

NUNAVUT / NWT: FUEL SPILL CONTINGENCY PLAN

For: Golden Bull Resources Corp. Walker Lake Camp and Ten (10) Mineral Properties, Committee Bay Area, Nunavut.

Submitted: June 18, 2007.

To accompany the KIA land use permit application by:

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The program will be supervised by Bruce Goad, P. Geo. (the company's Canadian representative and geological consultant). My contact information is as follows:

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“(b) the name, job title and 24-hour telephone number for the persons responsible for activating the spill contingency plan;”

As this will be an uninhabited field camp during 2007, there is no telephone number. A possible program may be initiated during 2008 at which point, a new permit application will be submitted and Bruce Goad, P. Geo. (the company's onsite geological consultant) will be the geologist on-site (contact numbers listed above). The company will also have a yet to be named on-site designate geologist.

“(c) a description of the facility including the location, size and storage capacity;”
The camp will not be active during 2007. No fuel will be moved on site.

The camp is located at 66°47'59" N and 90°42'46" W, on an island at the north end of Walker Lake (Figure 1). An esker is located on the island that will be used as a landing strip. The camp is a winterized canvas tent camp with wooden tent floors and sides for approximately 11 tents (7 for sleeping, 1 for core logging, a dry, a kitchen and an office).

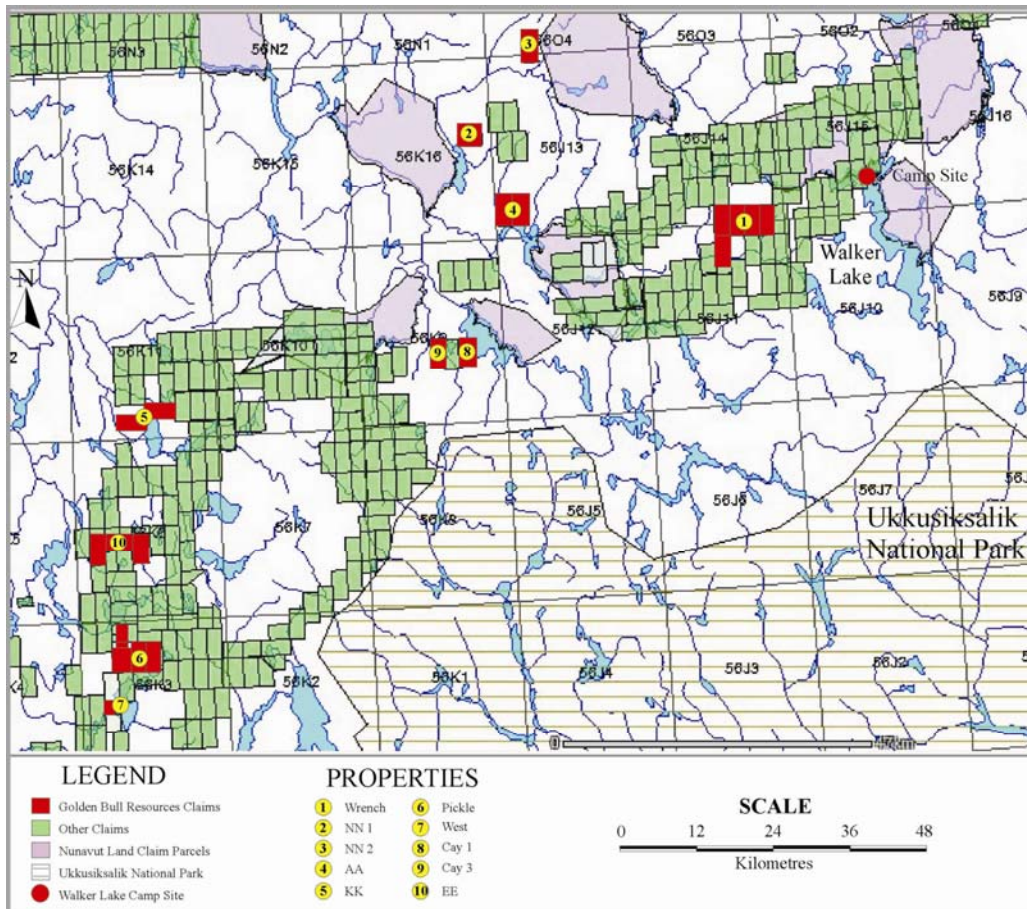


Figure 1. Location of Golden Bull Resources' Walker Lake campsite and mineral properties in the Committee Bay area, Nunavut.

“(d) a description of the type and amount of contaminants normally stored at the location described in paragraph (c);”

No fuel will be on site during 2007 as the camp will be inactive. When the camp is active fuel normally stored onsite is Jet B helicopter, Diesel (for heating and potentially drilling) and Propane (for cooking and water heating).

“(e) a site map of the location described in paragraph (c);”

See Figure 1. It is a field camp. There are no nearby buildings or facilities, roads, culverts, catch basins, drainage patterns and any nearby bodies of water (other than Walker Lake)

“(f) the steps to be taken to report, contain, clean-up and dispose of contaminants in the case of a spill;”

Preventative Measures and Spill Preparation

Preventative measures include:

- Materials storage will meet the requirements of the federal *Environmental Protection Act*. Environment Canada recommends secondary containment, such

as self-supporting insta-berms, also be used when storing barreled fuel on location.

- Secure valves before and after fuel transfer and do not leave fuel transfer unattended.
- Drums and hoses will be inspected regularly for leaks and pans or absorbent pads placed below fuel transfer areas and stationary machinery.
- Toxic materials will be stored away from sensitive areas (30 m from any surface water body).

The following measures will allow for preparation in the event of a fuel or other toxic material spill:

- Material safety data sheets (MSDS) will be on site for all products.
- Spill kits will be located at camp (1), fuel storage area (1) and active drill site (1).
- This plan will be posted at camp, fuel storage area and drill site.
- All persons on site trained about MSDS sheets, use of spill kits and spill response and reporting.

Spill kits will contain:

- 20 lb ABC fire extinguisher
- polaski
- oil absorbent pads (package of polypropylene pads) that will also contain spills on water
- hydrocarbon-sorbent socks (polypropylene – one approximately 4' by 3" and one 10' by 3")
- 1 bag treated oil only cellulose particulate
- 1 roll poly plastic sheet 110'x 6'x 6 mil thickness
- 6 poly disposal bags and ties (45 gal drum size, 6 mil)
- shovel
- 2 pair nitrile gloves (large)
- utility knife
- labels / marker

Additional response equipment in the project area should include plastic pails, extra disposal bags and plastic sheets, absorbent pads and socks

Spill Reporting

Upon observing or receiving a report of a spill on Golden Bull Resources' properties or campsite, Bruce Goad, P. Geo (the company's onsite geological consultant), will:

- Report major spills immediately to the 24-Hour Spill Line at (867) 920-8130 and to the DIAND Water Resources Inspector at (867) 975-4298. Major spills are those that would cause harmful effects to air, land, water, fish, wildlife or human health. A fuel spill greater than 200 L is considered major.
- Fill out a spill report form for submission to the DIAND Water Resources Inspector no later than 30 days following any spill.

Spill Response

The steps to follow if you are first on the scene of a spill include:

1. Protect human health and safety. Assess any risk of fire or explosion, eliminate ignition sources and keep away if there is a risk.
2. Identify the product and potential dangers. Look at the MSDS sheet and wear appropriate safety gear.
3. Stop the flow from the source, if possible.
4. Contain the spill. Spill containment may be by materials in the spill kit (absorbent pads) and berming soil/snow or trenching with hand tools or available machinery.
5. Report to the head site geologist.
6. Clean up what is immediately possible using materials from the spill kit.

Clean-up of spilled fuels and other toxic materials on land (including snow) will involve:

- Absorbing liquids with absorbent pads or cellulose particulate.
- Shoveling contaminated soil/permafrost for disposal or remediation.
- Storage of materials should be in drums or impermeable containers and labelled.
- Fuel or oil contaminated soil can be incinerated at the camp or aerated on tarps for natural remediation. Some materials must be shipped off-site to an appropriate disposal site.
- Where a large area of soil/permafrost is contaminated, further remediation methods will need to be considered.

Spills onto ice will involve berming with snow, absorbing spilled material and clean up with shovels. Spills of fuel into surface water should be dealt with by redirection away from the water, where possible, containment with absorbent socks and clean up with hydrophobic absorbent pads.

“(g) the means by which the spill contingency plan is activated;”

The camp will not be utilized during 2007. However, during past and potentially upcoming (2008) programs the camp manager or geologist in charge will activate the spill contingency plan. Upon observing or receiving a report of a spill on Golden Bull Resources' properties or campsite, Bruce Goad, P. Geo (the company's onsite geological consultant) or a yet un-named camp manager, will assess the size of the spill and initiate containment and cleanup procedures.

“(h) a description of the training provided to employees to respond to a spill;”

As the camp will not be open during 2007, there will be no employees. No fuel will be moved onsite during 2007.

“(i) an inventory of and the location of response and clean-up equipment available to implement the spill contingency plan;”

SEE: Preventative Measures and Spill Preparation section above.

“(j) the date the contingency plan was prepared.”

Dated: June 15, 2007.