Nunami Stantec P.O. Box 188 RANKIN INLET, Nunavut X0C 0G0



November 20, 2019

City of Iqaluit Building 901 (City Hall) Nunavut Drive Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Matthew Hamp, Department of Engineering and Sustainability

Dear Matthew.

Reference: Igaluit Wastewater Treatment System

Existing Lagoon Action Plan November 2019 Update

PLAN UPDATE

The June 2018 Action Plan was updated in August 2019 and is again updated in November 2019.

BACKGROUND

The City of Iqaluit has requested Nunami Stantec review the potential timeline and develop an action plan to temporarily divert flow to the existing Iagoon to allow the improvements to be implemented to the existing Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP). The diversion is necessary as the current Headworks within the WWTP will require a complete shutdown for up to 4 months to replace the existing components with new and improved equipment in order to provide additional capacity to meet the growing needs of the City.

The City's lagoon has been in operation since the mid-1970's, with some upgrades and desludging being completed in 1991. In the late 1990's, the City endeavored to build a mechanical treatment facility capable of secondary treatment but following a series of problems, the design-builder abandoned the project. Following a facility evaluation in 2002, a remedial plan was developed, and a new design for a primary and secondary facility was produced. However, lack of funding allowed only the primary treatment portion (Phase 1) to be completed and the secondary treatment was put on hold.

Following completion of Phase 1, future use of the lagoon was identified as a provisional treatment process in the event that the wastewater treatment facility needed to be bypassed. This objective remains with a specific requirement for the current project to provide a treatment process for a four-month flow diversion that is required to build the new plant. The intent is also to incorporate the lagoon, as previously intended as a provisional treatment process in the overall treatment system.

LAGOON COMPONENTS

Lagoon Characteristics

The available piping systems to the lagoon incorporate a combination septage dump station and diversion chamber which allows both the septage and gravity flow from the City's system to be directed to the lagoon on a provisional basis.

Based on the limited information available, the lagoon volume is reported to be 56,000 m³.

The outlet from the lagoon, based on 1991 as-builts, consists of piped discharge controlled by a valve chamber; the elevation of the discharge is 5.6 metres, which is approximately 2 metres above the bottom of the lagoon. The lagoon is not lined and several features such as a French drain, and an overflow spillway, were incorporated into the design of the lagoon to maintain the geotechnical stability of the system. The discharge point of the outlet directs the flow to the same channel that the current WWTP outfall discharges to and which ultimately releases to Koojesse Inlet.

The lagoon provided successful treatment of sewage for decades, and although it may be undersized for the current quantity of flow, it is anticipated that it will continue to function as a treatment facility and for the four-month shutdown, provide a reasonable level of treatment.

See Appendix A for the 1991 as-built drawings.

Current Sludge Volume

It is understood that the most recent desludging of the sewage lagoon occurred in 1991. The lagoon remained in full operation until 2006 at which time the mechanical primary treatment system was commissioned at the current WWTP. Since 2006, the lagoon has been utilized for short periods during process upsets at the WWTP.

No information is available on the current quantity of sludge accumulated, and as discussed later, a sludge survey will be performed to establish the volume.

LAGOON ACTION PLAN

In order to ascertain the expected performance of the lagoon while diverting all the City's flow, the following action is recommended:

1. Performance Test

Flow will be diverted to the lagoon for a period of two weeks in early July, at which time samples will be taken from the piped discharge outlet. This should provide a reasonable expectation of the results that can be achieved during the anticipated fourmonth diversion, while the new WWTP primary treatment system is constructed and commissioned.

Meanwhile, the City has increased their testing frequency of effluent from the existing mechanical primary treatment system, and the results can be compared.

Update: Results from the sampling program are summarized in letter of January 24, 2019 and is included in Appendix B.

2. Desludging

With the quantity of sludge unknown, it is recommended that a sludge survey be performed this year, which would establish the elevation of the sludge "blanket" in the lagoon and the density of the sludge blanket. The benefit will be:

- The sludge accumulation quantity can be better established for future desludging requirements.
- The available volume for accumulation of solids while diverting the sewage flow to the lagoon can be more
 reasonably established. Based on the current quantity of solids collected at the WWTP, a retention time can be
 established and an approximation of the reduction of TSS and COD estimated based upon hydraulic retention time.

Update: Sludge Survey performed, and report is included in Appendix C.

Following confirmation that the lagoon is acceptable for the four-month diversion, construction of the new WWTP can proceed with desludging of the lagoon taking place in 2019 (see the following timeline). Various methods exist for the desludging of the lagoon. Some common methods include:

- Mechanical Removal of Sludges This involves decanting the lagoon, continued dewatering of accumulated liquids
 and removing the sludge by mechanical means. The in place dewatered sludge is typically hauled to a landfill site for
 disposal.
- Pumping and Dewatering of Sludge In this method, a barge mounted solids handling pump is utilized to pump the solids to a dewatering system, while the liquid remains in the lagoon. Dewatering methods can typically be by centrifuge, or more suitable to this operation, the use of Geotubes. Geotubes are essentially a large filter sock whereby, the solids are encapsulated within the fabric, while allowing the liquids to drain out. Once the tube is full, and the water has drained, the solids can be excavated and hauled to the landfill. Iqaluit also has the advantage that the tube can be put through a freeze/thaw season, providing further dewatering and more importantly, a reduction in pathogens.
- Disposal of Sludge The City is currently developing a solids management plan which will determine the ultimate disposal option, and which may include utilizing the sludge as organic cover/mix material for the landfill.

Should indication be that the lagoon will not be able to accommodate the four-month diversion, efforts may be necessary to expedite the desludging efforts, and desludge prior to the needed diversion.

Update: Desludging completed in October 2019 and sludge currently dewatering in geotubes stored in lined containment area adjacent lagoon and which drains to lagoon. Based on an estimated dewatered solids content of 20%, the volume is anticipated to be approximately 4,700 m3. The final quantity results are included in Appendix D.

3. Decanting of Existing Lagoon

It has been suggested that the City may want to consider decanting the existing lagoon prior to the temporary four-month diversion. This is not considered prudent at this time as:

- Recent test results of the effluent discharge from the existing mechanical primary treatment provides indication that
 the performance is lacking and would not provide the same level of treatment as the lagoon itself, should the
 decanted liquid be sent there.
- It may be more beneficial overall to decant and desludge the lagoon upon completion of the new mechanical primary treatment as more reliable and increased treatment of the decanted liquid can be provided as compared to the current system.

Therefore, it is recommended to decant the existing lagoon following the desludging efforts in 2019 (see the following timeline).

Update: Pond Decanted October 2019

4. Public Awareness

Although the lagoon has been in intermittent operation for the past decade, the additional flow may cause increased odours. To combat the production of additional odours, the lagoon should be monitored for any surface exposure of the solids themselves. Maintaining a liquid cover will assist in reducing the odours.

In addition, the diversion is planned for fall 2018 and with freezing occurring, the ice cover will also provide a reduction in odours.

However, should exposed solids be witnessed, it is suggested that the available liquid be circulated by pump to dissipate exposed sludges.

In addition, the City may want to consider providing signage at known access points to deter public access. Currently no such measures are in place.

Update: Lagoon warning signs have been placed around the existing lagoon

5. Stakeholder Notification

The relevant regulatory organizations will be kept informed of:

- Schedule of events
- Planned procedures being undertaken
- Temporary diversion test results
- Sludge survey results
- Treatment levels achieved during the four-month diversion

In addition, the City may want to inform the residents, through the City's website, of the anticipated use of the lagoon while the new WWTP is being constructed. If presented in a positive light, i.e. that is necessary for the completion of a state of the art, complete mechanical treatment plant, it should be viewed as favourable.

LAGOON TIMELINE OF ACTIVITIES (UPDATED NOVEMBER 2019)

There are several steps in reaching the completion of integrating the lagoon into the temporary and permanent overall treatment system. The anticipated timeline is:

Date	Original Planned Date	Actual or New Planned Date	
Prepare and Approve Lagoon Action Plan	June 2018	June 2018	
Performance Test (two weeks)	July 2018	July 2018+	
Perform Sludge Survey	August 2018	September 2018	
Quantify Anticipated Treatment Results	August 2018	September 2018	
Inform Stakeholders	September 2018	September 2018	
Install Public Access Deterrents	September 2018	Installed November 2019	
Divert Flow to Lagoon	October 2018	July 2018	
Monitor Lagoon	October 2018 to January 2019	July 2018 to March 2019	
Return Flow to New Primary WWTP	January 2019	March 2019	
Prepare Desludge Documents for Pricing	February 2019	May 2019	
Obtain Pricing & Award	March 2019	August 2019	
Shipping of Geotubes	July 2019	August 2019	
Commence Dewatering of Sludge	August 2019	September 2019	
Complete Dewatering of Sludge	September 2019	October 2019	

Date	Original Planned Date	Actual or New Planned Date	
Decant Lagoon & Evaluate Condition	September 2019	October 2019	
Prepare Lagoon Operations Manual	October 2019	November 2019	
Lagoon in Operation for Plant Upset Conditions	October 2019	October 2019	
WWTP Commissioned	November 2019	February 2020	
Geotube Freeze Thaw Dewatering	Winter 2019/2020		
Excavate and Transport Dewatered Solids to Landfill for use as an organic cover material (options being evaluated)	August 2020		

We trust this meets your current requirements and should you have any questions, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

Nunami Stantec

Glenn Prosko, P.Eng. Senior Project Manager Phone: (780) 969-3258 Glenn.Prosko@stantec.com

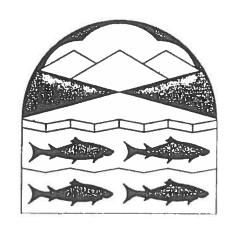
Attachment: None

cc. Charles Kretch, Derin Boz, Colliers



APPENDIX A

1991 Lagoon As-builts



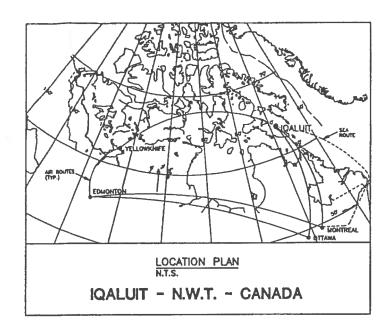
TOWN OF IQALUIT

Dacor LCLor Asbas

LAGOON RECONSTRUCTION AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS RECORD DRAWINGS

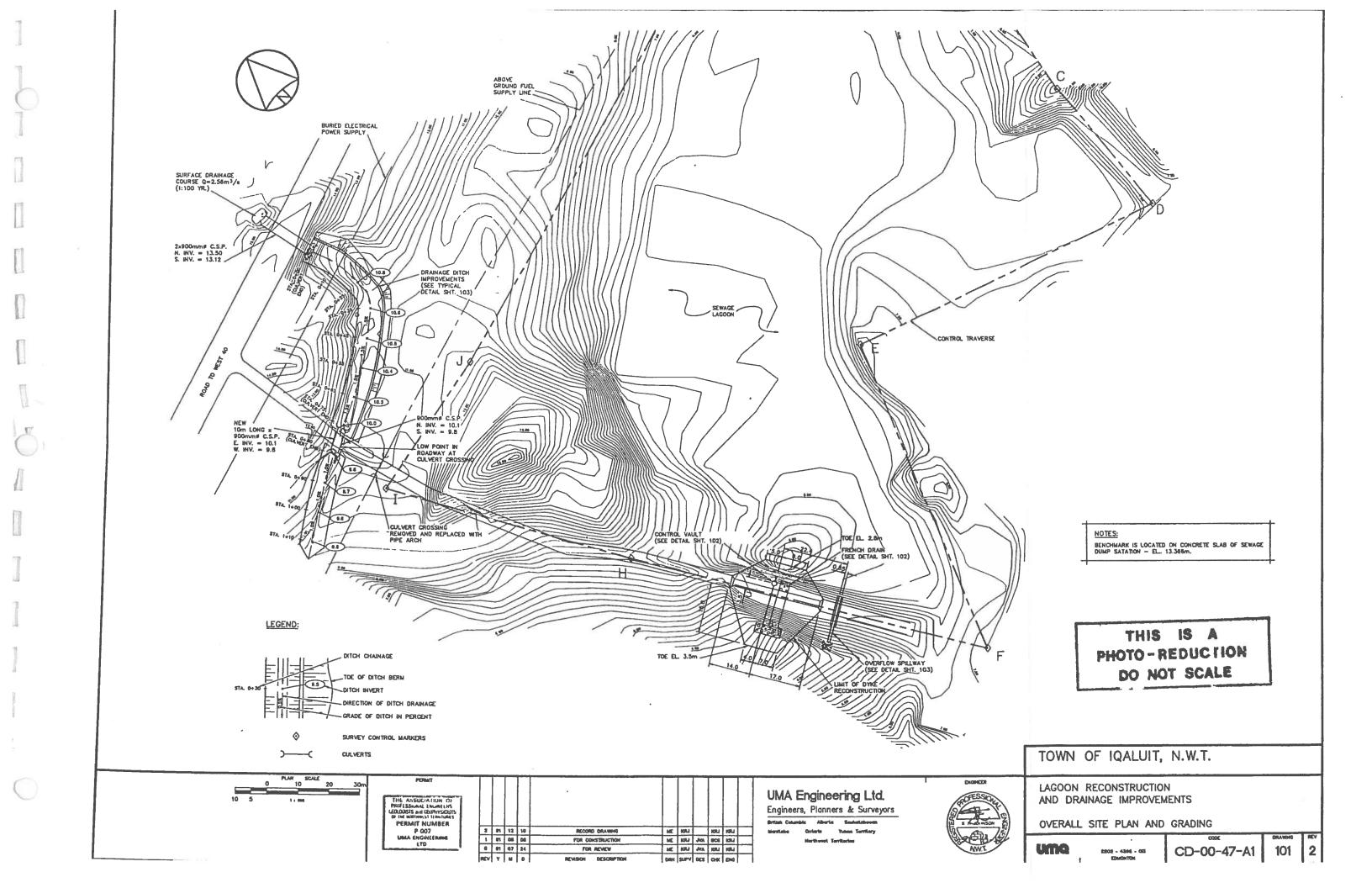
CONTRACT No.

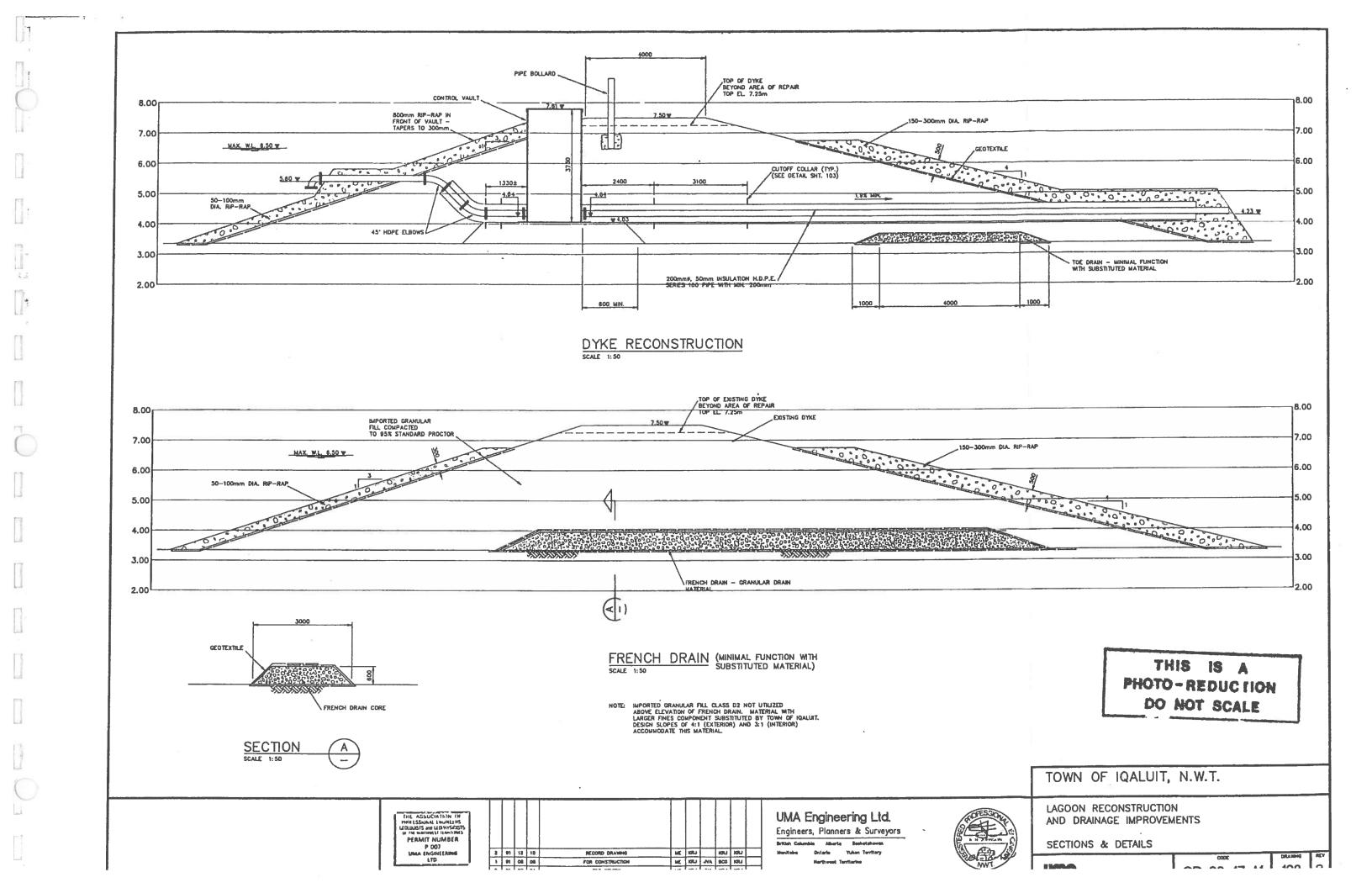
Kenneth R. Johnson M.A.Sc., MCIP, P.Eng. Planner & Engineer www.cryofront.com

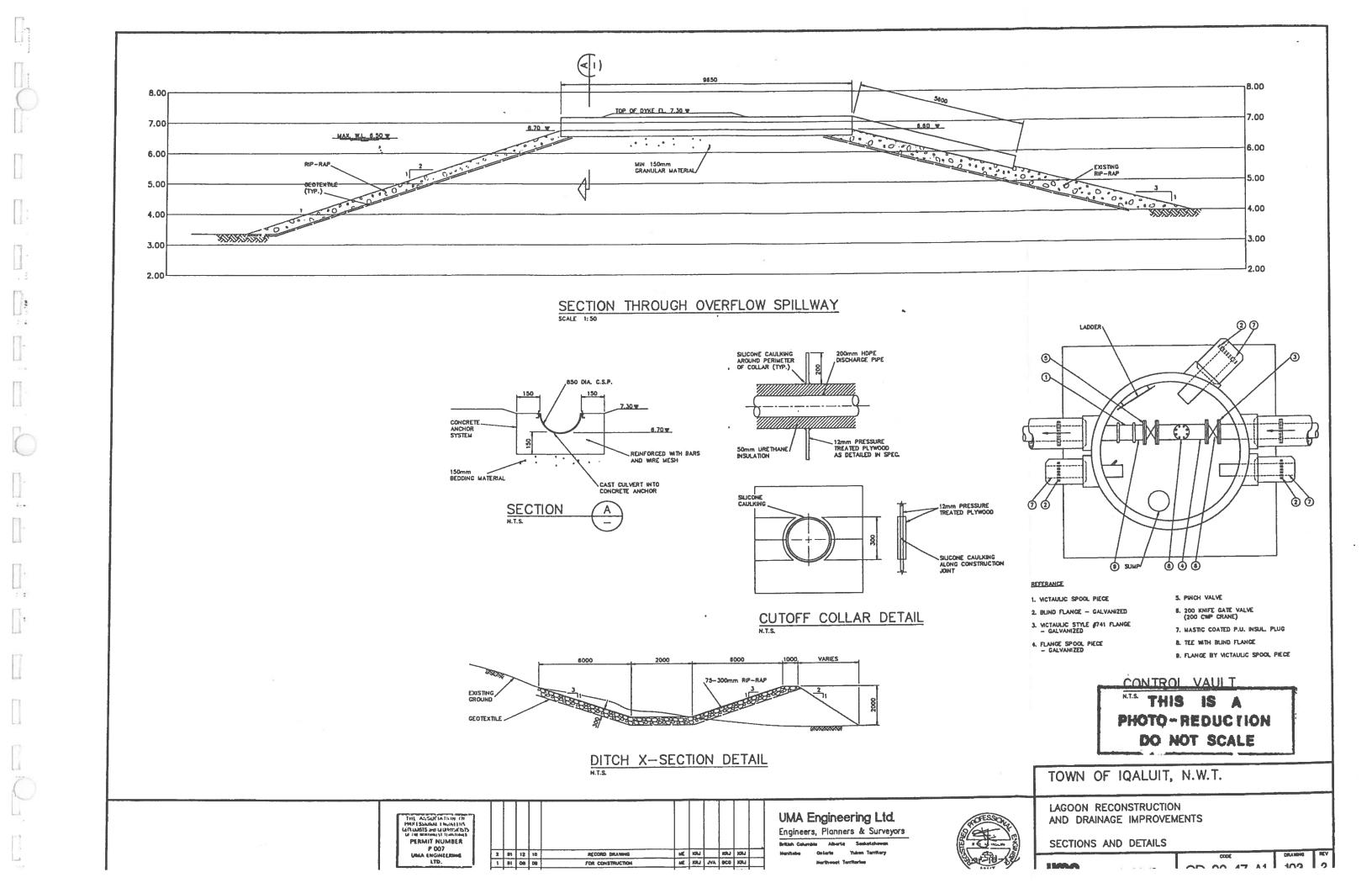


THIS IS A
PHOTO-REDUCTION
DO NOT SCALE











APPENDIX B

Sampling Program Evaluation

Nunami Stantec P.O. Box 188 RANKIN INLET, Nunavut X0C 0G0



September 19, 2018

City of Iqaluit Building 901 (City Hall) Nunavut Drive Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Matthew Hamp, Department of Engineering and Sustainability

Dear Matthew,

Reference: Iqaluit Wastewater Treatment System

Existing Sewage Lagoon Performance Review

BACKGROUND

Nunami Stantec, in cooperation with the City of Iqaluit, previously prepared the potential timeline and developed an action plan to temporarily divert flow to the existing lagoon to allow the improvements to be implemented to the existing Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP). See letter of June 6, 2018. The diversion is necessary as the current Headworks within the WWTP will require a complete shutdown for up to 4 months to replace the existing components with new and improved equipment in order to provide additional capacity to meet the growing needs of the City. A technical review of the lagoon action plan was performed by CIRNAC, in which their comments and recommendations were implemented into the updated action plan (See letter of August 10th, 2018).

A future use of the lagoon was identified more than a decade ago as a provisional treatment process in the event that the wastewater treatment facility needed to be bypassed. This objective remains with a specific requirement for the current project to provide a treatment process during the needed diversion to build the new plant. The intent is also to incorporate the lagoon, as previously intended, as a provisional treatment process in the overall treatment system.

As per the action plan, a test diversion to the lagoon was undertaken and the results of that testing and the sludge survey performed, and the anticipated level of treatment is summarized in this letter.

LAGOON ACTION PLAN UPDATE

The previously prepared Action Plan is updated as follows:

Event	Planned Date	Actual Date	
Prepare and Approve Lagoon Action Plan	June 2018	June 2018	
Performance Test (two weeks)	July 2018	August 2018	
Perform Sludge Survey	August 2018	September 2018	
Quantify Anticipated Treatment Results	August 2018	September 2018	
Inform Stakeholders	September 2018	September 2018	

Event	Planned Date	Actual Date
Install Public Access Deterrents	September 2018	
Divert Flow to Lagoon	October 2018	
Monitor Lagoon	October 2018 to January 2019	
Divert to Newly Commissioned WWTP (Primary Treatment)	January 2019	
Prepare Desludge Documents for Pricing	February 2019	
Obtain Pricing & Award	March 2019	
Shipping of Geotubes	July 2019	
Commence Dewatering of Sludge	August 2019	
Complete Dewatering of Sludge	September 2019	
Decant Lagoon & Evaluate Condition	September 2019	
Prepare Lagoon Operations Manual	October 2019	
Lagoon in Operation for Plant Upset Conditions	October 2019	
WWTP Commissioned (Secondary Treatment)	November 2019	
Geotube Freeze Thaw Dewatering	Winter 2019/2020	
Excavate and Transport Dewatered Solids to Landfill for use an organic cover material	August 2020	

LAGOON COMPONENTS

Lagoon Characteristics

The available piping systems to the lagoon incorporate a combination septage dump station and diversion chamber which allows both the septage and gravity flow from the City's system to be directed to the lagoon on a provisional basis.

Based on the survey performed, the normal operating volume of the lagoon is estimated to be 25,000 m³.

The outlet from the lagoon, based on 1991 as-builts, consists of piped discharge controlled by a valve chamber; the elevation of the discharge is 5.6 metres, which is approximately 2 metres above the bottom of the lagoon. The lagoon is not lined and several features such as a French drain, and an overflow spillway, were incorporated into the design of the lagoon to maintain the geotechnical stability of the system. The discharge point of the outlet directs the flow to the same channel that the current WWTP outfall discharges to.

The lagoon provided successful treatment of sewage for decades, and it is anticipated that it will continue to function as a treatment facility and provide a reasonable level of treatment for the four-month shutdown.

Current Sludge Volume

It is understood that the most recent desludging of the sewage lagoon occurred in 1991. The lagoon remained in full operation until 2006 at which time the mechanical primary treatment system was commissioned at the current WWTP. Since 2006, the lagoon has been utilized for short periods during process upsets at the WWTP.

The sludge survey has been performed and the results are:

- Volume Pond 20,436 m³
- Volume Sludge 1,597 m³
- Volumetric Sludge Percentage 7.8%

LAGOON PERFORMANCE

The testing was undertaken over a 2-week period in July and August. Both the influent and effluent were tested.

Performance Test Results

The results of the recent testing are as follows:

Date	Sample	BOD (mg/L)	TSS (mg/L)					
Sewage Lagoon								
July 27, 2018	Influent	134	124					
	Effluent	24	58					

August 2, 2018	Influent	59	148
August 2, 2010	Effluent	33	64
A	Influent	173	176
August 7, 2018	Effluent	60	72

SUMMARY - average BOD removal was 64%, while average TSS removal was 57%.

Above presented data shows an average calculated effluent TSS:BOD rate of 1.9, which indicates good lagoon treatment performance. TSS:BOD rates close to 1 indicate poor treatment or short-circuiting, with untreated wastewater mixing with the effluent while rates less than 1 indicate old sludge solubilization and release of soluble BOD. Rates above 2 are due to algal overgrowth and high loss of sludge particles with the effluent.

And in comparison, the most recent results of testing of the Wastewater Treatment Plant are as follows:

Date	Sample	BOD (mg/L)	TSS (mg/L)							
Wastewater Treatment Plant										
November 30, 2017	Influent	146	300							
November 30, 2017	Effluent	151	164							
04.0040	Influent	237	244							
January 24, 2018	Effluent	202	208							
March 8, 2018	Influent	223	188							
ivialCiTo, 2016	Effluent	182	168							
March 15, 2018	Influent	322	284							
March 15, 2018	Effluent	300	324							

SUMMARY - average BOD removal was 9%, while average TSS removal was 15%.

As seen, the Wastewater Treatment Plant which consists of primary treatment only, has been performing poorly. The sewage lagoon has by far outperformed the WWTP and a much higher level of performance can be anticipated during the diversion.

Theoretical Lagoon Performance

Even though the TSS removal during the winter months when the diversion to the lagoon will be accomplished is expected to be higher than the TSS removal obtained during testing over the summer months, for worst case scenario conditions the TSS average removal of 57% is used to estimate the solids that will stay in the lagoon during a four-month wastewater diversion period. The estimation follows:

Current WWTP Flow to be Diverted to the Lagoon: 3,326 m³/day

Influent Wastewater TSS: 149 ppm or g/ m³ (using the TSS average obtained during summer

testing)

Total Influent Solids to lagoon: 497 kg/day
Total Expected Days of Flow Diversion to Lagoon: 120 days
Total Quantity of Solids to be Diverted to Lagoon: 59,602 kg

Estimated TSS Removal Expected: 57% (same obtained during summer testing for worst case scenario)

Solids Expected to Settle in Lagoon for 120 Days: 33,973 kg
Typical Sludge Density: 1,100 kg/m³
Volume of Solids to Settle in Lagoon for 120 Days: 31 m³
Total Lagoon Volume from Survey: 20,436 m³

Current Volume of Solids in Lagoon from Survey: 1,597 m³
Current Volumetric Solids Percentage in Lagoon: 7.8%
Total Solids Volume in Lagoon after 120 Days: 1,628 m³
Volumetric Solids Percentage in Lagoon after 120 Days: 8.0%

The estimation shows that the volumetric solids increase in the lagoon over a period of 4 months would be only 0.2% which wouldn't present any issues for the lagoon operation.

The top water elevation registered in the lagoon survey is 5.9 meter. Therefore, the lagoon will be able to receive approximately 0.6 more meters of water depth to reach the maximum water elevation of 6.5 meters registered on the lagoon design drawings. Considering a total lagoon storage volume of approximately 25,000 m³ at maximum water level in the lagoon, the hydraulic retention time could be estimated as follows:

Estimated Total Lagoon Storage Volume: 25,000 m³

Total Solids Volume in Lagoon after 120 Days: 1,628 m³

Total Water Volume in Lagoon after 120 Days: 23,372 m³

Current WWTP Flow to be Diverted to the Lagoon: 3,326 m³/day

Lagoon Hydraulic Retention Time (HRT): 7 days.

This HRT is congruent with calculations developed during previous years for the lagoon. Therefore, effluent BOD during the winter months wouldn't be expected to be above 160 mg/L (Refer to performance Evaluation of Primary Sewage Lagoon in Iqaluit, N.W.T. by Ken Johnson and John Cucheran). A BOD effluent at that level, will provide a BOD removal of approximately 30% based on a BOD influent of 232 mg/L as measured from the testing developed during the summer months, which is much better than the current BOD removal obtained by the WWTP of 9%.

SUMMARY

Based on the recent test diversion to the lagoon and the current performance of the wastewater treatment plant, it is anticipated that the lagoon will provide a much higher level of treatment both at the beginning and end of the diversion.

Please note again that the wastewater treatment plant cannot be upgraded without the interrupting flow to the plant for the 4-month period. The headworks is receiving a complete upgrade with increased robustness, capacity, and redundancy. In addition, the Contractor Kudlik Construction, anticipates that a shutdown of nearer to 2-months will be required, however, we have based our analysis on a 4 months period in the event that a longer contingency period is required.

We recommend that the diversion proceed and trust this meets your current requirements.

Should you have any questions, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

Nunami Stantec

Glenn Prosko, P.Eng. Senior Project Manager Phone: (780) 969-3258 Glenn.Prosko@stantec.com

Attachment: Lagoon test summary results Sludge Survey Report

cc. Eslam Maher, Colliers

Appendix A Lagoon Sample Results



Final Report

C.O.C.: ---**REPORT No. B18-22323**

Report To: City of Iqaluit

PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0 Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 30-Jul-18

DATE REPORTED: 08-Aug-18 SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water **Caduceon Environmental Laboratories**

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: 110126045 - Iqaluit WWTP

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

			Client I.D.		Test F - Influent	Test F - Discharge	
			Sample I.D.		B18-22323-1	B18-22323-2	
			Date Collecte	ed	27-Jul-18	27-Jul-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
BOD	mg/L	3	SM 5210B	30-Jul-18/O	134	24	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	SM 2540D	01-Aug-18/O	124	58	
Conductivity @25°C	µmho/cm	1	SM 2510B	30-Jul-18/O	329	225	
pH @25°C	pH Units		SM 4500H	30-Jul-18/O	7.28	7.69	
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	01-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	01-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Ammonia (N)-Total	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3364	01-Aug-18/O	15.2	8.46	
o-Phosphate (P)	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3366	01-Aug-18/O	1.09	0.79	
Phosphorus-Total	mg/L	0.01	E3199A.1	31-Jul-18/K	3.13	1.60	
Aluminum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.18	0.13	
Antimony	mg/L	0.0005	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	
Arsenic	mg/L	0.0005	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	0.0006	< 0.0005	
Barium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.017	0.015	
Beryllium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cadmium	mg/L).000070	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	0.000198	0.000090	
Chromium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cobalt	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Copper	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.220	0.046	
Iron	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.416	1.56	
Lead	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	0.0023	0.0011	
Lithium	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.066	0.111	
Mercury	mg/L	0.00002	SM 3112 B	02-Aug-18/O	0.00003	< 0.00002	
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Nickel	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Selenium	mg/L	0.005	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Silver	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	

NOTE: Total & Fecal Coliform passed acceptable holding times upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston, W-Windsor, O-Ottawa, R-Richmond Hill, B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin, BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

Final Report

C.O.C.: ---**REPORT No. B18-22323**

Report To:

City of Iqaluit

PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 30-Jul-18

DATE REPORTED: 08-Aug-18 SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1

Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: 110126045 - Iqaluit WWTP

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

			Client I.D.		Test F - Influent	Test F - Discharge	
			Sample I.D.		B18-22323-1	B18-22323-2	
			Date Collecte	ed	27-Jul-18	27-Jul-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
Strontium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.066	0.056	
Thallium	mg/L	0.0003	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	< 0.0003	< 0.0003	
Tin	mg/L	0.05	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.05	< 0.05	
Titanium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.005	< 0.005	
Uranium	mg/L	0.0003	EPA 200.8	30-Jul-18/O	< 0.0003	< 0.0003	
Vanadium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Zinc	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	31-Jul-18/O	0.411	0.037	
Total Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	30-Jul-18/O	5300000	20000	
Fecal Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	30-Jul-18/O	860000	30	

NOTE: Total & Fecal Coliform passed acceptable holding times upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

The analytical results reported herein refer to the samples as received. Reproduction of this analytical report in full or in part is prohibited without prior consent from Caduceon Environmental Laboratories.

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston, W-Windsor, O-Ottawa, R-Richmond Hill, B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin, BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: --- REPORT No. B18-23373

Report To:

City of Iqaluit PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0
Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 07-Aug-18

DATE REPORTED: 14-Aug-18

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: Test F

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

			Client I.D.		Test F Influent	Test F Discharge	
			Sample I.D.		B18-23373-1	B18-23373-2	
			Date Collecte	ed	02-Aug-18	02-Aug-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
BOD	mg/L	3	SM 5210B	09-Aug-18/O	59	33	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	SM 2540D	09-Aug-18/O	148	64	
Conductivity @25°C	µmho/cm	1	SM 2510B	08-Aug-18/O	358	307	
pH @25°C	pH Units		SM 4500H	08-Aug-18/O	7.00	7.43	
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Ammonia (N)-Total	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3364	09-Aug-18/O	19.4	12.9	
o-Phosphate (P)	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3366	09-Aug-18/O	1.25	0.83	
Phosphorus-Total	mg/L	0.01	E3199A.1	10-Aug-18/K	3.78	2.15	
Aluminum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.27	0.11	
Antimony	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	0.0010	0.0005	
Arsenic	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	
Barium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.024	0.017	
Beryllium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cadmium	mg/L	0.000015	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	0.000161	0.000085	
Chromium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cobalt	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Copper	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.258	0.093	
Iron	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.591	1.22	
Lead	mg/L	0.00002	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	0.00273	0.00086	
Lithium	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.077	0.113	
Mercury	mg/L	0.00002	SM 3112 B	13-Aug-18/O	0.00003	< 0.00002	
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Nickel	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Selenium	mg/L	0.001	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Silver	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	

NOTE: Total & Fecal Coliform passed acceptable holding times upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin , BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: --- REPORT No. B18-23373

Report To:

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

City of Iqaluit PO Box 460, 2378 Holly Lane

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123

Attention: Maria Karveli

Fax: 613-526-1244

DATE RECEIVED: 07-Aug-18

JOB/PROJECT NO.: Test F

DATE REPORTED: 14-Aug-18

P.O. NUMBER:

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

WATERWORKS NO.

			Client I.D.		Test F Influent	Test F Discharge	
			Sample I.D.		B18-23373-1	B18-23373-2	
			Date Collecte	ed	02-Aug-18	02-Aug-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
Strontium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.069	0.074	
Thallium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.0003	< 0.0003	
Tin	mg/L	0.05	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.05	< 0.05	
Titanium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Uranium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	08-Aug-18/O	< 0.0003	< 0.0003	
Vanadium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Zinc	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	09-Aug-18/O	0.795	0.056	
Total Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	08-Aug-18/O	1860000	940000	
Fecal Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	08-Aug-18/O	1020000	41000	

NOTE: Total & Fecal Coliform passed acceptable holding times upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin , BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: ---**REPORT No. B18-23562**

Report To:

City of Iqaluit PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0 Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 09-Aug-18

DATE REPORTED: 16-Aug-18

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123 Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO .: Test F

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

П	l est	Sam	ples '	were	e impi	roperly
ı	abele	ed.				
١.						

Left column is effluent sample Right column is influent sample

Client I.D.	<	l est F	l est F	
	7	Influent	Discharge	
Sample I.D.		B18-23562-1	B18-23562-2	
Date Collected		07-Aug-18	07-Aug-18	

			Date Collecte	ŧu	07-Aug-18	07-Aug-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
BOD	mg/L	3	SM 5210B	10-Aug-18/O	60	173	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	SM 2540D	10-Aug-18/O	72	176	
Conductivity @25°C	µmho/cm	1	SM 2510B	09-Aug-18/O	320	421	
pH @25°C	pH Units		SM 4500H	09-Aug-18/O	8.02	7.10	
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.1	0.1	
Ammonia (N)-Total	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3364	09-Aug-18/O	11.8	21.0	
o-Phosphate (P)	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3366	09-Aug-18/O	0.76	1.89	
Phosphorus-Total	mg/L	0.01	E3199A.1	13-Aug-18/K	2.36	3.77	
Aluminum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.09	0.24	
Antimony	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	
Arsenic	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	
Barium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.014	0.019	
Beryllium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cadmium	mg/L).000015	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	0.000129	0.000234	
Chromium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.002	< 0.002	
Cobalt	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Copper	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.107	0.225	
Iron	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.855	0.896	
Lead	mg/L	0.00002	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	0.00121	0.00335	
Lithium	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.101	0.130	
Mercury	mg/L	0.00002	SM 3112 B	14-Aug-18/O	< 0.00002	0.00012	
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Nickel	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.01	< 0.01	
Selenium	mg/L	0.001	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Silver	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.0001	0.0001	

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston, W-Windsor, O-Ottawa, R-Richmond Hill, B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin, BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: --- REPORT No. B18-23562

Report To:

City of Iqaluit

PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 09-Aug-18

DATE REPORTED: 16-Aug-18

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1

Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: Test F

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

			Client I.D.		Test F Influent	Test F Discharge	
			Sample I.D.		B18-23562-1	B18-23562-2	
			Date Collecte	ed	07-Aug-18	07-Aug-18	
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
Strontium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.065	0.066	
Thallium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	< 0.0003	< 0.0003	
Tin	mg/L	0.05	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.05	< 0.05	
Titanium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	0.005	
Uranium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	09-Aug-18/O	0.00036	0.00045	
Vanadium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	< 0.005	< 0.005	
Zinc	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	13-Aug-18/O	0.050	0.123	
Total Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	09-Aug-18/O	28000000 1	12000000	
Fecal Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	09-Aug-18/O	3100000	1900000	

¹ duplicate = 20000000 cfu/100 ml

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an * Site Analyzed=K-Kingston,W-Windsor,O-Ottawa,R-Richmond Hill,B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin , BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: G72049 REPORT No. B18-24879

Client I.D.

Report To:

City of Iqaluit PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 21-Aug-18

DATE REPORTED: 30-Aug-18

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1 Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: Test F

P.O. NUMBER:

Sewer

WATERWORKS NO.

					Lagoon Decant		
			Sample I.D.		B18-24879-1		
			Date Collecte	ed	18-Aug-18		
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
BOD	mg/L	3	SM 5210B	22-Aug-18/O	41		
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3	SM 2540D	22-Aug-18/O	69		
Conductivity @25°C	µmho/cm	1	SM 2510B	21-Aug-18/O	351		
pH @25°C	pH Units		SM 4500H	21-Aug-18/O	7.35		
Nitrite (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	21-Aug-18/O	< 0.1		
Nitrate (N)	mg/L	0.1	SM4110C	21-Aug-18/O	< 0.1		
Ammonia (N)-Total	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3364	22-Aug-18/O	15.7		
o-Phosphate (P)	mg/L	0.01	MOEE 3366	22-Aug-18/O	0.95		
Phosphorus-Total	mg/L	0.01	E3199A.1	24-Aug-18/K	4.12		
Aluminum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.08		
Antimony	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	< 0.0005		
Arsenic	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	< 0.0005		
Barium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.017		
Beryllium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.002		
Cadmium	mg/L	0.000015	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	0.000387		
Chromium	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.011		
Cobalt	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.005		
Copper	mg/L	0.002	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.109		
Iron	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.654		
Lead	mg/L	0.00002	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	0.00236		
Lithium	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.01		
Manganese	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.136		
Mercury	mg/L	0.00002	SM 3112 B	24-Aug-18/O	< 0.00002		
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.01		
Nickel	mg/L	0.01	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.02		
Selenium	mg/L	0.001	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	< 0.005		

NOTE: Bacteria passed acceptable holding time upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston, W-Windsor, O-Ottawa, R-Richmond Hill, B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin, BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



Final Report

C.O.C.: G72049 REPORT No. B18-24879

Report To:

City of Iqaluit

PO Box 460,

Iqaluit NU X0A 0H0

Attention: Maria Karveli

DATE RECEIVED: 21-Aug-18

DATE REPORTED: 30-Aug-18

SAMPLE MATRIX: Waste Water

Caduceon Environmental Laboratories

2378 Holly Lane

Ottawa Ontario K1V 7P1

Tel: 613-526-0123

Fax: 613-526-1244

JOB/PROJECT NO.: Test F

P.O. NUMBER:

WATERWORKS NO.

		,					
			Client I.D.		Sewer		
					Lagoon		
					Decant		
			Sample I.D.		B18-24879-1		
			Date Collect	ed	18-Aug-18		
Parameter	Units	R.L.	Reference Method	Date/Site Analyzed			
Silver	mg/L	0.0001	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	< 0.0001		
Strontium	mg/L	0.001	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.077		
Thallium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	< 0.0003		
Tin	mg/L	0.05	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.05		
Titanium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.005		
Uranium	mg/L	0.00005	EPA 200.8	22-Aug-18/O	0.00041		
Vanadium	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	< 0.005		
Zinc	mg/L	0.005	SM 3120	28-Aug-18/O	0.148		
Total Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	21-Aug-18/O	560000		
Fecal Coliform	cfu/100mL	1	MOE E3371	21-Aug-18/O	16000		

NOTE: Bacteria passed acceptable holding time upon arrival at Lab.

R.L. = Reporting Limit

Test methods may be modified from specified reference method unless indicated by an *

Site Analyzed=K-Kingston, W-Windsor, O-Ottawa, R-Richmond Hill, B-Barrie

Greg Clarkin , BSc., C. Chem Lab Manager - Ottawa District



APPENDIX C

2018 Sludge Survey



51 Belich Crescent, Red Deer County T4S 2K5 Ph. (403) 348-8298

Fax (403) 348-8290

September 18, 2018

Iqaluit, NU

Attn: Sandra Rousseau

Dear Sandra,

On behalf of Lambourne Environmental Ltd. and our colleagues at Hydrasurvey Ltd. I am pleased to present you with the enclosed survey report. I trust that you will find the information provided useful in assessing the current state of the lagoon at Iqaluit.

Lambourne Environmental is a full-service Lagoon Desludging and Disposal company. We have been meeting the lagoon cleaning needs of Western Canada for 25 years. We pride ourselves on planning and executing projects to the satisfaction of all our stakeholders.

Should you have any questions regarding the survey report please contact Andrew Ambrocichuk at 780-328-9102 or myself.

Thank you for the opportunity to serve you. If you have any questions or would like to further discuss the potential desludging and disposal work for this project we would be more than happy to help and come up with a solution.

Yours truly, Lambourne Environmental Ltd.

David Linsley, B.Sc. General Manager

SLUDGE SURVEY REPORT

IQALUIT, NU WASTEWATER LAGOON

Location: Iqaluit, NU

Name of Lagoon(s): Iqaluit Wastewater Lagoon

Client: Lambourne Environmental

Client Contact: David Linsley

Report prepared by: A. Ambrocichuk

Surveyors: A. Ambrocichuk, S. Gay, B. Buryn

Date(s) of Survey: 06/09/18 - 07/09/18

Map Grid Reference: Datum: WGS84, Projection: UTM, Zone 19N

Revision Number: 1

Report Print Size: 11x17"



Figure 1 Plan overview of Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon

	Name	Date	11 3/	
Prepared by:	AA	17-09-2018	і н ۷	' II H A X II H A F A 🦰
			II I	
			Project	Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon Sludge Survey
			Title	
			Project	18027
			Number	
Unless otherwis	se specified	all dimensions	Revision	1
are in meters			Sheet	1

FIGURES, TABLES, APPENDICES SUMMARY

List of Figures

Figure 2 Iqaluit lagoon top of sludge elevations (m)	Figure 1 Plan overview of Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon	1
Figure 3 Iqaluit Iagoon bottom profile elevations (m)	Figure 2 Iqaluit lagoon top of sludge elevations (m)	3
Figure 4 Iqaluit lagoon depths to top of sludge (m)	Figure 3 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile elevations (m)	4
Figure 6 Iqaluit Iagoon shoreline as marked with RTK GNSS at the time of survey (m) Figure 7 Iqaluit Iagoon hydraulic capacity Figure 8 Iqaluit Iagoon estimated sludge volume Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit Iagoon Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the Iagoon Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey. Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked		
Figure 6 Iqaluit Iagoon shoreline as marked with RTK GNSS at the time of survey (m) Figure 7 Iqaluit Iagoon hydraulic capacity Figure 8 Iqaluit Iagoon estimated sludge volume Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit Iagoon Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the Iagoon Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey. Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked	Figure 5 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile depths (m)	6
Figure 7 Iqaluit lagoon hydraulic capacity		
Figure 8 Iqaluit lagoon estimated sludge volume	Figure 7 Iqaluit lagoon hydraulic capacity	
Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east	Figure 8 Iqaluit lagoon estimated sludge volume	8
Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the lagoon	Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east	9
Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey	Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit Iagoon	10
Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey	Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the lagoon	10
Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked11		
	influent area was in constant operation during the survey	10
Figure 14 Echogram showing accumulated sludge on bottom	Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked	11
	Figure 14 Echogram showing accumulated sludge on bottom	11

List of Tables

Appendices

Appendix A – Iqaluit Lagoon 3D Top of sludge Report

Appendix B – Iqaluit Lagoon Sludge Sample Test Results

Prepared by: AA 17-09-2018

HYDRASURVEY

Project Title

Project Number

Unless otherwise specified all dimensions are in meters

Page 18027

Revision 1

Sheet 2

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Hydrasurvey conducted a sludge survey of the Iqaluit Wastewater Lagoon on September 6-7, 2018. The purpose of the survey and this report is to map and quantify sludge build-up in the lagoon.

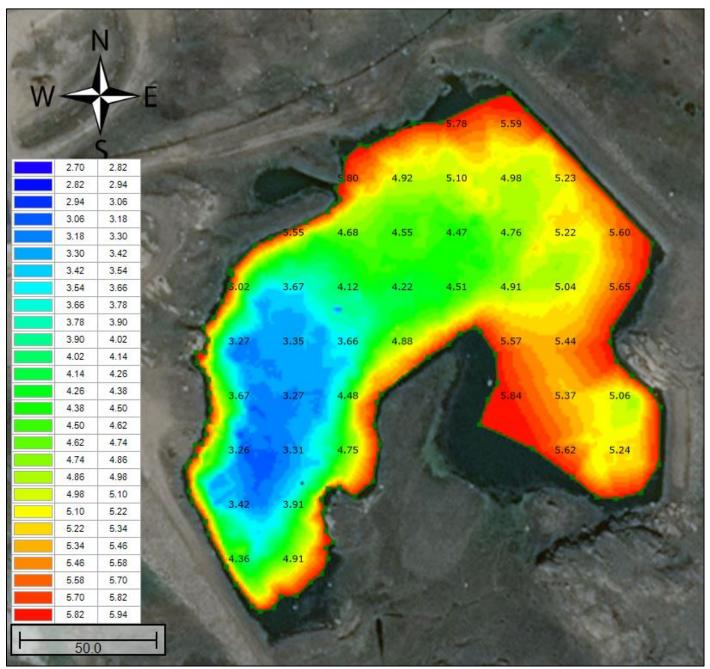
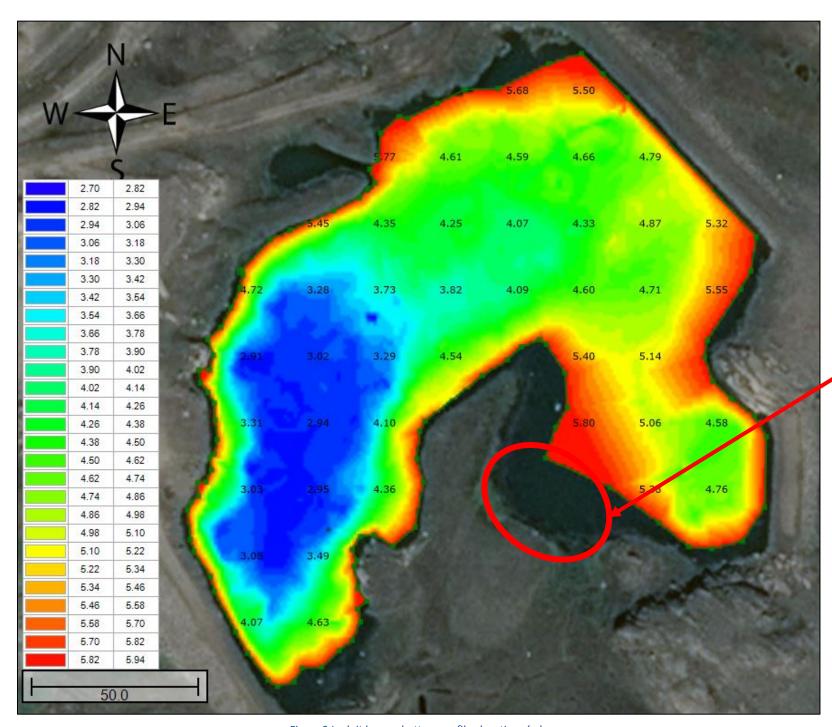


Figure 2 Iqaluit lagoon top of sludge elevations (m)

	Name	Date	11	1/	n	n	A	0	11	n	11	F	W A	
Prepared by:	AA	17-09-2018		V	Ш	И	Λ	1	Ш	И	V	┢	V	
			H	ı	U	Ш	Λ	J	U	Ш	V	L		•
			Project		Iqalui	t, NU	Wast	ewate	er Lag	oon S	Sludge	Surv	/ey	
			Title											
			Project		1802	7								
			Number											
Unless otherwis	e specified	I all dimensions	Revision	1	1									
are in meters			Sheet					3						



The image below shows the sludge beach as identified by the red circle in the CAD drawing to the left. Boat access to determine the depth of this sludge was not possible due to the extremely shallow beach.

• Iqaluit lagoon water elevation at the time of survey was 5.9m and appeared to be well below the high waterline, exposing accumulated sludge along the shoreline.



Figure 3 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile elevations (m)

	Name	Date	- 11	V	n	n	A	C	11	n	11	Г	V		
Prepared by:	AA	17-09-2018	H	Y		K	Λ	1	Ш	K	V	┢	Y		
			11		U	Ш	/\	U	U	Ш	T	L	ı,		
			Project		Iqalui	t, NU	Wast	ewate	er Lag	oon S	Sludge	Surv	ey		
			Title												
			Project		18027	7									
			Number	r											
Unless otherwis	e specified	all dimensions	Revision	n	1										
are in meters			Sheet					4							

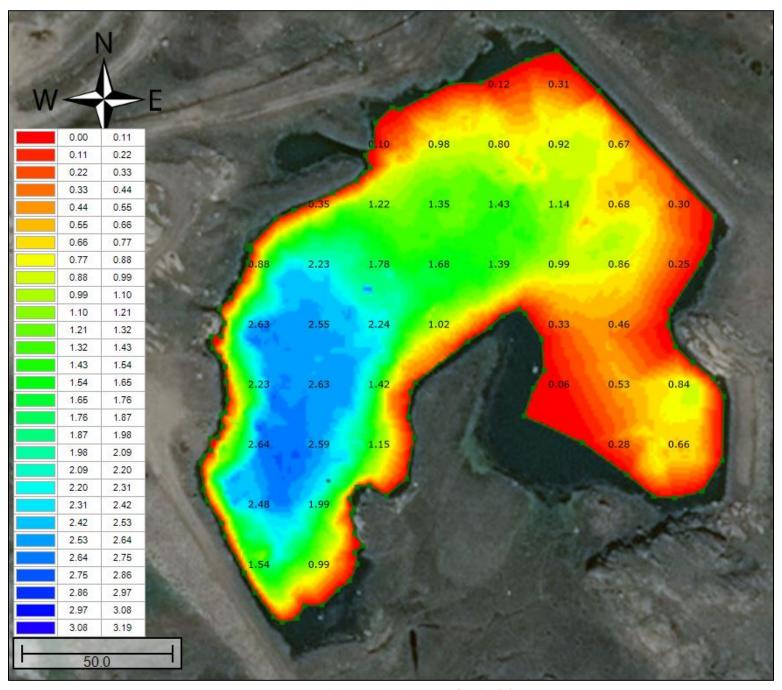


Figure 4 Iqaluit lagoon depths to top of sludge (m)

	Name	Date	11	W	n	n		0	11	n	11	F	1/		
Prepared by:	AA	17-09-2018	Н	V		И	Λ	ľ	Ш	K	V	┢	V		
				ı	U	Ш	Λ	J	U	Ш	V	L	I		
			Project		Iqalui	t, NU	Wast	ewate	er Lag	oon S	Sludge	Surv	еy		
			Title												
			Project		1802	7									
			Numbei	r											
Unless otherwis	e specified	all dimensions	Revision	n	1										
are in meters			Sheet					5							

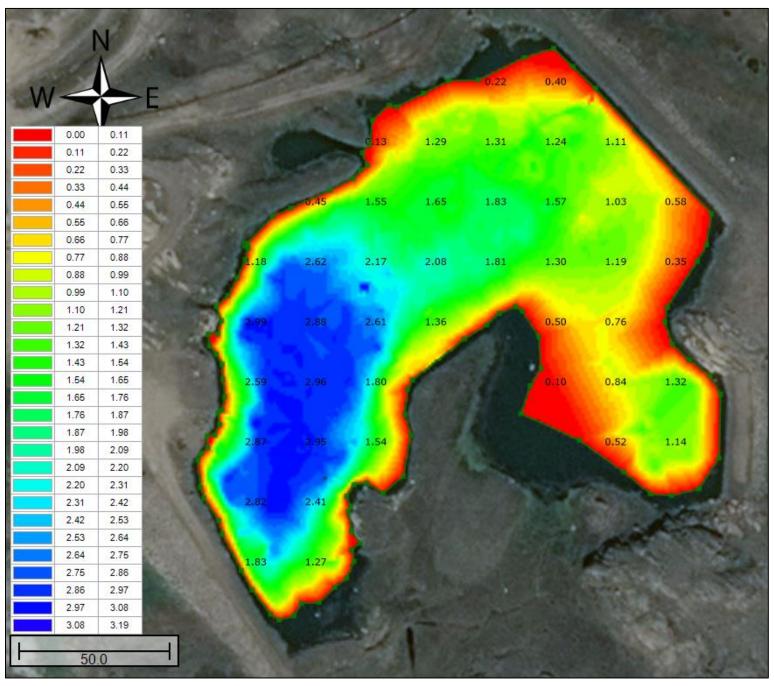
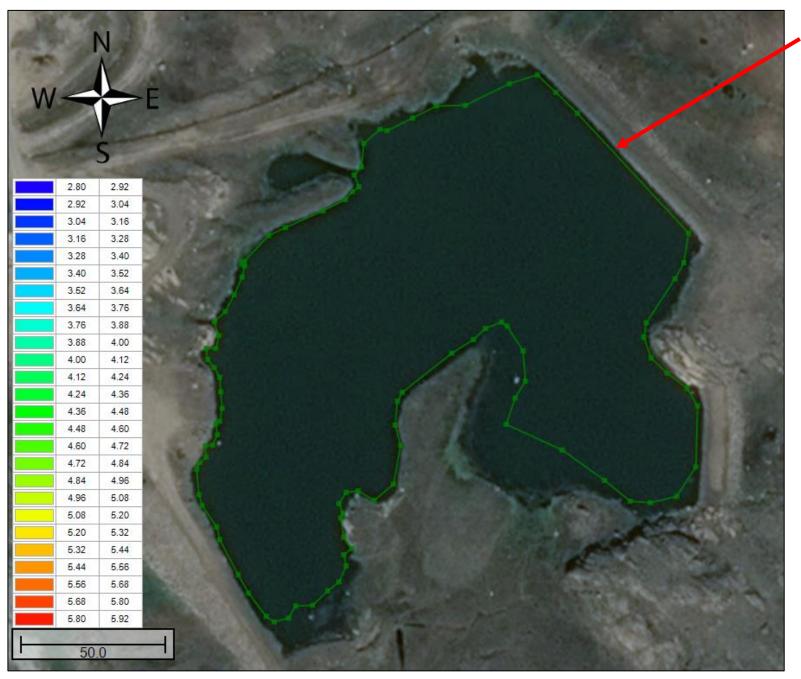


Figure 5 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile depths (m)

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Green line represents location of shoreline at the time of survey

Figure 6 Iqaluit lagoon shoreline as marked with RTK GNSS at the time of survey (m)

	Name	Date		V	n	n	A	O	11	n	M	Г	W		
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are in meters			Sheet					7							

ESTIMATED SLUDGE QUANTITY

Estimated sludge volume is calculated using software that compares the measured and interpolated sludge depths and elevations with the lagoon liner. A sludge sample is taken for lab analysis to determine total solids and total volatile solids and to obtain dry weight.

IQALUIT LAGOON:

TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLUME OF SLUDGE TO BE REMOVED (WET) = $5,220 \text{ m}^3$ TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLUME OF SLUDGE TO BE REMOVED (DRY) = $1,597 \text{ m}^3$

TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLATILE SOLIDS QUANTITY (DRY) = 316 m³

Figure 8 Igaluit lagoon estimated sludge volume

LAGOON HYDRAULIC CAPACITY AT PRESENT SLUDGE LOADING

Hydraulic capacity calculations for each lagoon are performed by comparing the water level at the time of survey to the sludge profile with results shown below.

ESTIMATED HYDRAULIC CAPACITY (WATER LEVEL @ 5.9 m) = 20,436 m³

Figure 7 Iqaluit lagoon hydraulic capacity

	Table 1 Iqaluit Lagoon S	Stage Volumes at Present Sludge Load	ling
Stage	Depth (m)	Volume (m ³)	Area (m²)
1	0.0	20436	17605
2	0.5	12624	13502
3	1.0	7116	8231
4	1.5	3715	5230
5	2.0	1565	3515
6	2.5	189	1765

A NOTE ON VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Estimates of sludge quantity and pond hydraulic capacity are provided in this report. It is important to note that reported sludge volumes are based on pond depths measured by the sub-bottom profiler or infrared sludge interface detector and verified using manual checks. Sludge volumes are calculated using software that creates interpolations between the sounding lines measured in the field. As such the volume of sludge calculated in this report will vary from what is actually found in the field. The volumes shown in this report should be used as guidelines for planning maintenance desludging or dredging and should not be assumed to be exactly accurate. By choosing to use the sludge volume estimates provided in this report the user agrees to indemnify and hold Hydrasurvey harmless of any additional charges resulting from underestimated or overestimated sludge volumes.

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SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – TOP OF SLUDGE 3D IMAGE

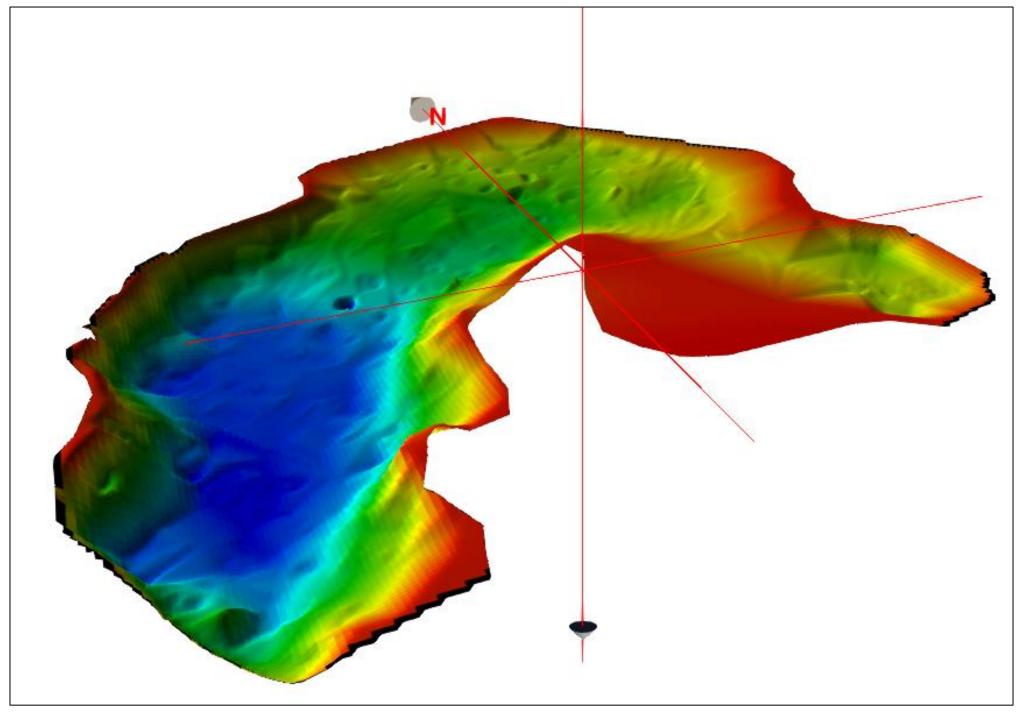


Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east

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SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – SURVEY IMAGES



Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey.



Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the lagoon



Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit lagoon

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SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – ECHOGRAM SAMPLE

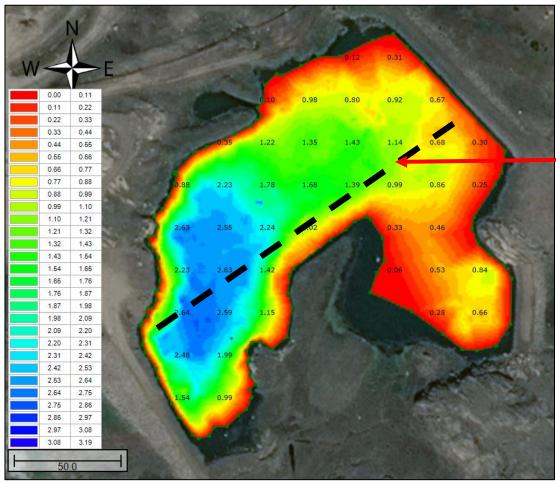


Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked

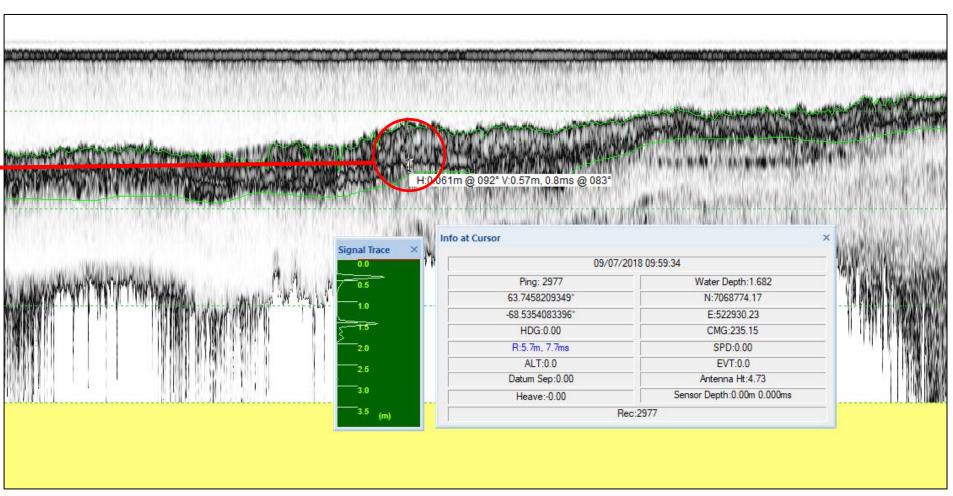


Figure 14 Echogram showing accumulated sludge on bottom

- The sub-bottom profiler echogram image above represents the cross section (elevation) view of the black line in the figure to the left. The red circle shows the accumulated sludge on top of the lagoon bottom. At this point the sludge is measured at 0.57 m thick.
- Hydrasurvey used the sub-bottom profiler to survey all boat accessible areas of the Iqaluit lagoon.

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SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Hydrasurvey uses sub-bottom profiling technology and RTK GNSS positioning to map both the top of sludge and lagoon bottom. Hydrasurvey uses both an infrared sludge interface detector and a sludge judge to correlate actual field measurements with acoustic reflectors measured using the sub-bottom profiler. In very shallow (< 0.5 m) water depths Hydrasurvey uses an infrared sludge interface detector with RTK GNSS positioning to measure the sludge blanket. Hydrasurvey also collects sludge samples and tests them for total solids and total volatile solids for computation of dry material volumes.

Sludge Survey Equipment:

Vessel: Inshore survey vessel (Commercial grade inflatable) outfitted with survey system mount and electric motor

Positioning: RTK Base and Rover GNSS system

Sonar: Mutli-frequency sub-bottom profiler (High Frequency at 100kHz, Low Frequencies at 15kHz, 12kHz, 10kHz, 8kHz, 6kHz, 5kHz and 4kHz)

Sound Velocity: Portable sound velocity profiler (temperature, depth, conductivity)

Sludge measurement devices: Infrared sludge interface detector, sludge judge and Ekman grab sampler

Survey line spacing	10 m
Survey speed	3 km/hr
Number of manual sludge measurements	6
Number of sludge samples taken	1
Number of sound velocity profiles taken	2
Average sound velocity in the lagoons	1445.65 m/s
Sub-bottom profiler transducer settings	HF: 100kHz, LF: 8kHz
Transducer draft (below waterline)	0.23 m
GPS antenna height (above waterline)	1.43 m
Lagoon water elevation during survey	5.9 m
Number of planned survey lines	37 lines
Approximate total distance of survey lines	4.5 km

Table 2 Sludge Survey Details

	Name	Date		W	n	n	A	n	11	n	1/		M	
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Enabling 3D content in Adobe PDF documents

To enable 3D content in the current document:

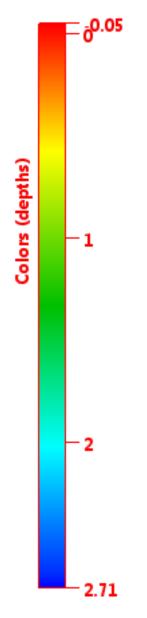
Click the **Options** button and then select an appropriate option:

- Trust this document one time only
- Trust this document always

To enable 3D content permanently:

• Go to *Edit > Preferences > 3D & Multimedia* and then select the **Enable playing 3D content** checkbox.

Visit: https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/using/enable-3d-content-pdf.html for more information.



HYDRASURVEY 3D scene of Iqaluit wastewater lagoon. Note 3D pdfs are in Beta and are to be used for reference purposes only. Do not scale from this drawing.



Map Projection: UTM WGS84 Z19 (m)	If Ombany, Hydraethydy i fd	Area: Iqaluit Wastewater Lagoon
Date: September 06, 2018	Chief Surveyor: A. Ambrocichuk	Vessel: Hydraboat 1





CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

REPORTED TO Hydrasurvey Ltd.

9715 - 76 Street

Edmonton, AB T6C 2L1

ATTENTION

Andrew Ambrocichuk

PO NUMBER

PROJECT

Cell 2A

PROJECT INFO

WORK ORDER

8090632

RECEIVED / TEMP REPORTED

2018-09-10 09:46 / NA

2018-09-17 15:36

Introduction:

CARO Analytical Services is a testing laboratory full of smart, engaged scientists driven to make the world a safer and healthier place. Through our clients' projects we become an essential element for a better world. We employ methods conducted in accordance with recognized professional standards using accepted testing methodologies and quality control efforts. CARO is accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratories Accreditation (CALA) to ISO 17025:2005 for specific tests listed in the scope of accreditation approved by CALA.

Big Picture Sidekicks



We've Got Chemistry



Ahead of the Curve



You know that the sample you collected after snowshoeing to site, digging 5 meters, and racing to get it on a plane so you can submit it to the lab for time sensitive results needed to make important and expensive decisions (whew) is VERY important. We know that too.

It's simple. We figure the more you enjoy with fun and working our engaged team the more members; likely you are to give us continued opportunities to support you.

Through research, regulation knowledge, and instrumentation, are your analytical centre the knowledge technical you BEFORE you need it, so you can stay up to date and in the know.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact me at jshanko@caro.ca

Authorized By:

Jennifer Shanko, A.Sc.T. Account Manager

1-888-311-8846 | www.caro.ca



TEST RESULTS

REPORTED TO Hydrasurvey Ltd. WORK ORDER 8090632

PROJECT Cell 2A **REPORTED** 2018-09-17 15:36

Analyte Result RL Units Analyzed Qualifier

Iqualuit S1 (8090632-01) | Matrix: Solid | Sampled: 2018-09-06

	General	Parameters
--	---------	-------------------

 Solids, Total
 30.6
 0.1 % wet
 2018-09-17

 Solids, Volatile
 19.8
 0.1 % dry
 2018-09-17





 REPORTED TO
 Hydrasurvey Ltd.
 WORK ORDER
 8090632

 PROJECT
 Cell 2A
 REPORTED
 2018-09-17 15:36

Analysis Description	Method Ref.	Technique	Location
Solids, Total in Solid	SM 2540 G (2011)	Gravimetry	Kelowna
Solids, Volatile in Solid	SM 2540 G (2011)	Gravimetry	Kelowna

Glossary of Terms:

RL Reporting Limit (default)
% dry Percent (dry weight basis)
% wet Percent (as received basis)

SM Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, American Public Health Association

General Comments:

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the Chain of Custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety. CARO is not responsible for any loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from error or omission in the conduct of testing. Liability is limited to the cost of analysis. Samples will be disposed of 30 days after the test report has been issued unless otherwise agreed to in writing.



APPENDIX 2: QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

 REPORTED TO
 Hydrasurvey Ltd.
 WORK ORDER
 8090632

 PROJECT
 Cell 2A
 REPORTED
 2018-09-17 15:36

The following section displays the quality control (QC) data that is associated with your sample data. Groups of samples are prepared in "batches" and analyzed in conjunction with QC samples that ensure your data is of the highest quality. Common QC types include:

- Method Blank (Blk): A blank sample that undergoes sample processing identical to that carried out for the test samples. Method blank results are used to assess contamination from the laboratory environment and reagents.
- **Duplicate (Dup)**: An additional or second portion of a randomly selected sample in the analytical run carried through the entire analytical process. Duplicates provide a measure of the analytical method's precision (reproducibility).
- Blank Spike (BS): A sample of known concentration which undergoes processing identical to that carried out for test samples,
 also referred to as a laboratory control sample (LCS). Blank spikes provide a measure of the analytical method's accuracy.
- Matrix Spike (MS): A second aliquot of sample is fortified with with a known concentration of target analytes and carried through
 the entire analytical process. Matrix spikes evaluate potential matrix effects that may affect the analyte recovery.
- Reference Material (SRM): A homogenous material of similar matrix to the samples, certified for the parameter(s) listed.
 Reference Materials ensure that the analytical process is adequate to achieve acceptable recoveries of the parameter(s) tested.

Each QC type is analyzed at a 5-10% frequency, i.e. one blank/duplicate/spike for every 10-20 samples. For all types of QC, the specified recovery (% Rec) and relative percent difference (RPD) limits are derived from long-term method performance averages and/or prescribed by the reference method.

Analyte	Result	RL Units	Spike Level	Source Result	% REC	REC Limit	% RPD	RPD Limit	Qualifier
General Parameters, Batch B8l0647									
Duplicate (B8I0647-DUP1)	Sour	ce: 8090632-01	Prepared	: 2018-09-1	17, Analyze	d: 2018-0	09-17		
Solids, Total	29.9	0.1 % wet		30.6			2	7.5	
Solids, Volatile	20.4	0.1 % dry		19.8			3	9	
Reference (B8I0647-SRM1)			Prepared	: 2018-09-1	17, Analyze	d: 2018-0	09-17		
Solids, Total	68.6	0.1 % wet	69.3		99	80-120			



51 Belich Crescent, Red Deer County T4S 2K5 Ph. (403) 348-8298

Fax (403) 348-8290

September 18, 2018

Iqaluit, NU

Attn: Sandra Rousseau

Dear Sandra,

On behalf of Lambourne Environmental Ltd. and our colleagues at Hydrasurvey Ltd. I am pleased to present you with the enclosed survey report. I trust that you will find the information provided useful in assessing the current state of the lagoon at Iqaluit.

Lambourne Environmental is a full-service Lagoon Desludging and Disposal company. We have been meeting the lagoon cleaning needs of Western Canada for 25 years. We pride ourselves on planning and executing projects to the satisfaction of all our stakeholders.

Should you have any questions regarding the survey report please contact Andrew Ambrocichuk at 780-328-9102 or myself.

Thank you for the opportunity to serve you. If you have any questions or would like to further discuss the potential desludging and disposal work for this project we would be more than happy to help and come up with a solution.

Yours truly, Lambourne Environmental Ltd.

David Linsley, B.Sc. General Manager

SLUDGE SURVEY REPORT

IQALUIT, NU WASTEWATER LAGOON

Location: Iqaluit, NU

Name of Lagoon(s): Iqaluit Wastewater Lagoon

Client: Lambourne Environmental

Client Contact: David Linsley

Report prepared by: A. Ambrocichuk

Surveyors: A. Ambrocichuk, S. Gay, B. Buryn

Date(s) of Survey: 06/09/18 - 07/09/18

Map Grid Reference: Datum: WGS84, Projection: UTM, Zone 19N

Revision Number: 1

Report Print Size: 11x17"



Figure 1 Plan overview of Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon

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FIGURES, TABLES, APPENDICES SUMMARY

List of Figures

Figure 1 Plan overview of Igaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon	1
Figure 1 Plan overview of Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon	3
Figure 3 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile elevations (m)	4
Figure 4 Iqaluit lagoon depths to top of sludge (m)	5
Figure 4 Iqaluit lagoon depths to top of sludge (m)	6
Figure 6 Iqaluit lagoon shoreline as marked with RTK GNSS at the time of survey (m)	7
Figure 7 Iqaluit lagoon hydraulic capacity	8
Figure 8 Iqaluit lagoon estimated sludge volume	8
Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east	
Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit Iagoon	
Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the lagoon	10
Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed.	
influent area was in constant operation during the survey.	10
Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked	
Figure 14 Echogram showing accumulated sludge on bottom	

List of Tables

Appendices

Appendix A – Iqaluit Lagoon Sludge Sample Test Results

	Name	Date	11 1/	П	n	A	Ω	11	n	1/	F	1/		
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Hydrasurvey conducted a sludge survey of the Iqaluit Wastewater Lagoon on September 6-7, 2018. The purpose of the survey and this report is to map and quantify sludge build-up in the lagoon.

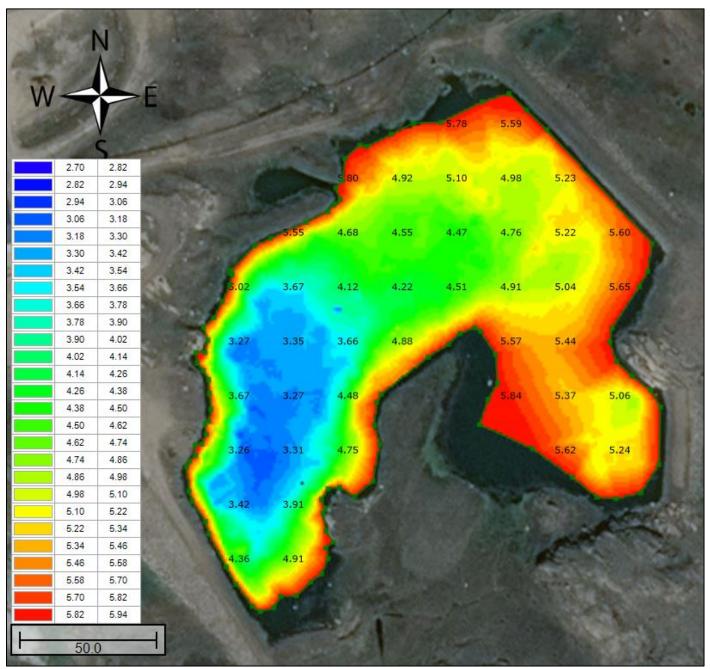


Figure 2 Iqaluit lagoon top of sludge elevations (m)

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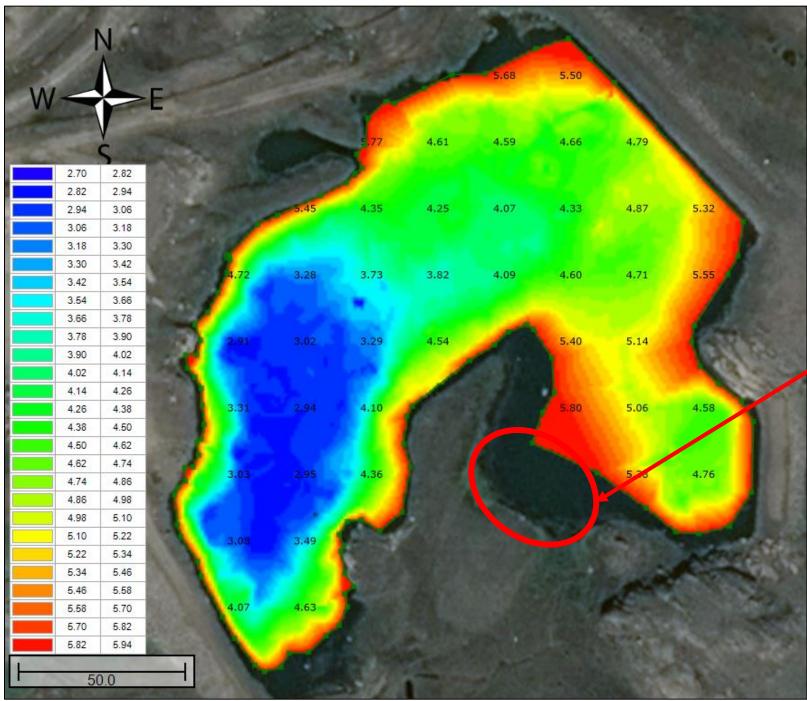


Figure 3 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile elevations (m)

Matrix depths and elevations are interpolated from field measurements
Depths are relative to water level at the time of the survey
Survey data collected on September 6-7, 2018
Report any discrepancies in this report to Hydrasurvey Ltd.
Do not modify or use this report for purposes other than which it is intended

Iqaluit lagoon water elevation at the time of survey was 5.9m and appeared to be
well below the high waterline, exposing accumulated sludge along the shoreline.
The image below shows the sludge beach as identified by the red circle in the CAD
drawing to the left. Boat access to determine the depth of this sludge was not
possible due to the extremely shallow beach.



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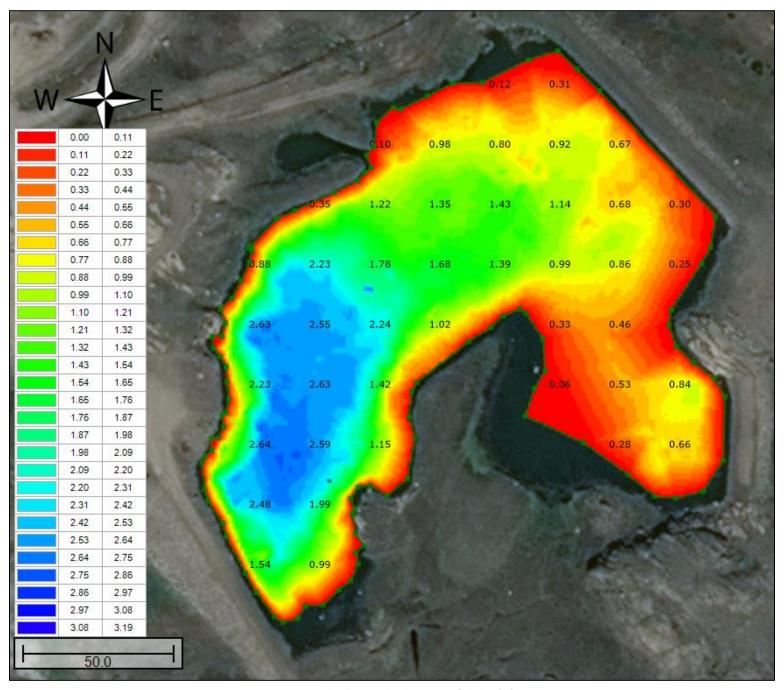


Figure 4 Iqaluit lagoon depths to top of sludge (m)

	Name	Date	11	1/	n	n	A	Ω	11	n	1/	r	W		
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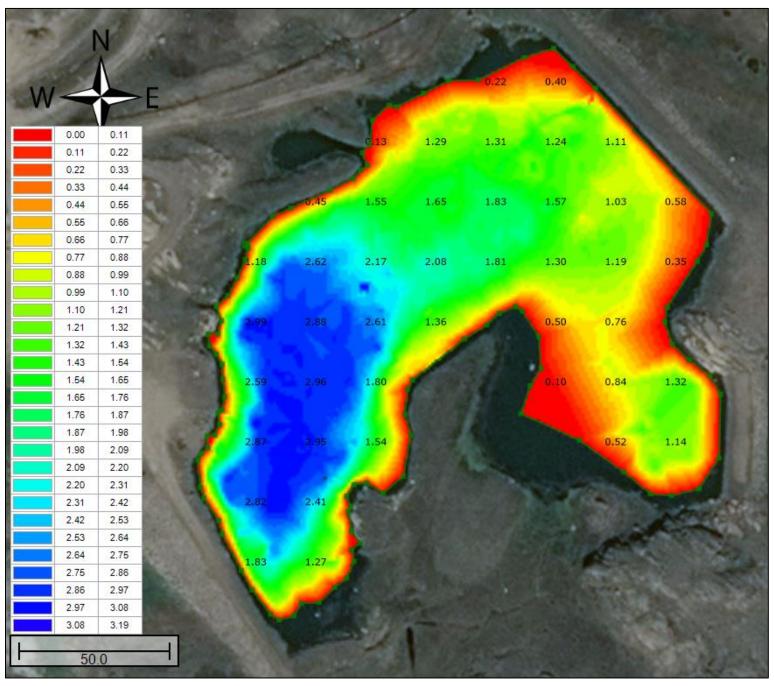
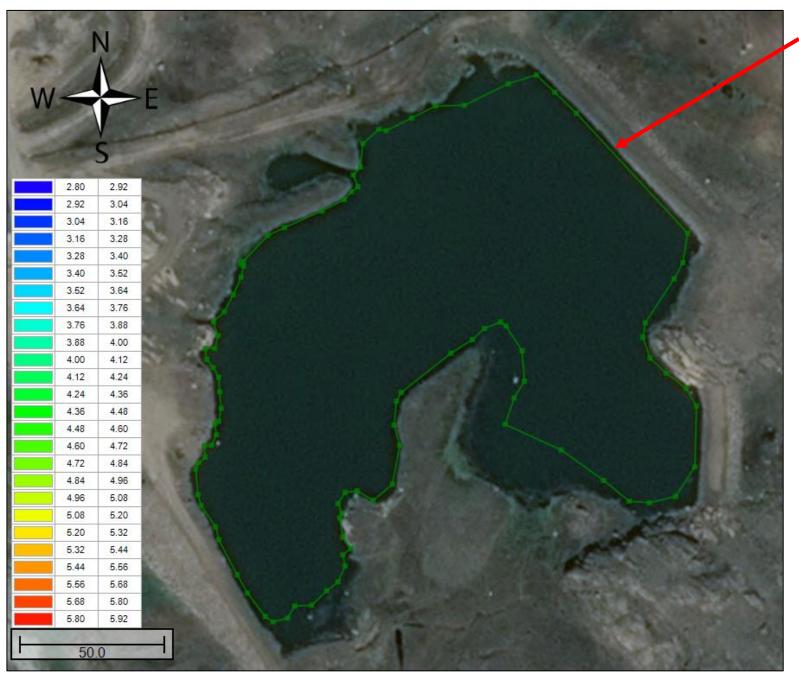


Figure 5 Iqaluit lagoon bottom profile depths (m)

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Green line represents location of shoreline at the time of survey

Figure 6 Iqaluit lagoon shoreline as marked with RTK GNSS at the time of survey (m)

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are in meters			Sheet					7							

ESTIMATED SLUDGE QUANTITY

Estimated sludge volume is calculated using software that compares the measured and interpolated sludge depths and elevations with the lagoon liner. A sludge sample is taken for lab analysis to determine total solids and total volatile solids and to obtain dry weight.

IQALUIT LAGOON:

TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLUME OF SLUDGE TO BE REMOVED (WET) = $5,220 \text{ m}^3$ TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLUME OF SLUDGE TO BE REMOVED (DRY) = $1,597 \text{ m}^3$

TOTAL ESTIMATED VOLATILE SOLIDS QUANTITY (DRY) = 316 m³

Figure 8 Igaluit lagoon estimated sludge volume

LAGOON HYDRAULIC CAPACITY AT PRESENT SLUDGE LOADING

Hydraulic capacity calculations for each lagoon are performed by comparing the water level at the time of survey to the sludge profile with results shown below.

ESTIMATED HYDRAULIC CAPACITY (WATER LEVEL @ 5.9 m) = 20,436 m³

Figure 7 Iqaluit lagoon hydraulic capacity

Table 1 Iqaluit Lagoon Stage Volumes at Present Sludge Loading										
Stage	Depth (m)	Volume (m³)	Area (m²)							
1	0.0	20436	17605							
2	0.5	12624	13502							
3	1.0	7116	8231							
4	1.5	3715	5230							
5	2.0	1565	3515							
6	2.5	189	1765							

A NOTE ON VOLUME CALCULATIONS

Estimates of sludge quantity and pond hydraulic capacity are provided in this report. It is important to note that reported sludge volumes are based on pond depths measured by the sub-bottom profiler or infrared sludge interface detector and verified using manual checks. Sludge volumes are calculated using software that creates interpolations between the sounding lines measured in the field. As such the volume of sludge calculated in this report will vary from what is actually found in the field. The volumes shown in this report should be used as guidelines for planning maintenance desludging or dredging and should not be assumed to be exactly accurate. By choosing to use the sludge volume estimates provided in this report the user agrees to indemnify and hold Hydrasurvey harmless of any additional charges resulting from underestimated or overestimated sludge volumes.

	Name	Date	11 14	
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			Project	Iqaluit, NU Wastewater Lagoon Sludge Survey
			Title	
			Project	18027
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	se specified	l all dimensions	Revision	2
are in meters			Sheet	8

SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – TOP OF SLUDGE 3D IMAGE

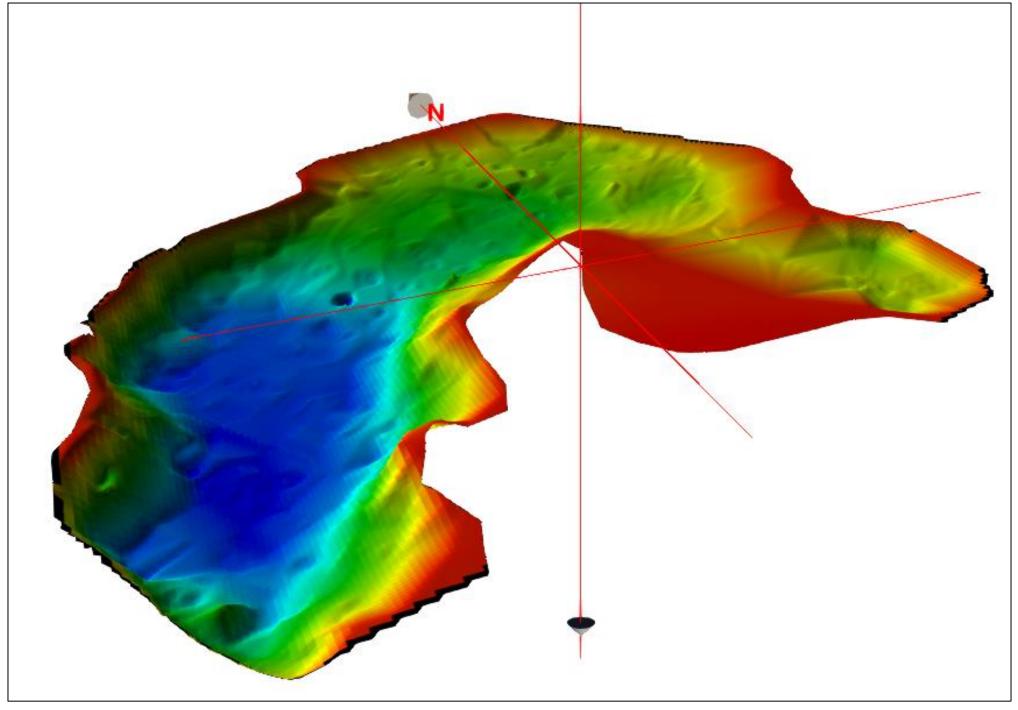


Figure 9 Iqaluit Lagoon 3D isometric image of top of sludge looking north east

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			Title												
			Project		18027	7									
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are in meters			Sheet					9							

SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – SURVEY IMAGES



Figure 12 The north east corner of the Iqaluit Lagoon at the influent location was full of sludge. A portion of this area was not accessible by boat due to the extremely shallow beach that has formed. This influent area was in constant operation during the survey.



Figure 11 Exposed riprap and shoreline along the east dyke of the lagoon



Figure 10 The low waterline exposed a large beach at the south west corner of the Iqaluit lagoon

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SLUDGE SURVEY DETAILED FINDINGS – ECHOGRAM SAMPLE

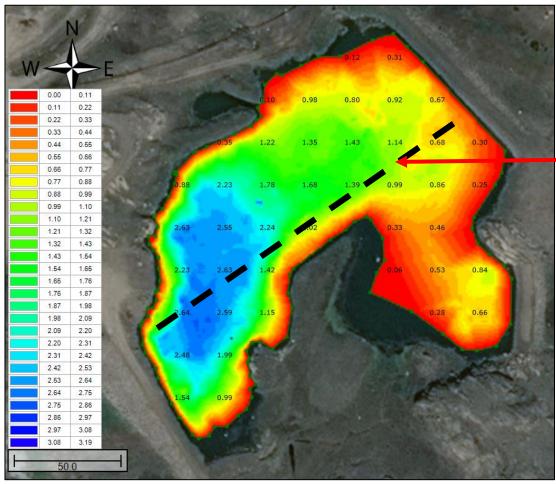


Figure 13 Depths to top of sludge (m) with reference survey line marked

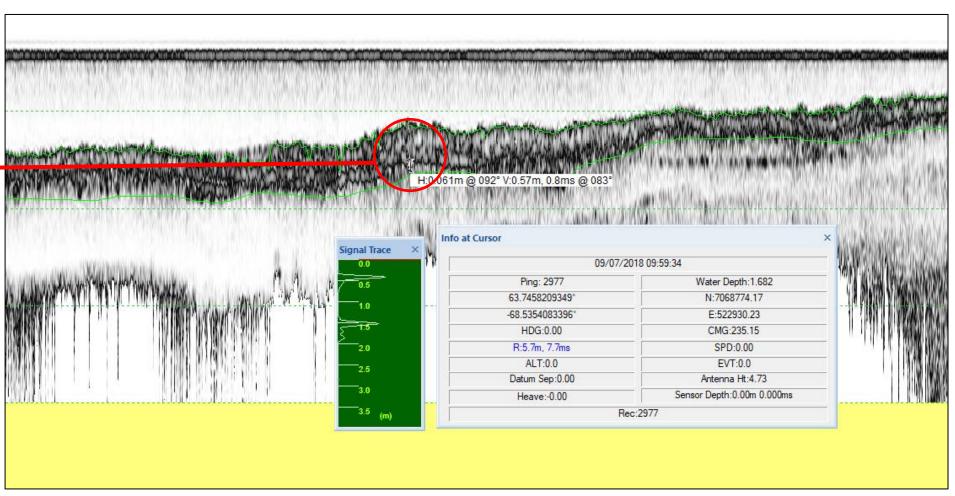


Figure 14 Echogram showing accumulated sludge on bottom

- The sub-bottom profiler echogram image above represents the cross section (elevation) view of the black line in the figure to the left. The red circle shows the accumulated sludge on top of the lagoon bottom. At this point the sludge is measured at 0.57 m thick.
- Hydrasurvey used the sub-bottom profiler to survey all boat accessible areas of the Iqaluit lagoon.

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SURVEY METHODOLOGY

Hydrasurvey uses sub-bottom profiling technology and RTK GNSS positioning to map both the top of sludge and lagoon bottom. Hydrasurvey uses both an infrared sludge interface detector and a sludge judge to correlate actual field measurements with acoustic reflectors measured using the sub-bottom profiler. In very shallow (< 0.5 m) water depths Hydrasurvey uses an infrared sludge interface detector with RTK GNSS positioning to measure the sludge blanket. Hydrasurvey also collects sludge samples and tests them for total solids and total volatile solids for computation of dry material volumes.

Sludge Survey Equipment:

Vessel: Inshore survey vessel (Commercial grade inflatable) outfitted with survey system mount and electric motor

Positioning: RTK Base and Rover GNSS system

Sonar: Mutli-frequency sub-bottom profiler (High Frequency at 100kHz, Low Frequencies at 15kHz, 12kHz, 10kHz, 8kHz, 6kHz, 5kHz and 4kHz)

Sound Velocity: Portable sound velocity profiler (temperature, depth, conductivity)

Sludge measurement devices: Infrared sludge interface detector, sludge judge and Ekman grab sampler

Survey line spacing	10 m
Survey speed	3 km/hr
Number of manual sludge measurements	6
Number of sludge samples taken	1
Number of sound velocity profiles taken	2
Average sound velocity in the lagoons	1445.65 m/s
Sub-bottom profiler transducer settings	HF: 100kHz, LF: 8kHz
Transducer draft (below waterline)	0.23 m
GPS antenna height (above waterline)	1.43 m
Lagoon water elevation during survey	5.9 m
Number of planned survey lines	37 lines
Approximate total distance of survey lines	4.5 km

Table 2 Sludge Survey Details

	Name	Date	11	W	n	n	A	0	11	n	11	F	M	
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					U	Ш	Λ	J	U	Ш	Y	L		
			Project Title		Iqalui	t, NU	Wast	ewate	er Lag	oon S	Sludge	Surv	/ey	
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			Project		1802	7								
Unless otherwise specified all dimensions are in meters			Revision		2									
			Sheet				1	2						





CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

REPORTED TO Hydrasurvey Ltd.

9715 - 76 Street

Edmonton, AB T6C 2L1

ATTENTION

Andrew Ambrocichuk

PO NUMBER

PROJECT

Cell 2A

PROJECT INFO

WORK ORDER

8090632

RECEIVED / TEMP REPORTED

2018-09-10 09:46 / NA

2018-09-17 15:36

Introduction:

CARO Analytical Services is a testing laboratory full of smart, engaged scientists driven to make the world a safer and healthier place. Through our clients' projects we become an essential element for a better world. We employ methods conducted in accordance with recognized professional standards using accepted testing methodologies and quality control efforts. CARO is accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratories Accreditation (CALA) to ISO 17025:2005 for specific tests listed in the scope of accreditation approved by CALA.

Big Picture Sidekicks



We've Got Chemistry



Ahead of the Curve



You know that the sample you collected after snowshoeing to site, digging 5 meters, and racing to get it on a plane so you can submit it to the lab for time sensitive results needed to make important and expensive decisions (whew) is VERY important. We know that too.

It's simple. We figure the more you enjoy with fun and working our engaged team the more members; likely you are to give us continued opportunities to support you.

Through research, regulation knowledge, and instrumentation, are your analytical centre the knowledge technical you BEFORE you need it, so you can stay up to date and in the know.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact me at jshanko@caro.ca

Authorized By:

Jennifer Shanko, A.Sc.T. Account Manager

1-888-311-8846 | www.caro.ca



TEST RESULTS

REPORTED TO Hydrasurvey Ltd. WORK ORDER 8090632

PROJECT Cell 2A **REPORTED** 2018-09-17 15:36

Analyte Result RL Units Analyzed Qualifier

Iqualuit S1 (8090632-01) | Matrix: Solid | Sampled: 2018-09-06

	General	Parameters
--	---------	-------------------

 Solids, Total
 30.6
 0.1 % wet
 2018-09-17

 Solids, Volatile
 19.8
 0.1 % dry
 2018-09-17





 REPORTED TO
 Hydrasurvey Ltd.
 WORK ORDER
 8090632

 PROJECT
 Cell 2A
 REPORTED
 2018-09-17 15:36

Analysis Description	Method Ref.	Technique	Location
Solids, Total in Solid	SM 2540 G (2011)	Gravimetry	Kelowna
Solids, Volatile in Solid	SM 2540 G (2011)	Gravimetry	Kelowna

Glossary of Terms:

RL Reporting Limit (default)
% dry Percent (dry weight basis)
% wet Percent (as received basis)

SM Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, American Public Health Association

General Comments:

The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the Chain of Custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety. CARO is not responsible for any loss or damage resulting directly or indirectly from error or omission in the conduct of testing. Liability is limited to the cost of analysis. Samples will be disposed of 30 days after the test report has been issued unless otherwise agreed to in writing.



APPENDIX 2: QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

 REPORTED TO
 Hydrasurvey Ltd.
 WORK ORDER
 8090632

 PROJECT
 Cell 2A
 REPORTED
 2018-09-17 15:36

The following section displays the quality control (QC) data that is associated with your sample data. Groups of samples are prepared in "batches" and analyzed in conjunction with QC samples that ensure your data is of the highest quality. Common QC types include:

- Method Blank (Blk): A blank sample that undergoes sample processing identical to that carried out for the test samples. Method blank results are used to assess contamination from the laboratory environment and reagents.
- **Duplicate (Dup)**: An additional or second portion of a randomly selected sample in the analytical run carried through the entire analytical process. Duplicates provide a measure of the analytical method's precision (reproducibility).
- Blank Spike (BS): A sample of known concentration which undergoes processing identical to that carried out for test samples, referred to as a laboratory control sample (LCS). Blank spikes provide a measure of the analytical method's accuracy.
- Matrix Spike (MS): A second aliquot of sample is fortified with with a known concentration of target analytes and carried through the entire analytical process. Matrix spikes evaluate potential matrix effects that may affect the analyte recovery.
- Reference Material (SRM): A homogenous material of similar matrix to the samples, certified for the parameter(s) listed.
 Reference Materials ensure that the analytical process is adequate to achieve acceptable recoveries of the parameter(s) tested.

Each QC type is analyzed at a 5-10% frequency, i.e. one blank/duplicate/spike for every 10-20 samples. For all types of QC, the specified recovery (% Rec) and relative percent difference (RPD) limits are derived from long-term method performance averages and/or prescribed by the reference method.

Analyte	Result	RL Units	Spike Level	Source Result	% REC	REC Limit	% RPD	RPD Limit	Qualifier
General Parameters, Batch B8l0647									
Duplicate (B8I0647-DUP1)	Sour	ce: 8090632-01	Prepared	: 2018-09-1	17, Analyze	d: 2018-0	09-17		
Solids, Total	29.9	0.1 % wet		30.6			2	7.5	
Solids, Volatile	20.4	0.1 % dry		19.8			3	9	
Reference (B8I0647-SRM1)			Prepared	: 2018-09-1	17, Analyze	d: 2018-0	09-17		
Solids, Total	68.6	0.1 % wet	69.3		99	80-120			



APPENDIX D

2019 Sludge Removal Quantity

SUMMARY TABLE

No Client : Kudlik 90678

Project IQALUIT Lagoon

Estimated volume 5220 m3

Estimated BDT 1600

Project manager René Couture



 ejece manager	inche couture										
DATE	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/day)	COMPOSITE SAMPLE VOLUME AVERAGE (mL)	AVERAGE OF WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	AVERAGE WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	AVERAGE DENSITY OF SLUDGE	AVERAGE SOLID % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	AVERAGE SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	TOTAL BDT/DAY	TOTAL POLYMER/DAY (KG)	AVERAGE POLYMER (KG/m3)	POLYMER KG/BDT
29-09-2019	1048	11 500	11047	453	1,00	9,74	0,39	4,00	22,00	0,02	5,50
30-09-2019	1162	11 500	10964	536	1,00	10,36	0,48	5,59	22,00	0,02	3,94
01-10-2019	1135	11 500	10991	509	1,00	10,65	0,48	5,36	22,00	0,02	4,10
02-10-2019	1168	11 500	10928	572	1,00	10,65	0,53	6,19	22,00	0,02	3,55
03-10-2019	1129	11 500	10544	956	1,00	12,84	1,06	11,84	22,00	0,02	1,86
04-10-2019	# 1241	11 517	10804	713	1,00	10,34	0,64	7,95	22,00	0,02	2,77
05-10-2019	# 0	0	0	0	1,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
06-10-2019	826	10 000	8775	817	1,00	32,41	2,68	31,76	80,00	0,10	2,52
07-10-2019	870	9 500	7125	1567	1,02	35,57	5,90	74,56	128,00	0,15	1,72
08-10-2019	928	11 740	8460	2933	1,01	38,45	8,74	107,61	174,00	0,19	1,62
09-10-2019	1097	12 060	7820	3733	1,04	37,73	11,05	131,15	186,00	0,17	1,42
10-10-2019	934	11 700	8433	3067	1,03	37,66	9,75	88,38	132,00	0,14	1,49
11-10-2019	361	11 000	10550	450	1,00	2,78	0,04	0,45	0,00	0,00	0,00
12-10-2019									0,00		
13-10-2019									0,00		
TOTAL	11899	135017	116442,17	16305				474,84	832	0,86	
AVERAGE/DAY	915,31	10385,90	8957,09	1254,19	1,01	19,17	3,21	36,53	55,47	0,07	2,35



DATE	BDT / BAGS						
	1	2	3	4	5		
29-sept-19	4,00						
30-sept-19	5,59						
01-oct-19	5,36						
02-oct-19	6,19						
03-oct-19	11,84						
04-oct-19	7,95						
05-oct-19	0						
06-oct-19	31,76						
07-oct-19	74,56						
08-oct-19	107,61						
09-oct-19	78,35	52,8					
10-oct-19		88,38					
11-oct-19		2,35					
OTAL	333,21	143,53	0,00	0,00	0,00		

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	11 539									
	08:00	11 725	186	10000	10000	9500	500	1,00	3,54	0,18	0,33
	10:00	11 900	175	12000	12000	11600	400	1,00	2,01	0,07	0,12
2019-10-11	12:00		0				0	0,00		0,00	0,00
	14:00						0	0,00		0,00	0,00
	16:00						0	0,00		0,00	0,00
	18:00						0	0,00		0,00	0,00
			361,00	11000,00	11000,00	10550,00	450,00	1,00	2,78	0,04	0,45

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	10 605									
	08:00	10 812	207	10000	10200	7800	1200	1,02	37,33	4,39	9,27
	10:00	11 005	193	12000	12500	9200	3300	1,04	38,62	10,20	20,50
2019-10-10	12:00	11 203	198	12000	12200	9500	2700	1,02	37,84	8,37	16,86
	14:00	11 300	97	12000	12300	8600	3700	1,03	35,88	10,79	10,73
	16:00	11 425	125	12000	12400	8000	4400	1,03	38,64	13,71	17,71
	18:00	11 539	114	10000	10600	7500	3100	1,06	37,66	11,01	13,31
			934,00	11333,33	11700,00	8433,33	3066,67	1,03	37,66	9,75	88,38

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



Responsable. Refle Couture											
	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	9 508									
	08:00	9 660	152				1200	0,00		0,00	0,00
	10:00	9 870	210	12000	12600	8100	4500	1,05	38,62	13,79	30,41
2019-10-09	12:00	10 075	205	12000	12400	7900	4500	1,03	37,84	13,73	29,09
	14:00	10 225	150	12000	12300	8100	4200	1,03	35,88	12,25	18,84
	16:00	10 436	211	12000	12400	8000	4400	1,03	38,64	13,71	29,89
	18:00	10 605	169	10000	10600	7000	3600	1,06	37,66	12,79	22,91
			1097,00	11600,00	12060,00	7820,00	3733,33	1,04	37,73	11,05	131,15

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



Responsable. Refle Couture											
	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	8 580									
	09:00	8 580	0				1200	0,00		0,00	0,00
	10:00	8 685	105	10000	10000	9000	1000	1,00	38,62	3,86	4,06
2019-10-08	12:00	8 993	308	12000	12100	8500	3600	1,01	36,58	10,88	33,80
	14:00	9 146	153	12000	12200	8100	4100	1,02	37,89	12,73	19,81
	16:00	9 350	204	12000	12100	8300	3800	1,01	39,35	12,36	25,42
	18:00	9 508	158	10000	12300	8400	3900	1,23	39,81	12,62	24,53
			928,00	11200,00	11740,00	8460,00	2933,33	1,01	38,45	8,74	107,61

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



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	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT	
	Précédent	7 710										
	07:00	7 915	205	10000	10000	8000	1200	1,00	35,20	4,22	8,66	
	10:00	8 220	305	10000	10000	8000	2000	1,00	34,60	6,92	21,11	
2019-10-07	11:30	8 375	155	8000	8300	5300	3000	1,04	36,58	13,22	21,26	
	14:00	8 580	205	10000	10 400	7200	3200	1,04	35,88	11,04	23,54	
	16:00		0				0	0,00		0,00	0,00	
	18:00				•		0	0,00		0,00	0,00	
			870,00	9500,00	9675,00	7125,00	1566,67	1,02	35,57	5,90	74,56	

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT	
	Précédent	6 884										
	09:00	6 884	0				0	0,00		0,00	0,00	
	10:00	6 884	0				0	0,00		0,00	0,00	
2019-10-06	11:30	7 142	258	10000	10 000	9100	900	1,00	30,65	2,76	7,12	
	14:00	7 354	212	10000	10 000	8900	1100	1,00	30,24	3,33	7,05	
	16:00	7 560	206	10000	10000	8600	1400	1,00	33,45	4,68	9,65	
	18:00	7 710	150	10000	10000	8500	1500	1,00	35,29	5,29	7,94	
			826,00	10000,00	10000,00	8775,00	816,67	1,00	32,41	2,68	31,76	

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
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Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT		
	Précédent	1											
	08:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
	10:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
2019-10-05	12:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
	14:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
	16:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
	18:00	1	0	0	0	0	0	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		
			0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00		

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT		
	Précédent	5 643											
	08:00	5 822	179	9000	9000	8550	450	1,00	10,00	0,50	0,90		
	10:00	6 030	208	12000	12100	11300	800	1,01	10,81	0,71	1,50		
2019-10-04	12:00	6 244	214	12000	12000	11250	750	1,00	10,50	0,66	1,40		
	14:00	6 463	219	12000	12000	11200	800	1,00	10,35	0,69	1,51		
	16:00	6 675	212	12000	12000	11275	725	1,00	10,26	0,62	1,31		
	18:00	6 884	209	12000	12000	11250	750	1,00	10,12	0,63	1,32		
			1241,00	11500,00	11516,67	10804,17	712,50	1,00	10,34	0,64	7,95		

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



Responsable: Rene Couture											
	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	4 514									
	08:00	4 675	161	9000	9000	8400	600	1,00	12,03	0,80	1,29
	10:00	4 880	205	12000	12000	10988	1012	1,00	12,24	1,03	2,12
2019-10-03	12:00	5 079	199	12000	12000	10885	1115	1,00	12,35	1,15	2,28
	14:00	5 275	196	12000	12000	10992	1008	1,00	11,05	0,93	1,82
	16:00	5 490	215	12000	12000	11222	778	1,00	14,58	0,95	2,03
	18:00	5 643	153	12000	12000	10779	1221	1,00	14,79	1,50	2,30
			1129,00	11500,00	11500,00	10544,33	955,67	1,00	12,84	1,06	11,84

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	3 346									
	08:00	3 504	158	9000	9000	8425	575	1,00	10,04	0,64	1,01
	10:00	3 706	202	12000	12000	11488	512	1,00	10,22	0,44	0,88
2019-10-02	12:00	3 903	197	12000	12000	11511	489	1,00	10,96	0,45	0,88
	14:00	4 109	206	12000	12000	11403	597	1,00	10,67	0,53	1,09
	16:00	4 333	224	12000	12000	11388	612	1,00	10,96	0,56	1,25
	18:00	4 514	181	12000	12000	11354	646	1,00	11,02	0,59	1,07
			1168,00	11500,00	11500,00	10928,17	571,83	1,00	10,65	0,53	6,19

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



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	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT		
	Précédent	2 211											
	08:00	2 360	149	9000	9000	8504	496	1,00	10,04	0,55	0,82		
	10:00	2 558	198	12000	12000	11566	434	1,00	10,22	0,37	0,73		
2019-10-01	12:00	2 755	197	12000	12000	11500	500	1,00	10,96	0,46	0,90		
	14:00	2 957	202	12000	12000	11489	511	1,00	10,67	0,45	0,92		
	16:00	3 144	187	12000	12000	11453	547	1,00	10,96	0,50	0,93		
	18:00	3 346	202	12000	12000	11433	567	1,00	11,02	0,52	1,05		
			1135,00	11500,00	11500,00	10990,83	509,17	1,00	10,65	0,48	5,36		

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



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	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT
	Précédent	1 049									
	08:00	1 204	155	9000	9000	8601	399	1,00	10,60	0,47	0,73
	10:00	1 422	218	12000	12000	11458	542	1,00	9,98	0,45	0,98
2019-09-30	12:00	1 615	193	12000	12000	11493	507	1,00	10,32	0,44	0,84
	14:00	1 802	187	12000	12000	11406	594	1,00	10,88	0,54	1,01
	16:00	2 031	229	12000	12000	11427	573	1,00	10,15	0,48	1,11
	18:00	2 211	180	12000	12000	11401	599	1,00	10,25	0,51	0,92
			1162,00	11500,00	11500,00	10964,33	535,67	1,00	10,36	0,48	5,59

Client	Kudlik 90678
Project	IQALUIT Lagoon
Volume	5220 m3
Estimated BDT	1600
Responsable:	René Couture



	HOURS	FLOW METER TOTALISER	VOLUME PUMPED (m3/h)	SAMPLE VOLUME (mL)	WEIGHT OF SAMPLE (gr)	WATER IN SAMPLE (ml)	WEIGHT OF SLUDGE IN SAMPLE (gr)	DENSITY OF SLUDGE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE	SOLIDE % OF SLUDGE SAMPLE COMPOSITE	BDT		
	Précédent	1											
	08:00	142	141	9000	9 000	8500	500	1,00	10,15	0,56	0,80		
	10:00	332	190	12000	12 000	11750	250	1,00	9,84	0,21	0,39		
2019-09-29	12:00	532	200	12000	12 000	11545	455	1,00	9,75	0,37	0,74		
	14:00	727	195	12000	12 000	11660	340	1,00	8,79	0,25	0,49		
	16:00	902	175	12000	12 000	11340	660	1,00	10,05	0,55	0,97		
	18:00	1 049	147	12000	12 000	11487	513	1,00	9,87	0,42	0,62		
			1048,00	11500,00	11500,00	11047,00	453,00	1,00	9,74	0,39	4,00		