SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PLAN

FOR THE ASTON BAY PROPERTY (ALSO KNOWN AS THE STORM PROPERTY) NUNAVUT, CANADA

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1. Introduction

This Spill Prevention and Response Plan (SPRP) applies to mineral exploration activities conducted by, or on behalf of, Aston Bay Holdings Ltd. ("Aston Bay") at the Aston Bay Property (the "Property," also known as the "Storm Property"), Somerset Island, Nunavut.

This SPRP will come into effect September 2016, pending approval. Copies and updates to this plan may be obtained by contacting Aston Bay.

1.1 Contact Details

Aston Bay Holdings Ltd.

303 – 80 Richmond St. W Toronto, ON M5H 2A4 Tel: (416) 456-3516

www.astonbayholdings.com

1.2 Purpose and Scope

The SPRP provides straightforward procedures for the storage and handling of fuels and other hazardous materials for the purpose of reducing the risk of environmental contamination and to ensure the health and safety of all personnel from the accidental release of deleterious materials. If an accidental release should occur, the SPRP provides clear response procedures. The goals of the Spill Prevention and Response Plan are to:

- Promote safe handling and use of potentially hazardous materials;
- Promote effective and safe recovery of spilled, potentially hazardous materials;
- Reduce environmental impacts of spills to water and land;
- Identify responsibilities and reporting procedures for spill events;
- Provide site specific information about the facilities and contingencies in place;
- Provide readily accessible emergency information to clean-up crews, management, and government agencies;
- Comply with federal and territorial government regulations and guidelines pertaining to the preparation of a Spill Prevention and Response Plan and notification requirements in the event of a spill.



1.3 Environmental Policy

Aston Bay is firmly committed to the protection and conservation of the natural environment, and to ensuring the health and safety of all employees, contractors, and people in surrounding communities. The environmental policy for the Aston Bay Property is to:

- Develop the project in a socially and environmentally responsible manner;
- Fully comply with all applicable environmental legislation and regulations;
- Work in cooperation with federal, territorial, and local governments, as well as other relevant regulatory bodies, and the general public, on all aspects of environmental protection and policy;
- Assess and mitigate any potential environmental impacts and minimize risks to the health and safety of all employees, contractors, and the general public;
- Ensure contractors operate according to the Aston Bay Property environmental policies and procedures;
- Employ an emergency response plan to reduce impacts of unforeseen events;
- Provide ongoing instruction on Aston Bay Property environmental policies and spill prevention and response plans for all employees and contractors;
- Keep employees, contractors, inspectors, government, and regulatory bodies informed of any changes at the site or with project activities.

For further detail regarding environmental policy, please refer to the Aston Bay Property "Environmental Management Plan".

1.4 Other Plans

The SPRP should be considered as a part of the Property wide management system. Other management plans in place at the Aston Bay Property include:

- Abandonment and Restoration Plan (ARP)
- Emergency Response Plan (ERP)
- Environmental Management Plan (EMP)
- Fuel Management Plan (FMP)
- Waste Management Plan (WMP)



1.5 Project and Camp Description

The Aston Bay Property is located on northern Somerset Island, Nunavut in the Canadian Arctic Archipelago (Appendix A, Figure 1). The nearest community is the hamlet of Resolute Bay, located 112 km north of the Property, on Cornwallis Island. The Property is approximately 1,500 km northwest of Iqaluit, the capital of Nunavut, and about 1,500 km northeast of Yellowknife, Northwest Territories. It is situated in the Qikiqtaaluk Region of Nunavut, within the 1:50,000 scale NTS (National Topographic System) map sheets 058B14 and 15, and 058C02, 03, 06, 07, 10, 11, 13 and 14. The Aston Bay Property includes the Seal Zinc-Silver Prospect, and multiple copper showings, collectively known as the Storm Copper Prospect.

The Aston Bay Property comprises fifty seven contiguous mineral claims numbered AB 1 to AB 47 and ASTON 1 to ASTON 10, and sixteen prospecting permits numbered P-8340 to P-8343, P-12 to P-17 and P-26 to P-31 (Appendix A, Figure 2). The Property covers a combined area of approximately 976,357.1 acres (395,118.0 ha), and is bound by latitudes 72°45′ N and 73°52.5′ N, and longitudes 93°30′ W and 95°30′ W.

Access to the Property is typically restricted to privately chartered helicopter or fixed wing aircraft from Resolute Bay, or the Arctic Watch Lodge, a wilderness adventure resort, located approximately 50 km north of the Property, on Cunningham Inlet. Due to the remoteness of the Property location, the only people who would be immediately affected by a potential spill are employees and contractors.

Aston Bay is currently permitted, licensed and authorized to establish a camp and conduct diamond drilling at the Aston Bay Property in accordance with the Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada (AANDC) Land Use Permit N2015C0014, Nunavut Water Board (NWB) License 2BE-STO1520 and Nunavut Impact Review Board (NIRB) file number 10EN013.

Exploration activities at the Aston Bay Property are anticipated to include soil and rock sampling, geological mapping, ground and airborne geophysical surveys, and diamond drilling. Typically, mineral exploration work in the region is seasonal, and usually starts as early as June and continues until as late as September. All exploration activities at the Aston Bay Property will be helicopter supported and based out of a seasonal exploration camp known as Storm Camp, located along the Aston River at approximately 73°39'23" N latitude and 94°27'07" W longitude (Appendix A, Figures 2 and 3).

A 30 to 40 person tent camp is proposed for the Storm Camp site to support exploration activities at the Aston Bay Property. The camp site is located on an elevated gravel bar adjacent



to the Aston River and includes an airstrip suitable for landing a Twin Otter. The proposed camp is likely to include an operations office, geology office, core shack, medical tent, kitchen, men's' dry, women's' dry, drillers' dry, storage shack, generator shack, pacto toilet shack and 8 to 10 sleepers. The majority of the structures will be insulated Weatherport or Weatherhaven tents with plywood floors.

A fuel cache of approximately 80,000L (~400 drums) will be established adjacent to the camp to support camp and exploration operations. The cache will be primarily diesel and jet fuel, with small quantities of gasoline and propane. Each fuel type will be stored separately. All fuel will be stored within "Insta-Berms", or other industry standard containment berms. When possible, "Rain Drain" hydrocarbon filters will be utilized. Small, temporary fuel caches of less than 4,000L may also be required to supply the drilling and exploration programs. Within 30 days of establishing any temporary fuel cache, the AANDC will be notified of the details of the cache including: location, fuel type, container sizes, method of storage and date of removal.

Off-season fuel storage may include up to 60 drums of jet fuel and diesel, and up to 20 cylinders of propane. An Insta-Berm equipped with a cover and Rain Drain is available for off-season storage of fuel drums. Propane cylinders will be placed on a stable surface (such as a tent floor) away from the drum cache and secured.

The previous camp site, known as Aston Camp, is located at approximately 73°42′30″ N latitude and 94°43′15″ W longitude. Aston Camp is the storage site for historical drill core and was used to support recent exploration in 2014 and 2015. The camp included a fuel cache of 27 drums and 2 propane cylinders. During 2016, all fuel was removed from the Aston Camp fuel cache.

1.6 Hazardous Materials On-Site

A single fuel cache is currently located at Storm Camp (Table 1.1).

Table 1.1: Inventory of Fuels Stored Off-Season at Storm Camp (2016)

Material	Container	Quantity on Site
Diesel	205 L Drum	15 Drums
Jet Fuel (Jet A)	205 L Drum	6 Drums
Gasoline	205 L Drum	1 Drum
Propane	100 lb Cylinder	20 Cylinders



During operations, a main fuel cache area will be established adjacent to Storm Camp at approximately 73° 42' 30.5" N; 94° 43' 16.6" W. Diesel, jet fuel, gasoline and propane will be stored in separate caches in the same general area. A temporary cache will be established adjacent to the airstrip, approximately 600 metres west of Storm Camp, to accommodate fuel delivered by Twin Otter prior to moving it to camp. Small fuel caches of up to 4,000 L will be established at drill sites while drilling is in progress. These temporary caches will store small amounts of diesel and propane, as needed for drilling. Other hazardous materials found on site may include small quantities of various lubricants/oil/grease for drilling and maintenance of motorized equipment, cleaning products, and waste oil.

Diesel, jet fuel, and gasoline will be stored in 205 litre (L) steel drums. Propane will be stored in 100 pound (lb) cylinders equipped with pressure relief valves. Waste oil and fuel will be sealed in 205 L steel drums and removed from camp for proper disposal.

Table 1.2: Inventory of Fuels Stored During Operations at Storm Camp

Material	Container	Proposed On Site
Diesel	205 L Drum	200 Drums
Jet Fuel (Jet A)	205 L Drum	300 Drums
Gasoline	205 L Drum	10 Drums
Propane	100 lb Cylinder	50 Cylinders

Further details on fuel storage and monitoring can be found in the Aston Bay Property "Fuel Management Plan". Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for each of the hazardous materials listed in Table 1 are included in Appendix B.

1.7 Preventative Measures

All fuels and other hazardous materials will be stored within "Arctic Insta-Berms", or similar products, for secondary containment. These types of berms utilize chemical and fire resistant fabric (generally polyurethane coated nylon or vinyl coated polyester material) designed for extreme arctic temperatures and puncture resistance. "RainDrain" or similar hydrocarbon filtration systems will be used to safely remove any water collected inside the berms, and as a safeguard against any potential overflows of contaminated water.

Fuel drums will be stored on their sides in organized rows with the bungs in the three o'clock and nine o'clock positions. Drums will be stood upright 1 to 2 days prior to use in order to allow any contaminants to settle. Daily inspections will be conducted to identify any damaged or



leaking containers, and the findings reported in the "Daily Fuel Inspection Record" (Appendix C). In the event that a leak is discovered, the substance will either be used immediately or transferred to an undamaged container. Regular inspections and maintenance of motorized equipment will also be performed to avoid any fluid leaks onto the land.

Propane cylinders will be equipped with a pressure release valve that opens to prevent a buildup of excessive internal pressure. Labels, showing data such as date of manufacture and re-testing dates, will be applied to the collar of the cylinders. Propane is non-toxic and will not contaminate soil; therefore secondary containment berms are not required for storage. All propane cylinders will be secured for safety and stored away from any sources of ignition.

Electric or hand wobble pumps equipped with filtration devices will be used for the transfer of diesel, jet fuel, and gasoline from their storage containers directly to their end-use fuel tanks. Portable drip trays or mini-berms will be used to mitigate the risk of any spillage. Proper grounding procedures will always be used during fuel transfer while using an electric pump. Cigarette smoking, sparks, open flames, and any potential ignition sources are prohibited within 100 m of any fuel storage site and at all times during fuel transfer.

All chemical and fuel storage and fuel transfer areas will be located a minimum distance of 31 m from the normal high water mark of any water body. Spill kits and firefighting equipment will be strategically located near where any hazardous materials are stored or transferred, at all drill sites, in the helicopter(s), and at other locations throughout the camp. Section 4.1 provides details on spill kit contents.

Camp grey water will be piped to a sump away from the kitchen, office, and sleeping quarters and a minimum of 31 m from the normal high water mark of any water body. The sump must maintain a minimum 1 metre (m) freeboard at all times. The sump and pipe will be inspected at regular intervals for leaks or overflow.

2. Response Organization

In the case of a spill or environmental emergency, an immediate, safe, and environmentally responsible reaction is required. All spills at the Aston Bay Property will be reported.

2.1 Basic Steps

The basic steps of the response plan are as follows:



- 1. Ensure the safety of all persons at all times.
- 2. <u>Identify</u> and find the spilled substance and its source, and if possible, stop the process or shut off the source.
- 3. <u>Inform</u> the on-site coordinator or his/her designate at once, so that immediate actions may be taken including notification of the 24 Hour Spill Report Line and an AANDC Water Resources Officer.
- 4. Contain the spill or environmental hazard.
- 5. <u>Implement</u> any necessary cleanup/remedial action.

2.2 Chain of Command

- 1. <u>Immediately</u> notify the 24 Hour Spill Report Line at 867-920-8130 (Fax: 867-873-6924), the AANDC in Nunavut at 1-800-567-9604, the Manager of Field Operations at 867-975-4295, and Environment Canada at 867-975-4644.
- 2. Before or after contacting the 24 Hour Spill Report Line, a Spill Report Form (Appendix D) is to be filled out.
- 3. Notify project supervisors Thomas Ullrich (Aston Bay) at 416-456-3516 or Chris Livingstone (APEX) at 604-696-9628.

Table 2.1: Spill Reporting and Response Contact List

Contact	Telephone Number	
24 Hour Spill Report Line	1-867-920-8130	
Thomas Ullrich, Project Supervisor	1-416-456-3516	
COO & Executive VP (Aston Bay Holdings Ltd.)	1-410-430-3310	
Chris Livingstone, Project Supervisor	1-604-696-9628	
Project Geologist (APEX Geoscience Ltd.)	1-004-090-9028	
AANDC (Nunavut)	1-800-567-9604	
AANDC Manager of Field Operations	1-867-975-4295	
Environment Canada	1-867-975-4644	
LITVII OITITIETIL Cariada	24-hr page: 867-766-3737	
Government of Nunavut Department of Environment	1-867-975-7700 (Iqaluit)	
Government of Nunavat Department of Environment	1-867-252-3879 (Resolute)	
DFO (Central and Arctic Branch)	1-519-383-1813	
Nunavut Water Board	1-867-360-6338	
RCMP – Resolute Bay (non-emergency)	1-867-252-0123	
Resolute Bay Health Centre	1-867-252-3844	
Medevac (Keewatin Air)	1-867-979-3970	
Poison Control	1-800-332-1414	
Storm Camp Main Line	TBD*	
Storm Camp Satellite Phone	TBD*	



* The Phone numbers for the satellite phone system used in camp change annually.

3. Action Plan

3.1 Potential Spill Hazards

Even with appropriate precautions, the potential for spills remains when dealing with fuel and other hazardous materials. The following is a list of potential spill hazards:

- 205 L drums holding diesel, jet fuel, gasoline, waste fuels, and waste oils have the potential to leak or rupture due to mishandling. Older or refilled drums are more prone to leaking around the bungs if the seals are not properly maintained.
- Propane cylinders may leak from the valves or rupture as a result of mishandling.
- Vehicles and other motorized equipment may experience fuel or oil leaks as a result of malfunctions, impacts, lack of maintenance, improper storage, or faulty operation.
- Leaks or spills may occur during fuel transfer due to over-fueling, improper fueling procedure, or faulty equipment.
- The risk of rupturing a fuel container increases during transport due to the increased amount of handling involved.

Regular inspection and maintenance of fuel caches, motorized equipment, and fuel transfer equipment will help to mitigate the risks outlined above. Training for proper maintenance of motorized equipment, fuel transfer and handling procedures, and spill response training will be provided to applicable personnel.

3.2 Potential Environmental Impacts

All hazardous materials pose a threat to the environment if spilled. Overall, spills in the winter are usually lower impact as snow is a natural sorbent and ice forms a barrier against soil or water contamination. The following list outlines potential environmental impacts of hazardous materials stored on site:

- Gasoline may be harmful to wildlife and aquatic life. It is not readily biodegradable and has the potential for bioaccumulation in the environment. Gasoline volatizes quickly.
- Diesel may be harmful to wildlife and aquatic life. It is not readily biodegradable and has the potential for bioaccumulation in the environment. Diesel burns slowly and thus the risk to the environment is reduced during recovery as it can be more readily contained compared to more volatile fuels.
- Jet fuel may be harmful to wildlife and aquatic life. It is not readily biodegradable and has the potential for bioaccumulation in the environment. Jet fuel volatizes relatively quickly.



- Propane may be harmful to wildlife and the surrounding environment, and it has the potential to accumulate in the environment. Propane is extremely volatile and is the most flammable material stored on site. Impacts to the immediate surrounding environment are of greatest concern.
- Oils and greases may be harmful to wildlife and aquatic life. They are not readily biodegradable and have the potential for bioaccumulation in the environment.

Take action only if safety permits!

NEVER SMOKE when dealing with spills!

3.3 Initial Actions

- Ensure safety of all personnel.
- Assess spill hazards and risks.
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Stop the spill if it is possible to do so safely.
- Notify the supervisor and request assistance if needed.
- Contain the spill.

3.4 Secondary Actions

- Determine the status of the spill event.
- If necessary, pump fuel from a damaged or leaking tank or drum into a refuge container.
- Notify the 24 Hour Spill Report Line.
- Complete and fax a copy of the Spill Report Form (Appendix D).
- Notify permitting authorities.
- If possible, resume cleanup and containment.

3.5 Containment Procedures

- Ensure it is safe to initiate containment procedures.
- Always use applicable safety equipment (gloves, goggles/safety glasses, masks/respirators, etc.) before attempting to contain a spill.
- Initiate spill containment by first determining what will be affected by the spill.
- Assess speed and direction of the spill and the cause of movement (water, wind, slope).
- Determine the best location for containing the spill, avoiding water bodies.



 Have a contingency plan ready in case spill worsens beyond control or if other factors impede containment efforts.

3.5.1 Diesel, Jet Fuel, Gasoline, Hydraulic Oil and Lubricating Oil

3.5.1.1 Containment of Spills on Land

Spills on land include spills on rock, gravel, soil and/or vegetation. It is important to note that soil is a natural sorbent, thus spills on soil are generally less serious than spills on water as contaminated soil can be more easily recovered. Generally spills on land occur during the late spring, summer or fall when snow cover is at a minimum. It is important that all measures be undertaken to avoid spills reaching open water bodies.

Dykes

Dykes can be created using soil surrounding a spill on land. These dykes are constructed around the perimeter or down slope of the spilled fuel. A dyke needs to be built up to a size that will ensure containment of the maximum quantity of fuel that may reach it. A plastic tarp can be placed on and at the base of the dyke such that fuel can pool up and subsequently be removed with sorbent materials or by pump into barrels or bags. If the spill is migrating very slowly a dyke may not be necessary and sorbents can be used to soak up fuels before they migrate away from the source of the spill.

Trenches

Trenches can be dug out to contain spills as long as the top layer of soil is thawed. Shovels pick axes or a loader can be used depending on the size of trench required. It is recommended that the trench be dug to the bedrock or permafrost, which will then provide containment layer for the spilled fuel. Fuel can then be recovered using a pump or sorbent materials.

3.5.1.2 Containment of Spills on Water

Spills on water such as rivers, streams or lakes are the most serious types of spills as they can negatively impact water quality and aquatic life. All measures need to be undertaken to contain spills on open water.

Booms



Booms are commonly used to recover fuel floating on the surface of lakes or slow moving streams. They are released from the shore of a water body to create a circle around the spill. If the spill is away from the shoreline a boat will need to be used to reach the spill, then the boom can be set out. More than one boom may be used at once. Booms may also be used in streams and should be set out at an angle to the current. Booms are designed to float and have sorbent materials built into them to absorb fuels at the edge of the boom. Fuel contained within the circle of the boom will need to be recovered using sorbent materials or pumps and placed into barrels or bags for disposal.

Weirs

Weirs can be used to contain spills in streams and to prevent further migration downstream. Plywood or other materials found on site can be placed into and across the width of the stream, such that water may still flow under the weir. Spilled fuel will float on the water surface and be contained at the foot of the weir. It can then be removed using sorbents, booms or pumps and placed into barrels or plastic bags.

Barriers

In some situations barriers made of netting or fence material can be installed across a stream, and sorbent materials placed at the base to absorb spilled fuel. Sorbents will need to be replaced as soon as they are saturated. Water will be allowed to flow through. This is very similar to the weir option discussed above.

Note that in some cases, it may be appropriate to burn fuel or to let volatile fuels such as gasoline evaporate after containment on the water surface. This should only be undertaken in consultation with, and after approval from the AANDC or lead agency Inspector.

3.5.1.3 Containment of Spills on Ice

Spills on ice are generally the easiest spills to contain due to the predominantly impermeable nature of the ice. For small spills, sorbent materials are used to soak up spilled fuel. Remaining contaminated ice/ slush can be scraped and shoveled into a plastic bag or barrel. However, all possible attempts should be made to prevent spills from entering ice covered waters as no easy method exists for containment and recovery of spills if they seep under ice.

Dykes



Dykes can be used to contain fuel spills on ice. By collecting surrounding snow, compacting it and mounding it to form a dyke down slope of the spill, a barrier is created thus helping to contain the spill. If the quantity of spill is fairly large, a plastic tarp can be placed over the dyke such that the spill pools at the base of the dyke. The collected fuel can then be pumped into barrels or collected with sorbent materials.

Trenches

For significant spills on ice, trenches can be cut into the ice surrounding and/or down slope of the spill such that fuel is allowed to pool in the trench. It can then be removed via pump into barrels, collected with sorbent materials, or mixed with snow and shoveled into barrels or bags.

Burning

Burning should only be considered if other approaches are not feasible, and is only to be undertaken with the permission of the AANDC or lead agency Inspector.

3.5.1.4 Containment of Spills on Snow

Snow is a natural sorbent, thus as with spills on soil, spilled fuel can be more easily recovered. Generally, small spills on snow can be easily cleaned up by raking and shoveling the contaminated snow into plastic bags or empty barrels, and storing these at an approved location.

Dykes

Dykes can be used to contain fuel spills on snow. By compacting snow down slope from the spill, and mounding it to form a dyke, a barrier or berm is created thus helping to contain the spill. If the quantity of spill is fairly large, a plastic tarp can be placed over the dyke such that the spill pools at the base of the dyke. The collected fuel/snow mixture can then be shoveled into barrels or bags, or collected with sorbent materials.

3.5.1.5 Storage, Transfer and Disposal

In most cases, spill cleanups are initiated at the far end of the spill and contained moving toward the centre of the spill. Sorbent socks and pads are generally used for small spill cleanup. A pump with attached fuel transfer hose can suction spills from leaking containers or large accumulations on land or ice, and direct these larger quantities into empty drums. Hand tools



such as cans, shovels, and rakes are also very effective for small spills or hard to reach areas. Heavy equipment can be used if deemed necessary, and given space and time constraints.

Used sorbent materials are to be immediately placed in plastic bags, and later in sealed containers for future disposal. All materials mentioned in this section are available in the spill kits located at camp, drill sites and fuel caches. Following clean up, any tools or equipment used will be properly washed and decontaminated, or replaced if this is not possible.

All contaminated soil, water, ice, snow, and supplies used for clean-up will be stored in sealed, labeled containers and removed from site for proper disposal at an approved facility. The movement of hazardous wastes will be monitored by the Nunavut Department of Environment and tracked with a Waste Manifest during all movements and transfers.

3.5.2 Propane

It is not possible to contain vapors when released. Water spray can be used to knock down vapors if no chance of ignition exists. Personnel should leave the area immediately unless a small leak is stopped immediately following detection. Personnel should avoid touching release points on damaged containers as frost may form rapidly. If tanks are damaged, do not attempt a recovery – allow gas to disperse. Keep clear of tank ends. Small fires can be extinguished with a dry chemical CO_2 fire extinguisher.

3.5.2.1 Containment of Spills on Land

Do not attempt to contain propane release.

3.5.2.2 Containment of Spills on Water

Do not attempt to contain propane release.

3.5.2.3 Containment of Spills on Ice

Do not attempt to contain propane release.

3.5.2.4 Containment of Spills on Snow

Do not attempt to contain propane release.

3.5.2.5 Storage, Transfer and Disposal



It is not possible to contain released vapors. Contaminated materials and damaged containers will be sent to an approved facility for disposal. The movement of hazardous wastes will be monitored by the Nunavut Department of Environment and tracked with a Waste Manifest during all movements and transfers.

3.5.3 Chemical Spills

- Assess hazard of spilled material; REFER TO MSDS. Members of the emergency response team who are vulnerable to certain contaminants should be replaced with alternatives (e.g. Asthmatics where fumes or airborne particles are evident).
- Assemble applicable safety equipment (gloves, goggles/safety glasses, masks/respirators, etc.) before responding to a spill.
- Apply absorbents to soak up liquids.
- Solid chemicals such as dusts or powders should be covered with plastic sheeting to prevent disbursement by wind or animal.
- Neutralize acids or caustics. Place spilled material and contaminated clean-up supplies in empty refuge drums and seal for disposal.
- Contact the 24 Hour Spill Report Line.
- Proceed with clean-up in correspondence with the MSDS and steps in section 3.

4. Resource Inventory

Spill kits and firefighting equipment will be strategically located near where any hazardous materials are stored or transferred, at all fuel caches, drill sites, in the helicopter(s), and at numerous locations throughout the camp.

4.1 On-site Resources

Spill kits will be in bright yellow 231 L rigid plastic containers and will contain:

- 100 oil sorbent pads
- 6 small pillows
- 2 large pillows
- 2 3"x4' socks
- 5 3"x8' socks
- 2 4' socks
- 1 25 lb bag granular
- 2 pair splash goggles
- 2 poly coated Tyvek suits



- 2 disposable respirators
- 10 large bags with ties for temporary use
- 2 large tarps
- 1 collapsible shovel
- 1 roll duct tape
- 1 utility knife
- 2 spill kit labels
- 1 laminated copy of the Aston Bay Property Spill Prevention and Response Plan
- 1 231 L overpack drum
- 1 checklist of required items

Other equipment on site:

- 2 38"x144' rolls absorbent matting
- 200 16"x20" enviro matting
- 10 booms
- 5 large tarps
- 5 shovels (minimum)
- 3 pick axes (minimum)
- 3 rakes (minimum)
- 10 empty 205 L drums (minimum)

Spill kits will be located:

- Main fuel cache
- Helicopter pad / air strip
- Drill fuel caches
- Generator shack
- Incinerator
- Additional spill kits around camp

5. Training Program

5.1 On-site Personnel

All on-site personnel will undergo an orientation and training program on initial spill response procedures and be familiar with spill reporting requirements. Fuel handling personnel will receive additional training in safe operation of fuel transfer equipment, spill prevention techniques and spill response. The on-site project supervisor will keep detailed training records.



A designated Emergency Response Team (ERT) made up of on-site personnel will be established. Members of the ERT will receive comprehensive and ongoing training in emergency spill response. ERT members will be on-site at all times and will be made aware of the available resources and locations of spill kits.

Training will include, but not be limited, to the following:

- Review of the SPRP and ERT member responsibilities.
- Location of fuel and chemical storage sites.
- Causes and possible effects of spills.
- Use of on and off-site spill response resources.
- Exercises in spill response and spill kit use.
- Distribution of up-to-date copies of the SPRP and emergency contact lists.

All on-site personnel are required to have basic training in first aid, WHMIS, and Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG). Supervisors are required to have advanced first aid training, as well as a valid Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Supervisor's Certificate.

5.2 Contractors

All contractors will complete site-specific health and safety training including, but not limited to: WHMIS, TDG, and OSH training.



Appendix A: Figures



Figure 1 Aston Bay Property Location



Figure 2 Aston Bay Property Mineral Tenures

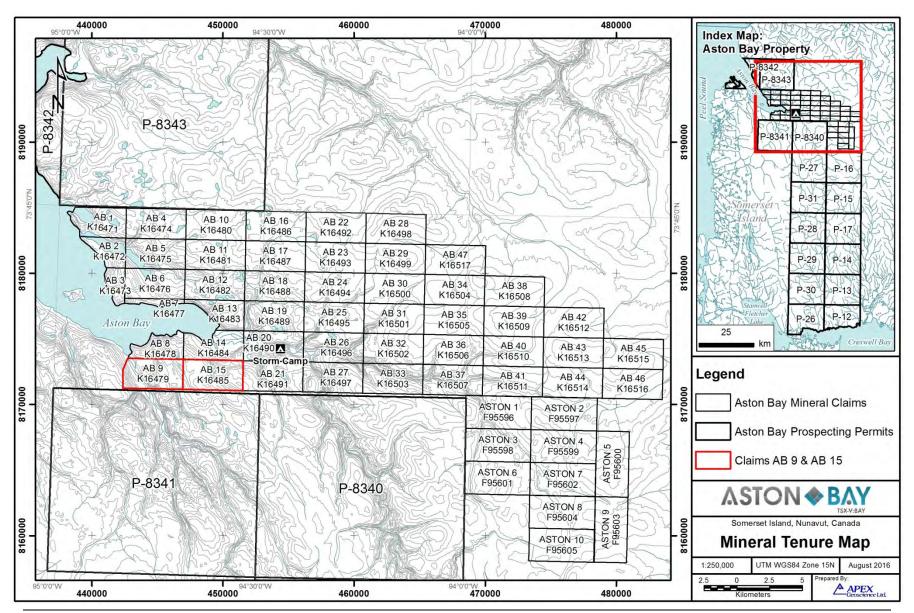


Figure 2 Storm Camp and Airstrip Locations

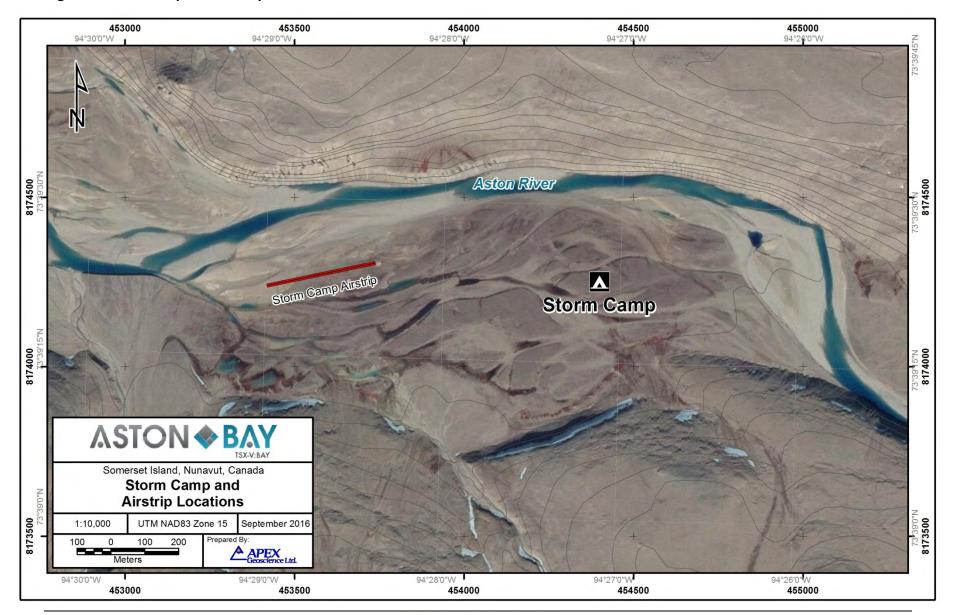


Figure 4 Storm Camp During Operations (2016)



Appendix B: MSDS



Material Safety Data Sheet



TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL

Product and company identification

Product name : TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL

Code : TWOCYC

Material uses : A low ash 2-cycle engine oil designed to lubricate conventional pre-mixed fuel/oil as well

as oil injection lubricated engines powering air-cooled two-stroke cycle engines.

Manufacturer : Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.

2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga, Ontario Canada L5J 1K2

In case of emergency : Suncor Energy: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Viscous liquid.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the

safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and

available for employees and other users of this product.

Emergency overview ; No specific hazard.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation ; No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion ; No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity: Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC,

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions: Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and aggravated by over-severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

exposure dermatitis

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3 . Composition/information on ingredients

Name CAS

Name
Mixture of severely hydrotreated and hydrocracked and/or solvent-refined base oil (petroleum).

CAS number Mixture -

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL Page Number: 2

3. Composition/information on ingredients

The base oil may be a mixture of the following CAS#s. 8042-47-5, 64741-95-3, 64742-01-4, 64742-46-7, 64742-47-8, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-62-7, 72623-83-7, 72623-84-8, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 178603-64-0, 178603-65-1, 178603-66-2, 445411-73-4

First-aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Flammability of the product : May be combustible at high temperature.

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Suitable

Not suitable

: None known

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Products of combustion

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards

: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

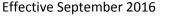
Methods for cleaning up

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		Page Number: 3						
6. Accidental re	lease meas	sures						
Small spill	if water-solub	thout risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up le. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and propriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste ractor.						
Large spill	upwind. Prev spillages into spillage with r diatomaceous (see section 1 absorbent ma	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.						
7. Handling and	storage							
Handling	smoking shou processed. V Remove conta Do not ingest mist. Keep in material, kept	oriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and lid be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and vorkers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking aminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue azardous. Do not reuse container.						
Storage	direct sunlight (see section 1	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.						
		vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate						
8. Exposure co	containment to	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate						
8 . Exposure co	containment to	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate o avoid environmental contamination.						
	ntrols/perso	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate o avoid environmental contamination. Onal protection						
Ingredient Mixture of severely hydrotreal hydrocracked and/or solvent-	ntrols/personted and refined base oil	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate o avoid environmental contamination. Onal protection Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).						
Ingredient Mixture of severely hydrotreal hydrocracked and/or solvent-(petroleum). Consult local authorities for Recommended monitoring	ted and refined base oil acceptable expose If this product or biological in	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate o avoid environmental contamination. Onal protection Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s).						
Ingredient Mixture of severely hydrotreal hydrocracked and/or solvent-(petroleum) Consult local authorities for Recommended monitoring procedures	ted and refined base oil acceptable expose: If this product or biological nor other control. No special version worker with exposure	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate of avoid environmental contamination. Onal protection Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s). Sure limits. contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere nonitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation						
Ingredient Mixture of severely hydrotreal hydrocracked and/or solvent-(petroleum) Consult local authorities for Recommended monitoring procedures Engineering measures	ted and refined base oil acceptable expose: If this product or biological nor other control worker with exposure engineering or limits. Wash hands, eating, smoking techniques shoontaminated	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate of avoid environmental contamination. Conal protection Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s). Soure limits. contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere nonitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation of measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Intilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to rexposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other						
Ingredient Mixture of severely hydrotreal hydrocracked and/or solvent-(petroleum)	ted and refined base oil acceptable expose: If this product or biological nor other control worker with exposure engineering or limits. Wash hands, eating, smoking techniques shoontaminated	vent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate of avoid environmental contamination. Conal protection Exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Notes: (Mineral oil) TWA: 5 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction) 8 hour(s). Sure limits. contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere nonitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation of measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Intilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients alimits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before the gand using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate could be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers						

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Exposure controls/personal protection

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

Recommended: neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

dusts.

Skin

 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Viscous liquid

Flash point : Open cup: 152°C (305.6°F) [Cleveland.]

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.
Flammable limits : Not available.
Colour : Blue-green.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like

Odour threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

Vapour pressure : Not available : Not availabl

Viscosity : 20.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F), 4.5 cSt @ 100°C (212°F), VI=132

Pour point : -57°C (-71°F)
Solubility : Insoluble in water.

Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable

Hazardous polymerisation

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid

: Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, alkalis and acids.

Hazardous decomposition products May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, methacrylate monomers, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure

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TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL							Page Number: 5			
11 . Toxicologica	l in	fori	matio	n						
Mixture of severely hydrotro hydrocracked and/or solver oil (petroleum).				D50 D	ermal	Rabbit	>200	00 mg/kg	-	
The state of the s			L		ral halation and mists	Rat Rat		00 mg/kg mg/l	4 hours	
Conclusion/Summary	(1)	Not a	vailable.							
Chronic toxicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not a	vailable.							
Irritation/Corrosion										
Conclusion/Summary	3.1	Not a	vailable.							
Sensitiser										
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not a	vailable							
Carcinogenicity										
Conclusion/Summary	2.1	Not a	vailable.							
Classification										
Product/ingredient name Mixture of severely hydrotri hydrocracked and/or solver base oil (petroleum).			ACC A4	SIH	IARC	EPA	NIOS	H NTP	OSHA -	
Mutagenicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not a	vailable.							
<u>Teratogenicity</u>										
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not a	vailable.							
Reproductive toxicity										
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Not a	vailable.							

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary

Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

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TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL Page Number: 6

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	+	-	=		+
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available	81		14.

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) Flammability 1
Physical hazards 0
Personal protection B

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of printing : 2/2/2014.

Date of issue : 19 January 2012

Date of previous issue : 10/6/2010.

Responsible name : Product Safety - RS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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TWO CYCLE MOTOR OIL

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16. Other information

For Copy of (M)SDS

The Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) (Under the Hazardous Products Act, part of the WHMIS legislation) only apply to WHMIS Controlled (i.e., hazardous) products. Therefore, the CPR and the 3-year update rule specified therein do not apply to WHMIS Non-Controlled products. Although this is true, customarily Petro-Canada reviews and updates Non-Controlled product MSDS if a customer requests such an update. These Non-Controlled product updates are given a lower priority than Controlled products but are handled as soon as practicable. If you would like to verify if the MSDS you have is the most current, or you require any further information, please contact:

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.ca/msds

Lubricants:

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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550RD 550X POLYMER

DESCRIPTION

550RD/550X is a highly dispersible, slightly anionic, dry synthetic polymer that minimizes fisheyes when mixing allowing for more consistent yields and less waste in minimal shear environments. Requires minimal shearing to yield very consistently and quickly compared to semi synthetic or natural polymers.

PRIMARY FUNCTIONS

- High viscosity for cuttings transport with minimal product usage
- · Nontoxic for use in environmentally sensitive applications

SECONDARY FUNCTIONS

These functions serve as supplemental benefits of this products use when mixed accordingly.

- · Reduced torque and tubular wear compared to straight water applications
- Increased rate of penetration in directional and horizontal wells
- Reduction in storage on site, volume of supplies and transport costs over liquid product
- · Shale and clay encapsulation that reduces swelling and increases well bore stability

MIXING

550RD 550X can be mixed readily in fresh water. Sprinkle slowly onto agitated, turbulent water. Hydration is almost immediate. 1-1.5 kg/m³ is generally sufficient for normal vertical drilling applications. In unconsolidated or broken formations that are prone to sloughing or in water reactive clay or shale the concentration should be increased to 1.5-2.5kg/m³. This product is sensitive to high salinity, if mixing in salt water contact Di-Corp rep for specialized instruction.

ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous components: None

Potentially dangerous impurities: None

Physical properties: White solid at 20 Degrees C

Measures to be taken after leakage or accidental spilling: Wash abundantly with water and

bleach

Inflammability or danger of explosion: None Poisonous properties: Non-toxic, slightly basic

First Aid measures: Wash with water

PACKAGING

20 kg. High impact plastic pail with handle.



Surrey • Saskatoon • North Bay • Whitehorse • Smithers Tel. 1.800.665.6645 Web: www.di-corp.com







+ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

DATE:

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp.

Nov. 22, 2011 8750 - 53rd Ave. 780-440-4923 PHONE: Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2 FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: **BIG BEAR ROD GREASE**

PRODUCT USE: Anti-seize compound

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture CAS #: Mixture

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS regulated.

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Not hazardous under normal conditions of use.

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not TDG regulated. TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable. UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable.

PACKING GROUP: Not applicable.

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT % (w/w) CAS NUMBER LD₅₀Oral-Rat LC50Inhal-Rat ACGIH-TLV Mineral oil 70-80 64742-52-5 Not available Not available Not available Barium soap 20-30 68201-19-4 Not available Not available Not available

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [XX] EYE CONTACT [XX] SKIN [] INHALATION [XX] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight transient irritation. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight transient irritation.

INGESTION: No effects known.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.

CARCINOGENICTY: None of the ingredients in the compound are listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as

being carcinogenic.

TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE No information available. TOXICITY:

MUTAGENICTY: No ingredients listed as mutagenic.

SYNERGISTIC No information available.

PRODUCTS:

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE





+ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Remove by wiping, or with a waterless hand cleaner. Wash with soap and

water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until all residual material

is removed. Remove contact lenses if present. Hold eyelids open to ensure

thorough flushing. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain immediate medical

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing victim.

pH: Not available

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If

breathing difficulties or distress continues, obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Brown paste; bland odour

 SPECIFIC GRAVITY:
 0.90 @ 16°C

 BOILING POINT (°C):
 371

 MELTING POINT (°C):
 204

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available
EVAPORATION RATE: Not available
VAPOUR PRESSURE: Not available
VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available
BULK DENSITY: Not applicable

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 188°C (D-92)
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not available

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical, CO₂, foam or water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire-PRODCEDURES: fighting personnel. Remove containers from fire area, or

cool with water spray, if possible.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND This product may burn under fire conditions.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []

INCOMPATIBILITY Strong oxidizers. Avoid heat, sparks and open flames.

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: Contact with incompatibles or ignition sources.

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

2





+ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when

heated to decomposition.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR []

SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not required under normal conditions of use. VENTILATION: Not required under normal conditions of use.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Suggest neoprene or viton.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses with side-shields if required.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify): Protective clothing as required to prevent contact.

Ensure eyewash station and emergency shower are

available.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid ingestion. Wash thoroughly before eating, drinking or smoking. Store in cool, dry area away from incompatibles and sources of ignition. Use caution when opening unvented containers. Use in well-ventilated area. Store unused material in original container.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Eliminate ignition sources. Scoop up excess, then wipe down the affected area and pick up residual with diatomateous earth to prevent slipping hazard. Place contaminated material and clean up materials in approved containers for disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose/incinerate in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Dispose of, or recycle, empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION IX: PREPARATION

The information contains herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

DATE ISSUED: Nov. 22, 2011
SUPERSEDES: Dec. 9, 2008
BY: Regulatory Affai

BY: Regulatory Affairs PHONE: 780-440-4923

BIG BEAR ROD GREASE

3





WESTWAY FEED PRODUCTS, INC. 3315 2nd AVE. N LETHBRIDGE, AB (800)563-6371

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET REVISED JUNE 28, 2007

SECTION I:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIPTION:

CSB (CONCENTRATED SEPAROTOR BY-PRODUCT)

USE:

ANIMAL FEED

MANUFACTURER:

WESTWAY FEED PRODUCTS, INC.

3315 2nd AVE. N.

LETHBRIDGE, AB, CANADA

TIH 0C7

EMERGENCY CONTACT:

WESTWAY FEED PRODUCTS, INC.

TECHNICAL SERVICES DON MANN (403)660-4416

SECTION II:

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

HAZARD DESCRIPTION:

1. STICKY SYRUP

2. CAN REACT EXOTHERMALLY IF STORED AT

HIGH TEMPERATURES.

COMPONENT 1 COMPONENT 2 COMPONENT 3

CHEMICAL NAME:

SUCROSE

PLANT NON-SUCROSES WATER

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

CHO

N.A.

HO

PERCENT OF PRODUCT:

12%

68%

20%

SECTION III:

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA

DESCRIPTION:

DARK BROWN SYRUP

DECOMPOSITION:

SLOW DECOMPOSITION ABOVE 186 C

VOLATILITY:

NIL

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

1.41

SOLUBILITY:

SOLUBLE IN WARM WATER IN ALL PROPORTIONS

pH:

8-9 IN WATER SOLUTION

REACTIVITY:

NIL AT NORMAL TEMPERATURE AND USE. CAN REACT EXOTHERMALLY UNDER PROPER CONDITIONS OF

INVERT, AMINO ACIDS, AND TEMPERATURES.

PAGE 1 OF 2



PAGE 2

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION:

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

N/A

EYE PROTECTION:

N/A

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: BREATHING APPARATUS MUST BE USED WHEN

ENTERING STORAGE TANKS UNLESS

THOROUGHLY VENTILLATED.

LOCAL EXHAUST:

STORAGE TANKS SHOULD BE VENTILATED BEFORE

ENTRY.

OTHER EQUIPMENT:

LIFE LINE SHOULD BE WORN WHEN ENTERING

TANKS.

REACTIVITY DATA:

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

N/A

STABILITY:

STABLE WHEN STORED AT LESS THAN 140 F

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

N/A

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSTION:

N/A

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:

WASH WITH WATER OR PICK UP WITH ABSORBENT MATERIALS. PREVENT ENTRY TO WATER WAYS WHERE BOD IS A CONCERN.

SPECIAL INFORMATION: NONE

THE INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT. NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED.





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 1 of 8

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

MSDS Number: 6482

Product Code: 2015A0208050

Intended Use: Grease

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier: Imperial Oil Downstream

240 4th Avenue

Calgary, ALBERTA: T2P 3M9 Canada

24 Hour Environmental / Health Emergency

Telephone

Transportation Emergency Phone Number 1-866-232-9563
Product Technical Information 1-800-268-3183
Supplier General Contact 1-800-567-3776

SECTION 2

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

1-866-232-9563

No Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s).

SECTION 3

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines see Section 15.

HEALTH EFFECTS

Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation. High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage.

NFPA Hazard ID: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 HMIS Hazard ID: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person:

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 2 of 8

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Aldehydes, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume, Sulphur oxides. Incomplete combustion products

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >204°C (400°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)]
Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
Autoignition Temperature: N/D

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 3 of 8

For emergency responders: Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, e.g., formation of mists. Half-face or full-face respirator with filter(s) for dust/organic vapor or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used depending on the size of spill and potential level of exposure. If the exposure cannot be completely characterized or an oxygen deficient atmosphere is possible or anticipated, SCBA is recommended. Work gloves that are resistant to hydrocarbons are recommended. Gloves made of polyvinyl acetate (PVA) are not water-resistant and are not suitable for emergency use. Chemical goggles are recommended if splashes or contact with eyes is possible. Small spills: normal antistatic work clothes are usually adequate. Large spills: full body suit of chemical resistant, antistatic material is recommended.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Allow spilled material to solidify and shovel it up into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

Scrape up spilled material with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Skim from surface

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

STORAGE

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions.

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications,





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 4 of 8

handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No.skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practise good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Solid Form: Semi-fluid Colour: Brown Odour: Characteristic Odour Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.92

Flash Point [Method]: >204°C (400°F) [EST. FOR OIL, ASTM D-92 (COC)]





Product Name: MOBILUX ER 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 5 of 8

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D

Autoignition Temperature: N/D
Boiling Point / Range: >316°C (600°F)
Vapour Density (Air = 1): N/D
Vapour Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20°C

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): N/D

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): >3.5 Solubility in Water: Negligible Viscosity: 150 cSt (150 mm2/sec) at 40°C

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazarda Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D Melting Point: N/D

DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346:

Decomposition Temperature: N/D

NOTE: Most physical properties above are for the oil component in the material.

SECTION 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks	
Inhalation		
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.	
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.	
Ingestion		
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.	
Skin		
Toxicity: No end point data for material.	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.	
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.	
Eye		
Irritation: No end point data for material.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components.	





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 6 of 8

CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS

Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloms formation. Not sensitising in test animals.

CMR Status:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	
SOLVENT DEWAXED RESIDUAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	64742-62-7	1,6	

-REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED-

1 = IARC 1 3 = IARC 2B 5 = ACGIH A1 2 = IARC 2A 4 = ACGIH ALL 6 = ACGIH A2

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component — Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component - Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component — Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 7 of 8

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification: Not controlled

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

CEPA: All components of this material are either on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: DSL, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TSCA

Special Cases:

Inventory	Status	
AICS	Restrictions Apply	

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	- 1
ZINC DITHIOPHOSPHATE	68649-42-3	6	





Product Name: MOBILUX EP 2 Revision Date: 22 Jan 2015 Page 8 of 8

1 = TSCA4 2 = TSCA5a2 --REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--3 = TSCA 5e 5 =

4 = TSCA 6

5 = TSCA 12b 6 = NPRI

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Revision Changes:

Section 06: Protective Measures information was modified. Section 11: Tox Table - Header information was modified.

Section 06: Accidental Release - Protective Measures - Header information was added.

Section 11: Chemical Name - Header information was added. Section 11: CAS Number - Header information was added. Section 11: List Citation - Header information was added. Section 11: Tox List Cited Table information was added.

WHMIS Classification: Not controlled

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Prepared by: Imperial Oil Limited, IH and Product Safety



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: Diversity Technologies Corp. DATE: Jan. 3, 2006

8750 – 53rd Ave. PHONE: 604-940-6050

Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2 FAX: 604-940-6080

PRODUCT NAME: G-STOP

PRODUCT USE: Drilling mud additive.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Polyacrylamide CAS#: Not available

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not a controlled product under WHMIS

WORKPLACE HAZARD: Treat as a nuisance dust.

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not applicable UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LDsoOral-Rat LCsoInhal-Rat ACGIH-TLV Contains no WHMIS controlled ingredients.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [JEYE CONTACT [JSKIN [JINHALATION [JINGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation and/or redness. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation some cases.

INGESTION: Low acute oral toxicity. May cause nausea and vomiting.

INHALATION: May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, including sneezing and

coughing.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No information available.



G-Stop Page 2 of 4

MUTAGENICITY: No information available. SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: No information available.

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists.

obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

EYE CONTACT: Flush with gently flowing warm water until irritation subsides. If

irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give 2-3 glasses of water. If symptoms occur,

obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is

unconscious, rapidly losing consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration as required. If

breathing difficulties or distress continues obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: White granular powder; no odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8

BOILING POINT (°C): Not available MELTING POINT (°C): Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble pH: Not applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not available EVAPORATION RATE: Not available VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not available VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not available BULK DENSITY: Not available

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not applicable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, in preference to

a water spray.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel. Move containers from fire area if

possible.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND

As with most organic powders, flammable dust EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

clouds may be formed in air. Avoid creating dust.

Avoid sources of ignition.



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SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE [] INCOMPATIBILITY Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Avoid wet, (CONDITIONS TO AVOID): damp or humid conditions, extremes of temperature,

and ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various hydrocarbons,

PRODUCTS:

and/or hydrogen cyanide upon combustion WILL NOT OCCUR [XX] MAY OCCUR [] HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use approved dust mask in absence of adequate

ventilation. Use approved respirators with dust

cartridges if TLV is exceeded.

VENTILATION: Use in well-ventilated area, or use local exhaust

ventilation, process enclosure or other engineering

controls to maintain dust level below TLV.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Use gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated

skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety glasses or goggles.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT As necessary to prevent contact. Ensure eyewash (Specify): station and emergency shower are available.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of dust and contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals and at end of work period. Product is readily removed from skin by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Store in a cool, dry location away from incompatibles. Store in original container.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Avoid creating dust clouds. Remove ignition sources. Sweep up or vacuum dry material and flush spill area with water. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. This product or its solutions should not be allowed to enter waterways without treatment.



G-Stop Page 4 of 4

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal. It may be possible to dispose of spills of non-hazardous materials in a landfill; check with local operator.

SECTION IX: PREPARATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH, BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE.

DATE ISSUED: January 3, 2006 BY: Product safety committee

SUPERSEDES: March 31, 2003 PHONE: 780-440-4923





Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product Name: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 22
Product Number: 334225
Synonyms: Antiwear Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Based Lubricant
Chemical Name: Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate

Chemical Family: Petroleum Distillate CAS Number: Blend

Company Identification

Gulf Oil LP/Nu-Tier Brands, Inc.

Tulsa, OK

TECHNICAL CONTACT NUMBER: 918-550-8026, Ext. 507

CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT LISTING: CAS Number Chemical Name Amount HYDROTREATED PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, DEWAXED > 98.0 % 64742-65-0 Blend ADDITIVES < 2.0 %

(See Section 8 for exposure guidelines)

(See Section 15 for regulatory information)

HAZARDS DISCLOSURE

This product contains no known hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

As defined under Sara 311 and 312, this product contains no known hazardous materials.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

********* EMERGENCY OVERVIEW *********** * Not expected to cause a severe emergency hazard. **********





Material Safety Data Sheet

HMIS Rating - Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0

NFPA Rating - Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Special Hazard: N/A

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EVE.

Contact may cause eye irritation and redness.

SKIN:

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

TNHALATION.

Inhalation of vapors or mist may be mildly irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

INGESTION:

Small amounts swallowed during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury.

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

No adverse effects have been documented in humans as a result of chronic exposure.

CARCINGGENICITY INFORMATION:

Based on OSHA 1910.1200 and IARC study requirements, this product does not require labeling.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT FIRST AID: Flush eye with water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID:

Wash skin with soap and water.

Thoroughly wash (or discard) clothing and shoes before reuse.





Material Safety Data Sheet

INHALATION FIRST AID:
Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

INGESTION FIRST AID:
If vomiting should occur spontaneously, keep airway clear.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES
COC Flash Point: 210° C (410.0° F)
Autoignition Temperature: > 315.6° C (> 600.1° F)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR
LEL: N/A
UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder. Water may be used to cool below flash point.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:
Fumes, smoke and carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SAFEGUARDS (PERSONNEL):
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

INITIAL CONTAINMENT:
Absorb spills with inert material.

LARGE SPILLS PROCEDURE:
Contain spilled material.

Large spillage should be dammed-off and pumped into containers.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.





Material Safety Data Sheet

SMALL SPILLS PROCEDURE: Clean up area by absorbent material.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING (PERSONNEL):
DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH
CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF
IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH,

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

HANDLING (PHYSICAL ASPECTS): Store in a cool dry area.

Keep container closed to avoid contamination.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Not required under normal conditions of use. However, if unusual operating conditions exist, then provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below PEL/TLV (s).

EYE / FACE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

Where contact with this material is likely, eye protection is recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: No Information Available.





Material Safety Data Sheet

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

```
FORM ... Liquid

COLOR ... Amber

ODOR ... Characteristic

BOTLING POINT ... >425° F

VAPOR PRESSURE ... Nil mm Hg

VAPOR DENSITY ... >1 (Air = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER ... Nil

SPECIFIC GRAVITY ... Not Determined (Water = 1)

MELTING/FREEZING POINT ... N/A °F

% VOLATILES ... Nil %

VISCOSITY ... 22 cSt at 40 Deg C
```

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.

POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS:
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

DECOMPOSITION:

In the case of a fire, oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, fumes, and smoke may be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

Minimal irritation on contact.

SKIN EFFECTS:

Practically non-toxic if absorbed. May cause mild irritation with prolonged and repeated exposure.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Tests on similar materials indicate low order of acute oral toxicity.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Low acute toxicity expected on inhalation.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Please contact supplier for additional toxicological information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS;

Ecotoxicological Information: No specific aquatic data available for this product.





Material Safety Data Sheet

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner.

All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT LABEL: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 22 D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME ...: Not regulated by DOT

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

This material or all of its components are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances under the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE ...: NEW
APPROVAL DATE: May 9, 2011
SUPERCEDES DATE ...:
RTN NUMBER:

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

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END OF MSDS





Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product Name: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 32
Product Number: 334227
Synonyms: Antiwear Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Based Lubricant
Chemical Name: Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate

Chemical Family: Petroleum Distillate CAS Number: Blend

Company Identification

Gulf Oil LP/Nu-Tier Brands, Inc.

Tulsa, OK

TECHNICAL CONTACT NUMBER: 918-550-8026, Ext. 507

CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT LISTING: CAS Number Chemical Name Amount HYDROTREATED PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, DEWAXED > 98.0 % 64742-65-0 Blend ADDITIVES < 2.0 %

(See Section 8 for exposure guidelines)

(See Section 15 for regulatory information)

HAZARDS DISCLOSURE

This product contains no known hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

As defined under Sara 311 and 312, this product contains no known hazardous materials.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

********* EMERGENCY OVERVIEW *********** * Not expected to cause a severe emergency hazard. **********





Material Safety Data Sheet

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{HMIS Rating -} & \text{Health:} & 1 \\ & & \text{Flammability:} & 1 \\ & & \text{Reactivity:} & 0 \\ \end{array}$

made very.

NFPA Rating - Health: 1
Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0
Special Hazard: N/A

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYE:

Contact may cause eye irritation and redness.

SKIN

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INHALATION

Inhalation of vapors or mist may be mildly irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

INGESTION:

Small amounts swallowed during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury.

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

No adverse effects have been documented in humans as a result of chronic exposure.

CARCINGGENICITY INFORMATION:

Based on OSHA 1910.1200 and IARC study requirements, this product does not require labeling.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT FIRST AID:

Flush eye with water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID:

Wash skin with soap and water.

Thoroughly wash (or discard) clothing and shoes before reuse.





Material Safety Data Sheet

```
INHALATION FIRST AID:
Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

INGESTION FIRST AID:
If vomiting should occur spontaneously, keep airway clear.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
Treat symptomatically.
```

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

```
FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES
COC Flash Point: 215.8°C (#20.5°F)
Autoignition Temperature: > 315.6°C (> 600.1°F)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR
LEL: N/A
UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder. Water may be used to cool below flash point.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:
Fumes, smoke and carbon monoxide.
```

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

```
SAFEGUARDS (PERSONNEL):
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

INITIAL CONTAINMENT:
Absorb spills with inert material.

LARGE SPILLS PROCEDURE:
Contain spilled material.

Large spillage should be dammed-off and pumped into containers.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.
```





Material Safety Data Sheet

SMALL SPILLS PROCEDURE: Clean up area by absorbent material.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING (PERSONNEL):
DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH
CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF
IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

HANDLING (PHYSICAL ASPECTS): Store in a cool dry area.

Keep container closed to avoid contamination.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Not required under normal conditions of use. However, if unusual operating conditions exist, then provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below FEL/TLV (s).

EYE / FACE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

Where contact with this material is likely, eye protection is recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: No Information Available.





Material Safety Data Sheet

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

```
STABILITY:
Stable.
```

POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

DECOMPOSITION:

In the case of a fire, oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, fumes, and smoke may be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

```
EYE EFFECTS:
Minimal irritation on contact.
```

SKIN EFFECTS:

Practically non-toxic if absorbed. May cause mild irritation with prolonged and repeated exposure.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Tests on similar materials indicate low order of acute oral toxicity.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Low acute toxicity expected on inhalation.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Please contact supplier for additional toxicological information.





Material Safety Data Sheet

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Ecotoxicological Information: No specific aquatic data available for this product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner.

All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT LABEL: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 32 D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME ...: Not regulated by DOT

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

This material or all of its components are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances under the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE ...: NEW
APPROVAL DATE: May 9, 2011
SUPERCEDES DATE ...:
RTN NUMBER:
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

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Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product Name: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 46
Product Number: 334229
Synonyms: Antiwear Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Based Lubricant

Chemical Name: Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate

Chemical Family: Petroleum Distillate CAS Number: Blend

Company Identification

Gulf Oil LP/Nu-Tier Brands, Inc.

Tulsa, OK

TECHNICAL CONTACT NUMBER: 918-550-8026, Ext. 507

CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT LISTING: CAS Number Chemical Name Amount HYDROTREATED PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, DEWAXED > 98.0 % Blend ADDITIVES < 2.0 %

(See Section 8 for exposure guidelines)

(See Section 15 for regulatory information)

HAZARDS DISCLOSURE

This product contains no known hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

As defined under Sara 311 and 312, this product contains no known hazardous materials.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

******** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW ********** * Not expected to cause a severe emergency hazard. ******************





Material Safety Data Sheet

HMIS Rating -

Health: 1 Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

NFPA Rating -

Health: 1 Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0 Special Hazard: N/A

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYE:

Contact may cause eye irritation and redness.

SKIN

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INHALATION

Inhalation of vapors or mist may be mildly irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

INGESTION:

Small amounts swallowed during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury.

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

No adverse effects have been documented in humans as a result of chronic exposure.

CARCINGGENICITY INFORMATION:

Based on OSHA 1910.1200 and IARC study requirements, this product does not require labeling.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT FIRST AID:

Flush eye with water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID:

Wash skin with soap and water.

Thoroughly wash (or discard) clothing and shoes before reuse.





Material Safety Data Sheet

INHALATION FIRST AID:
Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

INGESTION FIRST AID:
If vomiting should occur spontaneously, keep airway clear.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

COC Flash Point: 221° C (430° F)
Autoignition Temperature: > 315.6° C (> 600.1° F)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR

LEL: N/A

UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder. Water may be used to cool below flash point.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:
Fumes, smoke and carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SAFEGUARDS (PERSONNEL):
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

INITIAL CONTAINMENT:
Absorb spills with inert material.

LARGE SPILLS PROCEDURE:
Contain spilled material.

Large spillage should be dammed-off and pumped into containers.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.





Material Safety Data Sheet

SMALL SPILLS PROCEDURE: Clean up area by absorbent material.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING (PERSONNEL):
DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH
CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF
IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

HANDLING (PHYSICAL ASPECTS): Store in a cool dry area.

Keep container closed to avoid contamination.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Not required under normal conditions of use. However, if unusual operating conditions exist, then provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below PEL/TLV (s).

EYE / FACE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

Where contact with this material is likely, eye protection is recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: No Information Available.





Material Safety Data Sheet

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM ... Liquid

COLOR ... Amber

ODOR ... Characteristic

BOILING POINT ... >425° F

VAFOR PRESSURE ... Nil mm Hg

VAPOR DENSITY ... >1 (Air = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER ... Nil

SPECIFIC GRAVITY ... Not Determined (Water = 1)

MELTING/FREEZING POINT ... N/A °F

VOLATILES ... Nil %

VISCOSITY ... 46 cSt at 40 Deg C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.

POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

DECOMPOSITION:

In the case of a fire, oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, fumes, and smoke may be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

Minimal irritation on contact.

SKIN EFFECTS:

Practically non-toxic if absorbed. May cause mild irritation with prolonged and repeated exposure.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Tests on similar materials indicate low order of acute oral toxicity.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Low acute toxicity expected on inhalation.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Please contact supplier for additional toxicological information.





Material Safety Data Sheet

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Ecotoxicological Information: No specific aquatic data available for this product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner.

All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT LABEL: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 46 D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME ...: Not regulated by DOT

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

This material or all of its components are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances under the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE ...: NEW
APPROVAL DATE: May 9, 2011
SUPERCEDES DATE ...:
RTN NUMBER:

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

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END OF MSDS





Material Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identification

Product Name: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 68
Product Number: 334231
Synonyms: Antiwear Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Based Lubricant
Chemical Name: Hydrotreated heavy paraffinic distillate

Chemical Family: Petroleum Distillate CAS Number: Blend

Company Identification

Gulf Oil LP/Nu-Tier Brands, Inc.

Tulsa, OK

TECHNICAL CONTACT NUMBER: 918-550-8026, Ext. 507

CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT LISTING: CAS Number Chemical Name Amount HYDROTREATED PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, DEWAXED > 98.0 % 64742-65-0 Blend ADDITIVES < 2.0 %

(See Section 8 for exposure guidelines)

(See Section 15 for regulatory information)

HAZARDS DISCLOSURE

This product contains no known hazardous materials as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

As defined under Sara 311 and 312, this product contains no known hazardous materials.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

********* EMERGENCY OVERVIEW *********** * Not expected to cause a severe emergency hazard. **********





Material Safety Data Sheet

HMIS Rating - Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

NFPA Rating - Health: 1 Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0 Special Hazard: N/A

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYE:

Contact may cause eye irritation and redness.

SKIN

Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

INHALATION

Inhalation of vapors or mist may be mildly irritating to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

INGESTION:

Small amounts swallowed during normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury.

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

No adverse effects have been documented in humans as a result of chronic exposure.

CARCINGGENICITY INFORMATION:

Based on OSHA 1910.1200 and IARC study requirements, this product does not require labeling.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT FIRST AID:

Flush eye with water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID:

Wash skin with soap and water.

Thoroughly wash (or discard) clothing and shoes before reuse.





Material Safety Data Sheet

INHALATION FIRST AID:
Remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

INGESTION FIRST AID:
If vomiting should occur spontaneously, keep airway clear.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES
COC Flash Point: 232° C (450° F)
Autoignition Temperature: > 315.6° C (> 600.1° F)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR
LEL: N/A
UEL: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder. Water may be used to cool below flash point.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:
Fumes, smoke and carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SAFEGUARDS (PERSONNEL):
Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

INITIAL CONTAINMENT:
Absorb spills with inert material.

LARGE SPILLS PROCEDURE:
Contain spilled material.

Large spillage should be dammed-off and pumped into containers.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.





Material Safety Data Sheet

SMALL SPILLS PROCEDURE: Clean up area by absorbent material.

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING (PERSONNEL):
DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH
CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF
IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

HANDLING (PHYSICAL ASPECTS): Store in a cool dry area.

Keep container closed to avoid contamination.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Not required under normal conditions of use. However, if unusual operating conditions exist, then provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below PEL/TLV (s).

EYE / FACE PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

Where contact with this material is likely, eye protection is recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material.

RESFIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

When there is potential for airborne exposures in excess of applicable limits, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: No Information Available.





Material Safety Data Sheet

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

FORM ... Liquid

COLOR ... Amber

ODOR ... Characteristic

BOILING POINT ... >425° F

VAFOR PRESSURE ... Nil mm Hg

VAPOR DENSITY ... >1 (Air = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER ... Nil

SPECIFIC GRAVITY ... Not Determined (Water = 1)

MELTING/FREEZING POINT ... N/A °F

% VOLATILES ... Nil %

VISCOSITY ... 68 cSt at 40 Deg C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.

POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

DECOMPOSITION:

In the case of a fire, oxides of carbon, hydrocarbons, fumes, and smoke may be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

Minimal irritation on contact.

SKIN EFFECTS:

Practically non-toxic if absorbed. May cause mild irritation with prolonged and repeated exposure.

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

Tests on similar materials indicate low order of acute oral toxicity.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

Low acute toxicity expected on inhalation.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Please contact supplier for additional toxicological information.





Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 68

Material Safety Data Sheet

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Ecotoxicological Information: No specific aquatic data available for this product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Treat or dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, state/provincial, and national requirements.

Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner.

All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

PRODUCT LABEL: Gulf Harmony AW Hydraulic 68 D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME ...: Not regulated by DOT

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION:

This material or all of its components are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances under the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

REASON FOR ISSUE ...: NEW
APPROVAL DATE: May 9, 2011
SUPERCEDES DATE ...:
RTN NUMBER:

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein.

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END OF MSDS





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 1 of 9

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Z-50 PIPE DOPE Product Name:

Base Oil and Additives Product Description:

8503 MSDS Number:

Product Code: 2015A020X010

Intended Use: Sealant

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier: Imperial Oil Products Division

240 4th Avenue

T2P 3M9 Calgary, ALBERTA: Canada

24 Hour Environmental / Health Emergency 1-866-232-9563

Telephone

Transportation Emergency Phone Number 1-866-232-9563 Product Technical Information Supplier General Contact 1-800-268-3183 1-800-567-3776

SECTION 2

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

No Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s).

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines see Section 15

HEALTH EFFECTS

Low order of toxicity. Excessive exposure may result in eye, skin, or respiratory irritation. High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage.

NFPA Hazard ID: Flammability: Health: Reactivity: HMIS Hazard ID: Health: Flammability: Reactivity:

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 4

FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 2 of 9

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Smoke, Fume, Aldehydes, Sulphur oxides, Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Metal Oxides

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >221°C (430°F) [ASTM D-92]

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL 0.9 UEL 7.0

Autoignition Temperature: >260°C (500°F)

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 3 of 9

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Scrape up spilled material with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Warn other shipping. Material will sink. Consult an expert. No immediate action required.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

STORAGE

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

SECTION 8

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Substance Name	Form	Limit/St	andard	Note	Source
MICA	Respirable fraction.	TVVA	3 mg/m3		ACGIH

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 4 of

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions, Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include

No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practise good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Solid Form: Semi-fluid Grey Colour: Odour: Characteristic Odour Threshold:

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 1.59

>221°C (430°F) [ASTM D-921 Flash Point [Method]:

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL 0.9 HEL 70

Autoignition Temperature: >260°C (500°F)

Boiling Point / Range: < 316°C (601°F) [Estimated] Vapour Density (Air = 1): N/D Vapour Pressure: < 0.013 kPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20°C

[Estimated]

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1):

pH: N/D





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 5 of 9

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/A

Solubility in Water: Negligible Viscosity: [N/D at 40°C]

Oxidizing Properties: See Hazard's Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: N/D

Melting Point: 196°C (385°F)
Decomposition Temperature: N/D

NOTE: Most physical properties above are for the oil component in the material.

SECTION 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Route of Exposure	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Toxicity: No end point data for material:	Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components.
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.
Ingestion	
Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Skin	
Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	Negligible irritation to skin at ambient temperatures. Based on assessment of the components.
Eye	
Irritation (Rabbit): Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on assessment of the components.

CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS

Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects, lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 6 of 9

animals.

Additional information is available by request.

CMR Status: None.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	
MICA	12001-26-2	. 4.	

-REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED-

1 = IARC 1 3 = IARC 2B 5 = ACGIH A1 2 = IARC 2A 4 = ACGIH ALL 6 = ACGIH AZ

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Base oil component - Expected to be inherently biodegradable

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 7 of 9

residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

LAND (DOT): Not Regulated for Land Transport

SEA (IMDG): Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

AIR (IATA): Not Regulated for Air Transport

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification: Not controlled

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

CEPA: All components of this material are either on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL), exempt, or have been notified under CEPA.

 $\textbf{Complies with the following national/regional chemical inventory requirements:} \quad \textbf{AICS}, \textbf{DSL}, \textbf{IECSC}, \textbf{KECI}, \textbf{PICCS}$

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations	
ZINC	7440-66-6	6	

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--1 = TSCA 4 3 = TSCA 5e 5 = TSCA 12b 2 = TSCA 5a2 4 = TSCA 6 6 = NPRI

TAXABLE DATE OF THE PARTY OF TH	
SECTION 16	OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable





Product Name: Z-50 PIPE DOPE Revision Date: 20 Sep 2012 Page 8 of 9

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS: Revision Changes: Section 06: Notification Procedures - Header was modified. Section 10: Materials To Avoid - Header was modified. Section 11: Acute Toxicity Table Header was modified. Section 09: Phys/Chem Properties Note was modified. Section 09: Colour was modified. Section 11: Ingestion Acute Lethality - Header was modified. Section 11: Inhalation - Header was modified. Section 09: Boiling Point C(F) was modified. Section 09: Evaporation Rate - Header was modified. Section 08: Personal Protection - Header was modified. Section 08: Comply with applicable regulations phrase was modified. Section 09: Vapour Pressure - Header was modified. Section 09: Vapour Pressure was modified. Section 11: Inhalation Lethality Test Data was modified. Section 11: Inhalation Irritation Test Data was modified. Section 05: Hazardous Combustion Products was modified. Section 06: Accidental Release- Spill Management- Water was modified. Section 09: Relative Density - Header was modified. Section 09: Flash Point C(F) was modified. Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Header was modified. Section 14: Air (IATA) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (TDG) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (DOT) - Header was modified. Section 14: LAND (DOT) - Default was modified. Section 14: LAND (TDG) Default was modified. Section 14: Sea (IMDG) - Default was modified. Section 14: Air (IATA) - Default was modified. Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing - Header was modified. Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing was modified. Hazard Identification: Hazards Note was modified. Section 16: CA Prepared by - Header was modified. Section 09: Section 9 Footnotes was modified. Section 09: Oxidizing Properties was modified. Section 15: Canadian List Citations Table was modified Section 01: Company Contact Methods Sorted by Priority was modified. Section 06: Protective Measures was added Section 06: Accidental Release - Protective Measures - Header was added. Section 09: Form - Header was added. Section 09: Physical State was added Section 09: Decomposition Temperature was added Section 09: Decomposition Temp - Header was added. Section 09: Vapour Pressure was added. Section 01: Product Code was added. Section 01: Product Code - Header was added. Section 09: Form - Header was deleted. Section 09: Physical State was deleted.



WHMIS Classification: Not controlled



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DGN: 5007465 (1015931)

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Prepared by: Imperial Oil Limited, IH and Product Safety



Material Safety Data Sheet



DIESEL FUEL

1. Product and company identification

Product name

: DIESEL FUEL

Synonym

: Seasonal Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1 Heating Oil, D50, D60, P40, P50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel, Furnace special, Biodiesel blend, B1, B2, B5, Diesel Low Cloud (LC), Marine Gas Oil.

Code

Material uses

: Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type. Mining diesels, marine diesels, MDO and naval distillates may have a higher flash point requirement.

Manufacturer

P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency

: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Bright oily liquid.

Odour

Mild petroleum oil like.

WHMIS (Canada)



Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: WARNING!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Combustible liquid. Severely irritating to the skin. Irritating to eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly

after handling

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Ingestion

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product

coma and death.

may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin. Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Hazards identification 2 .

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions aggravated by over: Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact to diesel fuels which can lead to dermal irritation and may be associated with an increased risk of skin cancer.

exposure

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%	
Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel/ Fuels, diesel/ Fuel Oil No. 1/ Fuel Oil No. 2	64742-81-0/	95 - 100	
A series of the	68334-30-5/	55.430	
	8008-20-6/		
	68476-30-2		
Alkanes, C10 – 20 Branched and Linear (R100)	928771-01-1	10 - 20	
Fatty acids methyl esters	61788-61-2 /	0-5	
Printed With Transport	67784-80-9 /		
	73891-99-3		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

/e			

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

Ingestion

; Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Products of combustion

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), sulphur compounds (H2S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Fire-fighting measures

Special remarks on fire hazards Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite.

Special remarks on explosion hazards Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers, Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

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DIESEL FUEL		Page Number: 4
8. Exposure co	ntrols/per	sonal protection
Ingredient		Exposure limits
Fuels, diesel Fuel oil No. 2		ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m², (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
Hydrotreated Renewable Dies	sel	TWA: 100 mg/m³, (Inhalable fraction and vapour) 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin.
Paer on No. 1		TWA: 200 mg/m² 8 hour(s).
Consult local authorities for	acceptable exp	posure limits.
Recommended monitoring procedures	or biologica	uct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere if monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation introl measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	other engin recommend	th adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of eering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any ded or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, just concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.
Hygiene measures	eating, smo techniques contaminate	ls, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before bking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash ed clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers the workstation location.
Personal protection		
Respiratory	standard if based on k working lim canister ma are expects is limited. U uncontroller	erly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be nown or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe its of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour cartridge or by be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations do to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for do release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where the prespirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hands		esistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is
	Recomment provider for use pattern impervious	ided: nitrile, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your s. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their ness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be necked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they changed.
Eyes		wear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk tindicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or
Skin		otective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling t.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions to comply with fume scrub	from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, bers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Bright oily liquid.

Flash point : Diesel fuel and other distillate fuels: Closed cup: ≥40°C (≥104°F)

Marine Diesel/MDO/Naval Distillate: Closed Cup: ≥60°C (≥140°F)

Mining Diesel: Closed Cup: ≥52°C (≥126°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 225°C (437°F)
Flammable limits : Lower: 0.7%

Upper: 6%

Colour : Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation purposes)

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 150 to 371°C (302 to 699.8°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

 Relative density
 : 0.80 to 0.88 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

 Vapour pressure
 : 1 kPa (7.5 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F)

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]
Volatility : Not available.
Evaporation rate : Not available.

Viscosity : Diesel fuel: 1.3 - 4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Marine Diesel Fuel: 1.3 - 4.4 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour point : Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to

products decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Acı	ıte t	OY	CI	h
7	400	SUA.		L.Y.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	LD50 Dermal	Mouse	24500 mg/kg	-
Transfer and the second	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-
Fuel oil No. 2	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	
Fuel oil No. 1	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	Vapour			
Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>5200 mg/m ³	4 hours

Vapour

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

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11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Diesel engine exhaust particulate is probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A)

Classification

 Product/ingredient name
 ACGIH
 IARC
 EPA
 NIOSH
 NTP
 OSHA

 Fuels, diesel
 A3
 3

 Fuel oil No. 1
 A3
 3

 Fuel oil No. 2
 A3
 3

 Hydrotreated Renewable Diesel
 A3
 3

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1202	DIESEL FUEL	3	m		-
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		- L

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Transport information

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Combustible liquid Irritating material

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93,3°C

(200°F)

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted

16. Other information

Label requirements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of printing : 4/14/2014.

Date of Issue : 28 June 2013

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

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16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Material Safety Data Sheet



GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Product and company identification

Product name

: GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Synonym

: Regular, Unleaded Gasoline (US Grade), Mid-Grade, Plus, Super, WinterGas, SummerGas, Supreme, SuperClean WinterGas, RegularClean, PlusClean, Premium, marked or dyed gasoline, TQRUL, transitional quality regular unleaded, BOB, Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending, Conventional Gasoline.

Code

: W102E, SAP: 102 to 117

Material uses

: Unleaded gasoline is used in spark ignition engines including motor vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines such as chain saws and lawn mowers, and

recreational vehicles.

Manufacturer

; PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency

; Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

Clear liquid.

Odour

Gasoline

WHMIS (Canada)



Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: WARNING!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

Flammable liquid. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Ingestion

: Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract. Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED	Page Number: 2
2. Hazards ide	ntification
Skin	: Irritating to skin.
Eyes	: Irritating to eyes.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Chronic effects	: This product contains an ingredient or ingredients, which have been shown to cause chronic toxic effects. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce blood disorders.
Carcinogenicity	Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: Contains material which may cause heritable genetic effects.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Medical conditions aggravated by over-	 Repeated or prolonged contact with spray or mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Gasoline	86290-81-5	85-100
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40*
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5-1.5
Ethanol	64-17-5	0.1-0.3
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		

^{*}Montreal: may vary from 3-40% *Edmonton: may vary from 1-5%

exposure

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	 Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
Notes to physician	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable liquid (NFPA)

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Products of combustion

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Special remarks on fire hazards

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, shocks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards

Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8)

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly

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Handling and storage

closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Gasoline	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s).
Toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States). TVVA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s).
Benzene	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 2.5 ppm 15 minute(s).
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minute(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

- : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- **Engineering measures**
- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

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8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they

should be changed.

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk Eyes assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid.

: Closed cup: -50 to -38°C (-58 to -36.4°F) [Tagliabue.] Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature : 257°C (494.6°F) (NFPA) Flammable limits : Lower: 1.3% (NFPA) Upper: 7.6% (NFPA)

Colour : Clear to slightly yellow or green, undyed liquid. May be dyed red for taxation purposes.

: Gasoline Odour Odour threshold : Not available. : Not available. pH

Boiling/condensation point : 25 to 220°C (77 to 428°F) (ASTM D86)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.685 to 0.8 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F)

: <107 kPa (<802.5 mm Hg) @ 37.8°C (100°F) Vapour pressure

Vapour density : 3 to 4 [Air = 1] (NFPA)

Volatility : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Viscosity Pour point : Not available.

Solubility : Hydrocarbon components virtually insoluble in water. Soluble in alcohol, ether,

chloroform and benzene. Dissolves fats, oils and natural resins.

Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Hazardous polymerisation

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid

: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and interhalogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: May release COx, NOx, phenols, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Gasoline	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	91
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13600 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12125 mg/kg	100
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	4
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	7585 ppm	4 hours
	Vapour			
Benzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>8240 mg/kg	91
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	13700 ppm	4 hours
	Vapour			
Ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	4
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>32380 ppm	4 hours

Vapour

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH** IARC **EPA** NIOSH **OSHA** NTP Gasoline A3 2B Toluene A4 3 D A1 Benzene Proven Ethanol A3

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary ; Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There is a wealth of information about the teratogenic hazards of Toluene in the

literature; however, based upon professional judgement regarding the body of evidence,

WHMIS classification as a teratogen is not warranted.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not out, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1203	GASOLINE	3	3).		*
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	6		157

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification

Flammable liquid Irritating material Carcinogen

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2; Flammable liquid

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

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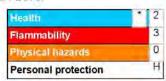


16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE HERITABLE GENETIC EFFECTS.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request.

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Date of issue : 10 October 2012

Date of previous issue : 4/9/2010.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

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Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax:: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Material Safety Data Sheet



JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

1. Product and company identification

Product name : JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Synonym : Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8; NATO F-34; Jet F-34;

Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB-3.32)

Code : W213, SAP: 149

Material uses : Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet

A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel (if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.

Manufacturer : PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta

T2P 3E3

In case of emergency : Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Clear liquid

Odour : Kerosene-like.
WHMIS (Canada) :

(1) (T)

Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all

contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.

OSHA/HCS status ; This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview : CAUTION!

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE

BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Combustible liquid. Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only

with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry

Potential acute health effects

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Inhalation

: Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness,

slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure;

coma and death.

Ingestion : Ingestion of this product may cause gastro-intestinal irritation. Aspiration of this product

may result in severe irritation or burns to the respiratory tract.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eves : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Page Number: 2

99.9

< 0.1

0.1 - 0.15

CAS number

Not applicable

8008-20-6

111-77-3

2 . Hazards identification

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects Medical conditions : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

aggravated by overexposure

: Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction or dermatitis.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name

Complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons (C9-C16)*(Kerosene)

Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added**): (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether)

Anti-static antioxidant and metal deactivator additives.

*Aromatic content is 25% maximum (benzene: nil). **Please note that Jet A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34 all contain Fuel System

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

Eye contact

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA)

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Date of issue: 5/24/2012.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Page Number: 3

5. Fire-fighting measures

Products of combustion

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spit material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION T	URBINE FUEL	Page Number: 4
7. Handling	and storage	
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. St	fore in a segregated and approved area.

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Kerosene	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas. vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: A NIOSH-approved airpurifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®. Consult your PPE provider for

breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Eves

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Clear liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: ≥38°C (≥100.4°F) [Tag. Closed Cup]

Auto-ignition temperature : 210°C (410°F)
Flammable limits : Lower: 0.7%
Upper: 5%

Colour : Clear and colourless.
Odour : Kerosene-like,
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 140 to 300°C (284 to 572°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.775 to 0.84 (Water=1)

Vapour pressure : 0.7 kPa (5.25 mm Hg) @ 20 °C (68°F).

Vapour density : 4.5 [Air = 1]
Volatility : Volatile.
Evaporation rate : Not available.

Viscosity : 1.0 - 1.9 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)

Pour point : <-51°C (<-60°F)

Solubility: Insoluble in water, Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible with other petroleum

solvents.

10 . Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

Hazardous polymerisation : Un

: The product is stable.

Materials to avoid

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products : May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours

when heated to decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result Species Dose Exposure Kerosene LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation Rat >5000 mg/m3 4 hours

Vapour

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 6 11 . Toxicological information Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

NUL available.

Product/ingredient name Kerosene

ACGIH IAF

EPA

NIOSH

NTF

OSHA

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity
Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	3	90(
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		1/2

PG* Packing group

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Regulatory information

HCS Classification

: Combustible liquid

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F)

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1 is B3.

The WHMIS classification of Jet A/A-1-DI, JP-8, Jet F-34 and NATO F-34, which all

contain FSII (Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether), is B3, D2A.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory **United States inventory**

(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted. **Europe inventory**

16. Other information

Label requirements

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOUR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material

Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References Available upon request,

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Date of printing : 5/24/2012. : 24 May 2012 Date of issue Date of previous issue : 5/24/2012.

: Product Safety - DSR Responsible name

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

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16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LINSEED SOAP

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT

COMPANY: **Diversity Technologies Corp.** DATE: November 22, 2011

8750 - 53rd Ave. PHONE: 780-440-4923 Edmonton, AB T6E 5G2 FAX: 780-469-1899

PRODUCT NAME: LINSEED SOAP

PRODUCT USE: Lubricant.

CHEMICAL FAMILY: CAS#: Not available Fatty acids.

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM (WHMIS)

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not WHMIS controlled. WORKPLACE HAZARD:

Not applicable

TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated under TDG

Not applicable TDG CLASSIFICATION: UN NUMBER (PIN): Not applicable PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

SECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

LCsoInhal-INGREDIENT PERCENT CAS NUMBER LD₅₀Oral-Rat ACGIH-TLV Mouse

No hazardous ingredients available.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARDS

ROUTE OF ENTRY: [] EYE CONTACT [] SKIN [] INHALATION [] INGESTION

EYE CONTACT: May cause slight irritation. SKIN CONTACT: May cause slight irritation.

INGESTION: No information available. Not considered toxic based on information

available for similar materials.

INHALATION: Not a likely source of contact during normal use.

CARCINOGENICITY: No information available. TERATOGENICITY: No information available. REPRODUCTIVE No information available. TOXICITY: No information available. MUTAGENICITY: SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: No information available.

LINSEED SOAP





+ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LINSEED SOAP

SECTION IV: FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN CONTACT: Wipe away excess. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected

area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops or persists,

obtain medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with gently flowing warm water until material is

removed and irritation ceases. If irritation persists, obtain medical

attention.

INGESTION: If conscious give 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting; keep head

below hips to prevent aspiration of vomitus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if patient is unconscious, rapidly losing

consciousness or convulsing.

INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Apply oxygen or artificial respiration if required. If

breathing difficulties, or distress, continue obtain medical attention.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE AND ODOUR: Brown paste; slight soapy odour

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not applicable

BOILING POINT (°C): 100
MELTING POINT (°C): 0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble pH: 9.5 - 11.5

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not applicable EVAPORATION RATE: Not applicable VAPOUR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not applicable VAPOUR DENSITY (air = 1): Not applicable BULK DENSITY Not applicable

SECTION VI: FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: Not flammable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use media suitable for packaging and surrounding

materials.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING Self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire

PROCEDURES: fighting personnel.
UNUSUAL FIRE AND None known.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE [XX] UNSTABLE []

LINSEED SOAP

2





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

LINSEED SOAP

INCOMPATIBILITY

(CONDITIONS TO AVOID): CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY:

None known. Not determined.

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

WILL NOT OCCUR [XX]

MAY OCCUR []

SECTION VIII: PREVENTATIVE MEASURES

SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not applicable. VENTILATION: Not applicable. PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

EYE PROTECTION: OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Specify): Personal preference. Safety glasses with side-shields recommended.

Wear clothing adequate to protect against exposure. Ensure eye-wash station and emergency shower are

available.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. No specific storage requirements.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE THE MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED

Use appropriate safety equipment. Scoop up excess material. Collect uncontaminated material for repackaging. Collect contaminated material in approved containers for disposal. Wipe up remaining spill with absorbent compound to prevent slipping hazard.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. This material can be landfilled in most areas; check with local operator. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine if material meets the criteria of hazardous waste at the time of disposal.

SECTION IX: PREPARATION

The information contains herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

DATE ISSUED: Nov. 22, 2011 SUPERSEDES: Dec. 9, 2008 BY: 780-440-4923 PHONE: Regulatory Affairs

LINSEED SOAP



Material Safety Data Sheet



PROPANE

Product and company identification

Product name

: PROPANE

Synonym

: Propane HD-5, Propane commercial, Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG), C3H8, CGSB Propane Grade 1, CGSB Propane Grade 2, odourized propane, stenched propane,

automotive propane.

Code

: W222

Material uses

Propane is used as a fuel gas, refrigerant and as a raw material for organic synthesis. It is also used as a laboratory gas. The grade determines the propane content. It is

supplied as pressurized liquid in tanks.

Manufacturer

: PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844

150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3F3

In case of emergency

: Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000

Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

2. Hazards identification

Physical state

: Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure.

Odour

: Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 28 g Ethyl Mercaptan per 1000 L of propane.

WHMIS (Canada)



Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

: CAUTION!

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HIGH PRESSURE GAS. Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. At high concentrations, this product can displace oxygen and cause asphyxiation therefore a minimum requirement of 19.5 % oxygen at sea level is recommended.

Routes of entry

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; come and death

coma and death.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

 Skin
 : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

 Eyes
 : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Not listed as carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP or IARC.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Hazards identification 2 .

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects Medical conditions : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

aggravated by over-

: Overexposure may lead to cardiac sensitization.

exposure

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Propane	74-98-6	90 - 100
Propene	115-07-1	1-5
Butane	106-97-8	1-5
Ethane	74-84-0	1-2.5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

First-aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Class I - flammable gas (NFPA).

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance.

Products of combustion

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Special remarks on fire hazards Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Special remarks on explosion hazards Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Propane may form explosive mixtures with air.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. Immediately contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS: Sludges and tank scale from petroleum storage tanks, trucks, rail cars, and filters/screens may contain naturally occurring radioactive material ("NORM") in the form of radon 226 and it's progeny including lead 210. Similarily, equipment used for the transfer of petroleum product such as pipelines, pumps and compressors, may have detectable levels of radioactive lead on inner surfaces. Workers involved in cleaning, descaling, repair or other maintenance on inner surfaces of such equipment should avoid breathing and ingesting of dust generated from such activities. Similarly, gas freeing of pipelines, pumps, vessels and compressors may put workers are risk of inhalation of radon gas. Suitable codes of practice should be developed for these activities, detailing appropriate occupational hygiene, personal protective equipment and disposal practices.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

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PROPANE	Page Number: 4
8. Exposure co	ntrols/personal protection
Ingredient	Exposure limits
Propane Propene	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s).
Butane Ethane	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
5	
Recommended monitoring procedures	 acceptable exposure limits. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmospher or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygienė measurės	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropria techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety shower are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: NIOSH-approved self- contained breathing apparatus.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: Wear insulated gloves to prevent frostbite.
Eyes	 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handlin this product.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
9. Physical and	chemical properties
Physical state	: Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure.

Physical state : Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure

Flash point : Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : 450°C (842°F) (NFPA)
Flammable limits : Lower: 2.1% (NFPA)
Upper: 9.5% (NFPA)

Colour : Colourless

Odour : Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 28 g Ethyl Mercaptan

per 1000 L of propane.

Odour threshold : Not available.

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PROPANE Page Number: 5

9 . Physical and chemical properties

: Not available. pH Boiling/condensation point : -42°C (-43.6°F) Melting/freezing point : Not available. Relative density : Not available.

: 1434.9 kPa (10763 mm Hg) @ 38°C (100°F) Vapour pressure

Vapour density : 1.56 [Air = 1] Volatility : Volatile. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. Viscosity : Not available. Pour point : Not available. Solubility

10. Stability and reactivity

: The product is stable. Chemical stability

Hazardous polymerisation : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Materials to avoid : Reactive with oxidising agents and halogenated compounds.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

products

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name Result Exposure Butane LC50 Inhalation Rat 658000 mg/m³ 4 hours

Gas.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name **ACGIH EPA** NIOSH **OSHA** IARC NTP

Propene Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

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12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Aquatic ecotoxicity
Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
TDG Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	-		
DOT Classification	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	-		3

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Compressed gas Flammable gas

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas, Class B-1: Flammable gas.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

(TSCA 8b)

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

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16. Other information

Label requirements

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HIGH PRESSURE GAS.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



References : Available upon request

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 Date of printing
 : 10/24/2013.

 Date of issue
 : 30 March 2012

 Date of previous issue
 : 3/31/2009.

Responsible name : Product Safety - DSR

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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USED OIL



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: USED OIL

SYNONYMS: Waste oil; Used lubricating oil; Oil and water mixture

PRODUCT PART

NUMBER(S): Not applicable.

PRODUCT USE: Oil or water mixture for re-refining or reprocessing.

If this product is used in combination with other products, refer to the

Material Safety Data Sheets for those products.

24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS MEDICAL AND TRANSPORTATION (SPILL):

These numbers are for emergency use only. If you desire non-emergency product information, please call a phone

number listed below.

1-800-468-1760

MANUFACTURER/ SUPPLIER: Safety-Kleen Systems, Inc.

5400 Legacy Drive Cluster II, Building 3 Plano, Texas 75024

USA

1-800-669-5740

www.Safety-Kleen.com

TECHNICAL INFORMATION: 1-800-669-5740 Press 1 then 1 then Extension 7500

MSDS FORM NUMBER: 81451 ISSUE: September 20, 2007

ORIGINAL ISSUE: January 15, 1990 SUPERSEDES: June 11, 2007

PREPARED BY: Product MSDS Coordinator APPROVED BY: MSDS Task Force

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SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

35	Ave			OSH	A PEL	ACG	H ILV®		
WT%	NAME	SYNONYM	CAS NO	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	LDa	LCb
80 to 100	Lubricating oils, used	Used oil	70514-12-4	N. Av.	N.Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 20*	Water/solids	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 10*	Hydrocarbon solvents. May include gasoline, diesel fuel, jet fuel, mineral spirits, etc.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 1.5*	Metals. May include lead, iron, zinc, copper, chromium, arsenic, nickel, and others: each below 1.0 WT%.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
0 to 1.0*	Polynuclear aromatics. May include naphthalene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and others: each below 0.3 WT%.	N. AV.	N. Av	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N, Av	N. Av.
0 to 0.5*	Chlorinated solvents.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.	N. Av.
I.Av. = Not			on range does no					Rat LD50 (r	ng/kg)
	by WHMIS, t	nis is the actual i	ange which varie	s with ead	ch batch of	the produc	40	lation-Rat Lo	

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

APPEARANCE

Liquid, black and viscous (thick), petroleum odor.

WARNING!

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Combustible liquid.

HEALTH HAZARDS

May be harmful if inhaled.

May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

May irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs), eyes, and skin.

Suspect cancer hazard. Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Contains material which can cause birth defects.

Contains material which can cause central nervous system damage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Product may be toxic to fish, plants, wildlife, and/or domestic animals.

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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Effects may vary depending on material composition. Typical effects may include:

INHALATION High concentrations of vapor or mist may be harmful if inhaled. High

(BREATHING): concentrations of vapor or mist may irritate the respiratory tract (nose, throat,

and lungs). High concentrations of vapor or mist may cause nausea, vomiting, headaches, dizziness, loss of coordination, numbness, and other central nervous system effects. Massive acute overexposure may cause rapid central

nervous system depression, sudden collapse, coma, and/or death.

EYES: May cause irritation.

SKIN: May cause irritation. Product may be absorbed through the skin and cause

harm as noted under INHALATION (BREATHING).

INGESTION May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause throat irritation, (SWALLOWING): nausea, vomiting, and central nervous system effects as noted under

INHALATION (BREATHING). Breathing product into the lungs during

ingestion or vomiting may cause lung injury and possible death.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS
AGGRAVATED BY
EXPOSURE:

Individuals with pre-existing cardiovascular, liver, kidney, respiratory tract (nose, throat, and lungs), central nervous system, eye, and/or skin disorders may have increased

system, eye, and/or skin disorders may have increased

susceptibility to the effects of exposure.

CHRONIC: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause oil pneumonia, lung tissue

inflammation, fibrous tissue formation, and/or toxic effects as noted under INHALATION (BREATHING). Prolonged or repeated eye contact may cause inflammation of the membrane lining the eyelids and covering the eyeball (conjunctivitis). Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying,

cracking, redness, itching, and/or swelling (dermatitis).

CANCER This product contains mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated, which can INFORMATION: cause cancer. This product may contain hydrocarbon and chlorinated

cause cancer. This product may contain hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics which can cause cancer. Risk

of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. For more

information, see SECTION 11: CARCINOGENICITY.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Product may be toxic to fish, plants, wildlife, and/or domestic animals.

Also see SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: (BREATHING) Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Oxygen should only be administered by qualified personnel. Someone should stay with victim. Get medical attention if

breathing difficulty persists.

EYES:

If irritation or redness from exposure to vapor develops, move away from exposure into fresh air. Upon contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water, holding eyelids apart, for 15 minutes. Get medical

attention.

SKIN: Remove affected clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water. Get medical attention if irritation or pain develops or persists.

INGESTION: (SWALLOWING) Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately get medical attention. Call

1-800-468-1760 for additional information.

If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to avoid breathing the product into the lungs. Never give anything to an unconscious person

by mouth.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Treatment may vary with condition of victim and specifics of incident. Call 1-800-468-1760 for additional

information.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: >200°F (93°C) (minimum) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not available.

AUTOIGNITION

TEMPERATURE: Not available.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION

PRODUCTS:

Decomposition and combustion materials may be toxic. Burning may produce phosgene gas, nitrogen oxides, carbon

monoxide, and unidentified organic compounds.

CONDITIONS OF

FLAMMABILITY: Heat, sparks, or flame. Product may burn but does not ignite

readily.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use carbon dioxide, regular foam, dry chemical, water spray,

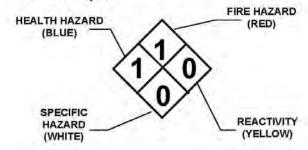
or water fog.

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NFPA 704 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:

This information is intended solely for the use by individuals trained in this system.



FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Keep storage containers cool with water spray.

A positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full-body protective equipment are required for

fire emergencies.

FIRE AND

EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Heated containers may rupture. "Empty" containers may retain residue and can be dangerous. Product is not sensitive to mechanical impact. Product may be sensitive to static

discharge, which could result in fire or explosion.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled product. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Wear protective equipment and provide engineering controls as specified in **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapor or mist. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Contain spill away from surface waters and sewers. Contain spill as a liquid for possible recovery, or sorb with compatible sorbent material and shovel with a clean, sparkproof tool into a sealable container for disposal.

Additionally, for large spills: Water spray may reduce vapor, but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for collection and later disposal.

There may be specific federal regulatory reporting requirements associated with spills, leaks, or releases of this product. Also see **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Keep away from heat, sparks, or flame. Where flammable mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used. Use clean, sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. When transferring product, storage tanks, tanker trucks, and rail tank cars should be grounded and bonded. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing, and shoes. Do not smoke while using this product.

SHIPPING AND STORING:

Keep container tightly closed when not in use and during transport. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind containers. Keep containers away from heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Empty product containers may retain product residue and can be dangerous. See SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION for Packing Group information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use general ventilation, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control air-borne levels. Where explosive mixtures may be present, equipment safe for such locations should be used.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A respiratory protection program which meets USA's OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134 or Canada's CSA Standard Z94.4-M1982 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Consult a qualified Industrial Hygienist or Safety Professional for respirator selection guidance.

EYE PROTECTION: Wearing chemical goggles is recommended.
Contact lens may be worn with eye protection.

SKIN

PROTECTION:

Where prolonged or repeated skin contact is likely, wear neoprene, nitrile (4 mil minimum), PVC (polyvinyl chloride), or equivalent protective gloves; wearing natural rubber or equivalent gloves is not recommended.

When product is heated and skin contact is likely, wear heat-insulating gloves, boots, and other protective clothing.

To avoid prolonged or repeated contact with product where spills and splashes are likely, wear appropriate chemical-resistant faceshield, boots, apron, whole body suits, or other protective clothing.

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PERSONAL Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling product and before

HYGIENE: eating, drinking, or using tobacco products. Clean affected clothing, shoes,

and protective equipment before reuse. Discard affected clothing, shoes, and/or protective equipment if they cannot be thoroughly cleaned. Discard

leather articles, such as shoes, saturated with the product.

OTHER Where spills and splashes are likely, facilities storing or using this product

PROTECTIVE should be equipped with an emergency eyewash and shower, both

EQUIPMENT: equipped with clean water, in the immediate work area.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE,

APPEARANCE, AND ODOR: Liquid, black and viscous (thick), petroleum odor.

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not available.

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: Not applicable.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8 to 1.0 at 60°F (15.6°C) (water = 1)

DENSITY: 6.7 to 8.3 LB/US gal (800 to 1000 g/l) (approximately)

VAPOR DENSITY: greater than 1 (air = 1) (based on kerosene)

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not available.

BOILING POINT: Not available.

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: Not available.

pH: Not applicable.

EVAPORATION RATE: less than 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Slight.

FLASH POINT: >200°F (93°C) (minimum) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR: Not available.

AUTOIGNITION

TEMPERATURE: Not available.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Avoid heat, sparks, or

flame.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid acids, alkalies, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, reactive

halogens, or reactive metals.

REACTIVITY: Polymerization is not known to occur under normal temperatures and

pressures. Not reactive with water.

HAZARDOUS

DECOMPOSITION None under normal temperatures and pressures. Also see PRODUCTS: SECTION 5: HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SENSITIZATION: Based on best current information, there may be known human

sensitization associated with this product.

MUTAGENICITY: Based on best current information, there may be mutagenicity

associated with this product.

CARCINOGENICITY: Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated are listed by IARC as a known

carcinogen. Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated are classified by NTP as having limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans or sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals.

There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are listed by OSHA as known carcinogens. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are listed by IARC as known, probable, or possible carcinogens. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are classified by NTP as known carcinogens or as having limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans or sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals. There may be hydrocarbon and chlorinated solvents; metals, and polynuclear aromatics present in this product which are recognized by ACGIH as confirmed or suspected human carcinogens.

Also see SECTION 3: CANCER INFORMATION.

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REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

Based on best current information, there may be reproductive

toxicity associated with this product.

TERATOGENICITY: Based on best current information, there may be teratogenicity

associated with this product.

TOXICOLOGICALLY

SYNERGISTIC

Based on best current information, there may be toxicologically

PRODUCT(S): synergistic products associated with this product.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY: Not available.

OCTANOL/WATER

PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not available.

VOLATILE ORGANIC

Not available.

COMPOUNDS:

As per 40 CFR Part 51.100(s).

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local regulations. Regulations may also apply to empty containers. The responsibility for proper waste disposal lies with the owner of the waste. Contact Safety-Kleen regarding proper recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: Not regulated.

TDG: Not regulated.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE Not applicable.

GUIDE NUMBER: Reference North American Emergency Response Guidebook

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA SECTIONS 302 AND 304:

USA REGULATIONS Based on the ingredient(s) listed in SECTION 2, this product does not contain any "extremely hazardous substances" listed pursuant to Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Section 302 or Section 304 as identified in 40 CFR Part 355, Appendix

A and B.

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SARA SECTIONS 311 AND 312: This product poses the following physical and health hazards as defined in 40 CFR Part 370 and is subject to the requirements of sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and

Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA): Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA SECTION

313:

This product may contain "toxic" chemicals subject to the requirements

of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR Part 372.

CERCLA: This product may contain "hazardous substances" listed pursuant to

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability

Act of 1980 (CERCLA) in 40 CFR Part 302, Table 302.4.

TSCA: Not available.

CALIFORNIA: This product is not for sale or use in the State of California.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

WHMIS: Not regulated

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT

(CEPA): Not available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

REVISION INFORMATION: Change from MSIS to MSDS.

LABEL/OTHER INFORMATION: Not available.

User assumes all risks incident to the use of this product. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, Safety-Kleen assumes no liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. No representations or warranties, either express or implied, or merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or of any other nature are made hereunder with respect to information or the product to which information refers. The data contained on this sheet apply to the product as supplied to the user.



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Appendix C: Daily Fuel Inspection Record



Aston Bay Property Daily Fuel Inspection Record

Date	Main Cache	Generator Shack	Refueling Station	Tent Drums	Drill Site	Insta-Berm	Bungs & Rims	Corrosion	Hoses/Valves/Fittings	Spill Kit/Fire Extinguisher	Signs	Comments
12-Jul-15	х					no tears, damage, or leaks; rain drain functioning properly	all bungs and rims sealed properly; no leaks detected	minor corrosion on diesel drums of batch B - should be used before batch C	all fuel transfer equipment functioning properly; no leakage detected	spill kit is fully stocked; fire extinguisher inspection up to date	all signs are posted and undamaged	Example

Appendix D: NT-NU Spill Report Form







OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE TEL: (867) 920-8130 FAX: (867) 873-6924 EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

								REPORT LINE USE ONLY	
Α	REPORT DATE: MONTH - DAY			REPORT		☐ ORIGINAL SPILL BE OR	EPORT,	REPORT NUMBER	
В	OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH	I - DAY -YEAH		OCCURRE	ENCE TIME	☐ UPDATE #	ILL REPORT	=	
C	LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER	(IF APPLICABLE)			WATER LICENCE NUMBE	H (IF APPLICABLE)			
D	GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME	OR DISTANCE AND DIREC	CTION FROM NAMED I	LOCATION	REGION NWT NUNAY	VUT □ ADJACENT JI	URISDICTION	OR OCEAN	
-	LATITUDE				LONGITUDE				
E	DEGREES	MINUTES	SECONDS		DEGREES	MINUTES	s	GECONDS	
F	RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VE	SSEL NAME	RESPONSIBLE	PARTY ADD	DRESS OR OFFICE LOCA	TION			
G	ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVE	Ď.	CONTRACTOR	ADDRESS	OR OFFICE LOCATION				
Ţ	PRODUCT SPILLED		QUANTITY IN L	TRES, KILC	OGRAMS OR GUBIC METE	RES U.N. NUMBER			
Н	SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED	(IF APPLICABLE)	QUANTITY IN L	TRES, KILC	OGRAMS OR CUBIC METE	RES U.N. NUMBER			
1	SPILL SOURCE		SPILL CAUSE			AREA OF CONTA	AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SOLIARE METRES		
J	FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL	OR RECOVERY	DESCRIBE AND	Y ASSISTAN	NCE REQUIRED	HAZARDSTOPE	HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENT		
K									
1	REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY	PORTED TO SPILL LINE BY POSITION			ER	LOCATION GALLING	FROM	TELEPHONE	
M	ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT	POSITION		EMPLOYE	R	ALTERNATE CONTACT	ī	ALTERNATE TELEPHONE	
			REPORT LIN	NE USE ON	ILY	Total .			
N	RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY	POSITION STATION OPERATOR	OR	EMPLOYE	В	YELLOWKNIFE, NT		REPORT LINE NUMBER (867) 920-8130	
LEA	DAGENCY DEC DCCG	GNWT DGN DUAD	INAC DINEB DITC	SIGNI	IFICANCE MINOR M	IAJOR 🗆 UNKNOWN	FILE STAT	TUS DOPEN DICLOSED	
AGE	NCY	CONTACT NAME		CONT	TACT TIME	REMARKS	1		
LEAD	D AGENCY								
FIRS	ST SUPPORT AGENCY							= = = .	
SEC	COND SUPPORT AGENCY								

PAGE 1 OF



THIRD SUPPORT AGENCY

Instructions for Completing the NT-NU Spill Report Form

This form can be filled out electronically and e-mailed as an attachment to spills@gov.nt.ca. Until further notice, please verify receipt of e-mail transmissions with a follow-up telephone call to the spill line. Forms can also be printed and faxed to the spill line at 867-873-6924. Spills can still be phoned in by calling collect at 867-920-8130.

A. Report Date/Time	The actual date and time that the spill was reported to the spill line. If the spill is phoned in, the Spill Line will fill this out. Please do not fill in the Report Number: the spill line will assign a number after the spill is reported.					
B. Occurrence Date/Time	Indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the exact date and time that the spill occurred. Not to be confused with the report date and time (see above).					
C. Land Use Permit Number /Water Licence Number	This only needs to be filled in if the activity has been licenced by the Nunavut Water Board and/or if a Land Use Permit has been issued. Applies primarily to mines and mineral exploration sites.					
D. Geographic Place Name	In most cases, this will be the name of the city or town in which the spill occurred. For remote locations – outside of human habitations – identify the most prominent geographic feature, such as a lake or mountain and/or the distance and direction from the nearest population center. You must include the geographic coordinates (Refer to Section E).					
E. Geographic Coordinates	This only needs to be filled out if the spill occurred outside of an established community such as a mine site. Please note that the location should be stated in degrees, minutes and seconds of Latitude and Longitude.					
F. Responsible Party Or Vessel Name	This is the person who was in management/control/ownership of the substance at the time that it was spilled. In the case of a spill from a ship/vessel, include the name of the ship/vessel. Please include full address, telephone number and email. Use box K if there is insufficient space. Please note that, the owner of the spilled substance is ultimately responsible for any spills of that substance, regardless of who may have actually caused the spill.					
G. Contractor involved?	Were there any other parties/contractors involved? An example would be a construction company who is undertaking work on behalf of the owner of the spilled substance and who may have contributed to, or directly caused the spill and/or is responding to the spill.					
H. Product Spilled	Identify the product spilled; most commonly, it is gasoline, diesel fuel or sewage. For other substances, avoid trade names. Wherever possible, use the chemical name of the substance and further, identify the product using the four digit UN number (eg: UN1203 for gasoline; UN1202 for diesel fuel; UN1863 for Jet A & B)					
I. Spill Source	Identify the source of the spill: truck, ship, home heating fuel tank and, if known, the cause (eg: fuel tank overfill, leaking tank; ship ran aground; traffic accident, vandalism, storm, etc.). Provide an estimate of the extent of the contaminated/impacted area (eg: 10 m²)					
J. Factors Affecting Spill	Any factors which might make it difficult to clean up the spill: rough terrain, bad weather, remote location, lack of equipment. Do you require advice and/or assistance with the cleanup operation? Identify any hazards to persons, property or environment: for example, a gasoline spill beside a daycare centre would pose a safety hazard to children. Use box K if there is insufficient space.					
K. Additional Information	Provide any additional, pertinent details about the spill, such as any peculiar/unique hazards associated with the spilled material. State what action is being taken towards cleaning up the spill; disposal of spilled material; notification of affected parties. If necessary, append additional sheets to the spill report. Number the pages in the same format found in the lower right hand corner of the spill form: eg. "Page 1 of 2", "Page 2 of 2" etc. Please number the pages to ensure that recipients can be certain that they received all pertinent documents. If only the spill report form was filled out, number the form as "Page 1 of 1".					
L. Reported to Spill Line by	Include your full name, employer, contact number and the location from which you are reporting the spill. Use box K if there is insufficient space.					
M. Alternate Contact	Identify any alternate contacts. This information assists regulatory agencies to obtain additional information if they cannot reach the individual who reported the spill.					
N. Report Line Use Only	Leave Blank. This box is for the Spill Line's use only.					

