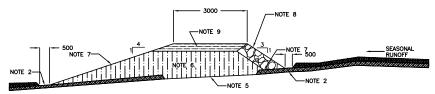
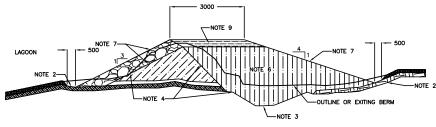
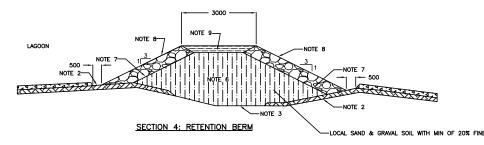
SECTION 1: WETLAND FLOW CONTROL BERM

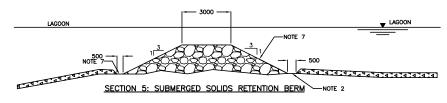


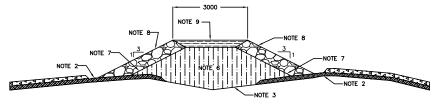
SECTION 2: TYPICAL RUNOFF CONTROL & DIVERSION BERM



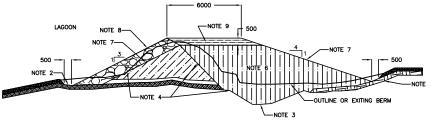
SECTON 3: SUPPLEMENTARY RETENTION BERM







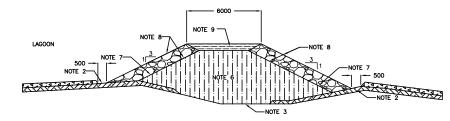
SECTION 6: ISOLATION AND DIVERSION BERM



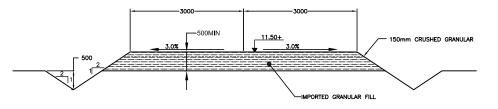
SECTON 7: SUPPLEMENTARY RETENTION BERM WITH ACCESS ROAD TO DECANT LOCATION

NOTES:

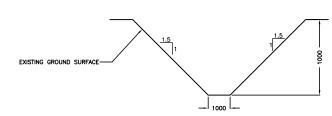
- ESTABLISH CENTER AND PERIMETER DIMENSIONS OF PROPOSED BERM.
- REMOVE ALL SURFACE ORGANICS TO A DISTANCE OF 0.5m BEYOND TOE OF BERM.
- 3. ESTABLISH CREST ALIGNMENT OF PROPOSED LOW PERMEABILITY BERM
 AND EXCAVATE A FURTHER 150mm DEPTH OR MORE TO A WIDTH EXTENDING
 0.3m BEYOND THE EDGES OF THE CREST. REMOVE ALL COBBLES, BOULDERS
 AND COARSE GRAVEL AND EXPOSE NATIVE FINE GRAINED SOIL. PROOF ROLL
 AND COMPACT PREPARED SURFACE. ENSURE ALL REMNANTS OF FORMER
 DRAINAGE CHANNELS ARE REMOVED.
- 4. TRIM EXISTING BERMS TO A 1:1 SLOPE WHERE ADDITIONAL LOW PERMEABILITY LOCAL FILL IS TO BE PLACED OR TO 2H:1V WHERE RIP RAP MATERIAL IS TO BE PLACED. REUSE SUITABLE MATERIAL, DISPOSE OF OVERLY WET OR CONTAMINATED MATERIAL FROM BERMS. SUB EXCAVATE AT EXTERIOR EDGE OF EXISTING BERM IN AREA OF TP-2 TO REMOVE ALL BURNT DEBRIS FROM FORMER LANDFILL OPERATION FROM UNDER PROPOSED BERM CONSTRUCTION AREA.
- FREMOVE WATER FROM EXCAVATIONS THROUGH GRAVITY DRANAGE OR PUMPING. WHERE INCOMING WATER PERSISTS, PLACE A MIXTURE OF 25% 'CLAY' (FROM BORROW AREA 1 OR 2) WITH 75% LOW PERMEABILITY LOCAL FILL AND TAMP INTO BOTTOM OF CLEANED EXCAVATION AFTER REMOVAL OF EXCESS WATER. REPEAT WITH ADDITIONAL LIFTS OF SIMILAR MATERIAL UNTIL 0.3m ABOVE THE LEVEL OF INCOMING WATER/LOCAL WATER TABLE. ALLOW THIS FILL TO STABLILIZE UNTIL IT CAN SUPPORT THE PASSAGE OF A HALF LOADED DUMP TRUCK. IF NECESSARY, CUT A 3m WIDE TRENCH ALONG THE MIDDLE OF OVERLY WET CLAY FILL AND PLACE AND COMPACT ADDITIONAL CLAY FILL IN LIFTS TO ACHIEVE THIS OBJECTIVE. ADDITIONAL LIFTS OF LOCAL LOW PERMEABILITY FILL MATERIAL CAN THEN BE PLACED AND COMPACTED AS SPECIFIED.
- 6. USE LOCAL SAND AND GRAVEL SOIL (150mm MINUS MATERIALS SEE SPECIFICATION) WITH A MINIMUM OF 10% FINES TO CONSTUCT CORE OF BERM IN MAXIMUM 0.3m THICK LIFTS. SCREEN OUT OVERSIZE MATERIAL AND USE FOR RIP RAP. COMPACT EACH LIFT TO 95% OF MAXIMUM STANDARD PRACTOR DRY DENSITY AT 0% TO 2% ABOVE ITS OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT.
- 7. ENDS OF BERM SHALL MEET WITH LOCAL TERRAIN. SLOPE SIDES OF FILL TO A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 4H:1V WHERE SLOPE FACE IS NOT RIP RAPPED, AND TO A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 3H:1V WHERE FACE IS RIP RAP.
- 8. ADD A 0.7m HORIZONTAL WIDTH OF RIP RAP MATERIAL TO ALL FACES EXPOSED TO STANDING OR RUNNING WATER AS INDICATED. RIP RAP SHALL CONSIST OF HARD ANGULAR ROCK WITH SIZES RANGING FROM 0.5m TO SAND WELL GRADED AND TAMPED INTO PLACE.
- COVER CREST OF ABOVE WATER RETENTION BERMS WITH MINIMUM OF 0.3m THICK LIFT OF CRUSHED STONE WITH MINIMAL WIDTH OF 3m (CREST WIDTH).



SECTION 8: RETENTION BERM AND ROAD



SECTION 9: TYPICAL ROAD STRUCTURE



SECTION 10: WETLAND OPEM WATER SECTION



203-103 AVENUE MONTON, ALBERTA

LEGEND

ORGANIC GROUND COVER

GRANULAR SURFACE ROCK

SILTY SAND & GRAVEL



__ RIP RAP ROCKFILL



CRUSHED STONE



EXISTING GROUND

Stamp

A 2008 O4/21 ISSUED FOR 95% SUBMISSION

No. Date Description



Design M.Y. \ K.R.J.

Drawn M.D.S.

REVISIONS

Government of Nunavut Cambridge Bay Waste Facilities

Drawing Title

SCHEMATIC DETAILS OF BERM STRUCTURES

08/04/21

Scale: NOT TO SCALE Project No.

ject No.
011

-06