MUNICIPALITY OF ARCTIC BAY

Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan for Municipal Water Licence

March 2025

Document Control

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November 2024	2024 Contingency Plan for Municipal Water Licence Municipality of Arctic Bay Environmental Emergency		Update previous document to a standardized template		
March 2025			Added hazardous waste volumes and rates Added scaled maps of facilities, contaminants, spills kits, and environmental areas Removed any reference to dilution of spills for treatment		

Table of Contents

1.0	Introduction 1	
1.1	Purpose of Plan	
1.2	Objectives2	
1.3	Health and Safety2	
1.4	Municipality of Arctic Bay Environmental Policy2	
2.0	Site and System Description 3	
2.1	General Site Description	
2.2	Water, Sewage, and Waste Disposal Activities4	
2.2.1	Water Supply and Treatment4	
2.2.2	Sewage Collection4	
2.2.3	Solid Waste Collection and Disposal5	
2.3	Hazardous Materials in the Community5	
3.0	Spill Response Organization 7	
3.1	Community Contact Information and Responsibilities8	
3.2	Off-Site Resources9	
4.0	Spill Reporting Procedure 11	
4.1	NWT/NU Spill Report Line11	
5.0	Action Plans 13	
5.1	Initial Action	
5.2	Environmental and Human Health Protection and Mitigation Measures – General Procedures	
5.3	Mitigative Measures: Hydrocarbon Spills14	
5.3.1	Hydrocarbon Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation14	
5.3.2	Hydrocarbon Spill on Water14	
5.3.3	Hydrocarbon Spill on Ice and Snow14	

i

5.3.4	Hydrocarbon Contaminated Material Storage and Transfer	. 15
5.4	Mitigative Measures: Sewage	. 15
5.4.1	Sewage Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation	. 15
5.4.2	Sewage Spill into Water	. 16
5.4.3	Sewage Spill on Ice and Snow	. 16
5.4.4	Sewage Storage and Transfer	. 16
5.5	Mitigative Measures: Solid Waste	. 16
5.5.1	Solid Waste Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation	. 16
5.5.2	Solid Waste Spill into Water	. 16
5.5.3	Solid Waste Spill on Ice and Snow	. 16
5.5.4	Disposal 17	
5.6	Mitigative Measures: Hazardous Materials	. 17
5.6.1	Hazardous Solid Waste Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation	. 17
5.6.2	Hazardous Solid Waste Spill into Water	. 17
5.6.3	Hazardous Solid Waste Spill on Ice and Snow	. 17
5.6.4	Disposal 17	
5.7	Transferring, Storing, and Managing Spill Related Wastes	. 18
5.8	Spill Recovery Assessment	. 18
6.0	Spill Response Resources	20
6.1	Additional Personnel	. 20
6.2	Spill Response Equipment Inventory	. 20
7.0	Training	22
8.0	Annual Review of this Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan	23

Figures				
Figure 1	Municipality of Arctic Bay and Surrounding Area4			
Tables				
Table 1 P	otential Hazardous Materials in Municipality of Arctic Bay6			
Table 2 S	pill Response for Municipal Infrastructure9			
Table 3 Spill Kit Inventory20				
Appendi	ces			
А	Spill Report Form			
В	Maps			
С	Safety Data Sheets			

1.0 Introduction

This Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan relates to the collection, transportation, storage, and treatment operations associated with water supply, sewage and solid waste for the Municipality of Arctic Bay, Nunavut. This plan applies to facility operations and spill events relating to sewage, solid waste, and water supply for NWB licensed facilities.

Date this plan was prepared: 2024-Nov-15

Community: Municipality of Arctic Bay

Latitude: 73º02'15"N **Longitude**: 85º08'53"W

This plan was created to meet the requirements of the community's water licence:

Water licence number: 3BM-ARC1924
Issue date: August 29, 2019
Expiry date: August 28, 2024

1.1 Purpose of Plan

The impacts of spills can be catastrophic and may threaten or damage the environment, especially water supplies. As such, the Government of Nunavut (GN) requires contingency plans be written and fully implemented. The purpose of this Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan is to provide a plan of action for spills (sewage, solid waste, and petroleum products) that may occur as a result of water supply and treatment, sewage collection and treatment, and solid waste collection and disposal operations undertaken within the Municipality of Arctic Bay, Nunavut.

The Plan also focuses on the health and safety of both workers and the public. This Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan will assist in implementing corrective options quickly to minimize environmental damage. Furthermore, it defines the responsibilities of key personnel and outlines procedures to contain and recover spills of sewage, solid waste, and hydrocarbon products arising from water, sewage, and solid waste, collection, transportation, storage, and treatment operations effectively and efficiently. It will assist the Municipality in meeting the regulatory requirements related to reporting events to the appropriate authorities within the prescribed time period.

1.2 Objectives

The objectives of this Emergency Contingency Plan are to:

- Ensure the health and safety of workers and the general public (first priority at all times);
- Provide a plan with procedures so that the Municipality and their Spill Response Team can rapidly respond to a spill situation and minimize injury to individuals and environmental damage;
- Comply with all existing regulations;
- Cooperate with other groups and agencies;
- Be prepared and able to provide an integrated team approach with various Municipal departments and Federal and Territorial agencies; and
- Keep staff, government officials, and residents informed.

1.3 Health and Safety

Health and safety of workers and the public always takes priority. All activities must follow the requirements of the Nunavut Safety Act.

1.4 Municipality of Arctic Bay Environmental Policy

It is the policy of the Municipality of Arctic Bay to fully comply with all applicable legislation to ensure the protection of the environment in the territory of Nunavut. The legislation includes, but is not limited to:

- Nunavut Safety Act;
- Environmental Protection Act, Section 34 Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations; and
- Nunavut Waters and Nunavut Surface Rights Tribunal Act.

The Municipality will cooperate with other groups committed to protecting the environment and shall ensure that Municipal employees, regulatory authorities, and the public are informed on the policies and procedures developed to help protect the environment and the residents of the Municipality of Arctic Bay.

2.0 Site and System Description

2.1 General Site Description

This Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan is to be implemented within the Municipal boundaries of the Municipality of Arctic Bay, Nunavut.

The Municipality of Arctic Bay (the Hamlet) is a traditional community located in the Baffin Region on the Borden Peninsula. The community is surrounded by steep hills and sits mostly on a low gravel beach on the shore of Arctic Bay, off Adams Sound. The community has a population of approximately 994 people (2021), with the following relevant municipal infrastructure:

- Water Supply Facility, which draws Water from Marcil Lake and supplies treated water by distribution trucks;
- Wastewater Treatment Facility, which receives trucked sewage (wastewater) from the holding tanks in each building; and
- Solid Waste Disposal Facility, which accommodates domestic, construction, metal, and hazardous Wastes.

The community and surrounding area are shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 Municipality of Arctic Bay and Surrounding Area

Detailed scaled maps showing the licenced facilities, potential contaminants, and the relative location of spill kits and environmental sensitive areas are provided in **Appendix B**.

2.2 Water, Sewage, and Waste Disposal Activities

2.2.1 Water Supply and Treatment

The Municipality provides daily trucked services for water delivery. Drinking water is obtained from a lake approximately 7.8 km Southeast of the community and distributed to water trucks via the pumphouse truck fill. The Municipality operates water delivery trucks that fill at the pumphouse and deliver water to storage tanks at each building.

2.2.2 Sewage Collection

Sewage collection is provided by the Municipality. Each building has a sewage holding tank that is pumped out by the Municipality's sewage trucks daily. Sewage is treated at the Sewage Treatment Facility lagoon. (Figure 1).

The Hamlet uses a single cell Sewage Lagoon system to treat Sewage generated by the community. Sewage trucks continually discharge to the lagoon. Discharging operations take place at the designated site on the south berm where the steel chutes are located. The sewage trucks will back up to the chute so that when releasing the contents, the chute directs the effluent to the lagoon. Mid-August the filter strip wetlands are ice-free and considered active. The lagoon is decanted during this stage to provide a continuous release of effluent over the filter strip during the optimal period for treatment. Sewage trucks will continue discharging to the lagoon throughout the decanting process.

Potential environmental emergencies include:

- House tank spill;
- Tank truck spill; and
- Uncontrolled spill/discharge from the lagoon, of untreated or partially treated sewage.

2.2.3 Solid Waste Collection and Disposal

The Municipality of Arctic Bay provides regular solid waste pickup for the Community's residents, businesses, and institutions. Solid waste is trucked to the Municipality's Solid Waste Management Facility (Figure 1).

The Hamlet operates a non-engineered landfill facility for the purposes of treating domestic, construction, metal and hazardous Wastes. The bulky metals and domestic waste management sites are located next to the decommissioned sewage lagoon (also shown on Figure 1).

Potential environmental emergencies include:

- Fuel spill (from a truck);
- Uncontrolled discharge of landfill impacted surface water (leachate);
- Fire in the waste; and
- Hazardous waste spill.

2.3 Hazardous Materials in the Community

Table 1 outlines potential hazardous materials present in the community. This is intended to be a lost of commonly present hazardous materials and may not cover every hazardous material present in the community at any given time.

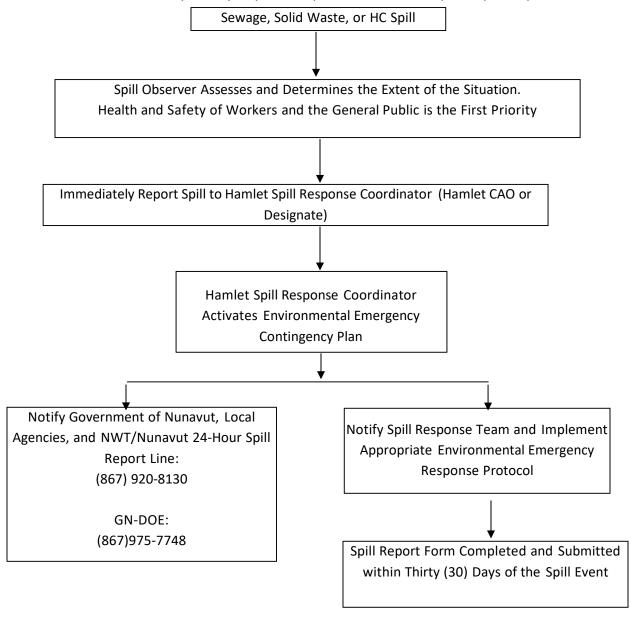
Table 1 Potential Hazardous Materials in Municipality of Arctic Bay

Material	Estimated Quantity in Community	Uses	Potential Discharge		
Diesel fuel		Used to fuel pumps or generators			
Gasoline		Motor vehicle fuel	Vehicular accident, leak, spill during transfer		
Lubricating Oil		Equipment lubrication	Valve or line failure, leak		
Antifreeze and other coolants		Motor vehicles	Vehicular accident, spill during transfer		
Hydraulic oil	0.62 cubic meters per capita per year for all materials combined	Heavy equipment	Leak, valve or line failure, spill during transfer		
Motor oil		Motor vehicles	Vehicular accident, leak		
Batteries		Vehicle batteries	Improper storage or segregation		
Jet A-1 Fuel		Aircraft fuel	Improper storage, spill during refuelling, leak		
Propane		Household use	Leak, improper storage		
Sewage	59,900 cubic metres		Berm breach, vehicular accident		
Sodium Hypochlorite	8000 L	Water treatment	Rupture, spill, overturned container		

Safety Data Sheets for the safe handling of the potential hazardous materials is provided in **Appendix C**.

3.0 Spill Response Organization

The flowchart on the following page identifies the response organization and the chain of command for responding to a spill or release. This chart should be posted in a highly visible location in each community facility to provide quick access to the spill response process.



An immediately reportable spill is defined as a release of a substance that is likely to be an imminent environmental or human health hazard or meets or exceeds the volumes shown in the attached table. These spills must be reported to the Spill Report Line.

24-Hour Spill Line: 867-920-8130

By regulation, all spills of any type, size, or location are considered reportable.

3.1 Community Contact Information and Responsibilities

The Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) or their designate will serve as the Spill Response Coordinator for the Municipality in the event of a sewage or HC spill during collection, transportation, storage, or treatment operations. The SAO of the Municipality of Arctic Bay will appoint and train appropriate personnel to make up the Spill Response Team, which normally consist of the following personnel:

- Spill Response Coordinator (CAO or designate); and
- Municipal Public Works Personnel.

Chief Administrative Officer:

Name: Andre Larabie
Phone: 867-438-9917
Email: cao@arcticbay.ca

Maintenance Foreman or Work Foreman:

Name: Sam Willie Phone: 867-439-8260

Email: foreman@arcticbay.ca

The responsibilities of the Spill Response Coordinator are as follows:

- Assume complete authority over the spill scene and coordinate all personnel involved;
- Control access and ensure the health and safety of workers and the general public;
- Evaluate the spill situation and develop an overall plan of action;
- Activate the Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan for the Municipality of Arctic Bay;
- Immediately report the spill to the NWT/Nunavut 24-Hour Spill Report Line at (867)920-8130, and other applicable regulatory or assistance agencies;
- Provide regulatory agencies with information regarding the status of the clean-up activities;
- Act as a spokesperson on behalf of the Municipality of Arctic Bay with regulatory agencies, the public, and the media;
- Prepare and submit a report on the spill incident to regulatory agencies within 30 days of the event; and
- Obtain the assistance of regulatory agencies, consultants, and/or contractors with the skills and equipment to deal with emergency situations deemed to be beyond the capabilities of Municipal staff.

Responsibilities for spill response by facility are outlined in Table 2.

Table 2 Spill Response for Municipal Infrastructure

Facility	Name	Position	Phone			
NA/TD	Andre Larabie	CAO	867-438-9917			
WTP	Sam Willie	Foreman	867-439-8260			
SDF	Andre Larabie	CAO	867-438-9917			
3DF	Sam Willie	Foreman	867-439-8260			
SWDF	Andre Larabie	CAO	867-438-9917			
244DL	Sam Willie	Foreman	867-439-8260			
Other Locations	Andre Larabie	CAO	867-438-9917			
Other Locations	Sam Willie	Foreman	867-439-8260			

3.2 Off-Site Resources

Off-site resources for assistance in the event of a spill are listed below. Assistance from outside the community may not be able to reach the site until at least the next business day.

24-Hour Spill Line	(867) 920-8130
Crown Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC)	(867) 975-4295
Environment and Climate Change Canada Environmental	(780) 951-8861
Emergency Response Government of Nunavut	(867) 920-8130
Department of Fisheries and Oceans	(867) 979-8000
Municipality of Arctic Bay Health Centre	(867) 439-8816
Municipality of Arctic Bay Fire Department	(867) 439-4422
Royal Canadian Mounted Police	(867) 439-0123

4.0 Spill Reporting Procedure

The Spill Response Coordinator must be notified immediately by any individual who is aware of any spill either by phone, email, or in person.

The following are the incident reporting procedures once the Spill Response Coordinator activates this Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan:

- Report spills immediately to the 24-Hour NWT/Nunavut Spill Report Line Phone (867)920-8130;
- Report immediately to the CIRNAC Manager, Water Resources in Iqaluit at (867) 975-4550 and Government of Nunavut-Department of. Environment (GN-DOE) (867) 975-7748;
- Notify Municipality of Arctic Bay Fire Department; and
- Fill out the NWT/Nunavut Spill Report Form (**Appendix B**) within thirty (30) days of the spill event occurring.

4.1 NWT/NU Spill Report Line

All spills, as defined in this document, must be reported immediately to the 24-hour NWT/Nunavut Spill Report Line. The following information should be gathered prior to making the call:

- Date and time of spill (if known);
- Location and map coordinates (if known) and direction of flow of spill materials if moving;
- Party responsible for spill;
- Product/material spilled and quantity estimate;
- Cause of spill;
- Note whether spill has been contained or if it is still releasing into the environment;
- Extent of contaminated area;
- Factors affecting spill or recovery, such as weather conditions or terrain;
- Note whether spill containment is available;
- Action taken or proposed;
- If assistance is required;
- Possible hazards to individuals, property, or environment (e.g., fire, drinking water, fish, wildlife, etc.); and
- Health and safety issues.

The information collected should be brief, and rough estimates made to enable the Spill Report Line and the Spill Response Coordinator to assess the situation. The information is the same as to that required on the Nunavut Spill Report form that must be completely filled out and submitted within thirty days of the incident. This form is included as **Appendix A**.

5.0 Action Plans

5.1 Initial Action

The instructions to be followed by the first person on the spill scene are as follows:

- Always be alert and consider your safety and the safety of others first;
- If possible, estimate the volume of material that has been spilled;
- Assess the hazard of people in the vicinity of the spill;
- If possible, and safety permits, attempt to stop the release of product to minimize potential for environmental impacts;
- Immediately report the spill to the Spill Response Coordinator; and
- Resume any effective action to contain, mitigate, or terminate the flow of the spilled material.

5.2 Environmental and Human Health Protection and Mitigation Measures – General Procedures

The environmental protection and mitigation measures outlined in the following sections are to be taken by all personnel responding to a spill event. This will reduce the chance of environmental impairment and health hazards due to a spill, release, or other incident. The following general clean-up procedures shall apply for all spill areas within the Municipality:

- Control access to the area and ensure the health and safety of workers and the general public;
- Always wear personal protective equipment (PPE);
- Smoking is prohibited during all spill response activities;
- Eliminate all ignition sources;
- Contain spills on soil or rock by construction of earthen dykes using available material. If soil is not available, place sorbent materials or a boom in the path of the spill. As the sorbent barrier becomes saturated, continually replace it. Fuel or other liquids lying in pools, or trenches are to be removed with pumps, buckets, or skimmers;
- If the ground is snow covered, create snow dykes, and line them with a chemically-compatible liner for containment and recovery of liquid;

- For fuel spills on water, deploy containment booms, and recovery as much fuel as possible with a work boat and skimmer if less than 1/10th of the area is covered in ice. If the area is frozen, burn fuel spills using igniters;
- Apply sorbent materials, if necessary;
- Assess potential for disturbance of wildlife, fish, and archaeological sites from spill or clean-up operations;
- Notify environmental authorities to discuss available and feasible disposal and cleanup options;
- Conduct required clean-up operations;
- Assess and appropriately treat any areas disturbed by clean-up activities with laboratory testing; and
- Ensure that the site has been completely restored. Resume operations, only once all work is finalized and laboratory testing confirmed.

Procedures for containing spills of specific contaminants are provided in the following sections.

5.3 Mitigative Measures: Hydrocarbon Spills

Hydrocarbon spills include gasoline, diesel fuel, hydraulic fluid, lubricating oil, and aviation fuel. If possible, and safety permits, stop the flow of product, which is occurring, and eliminate all ignition sources. Smoking is prohibited during all spill response activities.

5.3.1 Hydrocarbon Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation

- Build a containment berm using soil material or snow and place a plastic tarp at the foot of the berm easily capture the spill after all vapours have dissipated;
- Remove the spill by using absorbent pads or excavating the soil, gravel, or snow; and
- Remove spill splashed on vegetation using particulate absorbent material.

5.3.2 Hydrocarbon Spill on Water

- Use containment boom to capture spill for recovery after vapours have dissipated;
- Use absorbent pads to capture small spills;
- Use a petroleum skimmer for larger spills; and
- GN-DOE requires that Environment Canada be consulted regarding clean-up methods.

5.3.3 Hydrocarbon Spill on Ice and Snow

Build a containment berm around spill using snow;

- Remove spill using absorbent pads or particulate sorbent material;
- The contaminated ice and snow must be scraped and shovelled into plastic buckets with lids, 205 litre drums, and/or polypropylene bags; and
- GN-DOE requires that Environment Canada be consulted regarding clean-up methods.

5.3.4 Hydrocarbon Contaminated Material Storage and Transfer

In the absence of a landfarm, soil and gravel contaminated by hydrocarbons should be bagged, contained, and transported out of the community for proper disposal.

As space permits, small quantities of water, ice, snow, vegetation, and cleanup supplies contaminated by HC may be stored in labeled drums in the hazardous waste storage facility in accordance with normal operating procedures. If the quantity of contaminated material makes storage in drums unfeasible, the Municipality shall contact the appropriate regulatory agencies before removing any materials.

5.4 Mitigative Measures: Sewage

If possible, and safety permits, stop the flow of sewage escaping to the environment. In the event of a catastrophic failure of the sewage lagoon, which allowed a large volume of partially treated sewage to escape, efforts should focus on re-establishing containment. The following mitigative measures would follow:

- Control flow and attempt to pump sewage back into containment;
- Cordon off the area and warn the public;
- Maximize the length of the flow path of the sewage in the wetland through ditching and diversion berms;
- Sample along the flow path and direct efforts to areas of most concern; and
- Recover solids as best as possible while limiting the environmental impacts.

5.4.1 Sewage Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation

- Build a containment berm using soil material or snow and place a plastic tarp at the foot of the berm to easily capture the spill, and to prevent sewage from entering any water body; and
- Remove the spill by using vacuum trucks or excavating the soil, gravel, or snow.

5.4.2 Sewage Spill into Water

- Use containment boom to capture spill, and pump contaminated water into vacuum trucks;
- Deposit contaminated water in the Municipal sewage lagoon;
- As a minimum, monitor the affected water body by sampling for Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), Total Suspended Solids (TSS), ammonia (NH₃), and faecal coliforms (FC); and
- Environment Canada should be contacted regarding clean-up methods.

5.4.3 Sewage Spill on Ice and Snow

- Build a containment berm around spill using snow;
- Remove spilled sewage and contaminated snow and ice and dispose of it at the municipal sewage lagoon; and
- Environment Canada should be contacted regarding clean-up methods.

5.4.4 Sewage Storage and Transfer

All contaminated water, ice, snow, soil, and clean-up supplies will be deposited to the municipal sewage lagoon (liquid or frozen liquid) or landfill facility (solid), as appropriate. Environment Canada should be contacted regarding clean-up methods.

5.5 Mitigative Measures: Solid Waste

5.5.1 Solid Waste Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation

 Physically remove the spilled solid waste from the area, and deposit in the municipal Solid Waste Management Facility.

5.5.2 Solid Waste Spill into Water

- Use containment boom to capture soil waste for recovery;
- Physically remove the spilled solid waste from the water, and deposit in the municipal Solid Waste Management Facility;
- Capture any sheen from the water using absorbent pads or skimmer, and deposit any
 used absorbent pads to the Municipal Solid Waste Disposal facility; and
- Environment Canada should be contacted regarding clean-up methods.

5.5.3 Solid Waste Spill on Ice and Snow

Build a containment berm around spill using snow;

- Physically remove the spilled solid waste and deposit in the Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility; and
- Environment Canada should be contacted regarding clean-up methods.

5.5.4 Disposal

Any solid waste shall be transferred to the Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility.

5.6 Mitigative Measures: Hazardous Materials

5.6.1 Hazardous Solid Waste Spill on Soil, Gravel, Rock, or Vegetation

 Physically remove the spilled hazardous solid waste from the area, and store in the Hazardous Waste Storage Area at the Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility.

5.6.2 Hazardous Solid Waste Spill into Water

- Use containment boom to capture solid hazardous waste for recovery;
- Physically remove the spilled solid waste from the water, and store in the Hazardous
 Waste Storage Area at the Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility; and
- Capture any sheen from the water using absorbent pads or skimmer and store any used absorbent pads as hazardous waste.

5.6.3 Hazardous Solid Waste Spill on Ice and Snow

- Build a containment berm around spill using snow; and
- Physically remove the spilled hazardous solid waste and store in the Hazardous Waste Storage Area at the Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility.

5.6.4 Disposal

Any solid hazardous waste shall be transferred to the Hazardous Waste Storage Area at Municipal Solid Waste Management Facility until it can be properly characterized and shipped out of the community.

The GN-DOE monitors the movement of hazardous waste through the use of a tracking document known as a Waste Manifest. A Waste Manifest must accompany all movements, and all parties must register with DOE by contacting:

- Sean Noble: (867) 975-7769, snoble@gov.nu.ca; and
- Michele LeBlanc-Havard: (867) 975-7726, mleblanc-havard1@gov.nu.ca.

5.7 Transferring, Storing, and Managing Spill Related Wastes

Spills are generally cleaned up starting at the outer limit of the spill and working towards the point of the spill. Sorbent materials and hand tools such as cans and shovels are used for smaller spills. Larger spills can be contained with the use of a pump and/or heavy equipment. Spill wastes include used absorbent materials and containers of impacted water and snow. Sorbent materials should be placed in plastic bags or drums for proper disposal. The containers of impacted water and snow should be sealed and stored until disposal at an approved facility can be arranged. For most of the containment procedures, spilled petroleum products and materials used for containment will be placed into empty waste oil containers and sealed for proper disposal at an approved disposal facility.

Following a spill, all used materials need to be properly cleaned and/or replaced.

5.8 Spill Recovery Assessment

Once a spill has been contained, community personnel will consult with the regulatory personnel assigned to the file to determine the level of remediation required. The regulatory personnel may request that a site-specific study be conducted to ensure appropriate remediation is met for the site.

After clean-up has been completed, the community should follow up with the 24-hour Spill Line to ensure that the spill report file has been closed. Closure of the spill file provides evidence that the spill was cleaned up to the regulator's satisfaction. This will help prevent the spill from being considered an environmental liability for the community in the event of a change of ownership, refinancing, or closure of the site. A copy of the spill report marked "Closed" can be provided on request for the community's files. The Spill Line also keeps copies of these reports on file.

To determine whether a spill has been successfully remediated, samples of the soil and/or water within the spill containment area and surrounding the area, are to be collected and sent to an accredited Canadian Association of Environmental Analytic Laboratories (CAEAL) laboratory to be analyzed for the chemical parameters contained expected in the spill material. If concentrations of the spill chemicals are not detected, or are at concentrations below the applicable Territorial, Federal, or CCME regulations/criteria, the spill clean-up will be determined a success. Clean-up operations may then cease.

Refer to the Environmental Monitoring Program and Quality Assurance/Quality Control Plan for the Municipality of Arctic Bay for a description of sampling protocols and parameters. Sampling and monitoring results (air, sediments, water, and soil) will be compared to the applicable land use classification of the site (residential, commercial, industrial, etc.), as contained within the Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines (CCME, 2007). Should NWB Water License or Nunavut guideline criteria exist that are applicable to the situation, then the most stringent criteria should be followed.

Depending on the nature of the spill or emergency, the material requiring clean-up and handling must be handled and disposed of in accordance with Nunavut Guidelines for Industrial Waste Discharges or General Management of Hazardous Waste.

Refer to the Monitoring Program and Quality Assurance/Quality Control Plan, Municipality of Arctic Bay, for directions on obtaining sample bottles, conducting sampling, and laboratory analysis of samples. Refer to the following documents for the handling and disposal of liquid and solid waste within the Municipality of Arctic Bay:

- Solid Waste Management Facility Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan; and
- Sewage Treatment Facility Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan.

6.0 Spill Response Resources

6.1 Additional Personnel

In addition to Public Works staff, the Arctic bay Fire Department is available to assist in spill response and clean-up activities. Personnel from the local RCMP Detachment will be available for securing the site from unauthorized individuals, closing roads, etc. The Community Health Centre has personnel to assist in the treatment of anyone injured during the emergency.

Environmental consulting companies can provide technical guidance and spill response impact evaluation, remediation, and post remedial confirmatory sampling.

6.2 Spill Response Equipment Inventory

Within the community, there is some equipment available to assist in responding to a spill including heavy equipment (i.e., vacuum trucks, dozer, front end loader, and grader), as well as various handheld tools including shovels. In addition, the municipal spill kit should be available during spill incident response operations. The municipal skill kit is located at the municipal maintenance garage as shown in **Appendix B**.

Each spill kit should contain the following supplies (Table 3):

Table 3 Spill Kit Inventory

Spill Kit Item	Quantity				
360 litre polyethylene over pack drum	1				
Oil sorbent booms (5" X 10')	6				
Oil sorbent sheets (16.5" X 20" X 3/8")	100				
Drain cover (36" X 36" X 1/16")	1				
Caution tape (3" X 500')	1				
1lb plugging compound	1				
Nitrile gloves (pair)	4				
Safety goggles (pair)	4				
Tyvek coveralls (pair)	4				
Instruction booklet	1				
Printed disposable bags (24" X 48")	10				

Sorbent capacity of each spill kit is 240 litres.

The spill response kits should be stored in the on-site locker at the Hazardous Waste Storage Area provided for this purpose. Some equipment may be stored in other areas throughout the community.

7.0 Training

All members of the Spill Response Team should be trained in the safe operation of all machinery and tools to help prevent sewage solid waste and hazardous material spills. All Public Works staff should also be trained for initial spill response. Annual refresher exercises should be conducted to review the procedures of this Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan with all members the Spill Response Team, including members of the local volunteer fire department, RCMP Detachment, and Community Health Centre. Spill Response Team training should include the following aspects:

- Spill awareness and prevention;
- Methods of detection;
- Types of spills and seasonal considerations;
- Reporting procedures and initial responses;
- Spill response kit familiarization;
- Clean-up and site remediation methods; and
- Occupational health and safety including proper selection and use of protective equipment.

8.0 Annual Review of this Environmental Emergency Contingency Plan

As part of the preparation of the Annual Report to the Nunavut Water Board as required by the Water License, the Municipality should review and update the information contained within this plan. The purpose of the update is to ensure all changes to regulations are incorporated into this plan, along with the use of any new technology or method advances, to prevent or stop a spill and to mitigate and/or remediate a spill. This ensures that the plan adapts as the Municipality grows, to ensure the community is properly prepared in the event of an incident.

Staff training must accompany the use of this document.

Annual refresher training of personnel should be completed after any revisions to this document have been approved. This will familiarize personnel with the updated plan, and to provide a rapid and coordinated response.

Appendix A

Spill Report Form





NT-NU SPILL REPORT

OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE

TEL: (867) 920-8130 FAX: (867) 873-6924 EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

	-					_					REPORT LINE USE ONLY
Α	REPORT DATE: MONTH	H-DAY-YEAR		RI	REPORT TIME		□ DRIGINAL SPILL REPORT, OR			REPO	ORT NUMBER
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G	ANY CONTRACTOR IN	VOLVED		CONTRAC	TOR ADDRESS OR OFFIC	CE LOCA	ATION				
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	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, COMMENTS, ACTIONS PROPOSED OR TAKEN TO CONTAIN, RECOVER OR DISPOSE OF SPILLED PRODUCT AND CONTAMINATED MATERIALS					FAMINATED MATERIALS					
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THIRD SUPPORT AGENCY											

Appendix B

Maps









Appendix C

Safety Data Sheets



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sodium Hypochlorite 3-20%

Section 01 - Product And Company Information

Product Identifier Sodium Hypochlorite (3-20%)

Product Use Disinfectant, bleaching agent, source of available chlorine, deodorizer.

Supplier Name...... ClearTech Industries Inc. 1500 Quebec Avenue

Saskatoon, SK. Canada

S7K 1V7

Prepared By...... ClearTech Industries Inc. Technical Department

Phone: 800-387-7503

24-Hour Emergency Phone...... 800-387-7503



Section 02 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Sodium Hypochlorite Ingredients..... 3.02-16.80%

CAS Number..... Sodium Hypochlorite 7681-52-9

Section 03 - Hazard Identification

pulmonary edema.



Skin Contact / Absorption...... Causes severe skin irritation with blistering and ulceration.

Eye Contact...... Causes severe irritation of the mucous membranes of the eyes. May

cause severe eye damage.

diarrhea, shock. May lead to convulsions, coma, and even death.

Exposure Limits...... ACGIH/TLV-TWA: 0.5ppm (chlorine)

Section 04 - First Aid Measures

stopped. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Skin Contact / Absorption...... Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and

water. Seek medical attention if irritation occurs or persists.

Flush immediately with water for at least 20 minutes. Forcibly hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of eye tissue. Seek immediate

medical attention.

breathing in vomitus. Give large amounts of water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Seek immediate

medical attention.

Additional Information...... Not available

Section 05 - Fire Fighting Measures

Conditions of Flammability...... Non-flammable

Means of Extinction...... Product does not burn. Use appropriate extinguishing media for material

that is supplying the fuel to the fire.

Flash Point...... Not applicable

Auto-ignition Temperature...... Not applicable

Upper Flammable Limit Not applicable



Lower Flammable Limit..... Not applicable

Hazardous Combustible Products... Decomposition may produce chlorine gas and/or hydrogen chloride gas.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures..... Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and

protective clothing.

Explosion Hazards...... Pressure buildup in containers could result in an explosion when heated

or in contact with acidic fumes. Vigorous reaction with oxidizable organic

materials may result in a fire.

Section 06 - Accidental Release Measures

complete. Prevent material from entering sewers, waterways or confined spaces. Soak up smaller spills with absorbent material that does not

react with spilled material. Flush with water to remove any residue.

Deactivating Materials...... Spills can be carefully neutralized first with sodium sulphite, sodium

metabisulphite or other dechlorination agent for no chlorine residual, then a pH adjustment may be required with hydrochloric acid until the pH is 7. Note neutralization reactions may produce heat so necessary precautions must be taken. Local regulatory agencies should also be contacted for

proper disposal.

Section 07 - Handling and Storage

Handling Procedures...... Use proper equipment for lifting and transporting all containers. Use

sensible industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid all situations that could lead to harmful exposure.

Storage Requirements....... Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed,

and away from incompatible materials. Venting of containers is advisable.

Section 08 - Personal Protection and Exposure Controls

Protective Equipment

all times when product is handled. Contact lenses should not be worn;

they may contribute to severe eye injury.

Respiratory..... A NIOSH-approved respirator suitable for chlorine is recommended.

Where a higher level of protection is required, use a self-contained

breathing apparatus.



before reuse.

Clothing...... Body suits, aprons, and/or coveralls of chemical resistant material should

be worn at all times. Wash contaminated clothing and dry thoroughly

before reuse.

times.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation Requirements...... Mechanical ventilation (dilution or local exhaust), process or personnel

enclosure and control of process conditions must be provided in accordance with all fire codes and regulatory requirements. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust

systems..

Other..... Emergency shower and eyewash must be available and tested in

accordance with regulations and be in close proximity.

Section 09 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State..... Liquid

Odor and Appearance...... Strong chlorine odour. Clear, greenish-yellow solution.

Odor Threshold...... Not available

Specific Gravity (Water=1)..... 1.17 at 20°C (12% trade)

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg, 20C).......... 12.1mm Hg at 20°C (12.5 wt %)

Vapor Density (Air=1)..... Not available

Evaporation Rate...... Not available

Freeze/Melting Point..... ~ -15°C (12% trade)

pH......< 12

Water/Oil Distribution Coefficient.... Not available

Bulk Density...... Not available



% Volatiles by Volume...... Not available

Solubility in Water..... Complete

Molecular Formula...... NaOCI

Molecular Weight...... 74.44

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

with acid.

Incompatibility....... Incompatible with strong acids, ammonia, oxidizable materials,

nickel, copper, tin, manganese, and iron.

Hazardous Products of Decomposition.. Chlorine (by reaction with acids), oxygen (by reaction with nickel,

copper, tin, manganese, iron), sodium chloride, sodium chlorate,

with increased temperature.

Polymerization...... Will not occur

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Irritancy...... Strong irritant

nose, and throat.

Synergistic Materials..... Not available

Animal Toxicity Data...... LD50(oral,rat): 8910mg/kg (undiluted sodium hypochlorite)

Carcinogenicity...... Not considered to be carcinogenic (IARC and ACGIH).

Reproductive Toxicity...... Not available

Teratogenicity...... Not available

Mutagenicity...... Not available



Section 12 - Ecological Information

Fish Toxicity...... Not available

Biodegradability...... Not available

Environmental Effects...... Not available

Section 13 - Disposal Consideration

Waste Disposal............ Dispose in accordance with all federal, provincial, and/or local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Section 14 - Transport Information

TDG Classification

Shipping Name...... HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Group...... III (not regulated at solutions below 7%)

during shipment and ensure all caps, valves, or closures are secured in

the closed position.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

WHMIS Classification.....

NOTE: THE PRODUCT LISTED ON THIS MSDS HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CANADIAN CONTROLLED PRODUCTS REGULATIONS. THIS MSDS CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THOSE REGULATIONS.

NSF Certification......Product is certified under NSF/ANSI Standard 60 for disinfection and oxidation at a maximum dosage for the following:

sodium hypochlorite 5%: 174mg/L sodium hypochlorite 6%: 145mg/L sodium hypochlorite 7%: 125mg/L sodium hypochlorite 8%: 109mg/L sodium hypochlorite 9%: 97mg/L sodium hypochlorite 10%: 87mg/L sodium hypochlorite 11%: 79mg/L sodium hypochlorite 12%: 72mg/L sodium hypochlorite 13%: 67mg/L



sodium hypochlorite 14%: 62mg/L sodium hypochlorite 15%: 58mg/L

sodium hypochlorite 16%: 55mg/L sodium hypochlorite 17%: 51mg/L sodium hypochlorite 18%: 48mg/L sodium hypochlorite 19%: 46mg/L sodium hypochlorite 20%: 43mg/L

NOTE: Any product strength below 7% is not regulated by TDG.

Sanitizer Use: to obtain 10 liters of a 200 mg/L solution as available chlorine, use 16.7 mL of Hypochlor-12 for each 10 liters of clean, potable water.

Section 16 - Other Information

Version #...... Two

Preparation Date...... September 5, 2012

Revision Date...... August 26, 2014

Note: The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

Attention: Receiver of the chemical goods / MSDS coordinator

As part of our commitment to the Canadian Association of Chemical Distributors (CACD) Responsible Distribution[®] initiative, ClearTech Industries Inc. and its associated companies require, as a condition of sale, that you forward the attached Material Safety Data Sheet(s) to all affected employees, customers, and end-users. ClearTech will send any available supplementary handling, health, and safety information to you at your request.

If you have any questions or concerns please call our customer service or technical service department.



ClearTech Industries Inc. - Locations

Corporate Head Office: 1500 Quebec Avenue, Saskatoon, SK, S7K 1V7 Phone: 800-387-7503

Fax: 888-281-8109

www.ClearTech.ca

Location	Address	Postal Code	Phone Number	Fax Number
Richmond, BC	12431 Horseshoe Way	V7A 4X6	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Port Coquitlam BC	2023 Kingsway Avenue	V3C 1S9	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Calgary, AB.	5516E - 40 th St. S.E.	T2C 2A1	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Edmonton, AB.	11750 - 180 th Street	T5S 1N7	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Saskatoon, SK.	North Corman Park	S7L 5Z3	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Regina, SK.	555 Henderson Drive	S42 5X2	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Winnipeg, MB.	340 Saulteaux Crescent	R3J 3T2	800-387-7503	888-281-8109
Mississauga, ON.	355 Admiral Blvd Unit #1	L5T 2N1	800-387-7503	888-281-8109

24 Hour Emergency Number - All Locations - 800-387-7503

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Product code : 11949, 11000, 10999, 10998, 10995, 10993, 10991, 10990.

10989, 10988, 10987, 10474, 10473, 10461, 10455, 10111,

10108, 10097, 10096, 10040, 10039

Other means of identification : LVB87, Regular, Unleaded Gasoline (US Grade), Mid-Grade,

Plus, Super, Supreme, SuperClean, RegularClean, Plus-Clean, Premium, marked or dyed gasoline, BOB, Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending, Conventional Gasoline, RUL, MUL, SUL, PUL, Additive Denaturant, LVBU (low volatility blend

ultra), LVBR (low volatility blend regular).

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier

: Petro-Canada

Address : P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada, Telephone: 1-866-786-2671

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or +1 703-527-3887;

^CR^Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Unleaded gasoline is used in spark ignition engines including

motor vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines such as chain saws and lawn mowers, and recrea-

tional vehicles.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Flammable liquids : Category 1

Skin irritation : Category 2

Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Category 3 (Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure (Inhala-

tion)

: Category 1 (hematopoietic system)

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







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Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs (hematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equip-

ment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

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Page: 2 / 13

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

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SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alco-

hol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container

tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Gasoline; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified		86290-81-5	80 - 100
toluene	toluene	108-88-3	<= 40
benzene	benzene	71-43-2	0.006 - 1.5
ethanol	ethanol	64-17-5	<= 0.3
methanol	methanol	67-56-1	<= 0.08

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

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Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Respiratory, skin and eye irritation; nausea; cancer. Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomit-

ing and diarrhea.

Chronic exposure to benzene may result in increased risk of

leukemia and other blood disorders.

An indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quan-

tities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water fog. Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective

wear.

Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator with full face-

piece.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Material can create slippery conditions.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

tricity.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labeled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Gasoline; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	86290-81-5	TWA	300 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWA	300 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	300 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	500 ppm	ACGIH
toluene	108-88-3	TWA	20 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	20 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

benzene	71-43-2	TWA	0.5 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	2.5 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	0.5 ppm	CA ON OEL
		STEL	2.5 ppm	CA ON OEL
		TWAEV	0.5 ppm	CA QC OEL
		STEV	2.5 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	0.5 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	2.5 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWA	0.02 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	0.1 ppm	ACGIH
ethanol	64-17-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEV	1,000 ppm	CA QC OEL
		TWA	300 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	500 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	250 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	200 ppm	CA AB OEL
		STEL	250 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	250 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to ensure that Occupational Exposure

Limits are not exceeded.

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal

to the work-station location.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Concentration in air determines protection needed.

Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic

vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by airpurifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, airsupplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide ade-

quate protection.

Hand protection Material

polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

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essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Clear liquid.

Color : Clear to slightly yellow or green, undyed liquid. May be dyed

red for taxation purposes.

Odor : Gasoline

pH : No data available

Melting point and freezing

point

No data available

Boiling point, or initial boiling

point and boiling range

25 - 225 °C

Flash point : -50 - -38 °C

Method: Tagliabue.

Flammability : Extremely flammable in presence of open flames and sparks.

May accumulate static electrical charge. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of

ignition and flash back.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

7.6 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: 1.3 %(V)

Vapor pressure : < 802.5 mmHg (20 °C)

Relative vapor density : 3

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Page: 7 / 13

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

No data available

Relative density : 0.685 - 0.8

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Autoignition temperature : 257 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and interhalogens.
Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, NOx, phenols, polycyclic aromatic hydro-

products carbons, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours

when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/L

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

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Page: 8 / 13

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Gasoline; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 13,600 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,750 mg/kg

toluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,580 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 12,125 mg/kg

benzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,990 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 13700 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 8,240 mg/kg

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 7,060 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 32380 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

methanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,600 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 15,800 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (hematopoietic system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labeled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Contact local or business unit authorities for guidance on dis-

posal of product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1203 Proper shipping name : Gasoline

Class : 3 Packing group : II

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo : 364

aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1203
Proper shipping name : GASOLINE

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number : UN 1203
Proper shipping name : GASOLINE

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes

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GASOLINE, UNLEADED

SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

NPRI Components : toluene

benzene ethanol methanol xylene

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Low boiling point

hydrogen treated naphtha

ethylbenzene

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — un-

specified naphthalene

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Canadian lists

No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit : Short term exposure limit : Time weighted average

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit

CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)
CA ON OEL / STEL : Short-Term Exposure Limit (STEL)
CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

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SDS Number: 000003000644

Version: 5.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/05 Print Date: 2025/02/13

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Revision Date : 2025/02/05

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DIESEL FUEL

Product code : 10582, 11803, 11802, 11798, 12016, 11958, 11796, 11771,

11770, 11769, 11768, 11767, 11766, 11612, 11560, 11558, 11555, 11437, 11302, 10979, 10978, 10977, 10976, 10975, 10974, 10973, 10972, 10971, 10970, 10969, 10968, 10966, 10965, 10964, 10786, 10785, 10784, 10783, 10690, 10689, 10687, 10636, 10635, 10626, 10621, 10616, 10610, 10601,

10600, 10598, 10595, 10427, 10041

Other means of identification : Seasonal Diesel, #2 Diesel, #1 Diesel, #2 Heating Oil, #1

Heating Oil, OSX, D50, Arctic Diesel, Farm Diesel, Marine Diesel, Low Sulphur Diesel, LSD, Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel, ULSD, Mining Diesel, Naval Distillate, Dyed Diesel, Marked Diesel, Coloured Diesel, Furnace special, Biodiesel blend (BX where X is representative of volume %), Renewable Diesel blend (RX where X is represent ative of volume %), Diesel Low Cloud (LC), Marine Gas Oil, Marine Gas Oil Dyed, Type A

Diesel, Type B Diesel.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Petro-Canada

Address : P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada, Telephone: 1-866-786-2671

Emergency telephone : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or +1 703-527-3887;

^CR^Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and

medium speed internal combustion engines of the compres-

sion ignition type.

Mining diesels, marine diesels, marine diesel oil, marine gas oil and naval distillates may have a higher flash point require-

ment.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin irritation : Category 2

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

Eye irritation : Category 2B

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 2 (Liver, thymus, Bone)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 + H320 Causes skin and eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver, thymus, Bone)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equip-

ment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/

DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonym	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Fuels, diesel; Gasoil — unspecified	Fuels, diesel; Gasoil — un- specified	68334-30-5	25 - 100
Alkanes, C10-20- branched and linear	Alkanes, C10- 20-branched and linear	928771-01-1	<= 7 5
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C14-18-unsatd., Me esters	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C14-18-unsatd., Me esters	129756-24-7	<= 20
Fuel oil No. 2	Fuel oil No. 2	68476-30-2	<= 0.2

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

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Page: 3 / 13

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SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory, skin and eye irritation; nausea; cancer.

An indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed, if neces-

sary

Treat symptomatically.

For specialist advice physicians should contact the Poisons

Information Service.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water fog. Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur

oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of

incomplete combustion.

Further information Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- : tive equipment and emergency procedures

For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions.

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

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unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ds and materials for : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

tricity.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labeled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

liaht.

Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Fuels, diesel; Gasoil — un- specified	68334-30-5	TWA	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA AB OEL
		TWA (inhal- able fraction	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar-	CA BC OEL

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Page: 5 / 13

DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14 Version: 9.0

		and vapour)	bons)	
		TWAEV (in- halable frac- tion and va- pour)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	ACGIH
Fuel oil No. 2	68476-30-2	TWA (Inhal- able fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV (In- halable frac- tion and va- por)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	CA ON OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m³ (total hydrocar- bons)	ACGIH

Engineering measures

Adequate ventilation to ensure that Occupational Exposure

Limits are not exceeded.

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal

to the work-station location.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection Concentration in air determines protection needed.

> Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible un-

der certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide ade-

quate protection.

Hand protection Material

neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific

glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals.

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14 Version: 9.0

> Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they

should be changed.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an Remarks

> approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

Eye protection Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

Wear face-shield if splashing hazard is likely.

Chemical splash goggles and a full-face shield should be

worn when handling this material.

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-Skin and body protection

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-Hygiene measures

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Bright oily liquid.

Color Clear to yellow (This product may be dyed red for taxation

purposes)

Odor Mild petroleum oil like.

No data available pΗ

Melting point and freezing

point

No data available

Boiling point, or initial boiling

point and boiling range

150 - 371 °C

> 40 °C Flash point

Method: closed cup

Marine Gas Oil/Naval Distillate: 60°C min

Mining Diesel: 52°C min

All other Diesel fuels: 40°C min

Flammability Flammable liquid

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

6 %(V)

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: 0.7 %(V)

Vapor pressure : 7.5 mmHg (20 °C)

Relative vapor density : 4.5

Relative density : 0.8 - 0.88

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature : 204 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 1.3 - 4.1 cSt (40 °C)

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.

Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, NOx, SOx, smoke and irritating vapours

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

products when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 11 mg/L

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

Fuels, diesel; Gasoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 7,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 4.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 24,500 mg/kg

Fuel oil No. 2:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 12,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, thymus, Bone) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labeled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Contact local or business unit authorities for guidance on dis-

posal of product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1202 Proper shipping name : Diesel fuel

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1202 Proper shipping name : DIESEL FUEL

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

UN number : UN 1202 Proper shipping name : DIESEL FUEL

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

NPRI Components : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — un-

specified naphthalene

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

toluene propan-2-ol methanol

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Canadian lists

No substances are subject to a Significant New Activity Notification.

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under

the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average CA ON OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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DIESEL FUEL

SDS Number: 000003000395

Version: 9.0 Revision Date: 2025/02/13 Print Date: 2025/02/14

Revision Date : 2025/02/13

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN



Propane
Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Propane

Synonyms: LPG (Liquefied Petroleum Gas); LP-Gas.

Product Use: Propane is commonly used as a fuel for heating, cooking,

automobiles, forklift trucks, crop drying and welding and cutting operations. Propane is used in industry as a refrigerant, solvent

and as a chemical feedstock.

Restrictions on Use: Not available.

Manufacturer/Supplier: Superior Propane

Suite 400, 6750 Century Avenue Mississauga, ON L5N 2V8

Phone Number: 1-877-873-7467

Emergency Phone: CANUTEC 1-888-CAN-UTEC (226-8832) or 613-996-6666 or

*666 on a cellular phone

Date of Preparation of SDS: September 17, 2021

Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

GHS INFORMATION

Classification: Flammable Gases, Category 1

Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas

Simple Asphyxiant, Category 1

LABEL ELEMENTS

Hazard

Pictogram(s):

 \Diamond

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Extremely flammable gas.

Statements: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

Response: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage: Store in a well ventilated place.

Disposal: Not applicable.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients with Unknown Toxicity: None.

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200). This material is considered hazardous by the Hazardous Products Regulations.



Propane

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
Hazardous Ingredient(s)	Common name / Synonyms	CAS No.	% vol./vol.		
Propane	Not available.	74-98-6	90 - 99		
Ethane	Not available.	74-84-0	0 - 5		
1-Propene	Propylene	115-07-1	0 - 5		
Butane	Not available.	106-97-8	0 - 2.5		

Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below

18 % (vol). Symptoms may include headache, lightheadedness,

drowsiness, disorientation, vomiting and seizures. Unconsciousness and death may occur with severe oxygen deprivation. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge,

headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if needed. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or

doctor.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or blindness could

result.

Skin Contact: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or

frostbite. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Remove non-adhering contaminated clothing. Do not

remove adherent material or clothing.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite. Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin colour to white or grayish-yellow. The pain after

contact with liquid can quickly subside.

Ingestion: Not a normal route of exposure.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Not a normal route of exposure.

General Advice: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately

(show the label or SDS where possible).

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

Propane
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

If a tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: This material is sensitive to static discharge.

MEANS OF EXTINCTION

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Small Fire: Dry chemical or CO2.

Large Fire: Water spray or fog. Move containers from fire

area if you can do it without risk.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Not available.

Products of Combustion: Oxides of carbon.

Protection of Firefighters: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be

stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Some may be irritating if inhaled at high concentrations. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Always wear thermal

protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic

liquids.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area

for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Keep out of low areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling

the product must be grounded.



Propane
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Personal Precautions: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal

protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Not normally required.

Methods for Containment: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. If possible, turn leaking

containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material. Do not direct water at spill or

source of leak.

Methods for Clean-Up: Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems

and confined areas. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. CAUTION: When in contact with refrigerated/cryogenic liquids, many materials become brittle and are likely to break without

warning.

Other Information: See Section 13 for disposal considerations.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid breathing gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on Incompatible Materials. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines Component

Propane [CAS No. 74-98-6]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard **OSHA:** 1000 ppm (TWA), 1800 mg/m³ (TWA);

Ethane [CAS No. 74-84-0]

ACGIH: Simple asphyxiant; Explosion hazard

OSHA: No PEL established.

Propylene [CAS No. 115-07-1]

ACGIH: 500 ppm (TWA); A4 (2005)

OSHA: No PEL established.

Butane [CAS No. 106-97-8]

ACGIH: 1000 ppm (STEL); Explosion hazard (2012)

OSHA: 800 ppm (TWA) [Vacated];

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit **TWA:** Time-Weighted Average

C: Ceiling



Propane
Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Engineering Controls: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels

of dust, fume, vapour, gas, etc.) below recommended

exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)



Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection that meets

the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3 and OSHA regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 for Personal Protective

Equipment.

Hand Protection: Wear insulated neoprene gloves. Consult manufacturer

specifications for further information.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to control

exposure to below the allowable limits then an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator that meets the requirements of CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.4, or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations exceed the limits of the air-

purifying respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations:

Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential

and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Liquefied gas.

Colour: Colourless.

Odourless, unless odourized with ethyl mercaptan (skunky odour,

similar to boiling cabbage).

Odour Threshold: 4800 ppm

Physical State: Gas.

pH: Not available.

Melting Point / Freezing -188

Point:

-188 °C (-306.4 °F)

Initial Boiling Point: $-42.2 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-44 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ Boiling Point: $-42 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-43.6 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flash Point: -103.4 °C (-154.1 °F) (Closed Cup)

Evaporation Rate: Rapid.

Flammability (solid, gas): Extremely flammable gas.



Propane

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Lower Flammability Limit: 2.1% **Upper Flammability Limit:** 9.5%

Vapor Pressure: 1435 kPa (maximum) at 37.8 °C (100 °F)

Vapor Density: 1.52 (Air = 1)

Relative Density: 0.51 (Water = 1)

Solubilities: Slight, 6.1% by volume @ 17.8°C (64 °F)

Partition Coefficient: n-

Octanol/Water:

Not available.

Auto-ignition Temperature: 432 °C (809.6 °F)

Decomposition

Temperature:

Not available.

Viscosity: Not available.

Percent Volatile, wt. %: Not available.

Not available. Density: Not available.

Coefficient of Water/Oil

VOC content, wt. %:

Distribution:

Not available.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to

heat.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

Gas explodes spontaneously when mixed with chloride dioxide.

Conditions to Avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to

heat.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers. Chlorine dioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE

Product Toxicity

Oral: Not available. Dermal: Not available. Inhalation: Not available.



Propane

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

658000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H

Component Toxicity

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Component CAS No. LD₅₀ oral LC₅₀ LD50 dermal Propane 74-98-6 Not available. Not available. Not available. Ethane 74-84-0 Not available. Not available. Not available. 115-07-1 Not available. 86000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H Propylene Not available.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eve contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.

Target Organs: Skin. Eyes. Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Not available.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects)

106-97-8

Inhalation:

Butane

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Central nervous system depression can occur if product is present in concentrations that will reduce the oxygen content of air below 18 % (vol). Symptoms may include headache, lightheadedness, drowsiness, disorientation, vomiting and seizures. Unconsciousness and death may occur with severe oxygen deprivation. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and

Not available.

throat pain.

Eye: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite.

The pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside. Permanent eye damage or

blindness could result.

Skin: Contact with rapidly expanding or liquefied gas may cause irritation and/or frostbite.

Symptoms of frostbite include change in skin colour to white or grayish-yellow. The

pain after contact with liquid can quickly subside.

Ingestion: Not a normal route of exposure.

Skin Sensitization:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Medical ConditionsNot available.

Aggravated By Exposure:

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE (from short and long-term exposure)

Target Organs: Skin. Eyes. Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Chronic Effects: Not available.

Carcinogenicity: Product is not classified as a carcinogen. See Component

Carcinogenicity table below for information on individual components.

Component Carcinogenicity

ComponentACGIHIARCNTPOSHAProp 65PropyleneA4Group 3Not listed.Not listed.Not listed.

Mutagenicity: Not available.

Reproductive Effects: Not available.



Propane

Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Developmental Effects

Teratogenicity: Not available. **Embryotoxicity:** Not available.

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials: Not available.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

Persistence / Degradability: Not available.

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation: Not available.

Mobility in Environment: Not available.

Other Adverse Effects: Not available.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national

and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more

stringent than regional or national requirements.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: UN1075, LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES, 2.1

Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1075

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code:

FLAMMABLE GAS 2

Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Proper Shipping Name: UN1075, LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES, 2.1

Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1075

Packing Group: Not applicable.

Label Code:



Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

US (TSCA)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.



Propane
Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Canada (DSL)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

Federal Regulations

United States

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA Title III

Component	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)	Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112(r) TQ (lbs.)
Propane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Ethane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000
Propylene	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	313	Not listed.	10000
Butane	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	10000

State Regulations

Massachusetts

US Massachusetts Commonwealth's Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Regulations Section 670.000)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane	74-98-6	Listed.
Ethane	74-84-0	Listed.
Propylene	115-07-1	Listed.
Butane	106-97-8	Listed.

New Jersey

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A-5)

Component	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane	74-98-6	SHHS
Ethane	74-84-0	SHHS
Propylene	115-07-1	SHHS
Butane	106-97-8	SHHS

Note: SHHS = Special Health Hazard Substance

Pennsylvania

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code Chap. 301-323)

Component	, 0	CAS No.	RTK List
Propane		74-98-6	Listed.
Ethane		74-84-0	Listed.
Propylene		115-07-1	Е
Butane		106-97-8	Listed.

Note: E = Environmental Hazard

California Prop 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California

to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



SAFETY DATA SHEET Date of Preparation: September 17, 2021

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for their own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: September 17, 2021

Version: 2.0

GHS SDS Prepared by: Deerfoot Consulting Inc.

Phone: (403) 720-3700

Propane

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Synonyms : Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); JP-8;

NATO F-34; Jet F-34; Aviation Turbine Fuel, Kerosene Type

(CAN/CGSB 3.23 & CAN/CGSB 3.24)

Product code : 101851, 100123

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada

P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada

Emergency telephone num-

ber

Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000;

Canutec Transportation: 1-888-226-8832 (toll-free) or 613-

996-6666;

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for

emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing

inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel

(if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Clear and colourless
Odour	Kerosene-like.

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin irritation : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

: Category 3 (Central nervous system)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Petro-Canada is a Suncor Energy business.

Page: 1 / 11

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Potential Health Effects

Primary Routes of Entry : Eye contact Ingestion

Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Petro-Canada is a Suncor Energy business.

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Inhalation Skin contact

Inhalation : Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of

consciousness.

Skin : May irritate skin.

Eyes : May irritate eyes.

Ingestion : Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomit-

ing and diarrhoea.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Aggravated Medical Condi-

tion

: None known.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to hu-

mans

Kerosene 8008-20-6

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
kerosine (petroleum)	8008-20-6	90 - 100 %
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	111-77-3	0 - 0.2 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water fog. Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur

oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of

incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-

tive equipment and emergency procedures

: Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Material can create slippery conditions.

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

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JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

tricity

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage

: Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
kerosine (petroleum)	8008-20-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	CA BC OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	CA AB OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal

to the work-station location.

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic

vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by airpurifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, airsupplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide ade-

quate protection.

Hand protection

Material : polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider

for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Colour : Clear and colourless

Odour : Kerosene-like.

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Odour Threshold : No data available pH : No data available

Pour point : -51 °C (-60 °F)No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 140 - 300 °C (284 - 572 °F)

Flash point : $> 38 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (100 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Method: Tagliabue

Auto-Ignition Temperature : 210 °C (410 °F)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Va-

pours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in con-

fined spaces.

Upper explosion limit : 5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 0.7 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 5.25 mmHg (20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative vapour density : 4.5

Relative density : 0.775 - 0.84 (15 °C / 59 °F)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n- : No data available

octanol/water

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 1.0 - 1.9 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may

explode in heat of fire.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

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000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Components:

kerosine (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

Contaminated packaging : Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : Fuel, aviation, turbine engine

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

Marine politiant . 110

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

National Regulations

TDG

UN number : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

EINECS On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



000003001081

Version 2.1 Revision Date 2018/06/07 Print Date 2018/06/07

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

For Copy of SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-

1228

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-804-4752

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

Revision Date : 2018/06/07

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
	Not controlled	₩	

Section 1. Ch	Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification					
Product Name	RELIANCE AW HYDRAULIC OIL 32, 46, 68	Code	490-143, RELAW32 490-144, RELAW46 490-145, RELAW68			
Synonym	Not available.	Validated o	n 6/15/2001.			
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for			
Material Uses	These products are designed for use as heavy duty hydraulic power transmission fluids and for lubrication where good anti-wear and anti-oxidation properties are required. They would typically be used in high-pressure hydraulic systems, machine tools, presses, compressors, pumps, gear sets, and centralized bearing lubrication systems in industrial plants and at mining and woodlands sites.		emergency number(s).			

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients					
			Expo	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
1) Severely hydrotreated hydrocarbon oil and additives	Mixture	100	5 mg/m³ (oil mist)	10 mg/m³ (oil mist)	Not established
Manufacturer Not applicable Recommendation					
Other Exposure Limits Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.					

Section 3. Hazards Identification.				
Potential Health Effects	Non irritating to slight transient irritation to skin and eyes, but no permanent damage. Relatively non-toxic via ingestion. This product has a low vapour pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation exposure at ambient conditions. Upon heating to high temperatures, or mechanical actions which may produce vapours or mists, inhalation of product may cause irritation of the breathing passages. For more information, refer to Section 11.			

Section 4. First	Section 4. First Aid Measures				
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.				
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.				
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.				
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.				
Note to Physician	Not available				

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures					
Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Not available.		
Flash Points	OPEN CUP: ≥196°C (384.8°F) (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available.		
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container.		
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx incomplete combustion.	s), sulphur oxides (SC	Dx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of		

Continued on Next Page Available in French

RELIANCE AW HYDR	RAULIC OIL 32, 46, 68 Page Number: 2
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (0.5 mile) in all directions. Shut off fuel to fire if it is possible to do so without hazard. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn out under controlled conditions. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discolouration of tank due to fire. Cool containing vessels with water spray in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion. SMALL FIRE: use DRY chemicals, foam, water spray or CO2. LARGE FIRE: use water spray, fog or foam. For small outdoor fires, portable fire extinguishers may be used, and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may not be required. For all indoor fires and any significant outdoor fires, SCBA is required. Respiratory and eye protection are required for fire fighting personnel.

NAERG96, GUIDE 171, Substances (low to moderate hazard). ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. Avoid contact. Stop

leak if without risk. Contain spill. Absorb with inert absorbents, dry clay, or diatomaceous earth. Avoid inhaling dust of

diatomaceous earth for it may contain silica in very fine particle size, making this a potential respiratory hazard. Place used absorbent in closed metal containers for later disposal or burn absorbent in a suitable combustion chamber. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER. Check with applicable jurisdiction for specific disposal

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release

or Spill

	requirements of spilled material and empty containers. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately.
Section 7. H	andling and Storage
Handling	Avoid inhalation and skin contact especially when handling used oil. Keep away from sources of ignition. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Launder work clothes frequently. Discard saturated leather goods.
Storage	Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area, and away from incompatibles.

Section 8. Exposu	re Controls/Personal Protection
Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use. Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties					
Physical State and Appearance	Viscous liquid	Viscosity	32: 32.0 cSt @ 40°C, 5.35 cSt @ 100°C, VI=99 46: 46.0 cSt @ 40°C, 6.74 cSt @ 100°C, VI=99 68: 68.0 cSt @ 40°C, 8.69 cSt @ 100°C, VI=99		
Colour	Pale, Light green.	Pour Point	32: -36°C 46: -33°C 68: -30°C		
Odour	Hydrocarbon.	Softening Point	Not applicable.		
Odour Threshold	Not available.	Dropping Point	Not applicable.		
Boiling Point	Not available.	Penetration	Not applicable.		
Density	0.8693 to 0.8740 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available.		
Vapour Density	Not available.	Ionicity (in water)	Not available		
Vapour Pressure	Negligible at ambient temperature and pressure.	Dispersion Properties	Not available.		
Volatility	Non-volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water.		

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Section 10. Stability and Reactivity				
Corrosivity	Copper corrosion, 3h, 100°C (ASTM D0130): 1a			
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions. Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur under normal working conditions.			
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, SOx, H2S, POx, CaOx, ZnOx, methacrylate monomers, alkyl mercaptans, aldehydes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.	

Page Number: 3

Section 11. Toxicological Inf	ormation
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Based on toxicity of components. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects Dermal Route:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation characterized by dermatitis or oil acne.
Inhalation Route:	Negligible breathing hazard at normal temperatures (up to 38°C) or recommended blending temperatures. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes. Inhalation of oil mists or vapours from hot oil may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract.
Oral Route:	Low toxicity; has laxative effect.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Repeated or prolonged contact may cause transient irritation, but no permanent damage.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available.
Skin Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a respiratory tract sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Based on actual test results of base oils and results of similar products, severely hydrotreated base oils give negative results when tested for: (a) Salmonella Typhimurium TA98 using the Modified Ames Assay for Petroleum Product; (b) Salmonella-Escherichia coli/Mammalian-Microsome Reverse Mutation Assay (Ames test) with a Confirmatory Assay; (c) Structural Chromosomal Aberrations in Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) Cells.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not expected to be a reproductive hazard, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not expected to be a teratogen or an embryotoxin, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as A1 or A2 carcinogens by ACGIH.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	Not available.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Section 12. Ecological Information				
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Not available Bioaccumulation Potential		
BOD5 and COD	Not available.	Products of Not available. Biodegradation		
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.			

Section 13. Disposal Considerations				
Waste Disposal	Spent/used/waste oil may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Preferred waste management priorities are: (1) recycle or reprocess; (2) incineration with energy recovery; (3) disposal at licensed waste disposal facility. Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.			

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Section 15. Regul	latory Information					
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).					
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.					
	All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).					
	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.					
	Please contact Product Safety for	more informa	tion.			
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.		HCS (U.S.	A.) Not cont	rolled under the	HCS (United States).
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT		DOT (U.S./ (Pictogram	,		
	NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.					
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard	NFPA (U.S	S.A.)	Fire Hazard	Rating	0 Insignificant
	Fire Hazard		Health	1 0 Reactivity		1 Slight 2 Moderate
	Reactivity			<u></u>		3 High
	Personal Protection B			Specific hazard		4 Extreme

Section 16. Other Information References Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark Glossary ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials (LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association CAS - Chemical Abstract Services NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) CFR - Code of Federal Regulations NTP - National Toxicology Program CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit CPR - Controlled Products Regulations RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act DOT - Department of Transport SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) SD - Single Dose DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) DSL - Domestic Substance List TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances TLm - Median Tolerance Limit EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average FDA - Food and Drug Administration TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency USP - United States Pharmacopoeia HCS - Hazardous Communication System HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Prepared by Product Safety - TAR on 6/15/2001.

For Copy of MSDS

Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: (780) 464-9564

Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850 and (905) 822-4222; fax:

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

Safety Data Sheet



SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

Product Use: Heavy Duty Motor Oil Product Number(s): 219932, 222404

Company Identification Chevron Products Company a division of Chevron U.S.A. Inc. 6001 Bollinger Canyon Rd. San Ramon, CA 94583 United States of America www.chevronlubricants.com

Transportation Emergency Response

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Health Emergency

Chevron Emergency & Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800)

231-0623 or (510) 231-0623

Product Information

email: lubemsds@chevron.com

Product Information: 1 (800) 582-3835, LUBETEK@chevron.com

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION:

Not classified as hazardous according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2012).

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED: Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	70 - 99 %weight

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

Skin: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Ingestion: No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice.

1 of 7 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40 Revision Number: 10 Revision Date: May 02, 2023 SDS: 7329

Inhalation: No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

Skin: Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation: Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing.

DELAYED OR OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS: Not classified

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Not Applicable

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of: Boron, Nitrogen.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

Spill Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting: Report spills to local authorities and/or the U.S. Coast Guard's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling Information: Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

Precautionary Measures: Keep out of the reach of children.

Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating

 Revision Number:
 10
 2 of 7
 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

 Revision Date:
 May 02, 2023
 SDS: 7329

an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.

Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the workplace when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment (PPE). If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, refer to PPE information below.

Factors that affect PPE include, but are not limited to: properties of the chemical, other chemicals which may contact the same PPE, physical requirements (fit & sizing, cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection, etc.), and potential allergic reactions to the PPE material. It is the responsibility of the user to read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances. Refer to appropriate CEN standards.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use in a well-ventilated area.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eye/Face Protection: Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include safety glasses, chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent skin contact. Selection of chemical protective clothing should be performed by an Occupational Hygienist or Safety Professional and be based upon applicable standards (ASTM F739 or EN 374). Using chemical PPE depends upon operations conducted and may include chemical gloves, boots, chemical apron, chemical suit, and complete facial protection. Refer to PPE manufacturers to obtain breakthrough time information to determine how long PPE can be used before it needs to be replaced. Unless specific glove manufacturer data indicates otherwise, the below table is based upon available industry data to assist in the glove selection process and is intended to be used as reference only.

Chemical Glove Material	Thickness (mm)	Typical Breakthrough Time (minutes)
Butyl	0.7	120
Nitrile	0.8	240
Viton Butyl	0.3	240

Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection is normally required.

If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge.

Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

 Revision Number:
 10
 3 of 7
 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

 Revision Date:
 May 02, 2023
 SDS: 7329

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Agency	Form	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Distillates, hydrotreated	ACGIH	Inhalable	5 mg/m3			
heavy paraffinic		fraction				
Distillates, hydrotreated	ACGIH		5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3		
heavy paraffinic						
Distillates, hydrotreated	OSHA Z-1		5 mg/m3		-	-
heavy paraffinic						

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Brown to yellow Physical State: Liquid Odor: Petroleum odor

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: Not Applicable

Vapor Pressure: No data available Vapor Density (Air = 1): No data available

Initial Boiling Point: No data available

Solubility: Soluble in hydrocarbons; insoluble in water

Freezing Point: No data available Melting Point: No data available

Density: 0.8883 kg/l - 0.8892 kg/l @ 15°C (59°F) (Typical)

Viscosity: 131 mm2/s @ 40°C (104°F) (Typical)

Evaporation Rate: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

Flammability (solid, gas): Not Applicable

Flashpoint: (Cleveland Open Cup) 180 °C (356 °F) (Minimum)

Autoignition: No data available

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: Not Applicable Upper: Not

Applicable

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates,

peroxides, etc.

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage

and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatibility With Other Materials: Not applicable

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known (None expected) **Hazardous Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: The material is not considered an eye irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

 Revision Number: 10
 4 of 7
 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

 Revision Date: May 02, 2023
 SDS: 7329

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: The material is not considered a skin irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Skin Sensitization: The material is not considered a skin sensitizer. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Dermal Toxicity: The material is not considered a dermal toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The material is not considered an oral toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The material is not considered an inhalation toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components. Acute Toxicity Estimate: Not Determined

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: The material is not considered a mutagen. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Carcinogenicity: The material is not considered a carcinogen. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Reproductive Toxicity: The material is not considered a reproductive toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (single exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (repeated exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

Aspiration Hazard: The material is not considered an aspiration hazard.

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

During use in engines, contamination of oil with low levels of cancer-causing combustion products occurs. Used motor oils have been shown to cause skin cancer in mice following repeated application and continuous exposure. Brief or intermittent skin contact with used motor oil is not expected to have serious effects in humans if the oil is thoroughly removed by washing with soap and water.

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils have not been listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A), or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

These oils have not been classified by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) as: confirmed human carcinogen (A1), suspected human carcinogen (A2), or confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans (A3).

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Revision Number: 10 5 of 7 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

Revision Date: May 02, 2023 SDS: 7329

MOBILITY

No data available.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE

Bioconcentration Factor: No data available.

Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL UNDER 49 CFR

IMO/IMDG Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE IMDG CODE

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER ICAO

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code: Not applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES: Not applicable

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

 01-1=IARC Group 1
 05=MA RTK

 01-2A=IARC Group 2A
 06=NJ RTK

 01-2B=IARC Group 2B
 07=PA RTK

 02=NTP Carcinogen
 08-1=TSCA 5(e)

 03=EPCRA 313
 08-2=TSCA 12(b)

04=CA Proposition 65

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated. Distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic 05, 07

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:

 Revision Number: 10
 6 of 7
 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

 Revision Date: May 02, 2023
 SDS: 7329

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AIIC (Australia), DSL (Canada), ENCS (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (United States).

NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:

Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows: PETROLEUM OIL (Motor oil)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

HMIS RATINGS: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

(0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

REVISION STATEMENT: SECTION 03 - Composition information was modified.

SECTION 08 - Eye/Face Protection information was modified.

SECTION 08 - General Considerations information was modified.

SECTION 08 - Occupational Exposure Limit Table information was modified.

SECTION 08 - Personal Protective Equipment List information was deleted.

SECTION 08 - Personal Protective Equipment information was added.

SECTION 08 - Skin Protection information was modified.

SECTION 15 - Regulatory Information information was added.

Revision Date: May 02, 2023

ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
GHS - Globally Harmonized System	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
Industrial Hygienists	Code
API - American Petroleum Institute	SDS - Safety Data Sheet
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC - International Agency for Research on	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Cancer	
NCEL - New Chemical Exposure Limit	EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus	

Prepared according to the 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2012) by Chevron Technical Center, 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583.

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.

 Revision Number:
 10
 7 of 7
 Delo 100 Motor Oil SAE 40

 Revision Date:
 May 02, 2023
 SDS: 7329

PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE

Synonyms : Universal Antifreeze, Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Antifreeze,

Petro-Canada Antifreeze-Coolant, Petro-Canada Heavy Duty Antifreeze-Coolant, Pre-Mix Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Premium Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Engine Coolant, Pre-Mixed

Radiator Antifreeze/Coolant Petro-Canada.

Product code : RADDRX, RAD, RADC4U

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada

P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada

Emergency telephone num-

ber

Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000;

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for

emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Used as an engine antifreeze coolant.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance	Clear liquid.	
Colour	green	
Odour	No data available	
Hazard Summary	Toxic if swallowed. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity	

Potential Health Effects

Primary Routes of Entry : Eye contact

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

Ingestion : Toxic if swallowed.

Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.

Aggravated Medical Condi-

tion

: None known.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-

gen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration
ethanediol	107-21-1	60 - 100 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty

of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated

clothing and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No information available.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating vapours as

products of incomplete combustion.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective

Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator with full face-

piece.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Material can create slippery conditions.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform **Environmental precautions**

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

> plication area. Do not ingest.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

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PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning

transfer operations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
ethanediol	107-21-1	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA (partic- ulate)	10 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		STEL (par- ticulate)	20 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		Ceiling (aer- osol)	100 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		Ceiling (Va- pour)	50 ppm	CA BC OEL
		Ceiling (Va- pour and mist)	50 ppm 127 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		Ceiling (Aer- osol only)	100 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Adequate ventilation to ensure that Occupational Exposure

Limits are not exceeded.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator com-

plying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indi-

cates this is necessary.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection

Material : nitrile rubber. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough

times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any

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PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Colour : green

Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/range : -13 °C (9 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range : 197 °C (387 °F)

Flash point : 111 °C (232 °F)

Method: closed cup

Fire Point : No data available

Auto-Ignition Temperature : 398 °C (748 °F)

Evaporation rate : < 0.01

Flammability : May be combustible at high temperature.

Upper explosion limit : 21.6 - 22.0 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 3.2 %(V)

PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

Vapour pressure : 0.09 mmHg (20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative vapour density : estimated 2.14

Air = 1

Relative density : 1.12 - 1.15 (20 °C / 68 °F)

Water = 1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.36 (20 °C)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : estimated 18.86 mm2/s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid temperatures above 111°C.

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated

to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

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PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

Components:

ethanediol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,700 mg/kg,

LD50 (Mouse): 5,500 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2.725 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 9,530 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

ethanediol:

Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

ethanediol:

Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

ethanediol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.36

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

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PETRO-CANADA ANTIFREEZE



000003000606

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2016/03/07 Print Date 2016/03/07

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification : D1B: Toxic Material Causing Immediate and Serious Toxic

Effects

D2A: Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

For Copy of (M)SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-

1228

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-804-4752

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

Revision Date : 2016/03/07

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



1. Identification

Product identifier Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

Other means of identification

Synonyms may include gel/absorbed electrolyte type lead acid batteries

Recommended use Electric storage battery.

Recommended restrictions None known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

East Penn Manufacturing Company, Inc. Manufacturer/Supplier 102 Deka Road, Lyon Station PA 19536 Address

(610) 682-6361 Telephone number

Contact person East Penn EHS Department

Emergency telephone

number

USA/Canada: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300, Outside USA 1 (703) 527-3887

E-mail contactus@eastpenn-deka.com

Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Explosive Chemical, Division 1.3

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4

> Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity following single

exposure

Category 1 (respiratory system)

Specific target organ toxicity following single

exposure

Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 1 (respiratory system)

Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 1

Category 1

Label elements











Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause

cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system). Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe dust/mist/vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

SDS Canada Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018 Issue date: 19-September-2017 1/8 Response IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTRE/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this

product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Supplemental information In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic)	7439-92-1	43 - 70	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid)	7664-93-9	20 - 44	
Antimony	7440-36-0	3 - 5	

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

Content composition concentrations will vary with battery type/size.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Move injured person into fresh air and keep

person under observation. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at

least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15

minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT

induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Get medical attention

immediately.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of processing and use, exposure to the chemical constituents in this product is unlikely. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

Heavy lead exposure may result in central nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage

to the blood-forming (hematopoietic) tissues.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed
General information

Treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog. Do NOT use water on live electrical circuits.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Batteries evolve flammable hydrogen gas during charging and may increase fire risk. Containers may explode when heated.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Like any sealed container, battery cells may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could result in the release of corrosive and flammable materials.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018 Issue date: 19-September-2017

2 / 8

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Avoid contact with skin.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Neutralize the spilled material before disposal. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Environmental precautions F

Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers, or streams.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

In the event of damage resulting in a leak of exposed materials, avoid contact with contents of an open or damaged cell or battery. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. A dangerous short-circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original tightly closed container. Protect containers from damage. Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US ACCUL Throubold Limit Values			
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
<u> </u>			1 01111
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational	Health & Safety Code, Schedu	ule 1, Table 2)	
Components	Туре	Value	
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	STEL	3 mg/m3	
	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occ Safety Regulation 296/97, as amende		r Chemical Substances, Oc	cupational Health and
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Mist.
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/20	06, The Workplace Safety And	Health Act)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.
Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Ex	posure to Biological or Chem	ical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Thoracic fraction.

Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid

SDS Canada

923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018

Issue date: 19-September-2017

Canada. Or Componen	•	ontrol of Expos	sure to E Type	Biological or Che	mical Agents	i) Value	Form
Lead and le (inorganic) (7439-92-1)	ead compounds CAS		TWA			0.05 mg/m3	
Canada. Qu	uebec OELs. (M	linistry of Labo	r - Regu	lation respecting	occupationa	al health and sa	afety)
Component	ts	•	Type			Value	• ,
Antimony (C	CAS 7440-36-0)		TWA			0.5 mg/m3	
Electrolyte ((CAS 7664-	Sulfuric acid) 93-9)		STEL			3 mg/m3	
•	,		TWA			1 mg/m3	
Lead and le (inorganic) (7439-92-1)	ead compounds CAS		TWA			0.05 mg/m3	
Biological limit	values						
ACGIH Biol	ogical Exposur	e Indices					
Componen	ts	Value		Determinant	Specimen	Sampling	Time
Lead and le (inorganic) (7439-92-1)	ead compounds CAS	200 μg/l		Lead	Blood	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate ventilation. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

controls

В

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear safety glasses with

side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear appropriate

chemical resistant gloves.

Other None under normal conditions. Leak from a damaged or opened battery: Wear suitable protective

clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Thermal hazards When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

General hygiene Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material considerations and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid.

Form Sulfuric acid, liquid. Lead, solid.

Colour Not available.
Odour Odourless.
Odour threshold Not available.

pH <

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 112.78 - 115.56 °C (235 - 240 °F) (Sulfuric acid)

range

Flash point Below room temperature (as hydrogen gas).

Evaporation rate < 1 (n-BuAc=1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 4 % (Hydrogen)

(%)

74 % (Hydrogen) Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Vapour pressure 10 mm Hg Vapour density > 1 (Air = 1)Relative density 1.27 - 1.33

Solubility(ies)

100 % (Sulfuric acid) Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not available. Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

stability Possibility of Stable at normal conditions.

hazardous Will not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Overcharging. Ignition sources.

Incompatible materials Strong bases. Combustible organic materials. Reducing Agents. Finely divided metals. Strong

oxidizers. Water.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Sulfur dioxide. Sulfur trioxide. Carbon monoxide. Sulfuric acid. Hydrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe

respiratory tract irritation.

Skin contact Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Dust may irritate the eyes and the

respiratory system.

toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Harmful if inhaled or swallowed.

Components **Species** Test Results

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 2140 mg/kg

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes severe skin burns. Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0) Irritant

Respiratory sensitisation No data available. No data available. Skin sensitisation No data available. Germ cell mutagenicity

SDS Canada Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018 Issue date: 19-September-2017 5/8 Carcinogenicity The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic acid

mists containing sulfuric acid" as a known human carcinogen, (IARC category 1). This

classification applies only to mists containing sulfuric acid and not to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid

solutions.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Detected carcinogenic effect in animals.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: May damage

fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs (respiratory system).

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

None under normal conditions. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Causes

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Respiratory system.

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Heavy lead exposure may result in central

nervous system damage, encephalopathy and damage to the blood-forming (hematopoietic)

tissues. Chronic inhalation of sulfuric acid mist may increase the risk of lung cancer.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. Exposure to contents of an open or damaged battery: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

Components Species Test Results

Lead and lead compounds (inorganic) (CAS 7439-92-1)

LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 1.17 mg/l, 96 Hours

(Oncorhynhus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability The degradation half-life of the product is not known. Lead and its compounds are highly persistent

in water

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation of lead occurs in aquatic and terrestrial animals and plants, but very little

bioaccumulation occurs through the food chain.

Mobility in soil If the product enters soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate

groundwater.

Mobility in general The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.

Other adverse effects None known.

Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Recycle the batteries, as the primary disposal method. Avoid discharge into water courses or onto

the ground. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection

point. Neutralize electrolyte/sulfuric acid.

Local disposal regulations

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Hazardous waste code Spent lead-acid batteries are not regulated as hazardous waste when recycled.

Depending upon circumstances, the following waste codes may apply:

Spilled electrolyte/Sulfuric acid. D002: Corrosive waste

Waste from residues / unused

products

Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name

BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

8 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш Environmental hazards No

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN2794

UN proper shipping name Batteries, wet, filled with acid electric storage

Transport hazard class(es)

8 Class Subsidiary risk Packing group Environmental hazards No **ERG Code** 81

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: 870

IMDG

UN number UN2794

BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID electric storage UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk Packing group Environmental hazards No Marine pollutant

F-A, S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packing Instruction: P801

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Greenhouse Gases Not listed

Ontario. Toxic Substances. Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)

Antimony (CAS 7440-36-0)

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9)

Precursor Control Regulations

Electrolyte (Sulfuric acid) (CAS 7664-93-9) Class B

International regulations Stockholm Convention Not applicable.

SDS Canada Lead Acid Battery Wet, Filled With Acid 923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	No

Substances (EINECS)

EuropeEuropean List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)NoJapanInventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)NoKoreaExisting Chemicals List (ECL)YesNew ZealandNew Zealand InventoryYesPhilippinesPhilippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical SubstancesYes

(PICCS)

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)

United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

16. Other information

Issue date 19-September-2017 Revision date 19-March-2018

Version No. 03

List of abbreviations LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.

References IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

Disclaimer The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable, but no

warranty or representation as to its accuracy or completeness is hereby given. Users should consider the information herein only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal, the safety and health of employees and customers

and the protection of the environment.

923330 Version #: 03 Revision date: 19-March-2018 Issue date: 19-September-2017

8/8

^{*}A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).