 51.100(s)

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Regulations may also apply to empty containers. The responsibility for proper waste disposal lies with the owner of the waste. Contact Safety-Kleen regarding proper recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT:

Not regulated.

TDG:

Not regulated.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE Not applicable.

GUIDE NUMBER:

Reference North American Emergency Response Guidebook

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA SECTIONS

302 AND 304:

USA REGULATIONS Based on the ingredient(s) listed in SECTION 2, this product does not contain any "extremely hazardous substances" listed pursuant to Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Section 302 or Section 304 as identified in 40 CFR Part 355, Appendix

A and B.

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SARA SECTIONS 311 AND 312: This product poses the following physical and health hazards as defined in 40 CFR Part 370 and is subject to the requirements of sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and

Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA): Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA SECTION

313:

This product may contain "toxic" chemicals subject to the requirements

of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR Part 372.

CERCLA: This product may contain "hazardous substances" listed pursuant to

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability

Act of 1980 (CERCLA) in 40 CFR Part 302, Table 302.4.

TSCA: Not available.

CALIFORNIA: This product is not for sale or use in the State of California

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

WHMIS: Not regulated

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

(CEPA): Not available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

REVISION INFORMATION: Change from MSIS to MSDS.

LABEL/OTHER INFORMATION: Not available.

User assumes all risks incident to the use of this product. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, Safety-Kleen assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. No representations or warranties, either express or implied, or merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or of any other nature are made hereunder with respect to information or the product to which information refers. The data contained on this sheet apply to the product as supplied to the user.



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Appendix C: Weekly Fuel Inspection Record

Aston Bay Property Weekly Fuel Inspection Record

Date	Main Cache	Shack	Station	Tent Drums	Drift Site	Insta-Berm	Bungs & Rims	Corrosion	Hoses/Valves/Fittings	Spill Kit/Fire Extinguisher	Signs	Comments
	×				1	no tears, damage, or leaks, rain drain functioning properly	all bungs and rims sealed properly, no leaks detected	minor corrosion on diesel drums of batch B - should be used before batch C	all fuel transfer equipment functioning properly; no- leakage detected	spill kit is fully stocked; fire extinguisher inspection up to date	all signs are posted and undamaged	Ekample
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Appendix D: NT-NU Spill Report Form



Effective April 2019



OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE TEL: (867) 920-8130

FAX: (867) 873-6924 MAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca	
REPORT LINE USE ONLY	
REPORT NUMBER	

Α	REPORT DATE: MONTH - DAY	-YEAR	RE	REPORT TIME			D ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT, OR		REPORT NUMBER	
В	OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH	- DAY -YEAR	OX	CCURRE	NCE TIME	C	UPDATE # O THE ORIGINAL SPI	LL REPORT	_	
С	LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER	(IF APPLICABLE)		V	WAITER LICEN	CE NUMBER (F APPLICABLE)			
D	GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME O	OR DISTANCE AND DIREC	CTION FROM NAMED LOC	ATION	REGION	□ NUNAYUT	□ ADJACENT JU	RISDICTION	OR OCEAN	
E	LATITUDE	E. Colo		L	LONGITUDE					
-	DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONDS		DEGREES MINUTES			SECONDS		
F	RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VE		RESPONSIBLE PAR				N			
G	ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVED	0	CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION							
	PRODUCT SPILLED		QUANTITY IN LITER	ES, KILO	GRAMS OR C	UBIC METRES	U.N. NUMBER			
Н	SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED	(IF APPLICABLE)	APPLICABLE) QUANTITY IN LITRI			UBIG METRES	S U.N. NUMBER			
Ī	SPILL SOURCE		SPILL CAUSE				AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SOLIARE METRES			
J	FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL O	OR RECOVERY	DESCRIBE ANY AS	SISTAN	CE REQUIRED		HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENT			
K										
L	REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY	POSITION	EN	MPLOYE	R	L	OCATION CALLING F	ROM 1	ELEPHONE	
M	ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT	EV	MPLOYE			ALTERNATE CONTACT		ALTERNATE TELEPHONE		
		1	REPORT LINE L	SE ON	LY	-16		-		
N	RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY	AB BC	EMPLOYER		R LOCATION CA			REPORT LINE NUMBER 867) 920-8130		
LEA	DAGENCY DEC DCCG DC			SIGNIF	ICANCE II M	INOR D MAJO	OR I UNKNOWN	1-10-00	US OPEN OCLOSED	
AGENCY CONTACT NAME			22 20 20 20	CONTACT TIME		REMARKS				
15.7	D AGENCY	27,000								
FIRS	ST SUPPORT AGENCY									
SEC	OND SUPPORT AGENCY									
Titer	DE CHROODY ACCION	NOT ADENOV								

PAGE 1 OF

Instructions for Completing the NT-NU Spill Report Form

This form can be filled out electronically and e-mailed as an attachment to spills@gov.nt.ca. Until further notice, please verify receipt of e-mail transmissions with a follow-up telephone call to the spill line. Forms can also be printed and faxed to the spill line at 867-873-6924. Spills can still be phoned in by calling collect at 867-920-8130.

7.53 T W. 63 (1.645	AND THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY					
A. Report Date/Time	The actual date and time that the spill was reported to the spill line. If the spill is phoned in, the Spill Line will fill this out. Please do not fill in the Report Number: the spill line will assign a number after the spill is reported.					
B. Occurrence Date/Time	Indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the exact date and time that the spill occurred. Not to be confused with the report date and time (see above).					
C. Land Use Permit Number /Water Licence Number	This only needs to be filled in if the activity has been licenced by the Nunavut Water Board and/or if a Land Use Permit has been issued. Applies primarily to mines and mineral exploration sites.					
D. Geographic Place Name	In most cases, this will be the name of the city or town in which the spill occurred. For remote locations – outside of human habitations – identify the most prominent geographic feature, such as a lake or mountain and/or the distance and direction from the nearest population center. You must include the geographic coordinates (Refer to Section E).					
E. Geographic Coordinates	This only needs to be filled out if the spill occurred outside of an established community such as a mine site. Please note that the location should be stated in degrees, minutes and seconds of Latitude and Longitude.					
F. Responsible Party Or Vessel Name	This is the person who was in management/control/ownership of the substance at the time that it was spilled. In the case of a spill from a ship/vessel, include the name of the ship/vessel. Please include full address, telephone number and email. Use box K if there is insufficient space. Please note that, the owner of the spilled substance is ultimately responsible for any spills of that substance, regardless of who may have actually caused the spill.					
G. Contractor involved?	Were there any other parties/contractors involved? An example would be a construction company who is undertaking work on behalf of the owner of the spilled substance and who may have contributed to, or directly caused the spill and/or is responding to the spill.					
H. Product Spilled	Identify the product spilled; most commonly, it is gasoline, diesel fuel or sewage. For other substances, avoid trade names. Wherever possible, use the chemical name of the substance and further, identify the product using the four digit UN number (eg: UN1203 for gasoline; UN1202 for diesel fuel; UN1863 for Jet A & B)					
I. Spill Source	Identify the source of the spill: truck, ship, home heating fuel tank and, if known, the cause (eg: fuel tank overfill, leaking tank; ship ran aground; traffic accident, vandalism, storm, etc.). Provide an estimate of the extent of the contaminated/impacted area (eg: 10 m²)					
J. Factors Affecting Spill	Any factors which might make it difficult to clean up the spill: rough terrain, bad weather, remote location, lack of equipment. Do you require advice and/or assistance with the cleanup operation? Identify any hazards to persons, property or environment: for example, a gasoline spill beside a daycare centre would pose a safety hazard to children. Use box K if there is insufficient space.					
K. Additional Information	Provide any additional, pertinent details about the spill, such as any peculiar/unique hazards associated with the spilled material. State what action is being taken towards cleaning up the spill; disposal of spilled material; notification of affected parties. If necessary, append additional sheets to the spill report. Number the pages in the same format found in the lower right hand corner of the spill form: eg, "Page 1 of 2", "Page 2 of 2" etc. Please number the pages to ensure that recipients can be certain that they received all pertinent documents. If only the spill report form was filled out, number the form as "Page 1 of 1".					
L. Reported to Spill Line by	Include your full name, employer, contact number and the location from which you are reporting the spill. Use box K if there is insufficient space.					
M. Alternate Contact	Identify any alternate contacts. This information assists regulatory agencies to obtain additional information if they cannot reach the individual who reported the spill.					
N. Report Line Use Only	Leave Blank. This box is for the Spill Line's use only.					