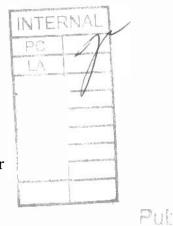
INAC, Nunavut District Office P.O. Box 100 Iqaluit, NU X0A 0H0

November 6, 2001.

Steven Kopak acting-Senior Administrative Officer Hamlet of Repulse Bay General Delivery Repulse Bay, NU XOC 0H0



tel.: (867) 975-4275 fax.: (867) 979-6445 Your tile Votre rétérence

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August 29, 2001 Municipal Water Use Inspection - Report

Firstly, I wish to thank yourself for the much appreciated time and assistance provided during the tour of the Hamlet's water use and waste disposal facilities. Attached for your records is the Municipal Water Use Inspection Report pertaining to the August 29, 2001 inspection; no major concerns were outlined at the municipal facilities. Nevertheless, the following considerations were noted and will need to be addressed:

- Water supply: No concerns were noted regarding the water intake and supply facility. Further, the attached analytical results relating to a sample taken in the vicinity of the intake station indicate that all tested parameters meet the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality*, save for a single exception: a turbidity value of 3.3 Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU), which hovers between the 1 NTU maximum acceptable concentration and the 5 NTU aesthetic objective.
- Sewage disposal: As sewage effluent discharged at the truck dumping point (figure 1) flows through a series of lakes draining along a densely vegetated valley, it would seem that the sewage disposal facility provides adequate effluent treatment. However, the attached analytical results relating to a sample collected from the outlet of the first sewage lake (figure 2) reveal that the concentration of ammonia (30.4 mg/L vs 2.2 mg/L) significantly exceeds the Canadian Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life. Moreover, the Microtox sample, which constitutes a reliable toxicity indicator (IC₅₀), attributed borderline toxicity to the sewage effluent discharge; half of light-producing bacteria were inhibited by a sample concentration of 50.5%, whereas 50% and under is considered toxic. Unfortunately, due to flight scheduling limitations, bacteriological parameters could not be analysed. Accordingly, in an attempt to determine if an initial retention structure prior to the discharge of sewage effluent to receiving waters is required to ensure sufficient treatment, a wider range of parameters will be sampled during the next water use and waste disposal inspection.



• Solid waste disposal: While combustible wastes at the solid waste disposal facility appear fairly well compacted and covered (figure 3), a considerable amount of windblown waste was nonetheless noted beyond the perimeter of the unfenced site. In this regards, it was mentioned during the inspection that a fenced in facility would practically solve this issue. In addition, leachate from the solid waste disposal facility was observed flowing along the toe of the wastepile before mixing with the sewage effluent and following the same path of discharge. As such, the attached analytical results relating to a sample taken at the toe of the facility (figure 4) indicate that concentrations of ammonia (5.65 mg/L) and iron (5.89 mg/L vs 0.3 mg/L) exceed the Canadian Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Freshwater Aquatic Life. Nevertheless, the associated Microtox sample did not denote toxicity.

In related matters, although bulky metal wastes are segregated from the combustible wastes (figure 5), no particular treatment or containment is provided for batteries and other hazardous materials. Consequently, it was suggested that a sealift container be designated for that purpose until the Hamlet can see to the proper disposal of its stockpiled hazardous materials. Lastly, evidence of hydrocarbon contamination was noted at the waste oil storage site (figure 6). Since the soil in the immediate vicinity will likely have to be considered contaminated due to the spillage, and that further leaks are likely to occur, the Hamlet may wish to consider either acquiring a means of on-site disposal or dispatching the waste oil to facilities outside of the community.

• Non-compliance of Act or Licence: The Hamlet does not hold the Water licence it requires under both the *Northwest Territories Waters Act* and the *Nunavut Land Claims Agreement* for its municipal water use and waste disposal. In light of this, a licence application form was provided during the inspection, and the Inspector points out that INAC and/or other agencies can provide assistance in order to facilitate its prompt submission to the Nunavut Water Board.

Please feel free to contact me at (867) 975-4298 or lavalleep@inac.gc.ca should any questions/comments arise.

Sincerely,

Philippe Lavallée

Water Resources Officer INAC, Nunavut District

- c.c. Nunavut Water Board, Gjoa Haven
 - CG&T, Rankin Inlet (Don Forsyth)
 - Keewatin Health & Social Services, Rankin Inlet (Wanda Poirier)
 - EC Environmental Protection, Yellowknife (Anne Wilson)

MUNICIPAL WATER USE INSPECTION FORM

Date: 2001/08/29 Licensee Rep. (Name/Title): Steven Kopak / acting-Senior Administrative Officer

Licensee: Hamlet of Repulse Bay Licence No.: unlicenced

WATER SUPPLY

Source(s): Water Lake Quantity used: meter @ 261 768 m³

Owner:/Operator: Hamlet

Indicate: A - Acceptable U - Unacceptable NA - Not Applicable NI - Not Inspected
Intake Facilities: A Storage Structure: NA Treatment Systems: A Chemical Storage: A

Flow Meas. Device: A Convey. Lines: NA Pumping Stations: NA

Comments: No concerns noted at the water intake and supply facility. Chlorination in use.

WASTE DISPOSAL

Sewage: Sewage Treatment System (Prim./Sec/Ter.): primary; discharge overland to ocean

Natural Water Body: x Continuous Discharge (land or water):

Seasonal Discharge: x Wetlands Treatment: x Trench:

Solid Waste: Owner/Operator: Hamlet

Landfill: Burn & Landfill: x Other:

Indicate: A - Acceptable U - Unacceptable NA - Not Applicable NI - Not Inspected

Discharge Quality: sampled Decant Structure: NA Erosion: A

Discharge Meas. Device: none Dyke Inspection: NA Seepages: A

Dams, Dykes: NA Freeboard: NA Spills: none reported Construction: NA O&M Plan: NA A&R Plan: NA

Periods of Discharge: A Effluent Discharge Rate: not measured

Comments: Sewage disposal facility consists of a series of lakes draining along a densely vegetated valley. Considerable quantity of windblown waste noticeable beyond the perimeter of the unfenced solid waste disposal facility. Bulky metal wastes segregated from the combustible wastes, which are regularly burnt and pushed towards the toe of the wastepile; accumulated waste is covered on an annual basis. Signs of hydrocarbon contamination noted at the waste oil storage site. No particular treatment or containment is provided for batteries and other hazardous materials. Leachate flowing from the toe of the wastepile mixes with the sewage effluent and basically follows the same path of discharge.

FUEL STORAGE

Owner/Operator:

Indicate: A - Acceptable U - Unacceptable NA - Not Applicable NI - Not Inspected

Berms & Liners: Water within Berms: Evidence of Leaks:

Drainage Pipes: Pump Station & Catchment Berm:

Pipeline Condition: Not Applicable: x Condition of Tanks:

SURVEILLANCE NETWORK PROGRAM (SNP)

Samples Collected Hamlet: none

INAC: raw water @ intake facility, sewage discharge, dump leachate

Signs Posted SNP: not applicable Warning: none @ waste disposal facilities

Records & Reporting: not applicable Geotechnical Inspection: not applicable

Non-Compliance of Act or Licence: Community is unlicenced.

Philippe Lavallée

Inspector's Name





figure 1. Sewage discharge point along the toe of the solid waste disposal site;2001/08/29.

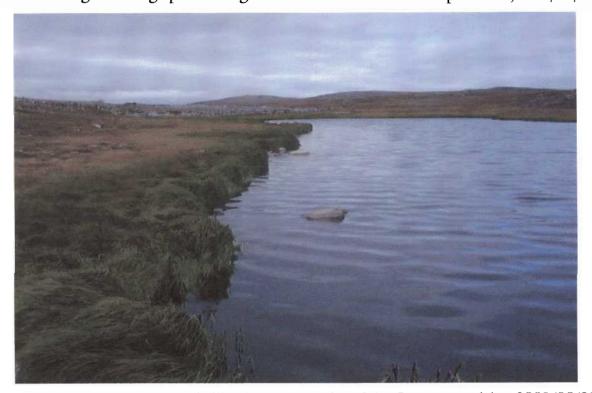


figure 2. Waste disposal facility from the outlet of the first sewage lake; 2001/08/29.



figure 3. Burnpile at the solid waste disposal facility; 2001/08/29.



figure 4. Leachate at the toe of the solid waste disposal facility; 2001/08/29.



figure 5. Bulky metal wastes disposal site; 2001/08/29.



figure 6. Hydrocarbon contamination at the waste oil storage site; 2001/08/29.



Tel: (867)-669-2788 Fax: (867)-669-2718

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -

Prepared For: Nunavut District Office

DIAND, Operations

Attn: Philippe Lavalllee

Sample ID: raw water

Taiga Sample ID: 212332

Client Project:

Sample Type: freshwater

Received Date: 31-Aug-01

Location: Repulse Bay

Sampling Date: 29-Aug-01

Report Status:

Final

Approved by: Killie

Test Parameter	Result	Units	Detection Limit	Analysis Date
Physicals				
Colour	< 5		5	31-Aug-01
Solids, Total Dissolved	48	mg/L	10	13-Sep-01
Turbidity	3.3	NTU	0.1	31-Aug-01
Nutrients				
Ammonia as N	< 0.005	mg/L	0.005	12-Sep-01
Nitrate+Nitrite as N	< 0.008	mg/L	0.008	24-Sep-01
Major Ions Sodium Metals, Total NOV 0 1 2001	2.25	mg/L	0.02	05-Sep-01
Arsenic	< 1.0	μg/L	1.0	14-Sep-01
Cadmium	< 0.3	μg/L	0.3	12-Sep-01
Chromium	< 3	μg/L	3	12-Sep-01
Cobalt	<1	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Copper	<2	μg/L	2	12-Sep-01
Iron	< 30	μg/L	30	14-Sep-01
				Page 2 of 12
Report Date: Wednesday, October 10, 2001				Page 2 of 12



Tel: (867)-669-2788 Fax: (867)-669-2718

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -

Prepared For: Nunavut District Office	DIAND, Open	DIAND, Operations		Philippe Lavalllee
Sample ID: raw water		Taiga Sample ID: 212332		
Lead	1	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Manganese	1	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Mercury	0.01	μg/L	0.01	02-Oct-01
Nickel	<1	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Zinc	< 10	μg/L	10	12-Sep-01
Subcontracted Tests				
Chloride	3.5	mg/L	0.1	05-Oct-01
Sulphate	2.1	mg/L	0.3	05-Oct-01
Tempe	d Data (01/08/29) raverature: 9.0 °C activity: 98 μ S/cm 0 Time:	v water 09:29		

Report Date: Wednesday, October 10, 2001

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Tel: (867)-669-2788 Fax: (867)-669-2718

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -

Prepared For: Nunavut District Office

DIAND, Operations

Attn: Philippe Lavalllee

Sample ID: sewage discharge

Taiga Sample ID: 212334

Client Project:

Sample Type: freshwater

Received Date: 31-Aug-01

Location: Repulse Bay

Sampling Date: 29-Aug-01

Report Status:

Final

Approved by: Kalthe 6-

Test Parameter	Result	Units	Detection Limit	Analysis Date
<u>Physicals</u>				
Solids, Total Suspended	80	mg/L	3	11-Sep-01
<u>Nutrients</u>				
Ammonia as N	30.4	mg/L	0.005	12-Sep-01
Nitrate+Nitrite as N	< 0.008	mg/L	0.008	24-Sep-01
Phosphorous, Total	5.29	mg/L	0.004	26-Sep-01
Subcontracted Tests				
Phenols	1.1	μg/L	0.5	05-Oct-01

Field Data (01/08/29) sewage

Temperature: $7.0~^{\circ}\text{C}$ Conductivity: $802~\mu\text{S/cm}$

pH: 8.9

Time: 10:19

Report Date: Wednesday, October 10, 2001

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REPORT OF TOXICITY USING MICROTOX

COMPAN .OCATION:

Repulse Bay - Sewage Discharge

Sample Collected By:

Philippe Lavallee

Date/Time Sampled:

August 29, 2001 / 10:19

Date/Time Received:

September 04, 2001

Date/Time Test Start:

September 04, 2001

Sample Type:

Elutriate

Sampling Method:

Grab

Method:

Environment Canada Laboratories SOP#830.0 Revision 1, for Microtox Testing in Compliance with November 1992: Biological Test Method: Toxicity Test Using Luminescent Bacteria Photobacterium

phosphoreum), November 1992, EPS 1/RM/24.

Environment Canada has conducted testing on the material sampled according to its own Microtox standards and procedures. The data proceeding from that testing is intended as a preliminary screening tool only, and cannot be used for any other purpose. This data is provided on the condition that it not be used in any report that is intended for public or official use.

RESULTS:

TOXIC - IC₅₀ Concentration: 50:5% (Toxic 0 to 50%)

TEST ORGANISMS:

Species:

Vibrio fisheri (Photobacterium phosphoreum)

Test Apparatus:

Model 500 Analyzer

TEST SUBSTANCE/CONDITIONS

pH of Sample: N/A pH adjustment)

Lot # of Osmotic Adjusting Solution: OAS007

Sample Appearance: Clear, no colour adjustment

Lot # of Reconstitution Solution: RSN099Y

Lot # of Diluent: DIL034L

TEST METHODS AND CONDITIONS

Test Start Date/Time:

September 04, 2001 / 01:45 PM

Test Method:

Basic 45% Test, 15 minute incubation.

QUALITY CONTROL

Reference Toxicant:

Zinc Sulfate Standard

Reagent Lot #:

ACV026-6

IC₅₀ - 15 minutes mg/L: 3.4 mg/L

IC₅₀ Confidence Range: 1.7 to 6.8 mg/L

TEST ANALYST:

Wade Romanko

INITIAL: WE

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Tel: (867)-669-2788 Fax: (867)-669-2718

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -

Prepared For: Nunavut District Office

DIAND, Operations

Attn: Philippe Lavalllee

Sample ID: dump leachate

Taiga Sample ID: 212333

Client Project:

Sample Type: freshwater

Received Date: 31-Aug-01

Location: Repulse Bay

Sampling Date: 29-Aug-01

Report Status:

Final

Approved by: Kath

Test Parameter	Result	Units	Detection Limit	Analysis Date
<u>Physicals</u>				
Solids, Total Suspended	14	mg/L	3	11-Sep-01
Nutrients				
Ammonia as N	5.65	mg/L	0.005	12-Sep-01
Nitrate+Nitrite as N	0.059	mg/L	0.008	24-Sep-01
<u>Organic</u>				
Oil and Grease	< 0.2	mg/L	0.2	27-Sep-01
Metals, Total				
Arsenic	< 1.0	μg/L	1.0	14-Sep-01
Cadmium	< 0.3	μg/L	0.3	12-Sep-01
Chromium	4	μg/L	3	12-Sep-01
Cobalt	<1	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Copper	< 2	μg/L	2	12-Sep-01
Iron	5890	μg/L	30	14-Sep-01
Lead	2	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Manganese	290	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01



Tel: (867)-669-2788 Fax: (867)-669-2718

- CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS -

Prepared For: Nunavut District Office	DIAND, Operations		Attn: P	hilippe Lavalllee
Sample ID: dump leachate	Taiga Sample ID: 212333			
Mercury	< 0.01	μg/L	0.01	02-Oct-01
Nickel	4	μg/L	1	12-Sep-01
Zinc	19	μg/L	10	12-Sep-01

Field Data (01/08/29) dump

Temperature: 6.5 °C

Conductivity: 1 068 μ S/cm

pH: 7.8

Time: 09:58

REPORT OF TOXICITY USING MICROTOX

COMPAI LOCATION: Repulse Bay - Dump Leachate

Sample Collected By: Philippe Lavallee

Date/Time Sampled: August 29, 2001 / 09:58

Date/Time Received: September 04, 2001

Date/Time Test Start: September 04, 2001

Sample Type:

Elutriate

Sampling Method:

Grab

Method:

Environment Canada Laboratories SOP#830.0 Revision 1, for Microtox Testing in Compliance with November 1992: Biological Test Method: Toxicity Test Using Luminescent Bacteria Photobacterium phosphoreum), November 1992, EPS 1/RM/24.

Environment Canada has conducted testing on the material sampled according to its own Microtox standards and procedures. The data proceeding from that testing is intended as a preliminary screening tool only, and cannot be used for any other purpose. This data is provided on the condition that it not be used in any report that is intended for public or official use.

RESULTS: NON TOXIC at 45% concentration

TEST ORGANISMS:

Species: Vibrio fisheri (Photobacterium phosphoreum)

Test Apparatus: Model 500 Analyzer

TEST SUBSTANCE/CONDITIONS

pH of Sample: N/A (No pH adjustment) Lot # of Osmotic Adjusting Solution: OAS007

Sample Appearance: Greenish, no colour adjustment Lot # of Reconstitution Solution: RSN099Y

Lot # of Diluent: DIL034L

TEST METHODS AND CONDITIONS

Test Start Date/Time: September 04, 2001 / 02:13 PM

Test Method: Basic 45% Test, 15 minute incubation.

QUALITY CONTROL

Reference Toxicant: Zinc Sulfate Standard Reagent Lot #: ACV026-6

IC₅₀ - 15 minutes mg/L: 3.4 mg/L IC₅₀ Confidence Range: 1.8 to 6.8 mg/L

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TEST ANALYST: Wade Romanko INITIAL: ______

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