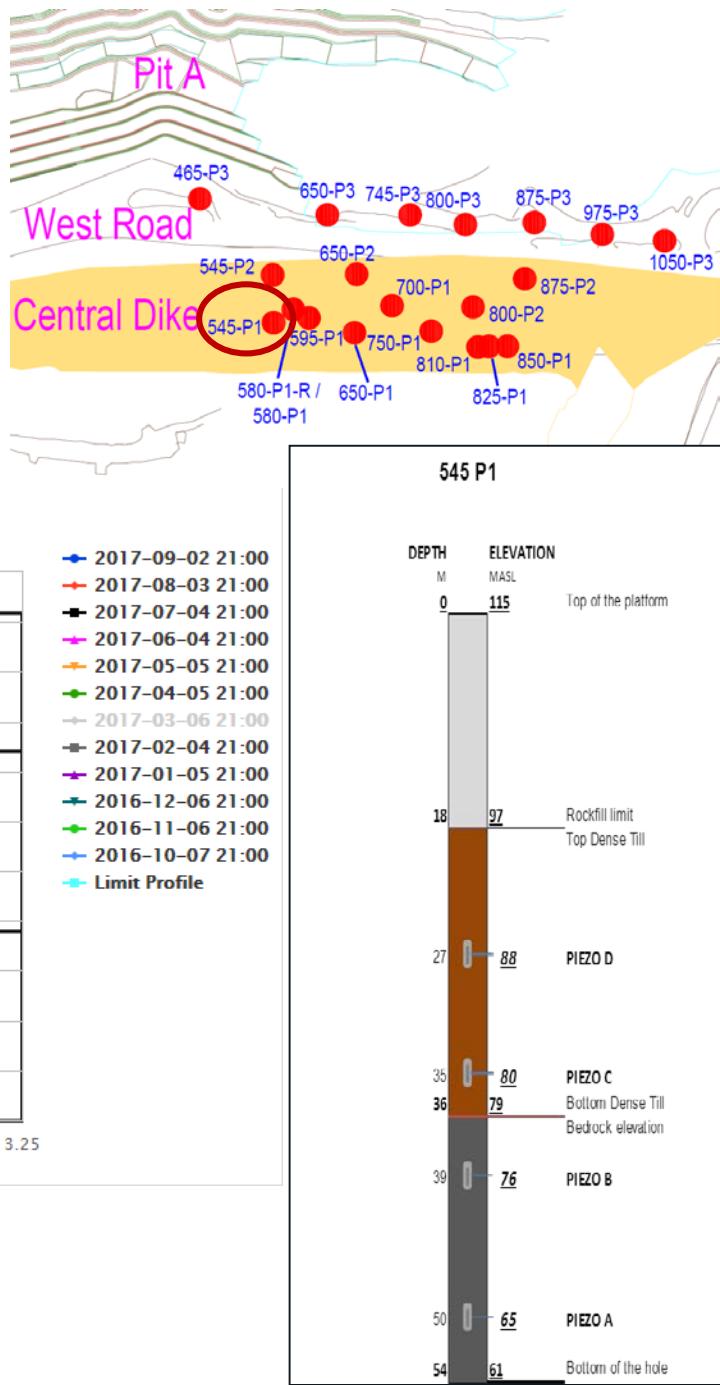
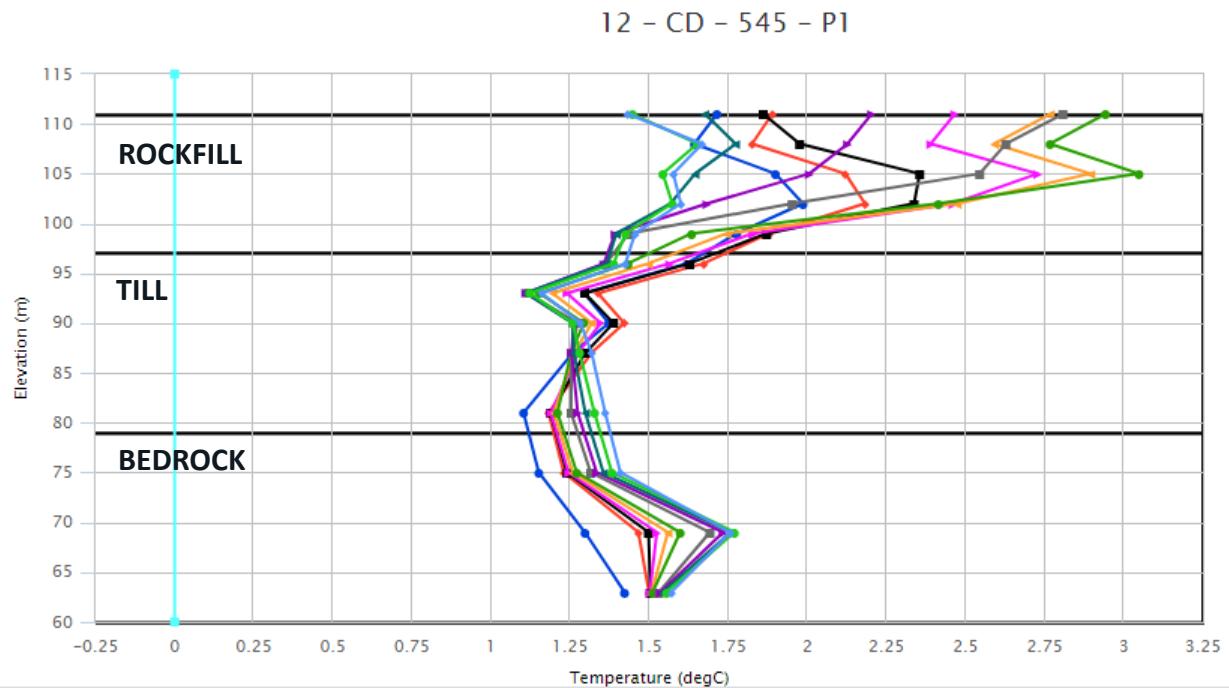


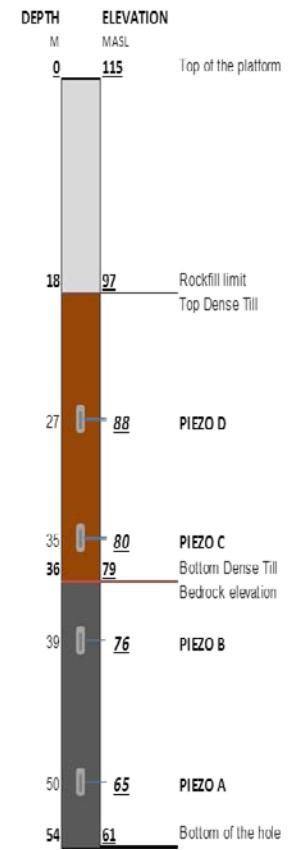
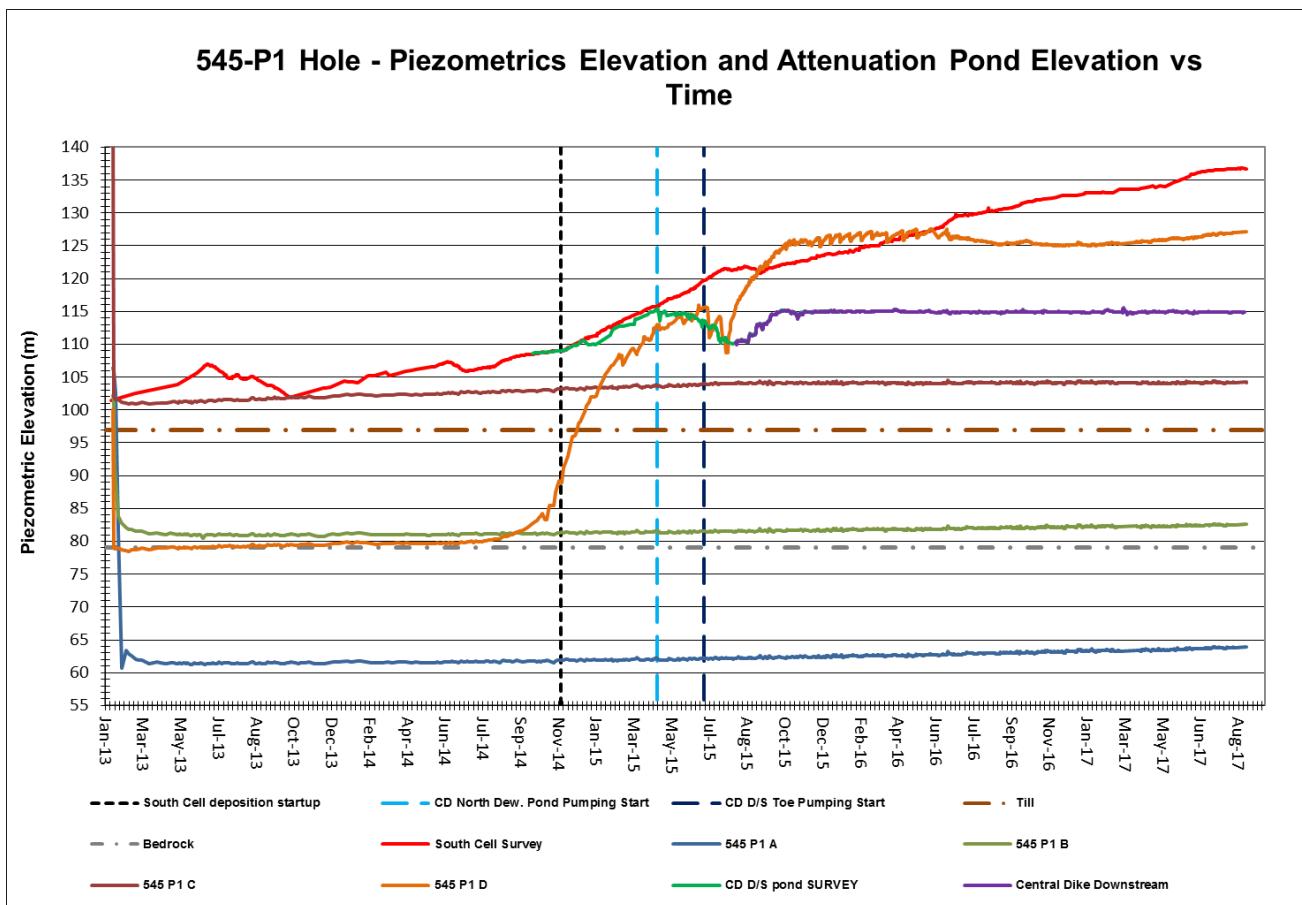
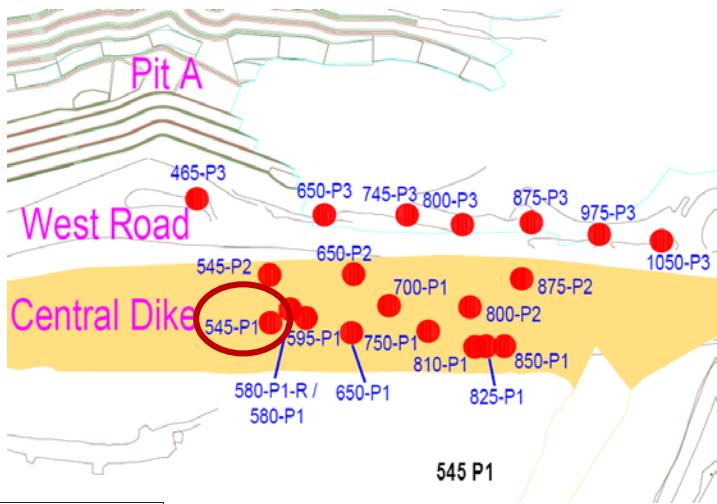
THERMISTOR 545-P1

- 545-P1 thermistor is showing the same temperature profile than last year. Warmer peak observed at elevation 70m since the installation.
- Temperature in the bedrock/till unit is in between 1.1 and 1.75°C.



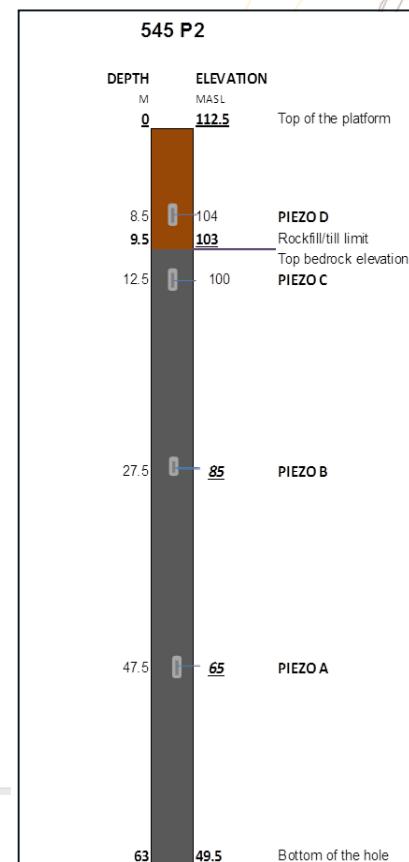
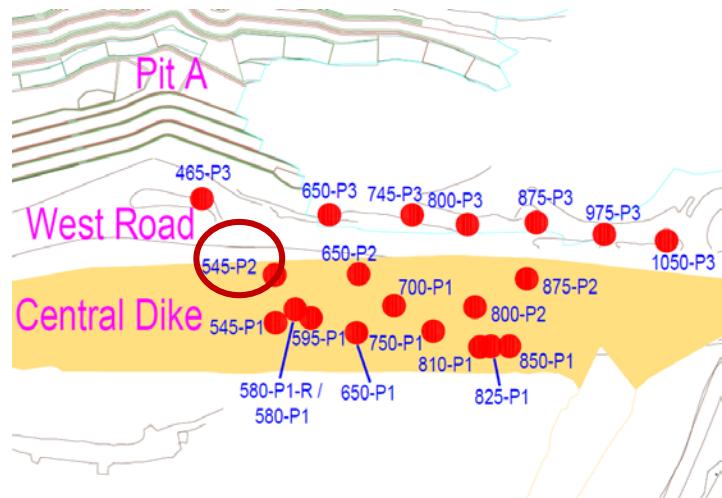
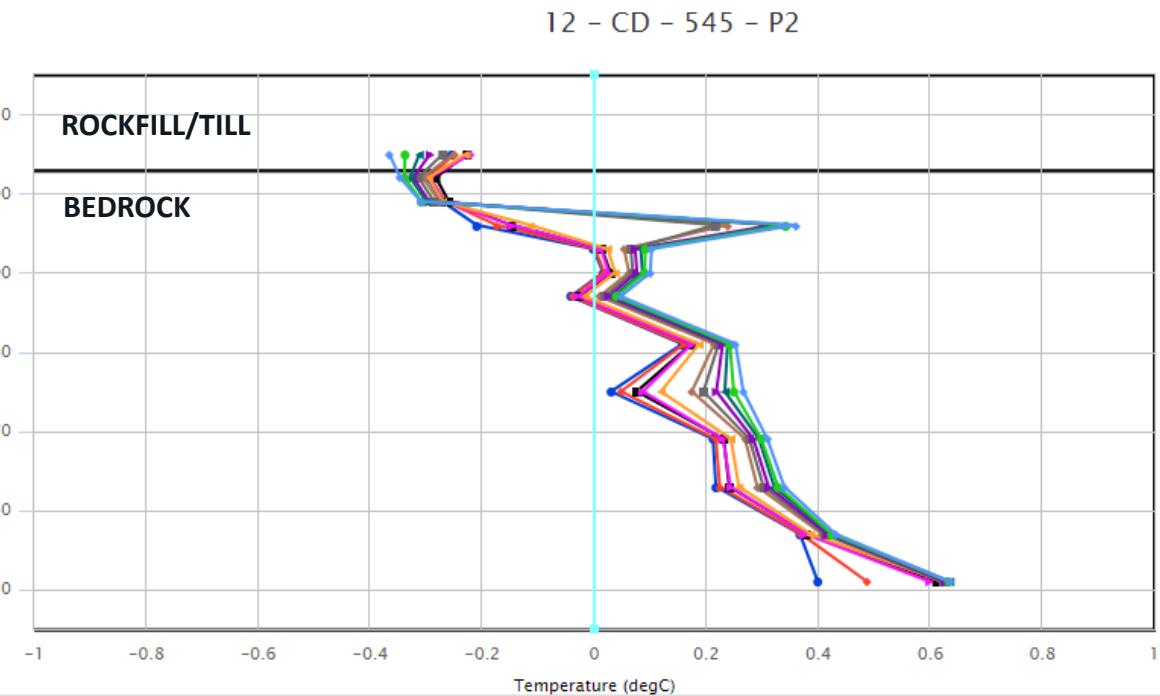
PIEZOMETER 545-P1

- Piezometer D still constant, no change since August 2015
- Piezometer A is recording suction since its installation
- Identification of the piezo on the field is confusing.
Interpretation of the readings must be done with precaution.



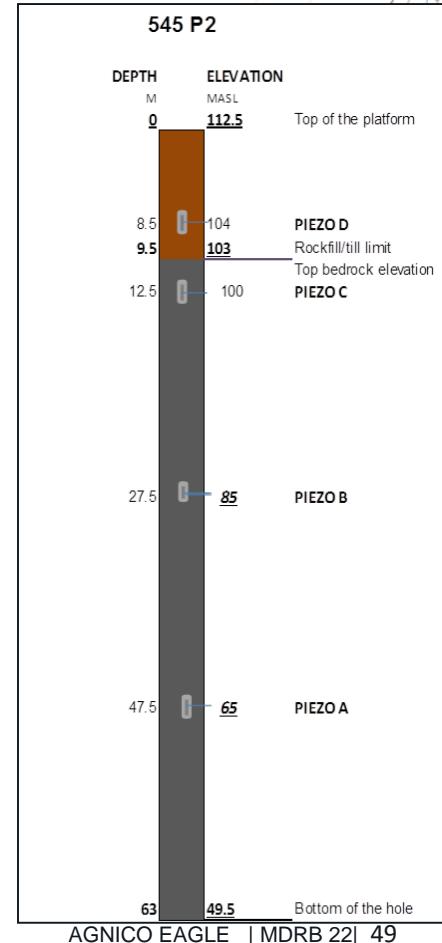
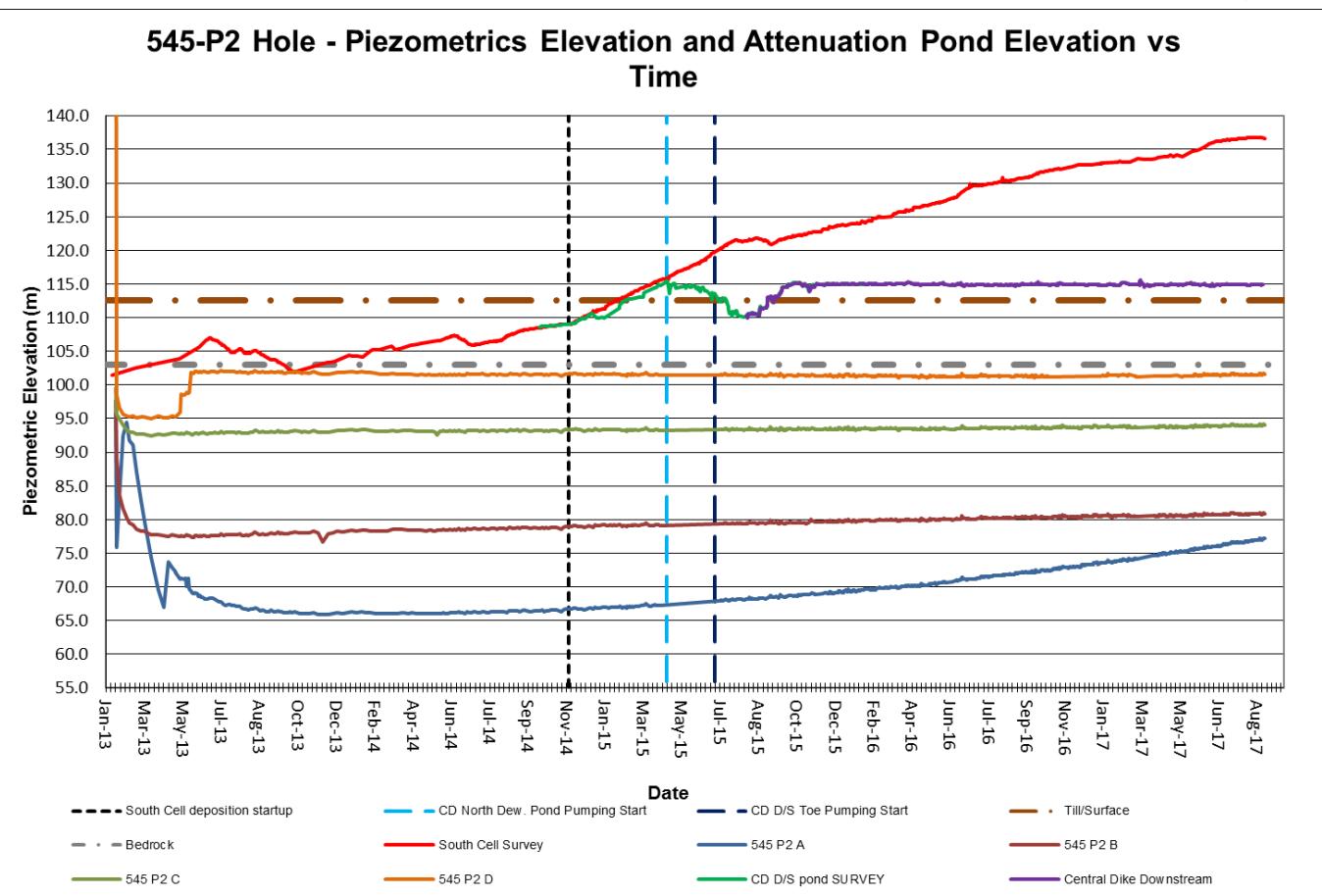
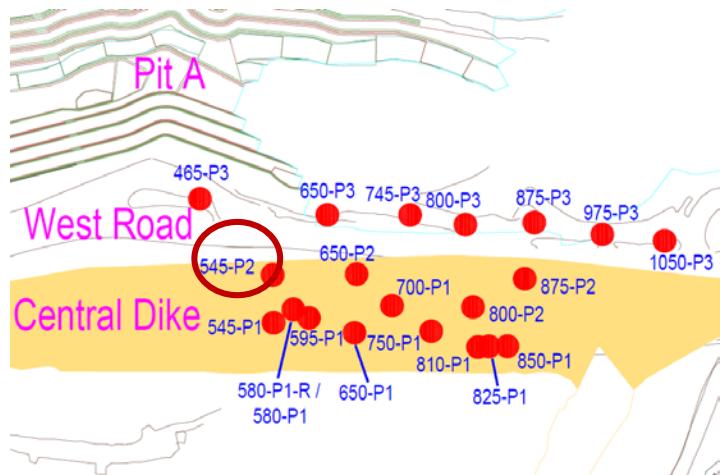
THERMISTOR 545-P2

- ↗ Temperature peak observed on the bead located at El. 96m from January 2015 to March 2017;
- ↗ In January 2015 readings was switched from manual to automatic;
- ↗ In March 2017, AVW multiplexer was changed and temperature profile was back to its original profile;
- ↗ Investigation still on going – interpretation of data must be done with precaution.



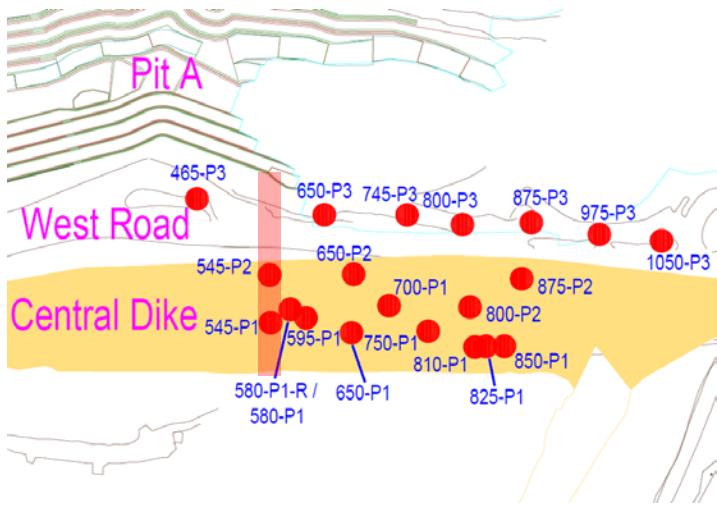
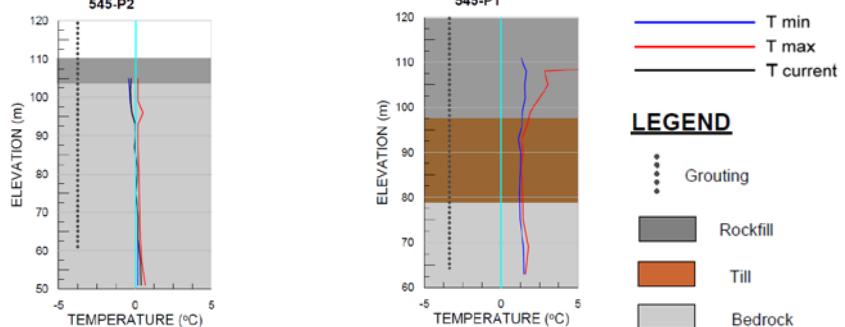
PIEZOMETER 545-P2

- Piezometer A reading is increasing with South Cell level
- Other piezometers are recording suction

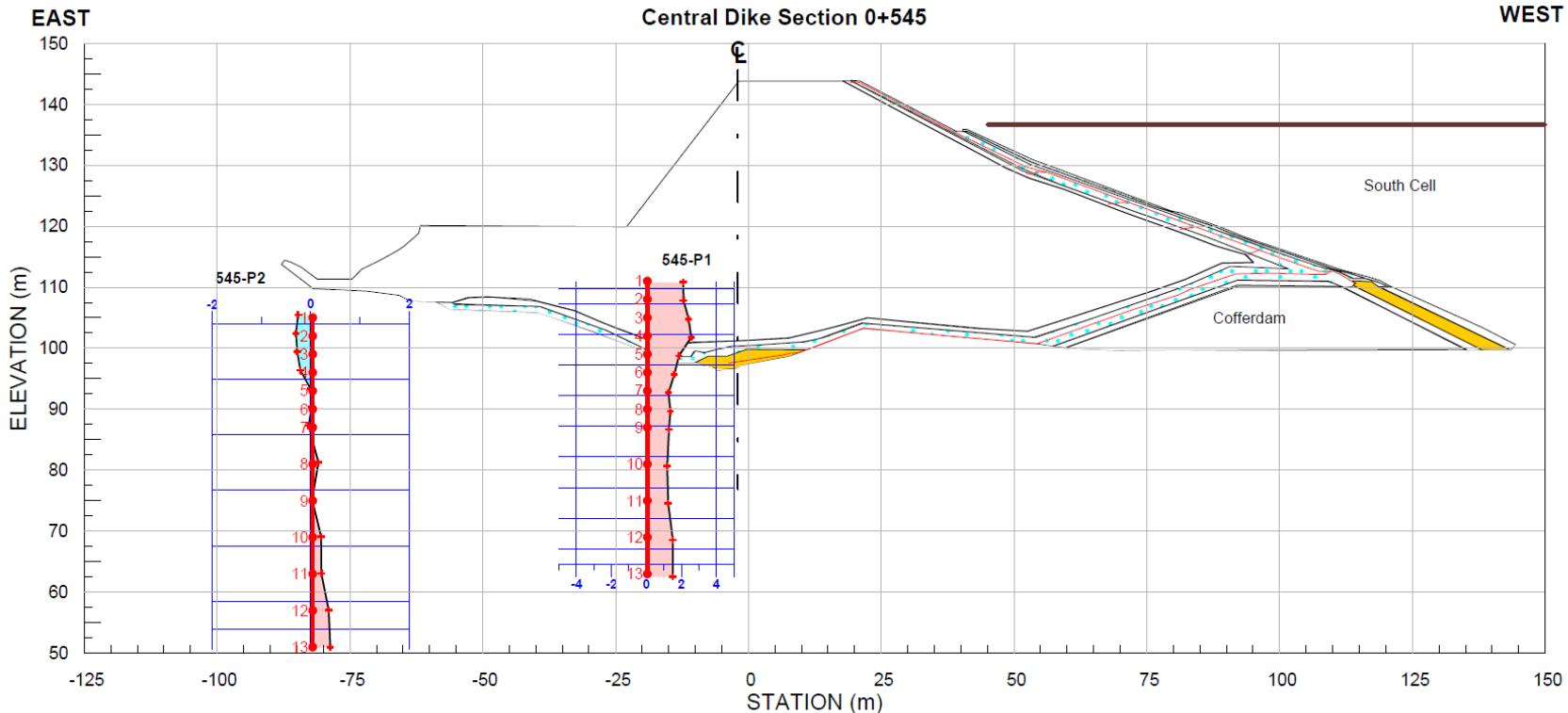


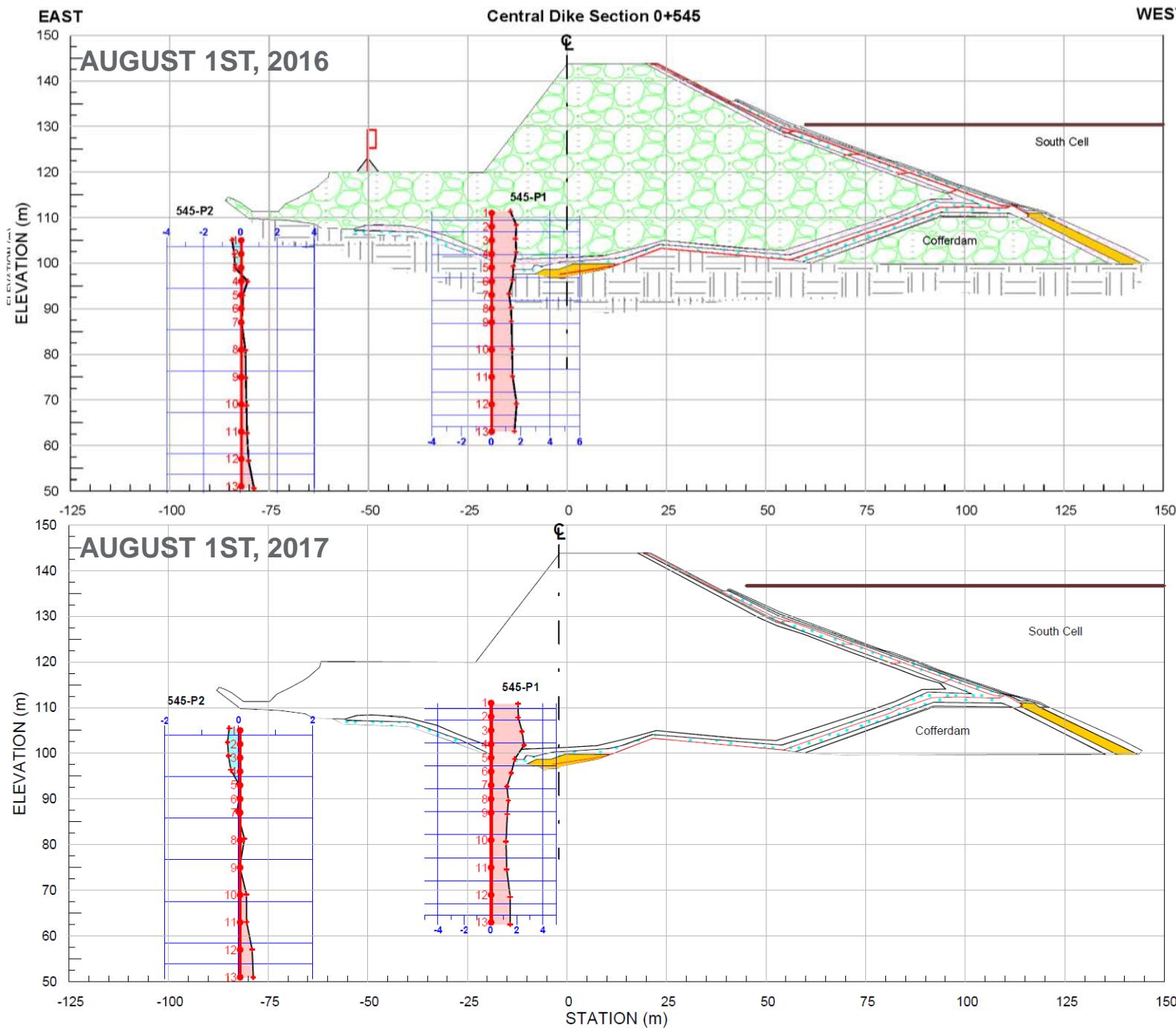
SECTION 545

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017



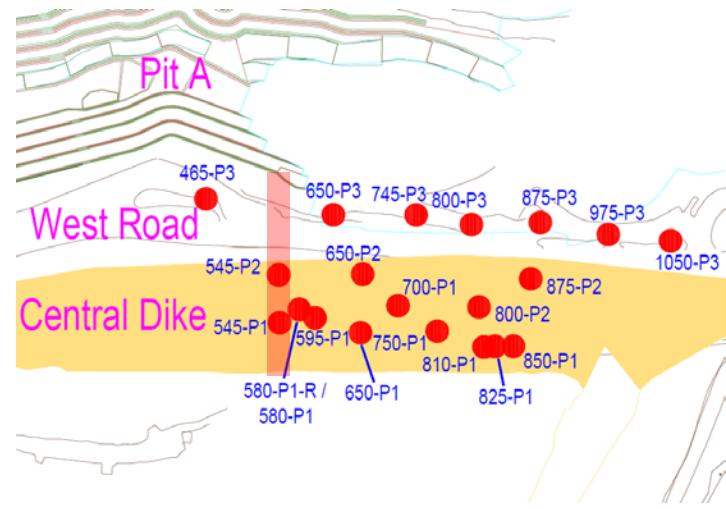
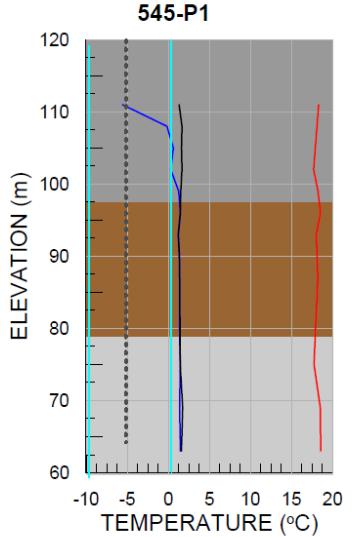
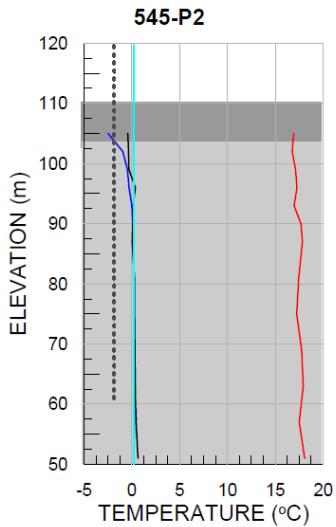
THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 1ST, 2017





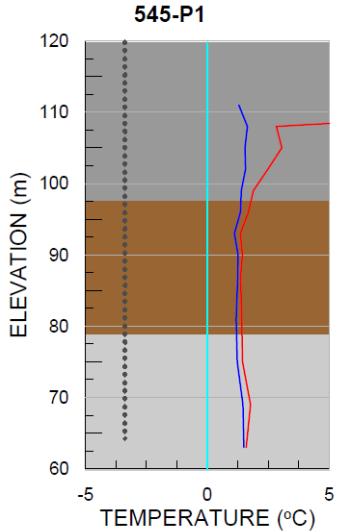
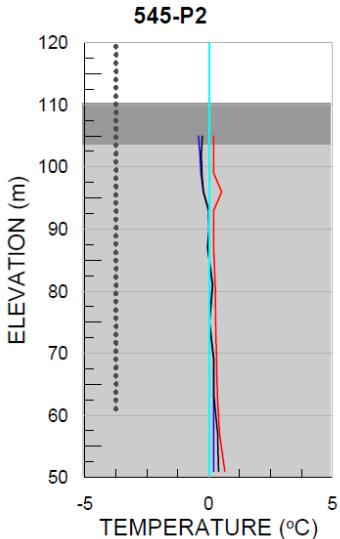
SECTION 545

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2015 - 2016



Max temperature in 2015-2016 was more around 2°C

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017



— T min
— T max
— T current

LEGEND

• Grouting

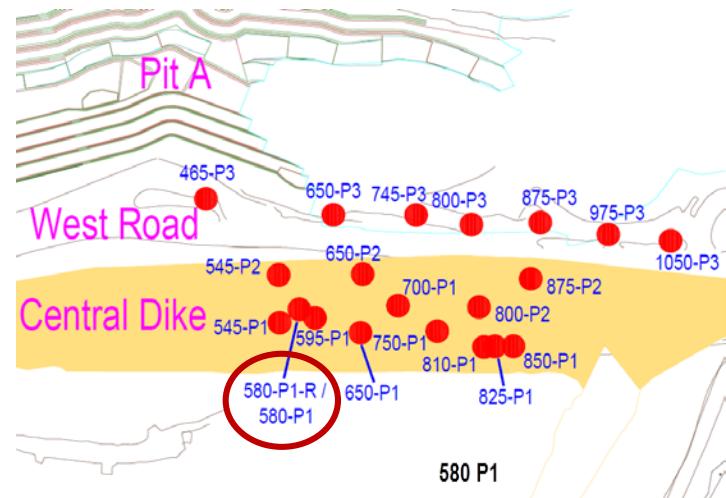
Rockfill

Till

Bedrock

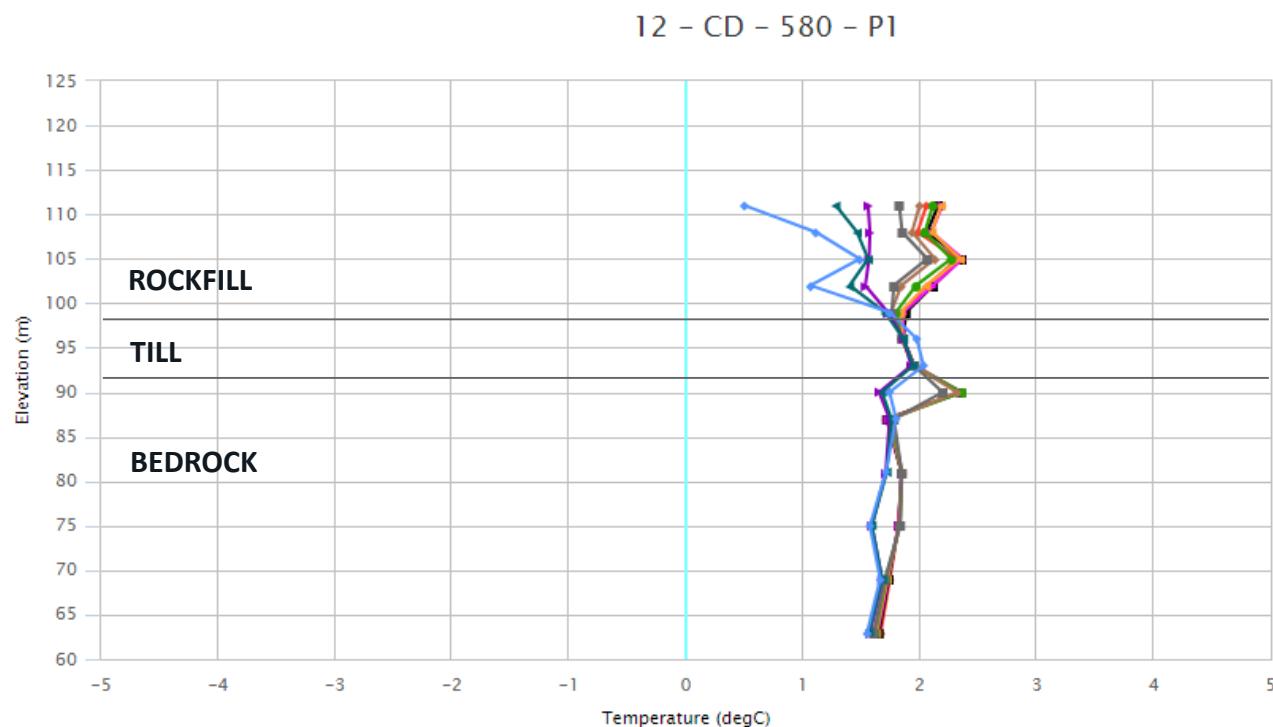
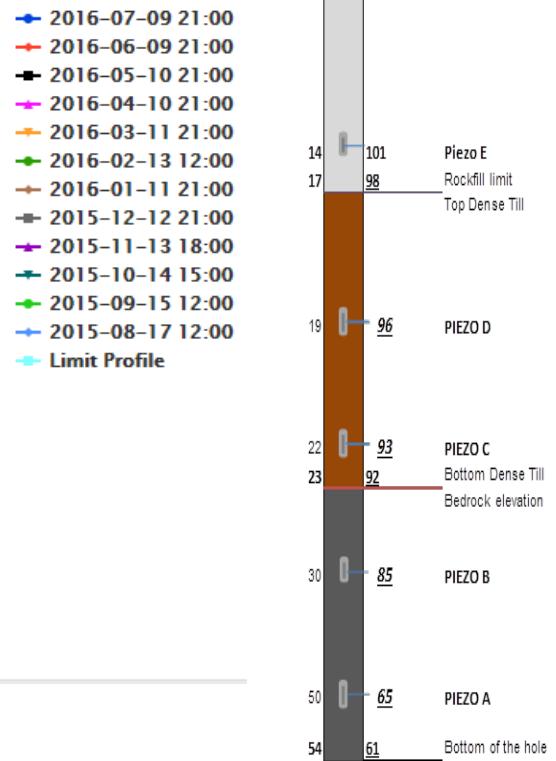
580-P1

- Piezometer and thermistance readings are not functional since July 2016
- Replacement hole 580-P1R drilled during 2017 campaign



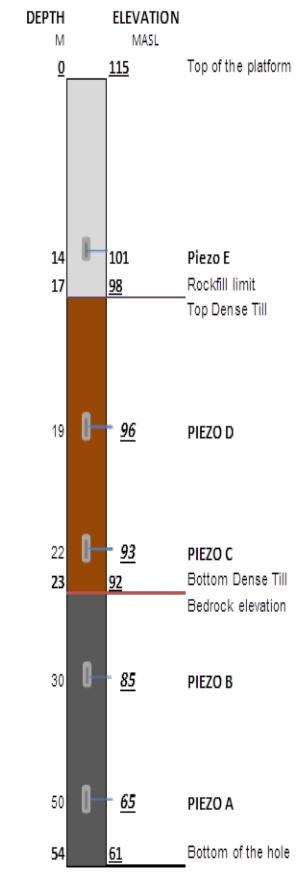
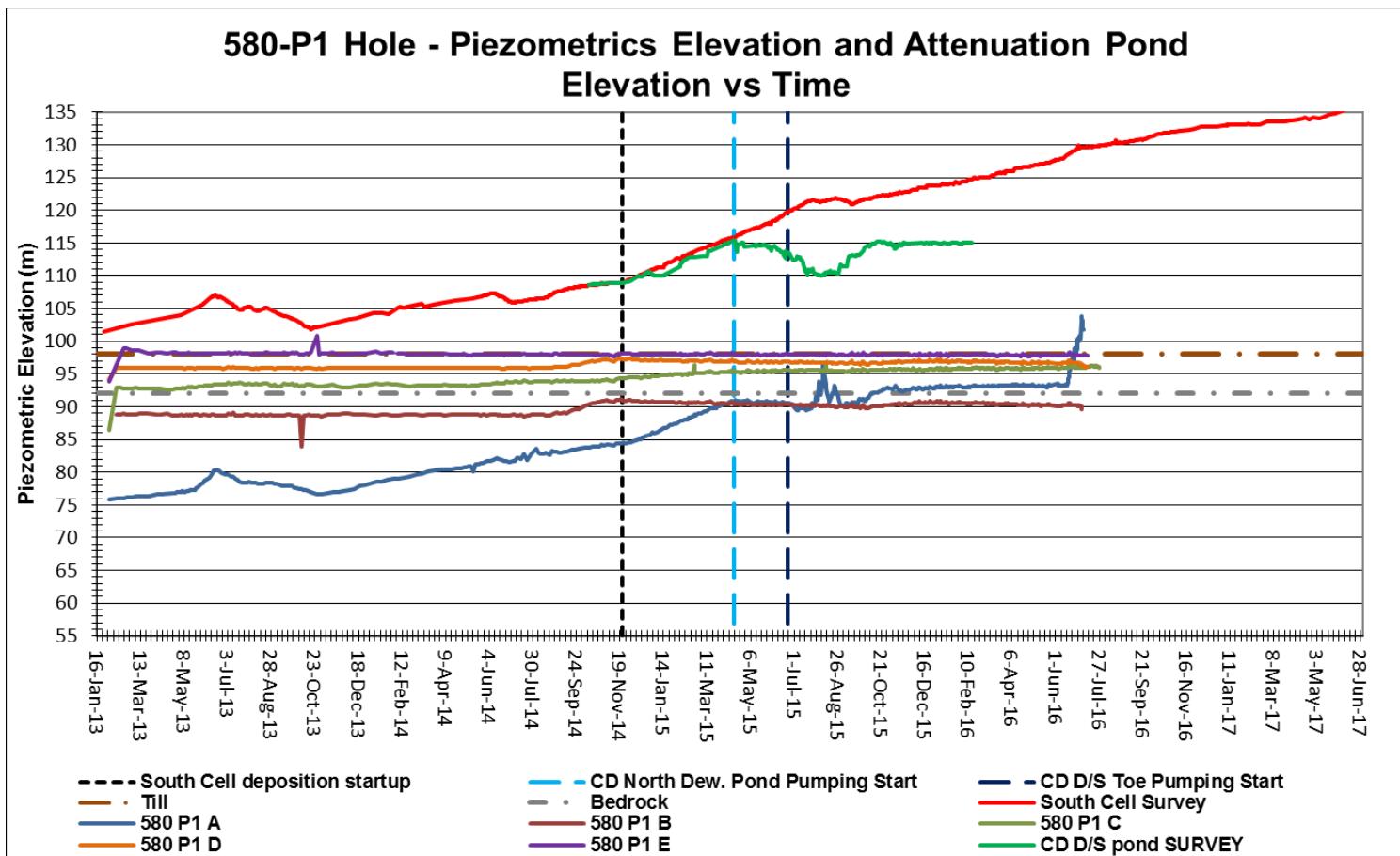
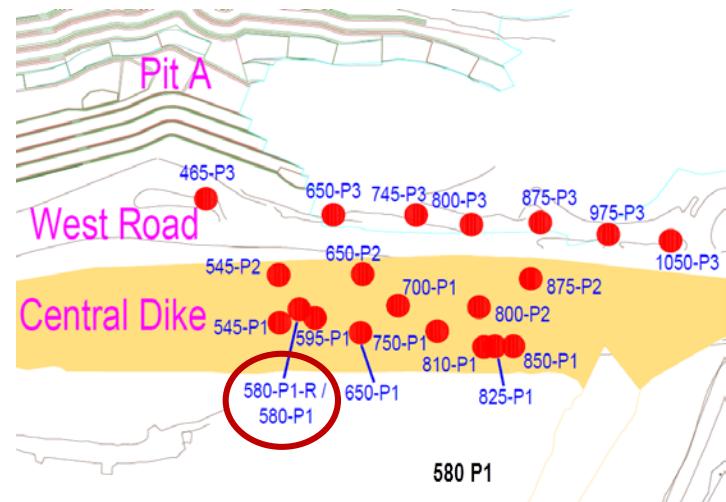
DEPTH M ELEVATION MASL

0 115 Top of the platform



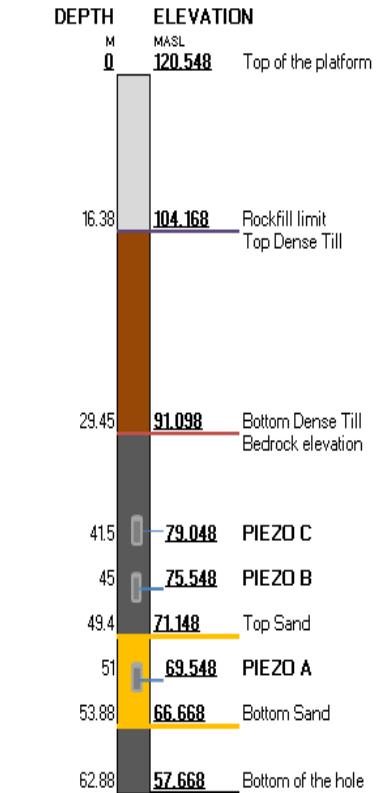
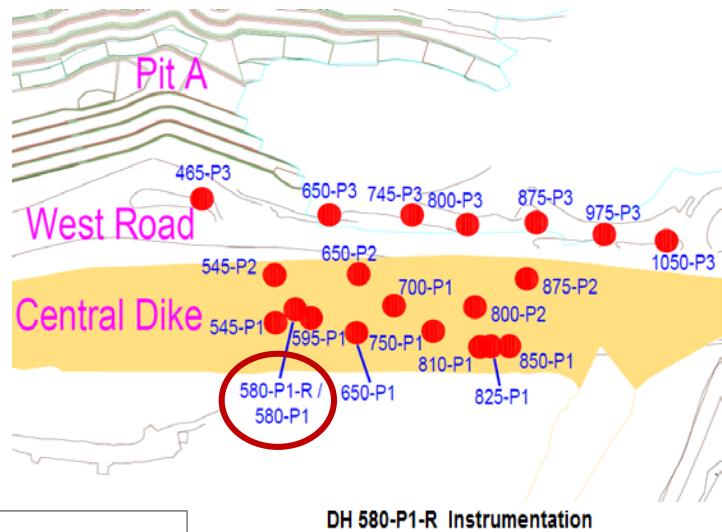
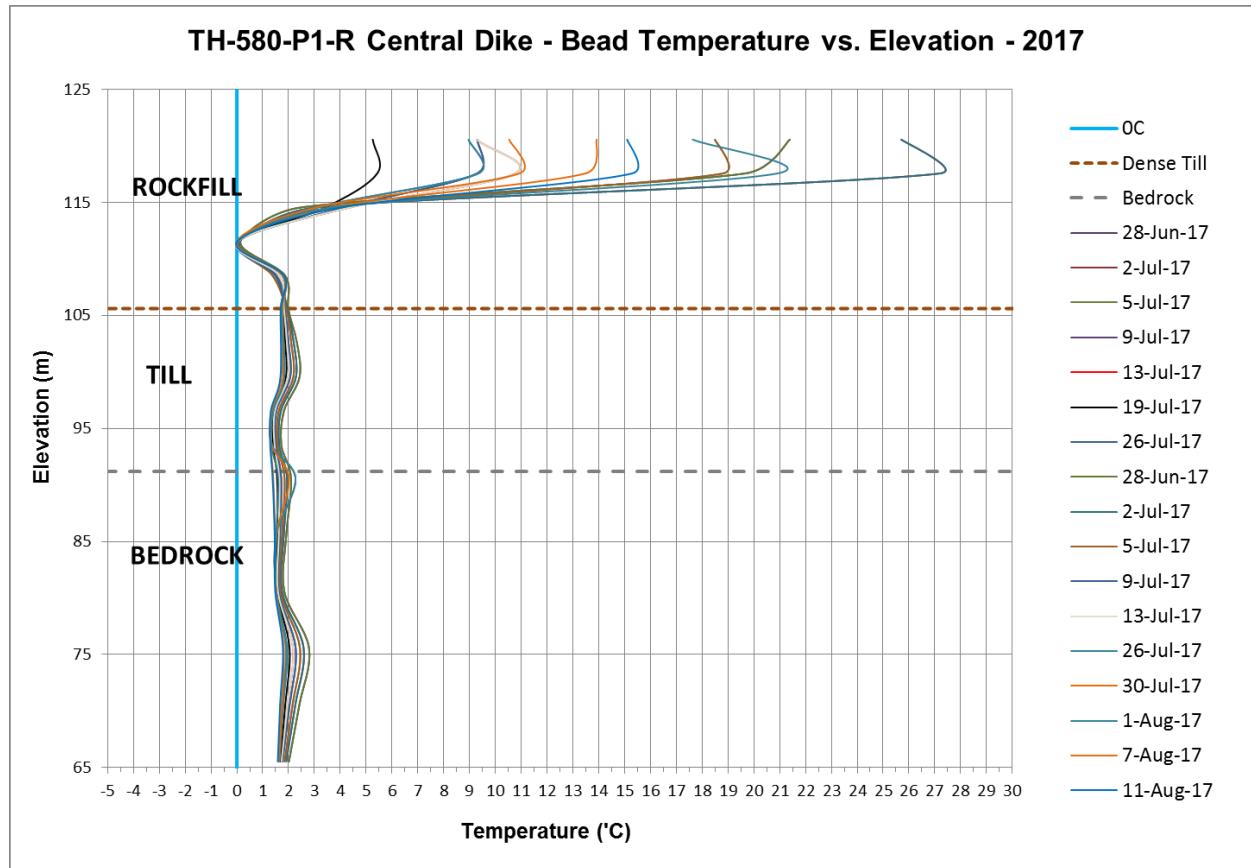
580-P1

- Piezometer and thermistor readings are not functional since July 2016
- Replacement hole 580-P1R drilled during 2017 campaign



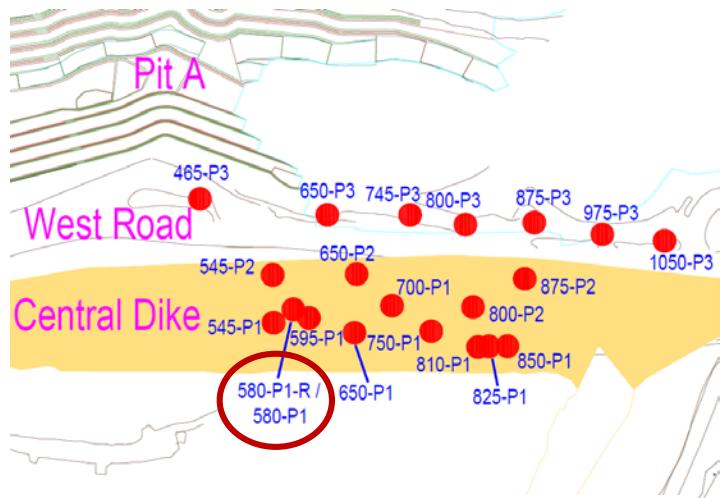
THERMISTOR 580-P1R

- ↗ Stabilisation in progress
- ↗ Temperature readings above 0°C
- ↗ Similar temperature readings range than 580-P1

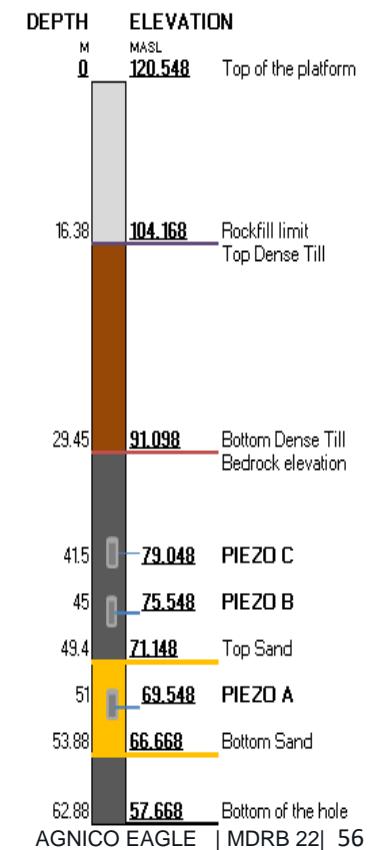
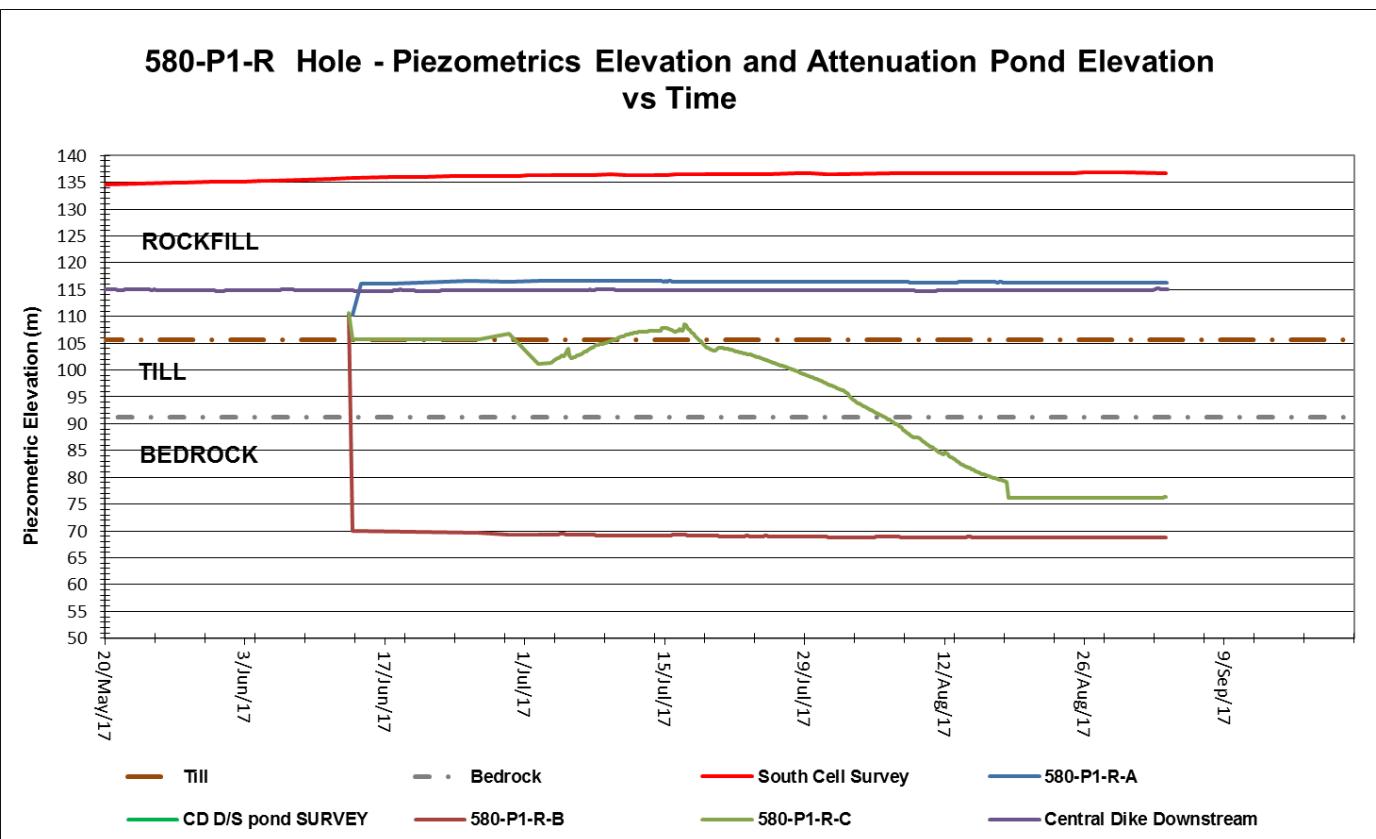


PIEZOMETER 580-P1R

- Piezo A is located in a sand layer and pressure readings are following the D/S pond regime
- Decrease in piezometric elevation ongoing for Piezo B
- Small data GAP

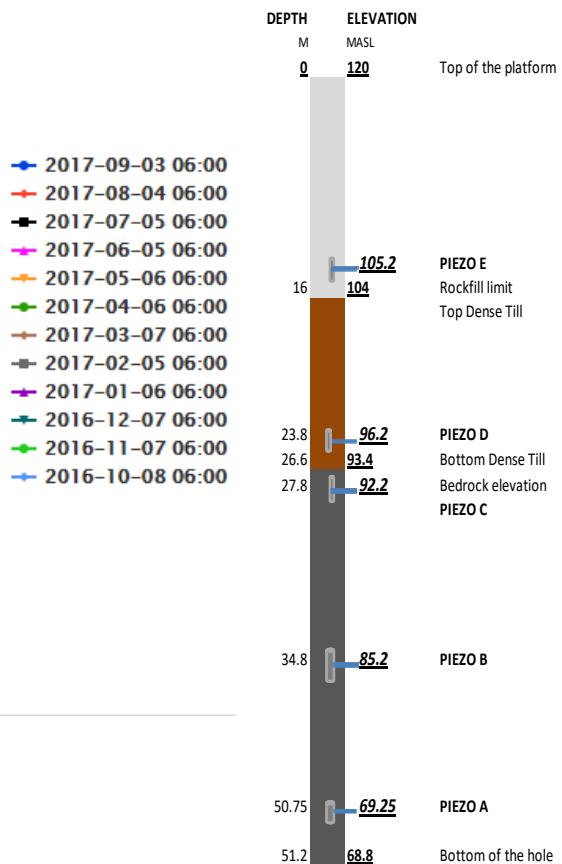
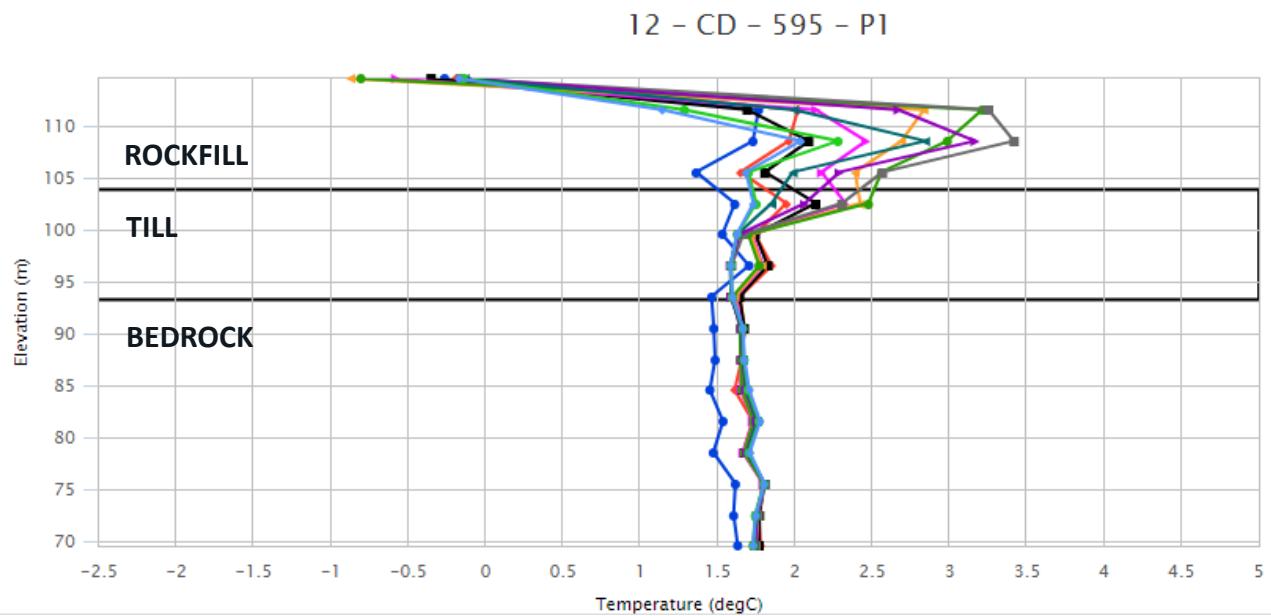
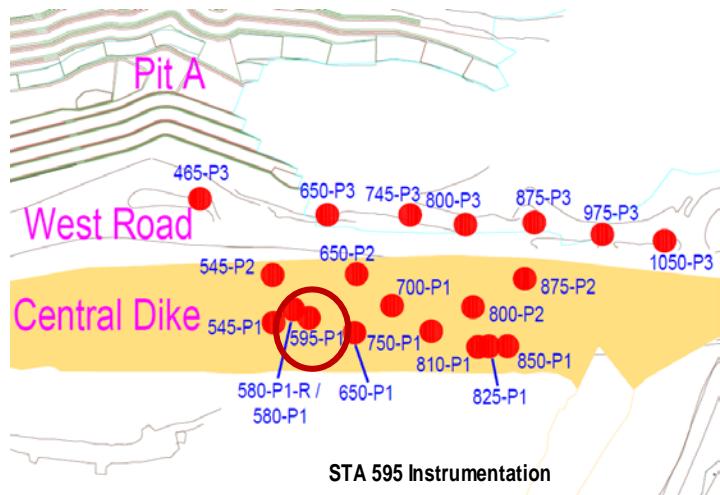


DH 580-P1-R Instrumentation



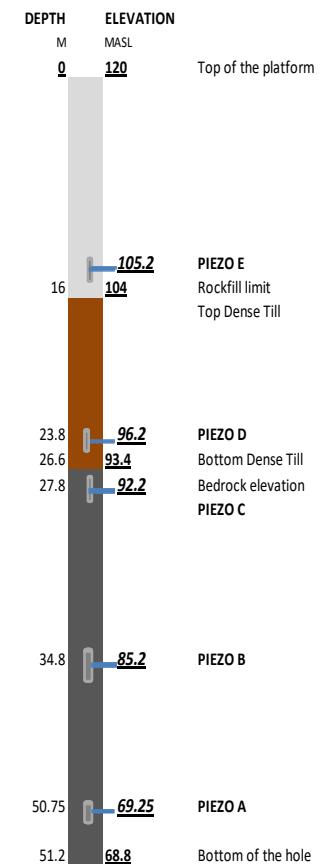
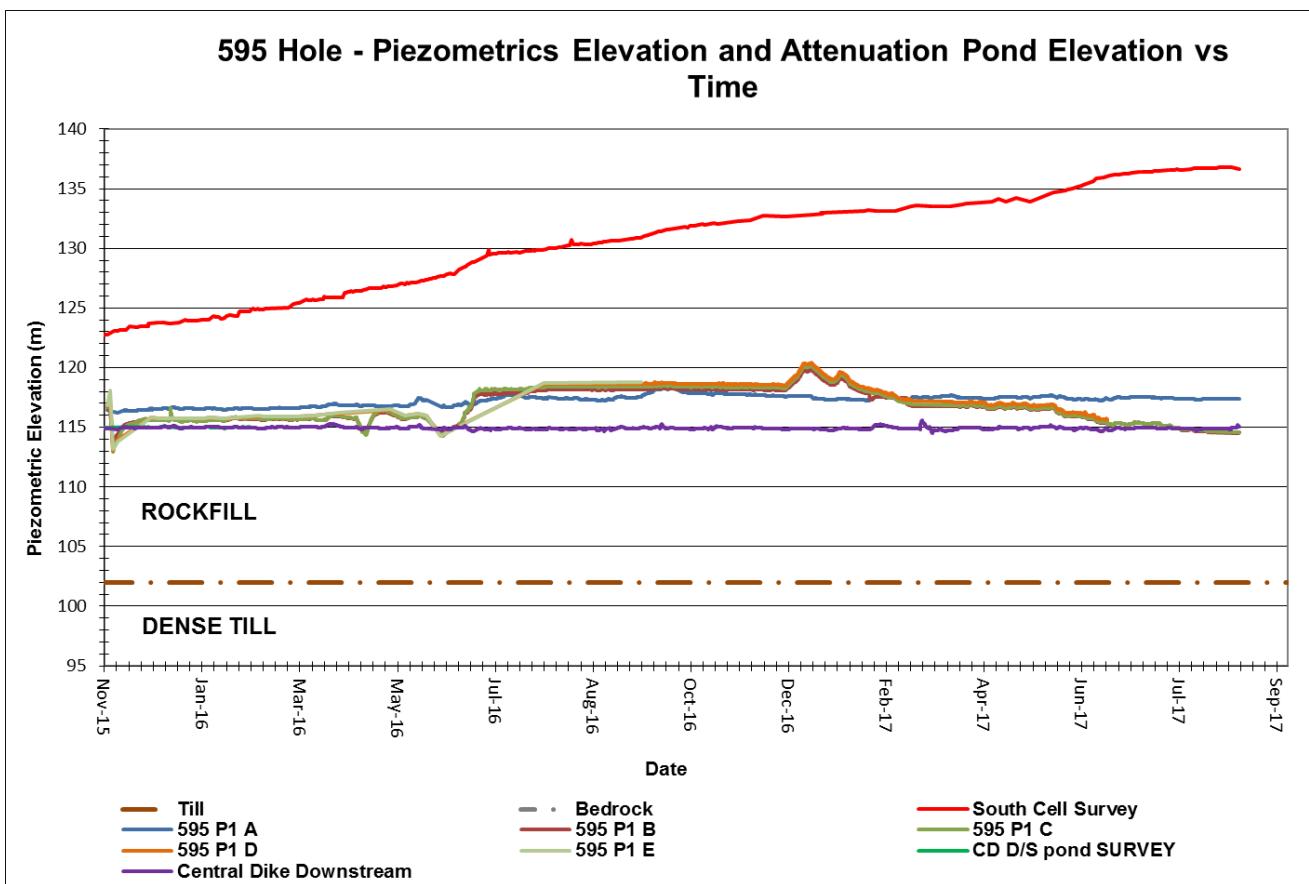
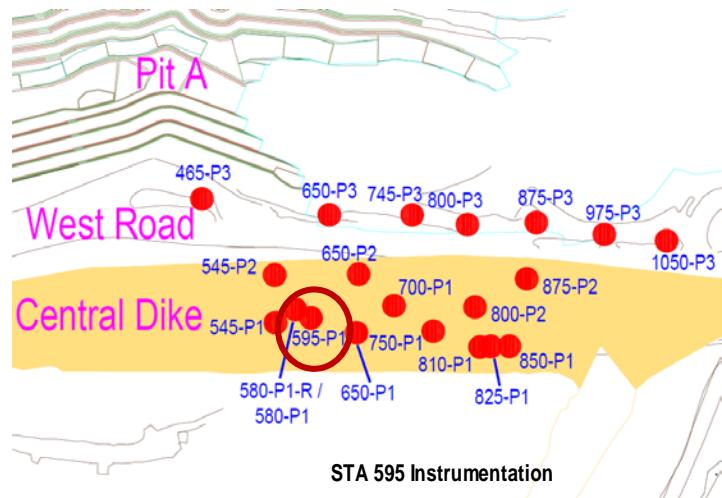
THERMISTOR 595-P1

- Temperature in the bedrock/till unit is in between 1.5 and 1.75°C.
- Glitch of 0.25°C could be caused by the automatization works done in August 2017.



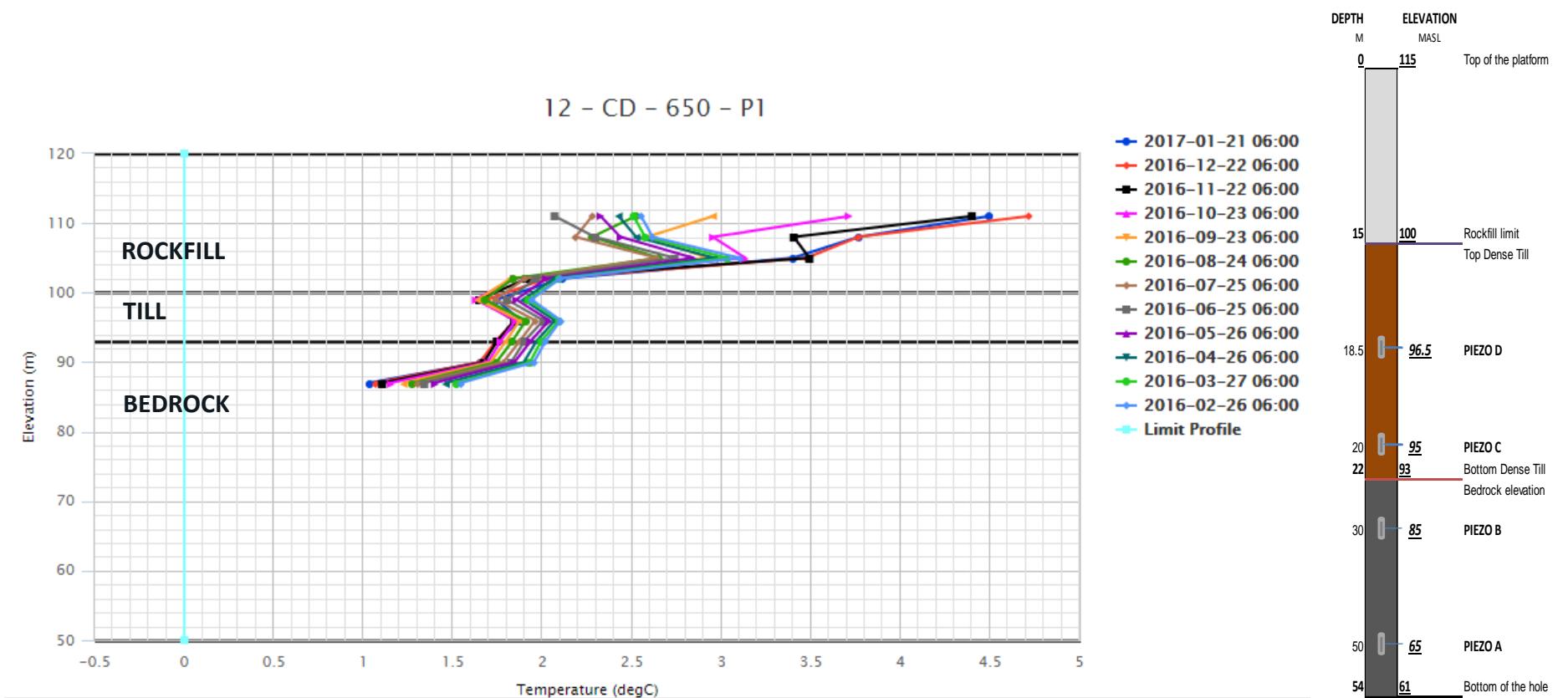
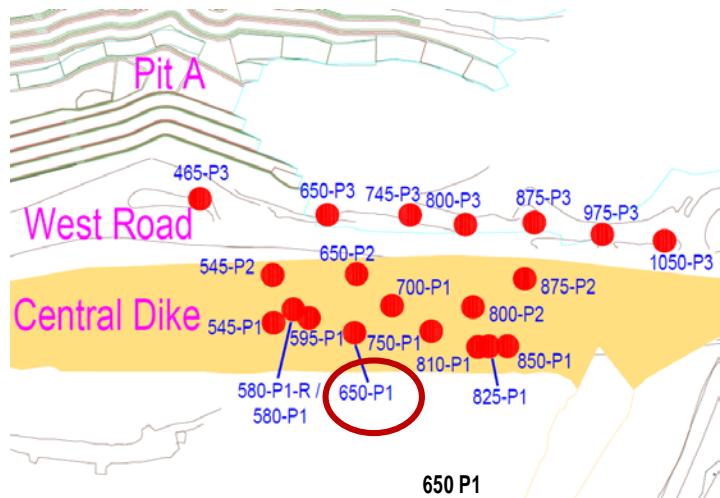
PIEZOMETER 595-P1

- Piezometric readings are fluctuating around D/S pond elevation since the installation.
- Piezo C to E was installed in casing**



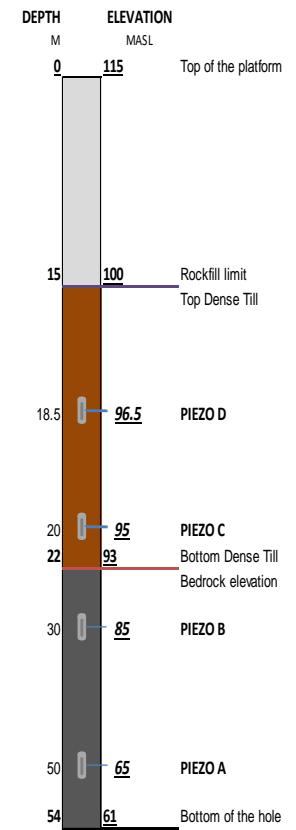
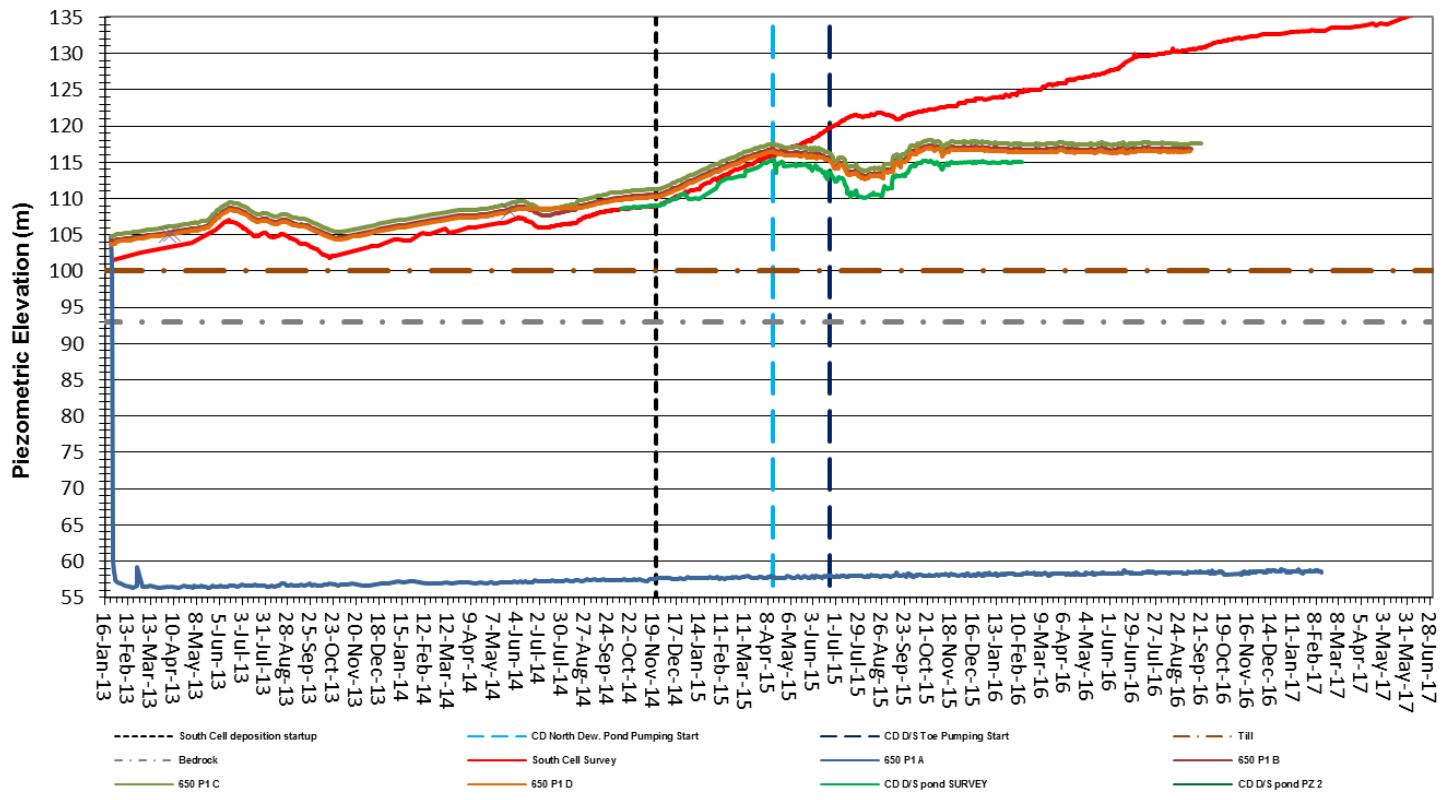
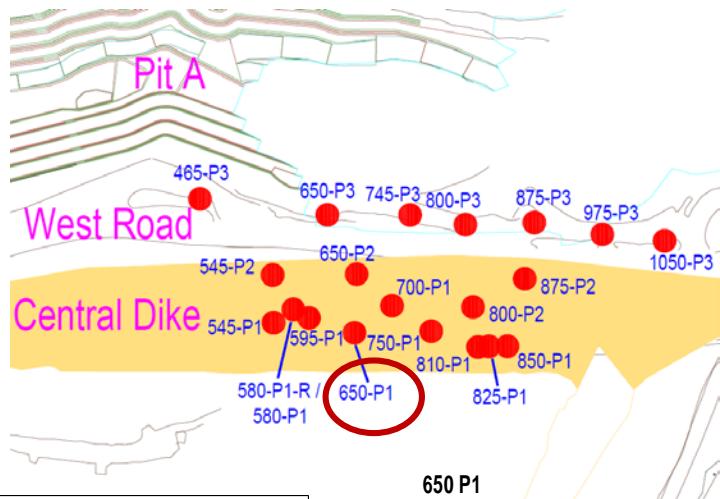
THERMISTOR 650-P1

- ↗ Thermistance reading not functional since January 2017
- ↗ Beads 10 to 12 are not functioning since August 2016
- ↗ Temperature of the bedrock/till units were in between 1.0 and 2.1°C.



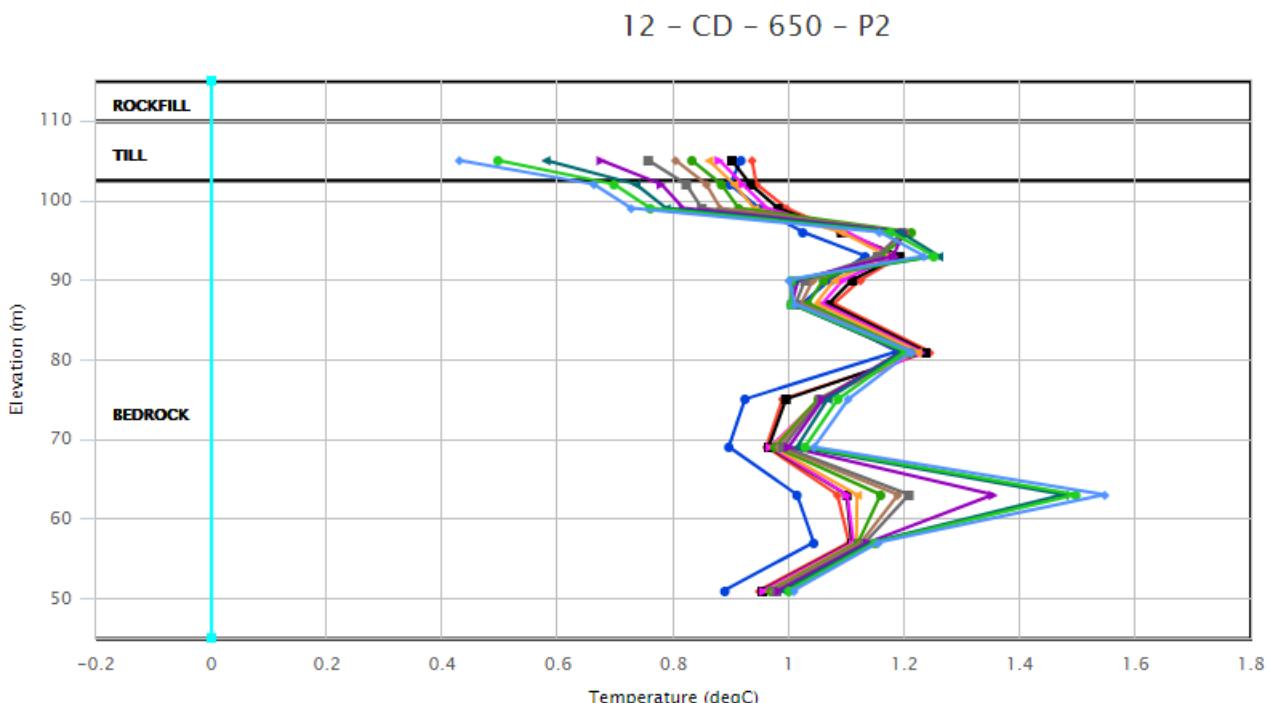
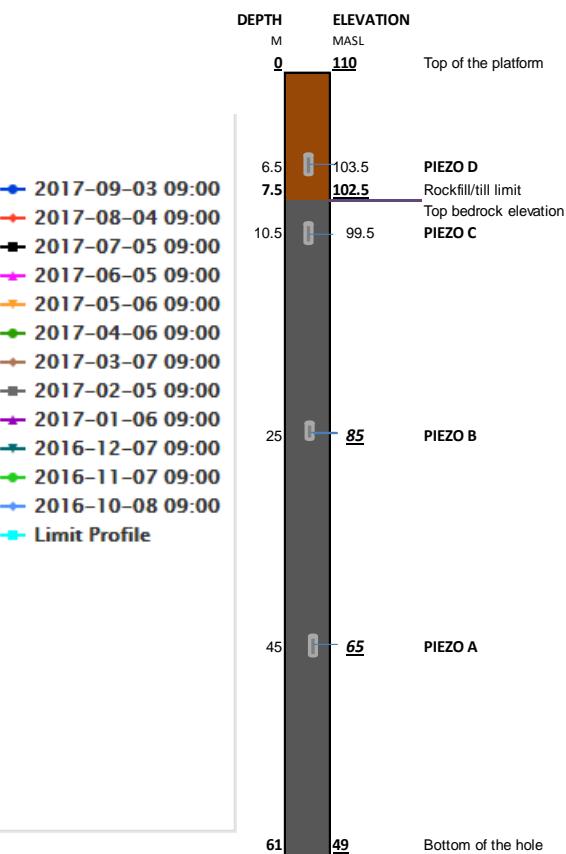
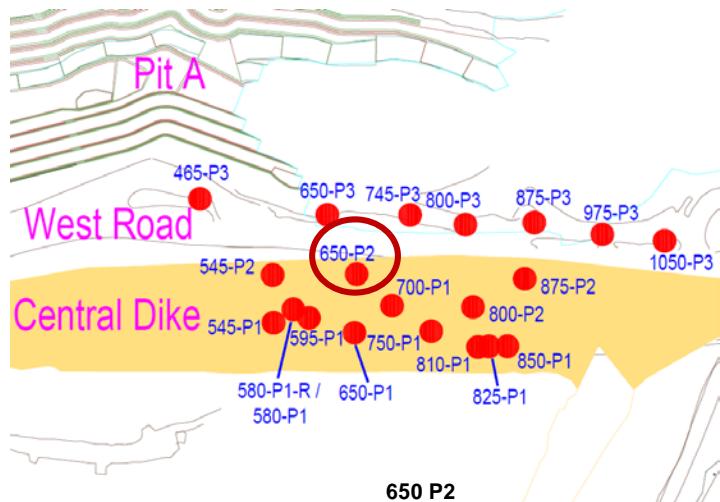
650-P1

- ↗ Piezometer reading not functional since February 2017
- ↗ Piezo A was in suction and piezo B to D were following D/S pond regime with readings around 117m.



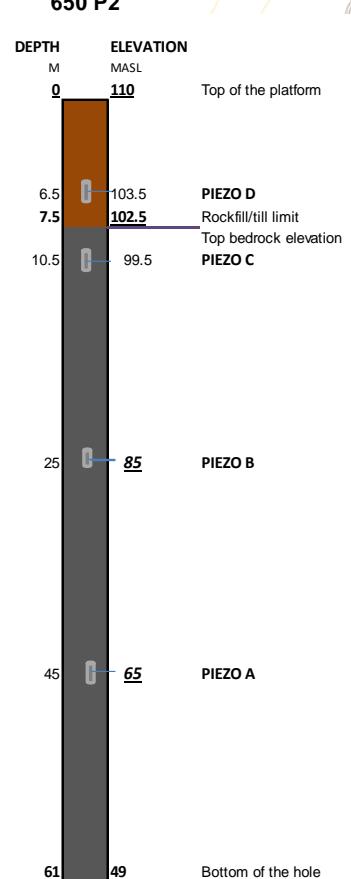
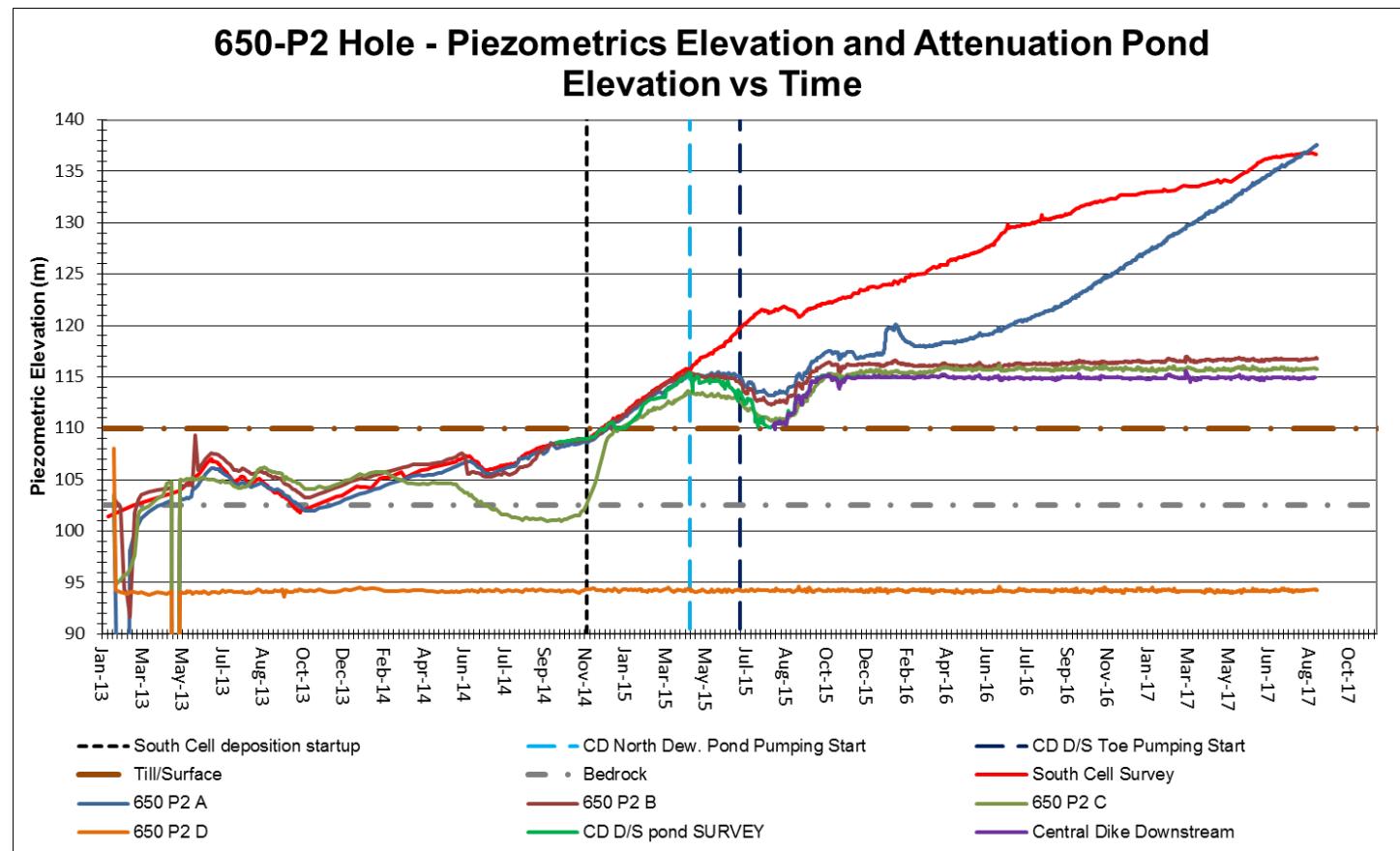
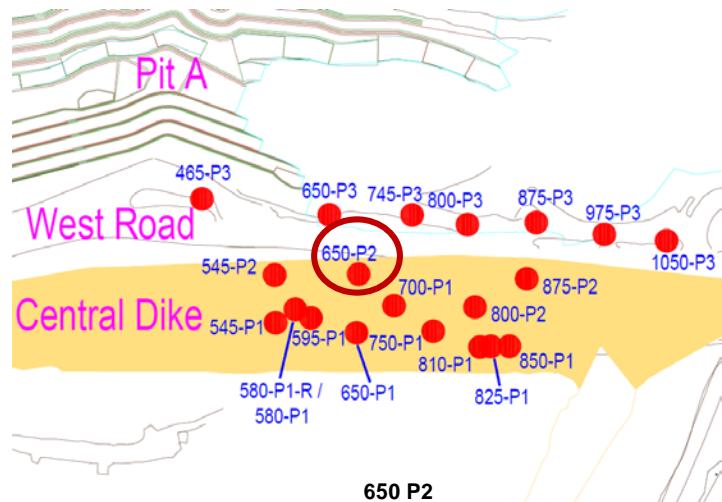
THERMISTOR 650-P2

- Cooling trend observed below El. 80 similar to 2016 readings.



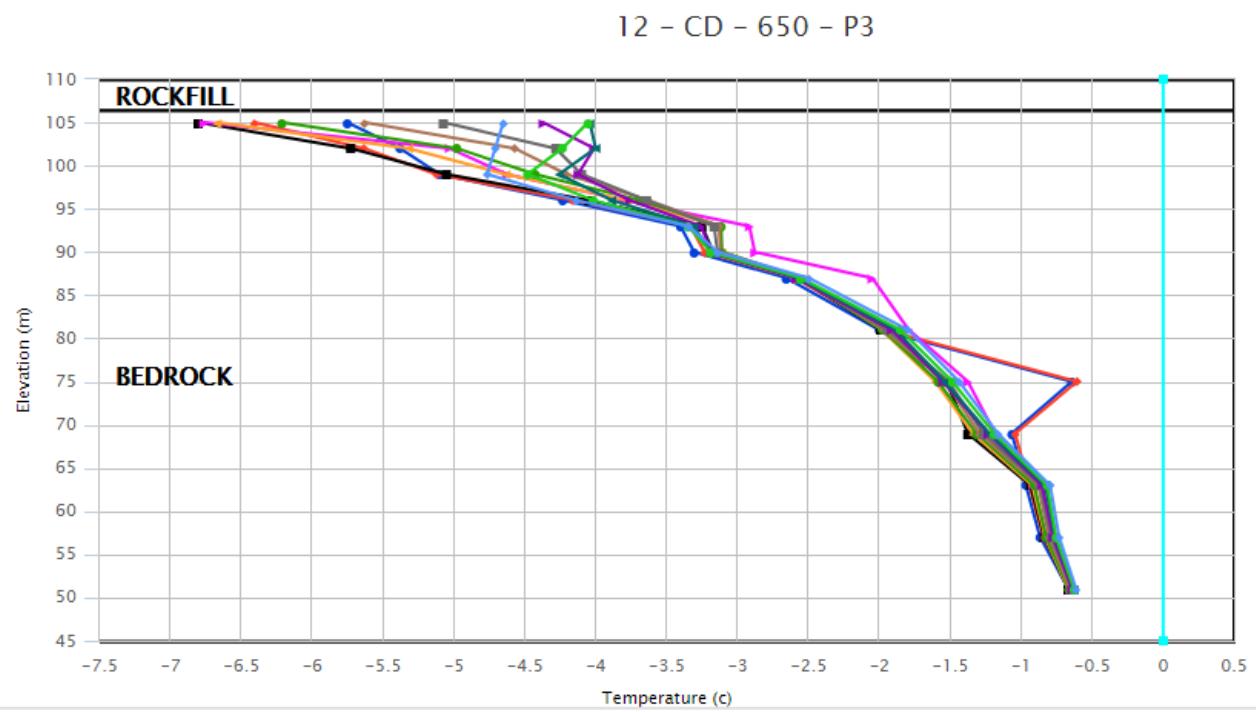
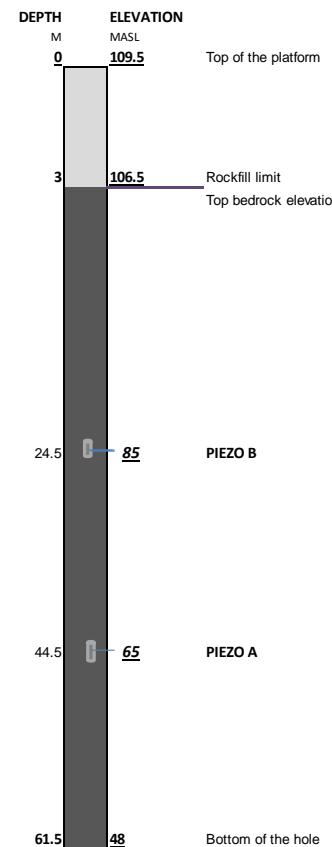
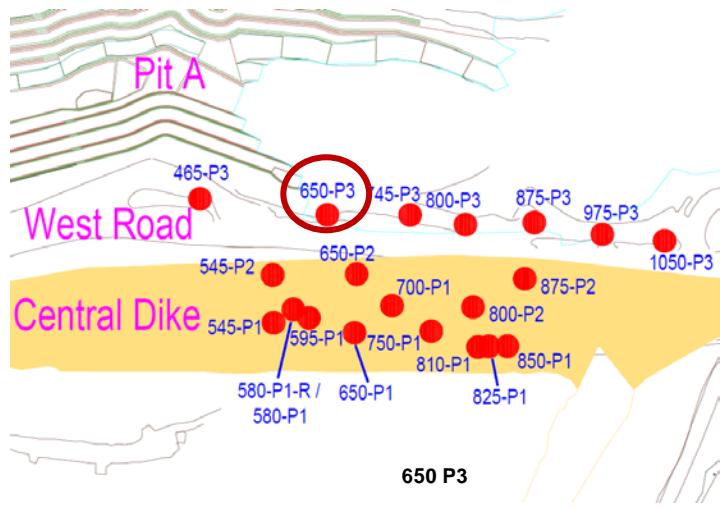
PIEZOMETER 650-P2

- Piezometer A in bedrock continue its rise and is now over the elevation of the South Cell
- Piezo B-C are following the piezometric regime of the D/S pond
- Piezo D is in suction



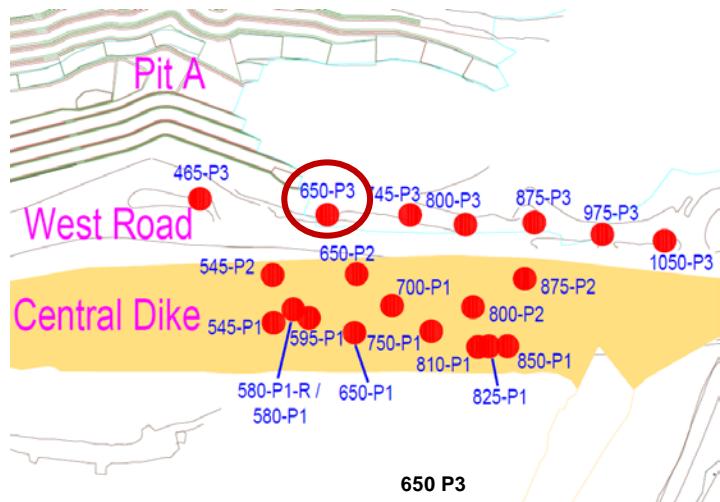
THERMISTOR 650-P3

- ↗ Bedrock Below 0° C at 650-P3
- ↗ Temperature spike at El. 75 m is related to capacitance effect on this specific bead.

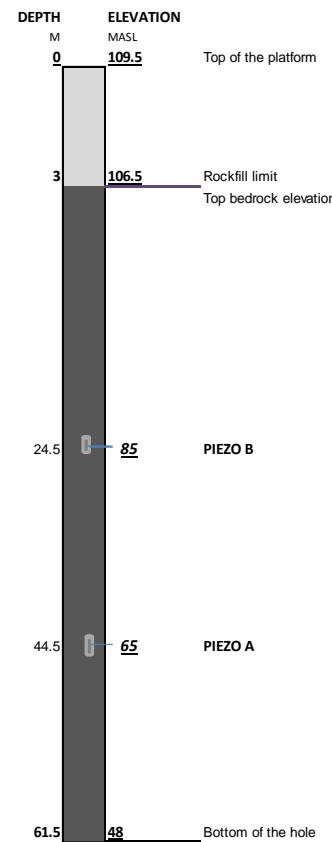
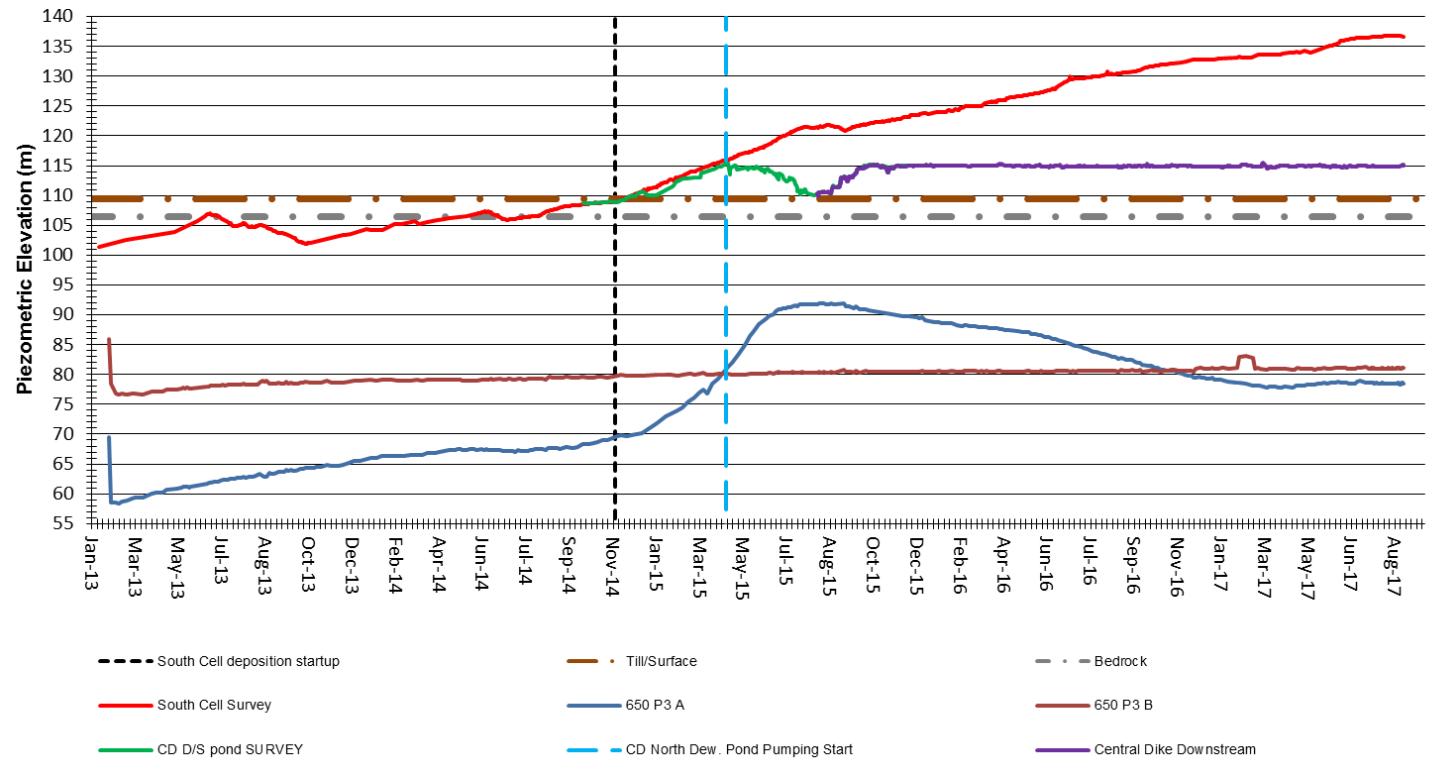


PIEZOMETERS 650-P3

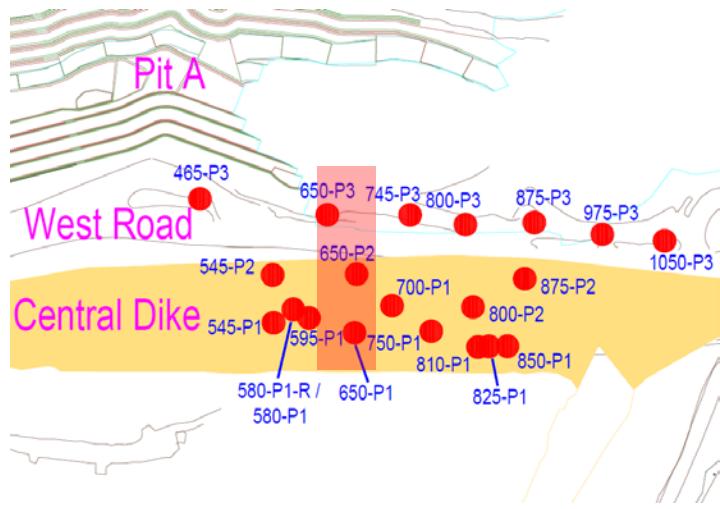
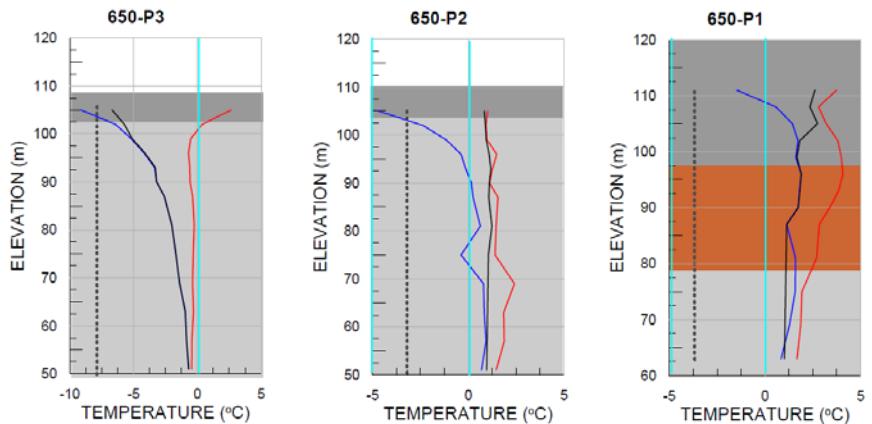
Frozen Piezometers



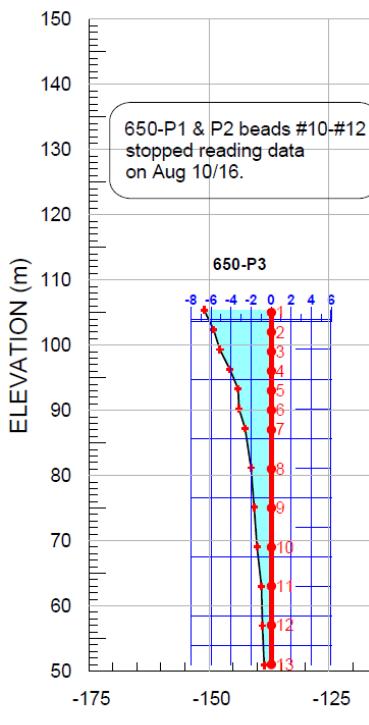
650-P3 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time



SECTION 650

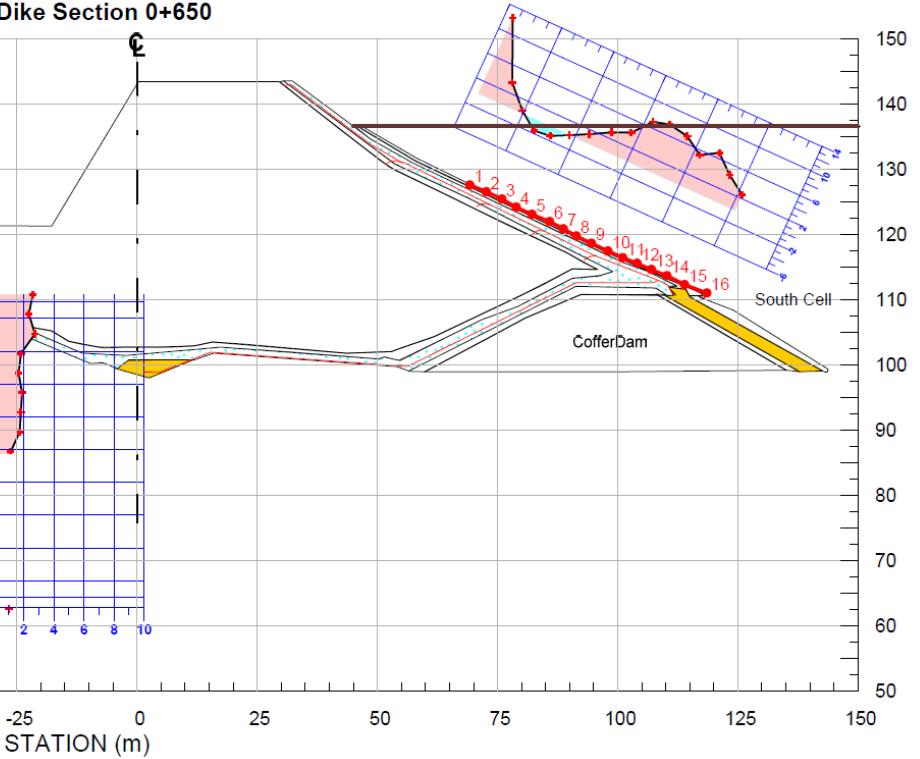


EAST



Central Dike Section 0+650

WEST

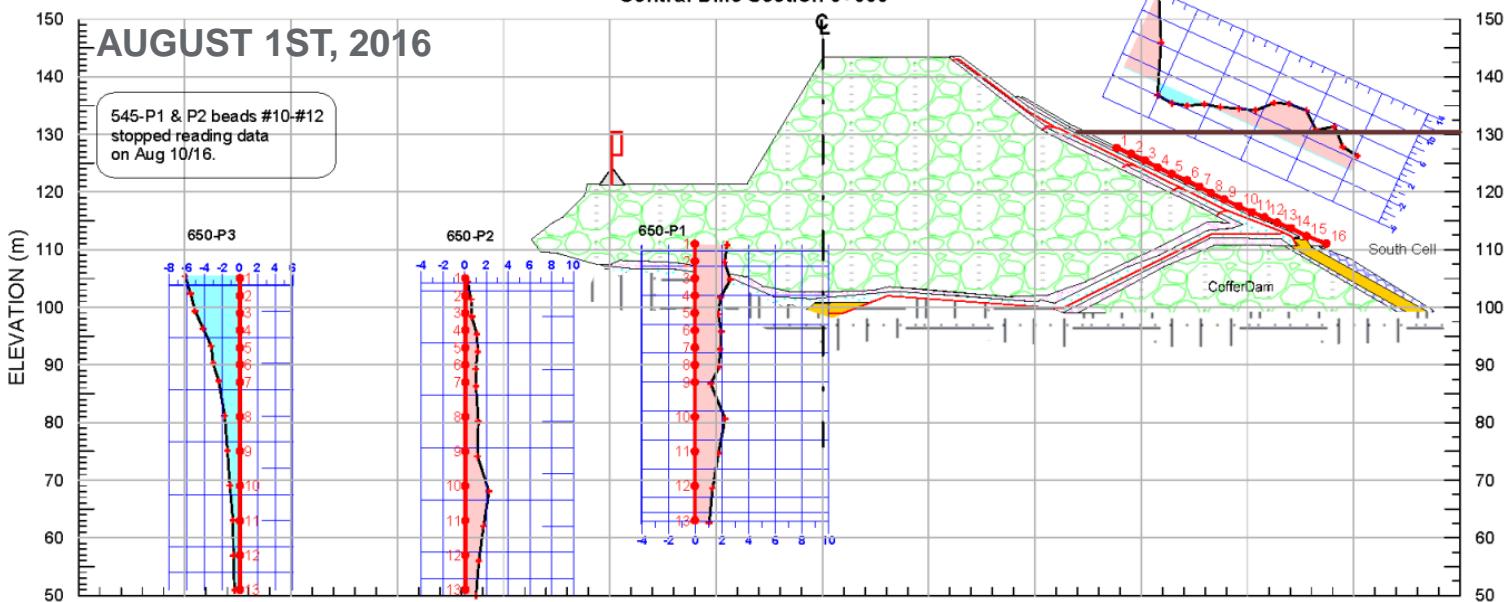


SECTION 650

EAST

WEST

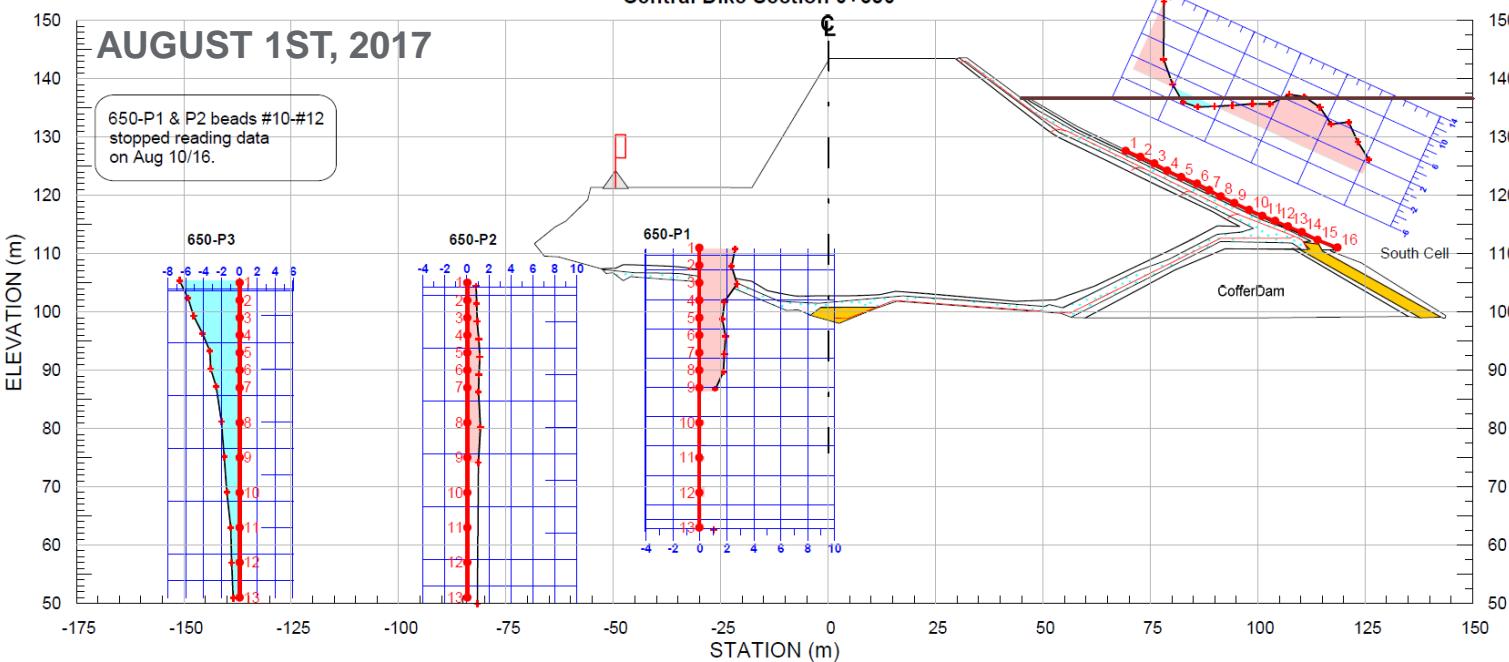
Central Dike Section 0+650



EAST

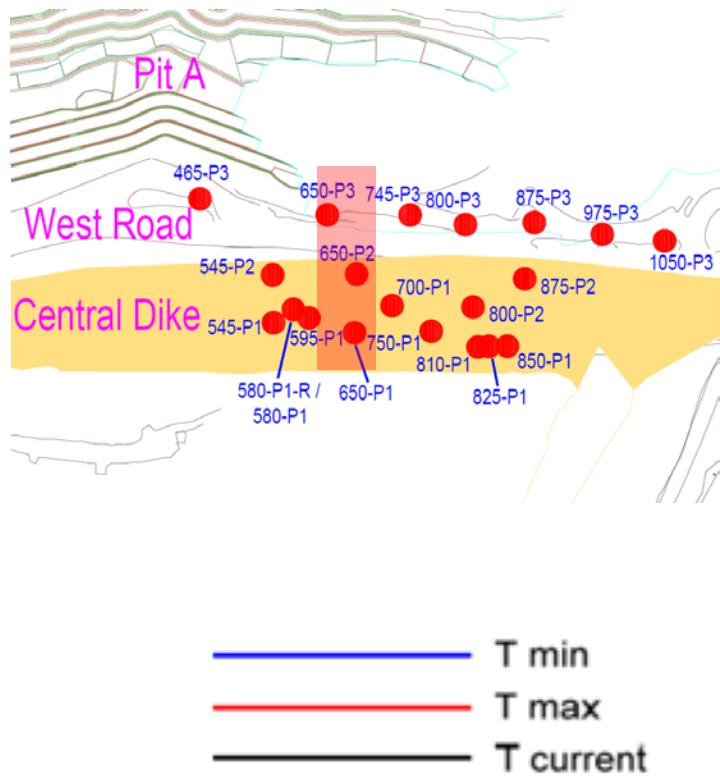
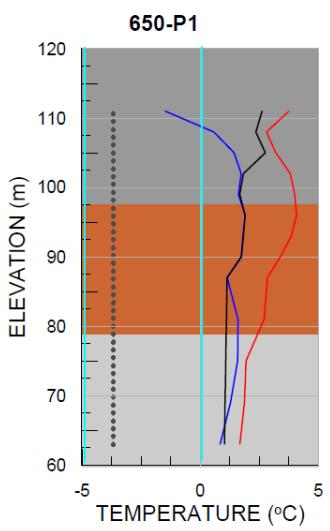
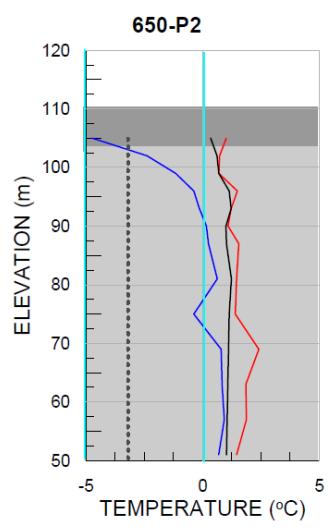
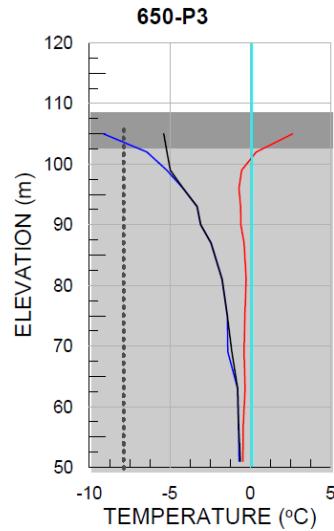
WEST

Central Dike Section 0+650

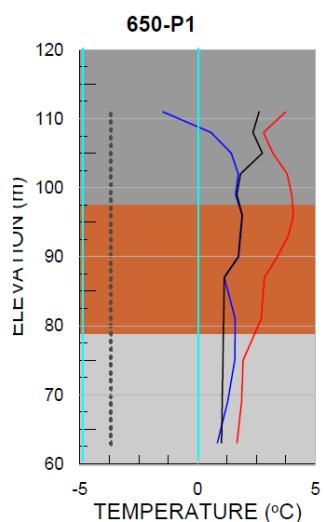
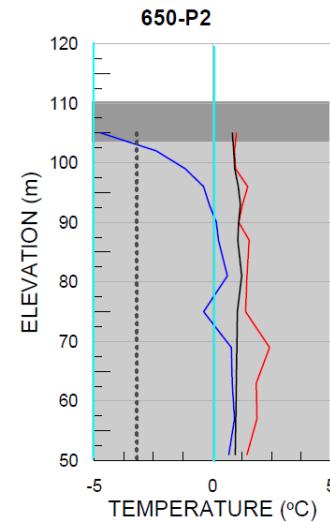
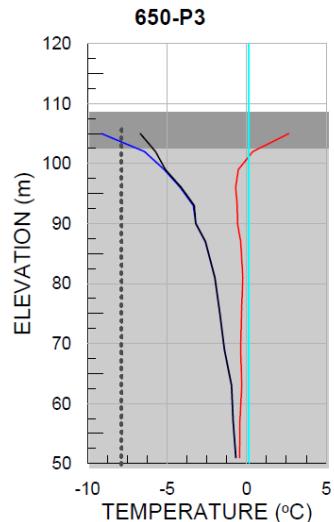


SECTION 650

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2015 - 2016



THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017

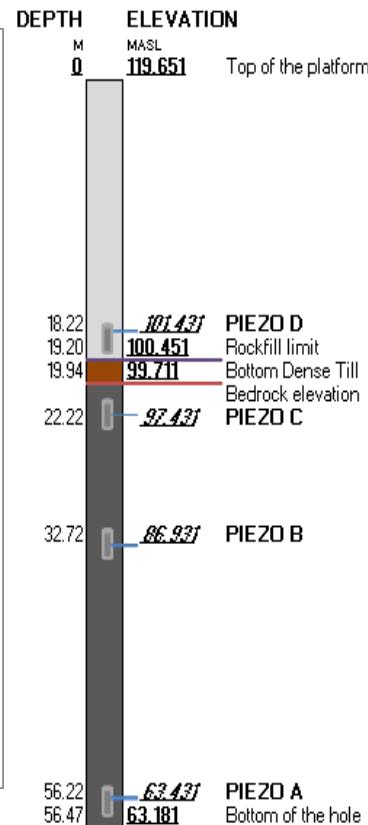
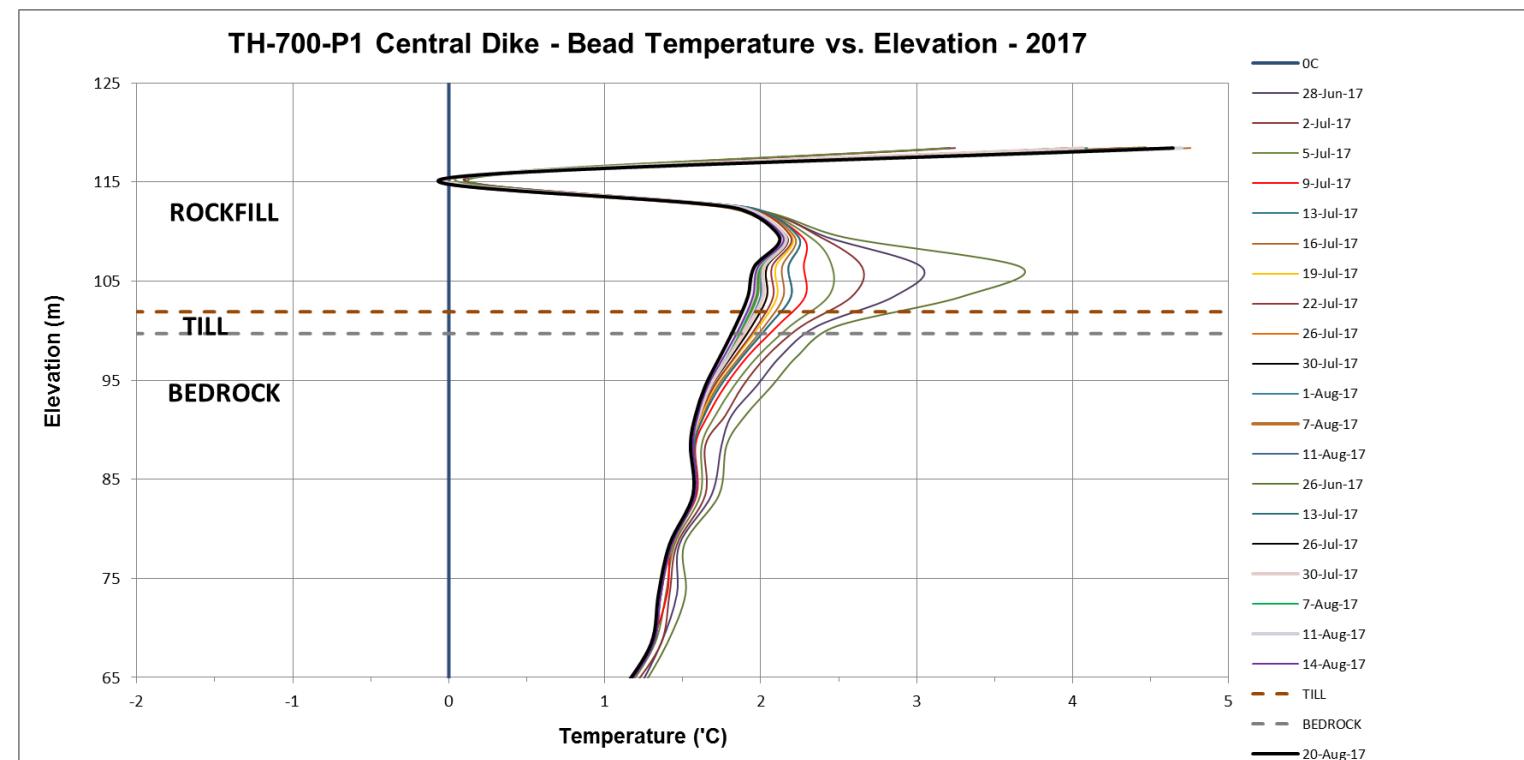
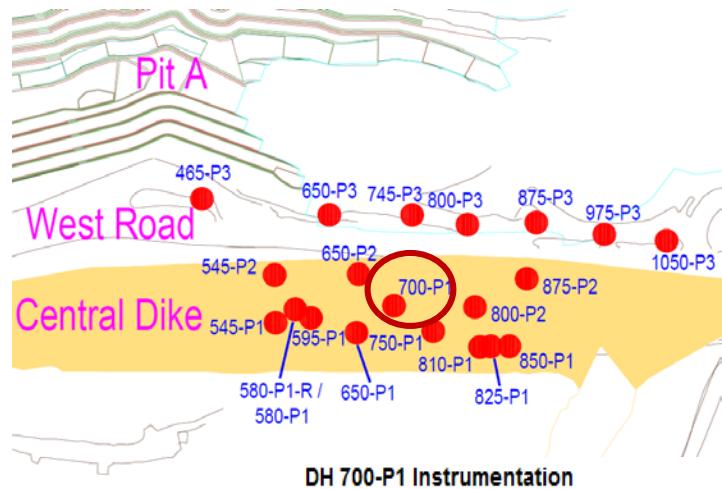


LEGEND

	Grouting
	Rockfill
	Till
	Bedrock

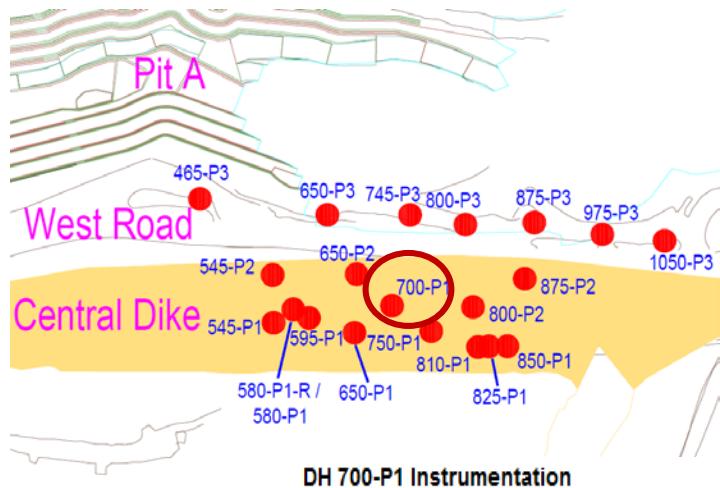
THERMISTOR 700-P1

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation of temperature ongoing
- ↗ Till and bedrock temperature readings above 0°C

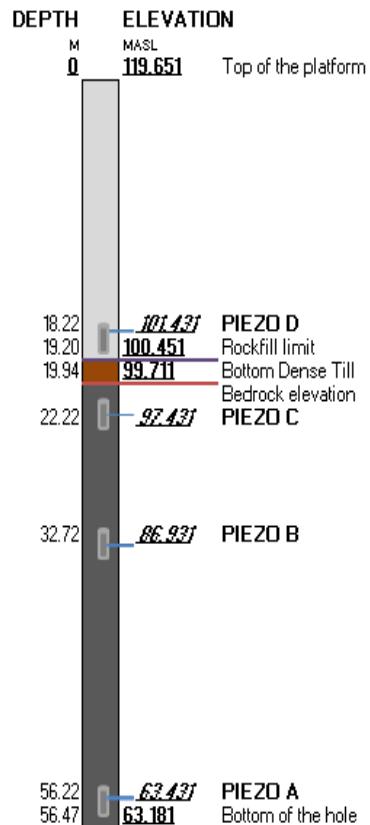
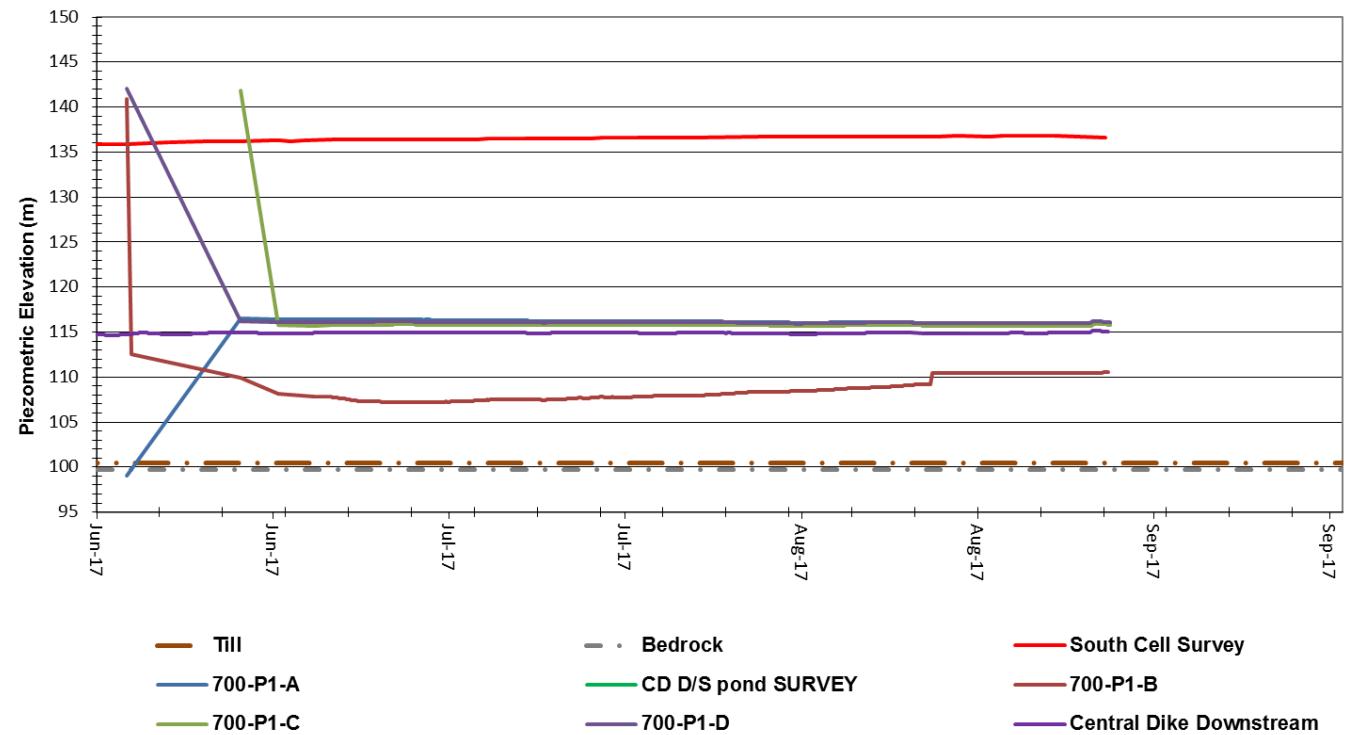


PIEZOMETER 700-P1

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilization of temperature ongoing
- ↗ Reading automatization occurred on the date of the small bump observed on the piezo B
- ↗ Piezo A.C and D are showing reading similar to the D/S pond.

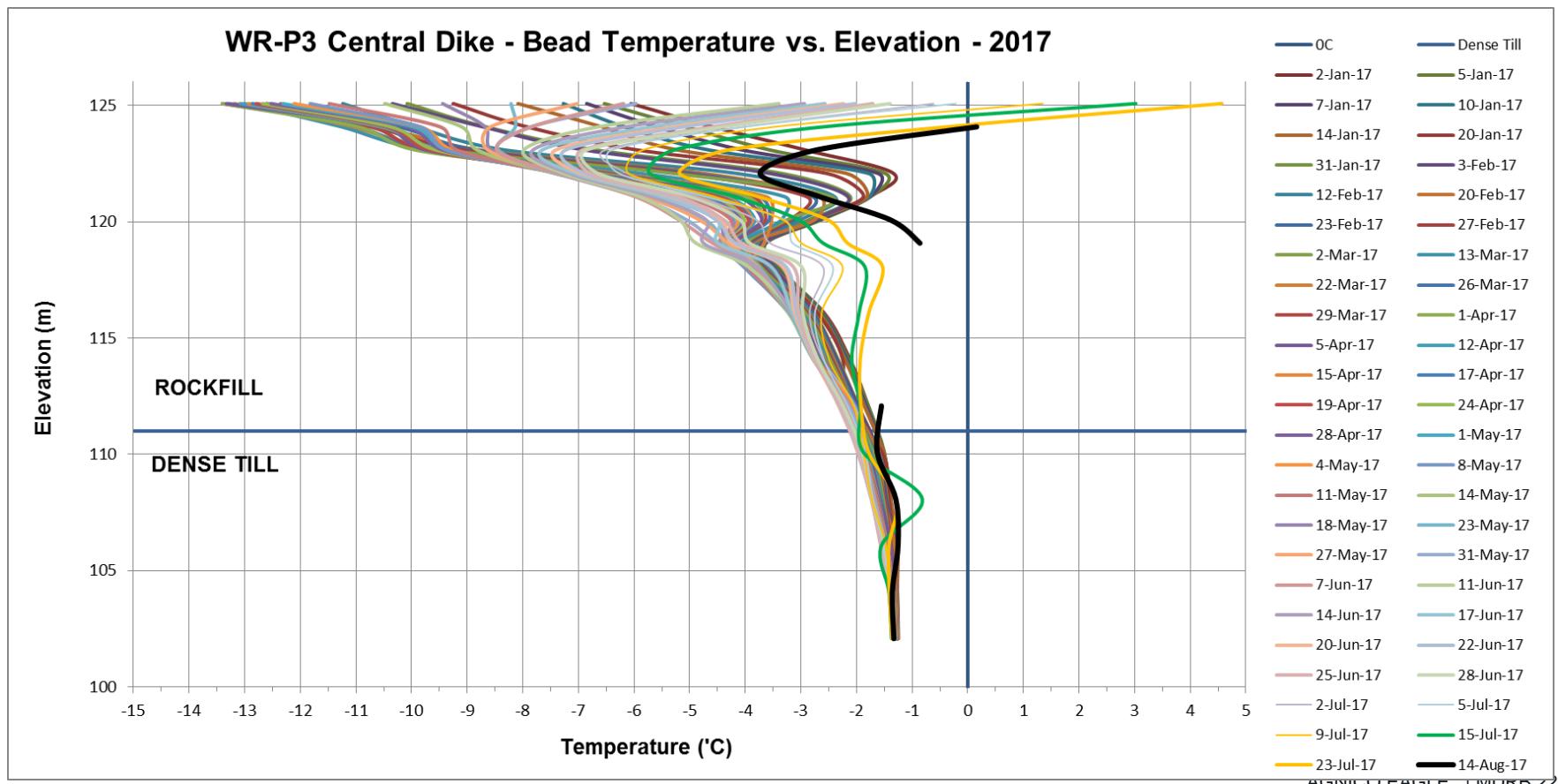
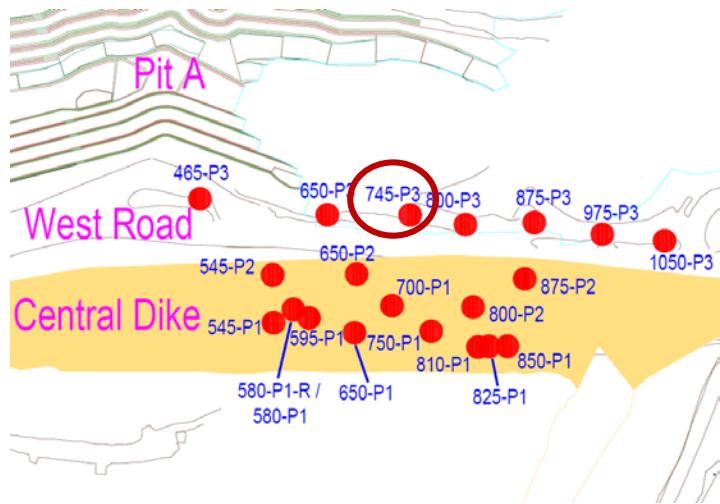


700-P1 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time



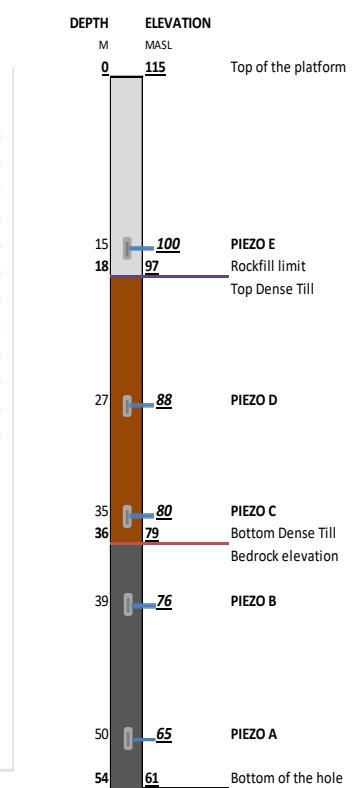
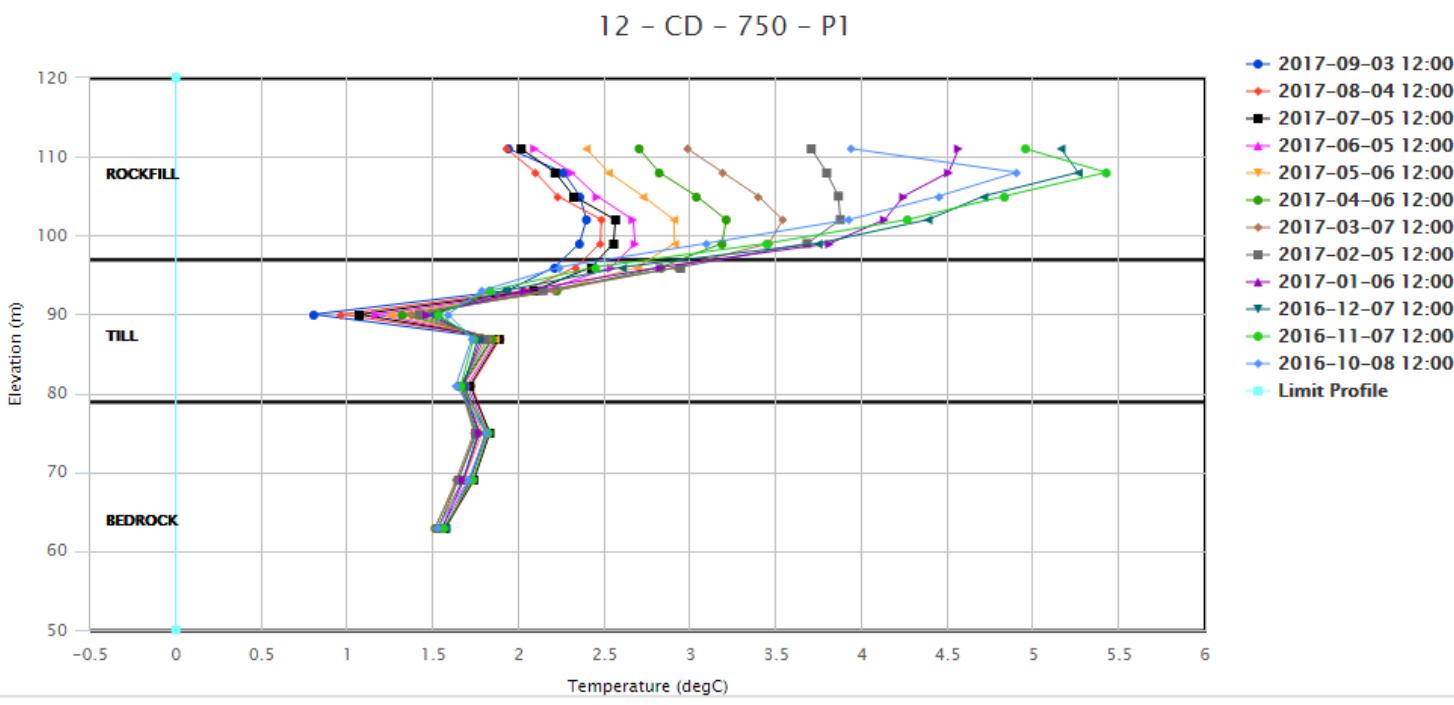
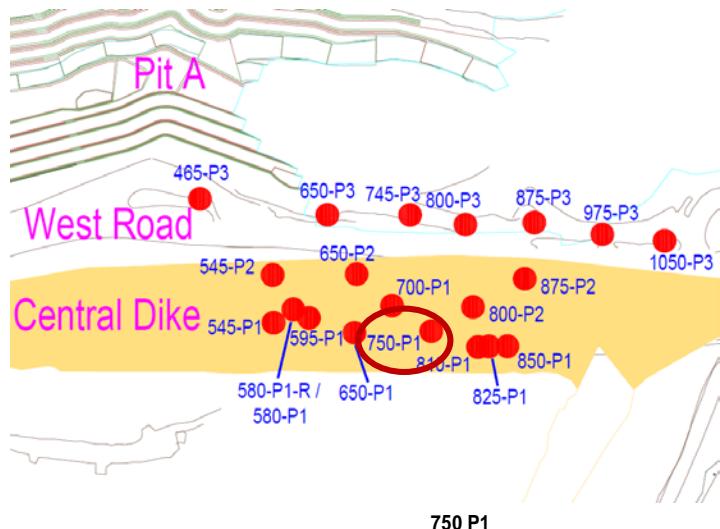
THERMISTOR 745-P3

- Thermistor installed to monitor freeze back of the West Road. This thermistor do not reach bedrock
- Rockfill and till below 0° C at 745-P3
- Frozen limit of the northern section of the P3 line



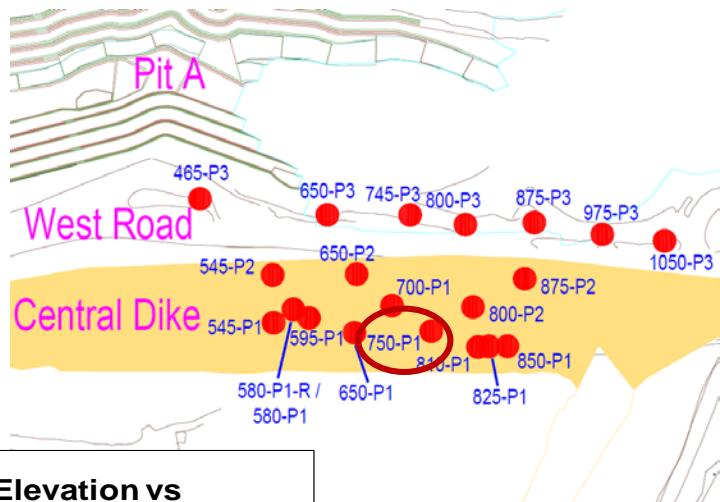
THERMISTOR 750-P1

→ Cooling trend in till layer. The bead located at elevation 90m is in average 1°C cooler than in 2016.

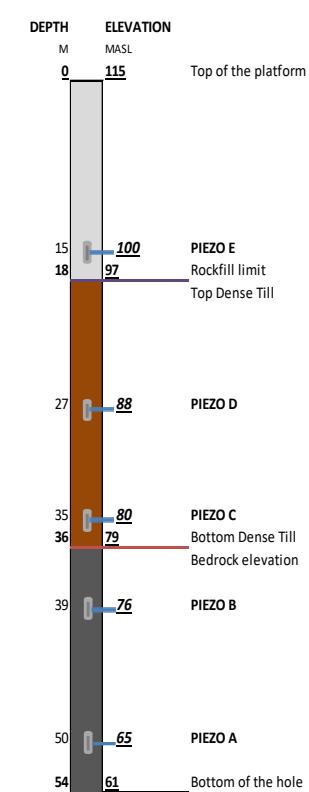
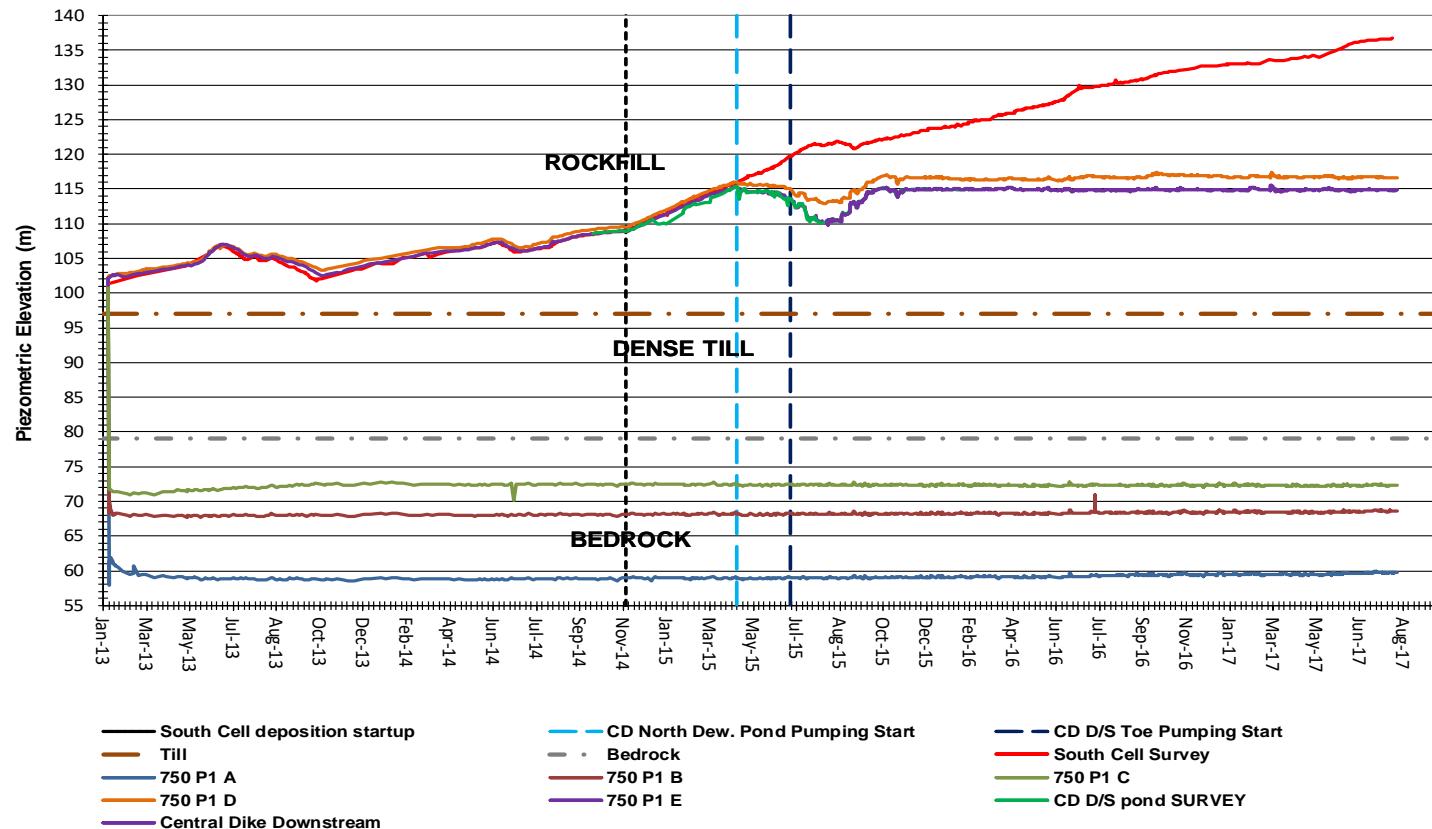


PIEZOMETER 750-P1

- Piezo A, B and C are in suction
- Piezo D is have a direct reaction to any variation in elevation observe in the D/S pond.

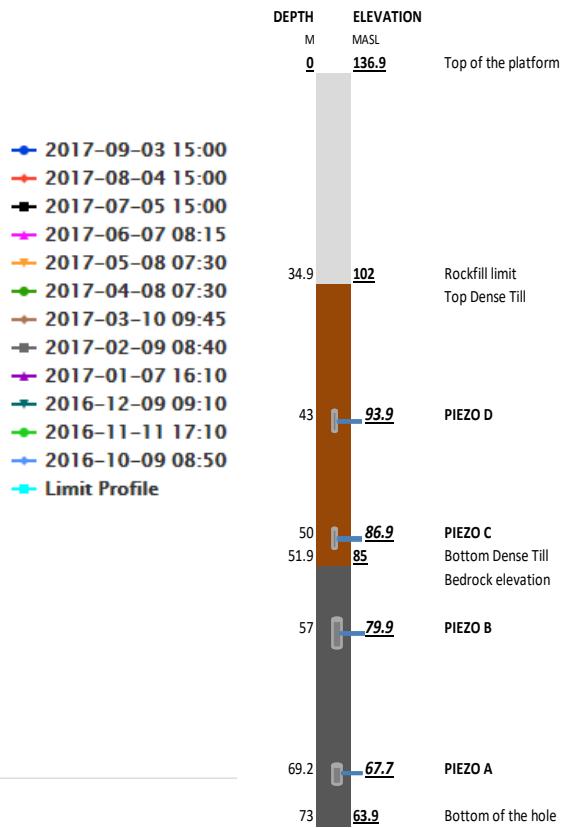
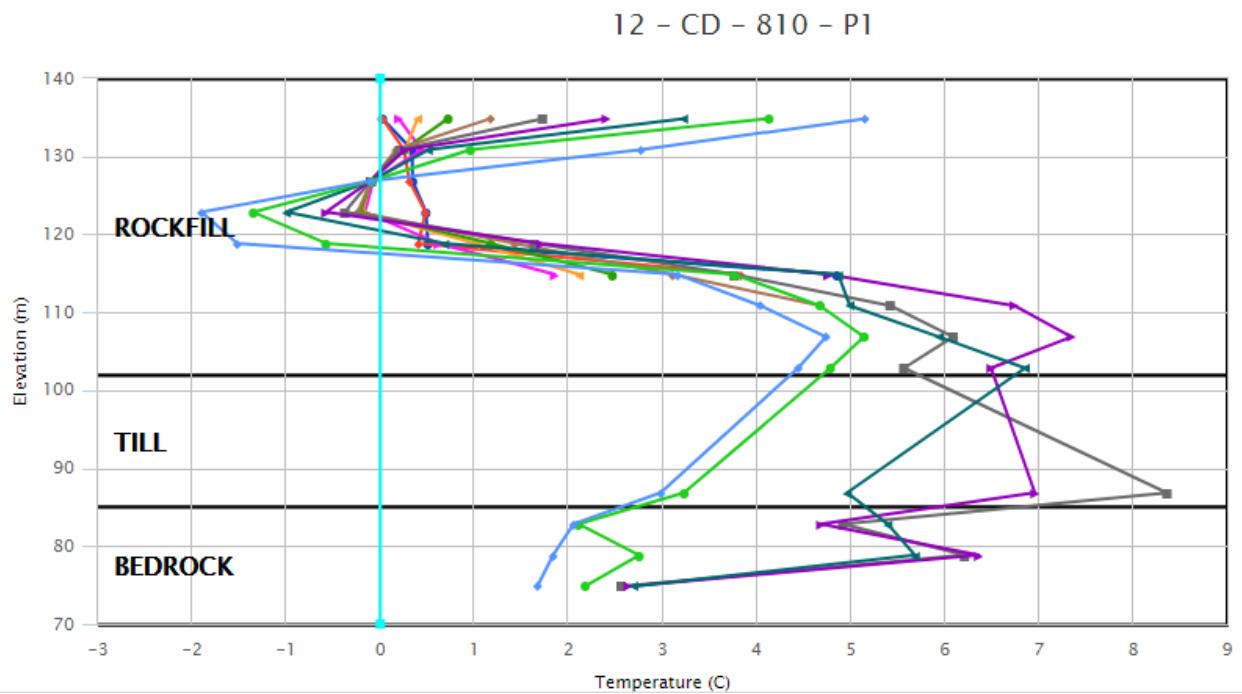
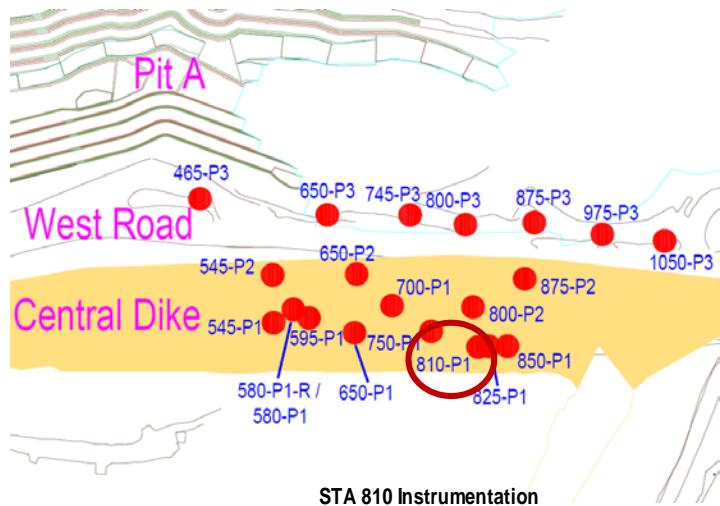


750-P1 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time



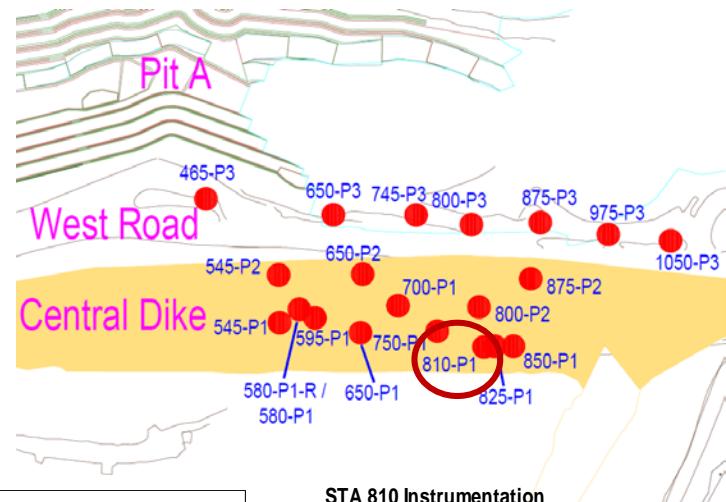
THERMISTOR 810-P1

- ↗ Bead below El. 114.84 m stop working in February 2017
- ↗ Higher temperature observed in this hole (might be the instrument progressively failing)

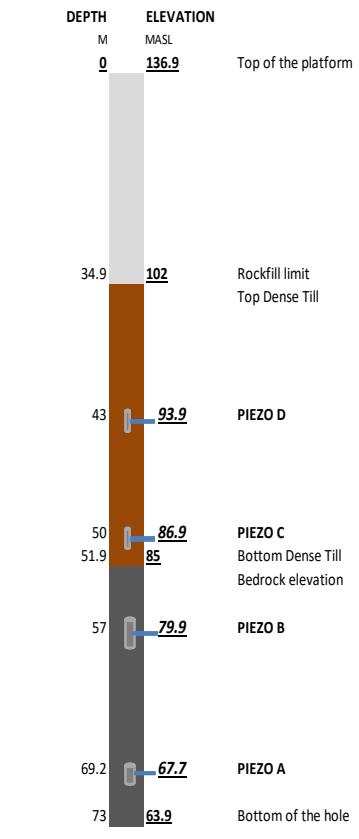
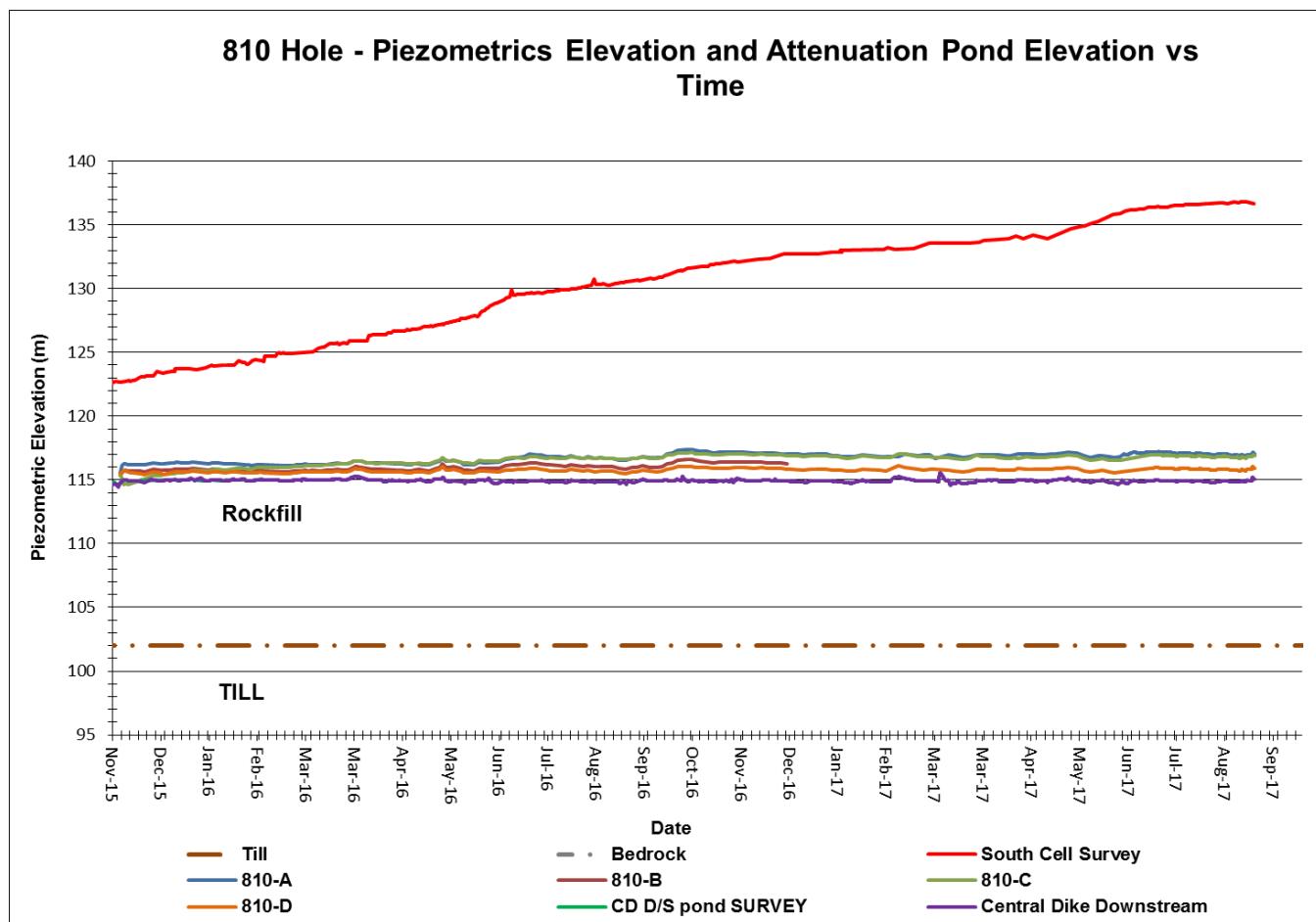


PIEZOMETER 810-P1

- Piezo B stop working in January 2017
- Piezo A, C & D are following the elevation change of the D/S pond

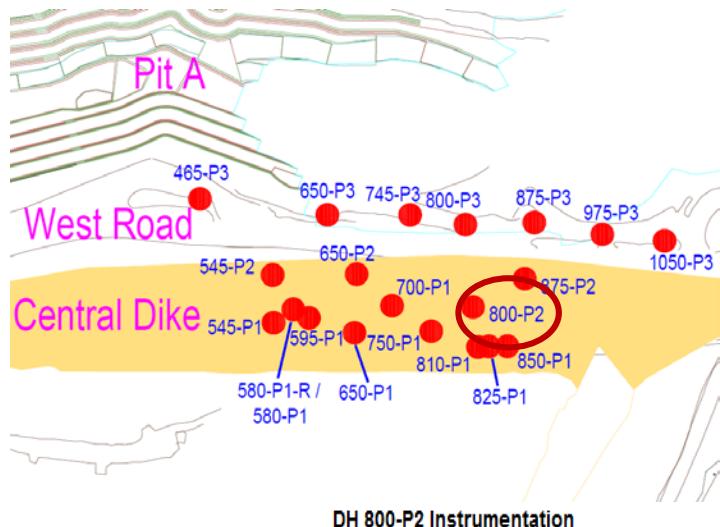


STA 810 Instrumentation

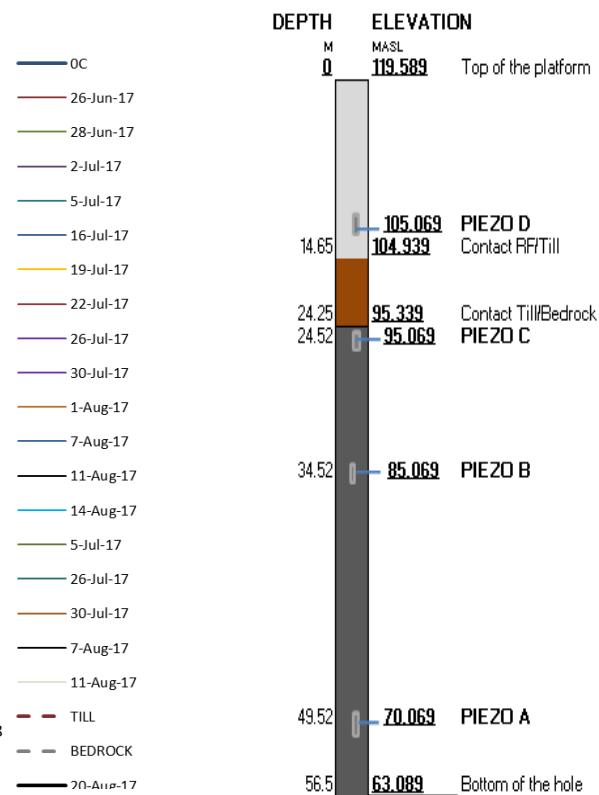
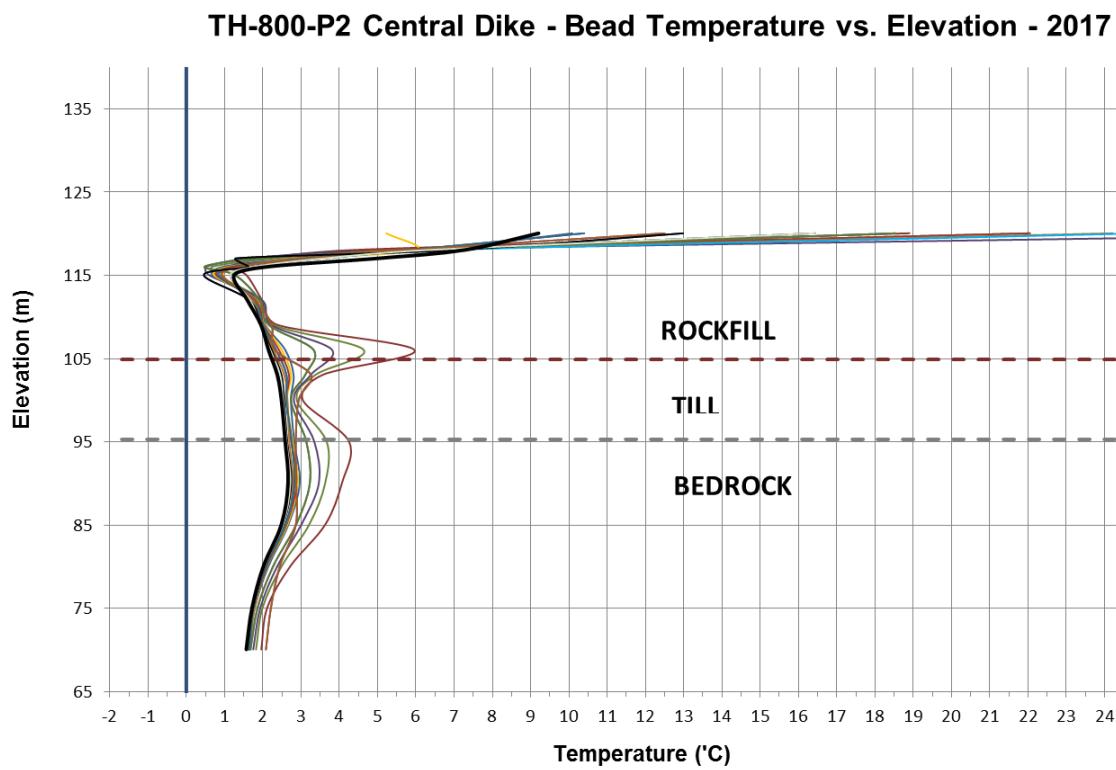


THERMISTOR 800-P2

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation of temperature ongoing
- ↗ Temperature above 0 °C

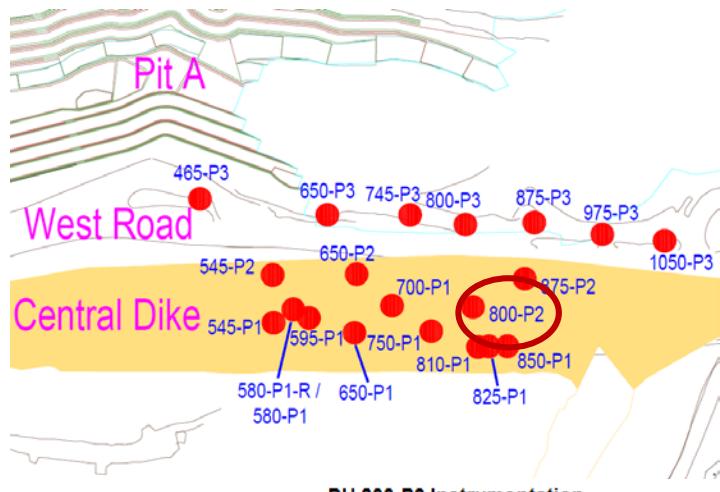


DH 800-P2 Instrumentation

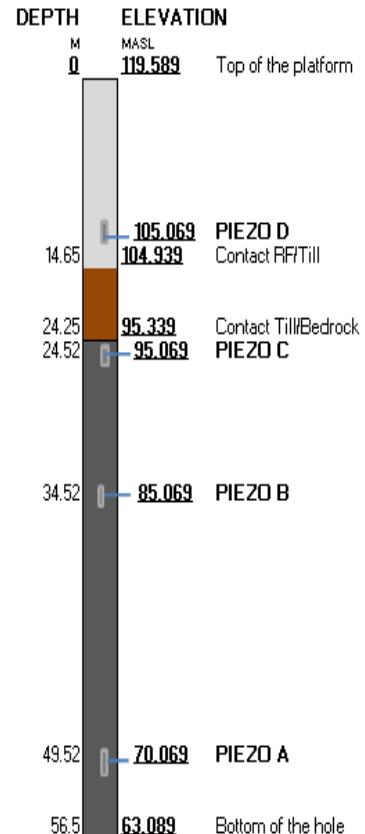
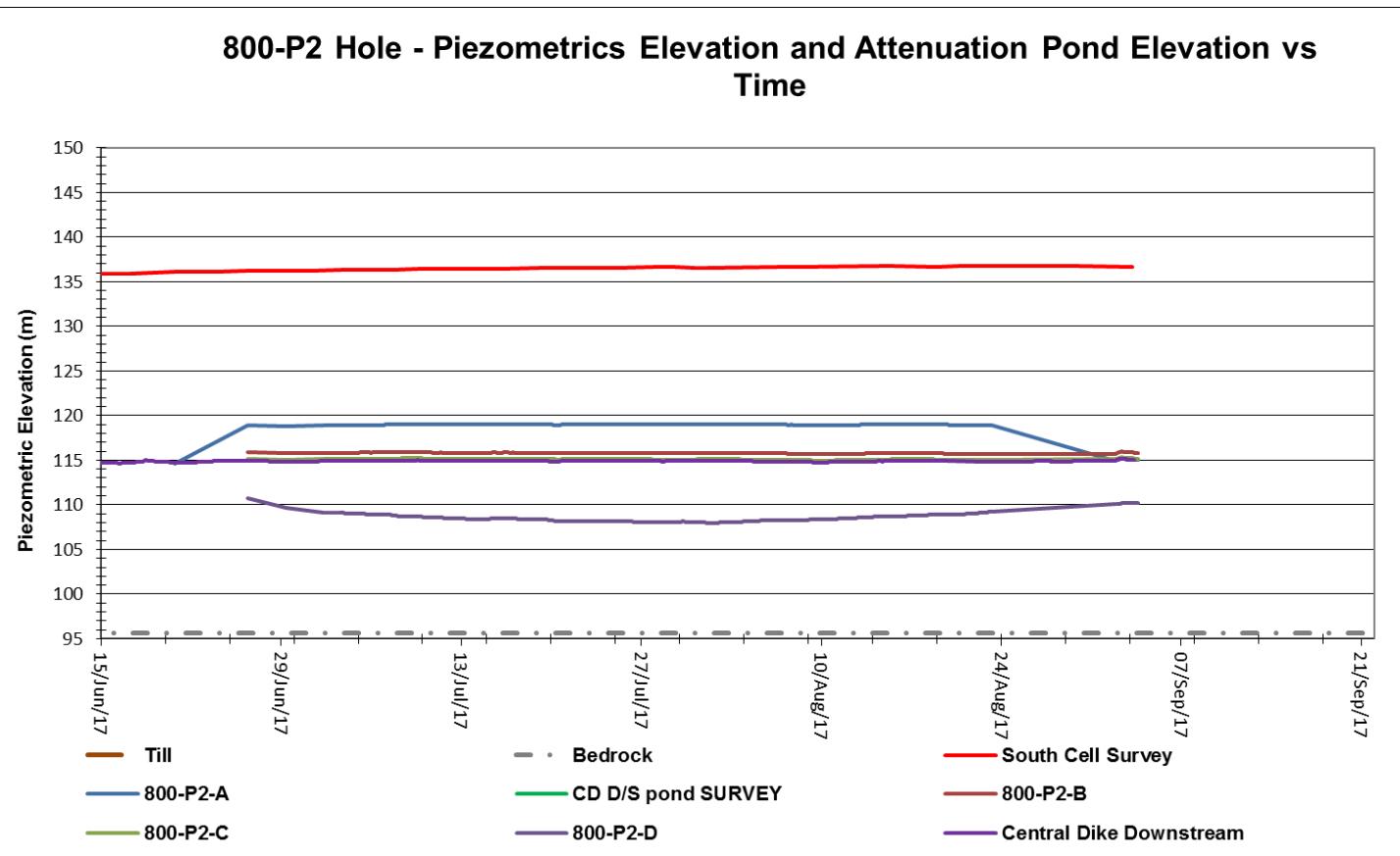


PIEZOMETER 800-P2

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation ongoing
- ↗ Piezo A, B and C are showing pressure readings similar to the elevation of the D/S pond.

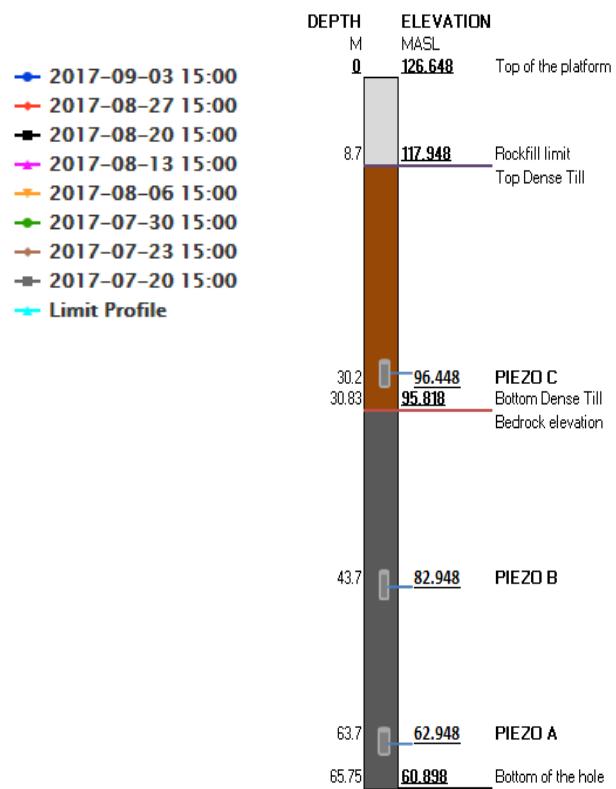
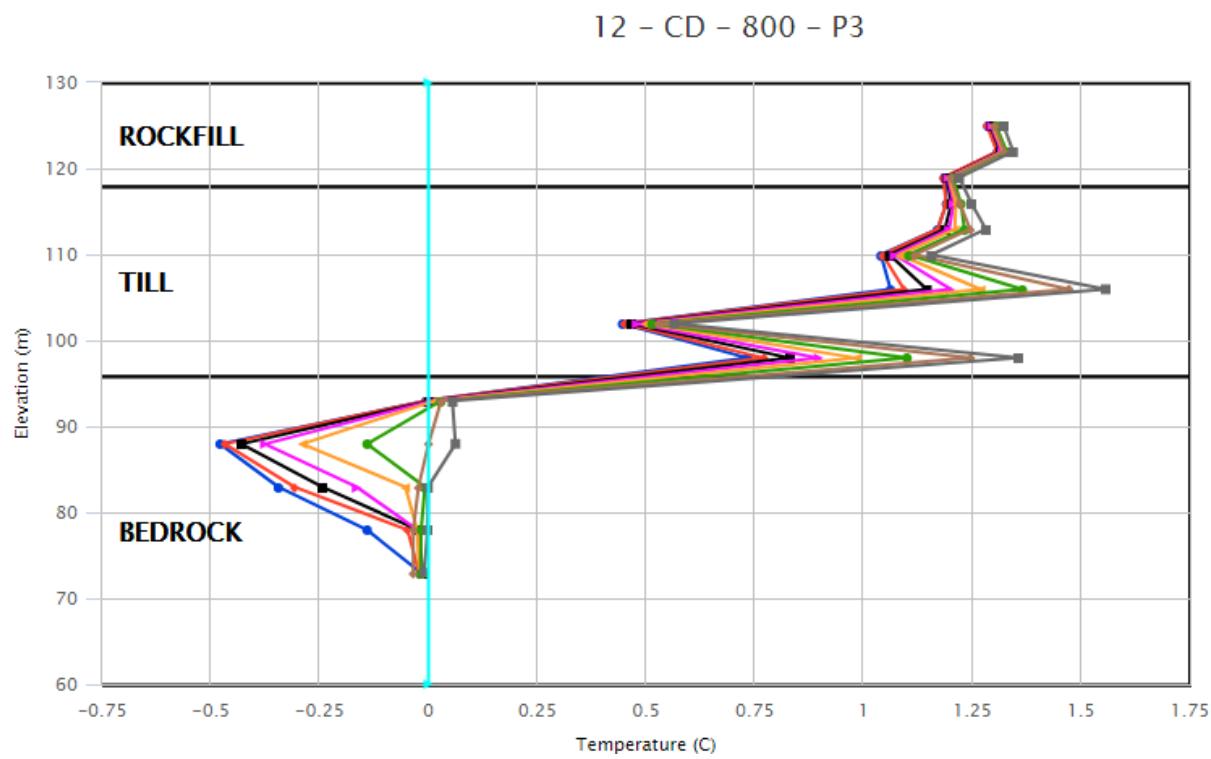
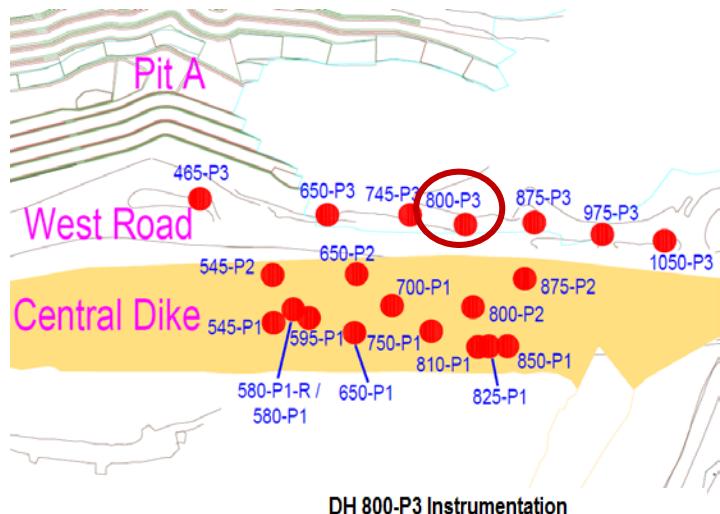


DH 800-P2 Instrumentation



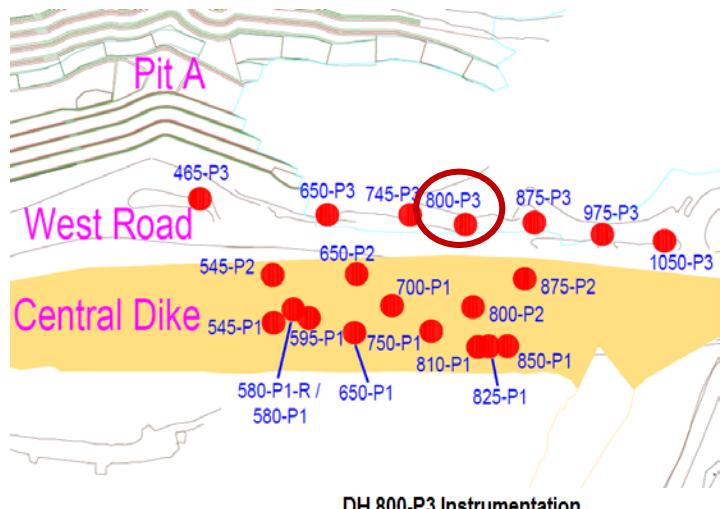
THERMISTOR 800-P3

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation in progress
- ↗ Temperature under 0° C below El. 93 m

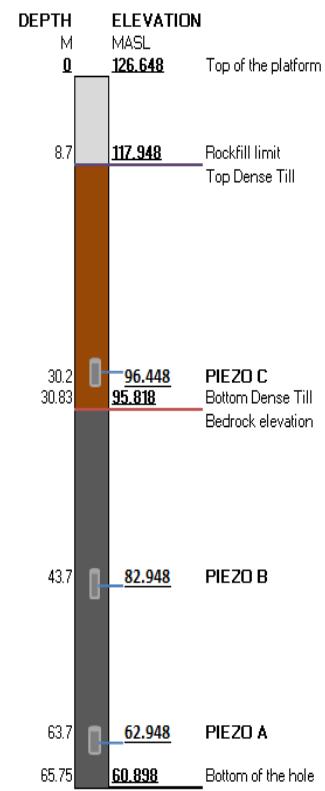
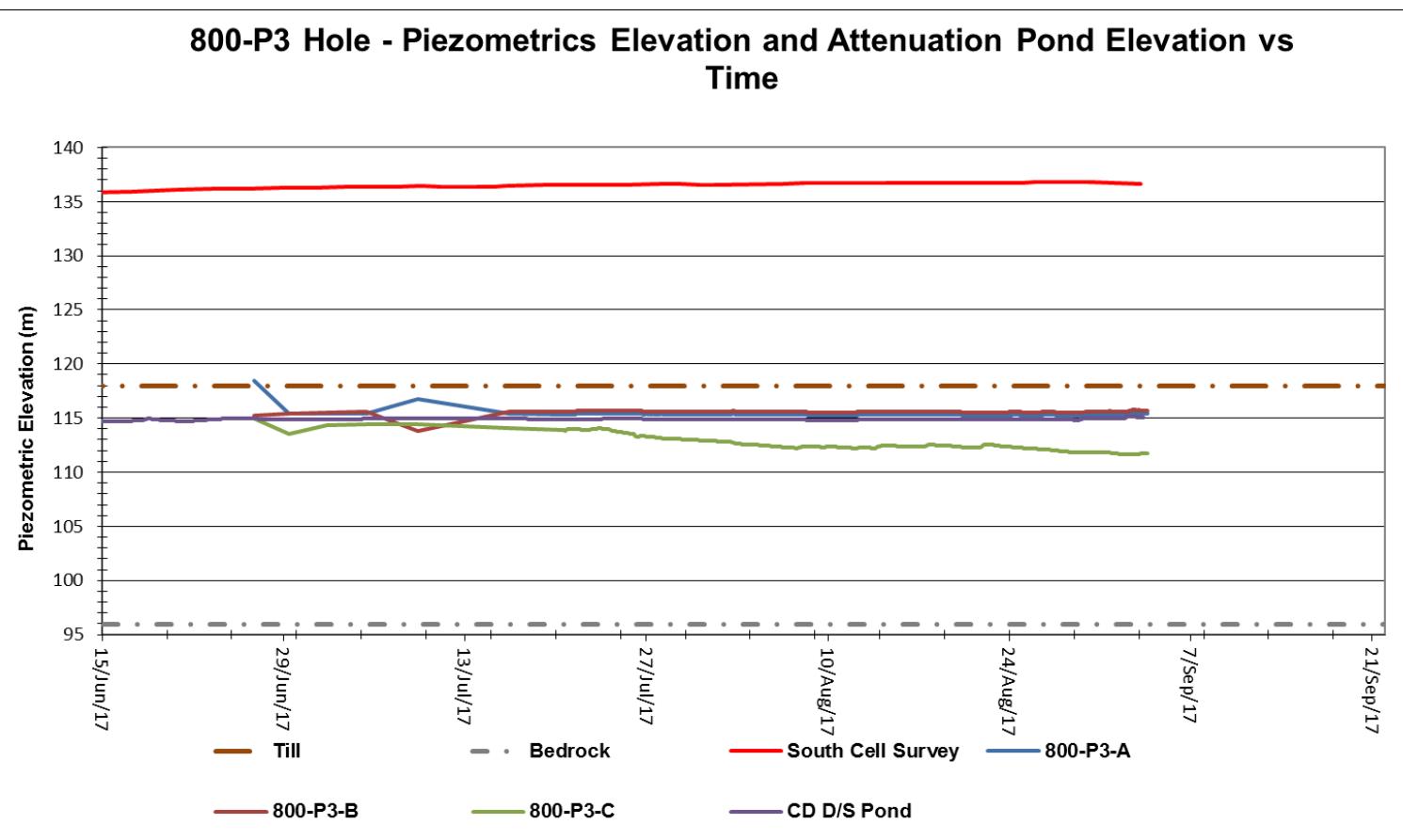


PIEZOMETERS 800-P3

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilization in progress
- ↗ Piezo A & B readings are similar to the D/S pond elevation readings
- ↗ Piezo C readings is slowly decreasing

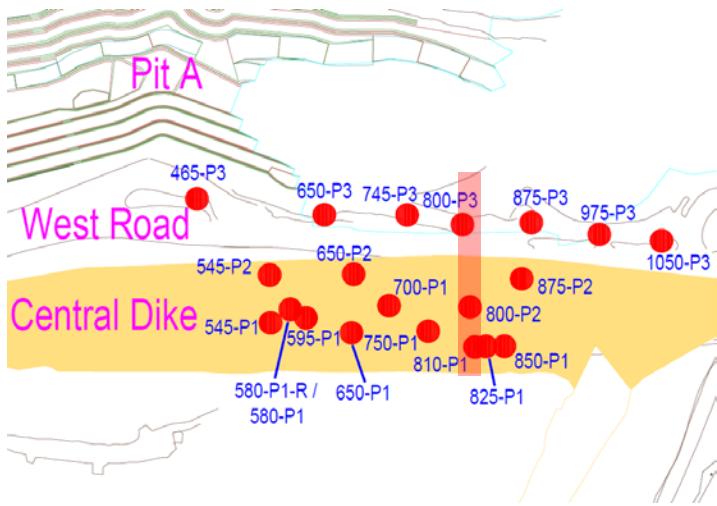
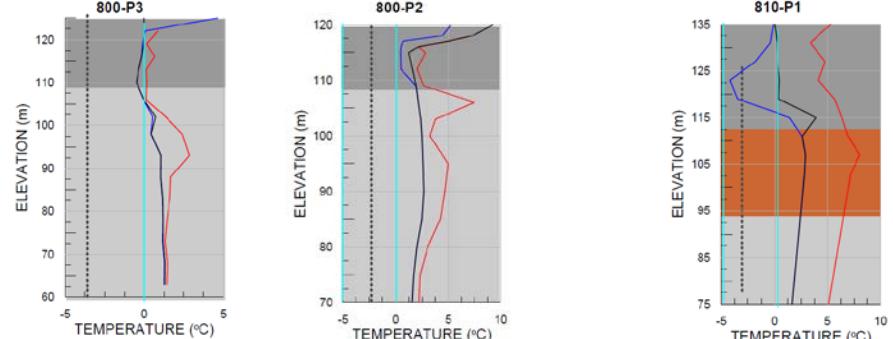


DH 800-P3 Instrumentation

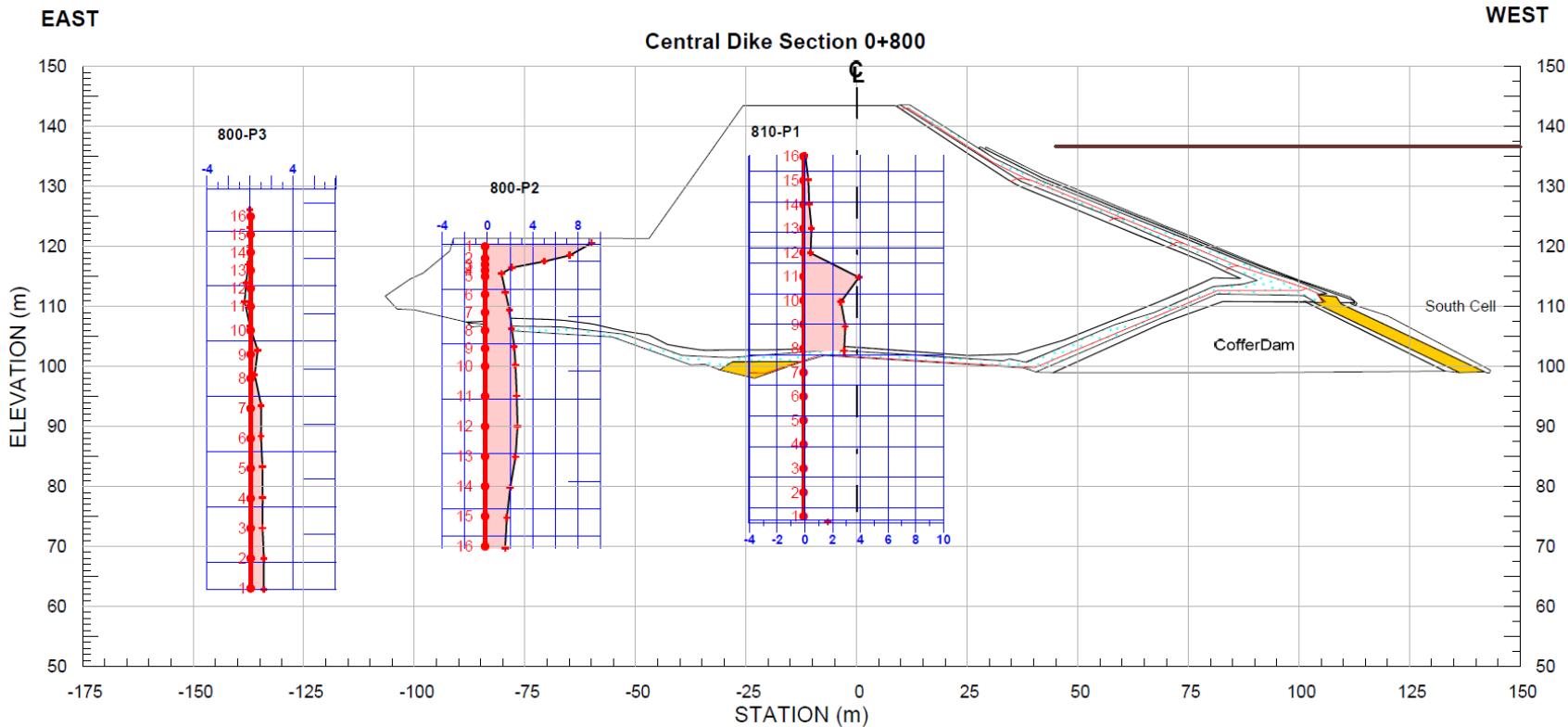


SECTION 800-810

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017

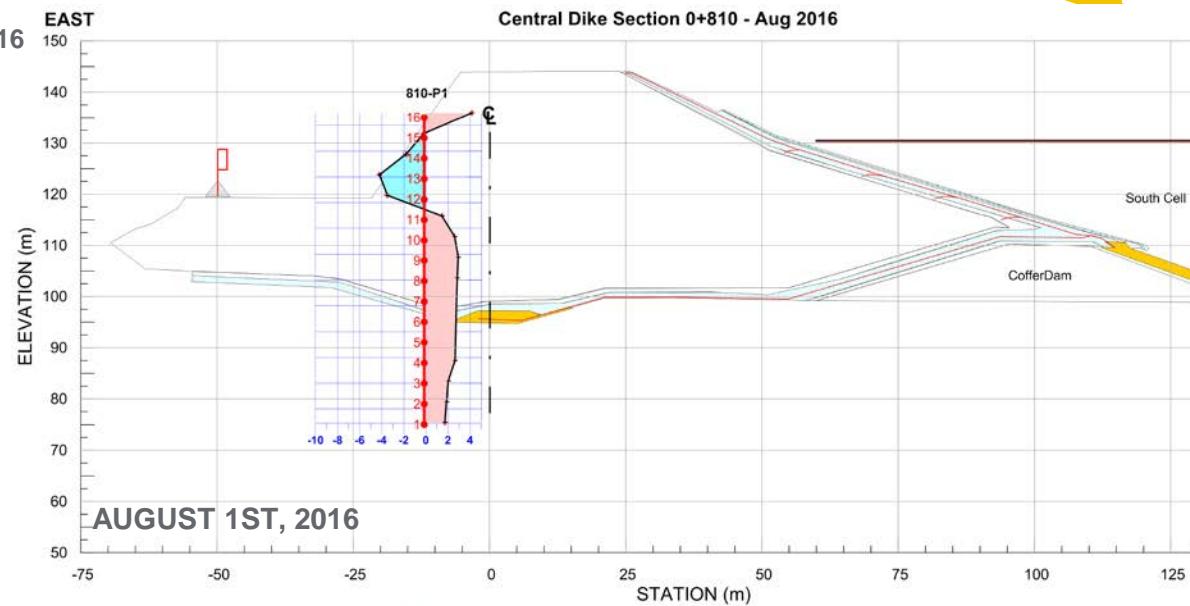
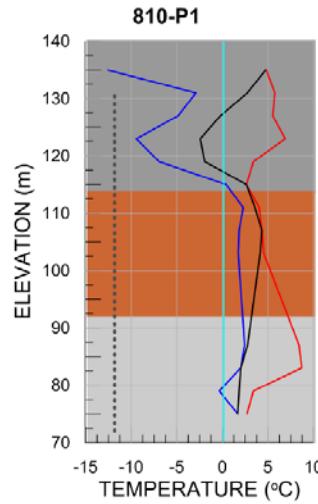


THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 1ST, 2017

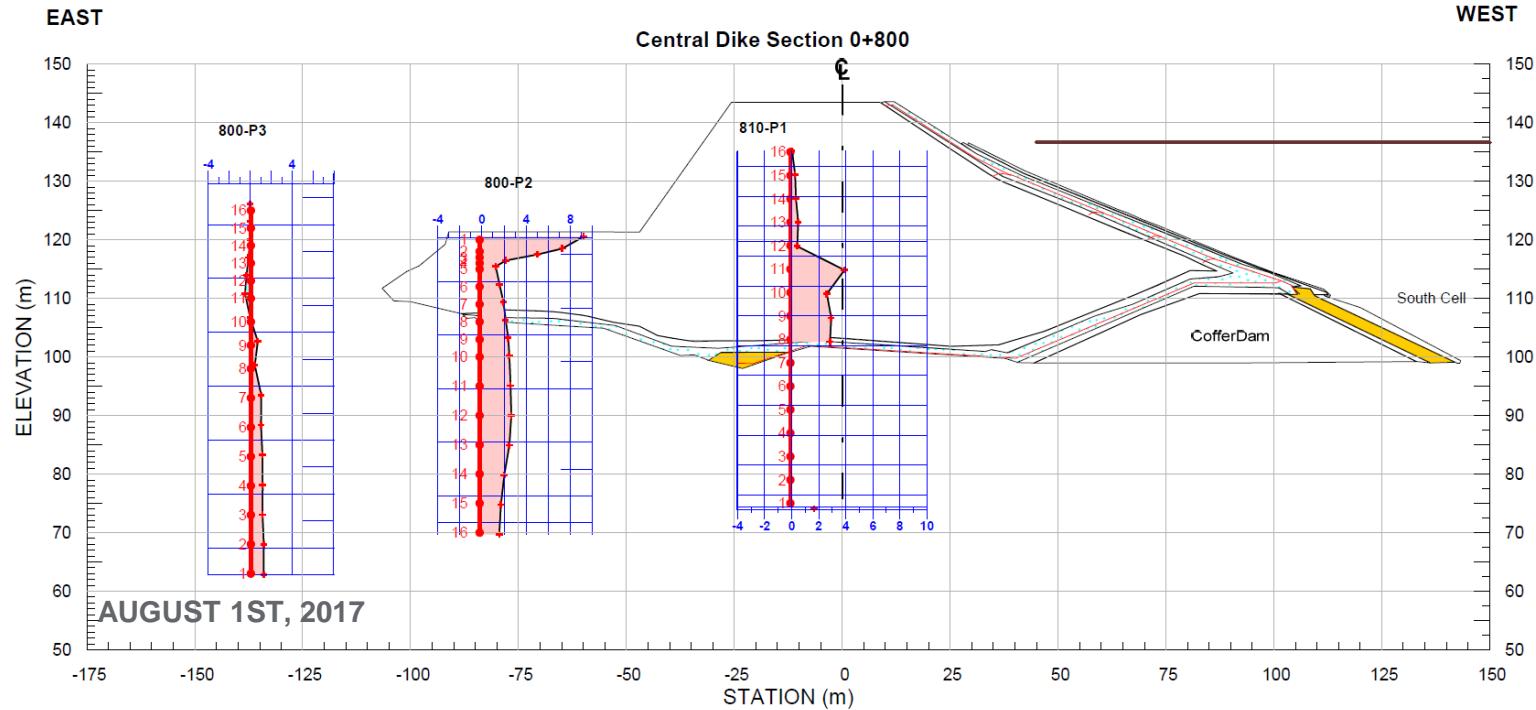
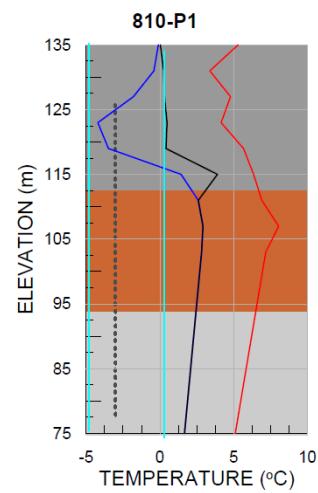


SECTION 800-810

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2015 - 2016

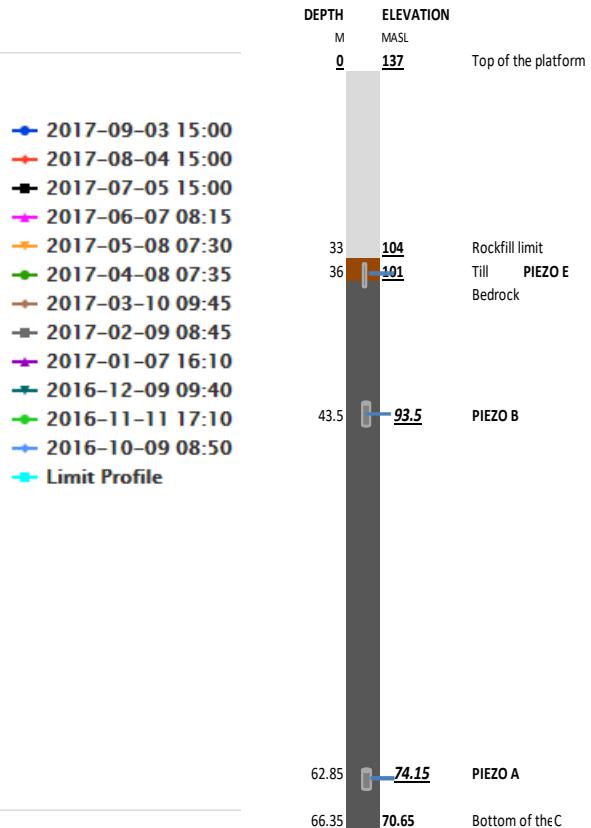
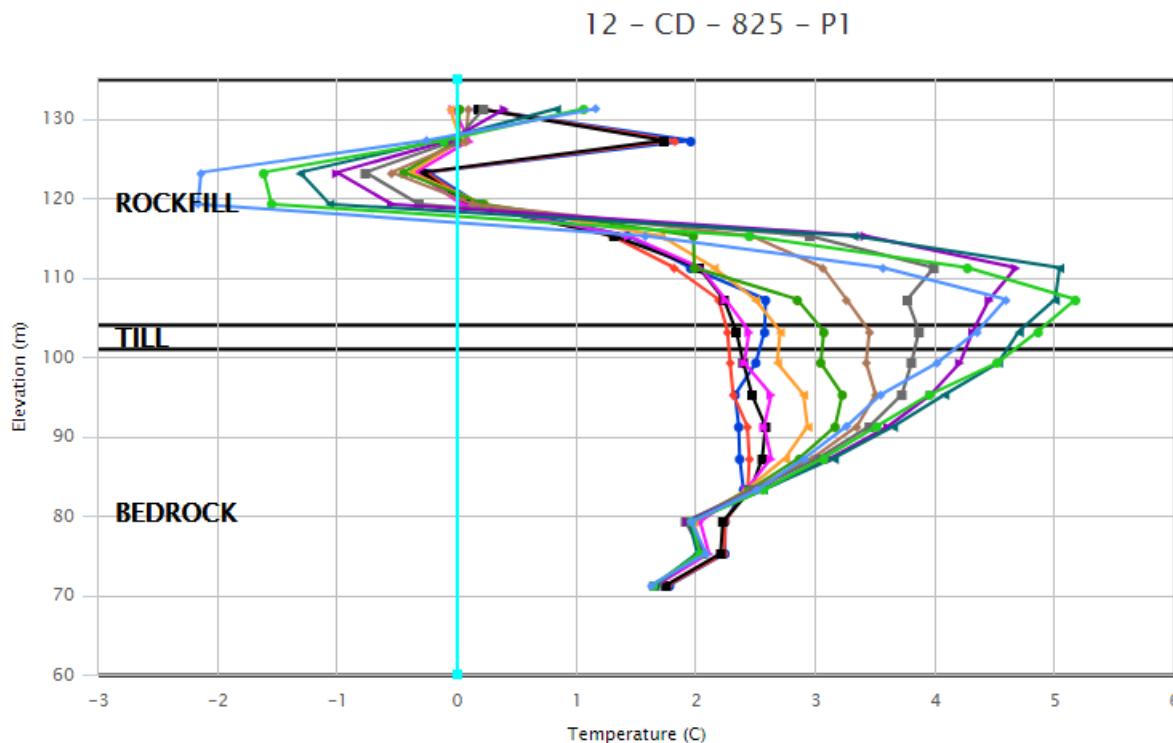
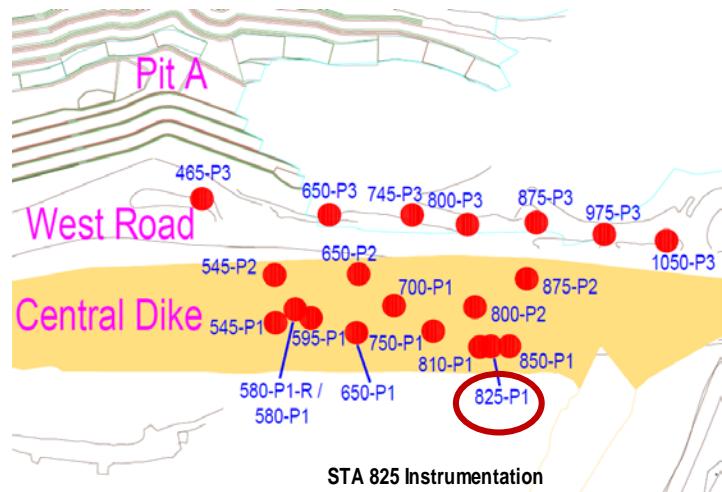


THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017



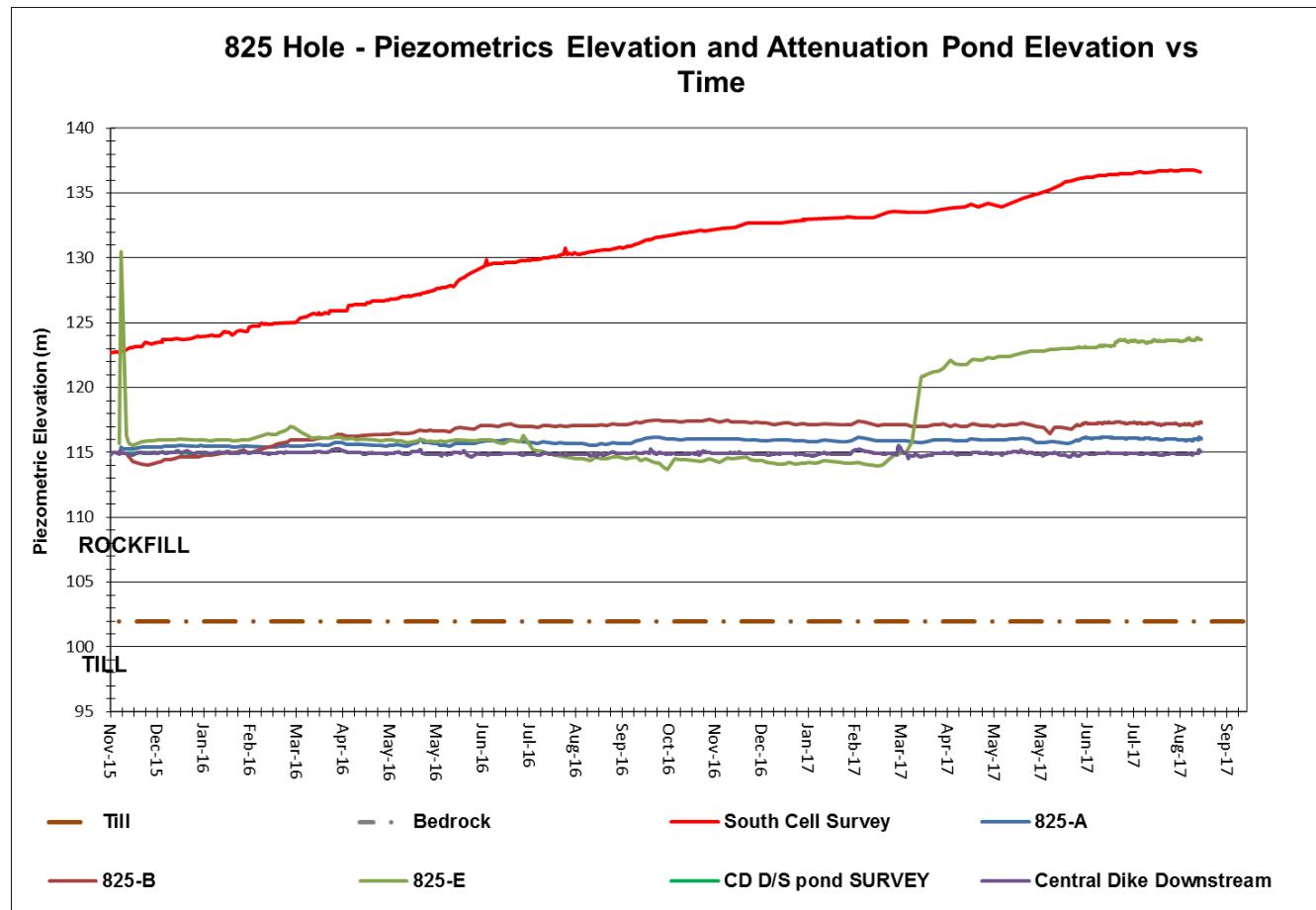
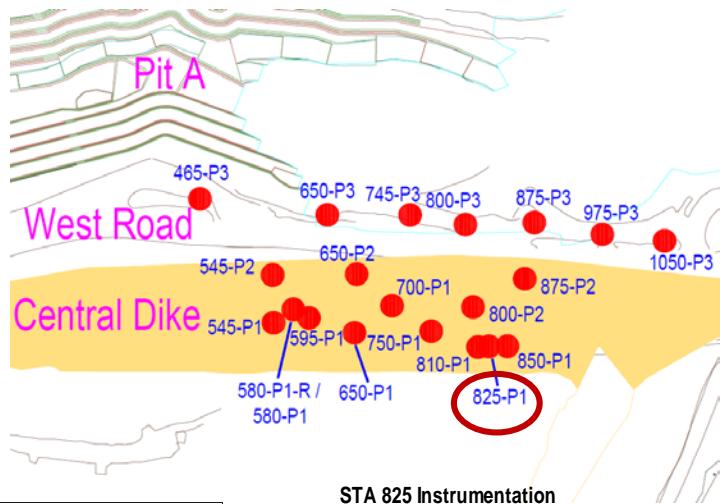
THERMISTOR 825-P1

- ↗ Temperature variation over the year inside the bedrock/till units is higher than in the previous year:
- ↗ 2016: [1.5, 3.2]
- ↗ 2017: [1.6, 4.5]
- ↗ Generally warmer readings recorded over the last year.



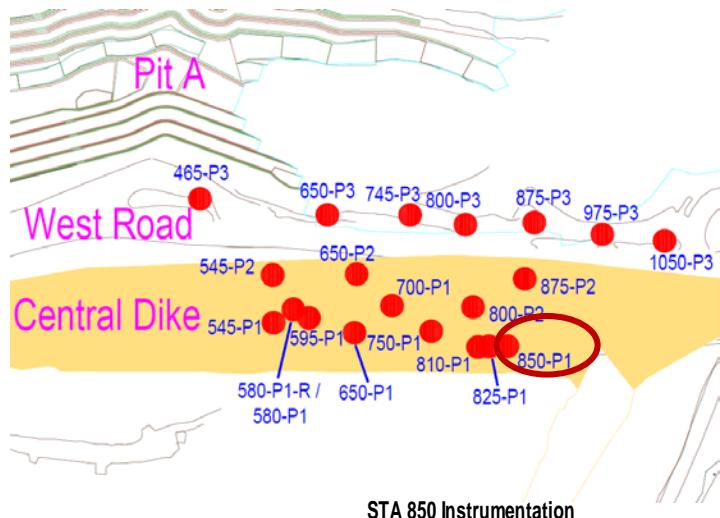
PIEZOMETER 825-P1

- Increased in piezometric elevation of Piezo E since April 2017. Seem to be connected now with South Cell.
- Piezo A and B showing readings similar to the D/S pond and are reacting directly with elevation change.

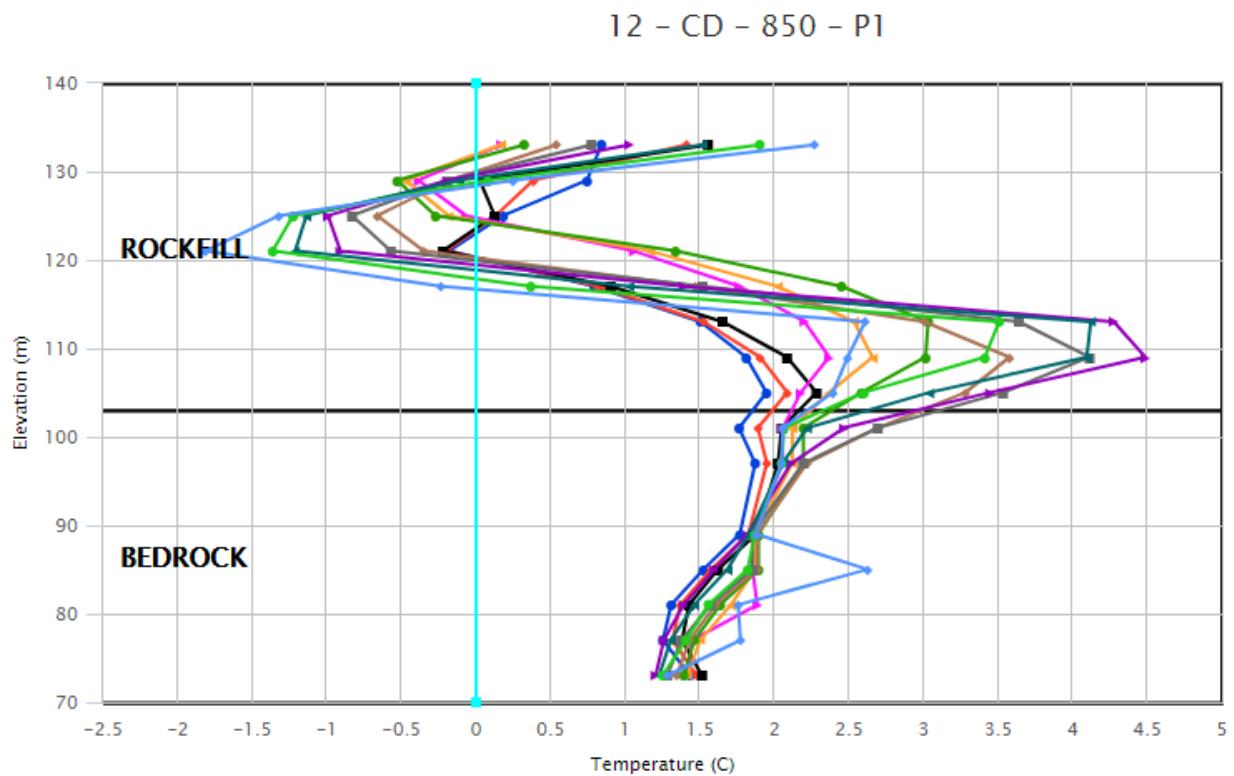


THERMISTOR 850-P1

- Temperature above 0° C in bedrock at 850-P1
- Similar profile than in 2016

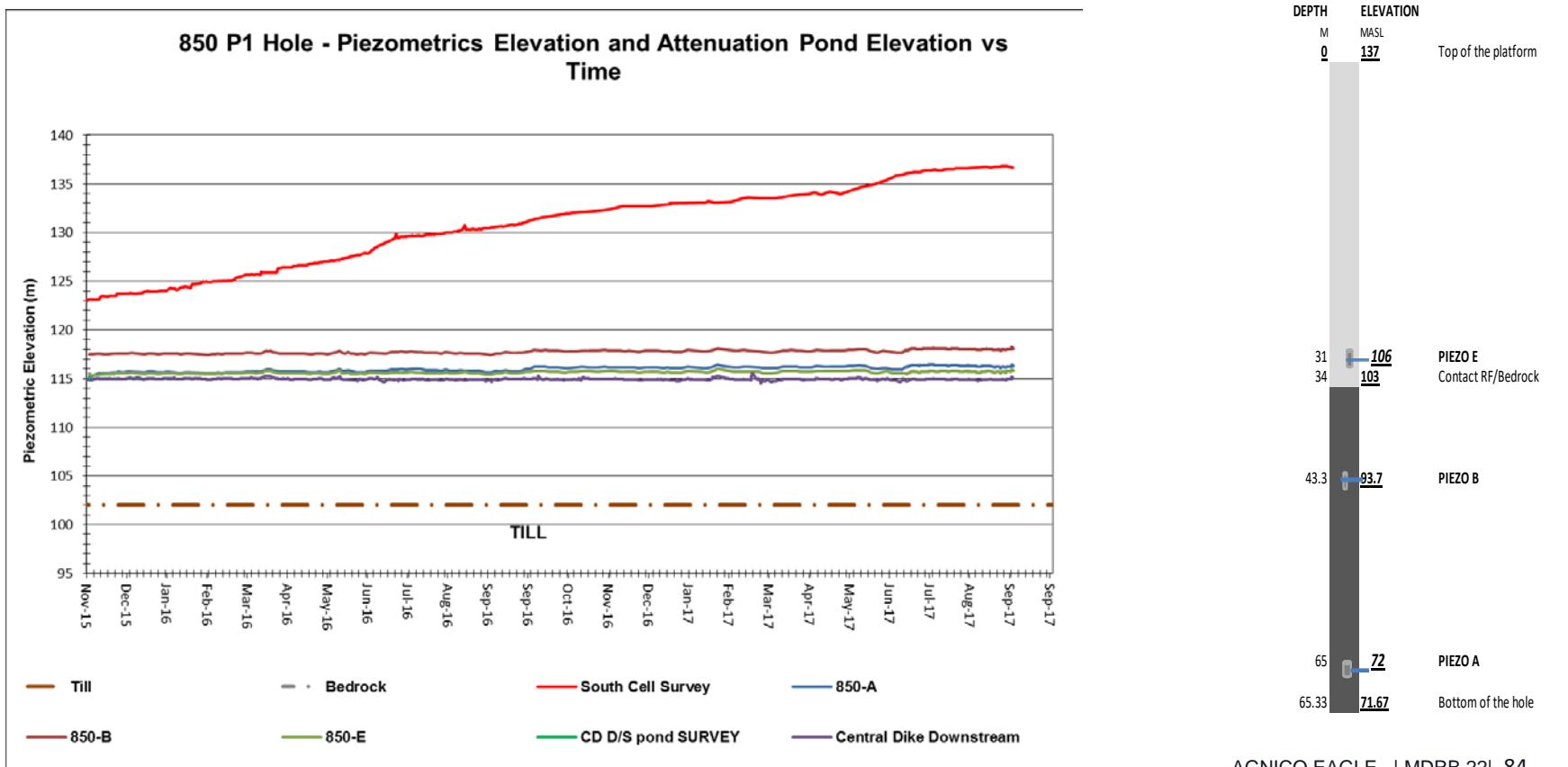
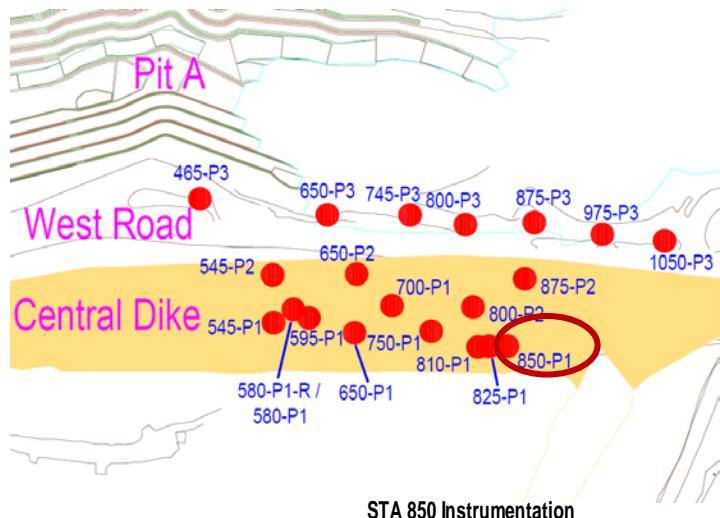


STA 850 Instrumentation



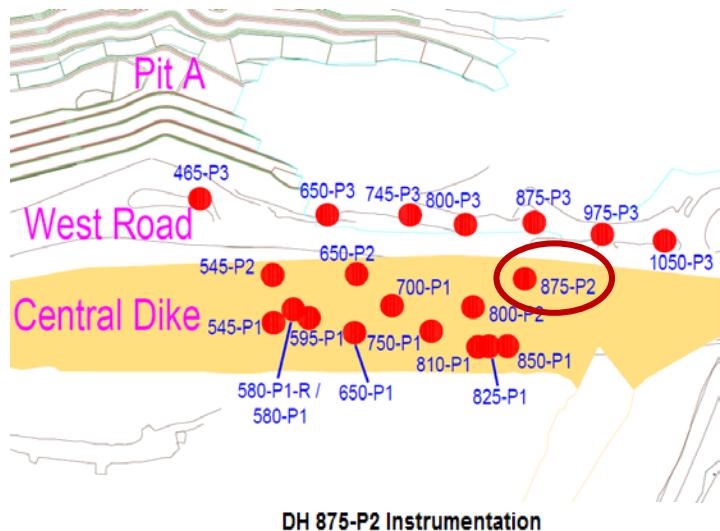
PIEZOMETER 850-P1

- ↗ All piezometer are following the trend of the D/S pond regime
- ↗ However piezo B is one of the highest in the piezometer readings that have stable reading (117.5m)



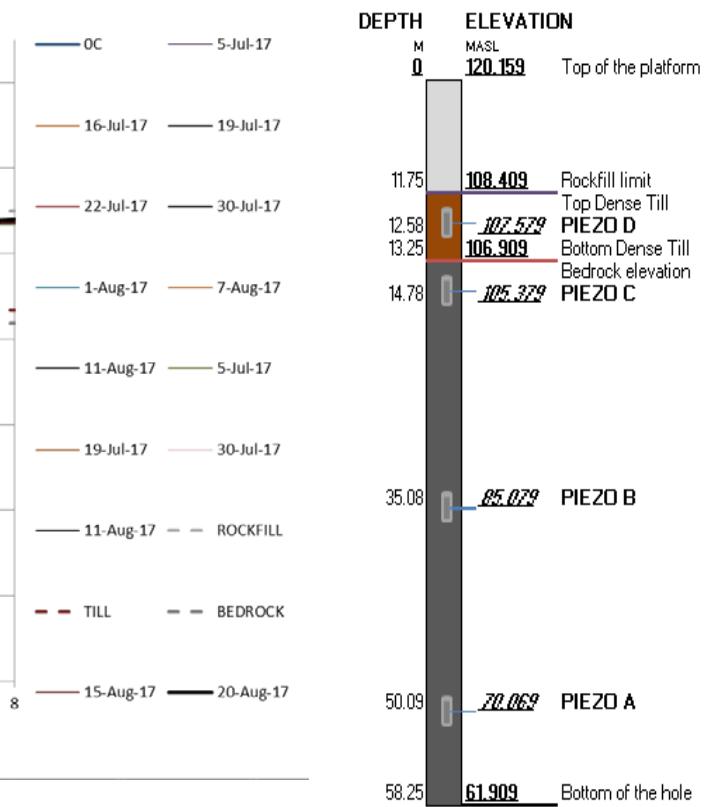
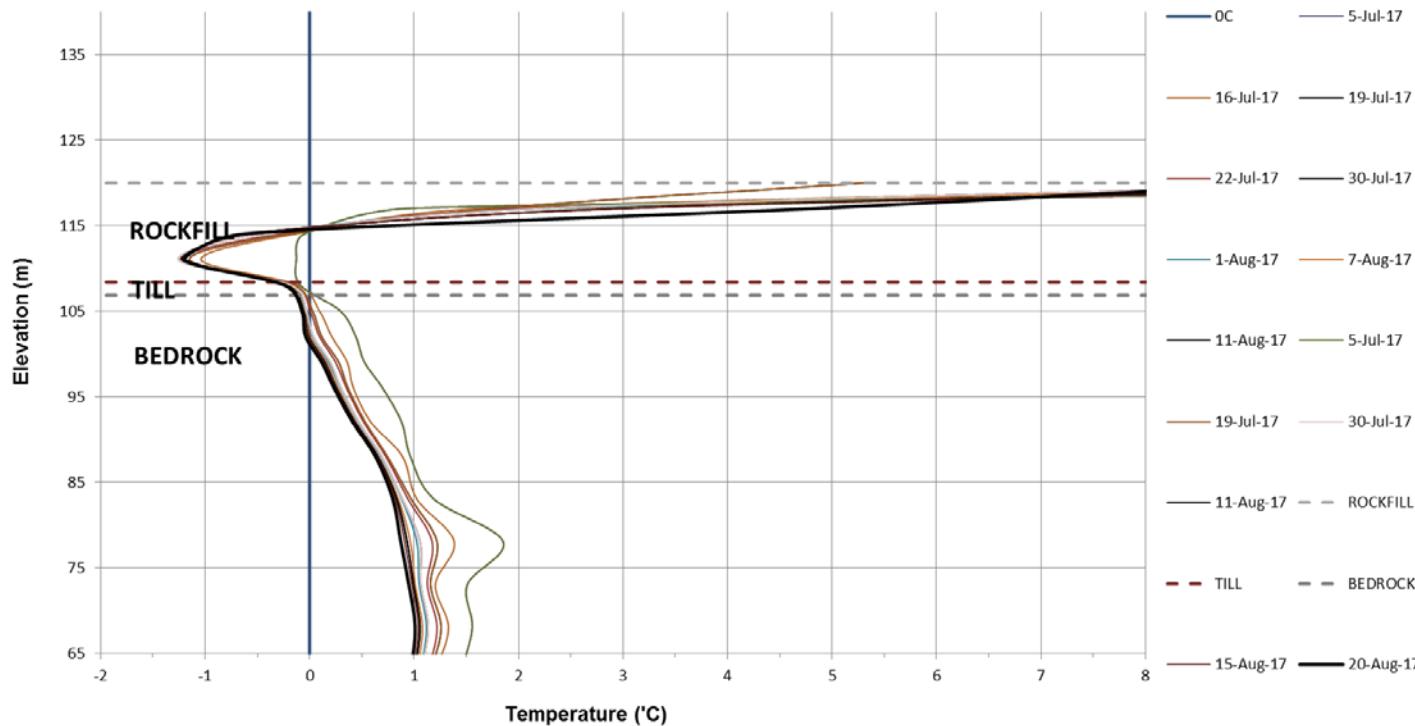
THERMISTOR 875-P2

- ↗ New thermistor installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation of temperature ongoing
- ↗ Bedrock temperature above 0° C



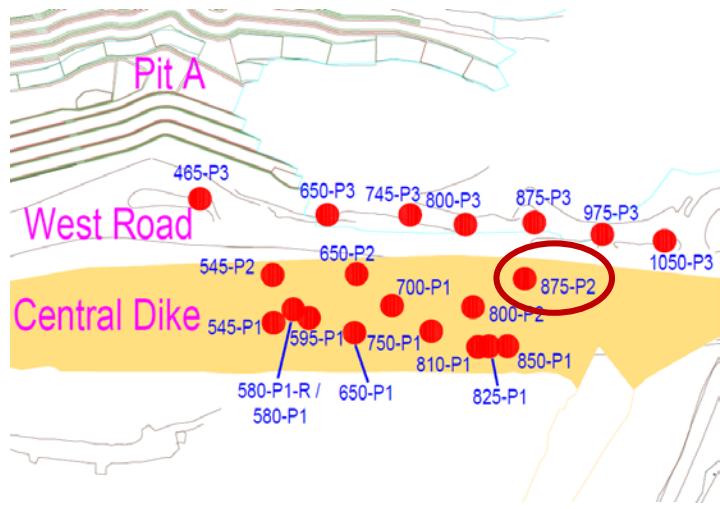
DH 875-P2 Instrumentation

TH-875-P2 Central Dike - Bead Temperature vs. Elevation - 2017

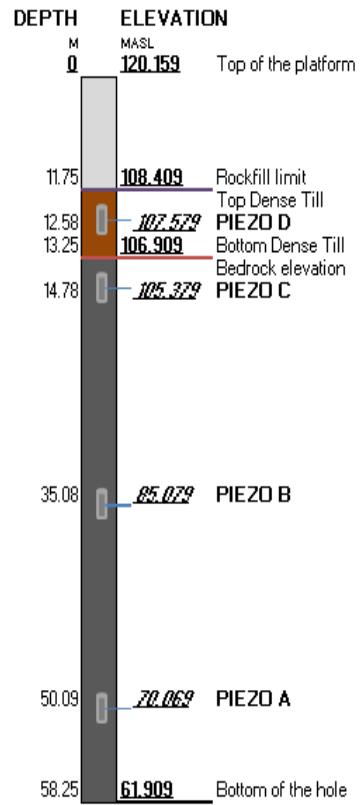
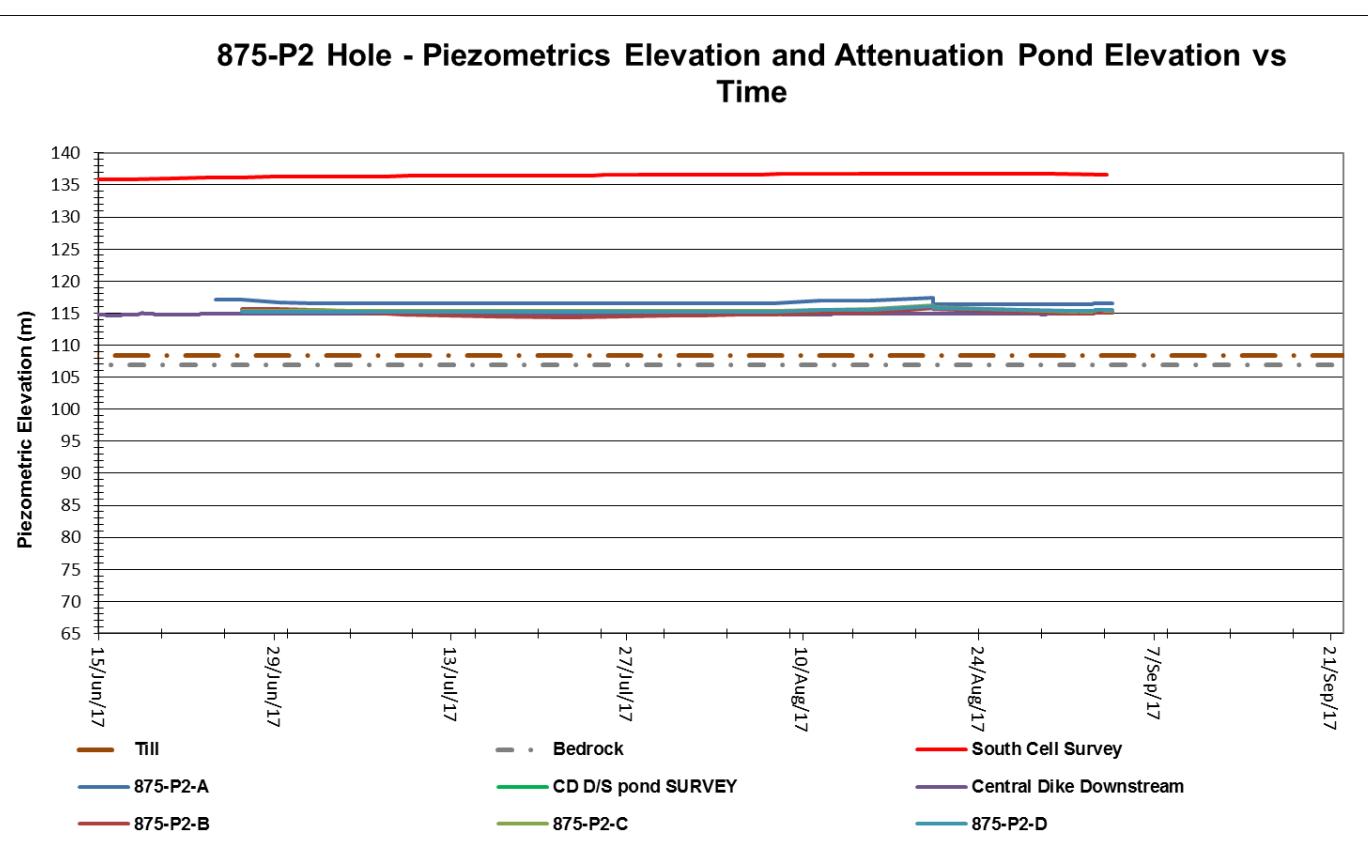


PIEZOMETER 875-P2

- >All piezometer are following the trend of the D/S pond regime
- Small glitch in the data was observed when automatization of the system was completed

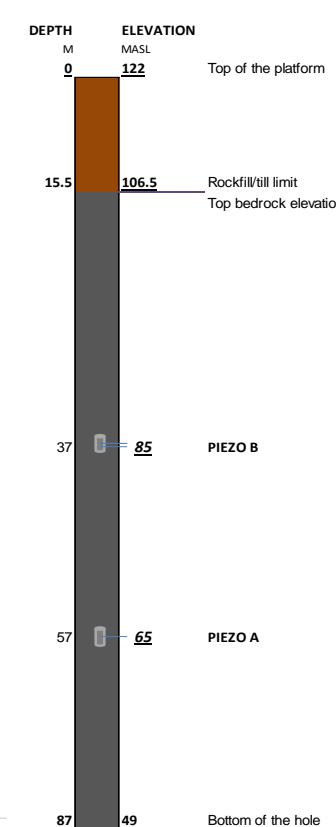
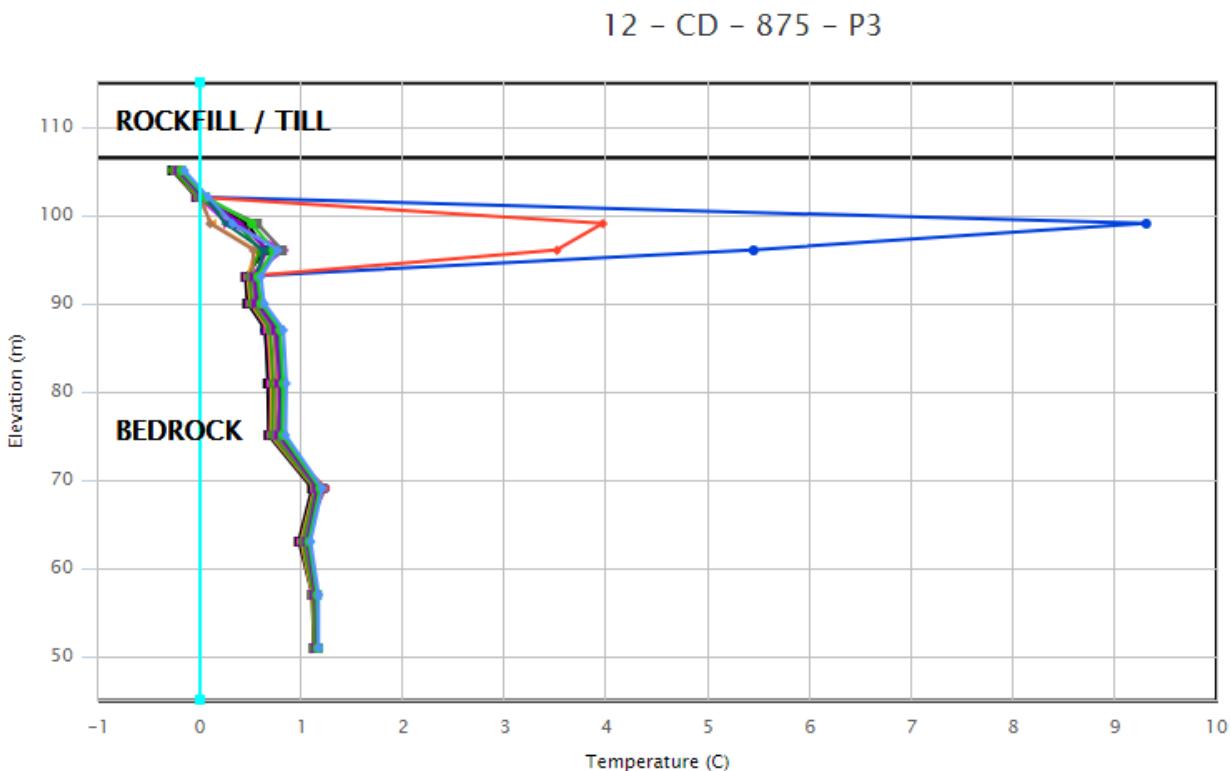
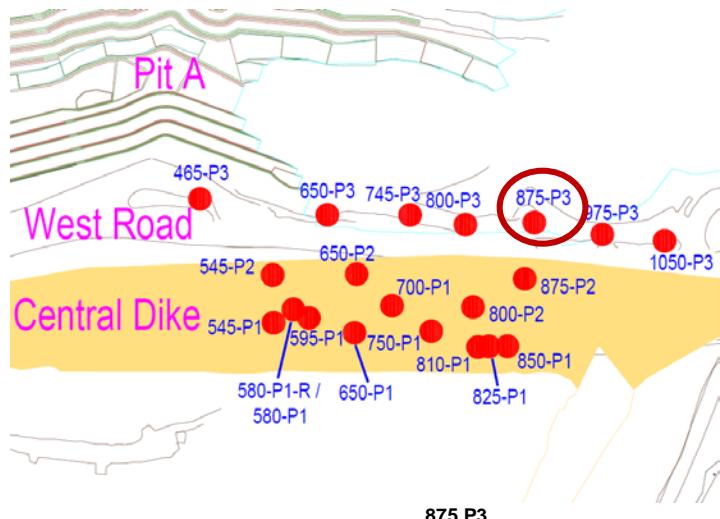


DH 875-P2 Instrumentation



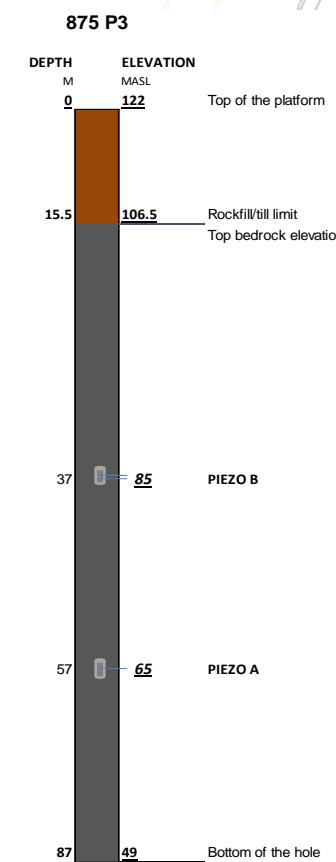
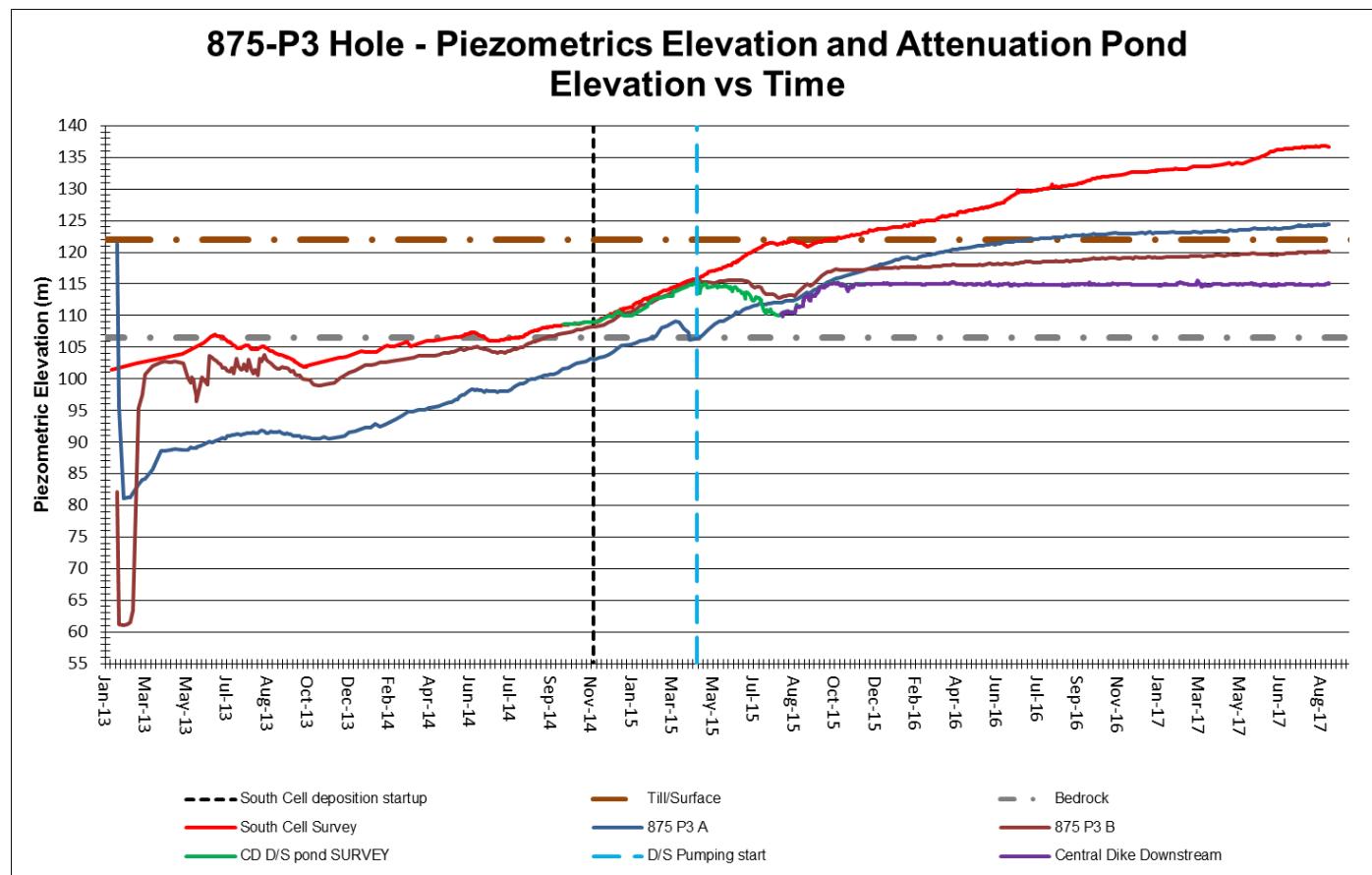
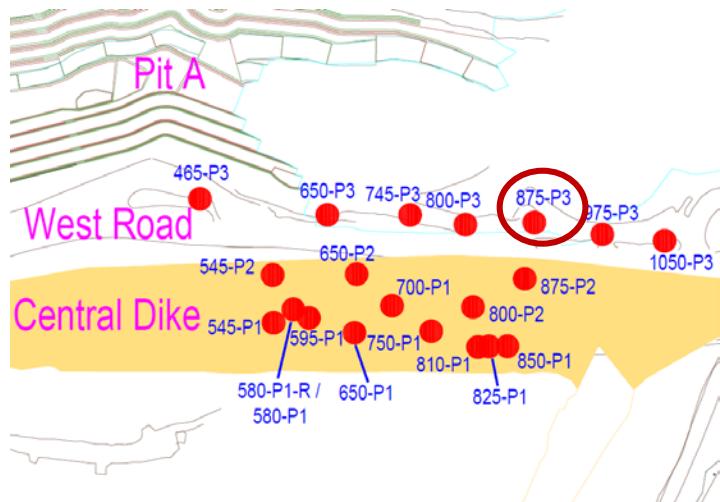
THERMISTOR 875-P3

- Temperature above 0° C in bedrock at 875-P3
- Temperature spike at El.96 m and 99 m are related to capacitance effect.



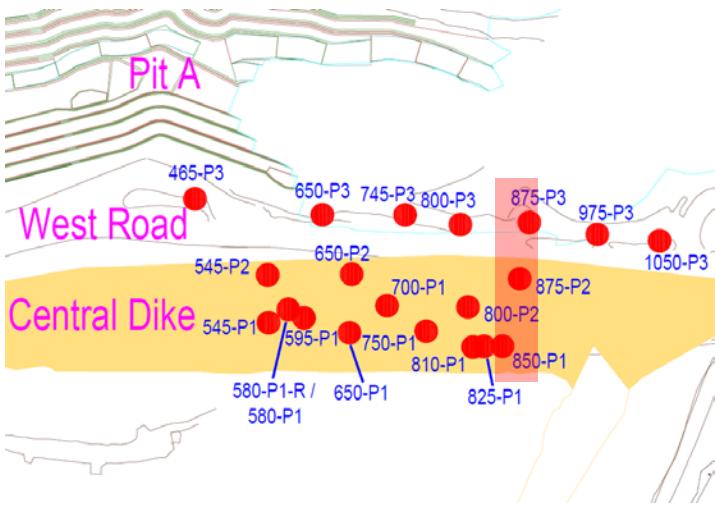
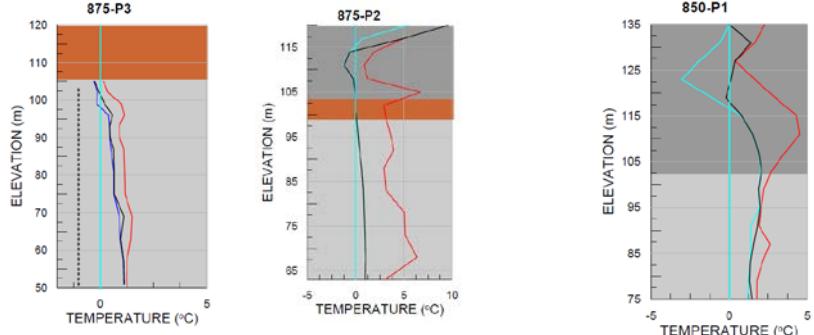
PIEZOMETER 875-P3

- Piezometer at 875-P3 are in bedrock and are impacted by increase in South Cell head

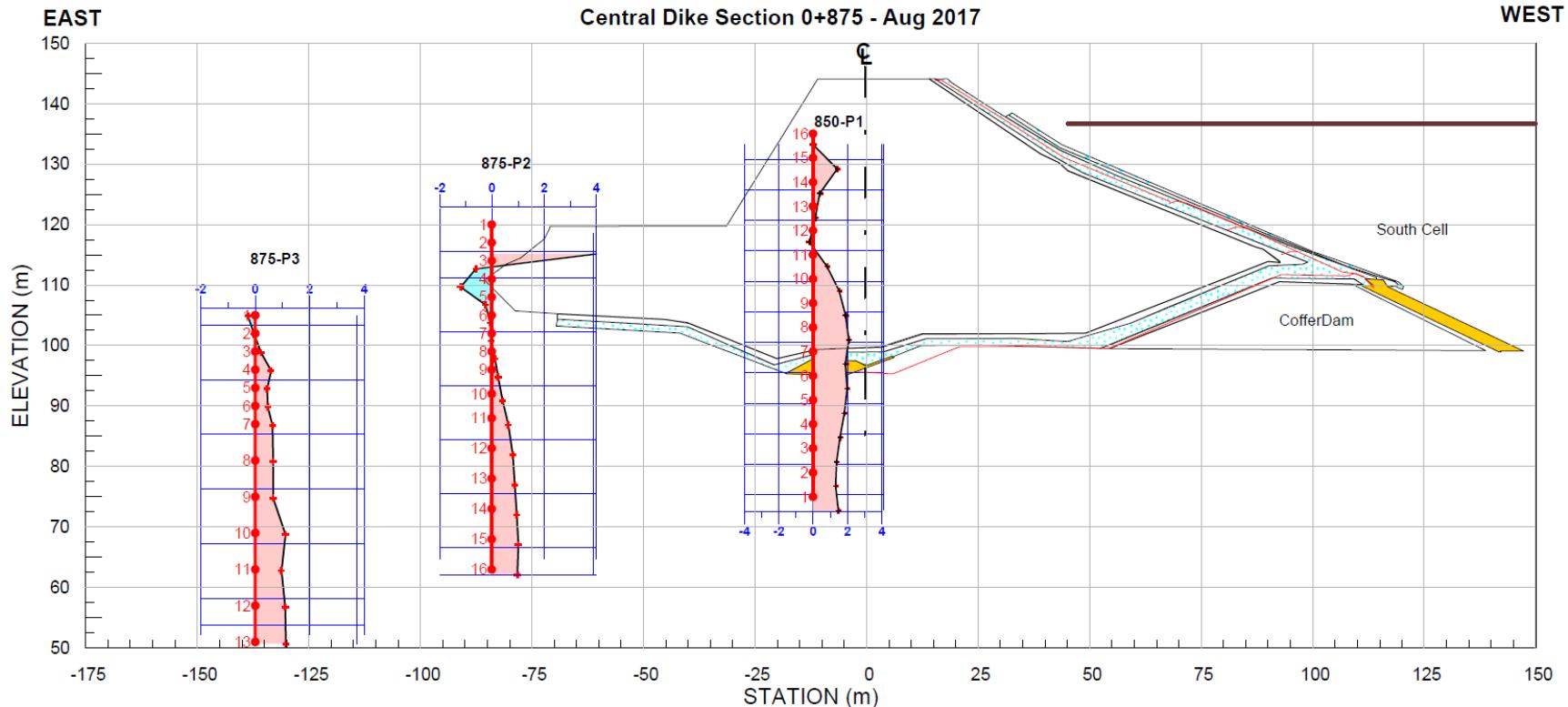


SECTION 850-875

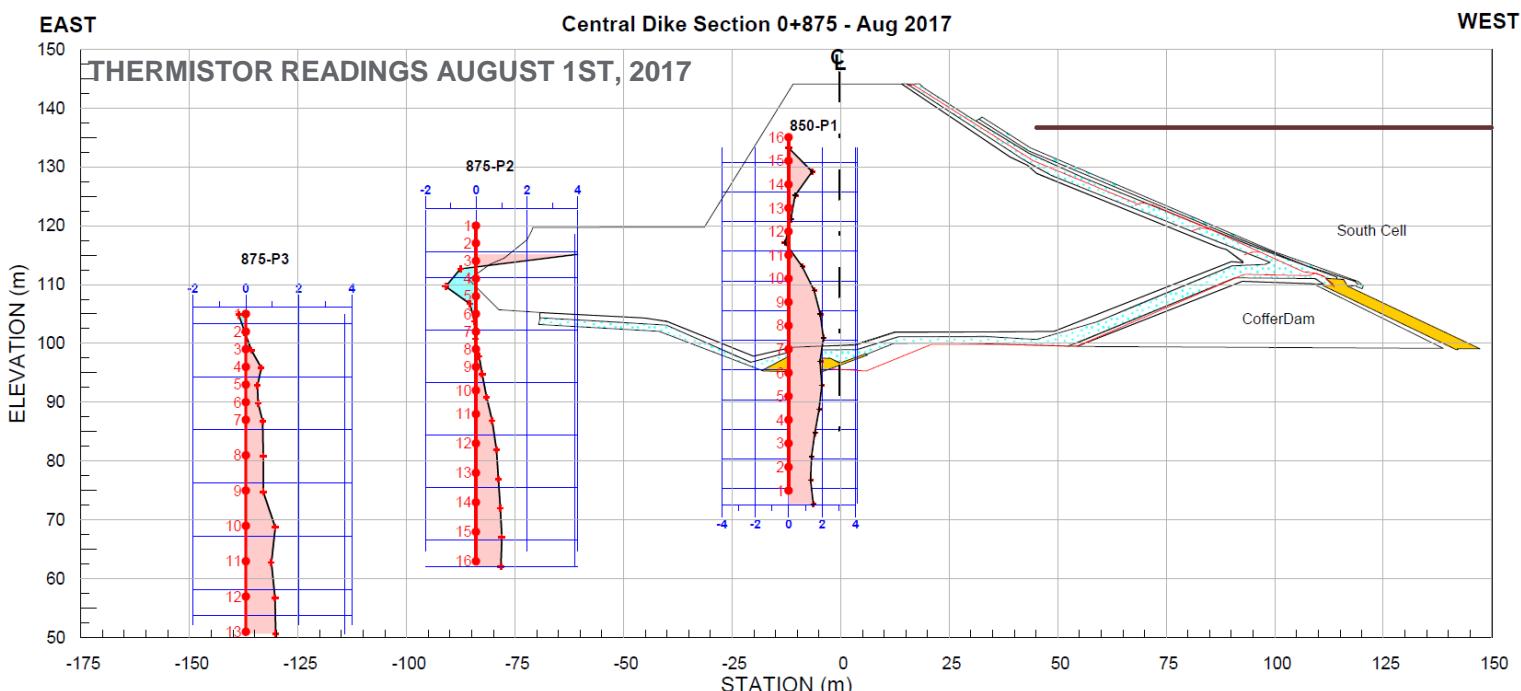
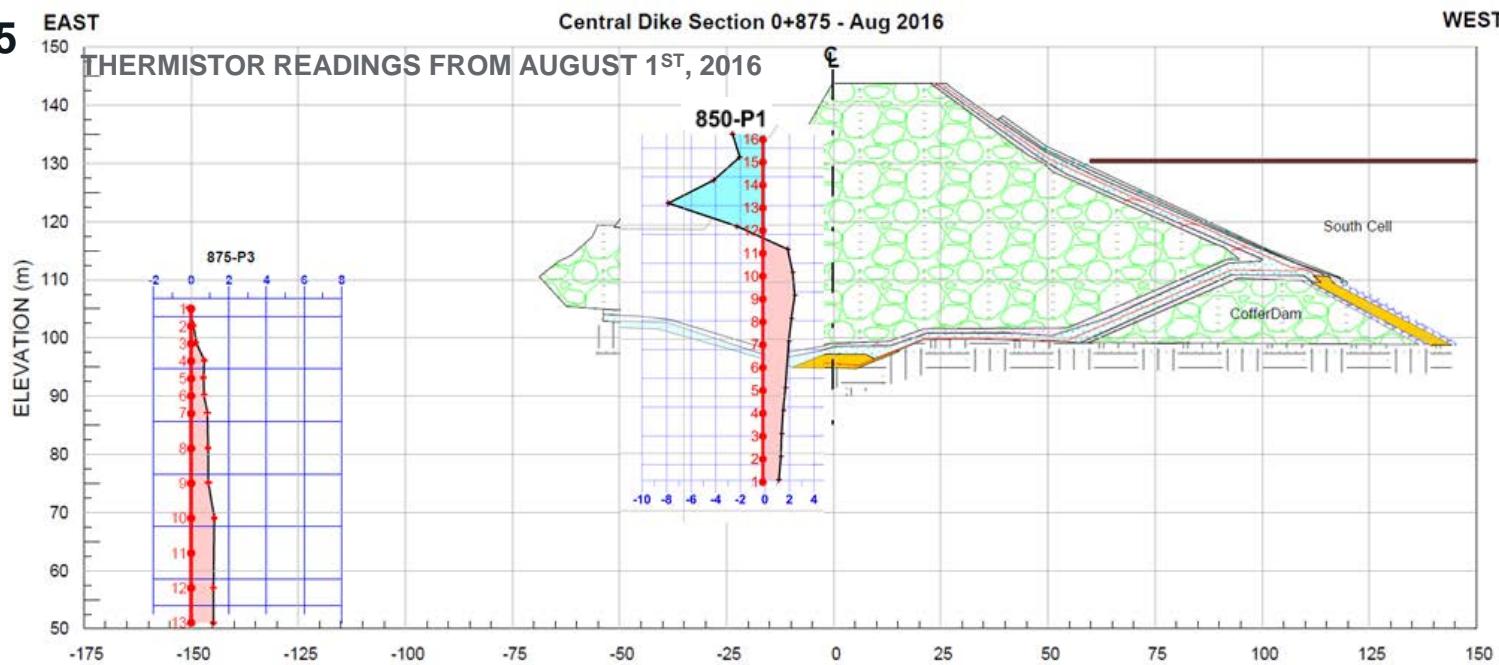
THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017



THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 1ST, 2017

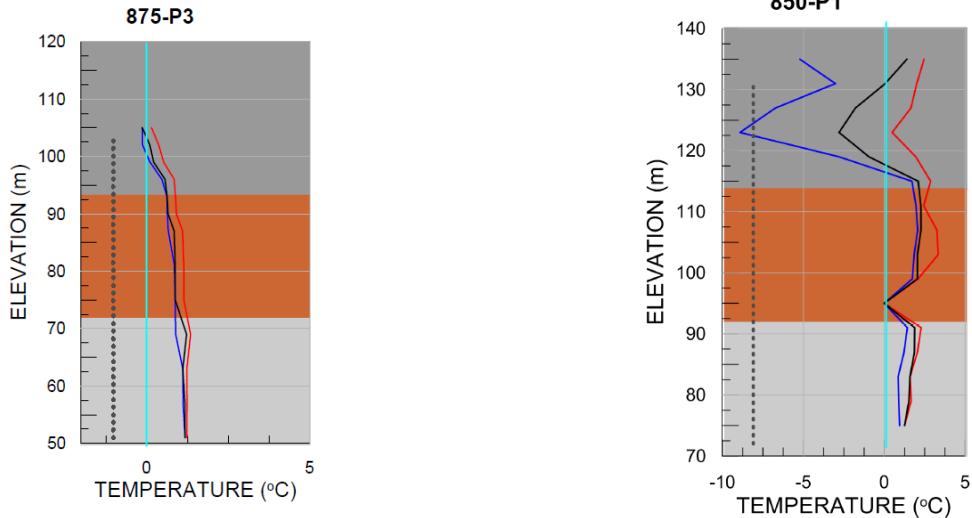


SECTION 850-875

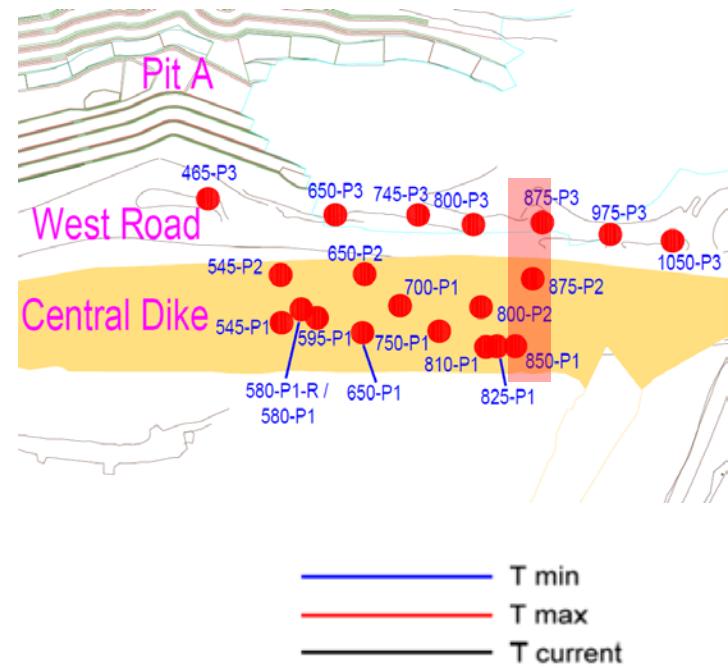
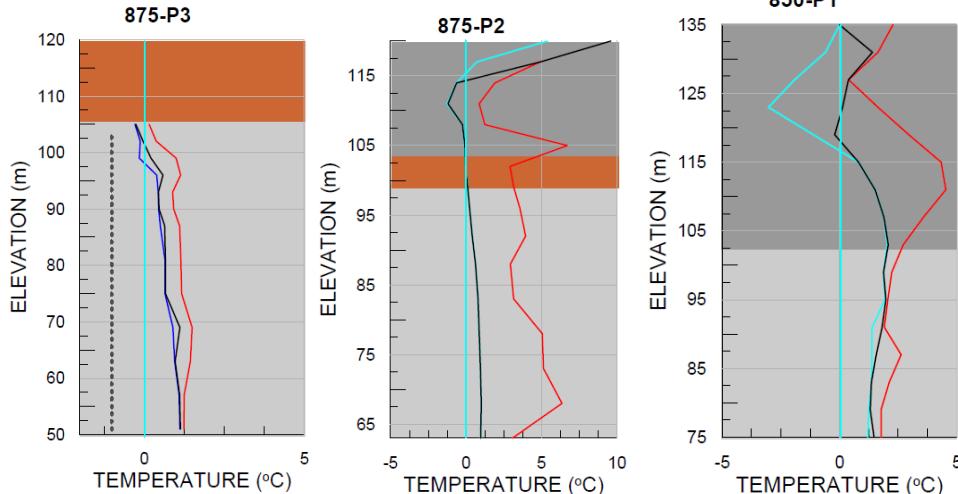


SECTION 850-875

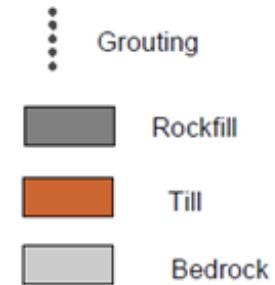
THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 2015-2016



THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 2016-2017



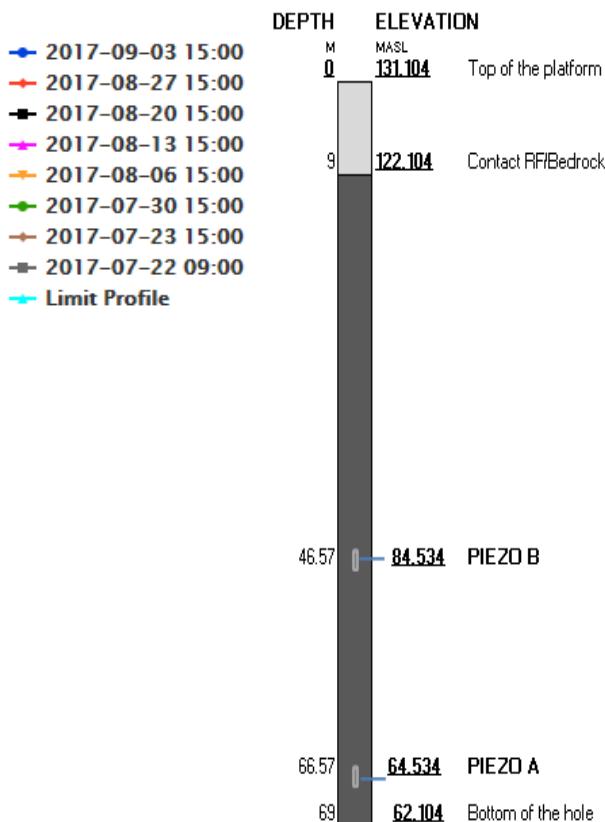
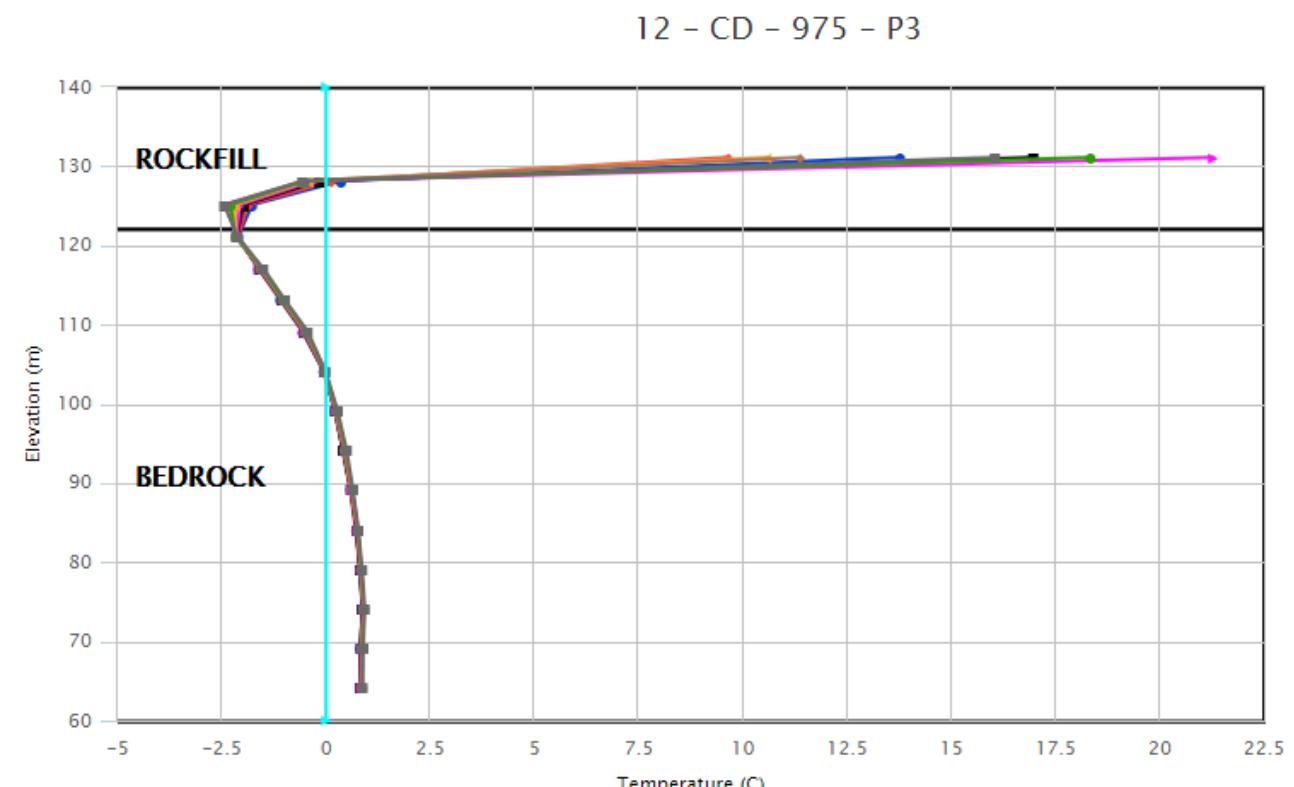
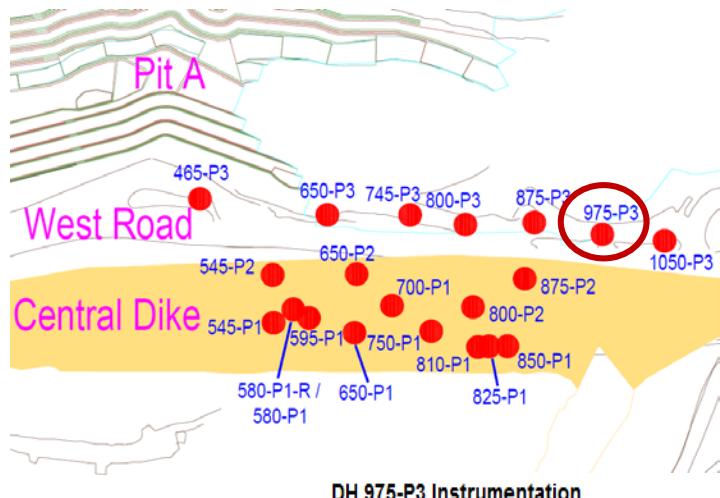
LEGEND



2017 graph are showing the good representation of the bedrock/till/rockfill units

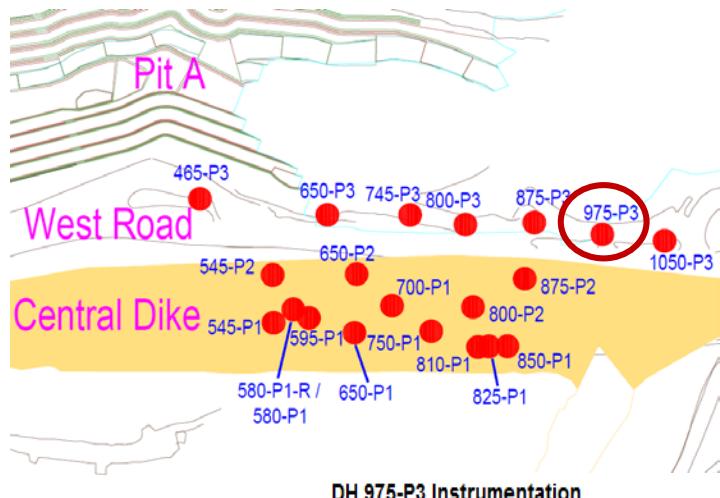
THERMISTOR 975-P3

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilization of the thermistor mostly done
- ↗ Temperature above 0° C in bedrock below El. 105 m

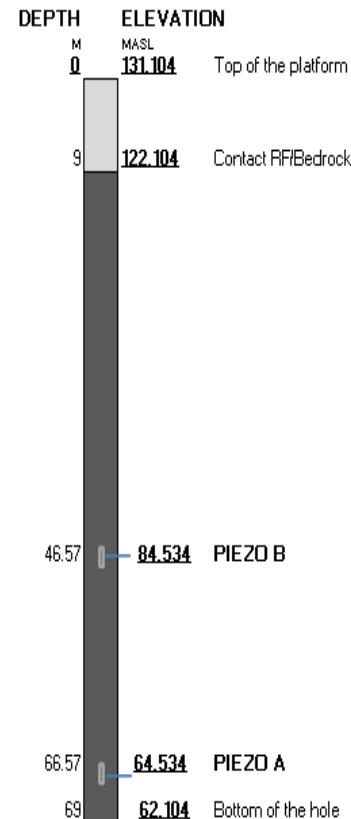
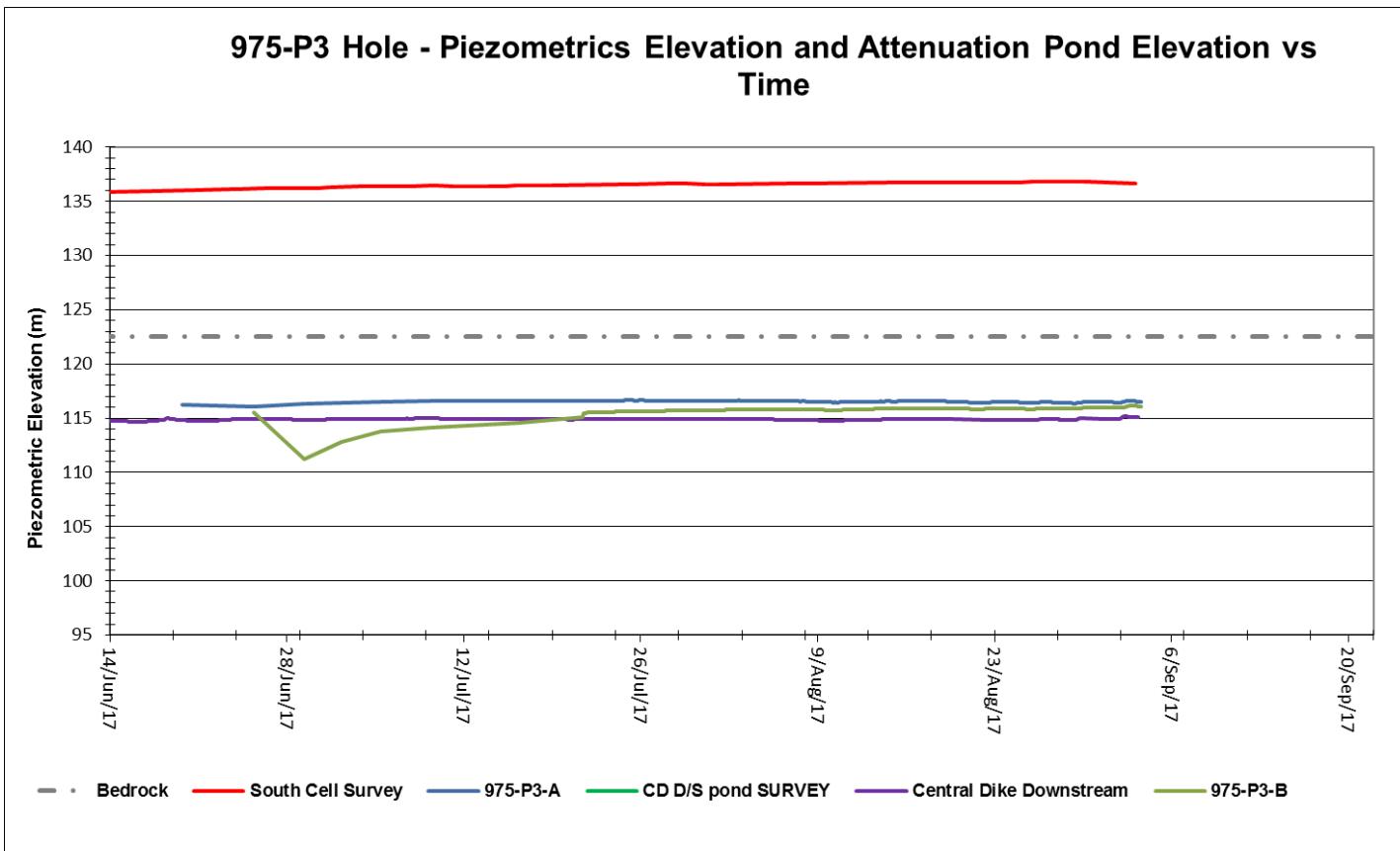


PIEZOMETER 975-P3

- New instrument installed in 2017
- All piezometer are following the trend of the D/S pond regime

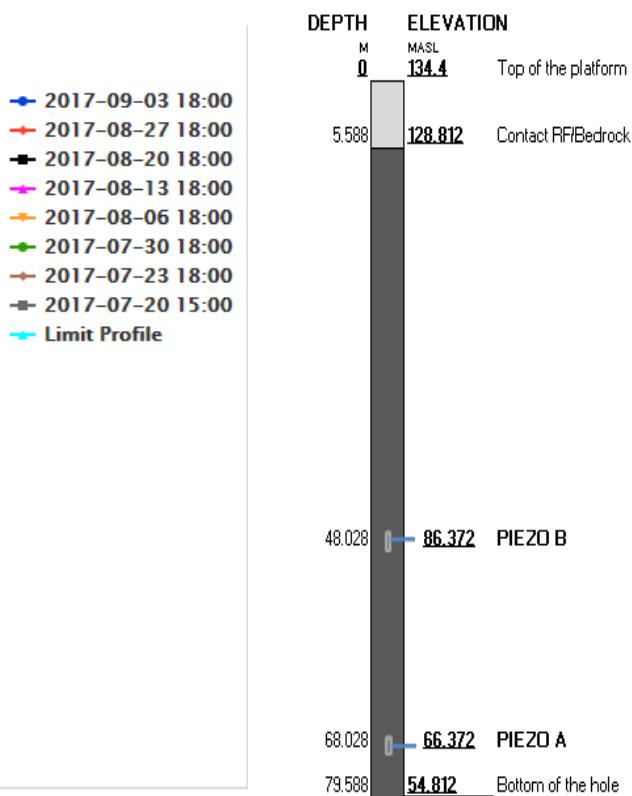
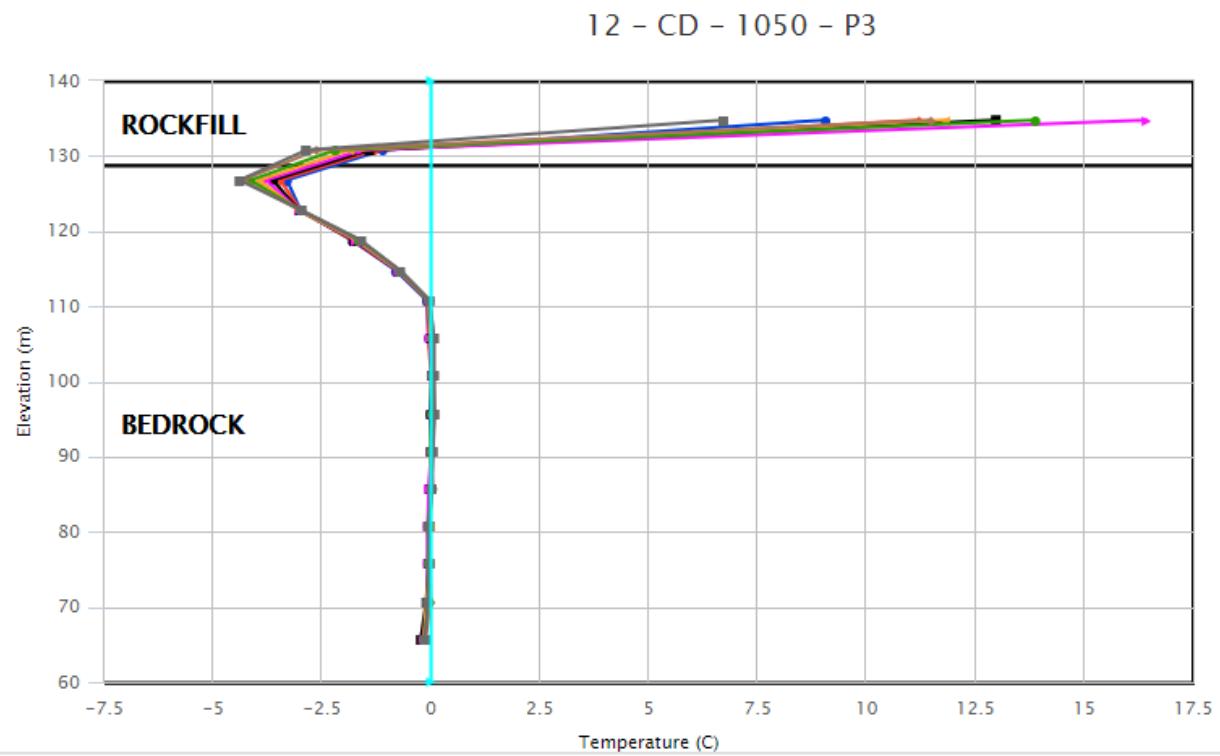
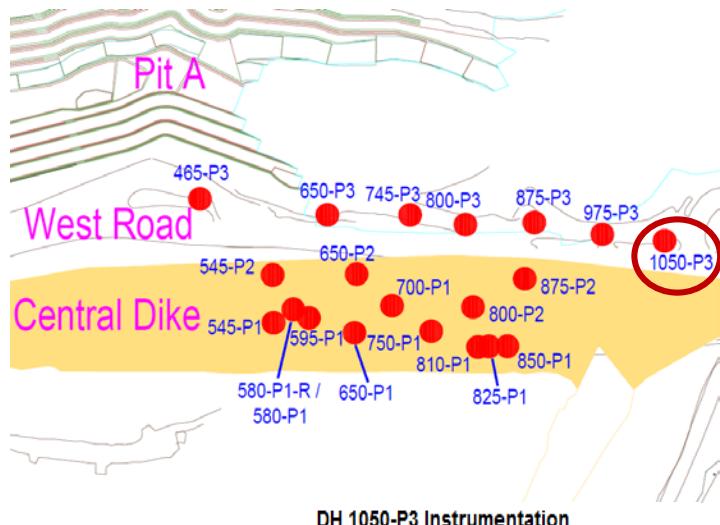


DH 975-P3 Instrumentation



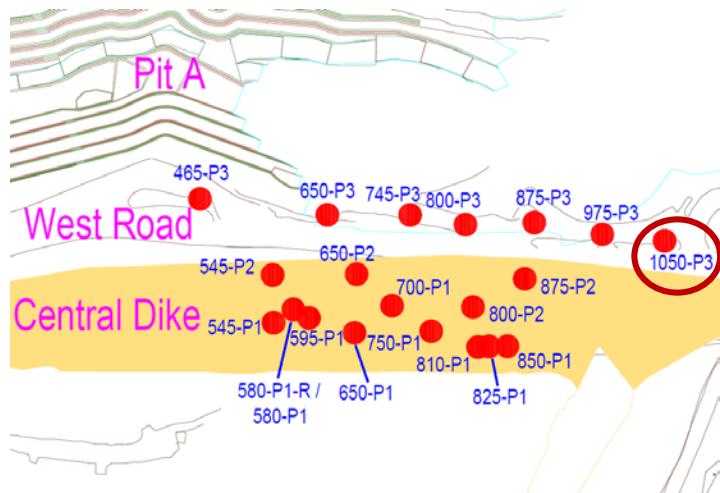
THERMISTOR 1050-P3

↗ Temperature at 0° C in bedrock

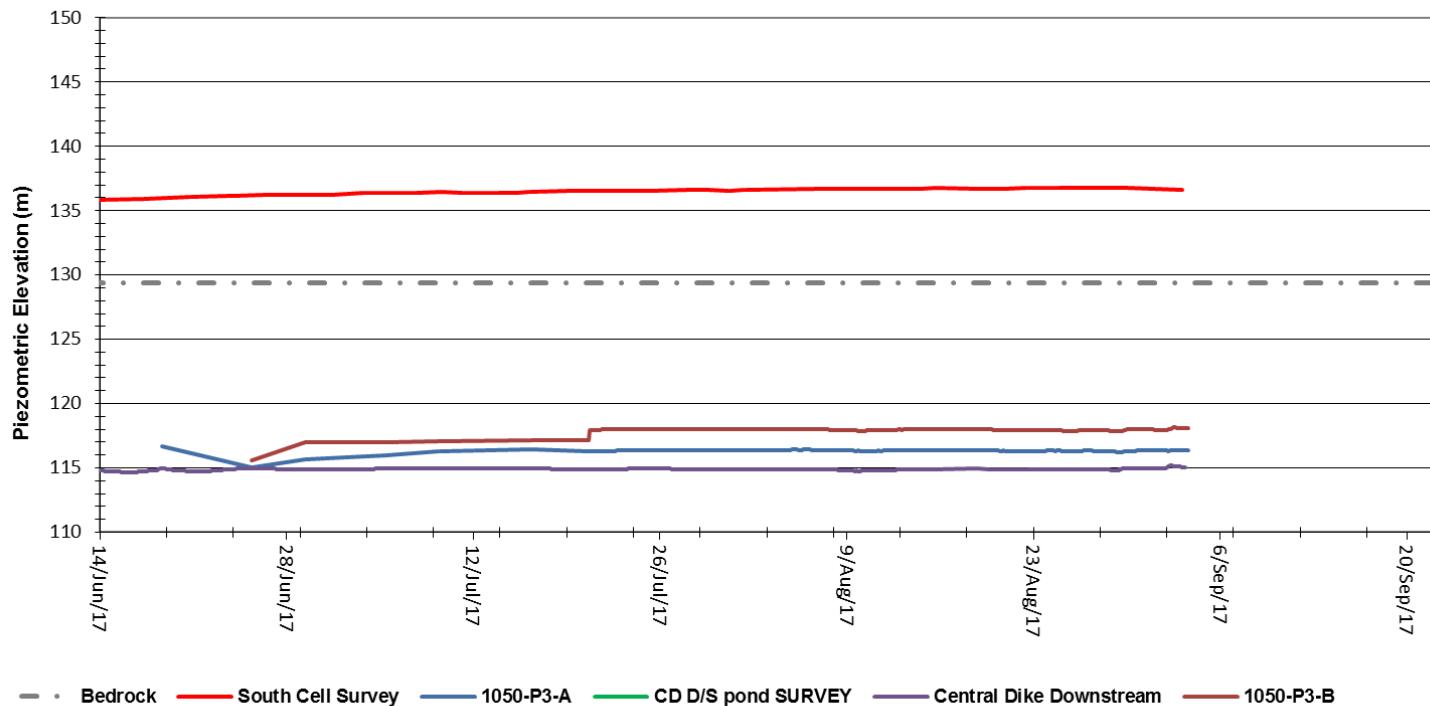


PIEZOMETER 1050-P3

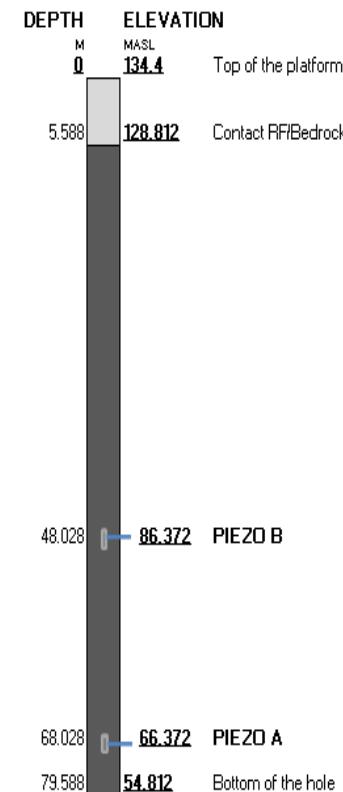
- ↗ Piezometers temperature just below the freezing point
- ↗ Piezometers are following the trend of the D/S pond elevation.



1050-P3 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time



DH 1050-P3 Instrumentation

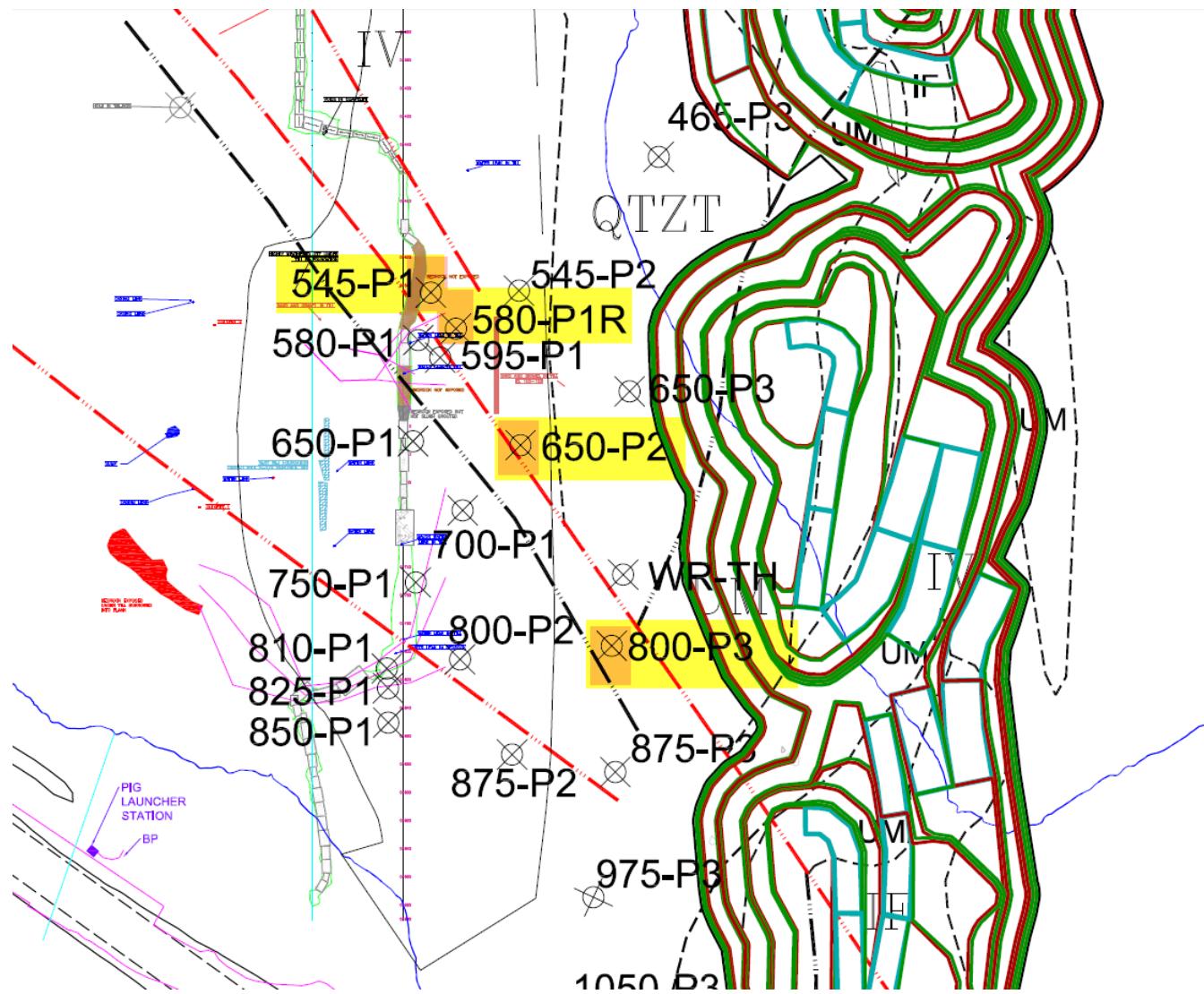




AGNICO EAGLE

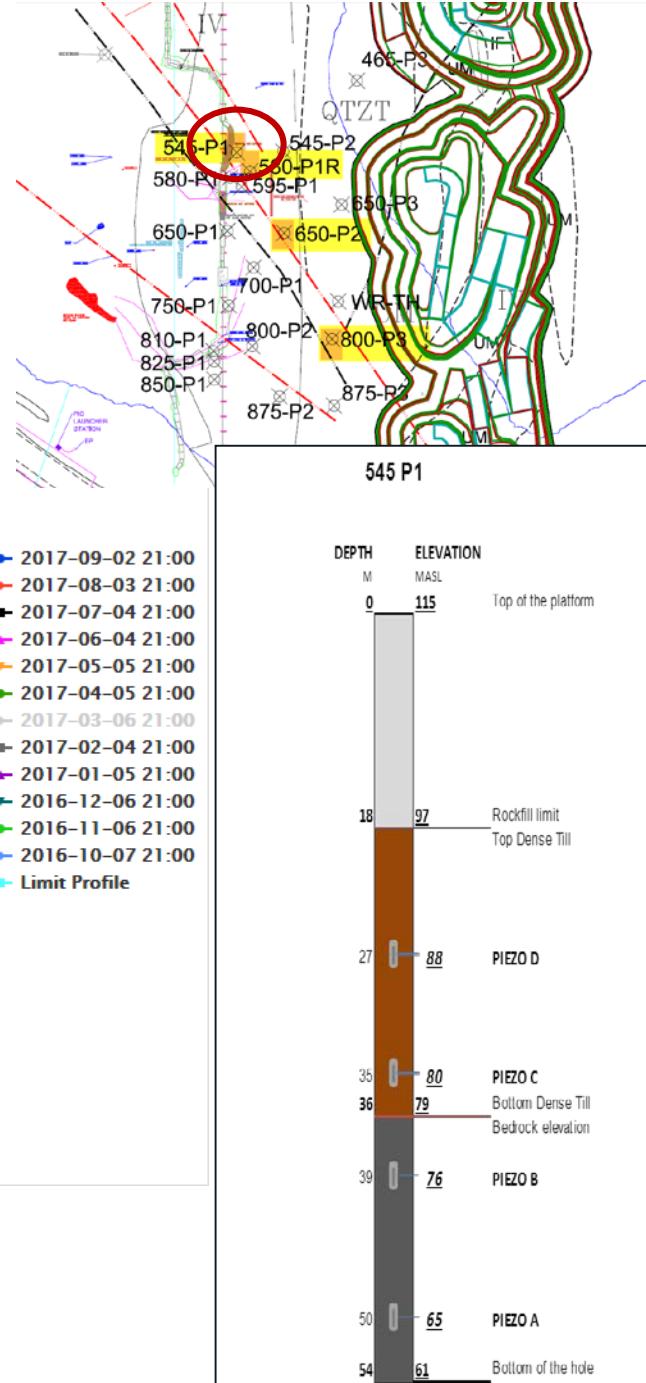
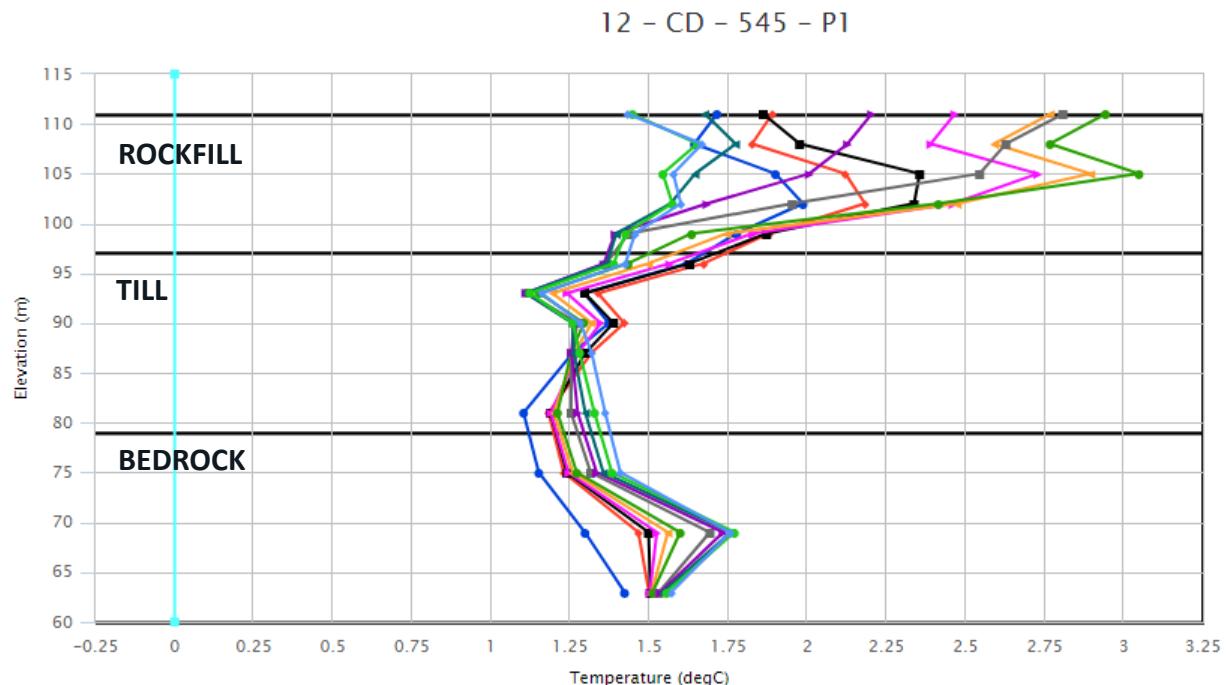
SECTION 1

2ND PORTAGE FAULT – FIRST ANOMALIE



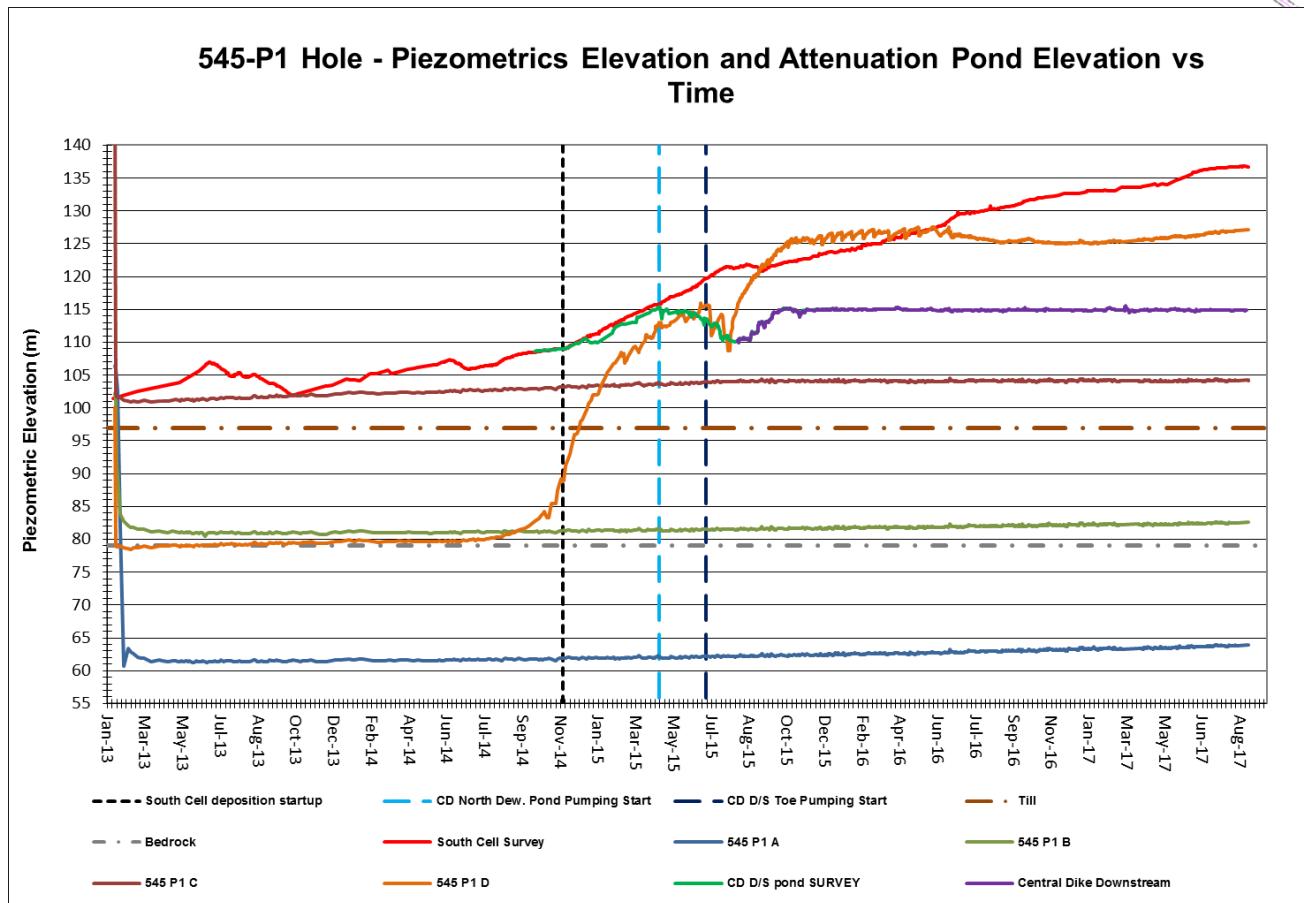
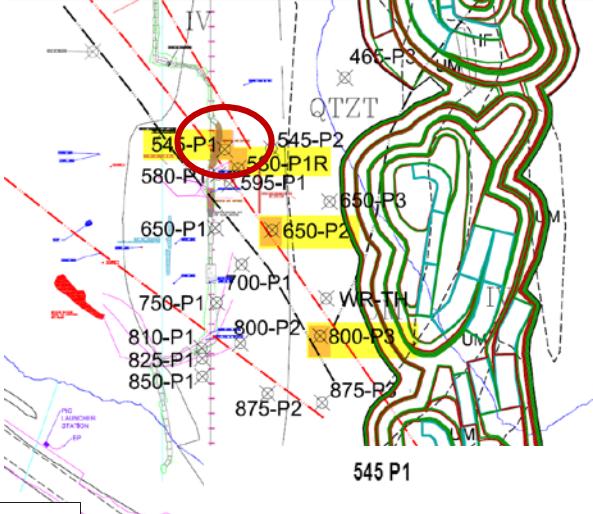
THERMISTOR 545-P1

- 545-P1 thermistor is showing the same temperature profile than last year. Warmer peak observed at elevation 70m since the installation.
- Temperature in the bedrock/till unit is in between 1.1 and 1.75° C.



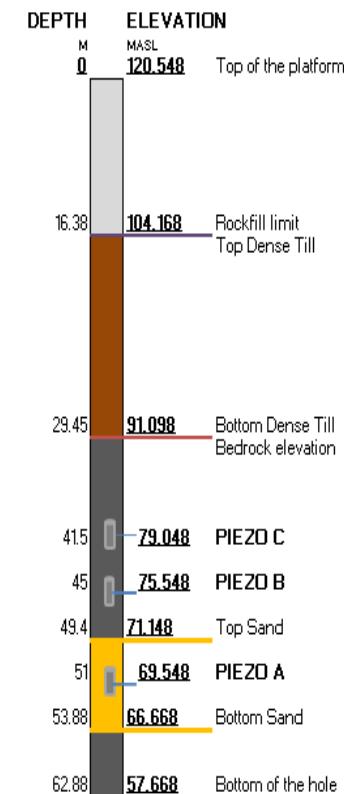
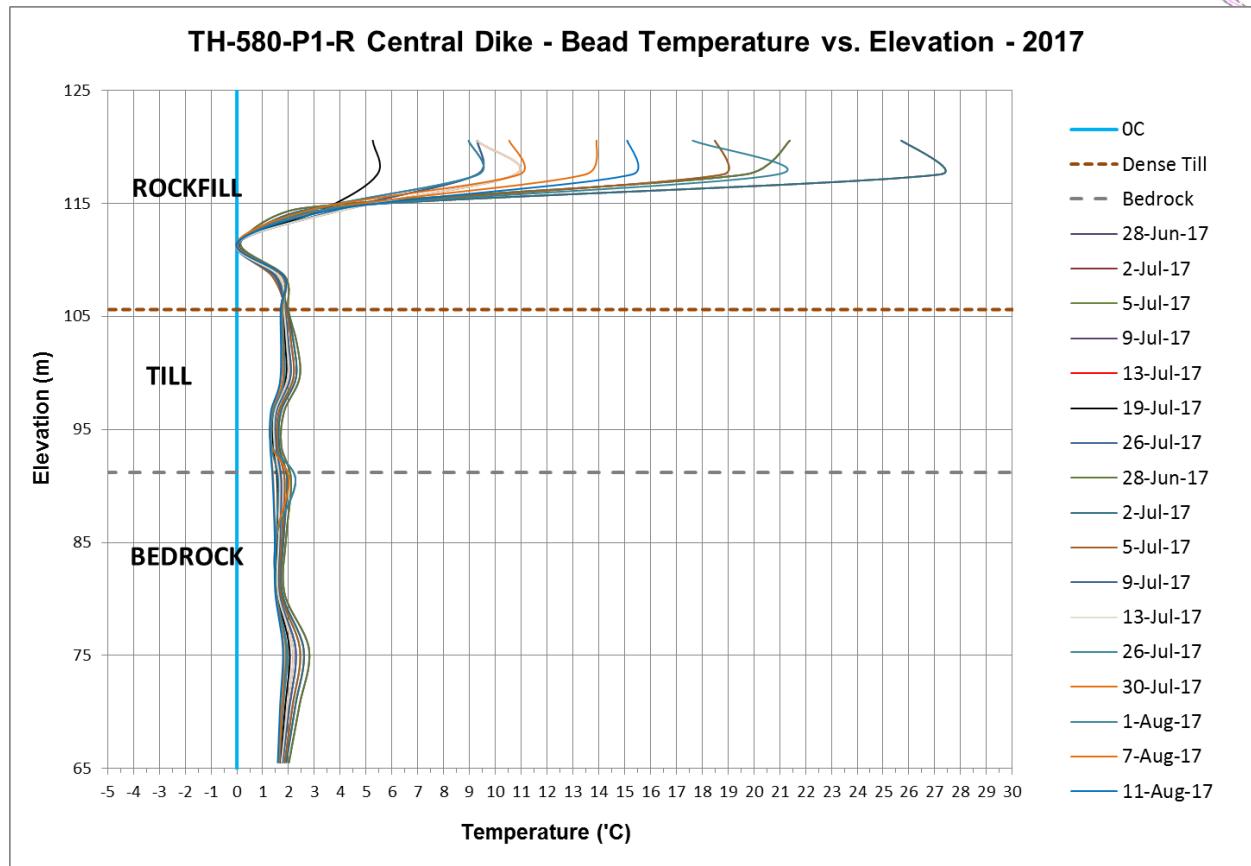
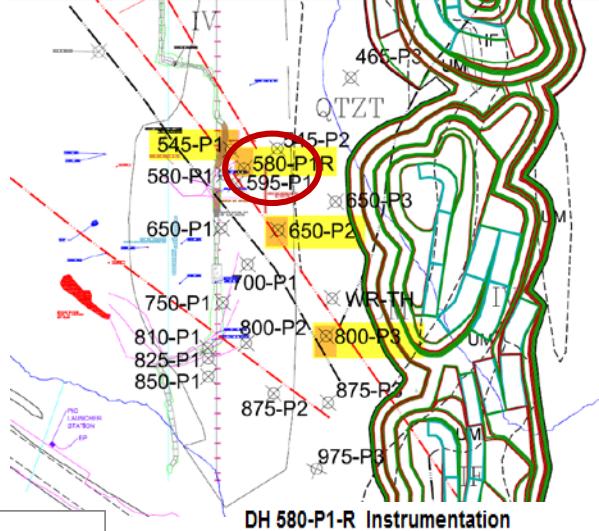
PIEZOMETER 545-P1

- Piezometer D still constant, no change since August 2015
- Piezometer A is recording suction since its installation
- Identification of the piezo on the field is confusing.
Interpretation of the readings must be done with precaution.



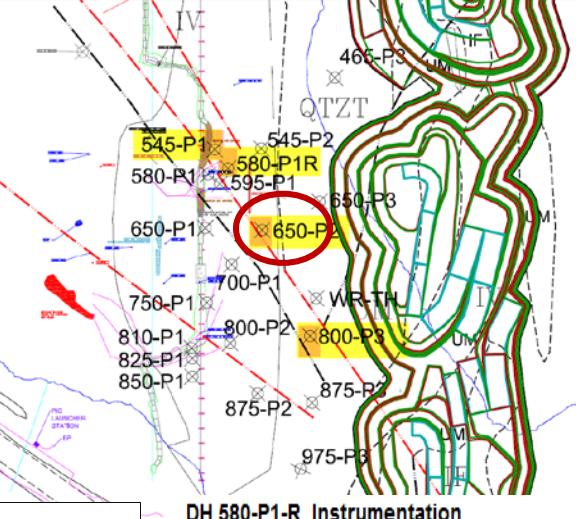
THERMISTOR 580-P1R

- ↗ Stabilisation in progress
- ↗ Temperature readings above 0°C
- ↗ Similar temperature readings range than 580-P1

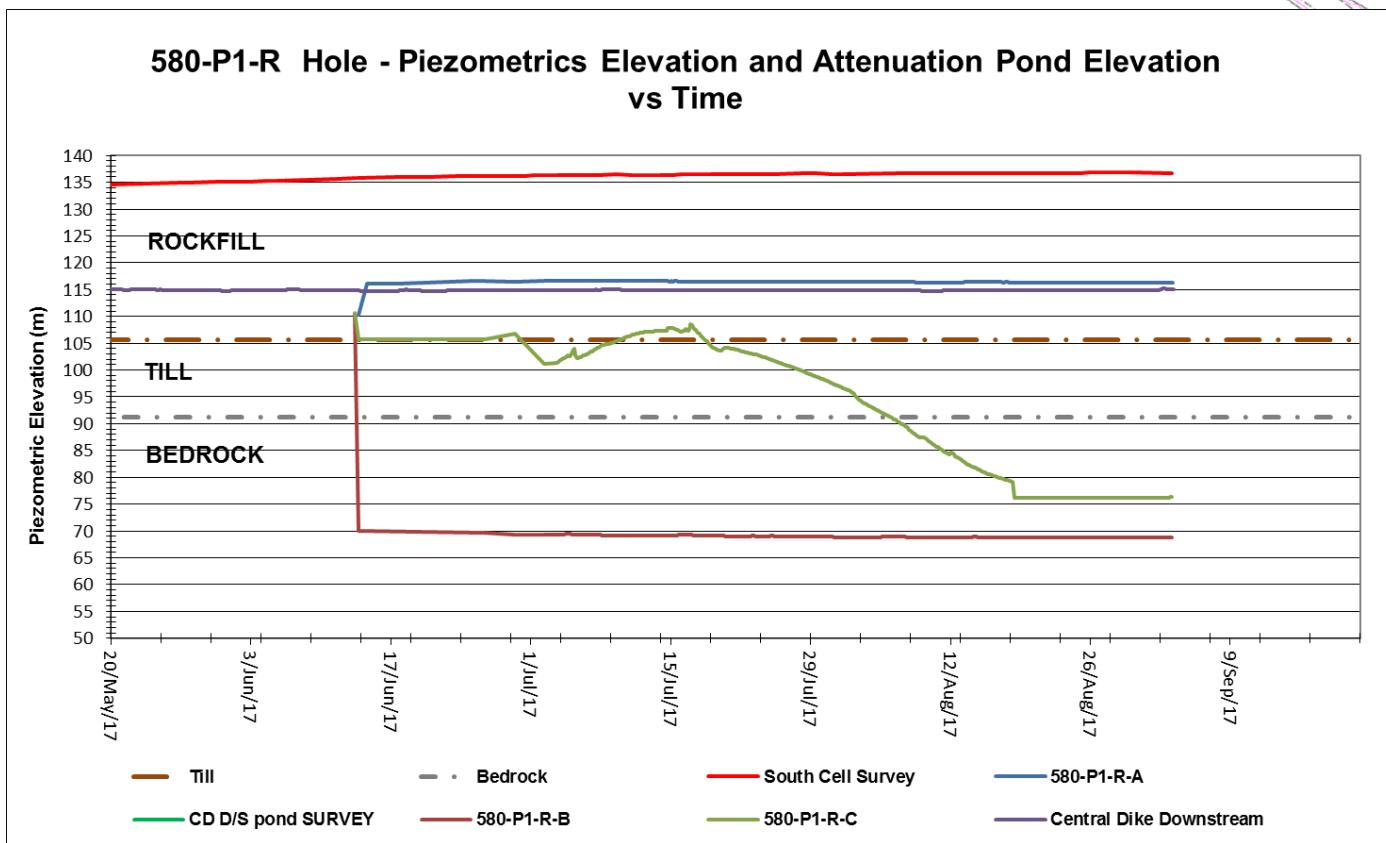


PIEZOMETER 580-P1R

- Piezo A is located in a sand layer and pressure readings are following the D/S pond regime
- Decrease in piezometric elevation ongoing for Piezo B
- Small data GAP

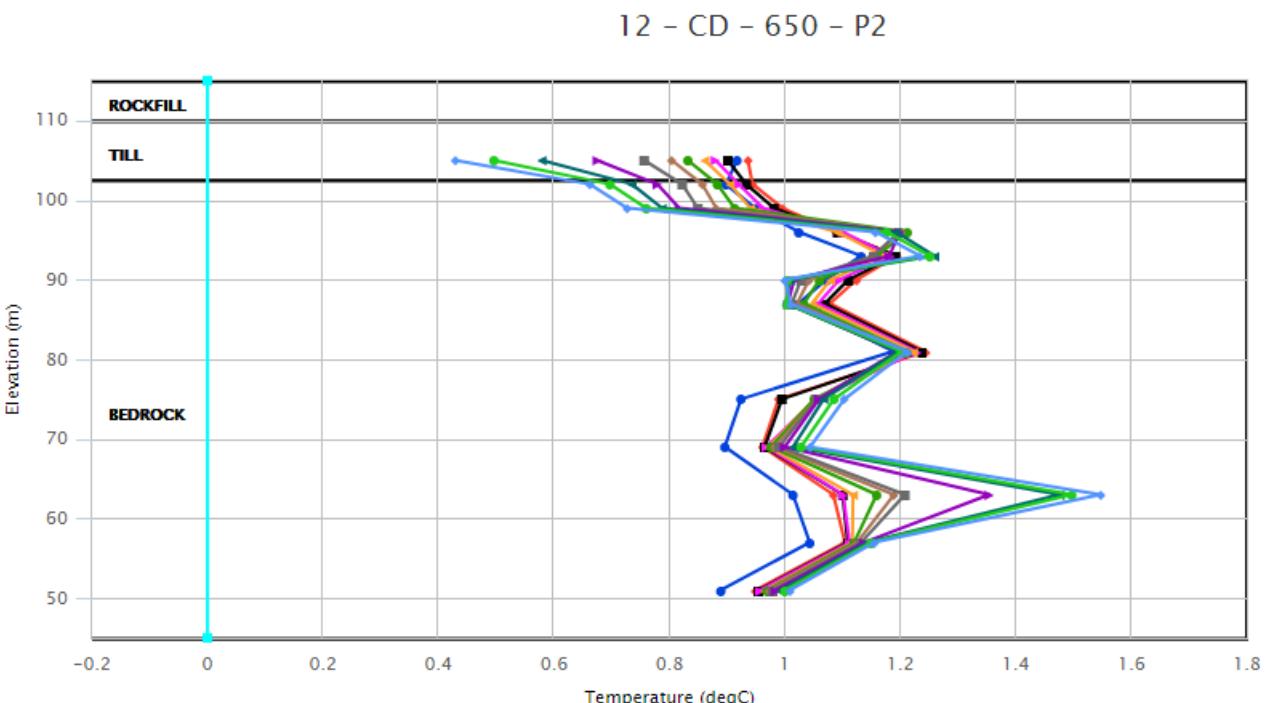
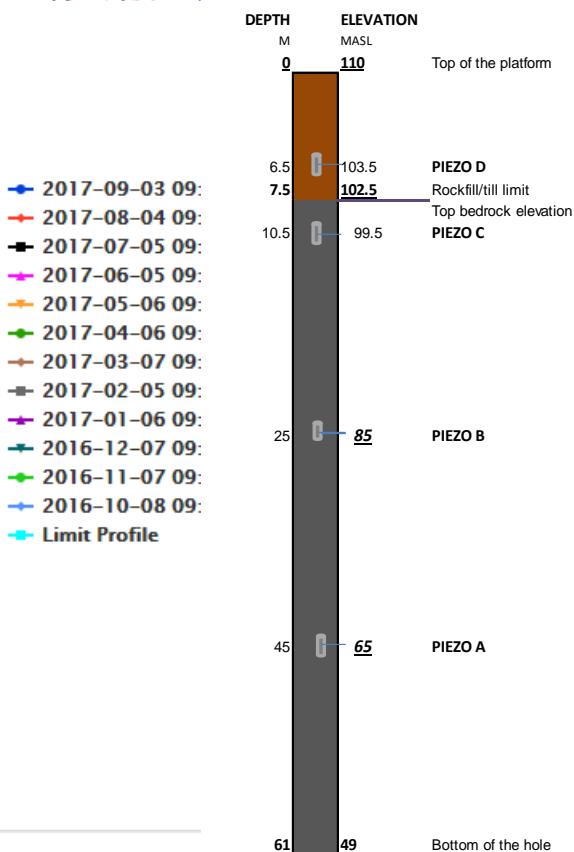
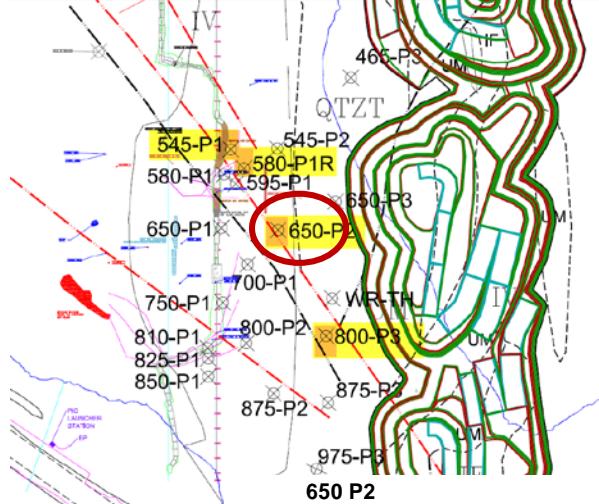


DH 580-P1-R Instrumentation



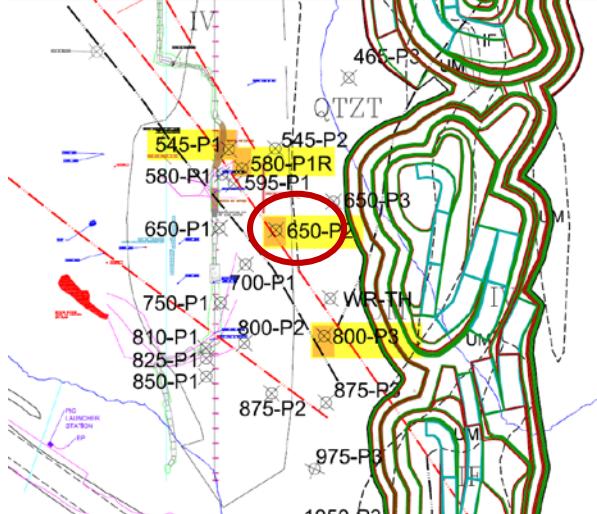
THERMISTOR 650-P2

- Cooling trend observed below El. 80 similar to 2016 readings.



PIEZOMETER 650-P2

- Piezometer A in bedrock continue its rise and is now over the elevation of the South Cell
- Piezo B-C are following the piezometric regime of the D/S pond
- Piezo D is in suction



DEPTH
M
0
Top of the platform

ELEVATION
MASL
110

10.5
PIEZO C
99.5
Top bedrock elevation

10.5
PIEZO B
85

10.5
PIEZO A
65

6.5
103.5
102.5
Rockfill/till limit

6.5
102.5
Top bedrock elevation

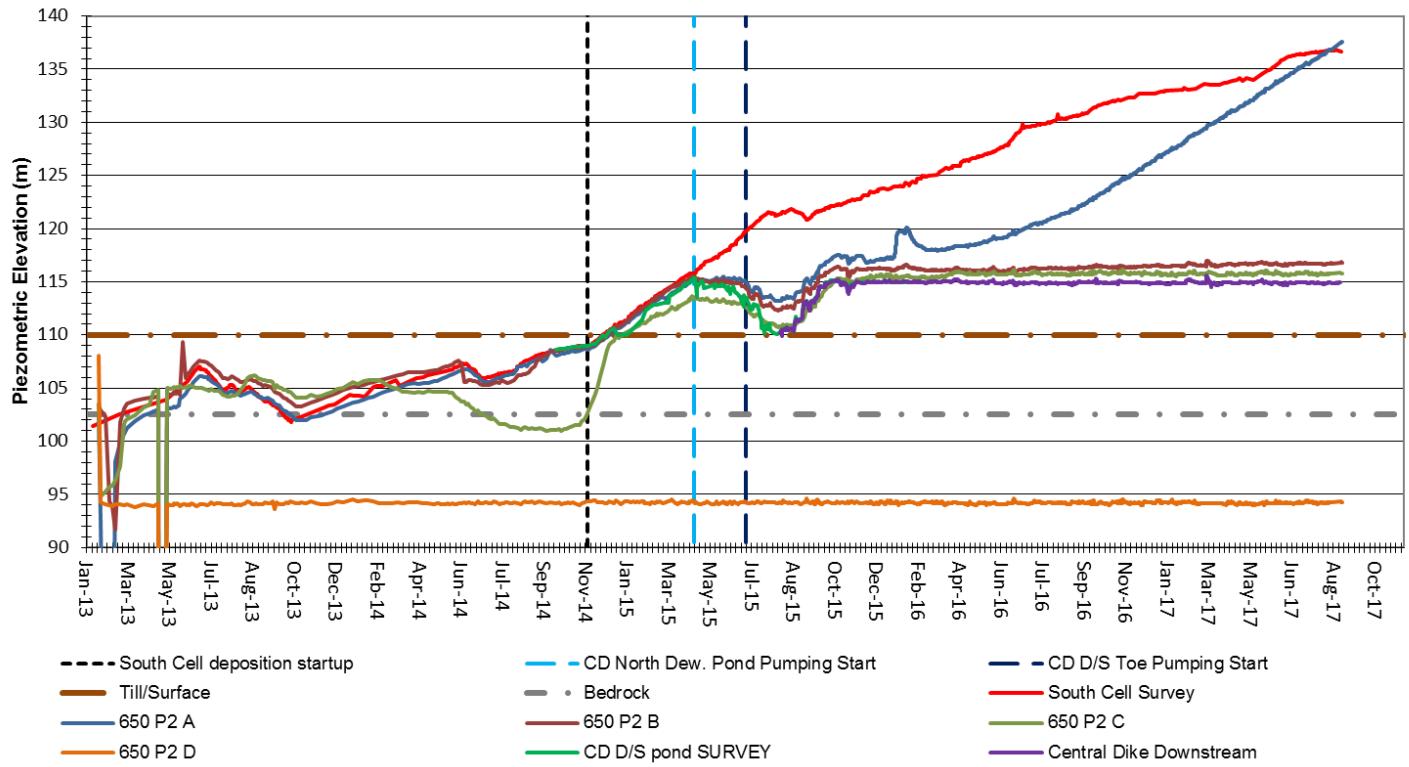
6.5
102.5
PIEZO C

6.5
102.5
PIEZO B

6.5
102.5
PIEZO A

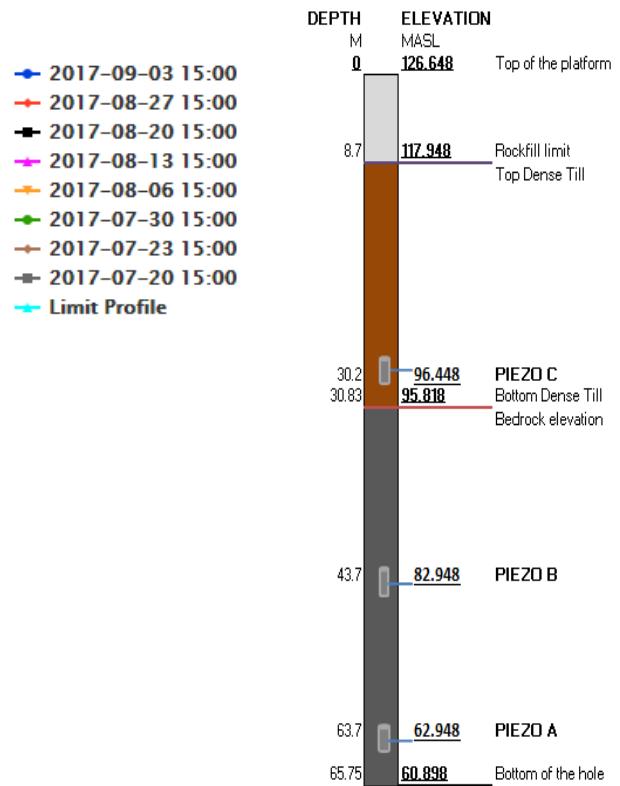
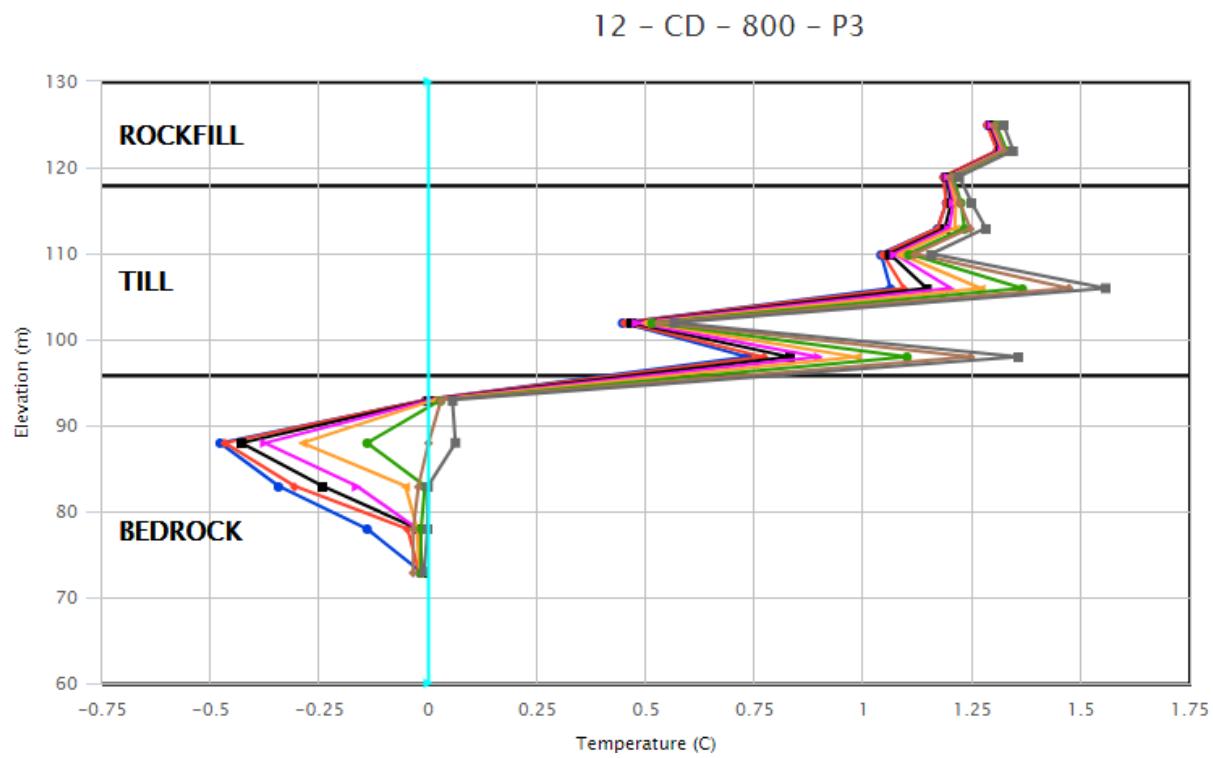
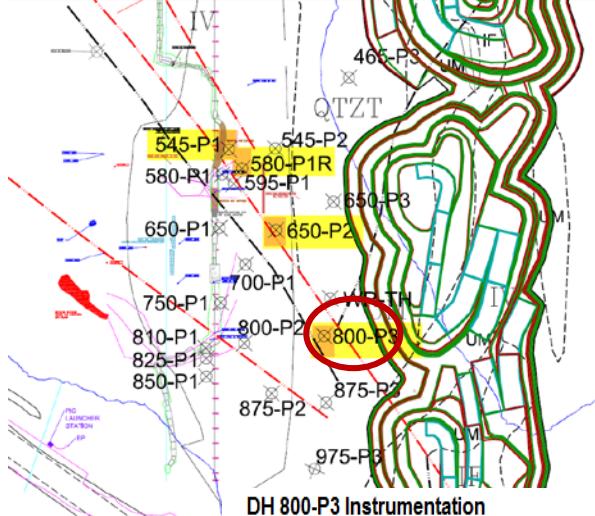
6.5
102.5
Bottom of the hole

650-P2 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond
Elevation vs Time



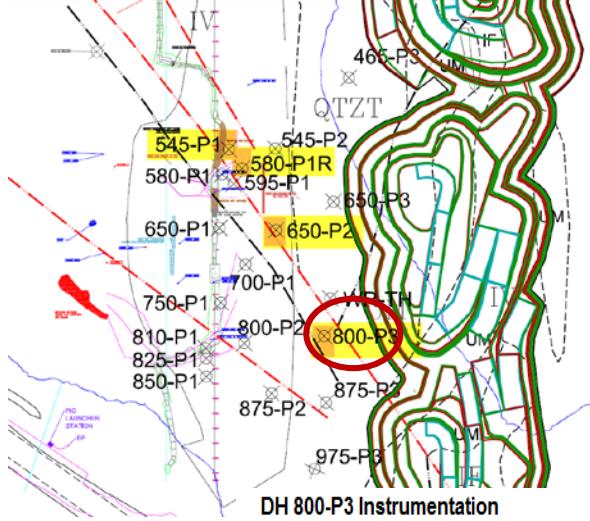
THERMISTOR 800-P3

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation in progress
- ↗ Temperature under 0° C below El. 93 m



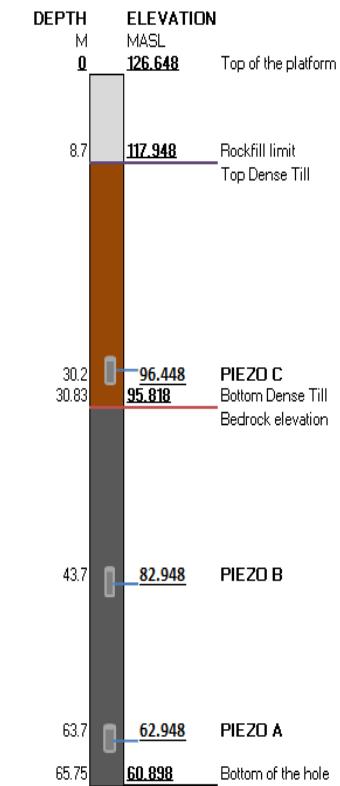
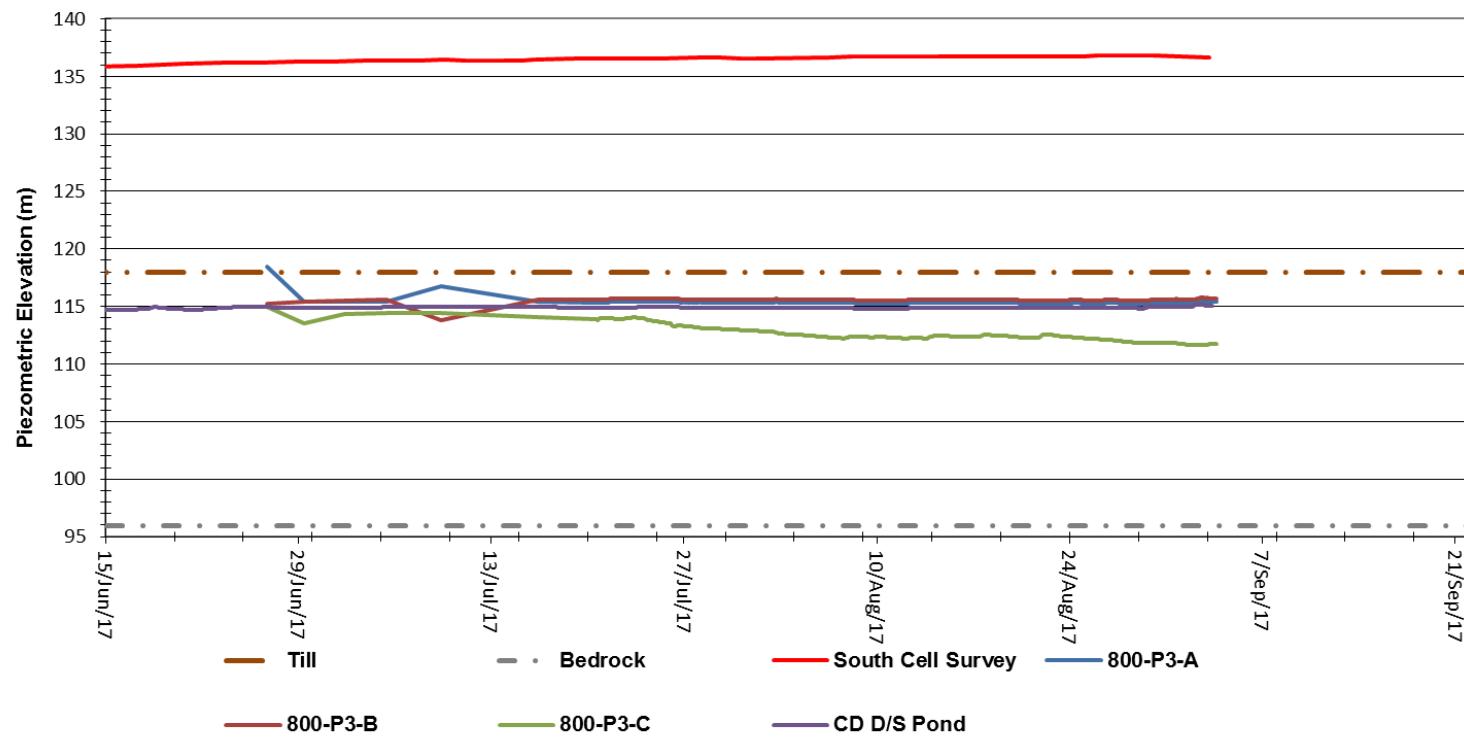
PIEZOMETERS 800-P3

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilization in progress
- ↗ Piezo A & B readings are similar to the D/S pond elevation readings
- ↗ Piezo C readings is slowly decreasing



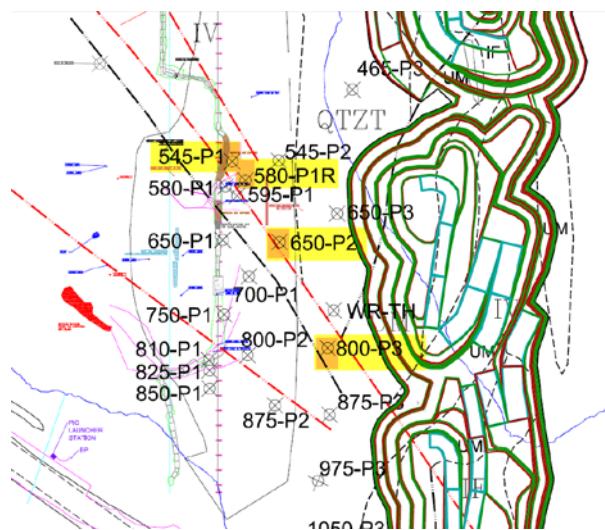
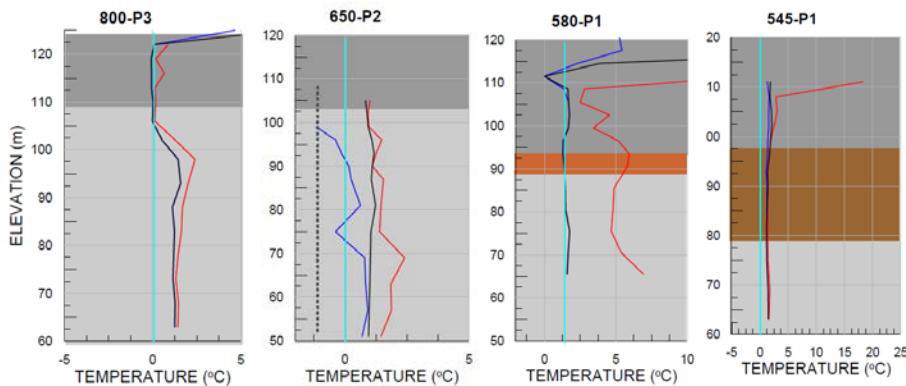
DH 800-P3 Instrumentation

800-P3 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time

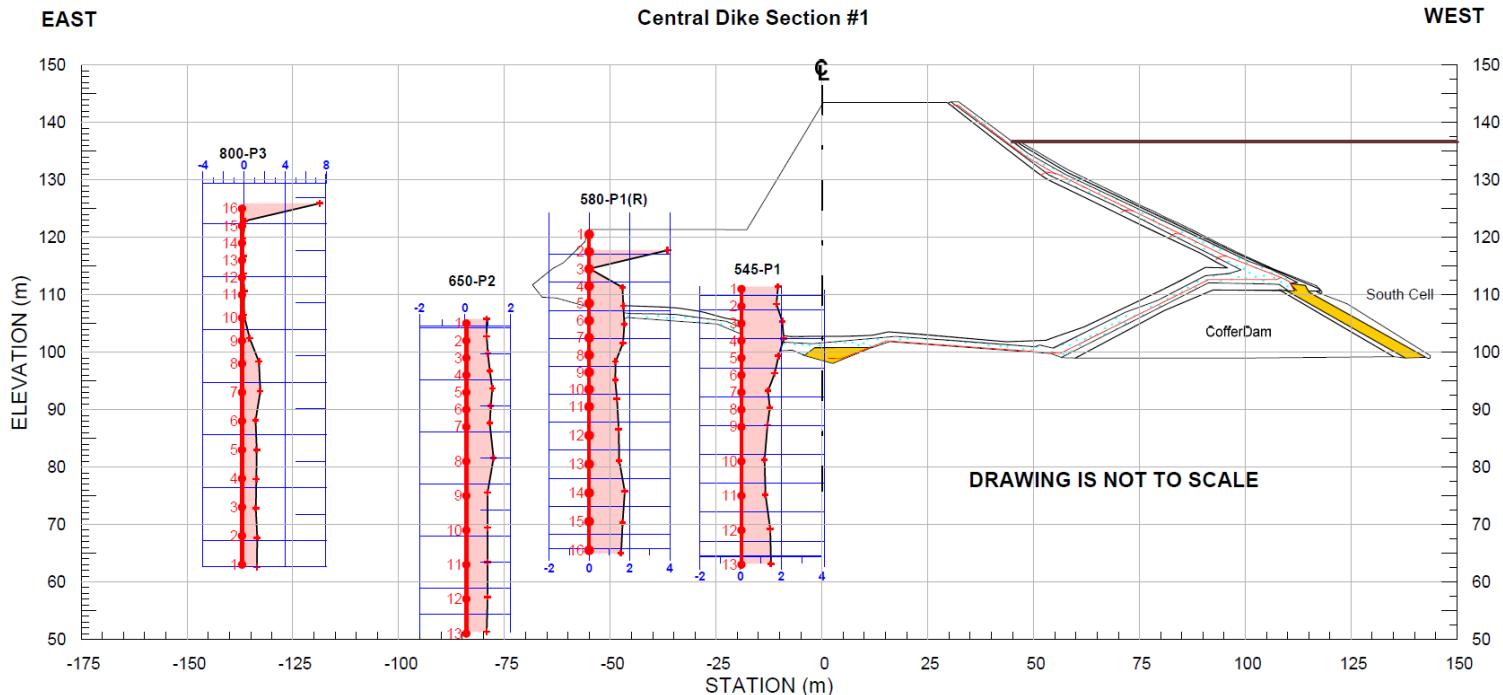


SECTION 1 – THERMAL PROFILE

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017

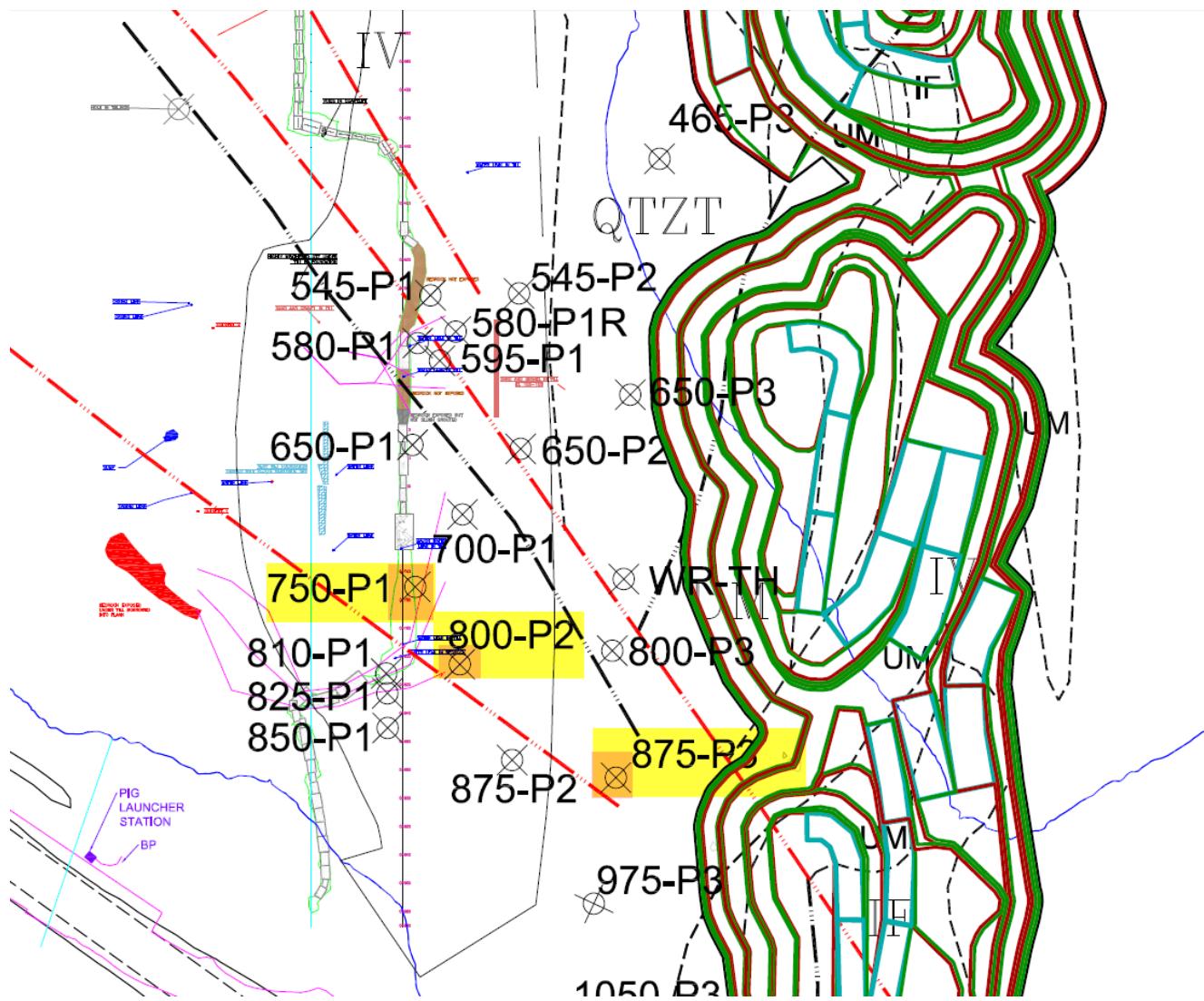


THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 1ST, 2017



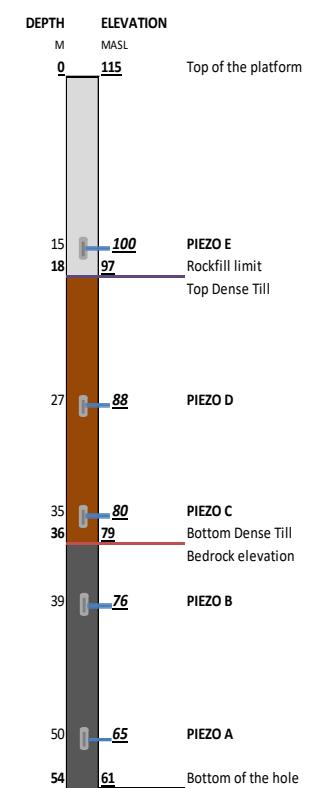
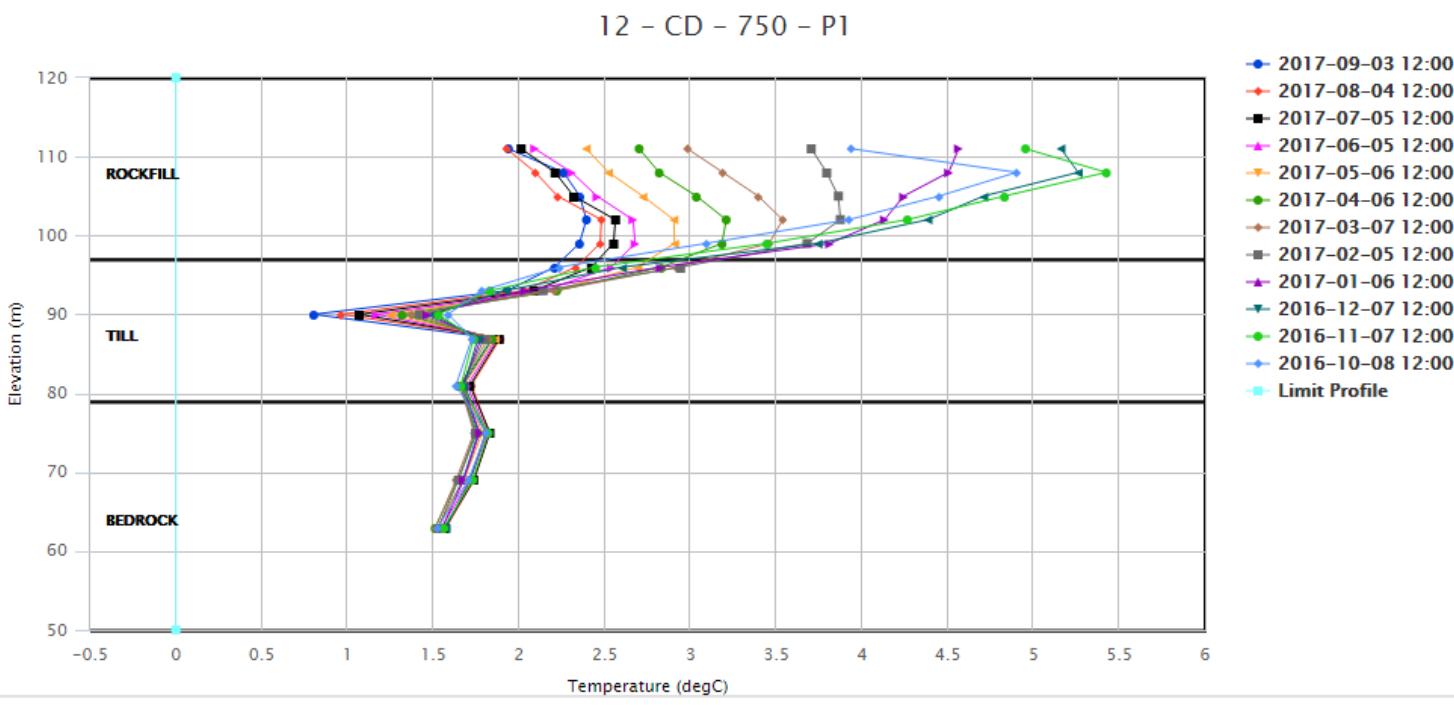
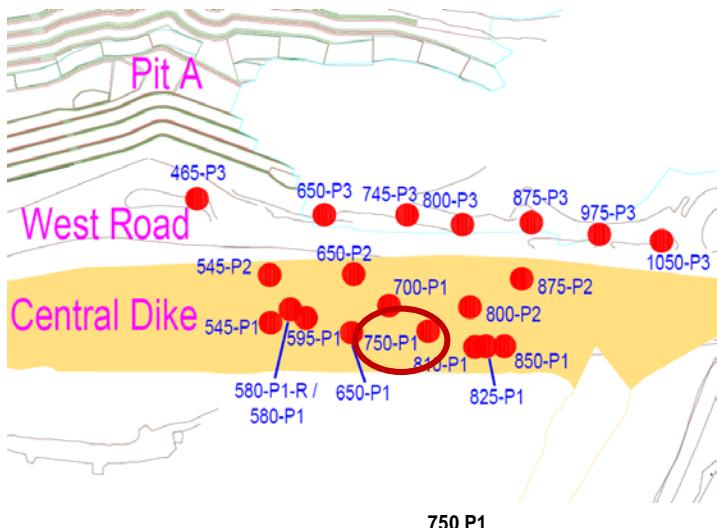
SECTION 2

2ND PORTAGE FAULT – SECONDARY ANOMALY



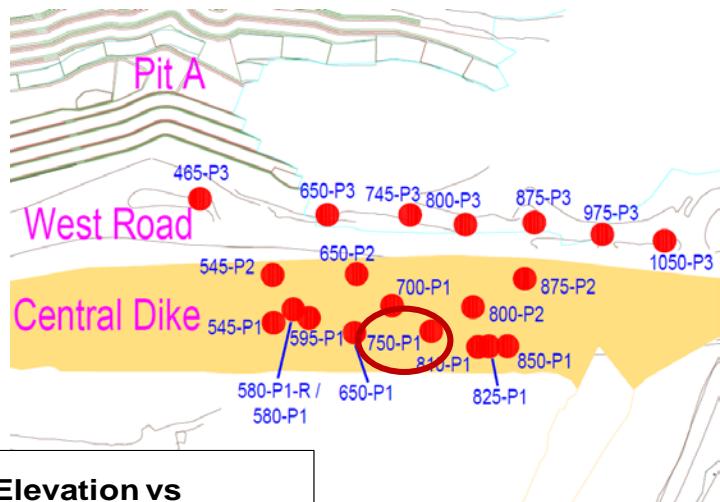
THERMISTOR 750-P1

→ Cooling trend in till layer. The bead located at elevation 90m is in average 1°C cooler than in 2016.

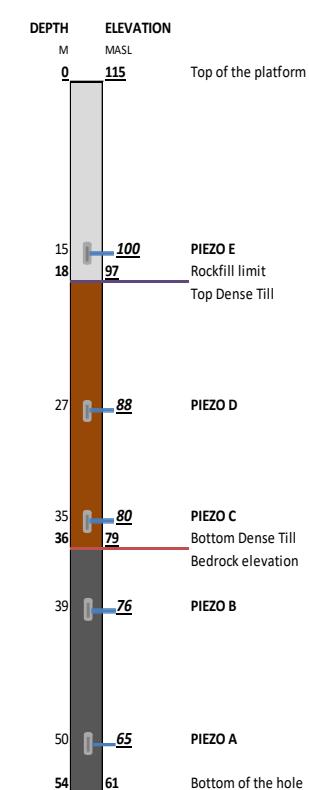
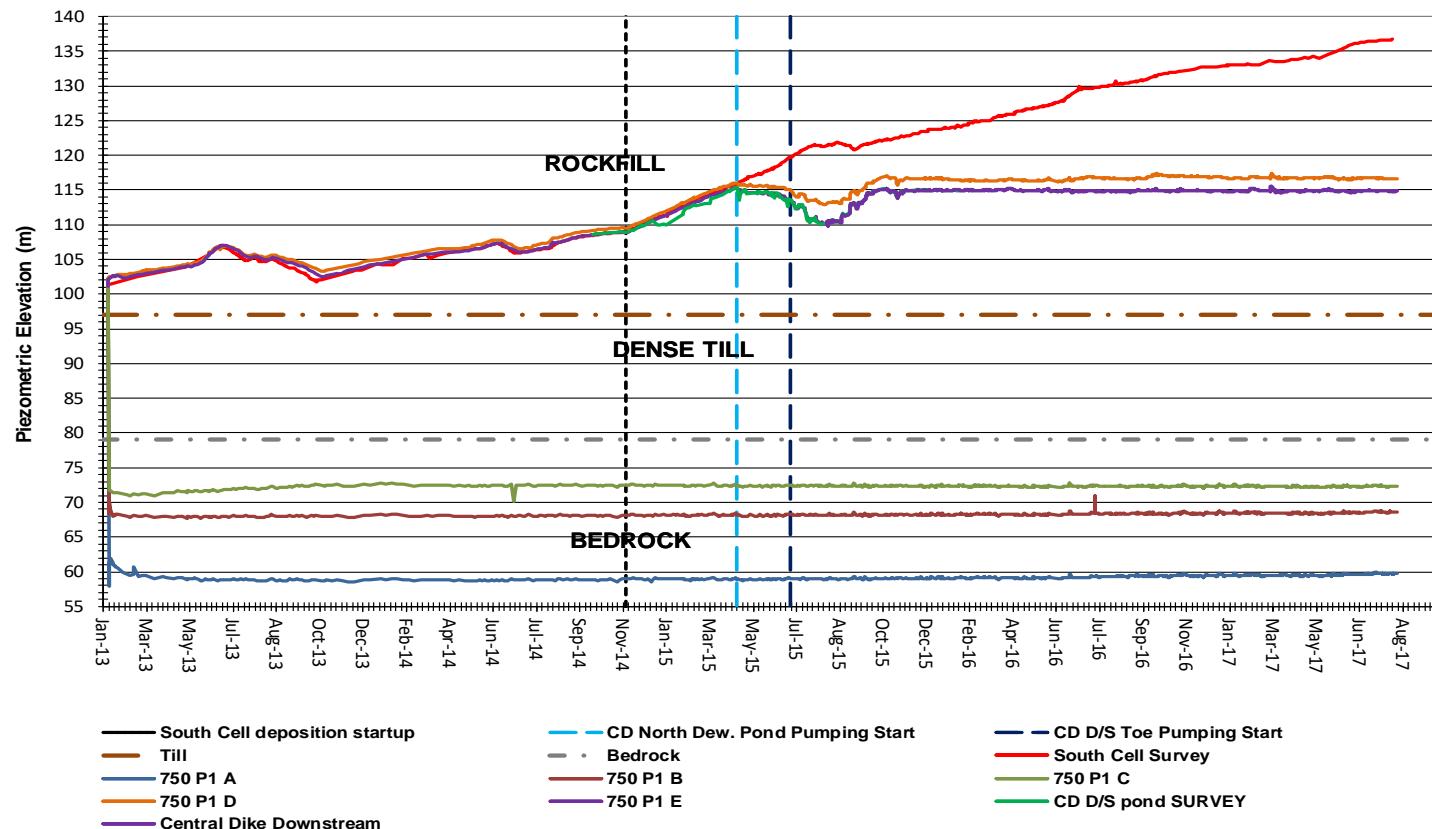


PIEZOMETER 750-P1

- Piezo A, B and C are in suction
- Piezo D is have a direct reaction to any variation in elevation observe in the D/S pond.

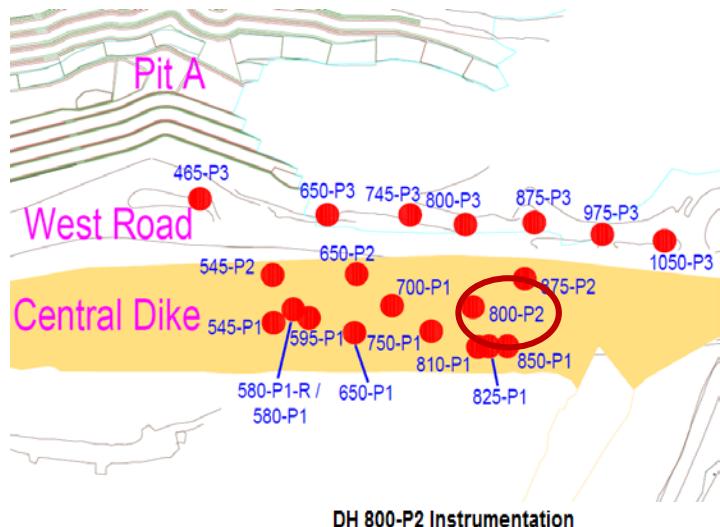


750-P1 Hole - Piezometrics Elevation and Attenuation Pond Elevation vs Time

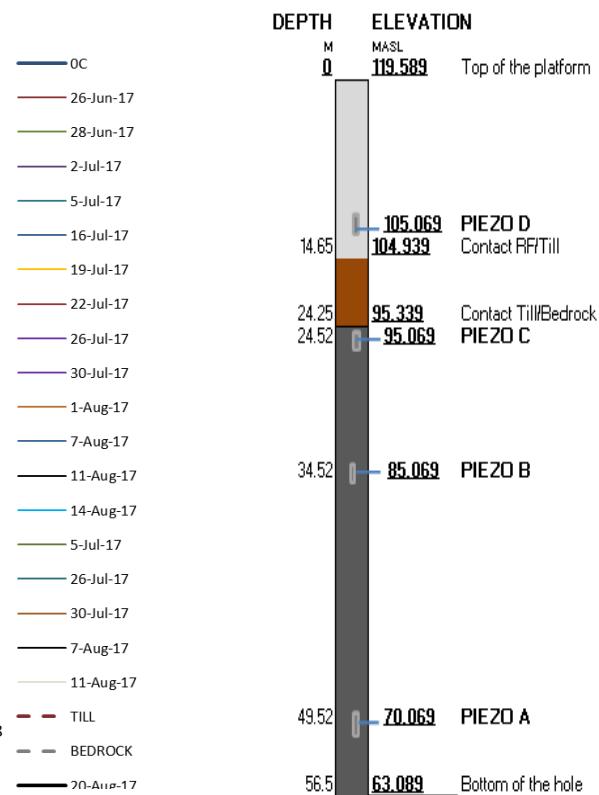
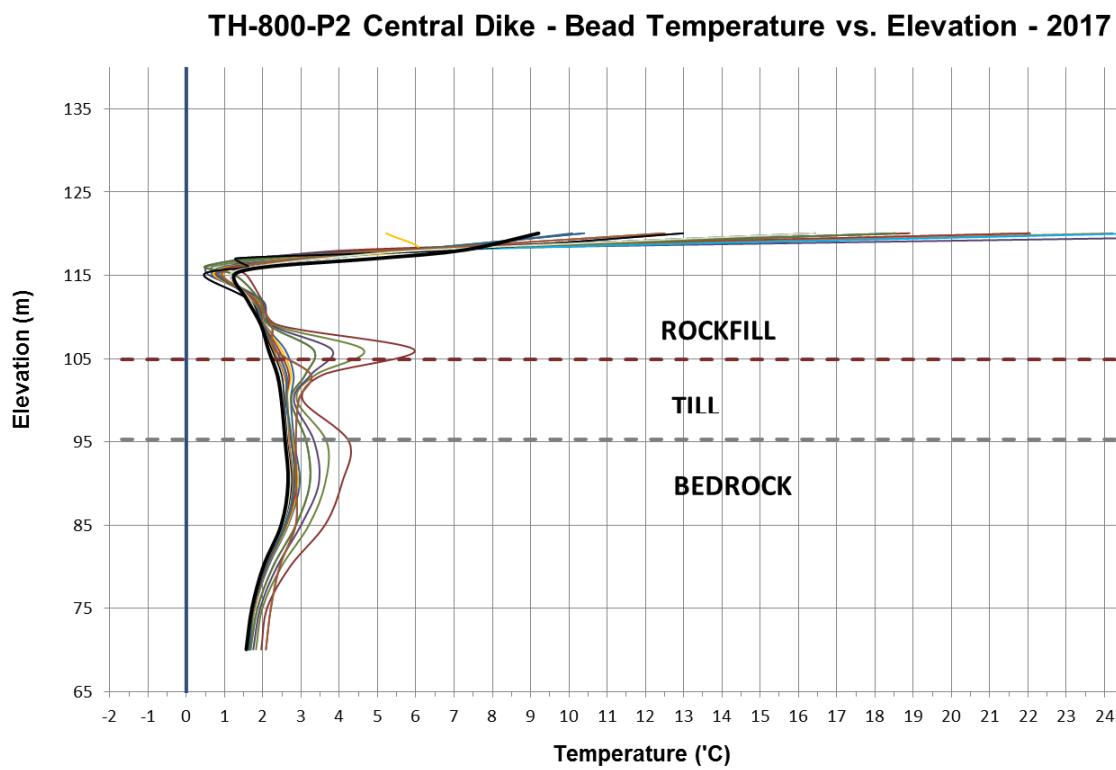


THERMISTOR 800-P2

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation of temperature ongoing
- ↗ Temperature above 0 °C

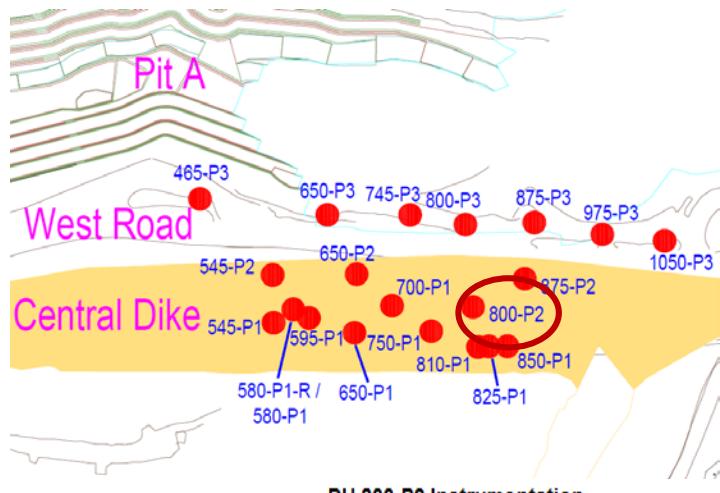


DH 800-P2 Instrumentation

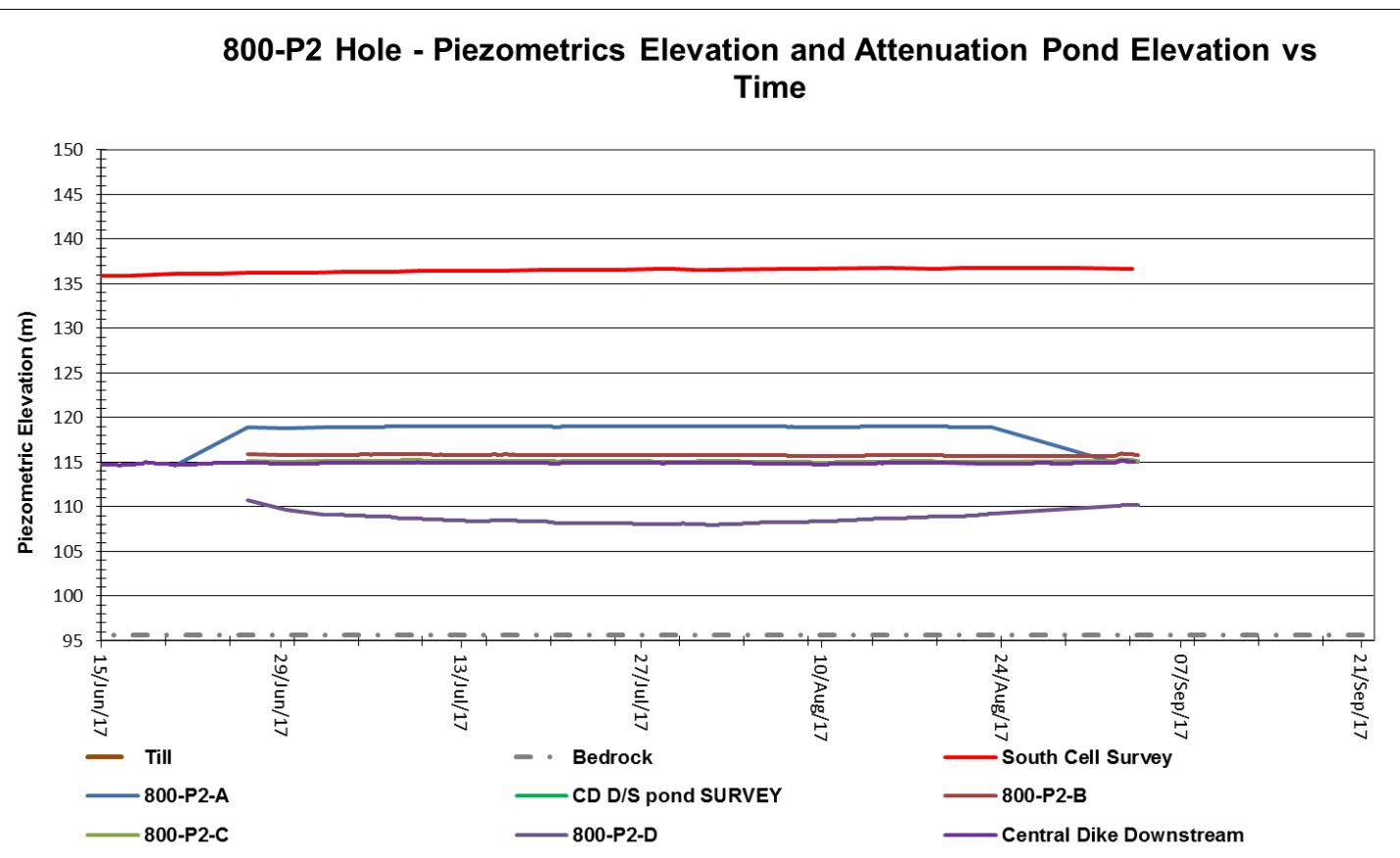


PIEZOMETER 800-P2

- ↗ New instrument installed in 2017
- ↗ Stabilisation ongoing
- ↗ Piezo A, B and C are showing pressure readings similar to the elevation of the D/S pond.

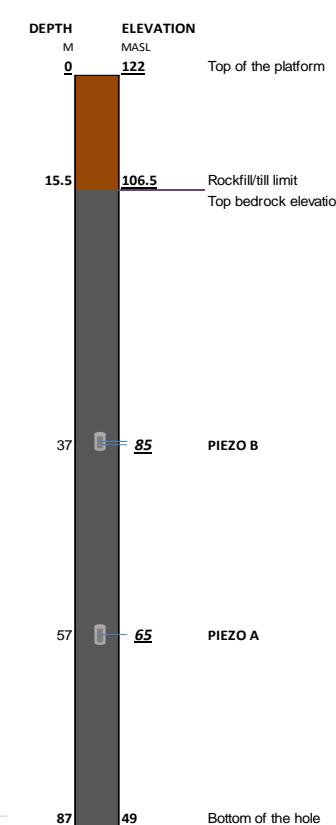
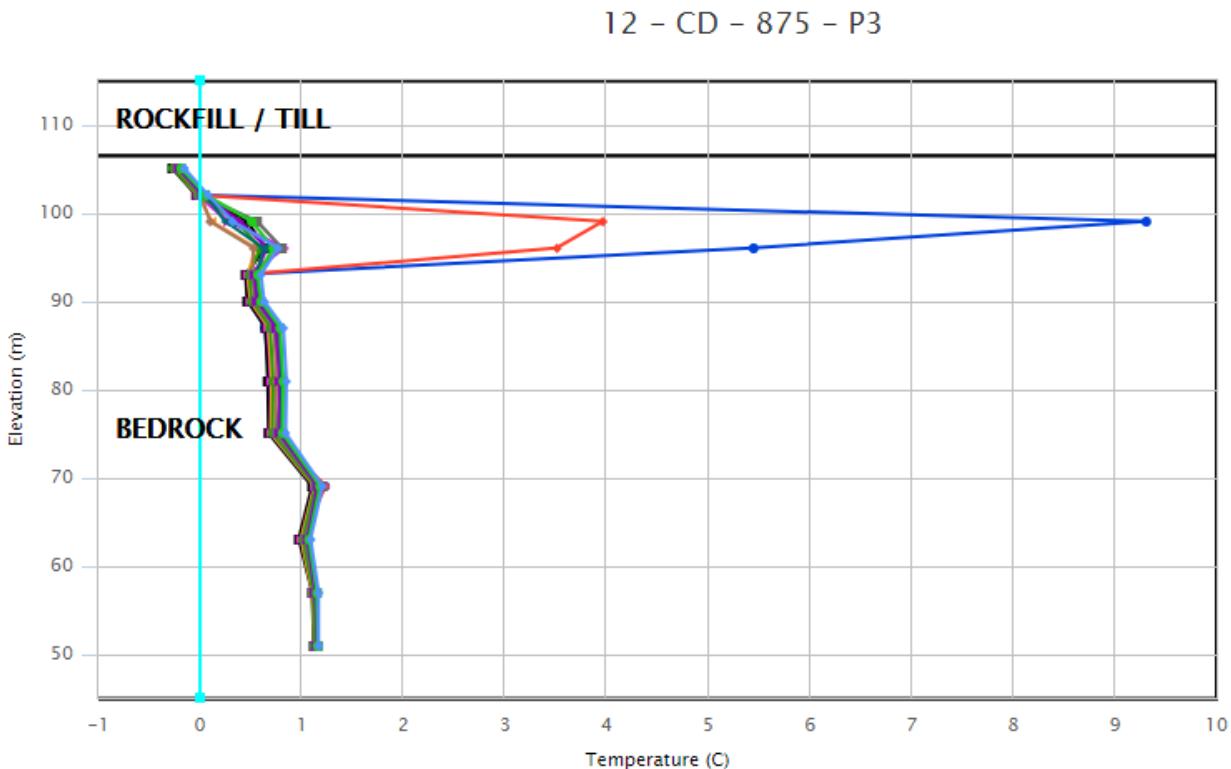
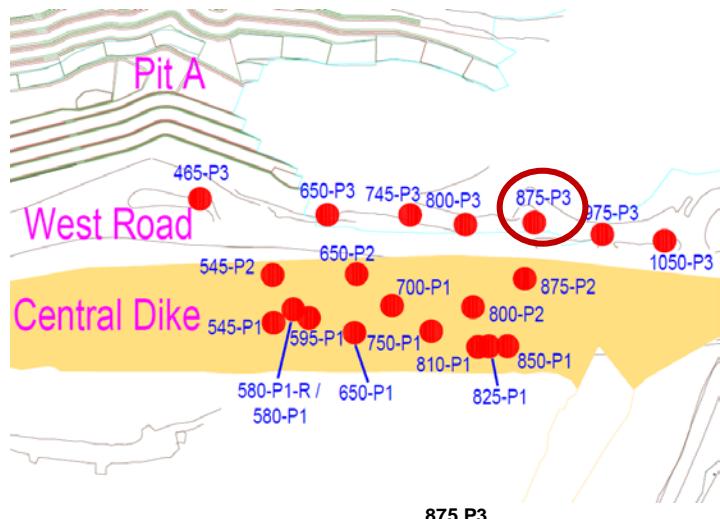


DH 800-P2 Instrumentation



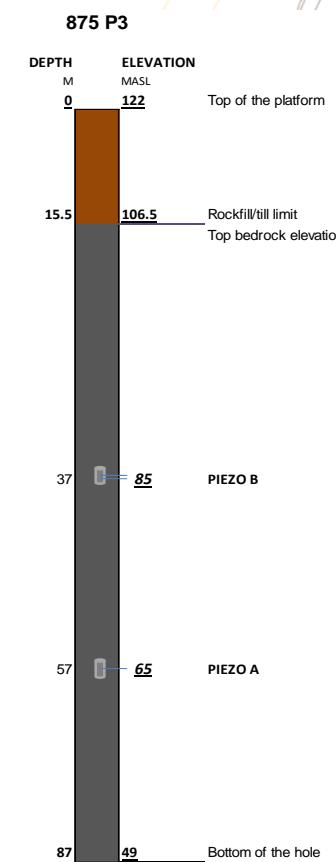
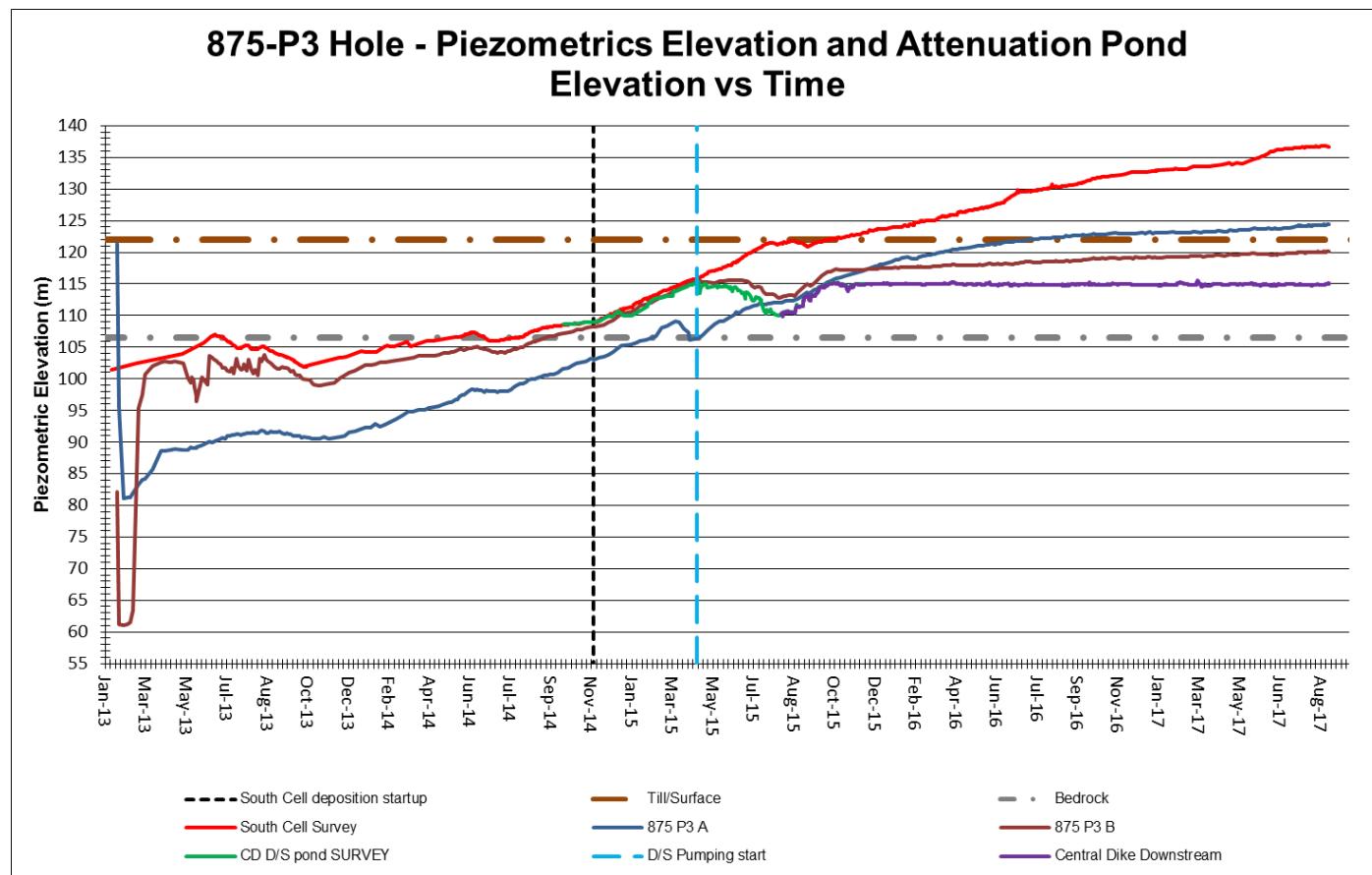
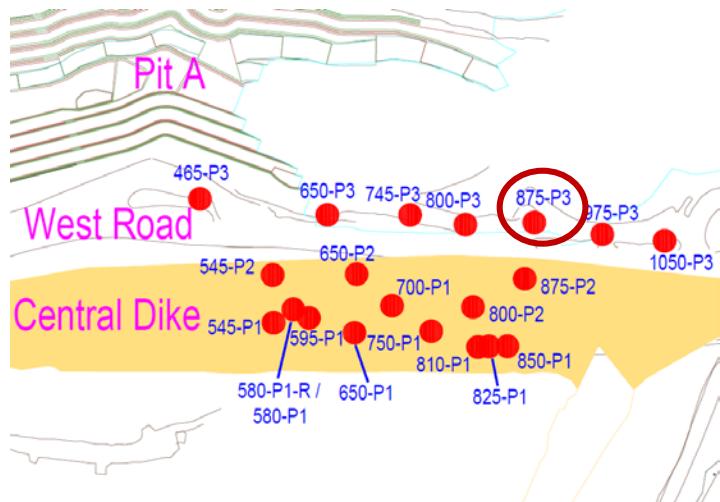
THERMISTOR 875-P3

- Temperature above 0° C in bedrock at 875-P3
- Temperature spike at El.96 m and 99 m are related to capacitance effect.



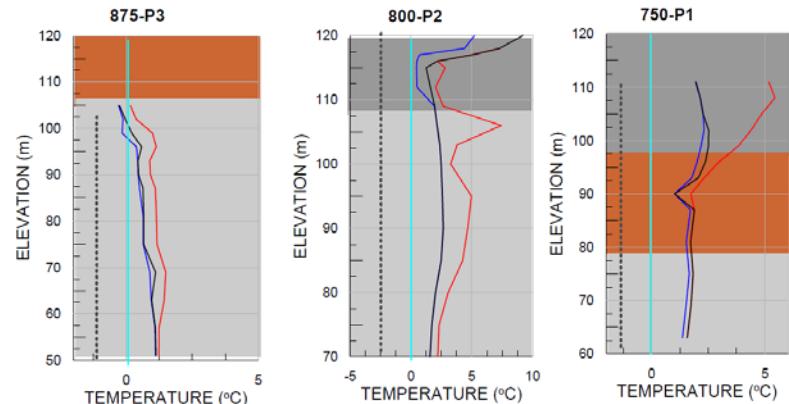
PIEZOMETER 875-P3

- Piezometer at 875-P3 are in bedrock and are impacted by increase in South Cell head

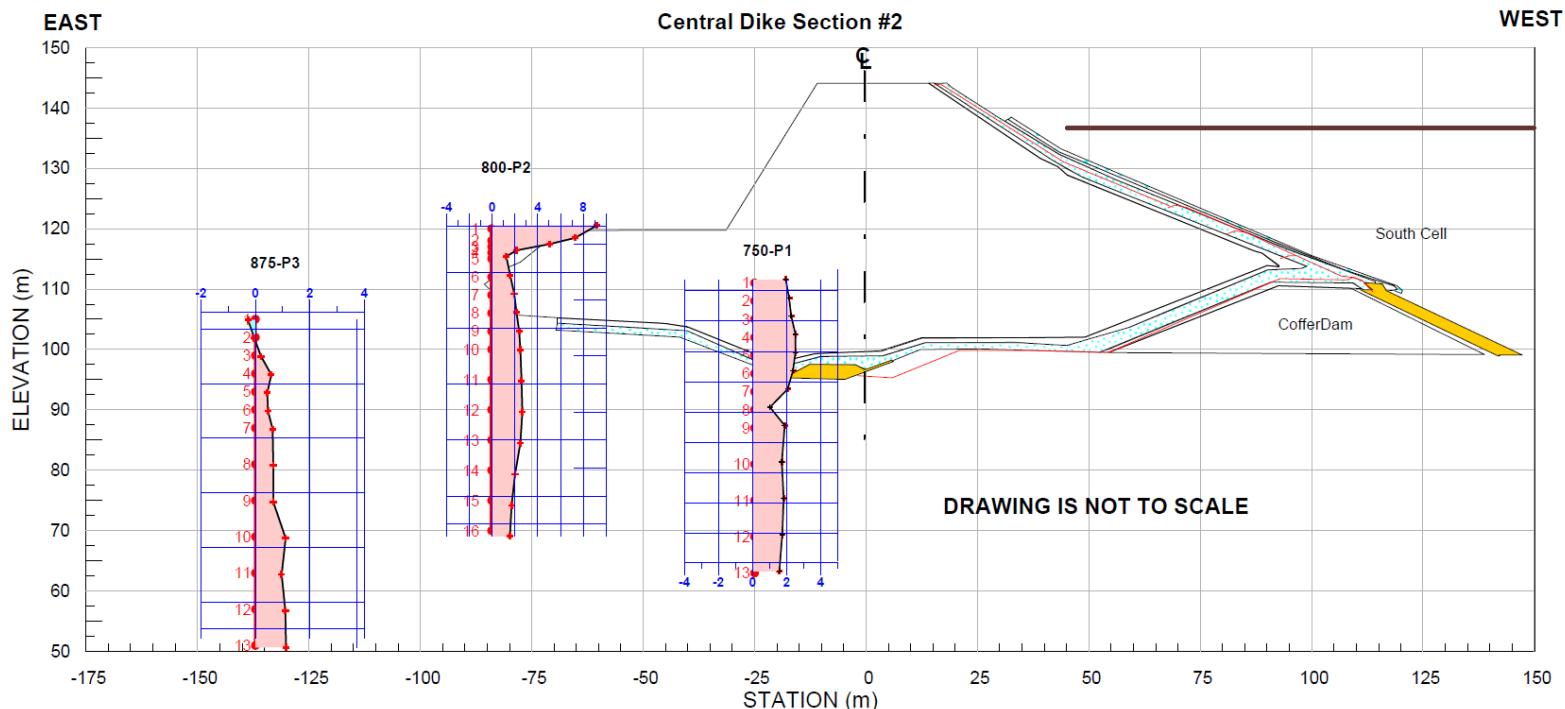


SECTION 2 – THERMAL PROFILE

THERMISTOR READINGS FROM AUGUST 2016 - 2017



THERMISTOR READINGS AUGUST 1ST, 2017





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SECTION 3: ACTION PLAN

ACTION PLAN

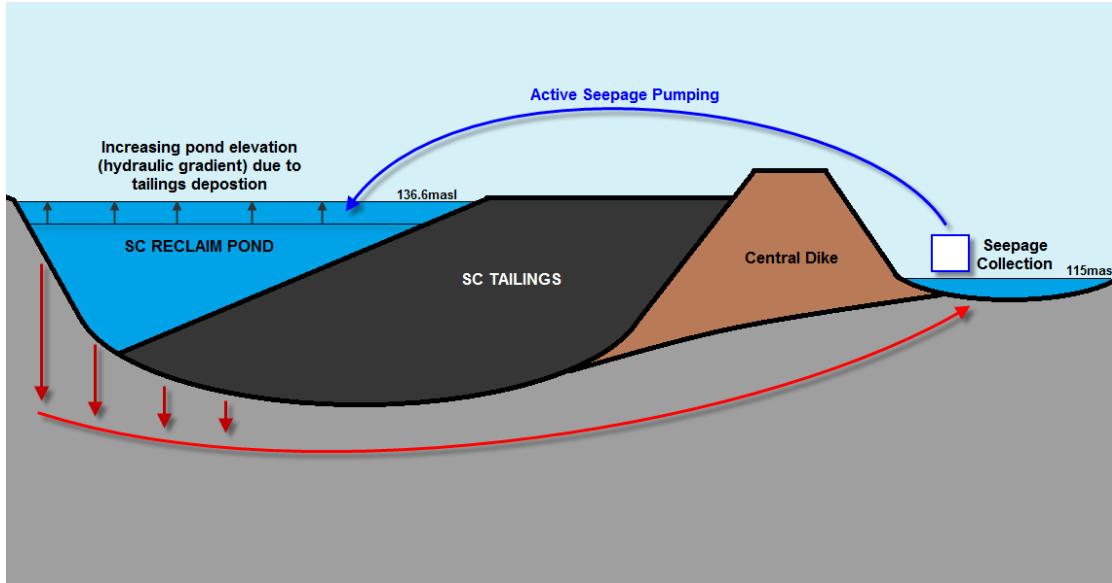
RECAP OF ACTION TAKEN IN RESPONSE TO INCREASE OF ALERT LEVEL TO ORANGE

- ↗ Daily visual inspection of Central Dike 
- ↗ Increased frequency of instrumentation review (allowed to spot automatization artefact and capacitance effect on the thermistor) 
- ↗ Tailings deposition strategy modified to promote beach along SD4 and fill depression 
- ↗ Initiate transfer of water from the South Cell to Goose Pit to reduce water head in between Reclaim pond and the D/S pond 
- ↗ Sampling of water and solid in the D/S pond to understand coloration change 

TRANSFER OF SOUTH CELL WATER TO GOOSE PIT

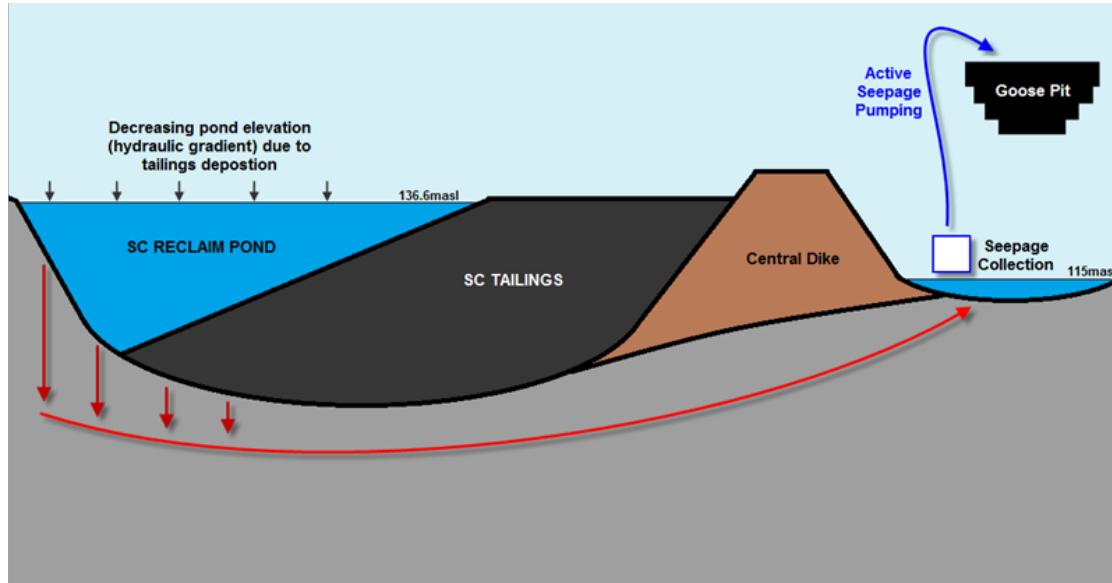
Original D/S Pond Setup

- ↗ Pump water back to South Cell keeping D/S Pond at El. 115m



Modified D/S Pond Setup

- ↗ Addition of a line from D/S Pond to Goose pit
- ↗ Water is transferred while keeping D/S Pond at El. 115 m
- ↗ Transfer 350 000 m³ of water is initiated



ACTION PLAN

PATH FORWARD

- ↗ Develop a response and communication plan in case of deterioration of the situation to red alert
- ↗ Geochemical investigation of the precipitate and sediment found inside the D/S pond
- ↗ Secure South Cell TSF operation during winter 2018 by the construction of an internal structure
- ↗ Implement a strategy to minimize transfer of water in the South Cell for freshet 2018
- ↗ Continue developing in-pit deposition as mitigation measure
- ↗ Define Phase 2 of the program to assess the Central Dike Seepage

SOUTH CELL INTERNAL STRUCTURE

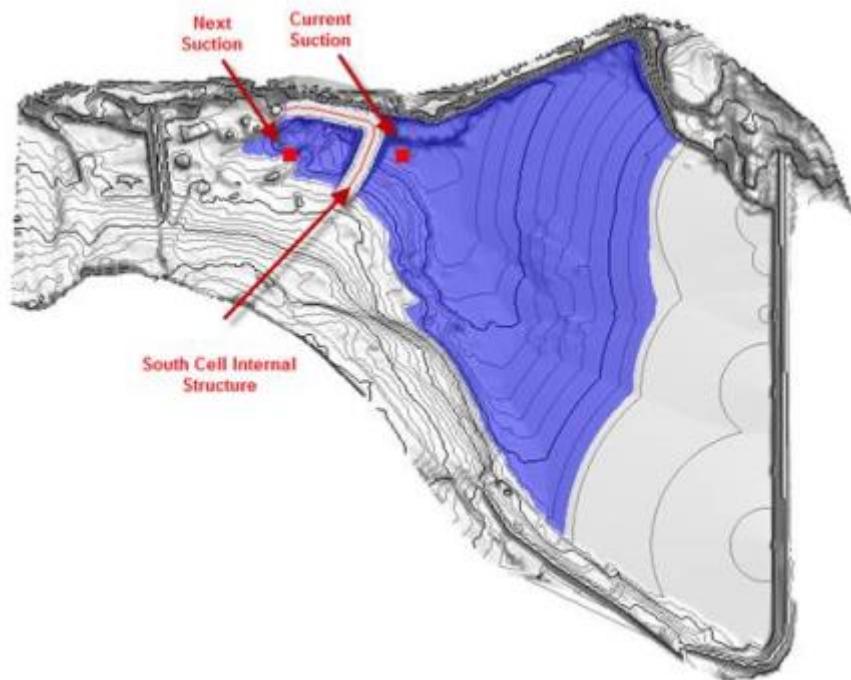
CONCEPTUAL ENGINEERING

Objective is to secure operation of the South Cell TSF during the winter 2018 by building a permeable rock fill structure in front of the reclaim area.

Crest elevation:	138 m
Crest width:	30 m
Max structure height:	8 m
Volume of rock fill:	62,000 m ³
Type of material:	Soapstone
Trench bottom elevation:	136 m
Construction time:	Oct 2017

Operational risks mitigated:

- ↗ Slurry beach getting too close to the reclaim suction and reclaim water quality issues at the mill;
- ↗ Water elevation going higher than freeboard elevation (which would require goose transfers to fix);
- ↗ Increases TSF capacity.



ACTION PLAN

FUTURE GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSIS

Second solid sampling will be required to confirmed the nature of the sediment found in the D/S pond and the coloration change mechanism.

- ↗ Recollect solid samples at the same location as last time, with some slight revisions to the analyses
 - Geochem - total sulphur (Leco), sulphate sulphur, carbonate content (colometry, not total carbon), ICP-MS multi-element scan on aqua regia digest with low detection limits
 - Mineralogy - submit for QEMSCAN modal mineralogy by SGS Burnaby. It will provide better quantification of minerals in this case, or at least remove some of the uncertainty in XRD only results, especially since the iron precipitate is likely poorly ordered and not really detectable by XRD.
- ↗ Collect a fresh mill tailings sample



ACTION PLAN

PHASE 2 OF SEEPAGE ASSESSMENT

- The need to conduct the following activity will be analysed for Phase 2 of the Central Dike seepage assessment
 - Update of 3D model with 2017 investigation results
 - Update of 2D seepage model with 2017 investigation results
 - Geophysical survey of the South Cell in winter condition
 - Investigate 700-P1 void and instrumentation of the Portage Central Dump



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THANK YOU



2017 ANNUAL GEOTECHNICAL INSPECTION
MEADOWBANK GOLD MINE, NUNAVUT

APPENDIX C3

TSF North Cell Instrumentation Data



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**MDRB # 22
P3 – STORMWATER DIKE
UPDATE**



Patrice Gagnon
September 4th 2017



STORMWATER DIKE 2017 HIGHLIGHT

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

January 18-25 - SWD 2017 Field Investigation and Instrumentation Campaign

March 23 - MDRB # 20, Presentation of SWD Dike Assessment

May 25 - Filling the 2016 cracks with bentonite (from 10+500 to 10+750)

July 5 - Observation of settlement of 70cm deep and cracks from 10+840 and 10+925

July 6 - Increased monitoring of the structure implemented – 2 additional prisms (total 18) and 2 extensometers installed in the area

July 15 - Observation of new cracks at 10+425 and 11+050 (corresponding to limit of South Cell water)

July 17 - Additional prism installed at 10+425 (total 19 prisms)

Mid August – reduced the inspections frequency

STORMWATER DIKE 2017 HIGHLIGHT

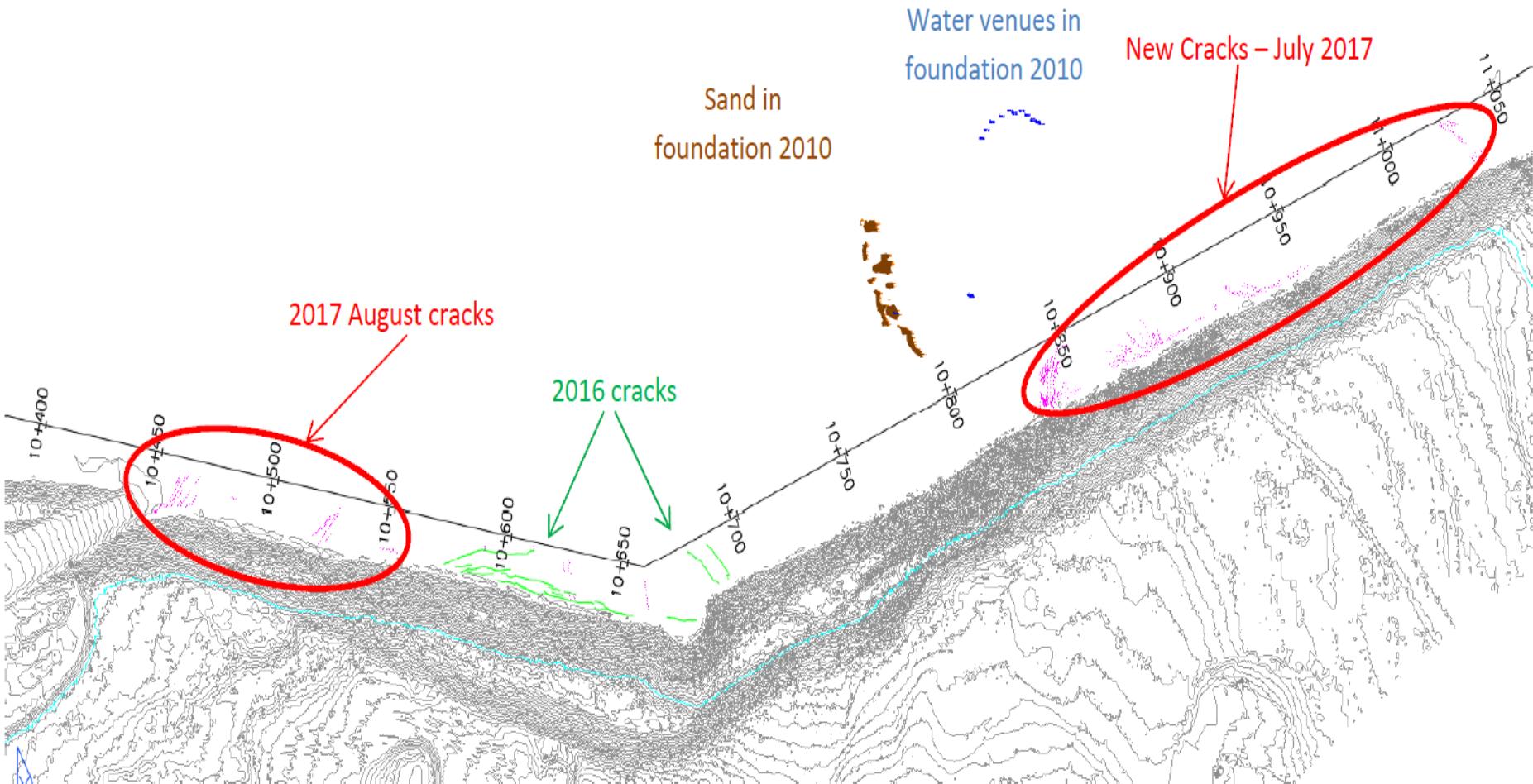
SUMMARY OF ACTION TAKEN IN RESPONSE TO OBSERVATION OF SETTLEMENT AND CRACK

- ↗ Daily visual inspection of Stormwater Dike increased to 1 per day
- ↗ Increased frequency of prisms reading to 1 per day
- ↗ Weekly/ bi-weekly update to AEM Management and Dike designer
- ↗ Installation of additional instrumentation on the crest (3 prisms and 2 extensometers)

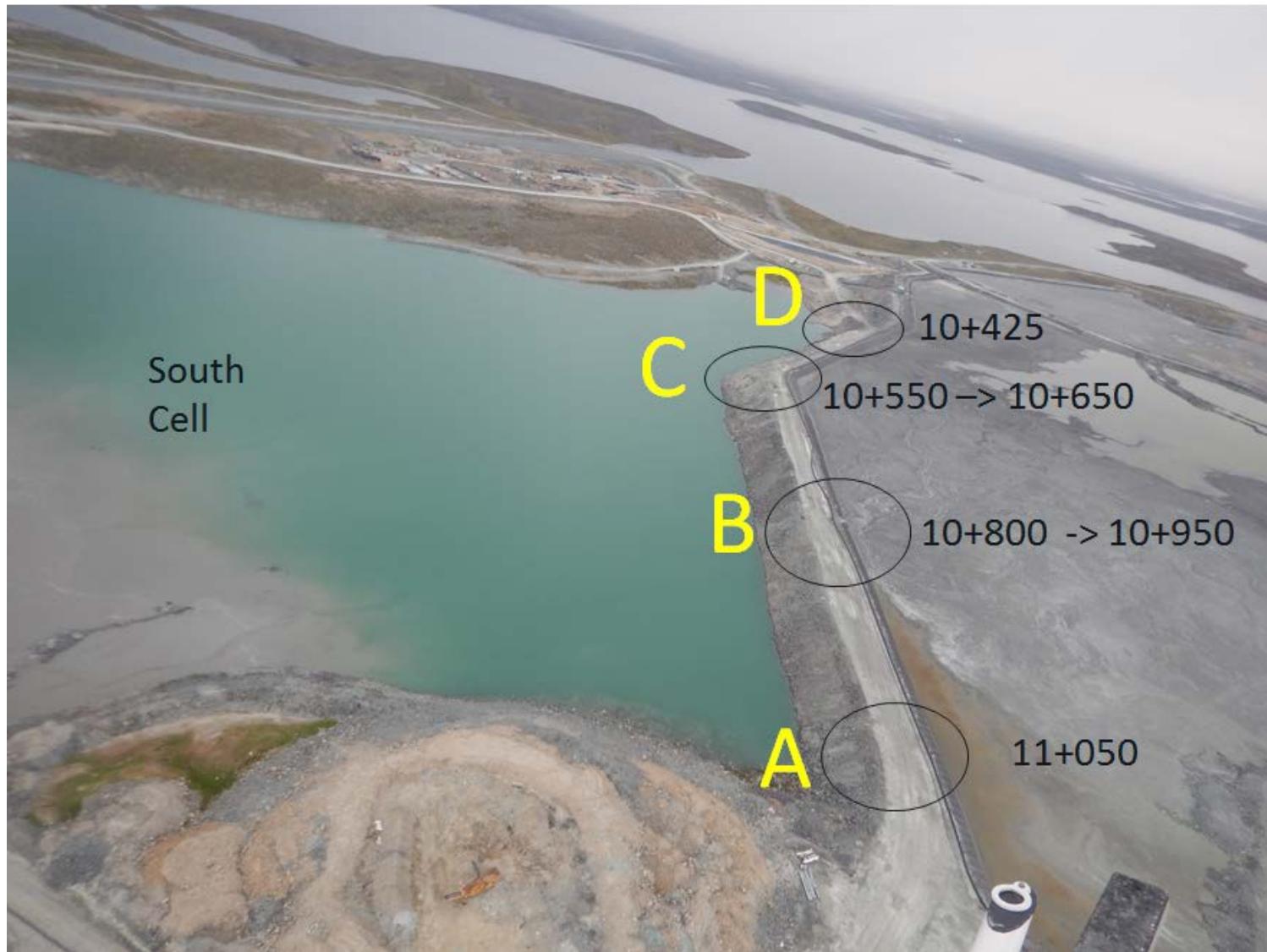
2016 CRACKS FILLED WITH BENTONITE



MOVEMENT ZONES - 2017

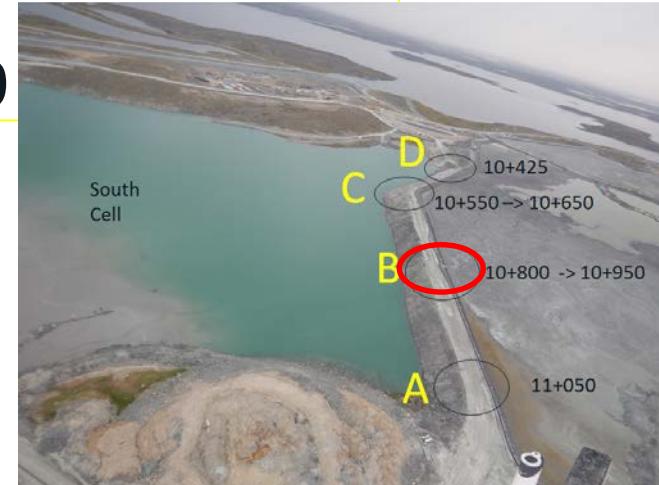


MOVEMENT ZONES - 2017



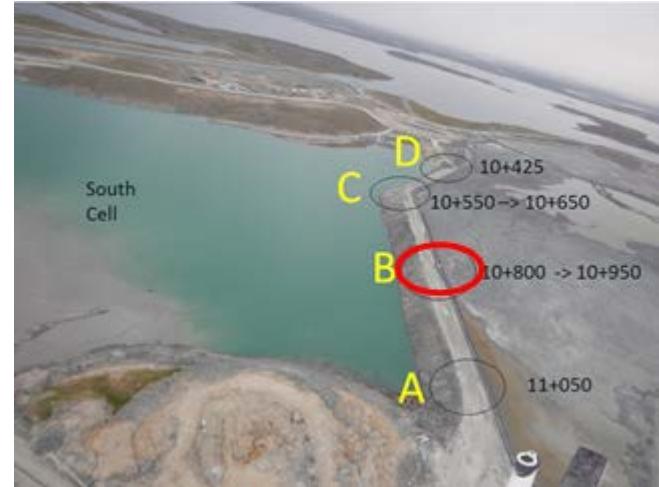
AREA OF MOVEMENT-10+800 TO 10+950

- ↗ Observed initially on July 5th 2017
- ↗ Depression present in previous year but deeper and larger amplitude this year
- ↗ Cracks were not present before



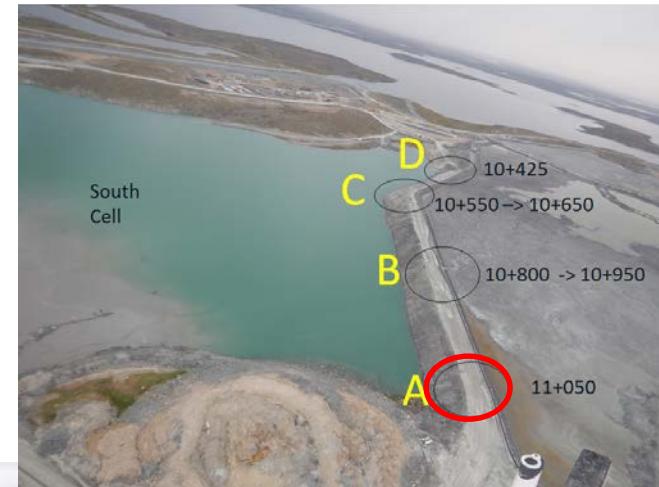
PICTURE OF MOVEMENT – 10+800 TO 10+950

- ↗ Cracks crossing the crest at 40° from CL
 - Did not progressed much during summer
- ↗ Longitudinal cracks along the crest
 - Constantly opened to up to 5cm wide



PICTURE OF MOVEMENT – 11+050

- Observed initially on July 15th 2017
- Appeared when water reached the toe in the area
- Crack width relatively small (<1cm)
- Cracks did not progressed



PICTURE OF MOVEMENT – 10+550 TO 10+750

