



IQALUIT MARINE
INFRASTRUCTURE
PROJECT

NUNAVUT WATER BOARD
ANNUAL REPORT 2021

WATER LICENCE:

8BC-IMI2122

CONTRACT NUMBER:	15255-00290-07
PROJECT NUMBER:	15235-00290
TA PROJECT NUMBER:	21808
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	TA_NWB_IQALUIT MARINE INFRA PROJECT_ANNUAL_REPORT_2021
SUBMITTED BY:	TOWER ARCTIC LTD.
SUBMITTED TO:	NUNAVUT WATER BOARD
DATE SUBMITTED:	MARCH 24, 2022



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- A. 2021 Photographic Records
- B. Spill Response Plan and MSDS sheets

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1. Purpose of the Report

This annual report has been prepared to comply with the Nunavut Water Board (NWB) Licence No. 8BC-IMI2122 Part B condition 1. This condition requires the licensee to provide an annual report to the Board no later than the 31st of March of the year following the calendar year being reported. The location in the report of the information requested by the Part B item 1 is provided in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Table of Concordance

Requested information	Location of the information
a. A summary report of water use activities;	Refer to section 2
b. Daily and Annual volume of Water obtained from Niaqunguk River;	Refer to section 3
c. Summary report of all construction activities including photographic records before, during and after construction;	Refer to section 4
d. Summary report of acid rock drainage and metal leaching characterization of the fill material to be used for construction as required under Part E, Item 5;	No fill material has been used.
e. A list of unauthorized discharges and a summary of follow-up actions taken;	No unauthorized discharge reported.
f. Any revisions to the Spill Response Plan and any other Plans associated with this Licence, as required by Part B, item 5, submitted in the form of an Addendum;	Refer to Appendix B
g. A description of all progressive and or final reclamation work undertaken, including photographic records of site conditions before, during and after completion of operations;	No reclamation activity performed.
h. A summary of all information requested and results of the Monitoring Program; and	Refer to section 5
i. Any other details on water use or waste disposal requested by the Board by November 1 of the year being reported.	No other details requested by the Board

2. Water Use Activities

The water withdrawn under this authorization has been used for the construction activities of the Iqaluit Marine Infrastructure Project especially for the concreting and dust suppressant activities. Those construction activities were located at the Laydown of the new Deep Sea Port (63°43'21"N, 68°31'21"O).

3. Volume of Water Obtained from Niaqunguk River

The daily and annual volume of water obtained from Niaqunguk River are provided in **Table 2** and the table includes TA's withdrawal flow, the Niaqunguk river discharge and the percentage of water withdrawn by TA compared to the Niaqunguk river discharge. The information on the Niaqunguk River discharge has been obtained through the real-time hydrometric data of the station Apex River at Apex (10UH002) ¹. All the withdrawal activities occurred when the natural flow of the Niaqunguk River was above 30% of the mean annual discharge of 0.215m³/s established by the City of Iqaluit². During the withdrawal activities by TA, no water has been withdrawn by the City of Iqaluit.

Table 2: Daily and Annual volume of Water obtained from Niaqunguk River

Date (DD/MM/YY)	Quantity withdrawn (m3)	TA Withdrawal Flow (m3/s)	City Withdrawal Flow (m3/s)	Niaqunguk River Discharge (m3/s)	Percentage of the discharge withdrawn
28/06/2021	30	0.01	0	3.950	0.25%
02/07/2021	30	0.01	0	4.070	0.25%
04/07/2021	2	0.01	0	4.110	0.24%
07/07/2021	30	0.01	0	2.760	0.36%
08/07/2021	30	0.01	0	2.640	0.38%
14/07/2021	20	0.01	0	2.550	0.39%
15/07/2021	2	0.01	0	2.150	0.47%
17/07/2021	30	0.01	0	2.080	0.48%
21/07/2021	30	0.01	0	1.340	0.75%
29/07/2021	2	0.01	0	1.100	0.91%
30/07/2021	30	0.01	0	0.964	1.04%
01/09/2021	30	0.01	0	1.350	0.74%
07/09/2021	30	0.01	0	0.814	1.23%
13/09/2021	30	0.01	0	0.512	1.95%
17/09/2021	30	0.01	0	0.514	1.95%
03/10/2021	15	0.01	0	No data available	
17/10/2021	1	0.01	0	No data available	
22/10/2021	2	0.01	0	No data available	
Total (2021)	374				

¹ Environment and natural resources Canada 2021, https://wateroffice.ec.gc.ca/report/real_time_e.html?stn=10UH002

² Nunami Stantec Limited 2019, 3AM-IQA1626 Application for Amendment – Supporting Submission, p. 2-5

4. Summary Report of Construction Activities

The construction activities related to the withdrawal of Water in the Niaqunguk River were the following:

- Installation of the equipment at the withdrawal site on June 28
- Water withdrawal between June and October
- Removal of the equipment on November 1st

Appendix A provides photographic records of the activities.

A generator stored in a spill containment was positioned at more than 30 m south of the river to power the pumps during water withdraw. Pumps equipped with fish screens were kept in the river at the withdrawal site for the duration of the activity. The hoses were stored on the side of the river. On November 1st, the generator, pumps, and hoses were removed from the withdrawal site. **Appendix A** provides photographic records of the 2021 withdrawal activities.

5. Summary Information Requested by the Monitoring Program

The information requested by the Monitoring Program described in the Part J of the water licence are summarized in **Table 3**.

Table 3: Summary information requested by the Monitoring Program

Requested information	Summary									
1. The Licencee shall establish and maintain, at a minimum, the following monitoring program stations as required during the relevant phase(s) of the Project: <table><tr><th>Monitoring Program Station ID</th><th>Description</th><th>Status</th></tr><tr><td>IMI-1</td><td>Water Intake at Niaqunguk River</td><td>Active (Volume)</td></tr><tr><td>IMI-2</td><td>Niaqunguk River level monitoring</td><td>Active (Water Level)</td></tr></table>	Monitoring Program Station ID	Description	Status	IMI-1	Water Intake at Niaqunguk River	Active (Volume)	IMI-2	Niaqunguk River level monitoring	Active (Water Level)	The instantaneous flows of the Niaqunguk River and the withdrawal flows have been monitored. Refer to Section 2 for the information.
Monitoring Program Station ID	Description	Status								
IMI-1	Water Intake at Niaqunguk River	Active (Volume)								
IMI-2	Niaqunguk River level monitoring	Active (Water Level)								
2. The Licencee shall conduct Niaqunguk River level monitoring, during periods of water extraction (June to October), to analyze the possible downstream effects of water extraction on the Niaqunguk River.	No effects of water extraction have been observed on the Niaqunguk River. Refer to Section 2 for the information.									
3. The Licencee shall measure and record, in cubic meters, the daily quantities of Water extracted for all purposes.	The information is provided in Table 2.									
4. The Licencee shall provide the GPS co-ordinates (in degrees, minutes and seconds of latitude and longitude) of all locations where sources of water are utilized for all purposes.	The information is provided in Section 2.									
5. All sampling, sample preservation and analyses shall be conducted in accordance with methods prescribed in the current edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, or by such other methods approved by the Board in writing.	No samplings have been necessary for the withdrawal activities.									

Requested information	Summary
6. All analyses shall be performed in a laboratory accredited according to ISO/IEC Standard 17025. The accreditation shall be current and in good standing.	No analyses have been necessary for the withdrawal activities.
7. The Licencee shall include in the Annual Report required under Part B, Item 1 all data, monitoring results, and information required by this Part.	Refer to Table 1 for the location of the information in the report.
8. Additional monitoring requirements may be requested by the Inspector and NWB.	No additional monitoring requirements have been requested by the Inspector and NWB.
9. Modifications to the Monitoring Program may be made only upon written request and subsequent approval of the Board in writing.	No modification to the monitoring was made

The water withdrawal site was inspected weekly by the TA's Environmental Monitor (EM). Whenever possible, the inspection was planned while water was being withdrawn. The EM verified that the daily withdrawal limits as per the licence were being met. During the inspection, the EM verified that the water truck was equipped with a spill kit, the generator always remained stored in secondary containment and that the pumps were equipped with fish screens. The EM inspected for any evidence of shoreline erosion related to the water withdrawal activities. No concerns were identified by the EM at any time during the 2021 withdrawal activities.

6. Closure

Expecting this report is to your entire satisfaction and provides the required information about the 2021 construction season.

Report prepared by:

TOWER ARCTIC LTD.



Olivier Bédard-Richard, Environmental Coordinator



Appendix A

2021 Photographic Records



Water Licence (June 28, 2021)



Withdrawal site (June 28, 2021)



Tanker truck (June 28, 2021)



Pumps and hoses



Generator with secondary containment



Niaqunguk River



Withdrawal site (November 1, 2021)



Withdrawal site (November 1, 2021)



Appendix B

Spill Response Plan



IQALUIT MARINE
INFRASTRUCTURE
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SPILL RESPONSE PLAN

WORK PLAN

TOWER ARCTIC LTD.

CONTRACT NUMBER:	15235-00290-07
PROJECT NUMBER:	15235-00290
TOWER ARCTIC NUMBER:	21808
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	TA-21808-WP-13-SPILL RESPONSE PLAN_REV9
SUBMITTED FROM:	TOWER ARCTIC LTD.
SUBMITTED TO:	GOVERNMENT OF NUNAVUT, ADVISIAN
DATE SUBMITTED:	JUNE 7, 2021



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1. INTRODUCTION

The Government of Nunavut (GN) has initiated the construction of two marine infrastructure projects in Iqaluit, Nunavut. The Small Craft Harbour (SCH) project and the Deep Sea Port (DSP) project were developed to improve the safety and functionality of the marine services in Iqaluit. Both projects are named “*Iqaluit Marine Infrastructure Project*” (Project). In 2018, Tower Arctic Ltd. (TA) has been awarded as the general contractor of the Project. The Project is in the City of Iqaluit that is located in the Qikiqtani region of Baffin Island. The construction activities take place on the west and east shores of Koojesse Inlet. To support the construction activities, a water withdrawal site is located along the Niaqunguk River (63°45.385’N, 68°27.730’W), and a temporary laydown as well as a storage area for the explosives have been constructed. **Figure 1** provides the location of the facilities used by TA during the construction activities of the Project.



FIGURE 1: LOCATION OF THE FACILITIES USED DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES OF THE PROJECT



2. OBJECTIVE OF THE DOCUMENT

This Spill Response Plan (SRP) is a general contingency plan in case of accidental spill of hazardous substances into the environment. The document has been prepared by TA in accordance with the requirements of the Guidelines for Spill Contingency Planning, the Canadian Arctic Waters Pollution Prevention Regulations, the Fisheries Act and the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

The SRP includes the environmental commitments presented in the Construction Environmental Management Plan prepared by TA for the Project. Those commitments are provided in **Appendix A**.

3. RESPONSE ORGANISATION

The response organisation of TA is provided in **Table 1**.

TABLE 1: RESPONSE ORGANISATION OF TA

Title	Name	Location	Spill Response Responsibilities	Contact Information
Superintendent	Norbert Morency	On site	Field operations supervision	(418) 554-4316
Superintendent	Christian Lamontagne	On site	Field operations supervision	(418) 569-5788
Health and Safety Advisor	Pierre Gagnon	On site and off site	Training	(418) 929-6178
Environmental Monitor	Stéphanie Cotnoir Sara Dubosq Jamie Cahill	On site during in water construction activities	Training Spill reporting Compliance monitoring	(514) 213-7298
Environmental Coordinator	Olivier Bédard-Richard	Off site	Environmental compliance management Training Spill reporting	(418) 953-3781
Project Manager	Mélissa Simard	On site and off site	Environmental compliance management	(418) 473-9078
Assistant Project Manager	Simon Bouchard	On site and off site	Environmental compliance management	(581) 443-0371
Project Director	Simon Goulet	Off site	Environmental compliance management	(418) 955-3068



4. COMMUNICATION PATTERN

The communication pattern is provided in **Appendix B** and will be posted in the following area:

- Office trailers
- Lunchrooms
- Camp entrance

The SRP is also presented and explained to all workers during the environmental and safety induction before they start to work on site. A specific training is provided to the worker for the fueling of equipment as per the Fueling Method prepared by TA.

5. STORAGE OF THE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

For the construction activities of the project, TA constructed a temporary laydown and a storage area for the explosives. The hazardous goods and the hazardous wastes are stored in those areas. This place allows avoiding storage of most of the hazardous materials within the DSP and SCH boundary that are located near the water. Oxygen and acetylene cylinders are stored at the DSP since these dangerous goods does not represent a risk of water contamination.

Table 2 provides the list of hazardous goods stored for the project. The important information specific to the hazardous goods stored on site is included in the **Register of Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)**.

TA requested and received the authorization from the municipal and federal regulators to build the laydown and the area to store the explosives. Both facilities are outside the residential areas and at more than 30 metres from any waterbody or called sensitive area. Land levelling and areas setup occurred during the equipment mobilization in 2018.

The layout of hazardous materials storage areas is provided in **Appendix C**. For safety reasons, the location of the area where the explosives are stored is not shown in the layout.



TABLE 2: LIST OF HAZARDOUS GOODS CONTAINED ON SITE

Hazardous Goods	Maximum Storage Capacity	Storage Type	Storage Location	Potential Environmental Impact
Diesel	15 000 L	Mobile tank	Laydown of TA	Contaminated soil and water
Gasoline	10 000 L	Double wall tank and metal containers	Laydown of TA	Contaminated soil and water
Lubricants and Oils	1 000 L	Plastic and metal containers	Laydown of TA	Contaminated soil and water
Paint	5 L	Plastic containers and metal containers	Laydown of TA	Contaminated soil and water
Oxy/Acetylene	5 m3	Gas cylinder	Laydown of TA and DSP	Contaminated air
Propane	5 m3	Gas tank	Laydown of TA	Contaminated air
Explosives	25 KG	Cardboard box and bagged	Explosives storage area	Contaminated soil and water

6. RESSOURCES AVAILABLE FOR SPILL RESPONSES

Table 3 provides the list of resources available in case of environmental incidents involving hazardous substances. If necessary, TA can request the services of companies located in Iqaluit and specialized in spill management (e.g. Qikiqtaaluk Environmental). These companies have equipment for site remediation and can provide qualified technician to conduct soil or water sampling.

TABLE 3: LIST OF RESSOURCES AVAILABLE ON SITE FOR SPILL RESPONSES

Resource	Location	Quantity
Barrel Spill Kit	SCH, DSP and Causeway	5 units
Bagged Spill Kit	Each equipment	150 units
Floating Absorbents	DSP and marine based equipment	250 m



7. GENERAL CONTINGENCY PLAN

For TA, the speed of operations is the key element in this plan which ensures an effective response from different mobilized resources on site when an accidental spill happens.

For this reason, the activities executed during a marine activity (< 30 m from the most recent high water level) or a terrestrial activity (> 30 m from the most recent high water level) must be coordinated while respecting the patterns of the both kind of activity.

7.1. MARINE ACTIVITIES

The marine activities are the construction operation which are performed in water and within 30 m from the most recent high water level. These activities are at high risk of spilling contaminants in the water. As soon as an accidental spill of a hazardous material in the environment is reported, TA will proceed with the following steps:

A. CONTROL THE LEAK

- Quickly locate the contaminant source;
- If possible, immediately neutralize the leak;
- Evaluate amount of damage on site;

B. CONFINEMENT OF SPILLED PRODUCT (MINIMIZE THE RISK OF CONTAMINATION)

If there is a spill in the water, a floating barrier made of absorbent strands will be installed using boat(s) to confine and absorb the contaminant.

If the water is not accessible for the boat(s), the floating barrier will be placed using a crane on the cells and a man basket. Pile driving using the vibro hammer is the activity that can potentially generate a spill in water. Installation of the floating barrier should take less than 1 hour. The principal steps are as following:

- Stopping of the construction activity and removing of the device hooked to the crane cable;
- Hooking of the man basket and preparation of the floating barriers;
- Placement of the floating barriers on water.

If the spill doesn't occur in water, put up barriers to reduce spread of spilled material by laying down socks, pads or absorbent aggregate. Protect sensitive areas such as watercourses, water well sources, catch basins, and wildlife habitats.

The locations of the spill kits are shown on the sketch in **Appendix D**, this drawing is also posted in our office trailers.



C. INFORM THE PEOPLE RESPONSIBLE

Describe the incident to the superintendent and/or the project manager and fully collaborate with the participants. Inform the responsible on which type of hazardous material were currently spilled on site, the amount released, the source of the leak, the area affected, and the immediate action taken to solve the situation.

D. RECOVER HAZARDOUS AND RESIDUAL MATERIALS

- Recover the spilled material manually or mechanically as the case may be;
- Haul the hazardous and residual material to the specific container;
- Dispose of the hazardous material as per the law and good practice.

E. FILE THE ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT / INVESTIGATION REPORT

- The spill will be reported to the Environmental Inspector of the Government of Nunavut and a copy of the report will be also provided (see **Appendix E** to consult the spill report form) within 12 hours following the occurrence. The Environmental Inspector will determine in accordance with applicable regulations, if an incident is reportable to regulatory agencies.
- A spill log will follow and be discussed with the Government of Nunavut.
- Proof of hazardous waste disposal will be issued at Government of Nunavut.
- TA will report to the authority (24-hour spill report line as per the Nunavut spill planning and reporting regulations) where the spill occurred, the spill amount equal to or greater than the amount set out in schedule B of the Spill contingency planning and reporting regulations (**Appendix F**).

A spill scene checklist is developed in **Appendix G**.

7.2. TERRESTRIAL ACTIVITIES

The terrestrial activities are the construction operation which are performed at more than 30 m from the most recent high water level. As soon as an accidental spill of a hazardous material in the environment is reported, TA will proceed with the following steps:

A. CONTROL THE LEAK

- Quickly locate the contaminant source;
- If possible, immediately neutralize the leak;
- Evaluate amount of damage on site.



B. CONFINEMENT OF SPILLED PRODUCT (MINIMIZE THE RISK OF CONTAMINATION)

Put up barriers to reduce spread of spilled material by laying down socks, pads or absorbent aggregate. Protect sensitive areas such as watercourses, water well sources, catch basins, and wildlife habitats.

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- A spill log will follow and be discussed with the Government of Nunavut.
- Proof of hazardous waste disposal will be issued at Government of Nunavut.
- TA will report to the authority (24-hour spill report line as per the Nunavut spill planning and reporting regulations) where the spill occurred, the spill amount equal to or greater than the amount set out in schedule B of the Spill contingency planning and reporting regulations (**Appendix F**). The Environmental Inspector of the GN will determine in accordance with applicable regulations, if an incident is reportable to regulatory agencies.

A spill scene checklist is developed in **Appendix G**.



8. OTHER MEASURES

- Towers Arctic LTD. will ensure that the cleaning of the area will be carried out as per the law. The transport and disposal of the recovered hazardous waste will be carried out by a specialized company.
- If necessary, a company specialized in the disposal of hazardous waste will be contacted as soon as possible. Coordination and follow up of their operations will be ensured on site to enable a fast execution. Local contractor list:

QIKIQTAAALUK ENVIRONMENTAL

2027 Iqaluit Lane PO Box 2110 Iqaluit,

Nunavut, X0A 0H0.

Tel 687-979-8400

By Quatrex Bags or absorbent pudding Iqaluit to Montreal:

ENGLOBE CORPORATION

4495, Wilfrid-Hamel

Quebec

Tel 418-653-4422

- Hydraulic equipment working on or near water will use biodegradable hydraulic oil.
- If necessary, recommendations from Government of Nunavut or opinions of specialists from the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Canada will be considered.

9. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This document has been presented to you to show the structure that Tower Arctic Ltd will put in place if an accidental spill in the environment occurs during this project.

An emergency structure and communication pattern has been developed in order to ensure a quick and efficient response during an environmental incident (See **Appendix B**).



APPENDIX A

CEMP MITIGATION AND MONITORING MEASURES SUMMARY

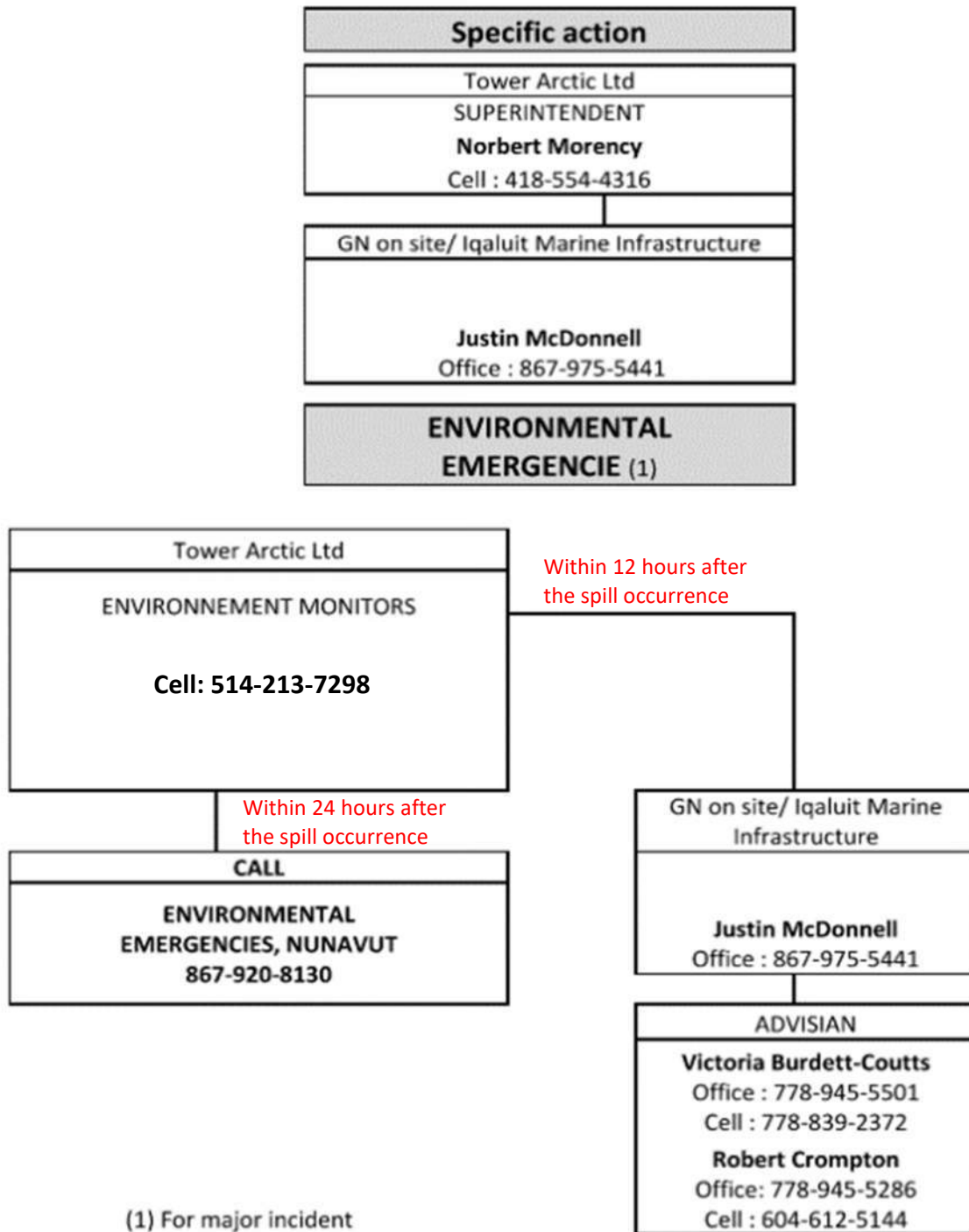


Reference #	Requirement
Spill Prevention and Response Measures	
SP01.	All workers shall be trained in the spill prevention and response requirements during site induction and subsequent toolbox talk sessions.
SP02.	Spill kits shall be readily available, and will be appropriate to the type and amount of hazardous and waste materials anticipated for the Project. Standard spill kits typically contain absorbent booms, socks, pads, waste bags and ties, and PPE such as gloves and goggles. Further details on the contents of the spill kits will be provided by the successful Contractor.
SP03.	Spills shall be reported according to the Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations (R-068-93) and magnitudes of the events. (24-Hour Spill Report Line by calling 1-867-920-8130). Reporting requirements for spill magnitudes of individual contaminants are provided in Schedule B of the Regulations (R-068-93).
SP04.	Hydraulic, fuel, and lubrication systems of equipment near watercourses and sensitive habitats shall be inspected periodically to ensure that the systems are in good condition and free of leaks.
SP05.	Appropriately sized drip trays for stationary equipment shall be used. Use secondary containments and drip trays in a manner which does not lead to the collection of rainwater and/or snow.
SP06.	Routine inspections of equipment for leaks, cracked hoses and other conditions that may result in spills shall be undertaken. The Contractor shall ensure external equipment surfaces are free of oil, diesel and other potential contaminants prior to use.
SP07.	Hoses and nozzles used for dispensing fuel shall be maintained in good repair, free of leaks, and equipped with automatic shut-offs.
SP08.	Any delivery hose that has the potential to cause a spill, if it were pulled away from the delivery pump, shall be fitted with a breakaway valve.
SP09.	Operators shall always stay with the nozzle while refuelling.
SP10.	Maintenance and operating procedures shall be established and posted to prevent spills.
SP11.	The Contractor shall drain the existing fuel line (leading to Innuvit Head) prior to undertaking blasting works for the laydown area due to the proximity of the fuel line.
SP12.	Construction vessels must comply with the requirements for shipboard oil pollution emergency plan and arrangements with a certified response organization defined under the Canada Shipping Act, 2001. The requirements are dependent on the size of the vessel.
VE05.	When existing local facilities are not available for refuelling, onshore equipment and vehicles must be serviced and refuelled at least 15 m away from sensitive habitats unless secondary containment is used; preferably over an impermeable surface (e.g. drip trays). Drip pans and / or other protective devices shall also be used to prevent spills of petroleum products and other potentially hazardous liquids (e.g. antifreeze) during servicing.
VE11.	When offshore equipment and marine vessels are refueled through a floating hose, Contractor will ensure that all hoses and equipment are in good working order, appropriate spill containment and clean-up equipment is available, and personnel are trained in refueling and spill response procedures.
HM07.	Drainage into and from the storage area shall be controlled, and/or suitable secondary containment implemented, to prevent spills or leaks from leaving the site and to prevent run-off from entering the site.
HM08.	Containers must be sound, sealable and not damaged or leaking.
WW08.	All waste shall be stored in plastic bags while conducting marine work to prevent waste being released into the water.
WW11.	Waste shall not be deposited in, or placed on land or ice, under any conditions where the waste may enter Arctic waters.



APPENDIX B

EMERGENCY STRUCTURE AND COMMUNICATION PATTERN





Distribution list of the SRP

Tower Arctic Ltd.:

- Simon Goulet, Project Director
- Melissa Simard, Project Manager
- Norbert Morency, Superintendant
- Christian Lamontagne, Superintendant
- Pierre Gagnon, HSE Advisor
- Simon-Pier Laberge, Project Engineer
- Olivier Bédard-Richard, Environmental Coordinator

SNC-Lavalin:

- Environmental Monitor's Team

Government of Nunavut, Community & Government Services:

- Justin McDonell, Project Manager
- Eiryn Devereaux, Acting Deputy Minister

Government of Nunavut, Economic Development and Transportation:

- John Hawkins, Assistant Deputy Minister
- Matthew Bowler, Director Transportation, Policy and Planning

SRM Consulting:

- Charlotte Mougeot, Regulatory Advisor



APPENDIX C

MAP OF THE HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE AREA LOCATION

Location of the TA Laydown (Hazardous storage area)



Distance between the TA Laydown (Hazardous storage area) and nearby waterbodies





APPENDIX D

PLAN OF THE SPILL KITS LOCATION

SPILL KITS PLAN



Those general spill kits will stay there permanently and there will be small kits in every vehicle.



APPENDIX E

REPORT FORM FOR ACCIDENTAL SPILL



NT-NU SPILL REPORT

OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE

TEL: (867) 920-8130

FAX: (867) 873-6924

EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

REPORT LINE USE ONLY

A	REPORT DATE: MONTH - DAY - YEAR		REPORT TIME		☐ ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT, OR ☐ UPDATE # _____ TO THE ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT	REPORT NUMBER _____
	OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH - DAY - YEAR		OCCURRENCE TIME			
C	LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)			WATER LICENCE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)		
D	GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME OR DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM NAMED LOCATION				REGION ☐ NWT ☐ NUNAVUT ☐ ADJACENT JURISDICTION OR OCEAN	
E	LATITUDE DEGREES MINUTES SECONDS			LONGITUDE DEGREES MINUTES SECONDS		
F	RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VESSEL NAME		RESPONSIBLE PARTY ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION			
G	ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVED		CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION			
H	PRODUCT SPILLED		QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES		U.N. NUMBER	
	SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED (IF APPLICABLE)		QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES		U.N. NUMBER	
I	SPILL SOURCE		SPILL CAUSE		AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SQUARE METRES	
J	FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL OR RECOVERY		DESCRIBE ANY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED		HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENT	
K	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, COMMENTS, ACTIONS PROPOSED OR TAKEN TO CONTAIN, RECOVER OR DISPOSE OF SPILLED PRODUCT AND CONTAMINATED MATERIALS					
L	REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY	POSITION	EMPLOYER	LOCATION CALLING FROM	TELEPHONE	
M	ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT	POSITION	EMPLOYER	ALTERNATE CONTACT LOCATION	ALTERNATE TELEPHONE	
REPORT LINE USE ONLY						
N	RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY	POSITION STATION OPERATOR	EMPLOYER	LOCATION CALLED YELLOWKNIFE, NT	REPORT LINE NUMBER (867) 920-8130	
LEAD AGENCY ☐ EC ☐ CCG ☐ GNWT ☐ GN ☐ ILA ☐ INAC ☐ NEB ☐ TC			SIGNIFICANCE ☐ MINOR ☐ MAJOR ☐ UNKNOWN		FILE STATUS ☐ OPEN ☐ CLOSED	
AGENCY		CONTACT NAME	CONTACT TIME	REMARKS		
LEAD AGENCY						
FIRST SUPPORT AGENCY						
SECOND SUPPORT AGENCY						
THIRD SUPPORT AGENCY						

PAGE 1 OF _____

Instructions for Completing the NT-NU Spill Report Form

This form can be filled out electronically and faxed to the spill line at 867-873-6924. Commencing on January 2, 2007, the form can also be e-mailed as an attachment to spills@gov.nt.ca. Until further notice, please verify receipt of e-mail transmissions with a follow-up telephone call. Spills can still be phoned in by calling collect at 867-920-8130.

A. Report Date/Time	The actual date and time that the spill was reported to the spill line. If the spill is phoned in, the Spill Line will fill this out. Please do not fill in the Report Number; the spill line will assign a number after the spill is reported.
B. Occurrence Date/Time	Indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the exact date and time that the spill occurred. Not to be confused with the report date and time (see above).
C. Land Use Permit Number /Water Licence Number	This only needs to be filled in if the activity has been licenced by the Nunavut Water Board and/or if a Land Use Permit has been issued. Applies primarily to mines and mineral exploration sites.
D. Geographic Place Name	In most cases, this will be the name of the city or town in which the spill occurred. For remote locations – outside of human habitations – identify the most prominent geographic feature, such as a lake or mountain and/or the distance and direction from the nearest population center. You must include the geographic coordinates (Refer to Section E).
E. Geographic Coordinates	This only needs to be filled out if the spill occurred outside of an established community such as a mine site. Please note that the location should be stated in degrees, minutes and seconds of Latitude and Longitude.
F. Responsible Party Or Vessel Name	This is the person who was in management/control/ownership of the substance at the time that it was spilled. In the case of a spill from a ship/vessel, include the name of the ship/vessel. Please include full address, telephone number and e-mail. Use box K if there is insufficient space. Please note that, the owner of the spilled substance is ultimately responsible for any spills of that substance, regardless of who may have actually caused the spill.
G. Contractor involved?	Were there any other parties/contractors involved? An example would be a construction company who is undertaking work on behalf of the owner of the spilled substance and who may have contributed to, or directly caused the spill and/or is responding to the spill.
H. Product Spilled	Identify the product spilled; most commonly, it is gasoline, diesel fuel or sewage. For other substances, avoid trade names. Wherever possible, use the chemical name of the substance and further, identify the product using the four digit UN number (eg: UN1203 for gasoline; UN1202 for diesel fuel; UN1863 for Jet A & B)
I. Spill Source	Identify the source of the spill: truck, ship, home heating fuel tank and, if known, the cause (eg: fuel tank overflow, leaking tank; ship ran aground; traffic accident, vandalism, storm, etc.). Provide an estimate of the extent of the contaminated/impacted area (eg: 10 m ²)
J. Factors Affecting Spill	Any factors which might make it difficult to clean up the spill: rough terrain, bad weather, remote location, lack of equipment. Do you require advice and/or assistance with the cleanup operation? Identify any hazards to persons, property or equipment: for example, a gasoline spill beside a daycare centre would pose a safety hazard to children. Use box K if there is insufficient space.
K. Additional Information	Provide any additional, pertinent details about the spill, such as any peculiar/unique hazards associated with the spilled material. State what action is being taken towards cleaning up the spill; disposal of spilled material; notification of affected parties. If necessary, append additional sheets to the spill report. Number the pages in the same format found in the lower right hand corner of the spill form: eg. "Page 1 of 2", "Page 2 of 2" etc. Please number the pages to ensure that recipients can be certain that they received all pertinent documents. If only the spill report form was filled out, number the form as "Page 1 of 1".
L. Reported to Spill Line by	Include your full name, employer, contact number and the location from which you are reporting the spill. Use box K if there is insufficient space.
M. Alternate Contact	Identify any alternate contacts. This information assists regulatory agencies to obtain additional information if they cannot reach the individual who reported the spill.
N. Report Line Use Only	Leave Blank. This box is for the Spill Line's use only.



APPENDIX F

OTHER PREVENTION MEASURES

TDG Class	Substance for NWT 24 Hour Spill Line	Immediately Reportable Quantities
1 2.3 2.4 6.2 7 None	Explosives Compressed gas (toxic) Compressed gas (corrosive) Infectious substances Radioactive Unknown substance	Any amount
2.1 2.2	Compressed gas (flammable) Compressed gas (non-corrosive, non-flammable)	Any amount of gas from containers with a capacity greater than 100 L
3.1 3.2 3.3	Flammable liquids	> 100 L
4.1 4.2 4.3	Flammable solids Spontaneously combustible solids Water reactant	> 25 kg
5.1 9.1	Oxidizing substances Miscellaneous products or substances excluding PCB mixtures	> 50 L or 50 kg
5.2 9.2	Organic peroxides Environmentally hazardous	> 1 L or 1 kg
6.1 8 9.3	Poisonous substances Corrosive substances Dangerous wastes	> 5 L or 5 kg
9.1	PCB mixtures of 5 or more ppm	> 0.5 L or 0.5 kg
None	Other contaminants (e.g. crude oil, drilling fluid, produced water, waste or spent chemicals, used or waste oil, vehicle fluids, waste water, etc.)	> 100 L or 100 kg
None	Sour natural gas (i.e. contains H ₂ S) Sweet natural gas	Uncontrolled release or sustained flow of 10 minutes or more

In addition, all releases of harmful substances, regardless of quantity, are to be reported to the NWT spill line if the release is near or into a water body, is near or into a designated sensitive environment or sensitive wildlife habitat, poses imminent threat to human health or safety, poses imminent threat to a listed species at risk or its critical habitat, or is uncontrollable.



APPENDIX G

SPILL SCENE CHECKLIST

SPILL SCENE CHECKLIST

RECOGNIZE THE STATE OF THE SITUATION

- () Evaluate the path of the product and more particularly towards the sensitive elements.
- () Check for presence of contaminants in the hydraulic system
- () Check the flow direction of the contaminant
- () Check for sources, drinking water intakes or domestic or farm animals near the spill.
- () Determine the nature of the product, the quantity and the location.

CONTROLLING CONTAMINATION AT SOURCE

- () Locate the source of contamination as quickly as possible. If possible, neutralize it, if it is safe.
- () Assess the extent of the damage on the ground.

TELL LOCAL RESPONSIBILITIES

- () Notify the Superintendent General to initiate the emergency response and notify the resource persons concerned.
- () In the event of a major spill that could reach a major drainage network, notify the Ministry of Environment and Wildlife and the municipal authorities (fire department) and call on specialized companies.

CONFINING THE CONTAMINANT

- () Use appropriate emergency equipment: bulk absorbent material, absorbent sheets, absorbent pads, hand shovel, excavator (to make trenches if necessary).
- () Restraint on the ground

Protect sensitive elements with absorbents

- () Dig a retention pit to capture the contaminant
- () Make a trench or mound to prevent the contaminant from reaching sensitive elements divert runoff water from the contaminated area.
- () Restraint on the water
- () If there is a contaminant in a drainage ditch, block the culvert to prevent it from spreading.
- () Install at the outlet of the culvert an absorbent bead on the ditch water to collect oily contaminant residues.
- () Construct dikes or earthen dams
- () Use booms made of bunches of absorbents, straw or trees and branches

INFORM THE AUTHORITIES CONCERNED

- () Inform stakeholders concerned (see communication diagram)
- () Warn the Municipal Fire Department if a contaminant spills into a manhole.

CHECK SENSITIVE ELEMENTS FOR INTERVENTION POINTS

- () Use equipment and available personnel, or if necessary, call on specialized companies for contaminant recovery and cleaning of contaminated materials.

RECOVER CONTAMINANT

- () Proceed diligently to recover the contaminant and call in specialized companies if necessary.

SPILL REPORT

- () Write a report of accidental spill of contaminant and give it to the coordinator or environment officer.
- () Make a retrospective analysis of the spill case and the procedure in place.

Tower Arctic Ltd.
Register of Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)
Iqaluit Marine Infrastructure Project

1	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED
2	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
3	ARGON
4	ACETYLENE
5	CARBON DIOXIDE
6	AMMONIUM NITRATE
7	BIOHYDRAN
8	HIGH TEMPERATURE THREAD LUBRICANT
9	DURON TM/MC UHP 0W-40
10	PRODURO MC TO-4 +
11	PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M
12	ENDURATEX TM/MC EP 150
13	ATF +4®
14	PRECISION TM/MC XL EP1
15	PRECISION MC SYNTHÉTIQUE MOLY
16	PRODURO TM/MC TO-4 + 30
17	-45 °C WINDSHIELD WASHER
18	ANTIFREEZE
19	TRAXON MC SYNTHÉTIQUE 75W-90
20	VULTREX MC -TIGE DE FORAGE-LOURDE
21	ARDEE TM/MC 100
22	ARDEE TM/MC 68
23	DIESEL EXHAUST FLUID
24	METHYL HYDRATE
25	UCAR™ Aircraft Deicing Fluid XL 54 SAE

Nitrogen, compressed

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Date of issue: 01/01/1980

Revision date: 07/13/2018

Supersedes: 10/21/2016

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen
Chemical name	: Nitrogen
CAS-No.	: 7727-37-9
Formula	: N ₂
Other means of identification	: Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen, Nitrogen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: Industrial use Medical applications. Food applications. Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
10 Riverview Drive
Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty. CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

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2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

CAS-No. : 7727-37-9

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS-No.) 7727-37-9	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Nitrogen, compressed

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product : **The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures** is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

ACGIH

Not established

Nitrogen, compressed

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Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
USA OSHA	Not established
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Skin and body protection	: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 28 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: No odor warning properties.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -210 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -195.8 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -149.9 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 3390 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.16 kg/m ³
Relative gas density	: 0.97
Solubility	: Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.

Nitrogen, compressed

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Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen, compressed

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

Nitrogen, compressed

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Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
Division (IMDG)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases
MFAG-No	: 121

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IATA)	: 2.2 - Gases : Non-flammable, non-toxic
Civil Aeronautics Law	: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

EU-Regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

15.2.2. National regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)	
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)	
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)	
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)	
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)	

15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List				
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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Revision date

: 07/13/2018

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

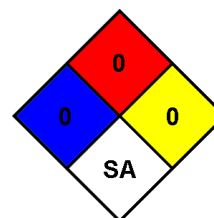
: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



Hazard Rating

Health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Oxygen, compressed
CAS No : 7782-44-7
Formula : O₂
Other means of identification : Oxygen, Compressed; MediPure Oxygen; Aviator's Breathing Oxygen; USP Oxygen; Oxygen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications
Industrial use
Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
10 Riverview Drive
Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Ox. Gas 1 H270
Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS03

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing
P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place
P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure
CGA-PG22 - Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service
CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

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Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Breathing 80 percent or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain, and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and central nervous system (CNS) effects, resulting in dizziness, poor coordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness, and convulsions. Breathing oxygen under pressure may cause prolongation of adaptation to darkness and reduced peripheral vision.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Oxygen, compressed
CAS No : 7782-44-7

Name	Product identifier	%
Oxygen	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Move to fresh air. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Vigorously accelerates combustion. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water (e.g, safety shower) is the preferred extinguishing media for clothing fires.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Oxidizing agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : High-pressure, oxidizing gas

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

Specific methods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems
	Stop flow of product if safe to do so
	Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Other information	: Heat of fire can build pressure in container and cause it to rupture. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) No part of the container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Smoking, flames, and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate area. Try to stop release. Monitor concentration of released product. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	No additional information available
6.1.2. For emergency responders	No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
Safe use of the product	: The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid oxygen rich (>23.5%) atmospheres. Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138. As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 32 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

Oxygen, compressed

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Date of issue: 01/01/1979

Revision date: 10/21/2016

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Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -219 °C (-362°F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -183 °C (-297°F)
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Critical temperature	: -118.6 °C (-181.48°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 50.4 bar (731.4 psia)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 0.0827 lb/ft ³ (1.325 kg/m ³) absolute vapor density at 70°F/21.1°C, 1 atm
Relative density	: 1.1
Density	: 1.4289 kg/m ³ (at 21.1 °C)
Relative gas density	: 1.1
Solubility	: Water: 39 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: Oxidizer.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violently oxidizes organic material.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep equipment free from oil and grease. Consider the potential toxicity hazard due to the presence of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure (> 30 bar) oxygen lines in case of combustion. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

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Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description	: UN1072 Oxygen, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1072
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Oxygen, compressed
Class (DOT)	: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable gas 5.1 - Oxidizer



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 110 - Fire extinguishers transported under UN1044 may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Division 2.2, provided the aggregate quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 grams per extinguishing unit
A14 - This material is not authorized to be transported as a limited quantity or consumer commodity in accordance with 173.306 of this subchapter when transported aboard an aircraft

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 122 (UN1072)
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1072
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MEAG-No	: 122

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1072
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Oxygen, compressed
Class (IATA)	: 2
Civil Aeronautics Law	: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Oxygen, compressed

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This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Oxygen (7782-44-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Oxygen, compressed(7782-44-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

Oxygen, compressed

Safety Data Sheet P-4638

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

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PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

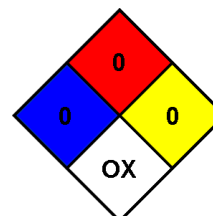
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Argon

Safety Data Sheet E-4563

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2013

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Argon
CAS No : 7440-37-1
Formula : Ar
Other means of identification : Shielding gas, Argon 40
Product group : Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Industrial use

1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc.
1200 – 1 City Centre Drive
Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2
T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682
www.praxair.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-363-0042
Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product.
For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Simple asphyxiant H380
Compressed gas H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms



GHS04

Signal word

: WARNING

Hazard statements

: CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
Close valve after each use and when empty
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

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Argon

Safety Data Sheet E-4563

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2013

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Argon (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7440-37-1	100	Argon, compressed

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Reactivity in case of fire	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.
Protection during firefighting	: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems Stop flow of product if safe to do so Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way, and as per local legislation.

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : Face shield. Safety glasses. Gloves.



Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.



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Eye protection	: Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	: None necessary.
Other information	: Other protection : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colourless gas.
Molecular mass	: 40 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: No odour warning properties.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -189 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -185.9 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -122.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 4898 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 0.0016 (≥ 21.1)
Relative density	: No data available
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: Vapour density 0.103 lb/ft ³ at 21.1°C (70°F)
Relative gas density	: 1.38
Solubility	: Water: 61 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable

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9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: ≈
Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None.
Conditions to avoid	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
Incompatible materials	: Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.
Hazardous decomposition products	: None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : None

Effect on global warming : None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Contact supplier if guidance is required.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1006
TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.
Proper shipping name : ARGON, COMPRESSED

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0.125 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L
Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ARGON, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 121

IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 1006
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Argon, compressed
Class (IATA) : 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

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15.2. International regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 15/10/1979

Revision date : 03/08/2016

Supersedes : 15/10/2013

Indication of changes:

Training advice : The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

Other information : Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

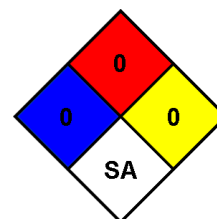
PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard : SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Name	: Acetylene
CAS No	: 74-86-2
Formula	: C ₂ H ₂
Other means of identification	: Acetylene Dissolved, Acetylen, ethine, ethyne, narylene
Product group	: Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions	: Industrial use Welding

1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc.
1200 – 1 City Centre Drive
Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2
T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682
www.praxair.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: 1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Flam. Gas 1	H220
Dissolved gas	H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: DANGER

Hazard statements

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS**
MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED PRESSURE AND/OR TEMPERATURE
CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources



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Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
Close valve after each use and when empty
Fusible plugs in the top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psig (103 kPa)
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure
Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (CAS no. 67-64-1; Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) in the gas container. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas container. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Acetylene (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 74-86-2	100	Ethyne / Acetylene, dissolved / Acetylene (liquefied) / Ethine

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : See below. See CGA Pamphlet SB-4, *Handling Acetylene Cylinders in Fire Situations*, for further information.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Fire hazard : If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

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Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible

Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.

Other information : Acetylene containers are provided with pressure relief devices designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperature.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Prevent runoff from contaminating the surrounding environment.

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking" or "Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g. NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

Storage area : Acetylene trailers are designed and intended for outdoor use. Acetylene storage in excess of 2,500 cu ft (70.79 cubic meters) is prohibited in buildings and other occupancies.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.



Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.

Eye protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Skin and body protection : As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : **Respiratory protection:** Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.



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Other information : **Other protection** : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colourless gas.
Molecular mass	: 26 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Garlic like. Poor warning properties at low concentrations.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -80.8 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -84 °C
Flash point	: -17 °C
Critical temperature	: 36 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 305 °C
Decomposition temperature	: 635 °C
Vapour pressure	: 4400 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 6138 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 0.00117 (≥ 21.1)
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: 0.0012 g/cm ³ (at 0 °C)
Relative gas density	: 0.9
Solubility	: Water: 1185 mg/l
Log Pow	: 0.37
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2.5 - 100 vol %

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: $\approx$
Sublimation point	: -83.3 °C
Gas group	: Dissolved gas

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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Acetylene

Safety Data Sheet E-4559

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

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Chemical stability	: Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: May react explosively even in the absence of air. May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.
Conditions to avoid	: High temperature. High pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
Incompatible materials	: Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper. Air, Oxidiser. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Hydrocarbon	Yes

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Persistence and degradability	Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

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12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetylene (74-86-2)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer	: No known effects from this product
Effect on global warming	: No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1001
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gas.
Proper shipping name	: ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 0
Passenger Carrying Ship Index	: 75 kg
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: Forbidden

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MFAG-No	: 116

IATA

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Acetylene, dissolved
Class (IATA)	: 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Acetylene (74-86-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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15.2. International regulations

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 15/10/1979

Revision date : 04/08/2016

Supersedes : 15/10/2013

Indication of changes:

Training advice : Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Other information : When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

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NFPA health hazard

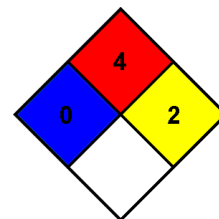
: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability

: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

Physical

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Carbon dioxide, Safety Data Sheet E-4574

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Carbon dioxide,
CAS No : 124-38-9
Formula : CO₂
Other means of identification : Carbon anhydride, Carbonic acid gas, Carbon Dioxide,
Product group : Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Industrial use
Medical applications
Semiconductor
Use as directed

1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc.
1200 – 1 City Centre Drive
Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2
T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682
www.praxair.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-363-0042
Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product.
For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Simple asphyxiant H380
Compressed gas H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms



GHS04

Signal word

: WARNING

Hazard statements

: CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE
MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear cold insulating gloves and either face shield or eye protection
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
Close valve after each use and when empty

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Always keep container in upright position
DO NOT change or force fit connections

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Carbon dioxide, (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 124-38-9	100	CARBON DIOXIDE

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

- Explosion hazard : CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.
- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
- Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : DANGER! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Take care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays directly into liquid; cryogenic liquid can freeze water rapidly

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

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Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods	: Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Other information	: Cryogenic liquid causes severe frostbite, a burn-like injury. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers or piping exposed to liquid or cold gas. Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, evaporates first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm

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Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)		
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	30000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	5000 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	27000 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	30000 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	5000 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	27000 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : Safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.



Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.

Eye protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Respiratory protection : **Respiratory protection:** Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

Other information : **Other protection :** Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 44 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: No odour warning properties.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -78.5 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -78.4 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: 31 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 5730 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 7375 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.82
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: 762 kg/m ³
Relative gas density	: 1.52
Solubility	: Water: 2000 mg/l Completely soluble.
Log Pow	: 0.83

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Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable

9.2. Other information

Sublimation point	: -78.5 °C
Gas group	: Refrigerated liquefied gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None.
Conditions to avoid	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
Incompatible materials	: Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, Acetylide forming metals, Chromium, Titanium > 1022°F (550°C), Uranium (U) > 1382°F (750°C), Magnesium > 1427°F (775°C).
Hazardous decomposition products	: Electrical discharges and high temperatures decompose carbon dioxide into carbon monoxide and oxygen. The welding process may generate hazardous fumes and gases. If using carbon dioxide for welding and cutting, see Praxair SDS P-4574, Gaseous Carbon Dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

Additional information	Low concentrations of CO2 cause increased respiration and headache

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
BCF fish 1	No bioaccumulation
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Can cause frost damage to vegetation.
Effect on the ozone layer : None
Global warming potential [CO₂=1] : 1
Effect on global warming : When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1013
TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.
Proper shipping name : CARBON DIOXIDE

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0.125 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L
Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2187
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 120

IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 2187
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

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Carbon dioxide, Safety Data Sheet E-4574

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2014

Class (IATA) : 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. International regulations

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CIRC (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 15/10/1979

Revision date : 03/08/2016

Supersedes : 15/10/2014

Indication of changes:

Training advice : The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

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Carbon dioxide, Safety Data Sheet E-4574

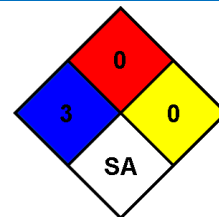
according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2014

NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
NFPA specific hazard	: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Dyno Nobel Inc.

6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150

Salt Lake City, Utah 84121

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com www.dynonobel.com

SDS #: 1020

Date: 07/20/2020

Supersedes: 09/10/2018

Product Identifier

Product Name: Superprill

Formula: NH₄NO₃

Other Means of Identification

Synonyms: Superprill™, Prilled Ammonium Nitrate, Industrial Grade LoDAN, Ammonium Nitrate, Industrial Grade HiDAN, Ammonium Nitrate, Agricultural Grade

Intended Use of the Product

Industrial applications

Emergency Telephone Number

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Ox. Sol. 3

H272

Eye Irrit. 2A

H319

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking
P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing, incompatible materials
P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles, organic material, clothing, incompatible materials
P260 - Do not breathe fume, dust.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use water only on AN fires.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national,

Safety Data Sheet

territorial, provincial, and international regulations*

*Do not perform hot work on contaminated equipment.

Other Hazards

Other Hazards: Aquatic Acute 3 H402

H402 – Harmful to aquatic life

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Ingredient Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonium nitrate	(CAS No) 6484-52-2	98 - 100	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: If symptoms occur, go into fresh air and ventilate suspected area. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water followed by rinsing with water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Irritation to eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract, sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty breathing.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If ingested, may cause methemoglobinemia – emergency response should treat appropriately, such as by intravenous administration of methylene blue.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Evacuate the area for 1 mile if ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire. Only water shall be used on ammonium nitrate fires. Dry chemical, foams, steam and smothering devices are not effective and can lead to possible explosion of the ammonium nitrate. General extinguishers may be used on fires **not involving the ammonium nitrate** such as conveyors, electrical equipment, tires, bearings, general plant equipment or the like when only minimal amounts of ammonium nitrate are present. For large fires use unmanned monitor nozzles if available.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or regular foam.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture In intense fires, the ammonium nitrate can melt and detonate from confinement or strong shocks. Evacuation of at least 1 mile is recommended if the ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire.

Fire Hazard: May intensify fire; oxidizer. Will accelerate the burning of other combustibles, resulting in more rapid spread of fire.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and

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injuries. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Reactivity: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. May accelerate the burning of other combustible materials. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautions for Firefighting: Evacuate the area for 1 mile if ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire. Only fires which are in the initial or beginning stage or those involving minimal amounts of ammonium nitrate in a manufacturing setting or in an area where ammonium nitrate is stored or in vehicles transporting ammonium nitrate should be attacked using manual fire extinguishing methods (fire extinguishers, hose streams, etc.) that require a human operator. If a fire in an area where ammonium nitrate is stored or in vehicles transporting ammonium nitrate progresses beyond the incipient stage or involves the ammonium nitrate, evacuation is required. Fire fighters downwind from a fire should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Fire fighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves and rubber boots.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Nitrogen oxides. Toxic fumes are released. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Ammonia.

Additional Information: If a fire has not reached the ammonium nitrate, cool the ammonium nitrate or container thereof to prevent the fire from reaching it. Ammonium nitrate does not burn by itself and thus needs to be kept separate from combustible materials. Ammonium nitrate is an oxidizer and will significantly increase the burning rate of combustible materials.

When in confinement and in the presence of a strong detonation sources the material can explode when subject to sudden shock, pressure, or high temperatures. Avoid temperatures above 210 C (410 F) which may cause thermal decomposition or explosion, especially in confined or poorly ventilated spaces.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections: Refer to section 9 for flammability properties. Not flammable.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Avoid getting in eyes or on skin. Keep away from combustible material.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Use a broom for small spills do not mix with other materials.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Collect spillage for possible reuse. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material in a fire situation may be an explosive situation. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

Safety Data Sheet

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations 29 CFR 1910.109(i).

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from combustible materials, ignition sources, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. halogens (F, Cl, Br, I). Chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. Organic materials. Combustible materials.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment: Approved safety glasses. Gloves. If insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective clothing when appropriate as indicated by air monitoring or if engineering controls are insufficient.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Approved safety glasses

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Colorless to off-white prills
Odor	: Odorless
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: Not available
Melting Point	: 170 °C (337°F)
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: 177 - 210 °C Decomposition (350 - 410°F)
Flash Point	: Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available

Safety Data Sheet

Specific Gravity	: 1.72 - 1.00 (Poured bulk density)
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: 192 g/100 ml @ 20 °C (68 °F); 118 g/100 ml @ 0 °C (32 °F)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable. (inorganic)
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	: Not sensitive to mechanical impact. May be sensitive to supersonic explosively driven projectile impacts.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	: Not sensitive to static discharge.

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. May accelerate the burning of other combustible materials. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Chemical Stability: May intensify fire; oxidizer.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Extremely high temperatures. Overheating. Open flame. Combustible materials. Sources of ignition. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Halogens. Chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen oxides. Toxic vapors. Ammonia. Nitric acid

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects – Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

LD50 Oral Rat	2217 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 88.8 mg/l/4h

ATE CLP (oral)	2217.000 mg/kg body weight

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet

Toxicity Not classified	
Persistence and Degradability	
Superprill	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
Bioaccumulative Potential	
Superprill	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	-3.1 (at 25 °C)
Mobility in Soil Not available	
Other Adverse Effects	
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.	

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Collect spillage for possible reuse. Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Clean up even minor leaks or spills if possible without unnecessary risk.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% total combustible material, including any organic substance, calculated as carbon to the exclusion of any other added substance

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Label Codes : 5.1

Packing Group : III

ERG Number : 140



14.2 In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Packing Group : III

Label Codes : 5.1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-H

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-Q



14.3 In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE

Packing Group : III

Identification Number : UN1942

Hazard Class : 5

Label Codes : 5.1

ERG Code (IATA) : 5L



Safety Data Sheet

14.4 In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2 per cent combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance

Packing Group : III

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Label Codes : 5.1



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Superprill

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

Superprill

WHMIS Classification : Class C - Oxidizing Material
Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification : Class C - Oxidizing Material
Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 07/20/2020

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

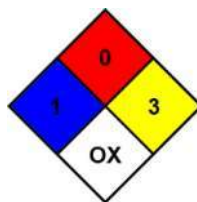
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidizing solids Category 3
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer

Safety Data Sheet

H319

Causes serious eye irritation

- NFPA Health Hazard** : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.
- NFPA Fire Hazard** : 0 - Materials that will not burn.
- NFPA Reactivity** : 3 - Capable of detonation or explosive reaction, but requires a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation, or reacts explosively with water.
- NFPA Specific Hazard** : OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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Dyno Nobel SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015/17)

SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) 32891

Number H18
Substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Hydraulic Fluid

Uses advised against Do not use for any purpose other than the one for which it is intended.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TOTAL CANADA INC.
220, LAFLEUR
LASALLE, QUEBEC
H8R 4C9
Tel: (514) 595-7579
Fax: (514) 595-5950

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 1-800-463-3955
Company Phone Number +1 866 928 0789 (24h/24, 7d/7)
+1 215 207 0061 (24h/24, 7d/7)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

The product is not classified as hazardous according to WHMIS

Label elements

The product is not classified as hazardous according to WHMIS

Hazard Statements

None



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

Other information**Physical-Chemical Properties**

Contaminated surfaces will be extremely slippery.

Environmental properties

The product may form an oil film on the water surface that may stop the oxygen exchange.
Should not be released into the environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Mixture****Chemical nature**

The product is made from synthetic base oils.

Chemical Name	EC-No	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzenepropanoicacid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C 7-C9 branched alkyl ester	406-040-9	125643-61-0	1-<2.5

Additional information

Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**First aid measures for different exposure routes****General advice**

IN CASE OF SERIOUS OR PERSISTENT CONDITIONS, CALL A DOCTOR OR
EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and
continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated
clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. High pressure jets may
cause skin damage. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not
breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an
unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Protection of First-aiders

First aider needs to protect himself. See Section 8 for more detail. Do not use
mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial
respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper
respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

Skin contact	Not classified based on available data. High pressure injection of the products under the skin may have very serious consequences even though no symptom or injury may be apparent.
Eye contact	Not classified based on available data.
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Ingestion	Not classified based on available data. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	No information available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<u>Suitable Extinguishing Media</u>	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). ABC powder. Foam. Water spray or fog.
<u>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</u>	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
<u>Special Hazard</u>	Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentration. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x).
<u>Explosion Data</u>	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Evacuate non-essential personnel.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Information	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Contaminated surfaces will be extremely slippery. Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.
Other information	See Section 12 for additional information.

Environmental precautions



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

General Information

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Dike to collect large liquid spills. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials.

Methods for cleaning up

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

For personal protection see section 8. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Prevention of fire and explosion

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene measures

Ensure the application of strict rules of hygiene by the personnel exposed to the risk of contact with the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Do not use abrasives, solvents or fuels. Do not dry hands with rags that have been contaminated with product. Do not put product contaminated rags into workwear pockets.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep in a bunded area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep preferably in the original container. Otherwise reproduce all indication of the regulation label on the new container. Do not remove the hazard labels of the containers (even if they are empty). Design the installations in order to avoid accidental emissions of product (due to seal breakage, for example) onto hot casings or electrical contacts. Store at room temperature. Protect from moisture.

Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits

Mineral oil mist:
USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m³, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m³, STEL 10 mg/m³, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m³ (highly refined). .



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Legend

See section 16

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General Information

Protective engineering solutions should be implemented and in use before personal protective equipment is considered. The personal protective equipment (PPE) recommendations apply to the product ITSELF. In case of mixtures or formulations, it is suggested that you contact the relevant PPE suppliers.

Eye/face protection

If splashes are likely to occur, wear safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Protective shoes or boots.

Hand Protection

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves: Fluorinated rubber. Nitrile rubber. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Respiratory protection

None under normal use conditions. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Respirator with combination filter for vapor/particulate. Warning ! filters have a limited use duration. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

limpid

Color

yellow

Physical State @20°C

liquid

Odor

Characteristic

Odor Threshold

No information available



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<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>Method</u>
pH		Not applicable	
Melting point/range		Not applicable	
Boiling point/boiling range		No information available	
Flash point	300 °C 572 °F		ASTM D92 ASTM D92.
Evaporation rate		No information available	
Flammability Limits in Air		No information available	
upper		No information available	
Lower		No information available	
Vapor Pressure		No information available	
Vapor density		No information available	
Relative density	0.906 - 0.926	@ 15 °C	ASTM D4052
Density	906 - 926 kg/m ³	@ 15 °C	ASTM D4052
Water solubility		Insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents		No information available	
logPow		No information available	
Autoignition temperature		No information available	
Decomposition temperature		No information available	
Viscosity, kinematic	43.7 - 50.50 mm ² /s 9.3 mm ² /s	@ 40 °C @ 100 °C	ASTM D445 ASTM D445
Explosive properties	Not explosive		
Oxidizing Properties	Not applicable		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No information available		
<u>Other information</u>			
Freezing Point		No information available	
Pour point	-42 °C		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>	None under normal processing.
<u>Chemical stability</u>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<u>Possibility of hazardous reactions</u>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<u>Conditions to avoid</u>	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from heat and sparks.
<u>Incompatible materials</u>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>	Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x).



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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Symptoms	No information available.
Skin contact	Not classified based on available data. High pressure injection of the products under the skin may have very serious consequences even though no symptom or injury may be apparent.
Eye contact	Not classified based on available data.
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Ingestion	Not classified based on available data. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Acute toxicity - Product Information**

Oral	Not classified based on available data
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity	
Dermal	Not classified based on available data
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity	
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	268.40 mg/l
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity	

Acute toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Benzenepropanoicacid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	LD50 rat > 2000 mg/kg (Rat - OECD 401)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat - OECD 402)	

Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified based on available data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified based on available data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified based on available data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available data.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available data.

Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available data.
Target Organ Effects (STOT)	None known.



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STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available data.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified based on available data.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity****Acute aquatic toxicity - Product Information**

No information available

Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to microorganisms
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	EC50 (72 h) > 3 mg/l Scenedesmus (OECD 201)	LC50 (96 h) > 74 mg/l Brachydanio rerio (OECD 203)	EC50 (24 h) > 100 mg/l Daphnia magna (OECD 202)	

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0		NOEC (21d) ≤ 0.01 mg/l Daphnia magna semi static (OECD 211)		

Effects on terrestrial organisms No information available.**Persistence and degradability**

No information available



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Date of the previous version: not applicable

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Bioaccumulative potential**Product Information** No information available.**logPow** No information available**Component Information**

Chemical Name	log Pow
Benzenepropanoicacid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	9.2

Mobility**Soil** Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility**Air** Loss by evaporation is limited**Water** The product is insoluble and floats on water**Other adverse effects****General Information** No information available**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment**

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable national environmental laws and regulations. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standard; however, for general discharge guidance, federal installations limited to 15 mg/L for total oil and grease. Provincial criteria are likely and should be requested when notifying provincial authorities.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**TDG** Not regulated**DOT** Not regulated**MEX** Not regulated



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Date of the previous version: not applicable

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ICAO/IATA Not regulatedIMDG/IMO Not regulatedADR/RID Not regulatedADN Not regulated**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015/17) and the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains all the information required by the HPR

International Inventories

All the substances contained in this product are listed or exempted from listing in the following inventories:
Canada (DSL/NDL)

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Instability 0	Special hazards -
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Physical Hazard 0	Personal protection X

Revision Date: 2018-04-06
Revision Note: Initial Release

Abbreviations, acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

bw = body weight

bw/day = body weight/day

EC x = Effect Concentration associated with x% response

GLP = Good Laboratory Practice

IARC = International Agency for Research of Cancer

LC50 = 50% Lethal concentration - Concentration of a chemical in air or a chemical in water which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals

LD50 = 50% Lethal Dose - Chemical amount, given at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals

LL = Lethal Loading

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level

NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level

OECD = Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

UVCB = Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological material

NTP = National Toxicology Program

Section 8



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BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

TWA - Time Weight Average

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limits

+	Sensitizer
C:	Carcinogen
Ceiling:	Ceiling Limit Value

*	Skin designation
R:	Toxic to reproduction

This safety data sheet serves to complete but not to replace the technical product sheets. The information contained herein is given in good faith and is accurate to the best of knowledge at the date indicated above. It is understood by the user that any use of the product for purposes other than those for which it was designed entails potential risk. The information given herein in no way dispenses the user from knowing and applying all provisions regulating his activity. The user bears sole liability for the precautions required when using the product. The regulatory texts indicated herein are intended to aid the user to fulfil his obligations. This list is not to be considered complete and exhaustive. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that he is subject to no other obligations than those mentioned.

End of the Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 Product and Company Identification

Chemical Product Name: High Temperature Thread Lubricant
Product Description: Thread lubricant
CAS Number: Mixture of 64742-54-7, 7782-42-5, 7429-90-5, and trade secret
Synonyms: HTL4
Recommended Use(s): Thread lubricant for various industrial applications
Company Information: Eaton's Crouse-Hinds Business
P.O. Box 4999
Syracuse, NY 13221-4999
USA
Telephone: (315) 477-7000
Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Section 2 Hazards Identification

OSHA HCS Status: This product is a hazardous chemical, as defined by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.1200.
Hazards identified are based on hazards of the ingredients. This product has not been fully tested.

Relevant Route of Exposure/Target Organs: Eyes, dermal, gastrointestinal tract

OSHA/GHS Signal Word and Hazard Statements:

WARNING: Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

OSHA/GHS Classification and Pictograms:

Skin irritation	Category 2
Eye irritation	Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3



OSHA/GHS Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing fumes. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

GHS Hazard and Precautionary Statement Codes: See Section 16.

Section 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS #	%
Distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-54-7	50 – 60
Proprietary ingredient NTTSRN 80100362-5013P	Trade secret	15 – 20
Proprietary ingredient NJTSRN 80100362-5012P	Trade secret	15 – 20
Aluminum powder RTECS: BD0330000	7429-90-5	1 – 5
Graphite powder	7782-42-5	1 – 5

Additional Information: The highly refined petroleum distillate in this preparation, CAS# 64742-54-7, contains < 3% (w/w) DMSO extract, according to IP346, "Determination of polycyclic aromatics in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions — Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method."

Section 4 First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Holding eyelids away from the eyeballs, flush eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Do not rub. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain appropriate medical attention.

Ingestion: No harmful effects are expected from ingestion of small quantities. Do not induce vomiting. If gastric disturbance occurs, seek medical attention.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects: Causes eye and skin irritation. May damage gastrointestinal tract if ingested.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed: Get medical attention immediately if product comes into contact with skin or eyes, or if it is inhaled or ingested.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Fight like a fuel oil fire. Cool exposed containers with water spray. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool to prevent vapor pressure build-up.

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam

Protective Equipment: Firefighters should wear a NIOSH-approved, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full turnout gear.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards: None known

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, trace metal oxides.

Section 6 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Protection: Wear protective equipment appropriate for the level of exposure.

Spill Procedures: Isolate the hazard and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not walk through or otherwise scatter spilled material. Stop flow of spilled material. Scrape, wipe, or mop up or absorb with diatomaceous earth or other inert material.

Environmental Precautions and Cleanup Methods: Spills may cause slippery floors. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Precautions: Spills may cause slippery floors. Proper footwear required. Remove contaminated clothing and laundry before re-use. Wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking. Discard contaminated leather gloves and shoes.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated area. Keep containers well closed. Avoid storage near open flame or other ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls/Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation used in combination with general ventilation as necessary to control air contaminants to at or below acceptable exposure guidelines.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or protective goggles. Wear safety goggles that meet ANSI Z87 standards and/or are tested and approved under appropriate government standards.

Respiratory Protection: Under normal working conditions with airborne exposures below acceptable exposure guidelines, none required. For airborne exposures above acceptable limits, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

Skin Protection: Use neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves to prevent skin contact. Use chemical splash apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing.

Component	CAS #	OSHA/PEL	ACGIH/TLV
Distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-54-7	5 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ (STEL)	5 mg/m ³
Proprietary ingredient NTTSRN 80100362-5013P	Trade secret	N/E	N/E
Proprietary ingredient NJTSRN 80100362-5012P	Trade secret	N/E	N/E
Aluminum powder RTECS: BD0330000	7429-90-5	N/E	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Graphite powder	7782-42-5	2.5 mg/m ³	2.0 mg/m ³

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Color: Soft aluminum

Physical form: Paste

Odor: Petroleum odor

Odor Characteristics: NA

Odor Threshold: NA

pH (undiluted): NA

Flash Point: 420°F (250°C) **Method:** ASTM D92 COC

Flammability (solid, gas): NA

Boiling Point: NE

Evaporation Rate: NA

Melting Point: NA

Lower Explosive Limit: NE

Upper Explosive Limit: NE

Vapor Pressure: NA

Vapor Density: NA

Specific Gravity: 1.1

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Auto-ignition Temperature: NE

Decomposition Temperature: NE

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Oxidizing Properties: None known for product.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Incompatibilities: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Conditions to avoid: Do not heat above flash point. Do not weld.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity and immediate effects: No data is available for this material.

Oral LD50 (rat): No data is available for this material.

Inhalation LC50 (rat): No data is available for this material.

Dermal LD50: No data is available for this material.

Delayed and chronic effects: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis or sensitization in some individuals.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains petroleum-based grease. For mineral oil mists, the ACGIH has proposed a "suspect carcinogen" designation and lowering the TLV to 0.2 mg/m³.

IARC: No

NTP: No

OSHA: No

Mutagenicity: No data is available for this material.

Reproductive toxicity: No data is available for this material.

Sensitization: No data is available for this material.

Signs and symptoms of overexposure:

If Inhaled: Fumes produced at high temperatures may cause irritation and coughing.

If on Skin: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause minor irritation and inflammation.

If in Eyes: May cause minor irritation.

If Ingested: May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog pores of skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Existing conditions aggravated by exposure: May aggravate existing skin disorders. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog pores of skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Section 12 Ecological Information

This product is not expected to have an adverse effect on the environment. Avoid exposure to environment whenever possible.

Toxicity to fish: NE

Ecotoxicological Information: NE

Chemical Fate Information: NE

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Recycle, reclaim, or dispose of contents/container to an approved landfill in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations. Do not discard into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods. As sold, this product is not known to be regulated under RCRA regulations. Disposal of unused portions of this product and process waste containing this product should be done only after careful consideration of all federal, local, and state laws.

Section 14 Transportation Information

Highway Shipments (DOT): Not classified as a hazardous material per DOT regulations.

Air Shipments (IATA): Not classified as a dangerous good per IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

Ocean Shipment (IMDG): Not classified as a dangerous good per IMDG Code.

Section 15 Regulatory Information

TSCA Inventory Status: All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Immediate (acute) and delayed (chronic) hazards

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following ingredients subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical

CAS Number

% By Weight

Aluminum (only if dust or fume)

7429-90-5

1 – 5

CERCLA RQ: This product does not contain ingredients subject to the report requirements of SARA 304 (CERCLA) and 302 (EHS).

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Canadian Regulations: All components of this product are included in the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or the Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL).

WHMIS Classification: D2B

Section 16 Other Information

Revision Number: 2

Revision Date: 04/09/2015

Explanation of Health Hazard Statements:

P261 Avoid breathing fumes.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep containers tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Abbreviations

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	US Code of Federal Regulations
HSIS	Australia Hazardous Substance Information System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LD50	Lethal dose to 50% of exposed laboratory animals
NA	Not Applicable
NE	Not Established
NIOSH	US National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
NOEC	No observed effect concentration
NTP	US National Toxicology Program
OSHA	US Occupational Safety Health Administration
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
RQ	Reportable quantity
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHMIS	Canada Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

DISCLAIMER

The information in this MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET should be provided to all who will use, handle, store, transport, or otherwise be exposed to this material. This information has been prepared for the guidance of plant engineering, operations, and management, and for persons working with or handling this material. Eaton Crouse-Hinds believes this information to be reliable and up-to-date as of the date of publication, but makes no warranty that it is.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON



000003000857

Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON

Product code : PD4ASCBE, PD4ASP20, PD4ASICT, PD4ASIBC,
PD4ASDRM, PD4ASDCT, PD4ASC16, PD4AS, PD4ASBLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for
emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : An all season, synthetic, transmission, hydraulic, wet brake
fluid and final drive fluid intended for use where Caterpillar
TO-4 quality oils are recommended.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than
or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or con-
firmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	50 - 70
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	30 - 50

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON



000003000857

Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Mineral oil		1 - 5
zinc bis[bis(tetrapropylphenyl)] bis(hydrogen dithiophosphate)	11059-65-7	1 - 5
phenol, dodecyl-, branched	121158-58-5	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

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water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum),	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL

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C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified				
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : No odour or slight petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -48 °C (-54 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 222 °C (432 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.86 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

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Viscosity	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 55.8 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
	10.7 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	: Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: No data available
Incompatible materials	: Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ecx - Concentration associated with x% response; Elx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/03

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

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PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M

Synonyms : RDL 3887

Product code : ATFD3MCBLK, ATFD3MP5R, ATFD3MP20, ATFD3MICT, ATFD3MIBC, ATFD3MDRR, ATFD3MDRM, ATFD3MDCT, ATFD3MC12, ATFD3M, ATFD3MBLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automatic transmission fluid for most North American automobiles and for off-highway torque converters requiring C-4 type transmission fluid. It is also suitable as a hydraulic fluid and as a top-up in power steering systems. Not to be used in conditions where aerosols could be generated.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30,	72623-86-0	50 - 70

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hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-55-8	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Methacrylate copolymer		1 - 5
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	61791-44-4	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water
for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing
and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized
skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,
for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-
cian or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms
and effects, both acute and
delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-
cumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing
media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-
fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

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- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-55-8	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Filter type	:	organic vapour filter
Hand protection Material	:	neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).
Remarks	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eye protection	:	Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	viscous liquid
Colour	:	dark red
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-54 °C (-65 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	195 °C (383 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	213 °C (415 °F)

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Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8502 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	34.1 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		7.4 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation

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Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

- Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available
- Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: No data available
- Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

- Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

- Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

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Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.

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Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions
of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Ja-

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M



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pan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/18
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150

000003000427



Version 3.3

Revision Date 2021/02/17

Print Date 2021/02/17

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150

Product code : ENT150CBE, ENT150P5R, ENT150IBC, ENT150P20, ENT150DRR, ENT150DRM, ENT150DCT, ENT150, ENT150BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : ENDURATEX EP oils are heavy duty extreme pressure gear oils for use in enclosed industrial gear drives operating under normal, heavy, or shock loading conditions. They are also recommended for lubricating plain or anti-friction bearings running under heavy or shock loading conditions.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	70 - 90
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	20 - 40
Mineral oil		1 - 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

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Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

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Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	viscous liquid
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-33 °C (-27 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	269 °C (516 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.882 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	150.0 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		15.0 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, hydrocarbons, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

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Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

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ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150



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IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
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For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-

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ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150

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Revision Date 2021/02/17

Print Date 2021/02/17

800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax:
1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/17
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

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CA / EN



ATF +4®

Mopar(FCA US LLC Service & Customer Care Division)

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Catalogue number: 30

Version No: 4.6

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Issue Date: 24/04/2018

Print Date: 24/04/2018

L.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	ATF +4®
Synonyms	68218058AA, 68218058AB, 68218058AC, 68218058CA, 68218058CB, 68218058CC, 68218054AA, 68218054AB, 68218054CA, 68218054CB, 68218057AA, 68218057AB, 68218057CA, 68218057CB, 68218056AA, 68218056AB, 68218059AA, 68218059AB, 68102000AA, 68102000CA, 68044406PA, 68044406PB, 68233492AA, 68233493AA, 68218056AD, 68218057AC, 68218057CC
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Mopar(FCA US LLC Service & Customer Care Division)
Address	26311 Lawrence Avenue, Center Line Michigan 48015 United States
Telephone	1-800-846-6727
Fax	Not Available
Website	Not Available
Email	moparsds@fcagroup.com

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMTREC
Emergency telephone numbers	+1 703-741-5970
Other emergency telephone numbers	248-512-8002

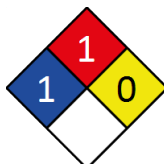
SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max
Flammability	0	
Toxicity	1	
Body Contact	1	
Reactivity	0	
Chronic	0	

0 = Minimum
1 = Low
2 = Moderate
3 = High
4 = Extreme



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable

SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

Hazard statement(s)

Continued...

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-55-8.	50-60	<u>paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)</u>
64742-54-7.	20-30	<u>paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)</u>
75975-85-8	0.1-0.9	Calcium alkaryl sulphonate
67124-09-8	0.25--2.4	Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide
84819-41-0	0.1-0.9	<u>Borated Ester</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: ▶ Wash out immediately with fresh running water. ▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. ▶ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. ▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: ▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	▶ If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. ▶ Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	▶ If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. ▶ If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. ▶ Observe the patient carefully. ▶ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. ▶ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. ▶ Seek medical advice. ▶ Avoid giving milk or oils. ▶ Avoid giving alcohol. ▶ If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

for salicylate intoxication:

- ▶ Pending gastric lavage, use emetics such as syrup of Ipecac or delay gastric emptying and absorption by swallowing a slurry of activated charcoal. **Do not give ipecac after charcoal.**
- ▶ Gastric lavage with water or perhaps sodium bicarbonate solution (3%-5%). Mild alkali delays salicylate absorption from the stomach and perhaps slightly from the duodenum.
- ▶ Saline catharsis with sodium or magnesium sulfate (15-30 gm in water).
- ▶ Take an immediate blood sample for an appraisal of the patient's acid-base status. A pH determination on an anaerobic sample of arterial blood is best. An analysis of the plasma salicylate

- ▶ concentration should be made at the same time. Laboratory controls are almost essential for the proper management of severe salicylism.
- ▶ In the presence of an established acidosis, alkali therapy is essential, but at least in an adult, alkali should be withheld until its need is demonstrated by chemical analysis. The intensity of treatment depends on the intensity of acidosis. In the presence of vomiting, intravenous sodium bicarbonate is the most satisfactory of all alkali therapy.
- ▶ Correct dehydration and hypoglycaemia (if present) by the intravenous administration of glucose in water or in isotonic saline. The administration of glucose may also serve to remedy ketosis which is often seen in poisoned children.
- ▶ Even in patients without hypoglycaemia, infusions of glucose adequate to produce distinct hyperglycaemia are recommended to prevent glucose depletion in the brain. This recommendation is based on impressive experimental data in animals.
- ▶ Renal function should be supported by correcting dehydration and incipient shock. Overhydration is not justified. An alkaline urine should be maintained by the administration of alkali if necessary with care to prevent a severe systemic alkalosis. As long as urine remains alkaline (pH above 7.5), administration of an osmotic diuretic such as mannitol or perhaps THAM is useful, but one must be careful to avoid hypokalaemia. Supplements of potassium chloride should be included in parenteral fluids.
- ▶ Small doses of barbiturates, diazepam, paraldehyde, or perhaps other sedatives (but probably not morphine) may be required to suppress extreme restlessness and convulsions.
- ▶ For hyperpyrexia, use sponge baths.

The presence of petechiae or other signs of haemorrhagic tendency calls for a large Vitamin K dose and perhaps ascorbic acid. Minor transfusions may be necessary since bleeding in salicylism is not always due to a prothrombin effect.

- ▶ Haemodialysis and haemoperfusion have proved useful in salicylate poisoning, as have peritoneal dialysis and exchange transfusions, but alkaline diuretic therapy is probably sufficient except in fulminating cases.

[GOSSELIN, et.al.: *Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products*]

The mechanism of the toxic effect involves metabolic acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, hypoglycaemia, and potassium depletion. Salicylate poisoning is characterised by extreme acid-base disturbances, electrolyte disturbances and decreased levels of consciousness. There are differences between acute and chronic toxicity and a varying clinical picture which is dependent on the age of the patient and their kidney function. The major feature of poisoning is metabolic acidosis due to 'uncoupling of oxidative phosphorylation' which produces an increased metabolic rate, increased oxygen consumption, increased formation of carbon dioxide, increased heat production and increased utilisation of glucose. Direct stimulation of the respiratory centre leads to hyperventilation and respiratory alkalosis. This leads to compensatory increased renal excretion of bicarbonate which contributes to the metabolic acidosis which may coexist or develop subsequently. Hypoglycaemia may occur as a result of increased glucose demand, increased rates of tissue glycolysis, and impaired rate of glucose synthesis. **NOTE:** Tissue glucose levels may be lower than plasma levels. Hyperglycaemia may occur due to increased glycogenolysis. Potassium depletion occurs as a result of increased renal excretion as well as intracellular movement of potassium.

Salicylates competitively inhibit vitamin K dependent synthesis of factors II, VII, IX, X and in addition, may produce a mild dose dependent hepatitis. Salicylates are bound to albumin. The extent of protein binding is concentration dependent (and falls with higher blood levels). This, and the effects of acidosis, decreasing ionisation, means that the volume of distribution increases markedly in overdose as does CNS penetration. The extent of protein binding (50-80%) and the rate of metabolism are concentration dependent. Hepatic clearance has zero order kinetics and thus the therapeutic half-life of 2-4.5 hours but the half-life in overdose is 18-36 hours. Renal excretion is the most important route in overdose. Thus when the salicylate concentrations are in the toxic range there is increased tissue distribution and impaired clearance of the drug.

HyperTox 3.0 <https://www.ozemail.com.au/ouad/SALI0001.HTA>

Treat symptomatically.

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

- ▶ Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- ▶ In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- ▶ High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

For acute or short term repeated exposures to xylene:

- ▶ Gastro-intestinal absorption is significant with ingestions. For ingestions exceeding 1-2 ml (xylene)/kg, intubation and lavage with cuffed endotracheal tube is recommended. The use of charcoal and cathartics is equivocal.
- ▶ Pulmonary absorption is rapid with about 60-65% retained at rest.
- ▶ Primary threat to life from ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- ▶ Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO₂ < 50 mm Hg or pCO₂ > 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- ▶ Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- ▶ A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- ▶ Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice.

BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDEX - BEI

These represent the determinants observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker exposed at the Exposure Standard (ES or TLV):

Determinant	Index	Sampling Time	Comments
Methylhippu-ric acids in urine	1.5 gm/gm creatinine 2 mg/min	End of shift Last 4 hrs of shift	

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ▶ Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.
- ▶ Water spray or fog - Large fires only.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. ▶ Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.

	▶ DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. ▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. ▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	▶ Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. ▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. ▶ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). ▶ May emit acrid smoke. ▶ Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO₂) sulfur oxides (SO_x) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. CARE: Water in contact with hot liquid may cause foaming and a steam explosion with wide scattering of hot oil and possible severe burns. Foaming may cause overflow of containers and may result in possible fire.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Slippery when spilt. ▶ Remove all ignition sources. ▶ Clean up all spills immediately. ▶ Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. ▶ Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. ▶ Wipe up. ▶ Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.									
Major Spills	Chemical Class: aromatic hydrocarbons For release onto land: recommended sorbents listed in order of priority.									
	<table><tr><th>SORBENT TYPE</th><th>RANK</th><th>APPLICATION</th><th>COLLECTION</th><th>LIMITATIONS</th></tr></table>					SORBENT TYPE	RANK	APPLICATION	COLLECTION	LIMITATIONS
	SORBENT TYPE	RANK	APPLICATION	COLLECTION	LIMITATIONS					
	LAND SPILL - SMALL									
	Feathers - pillow		1	throw	pitchfork	DGC, RT				
	cross-linked polymer - particulate		2	shovel	shovel	R,W,SS				
	cross-linked polymer- pillow		2	throw	pitchfork	R, DGC, RT				
	sorbent clay - particulate		3	shovel	shovel	R, I, P,				
	treated clay/ treated natural organic - particulate		3	shovel	shovel	R, I				
	wood fibre - pillow		4	throw	pitchfork	R, P, DGC, RT				
	LAND SPILL - MEDIUM									
	cross-linked polymer -particulate		1	blower	skiploader	R, W, SS				
	treated clay/ treated natural organic - particulate		2	blower	skiploader	R, I				
	sorbent clay - particulate		3	blower	skiploader	R, I, P				
polypropylene - particulate		3	blower	skiploader	W, SS, DGC					
feathers - pillow		3	throw	skiploader	DGC, RT					
expanded mineral - particulate		4	blower	skiploader	R, I, W, P, DGC					
Legend DGC: Not effective where ground cover is dense R: Not reusable I: Not incinerable P: Effectiveness reduced when rainy RT:Not effective where terrain is rugged SS: Not for use within environmentally sensitive sites W: Effectiveness reduced when windy Reference: Sorbents for Liquid Hazardous Substance Cleanup and Control; R.W Melvold et al: Pollution Technology Review No. 150: Noyes Data Corporation 1988 Slippery when spilt. Moderate hazard. ▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Increase ventilation. ▶ Stop leak if safe to do so.										

Continued...

- ▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- ▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
- ▶ Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- ▶ Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.
- ▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.
- ▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	The conductivity of this material may make it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10 000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid. ▶ Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. ▶ Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. ▶ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. ▶ Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. ▶ Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (<=1 m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then <= 7 m/sec). ▶ Avoid splash filling. ▶ Do NOT use compressed air for filling discharging or handling operations. ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area. ▶ Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. ▶ DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked. ▶ Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Avoid contact with incompatible materials. ▶ When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. ▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. ▶ Avoid physical damage to containers. ▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. ▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. ▶ Use good occupational work practice. ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. ▶ Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions. ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	▶ Store in original containers. ▶ Keep containers securely sealed. ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. ▶ Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Metal can or drum ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Xylenes: ▶ may ignite or explode in contact with strong oxidisers, 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, uranium fluoride ▶ attack some plastics, rubber and coatings ▶ may generate electrostatic charges on flow or agitation due to low conductivity. ▶ Vigorous reactions, sometimes amounting to explosions, can result from the contact between aromatic rings and strong oxidising agents. ▶ Aromatics can react exothermically with bases and with diazo compounds. For alkyl aromatics: The alkyl side chain of aromatic rings can undergo oxidation by several mechanisms. The most common and dominant one is the attack by oxidation at benzylic carbon as the intermediate formed is stabilised by resonance structure of the ring. ▶ Following reaction with oxygen and under the influence of sunlight, a hydroperoxide at the alpha-position to the aromatic ring, is the primary oxidation product formed (provided a hydrogen atom is initially available at this position) - this product is often short-lived but may be stable dependent on the nature of the aromatic substitution; a secondary C-H bond is more easily attacked than a primary C-H bond whilst a tertiary C-H bond is even more susceptible to attack by oxygen ▶ Monoalkylbenzenes may subsequently form monocarboxylic acids; alkyl naphthalenes mainly produce the corresponding naphthalene carboxylic acids. ▶ Oxidation in the presence of transition metal salts not only accelerates but also selectively decomposes the hydroperoxides. ▶ Hock-rearrangement by the influence of strong acids converts the hydroperoxides to hemiacetals. Peresters formed from the hydroperoxides undergo Criegee rearrangement easily. ▶ Alkali metals accelerate the oxidation while CO₂ as co-oxidant enhances the selectivity. ▶ Microwave conditions give improved yields of the oxidation products. ▶ Photo-oxidation products may occur following reaction with hydroxyl radicals and NO_x - these may be components of photochemical smogs. Oxidation of Alkylaromatics: T.S.S Rao and Shubhra Awasthi: E-Journal of Chemistry Vol 4, No. 1, pp 1-13 January 2007 CARE: Water in contact with heated material may cause foaming or a steam explosion with possible severe burns from wide scattering of hot material. Resultant overflow of containers may result in fire.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Continued...

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Heavy mineral oil mist, Paraffin oil mist, White mineral oil mist	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Poorly and mildly refined	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Heavy mineral oil mist, Paraffin oil mist, White mineral oil mist	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Poorly and mildly refined	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
ATF +4®	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	2500 mg/m3	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	2500 mg/m3	Not Available
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	Not Available	Not Available
Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide	Not Available	Not Available
Borated Ester	Not Available	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

IFRA Prohibited Fragrance Substance

The International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards form the basis for the globally accepted and recognized risk management system for the safe use of fragrance ingredients and are part of the IFRA Code of Practice. This is the self-regulating system of the industry, based on risk assessments carried out by an independent Expert Panel

32pah

For aniline:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.58-10 ppm (detection)

Threshold odour concentration, 50% recognition is >0.1 ppm, identification at 1 ppm.

NOTE: Detector tubes for aniline, measuring in excess of 0.5 ppm are commercially available.

Increased levels of methaemoglobin are detected in the blood of animals exposed at 5 ppm and following skin exposure by humans. The TLV-TWA is thought to provide protection against the significant risk of systemic effects.

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=0.91 (ANILINE)

for tributyl phosphate:

An irritant of eyes, skin and mucous membranes in experimental animals, weak cholinesterase inhibitor with narcotic properties. The recommended value for TLV-TWA is identical to that of triphenyl phosphate measured as ppm. Exposure at or below this limit is thought to protect workers against the significant risk of anaesthetic effects and skin and eye irritation.

For diphenylamine:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.022-0.025 ppm (recognition)

The TLV has been derived from ingestion studies due to lack of inhalation data. The lowest daily dose that produced no-adverse toxicological effects in female rats was 0.025% dietary diphenylamine fed over 226 days. The no-effect inhalation dose for a 70 kg worker with a respiratory exchange of 10 m3 during an 8 hour workday and 100% absorption was estimated to be 83 mg/m3. The TLV-TWA is thought to be protective against the significant risk of liver, kidney, cardiovascular, haematological and other systemic effects

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=0.91 (diphenylamine)

for xylenes:

IDLH Level: 900 ppm

Odour Threshold Value: 20 ppm (detection), 40 ppm (recognition)

NOTE: Detector tubes for o-xylene, measuring in excess of 10 ppm, are available commercially. (m-xylene and p-xylene give almost the same response).

Xylene vapour is an irritant to the eyes, mucous membranes and skin and causes narcosis at high concentrations. Exposure to doses sufficiently high to produce intoxication and unconsciousness also produces transient liver and kidney toxicity. Neurologic impairment is NOT evident amongst volunteers inhaling up to 400 ppm though complaints of ocular and upper respiratory tract irritation occur at 200 ppm for 3 to 5 minutes.

Exposure to xylene at or below the recommended TLV-TWA and STEL is thought to minimise the risk of irritant effects and to produce neither significant narcosis or chronic injury. An earlier skin notation was deleted because percutaneous absorption is gradual and protracted and does not substantially contribute to the dose received by inhalation.

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=4 (XYLENE)

NOTE M: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.005% w/w benzo[a]pyrene (EINECS No 200-028-5). This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Annex IV.

European Union (EU) List of harmonised classification and labelling hazardous substances, Table 3.1, Annex VI, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) - up to the latest ATP

NOTE L: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

European Union (EU) List of harmonised classification and labelling hazardous substances, Table 3.1, Annex VI, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) - up to the latest ATP

Exposure controls

Continued...

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.

Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air)	0.25-0.5 m/s (50-100 f/min)
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min)
grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range
1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents
2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only	2: Contaminants of high toxicity
3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use
4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood - local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

Personal protection**Eye and face protection**

- ▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
- ▶ Chemical goggles.
- ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59]. [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:

- frequency and duration of contact,
- chemical resistance of glove material,
- glove thickness and
- dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).

- When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
- Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement and this should be taken into account when considering gloves for long-term use.
- Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

	- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of. - Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	- Overalls. - P.V.C. apron. - Barrier cream. - Skin cleansing cream. - Eye wash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

'Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the **computer-generated** selection:

ATF +4®

Material	CPI
PE/EVAL/PE	A
PVA	A
TEFLON	A
BUTYL	C
BUTYL/NEOPRENE	C
HYPALON	C
NAT+NEOPR+NITRILE	C
NATURAL RUBBER	C
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	C
NEOPRENE	C
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	C
NITRILE	C
NITRILE+PVC	C
PVC	C
PVDC/PE/PVDC	C
SARANEX-23	C
VITON	C
VITON/NEOPRENE	C

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content. The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.851
Odour	Slight hydrocarbon	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	>6
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	>320
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	35.13 @ 40°C 7.71 @ 100°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>280	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	184	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available

Upper Explosive Limit (%)	10	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	1	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	<0.0005	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Negligible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	- Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. - Product is considered stable. - Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse systemic effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo. High inhaled concentrations of mixed hydrocarbons may produce narcosis characterised by nausea, vomiting and lightheadedness. Inhalation of aerosols may produce severe pulmonary oedema, pneumonitis and pulmonary haemorrhage. Inhalation of petroleum hydrocarbons consisting substantially of low molecular weight species (typically C2-C12) may produce irritation of mucous membranes, incoordination, giddiness, nausea, vertigo, confusion, headache, appetite loss, drowsiness, tremors and anaesthetic stupor. Massive exposures may produce central nervous system depression with sudden collapse and deep coma; fatalities have been recorded. Irritation of the brain and/or apnoeic anoxia may produce convulsions. Although recovery following overexposure is generally complete, cerebral micro-haemorrhage of focal post-inflammatory scarring may produce epileptiform seizures some months after the exposure. Pulmonary episodes may include chemical pneumonitis with oedema and haemorrhage. The lighter hydrocarbons may produce kidney and neurotoxic effects. Pulmonary irritancy increases with carbon chain length for paraffins and olefins. Alkenes produce pulmonary oedema at high concentrations. Liquid paraffins may produce anaesthesia and depressant actions leading to weakness, dizziness, slow and shallow respiration, unconsciousness, convulsions and death. C5-7 paraffins may also produce polyneuropathy. Aromatic hydrocarbons accumulate in lipid rich tissues (typically the brain, spinal cord and peripheral nerves) and may produce functional impairment manifested by nonspecific symptoms such as nausea, weakness, fatigue and vertigo; severe exposures may produce inebriation or unconsciousness. Many of the petroleum hydrocarbons are cardiac sensitisers and may cause ventricular fibrillations. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include nonspecific discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal. Inhalation of oil droplets/ aerosols may cause discomfort and may produce chemical pneumonitis. Headache, fatigue, lassitude, irritability and gastrointestinal disturbances (e.g., nausea, anorexia and flatulence) are the most common symptoms of xylene overexposure. Injury to the heart, liver, kidneys and nervous system has also been noted amongst workers. Transient memory loss, renal impairment, temporary confusion and some evidence of disturbance of liver function was reported in three workers overcome by gross exposure to xylene (10000 ppm). One worker died and autopsy revealed pulmonary congestion, oedema and focal alveolar haemorrhage. Volunteers inhaling xylene at 100 ppm for 5 to 6 hours showed changes in manual coordination reaction time and slight ataxia. Tolerance developed during the workweek but was lost over the weekend. Physical exercise may antagonise this effect. Xylene body burden in humans exposed to 100 or 200 ppm xylene in air depends on the amount of body fat with 4% to 8% of total absorbed xylene accumulating in adipose tissue. Xylene is a central nervous system depressant. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include nonspecific discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Large oral doses of salicylates may cause mild burning pain in the throat, stomach and usually prompt vomiting. Several hours may elapse before the development of deep and rapid breathing, lassitude, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, thirst and occasional diarrhoea. Common derivatives of salicylic acid produce substantially the same toxic syndrome, ('salicylism'). Major signs and symptoms arise from stimulation and terminal depression of the central nervous system. Stimulation produces vomiting, hyperpnea (abnormal increase in rate and depth of respiration), headache, tinnitus (ringing in the ears) confusion, bizarre behaviour or mania, generalised convulsions. Death is due to respiratory failure or cardiovascular collapse. Severe sensory disturbances such as deafness and dimness of vision are common. Less common features include sweating, skin eruptions, gastrointestinal and other hemorrhages, renal failure and pancreatitis. A tendency to bleed may be manifest by blood in the vomitus (haematemesis), bloody stools (melena) or purplish-red spots (petechiae) on the skin. Many of the toxic effects detailed here are due to or aggravated by severe disturbance of acid-base balance with the chief cause being prolonged hyperventilation from central stimulation. An assessment of acute salicylate intoxication based on dose suggests; 500 mg/kg: Potentially lethal Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result. Signs and symptoms of chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficult breathing, and bluish coloured skin (cyanosis). Ingestion of petroleum hydrocarbons may produce irritation of the pharynx, oesophagus, stomach and small intestine with oedema and mucosal ulceration resulting; symptoms include a burning sensation in the mouth and throat. Large amounts may produce narcosis with nausea and vomiting, weakness or dizziness, slow and shallow respiration, swelling of the abdomen, unconsciousness and convulsions. Myocardial injury may produce arrhythmias, ventricular fibrillation and electrocardiographic changes. Central nervous system depression may also occur. Light aromatic hydrocarbons produce a warm, sharp, tingling sensation on contact with taste buds and may anaesthetise the tongue. Aspiration into the lungs may produce coughing, gagging and a chemical pneumonitis with pulmonary oedema and haemorrhage.

Skin Contact	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis. The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives . The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.								
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Petroleum hydrocarbons may produce pain after direct contact with the eyes. Slight, but transient disturbances of the corneal epithelium may also result. The aromatic fraction may produce irritation and lachrymation.								
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course. Repeated or prolonged exposure to mixed hydrocarbons may produce narcosis with dizziness, weakness, irritability, concentration and/or memory loss, tremor in the fingers and tongue, vertigo, olfactory disorders, constriction of visual field, paraesthesias of the extremities, weight loss and anaemia and degenerative changes in the liver and kidney. Chronic exposure by petroleum workers, to the lighter hydrocarbons, has been associated with visual disturbances, damage to the central nervous system, peripheral neuropathies (including numbness and paraesthesias), psychological and neurophysiological deficits, bone marrow toxicities (including hypoplasia possibly due to benzene) and hepatic and renal involvement. Chronic dermal exposure to petroleum hydrocarbons may result in defatting which produces localised dermatoses. Surface cracking and erosion may also increase susceptibility to infection by microorganisms. One epidemiological study of petroleum refinery workers has reported elevations in standard mortality ratios for skin cancer along with a dose-response relationship indicating an association between routine workplace exposure to petroleum or one of its constituents and skin cancer, particularly melanoma. Other studies have been unable to confirm this finding. Animal studies: No deaths or treatment related signs of toxicity were observed in rats exposed to light alkylate naphtha (paraffinic hydrocarbons) at concentrations of 668, 2220 and 6646 ppm for 6 hrs/day, 5 days/wk for 13 weeks. Increased liver weights and kidney toxicity (male rats) was observed in high dose animals. Exposure to pregnant rats at concentrations of 137, 3425 and 6850 ppm did not adversely affect reproduction or cause maternal or foetal toxicity. Lifetime skin painting studies in mice with similar naphthas have shown weak or no carcinogenic activity following prolonged and repeated exposure. Similar naphthas/distillates, when tested at nonirritating dose levels, did not show any significant carcinogenic activity indicating that this tumorigenic response is likely related to chronic irritation and not to dose. The mutagenic potential of naphthas has been reported to be largely negative in a variety of mutagenicity tests. The exact relationship between these results and human health is not known. Some components of this product have been shown to produce a species specific, sex hormonal dependent kidney lesion in male rats from repeated oral or inhalation exposure. Subsequent research has shown that the kidney damage develops via the formation of an alpha-2u-globulin, a mechanism unique to the male rat. Humans do not form alpha-2u-globulin, therefore, the kidney effects resulting from this mechanism are not relevant in human Mild chronic salicylate intoxication, or 'salicylism', may occur after repeated exposures to large doses. Symptoms include dizziness, tinnitus, deafness, sweating, nausea and vomiting, headache and mental confusion. Symptoms of more severe intoxication include hyperventilation, fever, restlessness, ketosis, and respiratory alkalosis and metabolic acidosis. Depression of the central nervous system may lead to coma, cardiovascular collapse and respiratory failure. Chronic exposure to the salicylates (o-hydroxybenzoates) may produce metabolic and central system disturbances or damage to the kidneys. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, eye problems or impaired kidney function may be more susceptible to the effects of these substances. Certain individuals (atopics), notably asthmatics, exhibit significant hyper- sensitivity to salicylic acid derivatives. Reactions include urticaria and other skin eruptions, rhinitis and severe (even fatal) bronchospasm and dyspnea. Chronic exposure to the p-hydroxybenzoates (parabens) is associated with hypersensitivity reactions following application of these to the skin. Hypersensitivity reactions have also been reported following parenteral or oral administration. Cross-sensitivity occurs between the p-hydroxybenzoates. Hypersensitivity reactions may include by acute bronchospasm, hives (urticaria), deep dermal wheals (angioneurotic oedema), running nose (rhinitis) and blurred vision. Anaphylactic shock and skin rash (non- thrombocytopenic purpura) may also occur. Any individual may be predisposed to such anti-body mediated reaction if other chemical agents have caused prior sensitisation (cross-sensitivity). Prolonged or repeated contact with xylenes may cause defatting dermatitis with drying and cracking. Chronic inhalation of xylenes has been associated with central nervous system effects, loss of appetite, nausea, ringing in the ears, irritability, thirst anaemia, mucosal bleeding, enlarged liver and hyperplasia. Exposure may produce kidney and liver damage. In chronic occupational exposure, xylene (usually mixed with other solvents) has produced irreversible damage to the central nervous system and ototoxicity (damages hearing and increases sensitivity to noise), probably due to neurotoxic mechanisms. Industrial workers exposed to xylene with a maximum level of ethyl benzene of 0.06 mg/l (14 ppm) reported headaches and irritability and tired quickly. Functional nervous system disturbances were found in some workers employed for over 7 years whilst other workers had enlarged livers. Xylene has been classed as a developmental toxin in some jurisdictions. Small excess risks of spontaneous abortion and congenital malformations were reported amongst women exposed to xylene in the first trimester of pregnancy. In all cases, however, the women were also exposed to other substances. Evaluation of workers chronically exposed to xylene has demonstrated lack of genotoxicity. Exposure to xylene has been associated with increased risks of haemopoietic malignancies but, again, simultaneous exposure to other substances (including benzene) complicates the picture. A long-term gavage study to mixed xylenes (containing 17% ethyl benzene) found no evidence of carcinogenic activity in rats and mice of either sex.								
ATF +4®	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>TOXICITY</th><th>IRRITATION</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Not Available</td><td>Not Available</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	Not Available	Not Available				
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	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	
Borated Ester	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available

Legend: 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. * Q8 MSDS
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives; The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has undergone, since: - The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and - The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing; - Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities; - The potential toxicity of <i>residual base oils</i> is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives. - The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing. The degree of refining influences the carcinogenic potential of the oils. Whereas mild acid / earth refining processes are inadequate to substantially reduce the carcinogenic potential of lubricant base oils, hydrotreatment and / or solvent extraction methods can yield oils with no carcinogenic potential. Unrefined and mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential carcinogenic and mutagenic activities. Highly and severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined and mildly refined oils by removing or transforming undesirable components. In comparison to unrefined and mildly refined base oils, the highly and severely refined distillate base oils have a smaller range of hydrocarbon molecules and have demonstrated very low mammalian toxicity. Mutagenicity and carcinogenicity testing of residual oils has been negative, supporting the belief that these materials lack biologically active components or the components are largely non-bioavailable due to their molecular size. Toxicity testing has consistently shown that lubricating base oils have low acute toxicities. Numerous tests have shown that a lubricating base oil's mutagenic and carcinogenic potential correlates with its 3-7 ring polycyclic aromatic compound (PAC) content, and the level of DMSO extractables (e.g. IP346 assay), both characteristics that are directly related to the degree/conditions of processing Repeat dose toxicity: Oral NOAEL for heavy paraffinic distillate aromatic extract could not be identified and is less than 125 mg/kg/day when administered orally. Inhalation The NOAEL for lung changes associated with oil deposition in the lungs was 220 mg/m3. As no systemic toxicity was observed, the overall NOAEL for systemic effects was > 980 mg/m3. Dermal In a 90 day subchronic dermal study, the administration of Light paraffinic distillate solvent extract had an adverse effect on survivability, body weights, organ weights (particularly the liver and thymus), and variety of haematology and serum chemistry parameters in exposed animals. Histopathological changes which were treatment-related were most prominent in the adrenals, bone marrow, kidneys, liver, lymph nodes, skin, stomach, and thymus. Based on the results of this study, the NOAEL for the test material is less than 30 mg/kg/day. Toxicity to reproduction: Mineral oil (a white mineral oil) caused no reproductive or developmental toxicity with 1 mL/kg/day (i.e., 1000 mg/kg/day) in an OECD 421 guideline study, but did cause mild to moderate skin irritation. Therefore, the reproductive/developmental NOAEL for this study is ~1000 mg/kg/day and no LOAEL was determined. Developmental toxicity, teratogenicity: Heavy paraffinic distillate furfural extract produced maternal, reproductive and foetal toxicity. Maternal toxicity was exhibited as vaginal discharge (dose-related), body weight decrease, reduction in thymus weight and increase in liver weight (125 mg/kg/day and higher) and aberrant haematology and serum chemistry (125 and/or 500 mg/kg/day). Evidence of potential reproductive effects was shown by an increased number of dams with resorptions and intrauterine death. Distillate aromatic extract (DAE) was developmentally toxic regardless of exposure duration as indicated by increased resorptions and decreased foetal body weights. Furthermore, when exposures were increased to 1000 mg/kg/day and given only during gestation days 10 through 12, cleft palate and ossification delays were observed. Cleft palate was considered to indicate a potential teratogenic effect of DAE. The following Oil Industry Note (OIN) has been applied: OIN 8 - The classifications as a reproductive toxicant category 2; H361d (Suspected of damaging the unborn child) and specific target organ toxicant category 1; H372 (Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure) need not apply if the substance is not classified as carcinogenic Toxicokinetics of lubricant base oils has been examined in rodents. Absorption of other lubricant base oils across the small intestine is related to carbon chain length; hydrocarbons with smaller chain length are more readily absorbed than hydrocarbons with a longer chain length. The majority of an oral dose of mineral hydrocarbon is not absorbed and is excreted unchanged in the faeces. Distribution of mineral hydrocarbons following absorption has been observed in liver, fat, kidney, brain and spleen. Excretion of absorbed mineral hydrocarbons occurs via the faeces and urine. Based on the pharmacokinetic parameters and disposition profiles, the data indicate inherent strain differences in the total systemic exposure (~4 fold greater systemic dose in F344 vs SD rats), rate of metabolism, and hepatic and lymph node retention of C26H52, which may be associated with the different strain sensitivities to the formation of liver granulomas and MLN histiocytosis.
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	Highly and Severely Refined Distillate Base Oils Acute toxicity: Multiple studies of the acute toxicity of highly & severely refined base oils have been reported. Irrespective of the crude source or the method or extent of processing, the oral LD50s have been observed to be >5 g/kg (bw) and the dermal LD50s have ranged from >2 to >5g/kg (bw). The LC50 for inhalation toxicity ranged from 2.18 mg/l to > 4 mg/l. When tested for skin and eye irritation, the materials have been reported as "non-irritating" to "moderately irritating" Testing in guinea pigs for sensitization has been negative Repeat dose toxicity: Several studies have been conducted with these oils. The weight of evidence from all available data on highly & severely refined base oils support the presumption that a distillate base oil's toxicity is inversely related to the degree of processing it receives. Adverse effects have been reported with even the most severely refined white oils - these appear to depend on animal species and/ or the peculiarities of the study. - The granulomatous lesions induced by the oral administration of white oils are essentially foreign body responses. The lesions occur only in rats, of which the Fischer 344 strain is particularly sensitive, - The testicular effects seen in rabbits after dermal administration of a highly to severely refined base oil were unique to a single study and may have been related to stress induced by skin irritation, and - The accumulation of foamy macrophages in the alveolar spaces of rats exposed repeatedly via inhalation to high levels of highly to severely refined base oils is not unique to these oils, but would be seen after exposure to many water insoluble materials. Reproductive and developmental toxicity: A highly refined base oil was used as the vehicle control in a one-generation reproduction study. The study was conducted according to the OECD Test Guideline 421. There was no effect on fertility and mating indices in either males or females. At necropsy, there were no consistent findings and organ weights and histopathology were considered normal by the study's authors. A single generation study in which a white mineral oil (a food/ drug grade severely refined base oil) was used as a vehicle control is reported. Two separate groups of pregnant rats were administered 5 mL/kg (bw)/day of the base oil via gavage, on days 6 through 19 of gestation. In one of the two base oil dose groups, three malformed fetuses were found among three litters The study authors considered these malformations to be minor and within the

	normal ranges for the strain of rat. Genotoxicity: <i>In vitro</i> (mutagenicity): Several studies have reported the results of testing different base oils for mutagenicity using a modified Ames assay. Base oils with no or low concentrations of 3-7 ring PACs had low mutagenicity indices. <i>In vivo</i> (chromosomal aberrations): A total of seven base stocks were tested in male and female Sprague-Dawley rats using a bone marrow cytogenetics assay. The test materials were administered via gavage at dose levels ranging from 500 to 5000 mg/kg (bw). Dosing occurred for either a single day or for five consecutive days. None of the base oils produced a significant increase in aberrant cells. Carcinogenicity: Highly & severely refined base oils are not carcinogens, when given either orally or dermally.
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

Acute Toxicity	☐	Carcinogenicity	☐
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	☐	Reproductivity	☐
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	☐	STOT - Single Exposure	☐
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	☐	STOT - Repeated Exposure	☐
Mutagenicity	☐	Aspiration Hazard	☐

Legend: ✗ – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
✔ – Data available to make classification
☐ – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

ATF +4®	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
Borated Ester	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

Within an aromatic series, acute toxicity increases with increasing alkyl substitution on the aromatic nucleus. For example, there is an increase in toxicity as alkylation of the naphthalene structure increases. The order of most toxic to least in a study using grass shrimp (*Palaemonetes pugio*) and brown shrimp (*Penaeus aztecus*) was dimethylnaphthalenes > methylnaphthalenes > naphthalenes.

Studies conclude that the toxicity of an oil appears to be a function of its di-aromatic and tri-aromatic hydrocarbons, which includes three-ring hydrocarbons such as phenanthrene.

The heavier (4-, 5-, and 6-ring) PAHs are more persistent than the lighter (2- and 3-ring) PAHs and tend to have greater carcinogenic and other chronic impact potential. PAHs in general are more frequently associated with chronic risks. These risks include cancer and often are the result of exposures to complex mixtures of chronic-risk aromatics (such as PAHs, alkyl PAHs, benzenes, and alkyl benzenes), rather than exposures to low levels of a single compound.

Anthracene is a phototoxic PAH. UV light greatly increases the toxicity of anthracene to bluegill sunfish. . Benchmarks developed in the absence of UV light may be under-protective, and biological resources in strong sunlight are at more risk than those that are not.

For xylenes :

log Koc : 2.05-3.08

Koc : 25.4-204

Half-life (hr) air : 0.24-42

Half-life (hr) H2O surface water : 24-672

Half-life (hr) H2O ground : 336-8640

Half-life (hr) soil : 52-672

Henry's Pa m3/mol: 637-879

Henry's atm m3/mol: 7.68E-03

BOD 5 if unstated: 1.4,1%

COD : 2.56,13%

ThOD : 3.125

BCF : 23

log BCF : 1.17-2.41

Continued...

Environmental Fate

Terrestrial fate: Measured Koc values of 166 and 182, indicate that 3-xylene is expected to have moderate mobility in soil. Volatilisation of p-xylene is expected to be important from moist soil surfaces given a measured Henry's Law constant of 7.18×10^{-3} atm-cu m/mole. The potential for volatilisation of 3-xylene from dry soil surfaces may exist based on a measured vapor pressure of 8.29 mm Hg. p-Xylene may be degraded during its passage through soil. The extent of the degradation is expected to depend on its concentration, residence time in the soil, the nature of the soil, and whether resident microbial populations have been acclimated. p-Xylene, present in soil samples contaminated with jet fuel, was completely degraded aerobically within 5 days. In aquifer studies under anaerobic conditions, p-xylene was degraded, usually within several weeks, with the production of 3-methylbenzylfumaric acid, 3-methylbenzylsuccinic acid, 3-methylbenzoate, and 3-methylbenzaldehyde as metabolites.

Aquatic fate: Koc values indicate that p-xylene may adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water. p-Xylene is expected to volatilise from water surfaces based on the measured Henry's Law constant. Estimated volatilisation half-lives for a model river and model lake are 3 hours and 4 days, respectively. BCF values of 14.8, 23.4, and 6, measured in goldfish, eels, and clams, respectively, indicate that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. p-Xylene in water with added humic substances was 50% degraded following 3 hours irradiation suggesting that indirect photooxidation in the presence of humic acids may play an important role in the abiotic degradation of p-xylene. Although p-xylene is biodegradable and has been observed to degrade in pond water, there are insufficient data to assess the rate of this process in surface waters. p-Xylene has been observed to degrade in anaerobic and aerobic groundwater in several studies; however, it is known to persist for many years in groundwater, at least at sites where the concentration might have been quite high.

Atmospheric fate:

Most xylenes released to the environment will occur in the atmosphere and volatilisation is the dominant environmental fate process. In the ambient atmosphere, xylenes are expected to exist solely in the vapour phase. Xylenes are degraded in the atmosphere primarily by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals, with an estimated atmospheric lifetime of about 0.5 to 2 days. Xylenes' susceptibility to photochemical oxidation in the troposphere is to the extent that they may contribute to photochemical smog formation.

According to a model of gas/particle partitioning of semivolatile organic compounds in the atmosphere and from its vapour pressure, p-xylene, is expected to exist solely as a vapour in the ambient atmosphere. Vapour-phase p-xylene is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be about 16 hours. A half-life of 1.0 hr in summer and 10 hr in winter was measured for the reaction of p-xylene with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals. p-Xylene has a moderately high photochemical reactivity under smog conditions, higher than the other xylene isomers, with loss rates varying from 9-42% per hr. The photooxidation of p-xylene results in the production of carbon monoxide, formaldehyde, glyoxal, methylglyoxal, 3-methylbenzylnitrate, m-tolualdehyde, 4-nitro-3-xylene, 5-nitro-3-xylene, 2,6-dimethyl-p-benzoquinone, 2,4-dimethylphenol, 6-nitro-2,4-dimethylphenol, 2,6-dimethylphenol, and 4-nitro-2,6-dimethylphenol.

Ecotoxicity:

for xylenes

Fish LC50 (96 h) Pimephales promelas 13.4 mg/l; Oncorhynchus mykiss 8.05 mg/l; Lepomis macrochirus 16.1 mg/l (all flow through values); Pimephales promelas 26.7 (static)

Daphnia EC50 948 h): 3.83 mg/l

Photobacterium phosphoreum EC50 (24 h): 0.0084 mg/l

Gammarus lacustris LC50 (48 h): 0.6 mg/l

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste treatment methods**

Product / Packaging disposal	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked. A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate: ▶ Reduction ▶ Reuse ▶ Recycling ▶ Disposal (if all else fails) This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate. ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority. ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. ▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal. ▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site. ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code**

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture****PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)(64742-55-8.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)(64742-54-7.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

BORATED ESTER(NOT AVAILABLE) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Not Applicable

Federal Regulations**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)****SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES**

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

Continued...

None Reported

State Regulations**US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS & REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CRT): LISTED SUBSTANCE

Soots, tars, and mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated oils and used engine oils) Listed

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe); paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe))
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	24/04/2018
Initial Date	24/04/2018

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC – STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.
IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
OSF: Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
LOD: Limit Of Detection
OTV: Odour Threshold Value
BCF: BioConcentration Factors
BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

000003000532



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

Product code : PXL1P17, PXL1KGL, PXL1DRL, PXL1, PXL1C30

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : PRECISION XL EP greases are high performance, long life, EP greases designed for trouble-free lubrication of a wide range of automotive and industrial equipment.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	30 - 50
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	20 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil —	64742-65-0	10 - 20

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unspecified

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	5 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL

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		(Mist)		
		STEVE (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEVE (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Stringy, smooth, semi-solid.

Colour : green

Odour : Mild grease like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -12 °C (10 °F)
Base Fluid Blend

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 291 °C (556 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup
Base Fluid Blend

Fire Point : 315 °C (599 °F)
Base Fluid Blend

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.8867 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	221.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend
		18.8 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release CO _x , NO _x , SO _x , PO _x , H ₂ S, KO _x , SbO _x , sulfides, alkyl mercaptans, diphenylamine, alkenes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

000003000532



Version 3.4

Revision Date 2021/03/01

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY

000003000889



Version 5.0

Revision Date 2021/02/24

Print Date 2021/02/24

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY

Product code : PSMCBG, PSMBLK, PSMKGL, PSMDRL, PSM, PSMC30

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : PRECISION SYNTHETIC MOLY is a synthetic, high performance, all season EP grease with long life and improved low temperature properties where shock loading conditions are encountered.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	68411-46-1	1 - 5
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-53-6	1 - 5

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PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY



000003000889

Version 5.0

Revision Date 2021/02/24

Print Date 2021/02/24

Amines, C12-14-alkyl, C6-10-alkyl phosphates	68603-55-4	1 - 5
Phenol, isobutyleneated, phosphate (3:1)	68937-40-6	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
lithium 12-hydroxystearate	7620-77-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particu-	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

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		late matter)		
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	TWA (Total)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Respirable)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Respirable)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-53-6	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection

Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Eye protection	:	Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Buttery, smooth, semi-solid
Colour	:	grey
Odour	:	Mild grease like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-54 °C (-65 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	187 °C (369 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup Base Fluid Blend
Fire Point	:	203 °C (397 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available

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Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8992 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	129.8 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend
		15.6 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, alkalis and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, KOx, SbOx, MoOx, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, diphenylamine, alkenes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

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Components:

molybdenum disulphide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

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Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/24
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRODURO ^{TM/MC} TO-4⁺ 30

Product code : PD430CBE, PD430P5R, PD430P20, PD430ICT, PD430IBC, PD430DRR, PD430DRM, PD430DCT, PD430, PD430BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Multipurpose transmission, hydraulic, wet brake and final drive fluids intended for use where Caterpillar TO-4 quality oils are recommended.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-54-7	60 - 100

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heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	70 - 90
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Mineral oil		1 - 5
zinc bis[bis(tetrapropylphenyl)] bis(hydrogen dithiophosphate)	11059-65-7	1 - 2.5
phenol, dodecyl-, branched	121158-58-5	0.25 - 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), hydrogen sulphide

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(H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

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cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : Hydrocarbon.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -27 °C (-17 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 259 °C (498 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.873 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)

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Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	88.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		11.01 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release CO _x , SO _x , PO _x , H ₂ S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

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exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO^{TM/MC} TO-4⁺ 30

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Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

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Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/03
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

Section 1. Chemical product and supplier identification

Trade name	H-Go -45 °C Windshield Washer
Synonymous	Wiper fluid, washer fluid
Recommended use	Enables clear windshield of salt, dirt, insects and dust, as well as snow in the winter.
Supplier	Harnois Groupe pétrolier 80, Route 158 Saint-Thomas, QC, J0K 3L0 Canada Tel: (800) 363-2712
Emergencies	CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666



Section 2. Hazards identification

Product classification	• Flammable liquids – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Oral – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Dermal – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Inhalation – Category 3 • Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 • Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure – Category 1

WHMIS pictograms



Warning

DANGER

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour (H225)
- Toxic if swallowed (H301)
- Toxic in contact with skin (H311)
- Toxic if inhaled (H331)
- Causes serious eye irritation (H319)
- Causes damage to organs (eyes) if swallowed (H370)
- May cause damage to organs (H371)
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness (H336)

Danger

NOTE!

Very toxic substance having immediate and serious effects.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Precautionary

Precaution: Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Also avoid inhalation and ingestion. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and sources of ignition. Do not smoke, etc.

Intervention : SKIN CONTACT Immediately rinse the skin thoroughly and wash with mild soap. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. EYE CONTACT Check whether the victim is wearing contact lenses and remove them if necessary. Rinse immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. INHALATION Move the affected person outside. If the person is not breathing, breathing irregularly or is in respiratory arrest, a qualified person must perform artificial respiration or give oxygen. INGESTION Communicate IMMEDIATELY with a poison center, an emergency center or a physician. DO NOT make the person VOMIT.

Potential acute effects on health

Eyes	Eye irritant. Avoid contact with eyes.
Skin	Very hazardous in the event of contact with the skin as it absorbs the liquid.
Inhalation	Hazardous in the event of inhalation.
Ingestion	Extremely hazardous in the event of ingestion; immediate medical assistance is necessary.

Potential chronic effects on health

Chronic effects	Contains a substance likely to damage the target organ, according to data obtained on animals.
Carcinogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Teratogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.

Over-exposure — signs/symptoms

Inhalation	This liquid is very toxic when it is breathed into the lungs and this may cause very serious inflammation.
Ingestion	First symptoms of lack of coordination and dizziness may occur after ingestion of this product. This may be followed by headaches and even blindness and permanent neurological disorders.
Skin	Harmful symptoms may also include the following: skin irritation and redness.
Eyes	Harmful symptoms may also include the following: burning, stinging, irritation and redness of the eyes.



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See Toxicological Information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>% by weight</u>
Methanol	67-56-1	45 – 55%
Isopropanol	67-63-0	< 4%

According to supplier's current knowledge, and in applicable concentrations, this product does not contain any additional ingredients considered hazardous to health or the environment and, consequently, that should be disclosed in this section.

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition (concentration) has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4. First aid measures

Contact with the eyes	Check whether the victim is wearing contact lenses and remove them if necessary. Rinse immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Consult a physician immediately.
Skin contact	In the event of contact, immediately rinse the skin thoroughly and wash with mild soap. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If the irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-using.
Inhalation	Move the affected person outside. If the person is not breathing, breathing irregularly or is in respiratory arrest, a qualified person must perform artificial respiration or give oxygen. Loosen any tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Obtain medical care immediately.
Ingestion	Communicate IMMEDIATELY with a poison center, an emergency center or a physician. DO NOT make the person VOMIT.
Rescuer protection	Do not take any steps involving personal risk or if you have not received adequate training.
Note to the attending physician	All signs/symptoms involving the target organs mentioned in this data sheet may worsen in the event of over-exposure.



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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Product flammability	Flammable
Extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent appropriate for the surrounding fires.
Combustion products	No specific data.
Firefighting apparatus and methods	Flammable liquid, soluble liquid or dispersed in water. - Small fire: Use DRY chemical powder. - Large fire: Use an alcohol foam, water fog or steam. Cool the containers with a water jet to avoid overpressure, spontaneous combustion or explosion.
Special personal protective equipment for the designated firefighting personnel	Firefighters must carry adequate protective equipment, as well as a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) equipped with a full positive pressure mask.
Note on fire Hazard	High fire hazard.
Note on the risks of explosion	Risk of the product exploding when subjected to mechanical shock: N/A Risk of the product exploding when subjected to electrical discharges: N/A

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Individual precautions	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid the dispersion of spilled product, and its runoff and any contact with the soil, inland waterways, drains and sewers. Alert the competent authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, inland waterways, soil or air).

Cleaning methods

Minor spill	Smaller spills can be collected or absorbed using a suitable absorbent material. Finish the cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface. Product must be disposed of in accordance with local, regional or national legislation.
Major spill	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from any source of ignition. Stop the leak if this does not present any risk. Absorb with soil, sand or another dry non-combustible matter. Notify the local authorities. Note: See Section 1 for information relating to emergencies and see Section 13 for waste disposal.



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Section 7. Handling and storage

Maintenance

Eating, drinking and smoking are prohibited in places where this product is handled, stored or processed. Employees should at all times wash their hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Before entering areas where food is eaten, it is imperative to remove any contaminated clothing and any personal protective equipment (PPE). Avoid any contact with the eyes, skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing the vapors or mist. Use only if ventilation is adequate. Ground this product's container.

Storage

Flammable materials should at all times be kept in a cabinet or a separate secure room. Keep away from any source of heat and ignition. Keep the container tightly closed. Store according to local regulations. Keep the product in the original container in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, away from incompatible substances. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point below than 37 °C / 100 °F. Do not store the containers without labels.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Technical measures

This product must be handled and used in closed containers and equipment. Good overall ventilation is necessary for its use.

Health measures

After handling chemicals, carefully wash your hands, forearms and face before eating, smoking, or going to the toilet and once your work is finished. Use suitable techniques to remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Make certain that eye-wash stations and decontamination showers are installed close to work stations.

Individual protection

Eyes

Tight safety goggles to prevent chemical splashing or a face-protecting mask.

Respiratory

Carry a protective respiratory apparatus equipped with an air purifier or with air supply, adjusted perfectly and in conformity with current legislation, if risk assessment recommends it. The choice of protective respiratory apparatus must be based on the expected or known exposure levels.

Hands

Chemical-resistant rubber gloves must be worn.

Skin

Overalls or an apron are necessary to minimize contact.

Personal protective equipment (PPE)
(Icons)



Product name

Exposure limits

H-Go -45 °C Windshield Washer

Check with local authorities to obtain the acceptable limits of exposure.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical and Chemical Properties	Results
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Purple
Odor	Alcohol (weak)
Flash point	25 to 30 °C / 77 to 86 °F (closed cup)
Inflammability	NA
Lower flammability or explosive limit	NA
Upper flammability or explosive limit	NA
Spontaneous combustion temperature	NA
pH	8 to 11
Boiling point at 760 mmHg	NA
Freezing point	Weighted average water: -40 to -45 °C / -40 to -49 °F
Relative density	0.90 - 0.97 at 20 °C
Vapor pressure	< 12.8 kPa (< 96 mmHg)
Vapour density (air = 1)	< 1.11
Solubility in water	Readily soluble in cold and hot water.



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Percentage of volatility	NA
Evaporation rate	NA
Sharing coefficient – n-octanol/water	NA
Decomposition temperature	NA
Viscosity	NA

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Product stability and reactivity	The product is stable.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat. Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources.
Risk of dangerous reactions	None known
Incompatibility with different substances	Mildly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalines.
Hazardous decomposition products	Very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; very toxic, flammable formaldehyde. Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous decomposition product should appear.
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Name of the product or ingredient</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Exposure</u>
Methanol	Oral LD50	Rat	Acute: 5,600 mg/kg	-----
	Cutaneous LD50	Rabbit	Acute: 15,800 mg/kg	-----
	LC50 vapor	Cat	Acute: 41,151.4 ppm	4 hours

Potential acute effects on health

Inhalation	Hazardous in the event of inhalation. The vapors are moderately irritating to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	A single exposure to high levels can have immediate and serious effects on health.



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Skin contact	Hazardous in the event of contact with the skin since the skin absorbs the liquid.
Contact with the eyes	Eye irritant.
Chronic effects	Contains a substance likely to damage the target organ, according to data obtained on animals.
Carcinogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Mutagenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Teratogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Effects on fertility	Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Effects on the environment	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Ecotoxicity in an aquatic environment	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Biodegradability	Not available.
Miscellaneous harmful effects	Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	Check with the managers of the local sewerage systems and federal, provincial and municipal bodies to determine the most appropriate means of disposing of the product.

Check with the local or regional authorities.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and to Section 8: MONITORING EXPOSURE AND INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION for any additional information on handling and on protection of personnel.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 14. Transport information

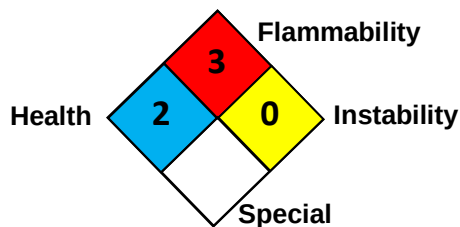
Regulatory information	UN number	Correct shipping name	Category	Packing group	Label	Other information
DOT Classification	UN 1987	Alcohols, N.O.S. (methanol)	3 Flammable liquid	III	-----	In containers of 5 litres (5 kg) or less, this product is classified as "Consumer goods" under DOT regulations.
TDG Classification	UN 1987 Guide 127	Alcohols, N.O.S. (methanol)	3 Flammable liquid	III	-----	In containers of 5 L or less, this product conforms to the requirements of exemption under the terms of the special provisions of regulations on hazardous materials transport, 1.17 Limited Quantities Exemption.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States HCS Classification	Not regulated.
International regulations	Not regulated.
Canadian inventory	This product and/or all its components appear on the DSL (Domestic Substances List of Canada)
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	This product and/or all its components appear on the list of inventory of the TSCA.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (United States), NFPA Index





Material Safety Data Sheet

Hazardous Materials Systems
Identification, HMIS Index

Health	2
Flammability	3
Physical hazards	0
Personal Protection	B

Information to be put on the label

DANGER

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour (H225)
- Toxic if swallowed (H301)
- Causes serious eye irritation (H319)
- May damage fertility or the unborn child (H360)
- May cause damage to organs (H371)
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness (H336)

Issue date

26.01.2017

Notice

To our knowledge, the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate at the date of its publication. The supplier mentioned above cannot assume any liability whatsoever in regard to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. This information is provided indicatively with regard to safety and applies only to the product and the uses indicated in the present Material Safety Data Sheet. This information does not necessarily apply to this product if it is associated with one or more other products, or if it is used for other purposes than those described here. The user is solely responsible for the final decision as to the appropriate use of any product. All products may present unknown hazards and must be used with care. Although certain hazards are described in this document, we cannot guarantee that there are no other hazards.



Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS (U.S.A.)	Rating	Protective Clothing	DOT (pictograms)
	Health Hazard (2*) Fire Hazard (1) Reactivity (0) Personal Protection (H)	0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme		

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	ANTIFREEZE	Code	W269
Synonym	Universal Antifreeze, Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Antifreeze-Coolant, Petro-Canada Heavy Duty Antifreeze-Coolant, Pre-Mix Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Premium Radiator Antifreeze.	DSL	On the DSL.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	TSCA	On TSCA list.
Material Uses	Used as an engine antifreeze coolant.	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
1) Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	≥55	Not established	Not established	100 mg/m ³ (aerosol)
2) Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate	1330-43-4	≤5	1 mg/m ³	Not established	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable				
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

Section III. Hazards Identification.

Potential Health Effects	Contact can cause slight irritation of skin, eyes and respiratory tract. Extremely dangerous in case of ingestion. For more information, refer to Section 11.

Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

Section V. Fire-fighting Measures

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Lower: 3.2%, Upper: 15.3%
Flash Points	Closed Cup: 116°C (Tagliabue) Open Cup: 116°C (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	413°C
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Combustible in presence of open flames and sparks.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not a product presenting risks of explosion.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO ₂ , water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.		

Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill	Small spill or leak: Dilute with water and mop up or absorb with an inert DRY material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Large spill or leak: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal. Dispose of in accordance with regional regulations.

Section VII. Handling and Storage

Handling	Avoid contamination with reactive substances. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.
Storage	Keep container dry. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
Personal Protection -	<i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i>
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State and Appearance	Clear viscous liquid.	Viscosity	Not available
Colour	Green.	Pour Point	Not available
Odour	Odourless.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	129 to 197°C (264 to 387°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	1.115 to 1.145 (Water = 1)	Oil / Water Dist. Coeff.	Not available
Vapour Density	2.1 (Air=1).	Ionicity (in water)	Not available
Vapour Pressure	0.06 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	0% (w/w)	Solubility	Soluble in water, methanol and diethyl ether.

Section X. Stability and Reactivity

Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids and alkalis.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section XI. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Eye contact and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	LD50: 4700 mg/kg (oral/rat). [Ethylene Glycol] LD50: 9530 mg/kg (dermal/rabbit). [Ethylene Glycol]
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	
Dermal Route:	Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant).
Inhalation Route:	Slightly hazardous in case of inhalation (lung irritant). Can cause nausea, headaches and vomiting.
Oral Route:	Extremely dangerous in case of ingestion.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Slightly hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant).
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Not available
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Not available
Mutagenic:	Not available

Reproductive Toxicity:	Not available
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	Fetotoxic and teratogenic in mice at levels below maternal toxicity.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A4: not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Not available
Other Considerations	The substance may be toxic to kidneys and liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section XII. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistence/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Preferred waste management priorities are: (1) recycle or reprocess; (2) incineration with energy recovery; (3) disposal at licensed waste disposal facility. Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.

Section XV. Regulatory Information

Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List). All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. Please contact Product Safety for more information.		
DSD/DPD (EEC)	Not evaluated.	WHMIS (Canada)	D-2A
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)	

Section XVI. Other Information

References	Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark		
Glossary	ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials (BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency		

FDA - Food and Drug Administration
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
HCS - Hazardous Communication System
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia
WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Western Canada, telephone: 403-296-4158; fax: 403-296-6551
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - TAR on 7/3/2001.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TRAXON™ SYNTHETIC 75W-90

000003000860



Version 2.4

Revision Date 2021/02/23

Print Date 2021/02/23

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : TRAXON™ SYNTHETIC 75W-90

Product code : TRSY759K60, TRSY759P20, TRSY759IBC, TRSY759DRR, TRSY759DRM, TRSY759DCT, TRSY759, TRSY759BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : This product is a multipurpose automotive synthetic hypoid gear lubricant, suitable for use in the coldest environments and moderate load service in passenger cars, trucks and off-highway vehicles.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	30 - 50
Mineral oil		5 - 10
Polysulfides, di-tert-Bu	68937-96-2	1 - 5

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Phosphoric acid esters/amine salt		1 - 5
2-(2-heptadec-8-enyl-2-imidazolin-1-yl)ethanol	95-38-5	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL

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		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

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Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-48 °C (-54 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	202 °C (396 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8584 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	96.7 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) 15.5 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available

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Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

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Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	: Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	: Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	: Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	: 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	: 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	: 15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	: 8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWAEV	: Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	: Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in

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Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/23
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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VULTREX™ DRILL ROD HEAVY

000003001238



Version 2.3

Revision Date 2021/03/01

Print Date 2021/03/01

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : VULTREX™ DRILL ROD HEAVY
Product code : VULDRODDRL, VULDRODP17, VULDROD

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : This product is recommended for the lubrication of diamond drill rods.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Disposal:
Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

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IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
barium salts	68201-19-4	30 - 50
Asphaltic resin		1 - 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	No information available.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), sulphur oxides (SO _x), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Further information	:	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions. Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	None known.
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Use only with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers.

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To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Paste of long fibred texture.

Colour : Green-Brown

Odour : Mild grease like.

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Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-15 °C (5 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	257 °C (495 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup Base Fluid Blend
Fire Point	:	283 °C (541 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.9430 kg/l (15 °C) Base Fluid Blend
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	162.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend 14.8 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, alkenes, diphenylamine, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

barium salts:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 500 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 11 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

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Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.

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Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions
of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -

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VULTREX™ DRILL ROD HEAVY

000003001238



Version 2.3

Revision Date 2021/03/01

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No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARDEE^{TM/MC} 100

000003000417



Version 3.1

Revision Date 2021/03/01

Print Date 2021/03/01

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ARDEE^{TM/MC} 100

Product code : RDE100IBC, RDE100P20, RDE100DRM, RDE100DCT, RDE100, RDE100BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Ardee oils are designed for use in lubricating pneumatic rock drill equipment and other air-operated machinery.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Effects on or via lactation

GHS label elements

Hazard statements : May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	60 - 80
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	20 - 30
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	10 - 20
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	10 - 20
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	63449-39-8	1 - 2.5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), sulphur compounds (H₂S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

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Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL

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		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

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Colour	:	dark brown
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-33 °C (-27 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	233 °C (451 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8856 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	96.4 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) 11.5 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: No data available
Incompatible materials	: Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, halogens and halogenated compounds.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release CO _x , NO _x , SO _x , PO _x , H ₂ S, metal oxides, hydrocarbons, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Components:

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified :

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Fish): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l
plants Exposure time: 72 h

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
- TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
- CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
- CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
- ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
- CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
- CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit
- CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
- CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value
- CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); Er_{Cx} - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Con-

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trol Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
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SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARDEE^{TM/MC} 68

000003000416



Version 3.0

Revision Date 2021/03/01

Print Date 2021/03/01

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ARDEE^{TM/MC} 68

Product code : RDE68BLK, RDE68P20, RDE68DRM, RDE68, RDE68DCT

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Ardee oils are designed for use in lubricating pneumatic rock drill equipment and other air-operated machinery.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Effects on or via lactation

GHS label elements

Hazard statements : May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	70 - 90
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	20 - 30
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	5 - 10
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	5 - 10
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	63449-39-8	1 - 2.5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances.
Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
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ARDEE^{TM/MC} 68

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Version 3.0

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cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	No information available.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), phosphorus oxides (PO _x), sulphur compounds (H ₂ S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Further information	:	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions. Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	None known.
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Use only with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

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Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

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		able particulate matter)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : dark brown

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -42 °C (-44 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 231 °C (448 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.8779 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- : No data available

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octanol/water

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 71.7 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
9.9 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, halogens and halogenated compounds.

Hazardous decomposition products : May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, metal oxides, hydrocarbons, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Eye contact
Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

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STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified :

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Fish): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

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Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit

CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Ja-

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pan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF)

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier	Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF)
Other Means of Identification	55-124AIR, 55-124C, 55-125AIR, 55-125BTG, 55-125H2B, 55-125MER, 55-126AIR, 55-126C, 55-126MER, 55-126STPDES, 55-129AIR, 55-129AIR-1000, 55-129AIR-1250, 55-129AIR-RPV, 55-129H2B, 55-129H2B-1000, 55-129H2B-1000T, 55-129H2B-RPV, 55-129H2B-RPV-T, 55-129H2B-R-RET, 55-129H2B-RSV, 55-129H2B-RSV-T, 55-129H2B-T, 55-129OLD-1000, 55-129OPW-1250, BULK-DEF, 55-125VW, 55-125FORD, 55-125BTGEXP, 55-125CHN, 55-125GM, 55-129FLT, 55-129CHN, 55-129FLT-1000, 55-125FLT, 55-129CHN-1000, 55-129IBP, 55-129IBP-1250, 55-126IBP, 55-129RC, 55-129BLU, 55-129BLU-1000, 55-129RC-1000, 55-125RC, 55-129TRP-1000, 55-125C, 55-125TRP, 55-125, 55-125BLU, 55-125CNH, 55-126, 55-126BLU, 55-126IBP, 55-129AIR-R, 55-129CNH-1000, 55-129IBP, 55-129IBP-1250, 55-129OLD-1250, 55-129OWCB-1250, 55-125TUX, 55-129TRP, 55-125RK, 55-125h2b-tray, 55-126H2BH96, 55-126TRP, 55-126VW, 55-126BTGX80, 55-126DYNX96, 55-126CNH, 55-126FLT, 55-126FORD, 55-126RC, 55-126GM, 55-126H2B, 55-126BTG, 55-126DYN, 55-125AIRX48, 55-124H2BH52, 55-126H2BX96, 55-126CHN
Recommended Use	Please refer to Product label.
Restrictions on Use	None known.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	Recochem Inc., 850 Montee de Liesse, Montreal, QC, H4T 1P4, Compliance and Regulatory Department, 905-878-5544, www.recochem.com
Other Contact Information	Yara North America Inc., The following product codes are packaged by Recochem Inc. in Canada for Yara North America Inc: 55-124AIR, 55-125AIR, 55-126AIR, 55-129AIR, 55-129AIR-1000, 55-129AIR-1250, 55-129AIR-RPV, 55-129AIR-R - 100 North Tampa St. Suite 3200, Tampa, Florida, 33602, United States, 1-877-810-4333, www.air1def.com
Emergency Phone No.	CANUTEC, 613-996-6666, 24 Hours
SDS No.	1519

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Skin irritation - Category 3; Eye irritation - Category 2B; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

Label Elements



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement(s):

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H320 Causes eye irritation.

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H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapours, spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Other Hazards

Not applicable.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Urea	57-13-6	15-40		
Free Ammonia	7664-41-7	0.1-1		

Notes

Use of Generic SDS:

If the concentration or actual concentration range of an ingredient of a particular hazardous product in the series is different from the concentration or actual concentration range disclosed for the rest of the series, either the concentration or the actual concentration range must be indicated beside that ingredient under item 3 (Composition/Information on ingredients) of the SDS. Furthermore, if any other specific information element(s) (such as flash point, numerical measure of toxicity, etc.) for a particular hazardous product in the series differs from that of the other products in the series (without affecting the classification), the information element relevant to that hazardous product must be disclosed on the SDS with an indication to which hazardous product each relates.

Source: Health Canada - Technical Guidance on the Requirements of the Hazardous Products Act and the Hazardous Products Regulations WHMIS 2015 Supplier Requirements - pg 117

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact

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Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing if necessary. Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice or attention. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned. Clean clothing, shoes and leather goods.

Eye Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves if necessary. Quickly and gently blot or brush chemical off the face. Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice or attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

First-aid Comments

Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Target Organs

Eyes, respiratory system, skin.

Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Dermatitis.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Not combustible. Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Does not burn. This product presents no unusual hazards in a fire situation. Closed containers may rupture violently when heated releasing contents.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; corrosive, oxidizing nitrogen oxides.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Review Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) for important information on responding to leaks/spills.

See Skin Protection in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for advice on suitable chemical protective materials.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

No special precautions are necessary. Use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental Precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway.

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Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid generating vapours or mists.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Not available.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

The hazard potential of this product is relatively low. General ventilation is usually adequate. For large scale use of this product: use local exhaust ventilation, if general ventilation is not adequate to control amount in the air.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Not required but it is good practice to wear safety glasses or chemical safety goggles.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.
Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber.

Respiratory Protection

Not normally required if product is used as directed.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Odour	Ammonia-like
Odour Threshold	Not available
pH	9 - 10 (100% solution)
Melting Point/Freezing Point	-11.5 °C (11.3 °F) (melting); -11.5 °C (11.3 °F) (freezing)
Initial Boiling Point/Range	100 °C (212 °F)
Flash Point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	Not applicable (upper); Not applicable (lower)
Vapour Pressure	Not available
Vapour Density (air = 1)	Not available

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Relative Density (water = 1)	1
Solubility	Very soluble (more than 50 g/100 mL) in water; Not available (in other liquids)
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	1.4 mm ² /s at 20 °C (kinematic); 1.4 mPa.s at 20 °C (dynamic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid
Molecular Weight	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known.

Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None known.

Conditions to Avoid

Contamination. High temperatures. Water, moisture or humidity. Temperatures above 135.0 °C (275.0 °F)

Incompatible Materials

Reacts explosively with: strong oxidizing agents (e.g. perchloric acid).

Not corrosive to metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation; skin contact; eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Urea		8471 mg/kg (rat)	> 21000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Free Ammonia	2000 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	Not applicable	Not applicable

LC50: Not applicable.

LD50 (oral): Not applicable.

LD50 (dermal): Not applicable.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Human experience shows very mild irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Human experience shows very mild irritation.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful At high concentrations based on human experience. Nose and throat irritation.

Skin Absorption

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Not harmful based on human experience.

Ingestion

Not harmful based on animal tests.

Aspiration Hazard

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

May cause Following skin contact: dermatitis.

May cause If inhaled: at high concentrations irritation of the respiratory system. May cause respiratory tract injury.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

No information was located. No information was located.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Urea	Not Listed	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed
Free Ammonia	Not Listed	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed

Not a carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

Does not cause harm to the unborn child.

Sexual Function and Fertility

Does not cause effects on sexual function or fertility.

Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not mutagenic.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50 Fish	EC50 Crustacea	ErC50 Aquatic Plants	ErC50 Algae
Urea	Not available	Not available		
Free Ammonia	Not available	Not available		

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	NOEC Fish	EC50 Fish	NOEC Crustacea	EC50 Crustacea
Urea	Not available		Not available	
Free Ammonia	Not available		Not available	

Persistence and Degradability

No information was located.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No information was located.

Mobility in Soil

No information was located.

Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations. Not regulated under US DOT Regulations.

Environmental Hazards Not applicable

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

Proof of Dangerous Goods Classification

Date of Classification January 09, 2017

Classification Not Regulated

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Custom Regulatory 1

Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 General Conformity Certification

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product container.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Prepared By Compliance and Regulatory Department

Phone No. 905-878-5544

Date of Preparation June 09, 2017

Date of Last Revision January 21, 2020

Revision Indicators The following SDS content was changed on January 16, 2018:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

Product Identifier: Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) - Ver. 1

SDS No.: 1519

Date of Preparation: June 09, 2017

Date of Last Revision: January 21, 2020

Page 07 of 08

The following SDS content was changed on August 01, 2019:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Contact Information;
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE; Precautions for Safe Handling.

The following SDS content was changed on January 21, 2020:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

The following SDS content was changed on January 31, 2020:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

References

CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).

Additional Information

We are committed to uphold the Industry Consumer Ingredient Communication Voluntary Initiative.

Please send us your request by visiting our website at www.recochem.com.

Ingredients present (intentionally added ingredients) at a concentration of greater than one percent (1%) shall be listed in descending order of predominance. Ingredients present at a concentration of not more than one percent shall be listed but may be disclosed without respect to order of predominance.

Disclaimer

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Product Identifier: Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) - Ver. 1
Date of Preparation: June 09, 2017
Date of Last Revision: January 21, 2020

SDS No.: 1519

Page 08 of 08

Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: METHYL HYDRATE
Product Code: H545
Other Name(s): not applicable
Distributed By: not applicable
Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use: not available
Manufactured By: Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd.
2310 - 80th Avenue NW
Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T6P 1N2
www.ostrem.com

Date of Revision: January 22, 2021
Phone: 780-440-1911
In Case of Emergency Only, Phone
CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Mixture: Acute Toxicity, Oral - Category 3
Acute Toxicity, Dermal - Category 3
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation - Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 1
Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Label Elements:

Hazard Pictogram(s):



Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statement(s): Toxic if swallowed.
Toxic if in contact with skin.
Toxic if inhaled.
Causes damage to organs (eyes and central nervous system).
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Do not breathe fumes or vapours.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison centre or physician.
Rinse mouth.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Call a poison centre or physician if you feel unwell.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison centre or physician.
If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre or physician.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Physical/health hazards not otherwise classified:
not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Safety Data Sheet

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Conc.</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>Common Names</u>
methanol	80 - 100%	67-56-1	methyl alcohol

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Necessary Measures:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison centre or physician.

Rinse mouth.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Call a poison centre or physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison centre or physician.

If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre or physician.

Most important symptoms, both acute and delayed:

Toxic if swallowed.

Toxic if in contact with skin.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs (eyes and central nervous system).

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

not applicable

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g.: hazardous combustion products):

May liberate carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

As for surrounding fire. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear appropriate protective equipment. See section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways or low areas.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Small spills: soak up with inert absorbent material and scoop into containers. Large spills: prevent contamination of waterways. Dike and pump into suitable containers. Clean up residual with absorbent material, place in appropriate container and flush with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Do not breathe fumes or vapours.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Keep out of reach of children. Store in a cool, dry area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Safety Data Sheet

Control parameters - Exposure limits:

Ingredient:

methanol

Limit:

ACGIH TWA: 200 ppm

STEL: 250 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Respiratory protection:

If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator.

Other protection:

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state, colour etc.):	colourless liquid
Odour:	a pungent alcohol odour
Odour threshold:	not available
pH:	not applicable
Melting/Freezing point:	not available
Initial boiling point and range:	not available
Flash point:	12 C
Evaporation rate:	not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	not available
Vapour pressure:	not available
Vapour density:	not available
Relative density (specific gravity):	0.798
Solubility(ies):	complete
Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water:	not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	not available
Decomposition temperature:	not available
Viscosity:	not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

This material is considered to be non-reactive under normal use conditions.

Chemical stability:

Stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

not available

Conditions to avoid (e.g.: static discharge, shock or vibration):

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products:

not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed.

Eye contact: May cause eye irritation.

Skin contact: Toxic if in contact with skin.

Skin absorption: not available

POTENTIAL CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

not applicable

Safety Data Sheet

Inhalation: not available
Ingestion: not available
Eye contact: not available
Skin contact: not available
Skin absorption: not available

Mutagenicity: not available
Carcinogenicity: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Reproductive toxicity: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Sensitization of product: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.

Toxicological Data:

Ingredient:
methanol

Data:

Oral LD50: 100 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalation LC50: 5 mg/L (rat)
Dermal LD50: 300 mg/kg (rabbit)

Other Toxicological Information on Ingredients:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): not available
Persistence and degradability: not available
Bioaccumulative potential: not available
Mobility in soil: not available
Other adverse effects: not available
Ecological Information on Ingredients: not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal: Disposal of all waste must be done according to local, provincial and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG classification: UN 1230; METHANOL; CLASS 3 (6.1); PG II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

16. PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by: Technical Services Department, Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd., Ph.: 780-440-1911
Date of Preparation: January 22, 2021
Date of Revision: January 22, 2021

This Safety Data Sheet may not be changed or altered in any way without the express knowledge and permission of Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd.

End of Document



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC

Product name: UCAR™ Aircraft Deicing Fluid XL 54 SAE
AMS1424/1 Type I

Issue Date: 01/14/2020

Print Date: 01/15/2020

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: UCAR™ Aircraft Deicing Fluid XL 54 SAE AMS1424/1 Type I

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Aircraft deicing fluid. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC
#2400, 215 - 2ND STREET S.W.
CALGARY AB T2P 1M4
CANADA

Customer Information Number:

800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact (transportation emergencies only): 1-800-424-9300

Local Emergency Contact (transportation emergencies only): 1-800-424-9300

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 1-989-636-4400

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) as implemented under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS 2015).

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Oral

Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **WARNING!**

Hazards

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice and/or attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration (w/w)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	54.0%
Water	7732-18-5	45.6%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Immediately flush skin with water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather items such as shoes should be disposed of properly. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. If person is fully conscious give 1 cup or 8 ounces (240 ml) of water. If medical advice is delayed and if an adult has swallowed several ounces of chemical, then give 3-4 ounces (1/3-1/2 Cup) (90-120 ml) of hard liquor such as 80 proof whiskey. For children, give proportionally less liquor at a dose of 0.3 ounce (1 1/2 tsp.) (8 ml) liquor for each 10 pounds of body weight, or 2 ml per kg body weight [e.g., 1.2 ounce (2 1/3 tbsp.) for a 40 pound child or 36 ml for an 18 kg child].

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If several ounces (60 - 100 ml) of ethylene glycol have been ingested, early administration of ethanol may counter the toxic effects (metabolic acidosis, renal damage). Consider hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis & thiamine 100 mg plus pyridoxine 50 mg intravenously every 6 hours. If ethanol is used, a therapeutically effective blood concentration in the range of 100 - 150 mg/dl may be achieved by a rapid loading dose followed by a continuous intravenous infusion. Consult standard literature for details of treatment. 4-Methyl pyrazole (Antizol®) is an effective blocker of alcohol dehydrogenase and should be used in the treatment of ethylene glycol (EG), di- or triethylene glycol (DEG, TEG), ethylene glycol butyl ether (EGBE), or methanol intoxication if available. Fomepizole protocol (Brent, J. et al., New England Journal of Medicine, Feb. 8, 2001, 344:6, p. 424-9): loading dose 15 mg/kg intravenously, follow by bolus dose of 10 mg/kg every 12 hours; after 48 hours, increase bolus dose to 15 mg/kg every 12 hours. Continue fomepizole until serum methanol, EG, DEG, TEG or EGBE are undetectable. The signs and symptoms of poisoning include anion gap metabolic acidosis, CNS depression, renal tubular injury, and possible late stage cranial nerve involvement. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. In severe poisoning, respiratory support with mechanical ventilation and positive end expiratory pressure may be required. Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam..

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds..

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn..

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry.. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam..

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).. If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance..

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Cat litter. Sawdust. Vermiculite. Zorb-all®. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Dike area to contain spill. Recover spilled material if possible. Contain spilled material if possible. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices. Additional storage and handling information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Storage stability

Shelf life: Use within 24 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Ethylene glycol	ACGIH	TWA Vapour	25 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL Vapour	50 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only	10 mg/m3
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	Dow IHG	TWA	50 mg/m3
	Dow IHG	STEL	100 mg/m3
	CA AB OEL	(c)	100 mg/m3
	Further information: 3: Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required		
	CA BC OEL	TWA particulate	10 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	STEL particulate	20 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	C aerosol	100 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	C Vapour	50 ppm
	CA QC OEL	C Vapour and mist	127 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Further information: RP: A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108		

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA").
NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as faceshield, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on the task. When handling hot material, protect skin from thermal burns as well as from skin absorption.

Respiratory protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When airborne exposure guidelines and/or comfort levels may be exceeded, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Orange
Odor	Sweet
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	7.0 - 8.0 <i>Literature</i>
Melting point/range	Not applicable to liquids
Freezing point	-43 °C <i>Literature</i>
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	109.8 °C <i>Literature</i>
Flash point	closed cup <i>Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</i> No flash
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	< 0.5 <i>Estimated.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable to liquids
Flammability (liquids)	Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Upper explosion limit	No test data available

Vapor Pressure	11 mmHg at 20 °C <i>Literature</i>
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	1.0 <i>Literature</i>
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.073 at 20 °C / 20 °C <i>Literature</i>
Water solubility	at 20 °C <i>Literature</i> completely soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No test data available
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	9.3 cSt at 0 °C <i>Calculated.</i>
Explosive properties	No test data available
Oxidizing properties	No test data available
Molecular weight	No data available
Molecular formula	Not Applicable (mixture)

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:. Aldehydes.. Ethers.. Alcohols.. Organic acids..

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

Oral toxicity is expected to be moderate in humans due to ethylene glycol even though tests with animals show a lower degree of toxicity. Ingestion of quantities (approximately 65 mL (2

oz.) for diethylene glycol or 100 mL (3 oz.) for ethylene glycol) has caused death in humans. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Lethal Dose, Human, adult, 100 ml Estimated.

In humans, expected to be moderately toxic if swallowed even though oral toxicity was low when tested in animals. Ingestion of quantities (approximately 65 mL (2 oz.) for diethylene glycol or 100 mL (3 oz.) for ethylene glycol) has caused death in humans. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure.

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Repeated skin exposure to large quantities may result in absorption of harmful amounts. Massive contact with damaged skin or of material sufficiently hot to burn skin may result in absorption of potentially lethal amounts.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

LD50, Rabbit, > 10,600 mg/kg

LD50, Mouse, male and female, > 3,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. With good ventilation, single exposure is not expected to cause adverse effects. If material is heated or areas are poorly ventilated, vapor/mist may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation and symptoms such as headache and nausea.

For Ethylene glycol:

LC50, Rat, male and female, 6 Hour, dust/mist, > 2.5 mg/l

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

LC50, Rat, male and female, 6 Hour, dust/mist, > 2.5 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.
Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on information for component(s):
May cause slight eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.
Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

May cause slight eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.
Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

Sensitization

Based on information for component(s):
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on information for component(s):

Observations in humans include:

Nystagmus (involuntary eye movement).

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Observations in humans include:

Nystagmus (involuntary eye movement).

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Carcinogenicity

Ethylene glycol did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Ethylene glycol did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies.

Teratogenicity

Based on animal studies, ingestion of very large amounts of ethylene glycol appears to be the major and possibly only route of exposure to produce birth defects. Exposures by inhalation or skin contact, the primary routes of occupational exposure, had minimal effect on the fetus, in animal studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Based on animal studies, ingestion of very large amounts of ethylene glycol appears to be the major and possibly only route of exposure to produce birth defects. Exposures by inhalation or skin contact, the primary routes of occupational exposure, had minimal effect on the fetus, in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Ingestion of large amounts of ethylene glycol has been shown to interfere with reproduction in animals.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Ingestion of large amounts of ethylene glycol has been shown to interfere with reproduction in animals.

Mutagenicity

Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

For this family of materials:

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis
(LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Persistence and degradability

Ethylene glycol

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %

Exposure time: 10 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 90 %

Exposure time: 1 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.29 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylene glycol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.36 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10 *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe)

Mobility in soil

Ethylene glycol

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Partition coefficient (Koc): 1 Estimated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Reclaimer. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Transport in bulk
according to Annex I or II
of MARPOL 73/78 and the
IBC or IGC Code

Not regulated for transport
Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Product Literature

Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability
1	0	0

Revision

Identification Number: 178604 / A208 / Issue Date: 01/14/2020 / Version: 11.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

(c)	ceiling occupational exposure limit
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
C	ceiling limit
CA AB OEL	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No

Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

CA

Nitrogen, compressed

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Revision date: 07/13/2018

Supersedes: 10/21/2016

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen
Chemical name	: Nitrogen
CAS-No.	: 7727-37-9
Formula	: N ₂
Other means of identification	: Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen, Nitrogen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: Industrial use Medical applications. Food applications. Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
10 Riverview Drive
Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	: P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty. CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

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2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

CAS-No. : 7727-37-9

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS-No.) 7727-37-9	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.
- Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
- Stop flow of product if safe to do so.
- Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product : **The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures** is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

ACGIH

Not established

Nitrogen, compressed

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Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
USA OSHA	Not established
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Skin and body protection	: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 28 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: No odor warning properties.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -210 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -195.8 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -149.9 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 3390 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.16 kg/m ³
Relative gas density	: 0.97
Solubility	: Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.

Nitrogen, compressed

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Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Nitrogen, compressed

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2
 UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066
 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed
 Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
 Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
 - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066
 Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

Nitrogen, compressed

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Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
Division (IMDG)	: 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases
MFAG-No	: 121

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1066
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: NITROGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IATA)	: 2.2 - Gases : Non-flammable, non-toxic
Civil Aeronautics Law	: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

EU-Regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

15.2.2. National regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)	
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)	
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)	
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)	
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)	

15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List				
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Revision date

: 07/13/2018

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

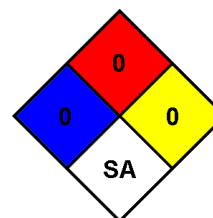
: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



Hazard Rating

Health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Oxygen, compressed

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This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Oxygen, compressed
CAS No : 7782-44-7
Formula : O₂
Other means of identification : Oxygen, Compressed; MediPure Oxygen; Aviator's Breathing Oxygen; USP Oxygen; Oxygen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications
Industrial use
Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
10 Riverview Drive
Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Ox. Gas 1 H270
Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS03

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing
P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place
P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure
CGA-PG22 - Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service
CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly

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CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Breathing 80 percent or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain, and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and central nervous system (CNS) effects, resulting in dizziness, poor coordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness, and convulsions. Breathing oxygen under pressure may cause prolongation of adaptation to darkness and reduced peripheral vision.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Oxygen, compressed
CAS No : 7782-44-7

Name	Product identifier	%
Oxygen	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Move to fresh air. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Vigorously accelerates combustion. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water (e.g, safety shower) is the preferred extinguishing media for clothing fires.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Oxidizing agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : High-pressure, oxidizing gas

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Oxygen, compressed

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Specific methods	: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems - Stop flow of product if safe to do so - Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
Other information	: Heat of fire can build pressure in container and cause it to rupture. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) No part of the container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Smoking, flames, and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate area. Try to stop release. Monitor concentration of released product. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	No additional information available
6.1.2. For emergency responders	No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
Safe use of the product	: The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

Oxygen, compressed

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid oxygen rich (>23.5%) atmospheres. Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138. As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 32 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

Oxygen, compressed

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Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -219 °C (-362°F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -183 °C (-297°F)
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Critical temperature	: -118.6 °C (-181.48°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 50.4 bar (731.4 psia)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 0.0827 lb/ft ³ (1.325 kg/m ³) absolute vapor density at 70°F/21.1°C, 1 atm
Relative density	: 1.1
Density	: 1.4289 kg/m ³ (at 21.1 °C)
Relative gas density	: 1.1
Solubility	: Water: 39 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: Oxidizer.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violently oxidizes organic material.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep equipment free from oil and grease. Consider the potential toxicity hazard due to the presence of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure (> 30 bar) oxygen lines in case of combustion. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1072 Oxygen, compressed, 2.2
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1072
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Oxygen, compressed
Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas
5.1 - Oxidizer



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 110 - Fire extinguishers transported under UN1044 may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Division 2.2, provided the aggregate quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 grams per extinguishing unit
A14 - This material is not authorized to be transported as a limited quantity or consumer commodity in accordance with 173.306 of this subchapter when transported aboard an aircraft

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 122 (UN1072)
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1072
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 122

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1072
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Oxygen, compressed
Class (IATA) : 2
Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

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This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Oxygen (7782-44-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Oxygen, compressed(7782-44-7)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

Oxygen, compressed

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SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044)

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

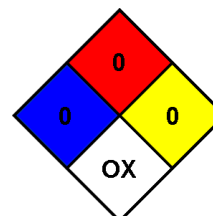
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Trade name : Argon
Chemical name : Argon
CAS-No. : 7440-37-1
Formula : Ar
Other means of identification : Shielding gas, Argon 40, Extendapak Argon

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use; Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
10 Riverview Drive
Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week
— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887
(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS04

Signal word (GHS US) : Warning
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.
CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : Argon
CAS-No. : 7440-37-1

Name	Product identifier	%
Argon	(CAS-No.) 7440-37-1	99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. . If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. . Call a doctor.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Argon (7440-37-1)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Argon (7440-37-1)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: None necessary.
Environmental exposure controls	: None necessary.
Other information	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 40 g/mol
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: No odor warning properties.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -189 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -185.9 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: -122.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 4898 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.103 lb/ft ³ Vapor density at 70°F (21.1°C)
Relative gas density	: 1.38
Solubility	: Water: 61 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Explosion limits	: No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group	: Compressed gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Argon (7440-37-1)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Argon (7440-37-1)

Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Argon (7440-37-1)

Log Pow	Not applicable.

Log Kow	Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Argon (7440-37-1)

Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Argon (7440-37-1)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

Argon (7440-37-1)

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1006 Argon, compressed, 2.2
 UN-No.(DOT) : UN1006
 Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Argon, compressed
 Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115
 Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1006);120 (UN1951)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
 - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1006
 Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ARGON, COMPRESSED
 Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
 Division (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases
 MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1006

Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Argon, compressed
Class (IATA)	: 2
Civil Aeronautics Law	: Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

EU-Regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	

15.2.2. National regulations

Argon (7440-37-1)	
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)	
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)	
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)	
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)	
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)	
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)	

15.3. US State regulations

Argon(7440-37-1)	
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm



Argon

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This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

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Argon (7440-37-1)				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Argon (7440-37-1)				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List				
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. **KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES.** Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases. One such contaminant, chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities, poses a special risk. **DO NOT USE ELECTRIC ARCS IN THE PRESENCE OF CHLORINATED HYDROCARBON VAPORS—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSGENE MAY BE PRODUCED.** Metal coatings such as paint, plating, or galvanizing may generate harmful fumes when heated. Residues from cleaning materials may also be harmful. **AVOID ARC OPERATIONS ON PARTS WITH PHOSPHATE RESIDUES (ANTI-RUST, CLEANING PREPARATIONS)—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSPHINE MAY BE PRODUCED.**

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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Revision date

: 10/23/2019

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

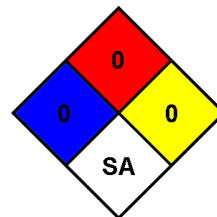
: 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA instability

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form	: Substance
Name	: Acetylene
CAS No	: 74-86-2
Formula	: C ₂ H ₂
Other means of identification	: Acetylene Dissolved, Acetylen, ethine, ethyne, narylene
Product group	: Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions	: Industrial use Welding

1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc.
1200 – 1 City Centre Drive
Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2
T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682
www.praxair.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: 1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Flam. Gas 1	H220
Dissolved gas	H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: DANGER

Hazard statements

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS**
MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED PRESSURE AND/OR TEMPERATURE
CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources



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Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
Close valve after each use and when empty
Fusible plugs in the top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psig (103 kPa)
Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure
Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (CAS no. 67-64-1; Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) in the gas container. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas container. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Acetylene (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 74-86-2	100	Ethyne / Acetylene, dissolved / Acetylene (liquefied) / Ethine

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : See below. See CGA Pamphlet SB-4, *Handling Acetylene Cylinders in Fire Situations*, for further information.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Fire hazard : If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

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Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible

Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.

Other information : Acetylene containers are provided with pressure relief devices designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperature.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Prevent runoff from contaminating the surrounding environment.

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking" or "Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g. NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

Storage area : Acetylene trailers are designed and intended for outdoor use. Acetylene storage in excess of 2,500 cu ft (70.79 cubic meters) is prohibited in buildings and other occupancies.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.



Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.

Eye protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Skin and body protection : As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : **Respiratory protection:** Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.



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Other information : **Other protection** : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colourless gas.
Molecular mass	: 26 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Garlic like. Poor warning properties at low concentrations.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -80.8 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -84 °C
Flash point	: -17 °C
Critical temperature	: 36 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 305 °C
Decomposition temperature	: 635 °C
Vapour pressure	: 4400 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 6138 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: 0.00117 (≥ 21.1)
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: 0.0012 g/cm ³ (at 0 °C)
Relative gas density	: 0.9
Solubility	: Water: 1185 mg/l
Log Pow	: 0.37
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2.5 - 100 vol %

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: $\approx$
Sublimation point	: -83.3 °C
Gas group	: Dissolved gas

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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Acetylene

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according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-04-2016

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Chemical stability	: Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: May react explosively even in the absence of air. May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.
Conditions to avoid	: High temperature. High pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
Incompatible materials	: Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper. Air, Oxidiser. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Hydrocarbon	Yes

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Persistence and degradability	Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

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12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetylene (74-86-2)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer	: No known effects from this product
Effect on global warming	: No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1001
TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gas.
Proper shipping name	: ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 0
Passenger Carrying Ship Index	: 75 kg
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: Forbidden

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MFAG-No	: 116

IATA

UN-No. (IATA)	: 1001
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Acetylene, dissolved
Class (IATA)	: 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Acetylene (74-86-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)



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15.2. International regulations

Acetylene (74-86-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CICR (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 15/10/1979

Revision date : 04/08/2016

Supersedes : 15/10/2013

Indication of changes:

Training advice : Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Other information : When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

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NFPA health hazard

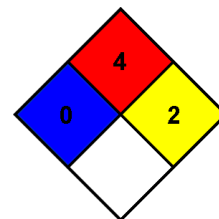
: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

: 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability

: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

Physical

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



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according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Name : Carbon dioxide,
CAS No : 124-38-9
Formula : CO₂
Other means of identification : Carbon anhydride, Carbonic acid gas, Carbon Dioxide,
Product group : Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Industrial use
Medical applications
Semiconductor
Use as directed

1.3. Supplier

Praxair Canada inc.
1200 – 1 City Centre Drive
Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2
T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682
www.praxair.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-363-0042
Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product.
For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Simple asphyxiant H380
Compressed gas H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms



GHS04

Signal word

: WARNING

Hazard statements

: CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY
MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION
MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE
MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear cold insulating gloves and either face shield or eye protection
Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)
Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
Close valve after each use and when empty

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Always keep container in upright position
DO NOT change or force fit connections

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Carbon dioxide, (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 124-38-9	100	CARBON DIOXIDE

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Get immediate medical attention.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

- Explosion hazard : CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.
- Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
- Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : DANGER! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Take care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays directly into liquid; cryogenic liquid can freeze water rapidly

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

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Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
Specific methods	: Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Other information	: Cryogenic liquid causes severe frostbite, a burn-like injury. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers or piping exposed to liquid or cold gas. Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, evaporates first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm

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Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)		
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	30000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	5000 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	27000 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³)	54000 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	30000 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	5000 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	27000 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	15000 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	9000 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment : Safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.



Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.

Eye protection : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Respiratory protection : **Respiratory protection:** Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

Other information : **Other protection :** Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 44 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: No odour warning properties.
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -78.5 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -78.4 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Critical temperature	: 31 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 5730 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 7375 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.82
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: 762 kg/m ³
Relative gas density	: 1.52
Solubility	: Water: 2000 mg/l Completely soluble.
Log Pow	: 0.83

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Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable

9.2. Other information

Sublimation point	: -78.5 °C
Gas group	: Refrigerated liquefied gas
Additional information	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None.
Conditions to avoid	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
Incompatible materials	: Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, Acetylide forming metals, Chromium, Titanium > 1022°F (550°C), Uranium (U) > 1382°F (750°C), Magnesium > 1427°F (775°C).
Hazardous decomposition products	: Electrical discharges and high temperatures decompose carbon dioxide into carbon monoxide and oxygen. The welding process may generate hazardous fumes and gases. If using carbon dioxide for welding and cutting, see Praxair SDS P-4574, Gaseous Carbon Dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

Additional information	Low concentrations of CO2 cause increased respiration and headache

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: 3.7 (carbonic acid)
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
BCF fish 1	No bioaccumulation
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	0.83
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Can cause frost damage to vegetation.
Effect on the ozone layer : None
Global warming potential [CO₂=1] : 1
Effect on global warming : When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1013
TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.
Proper shipping name : CARBON DIOXIDE

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0.125 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L
Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2187
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID
Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases
MFAG-No : 120

IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 2187
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

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Carbon dioxide, Safety Data Sheet E-4574

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2014

Class (IATA) : 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. International regulations

Carbon dioxide, (124-38-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on CIRC (Turkish Inventory and Control of Chemicals)

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue : 15/10/1979

Revision date : 03/08/2016

Supersedes : 15/10/2014

Indication of changes:

Training advice : The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.ca. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write Praxair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; Address: Praxair Canada Inc, 1 City Centre Drive, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).

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Carbon dioxide, Safety Data Sheet E-4574

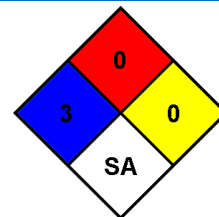
according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979

Revision date: 08-03-2016

Supersedes: 10-15-2014

NFPA health hazard	: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
NFPA specific hazard	: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Dyno Nobel Inc.

6440 S. Millrock Drive, Suite 150

Salt Lake City, Utah 84121

Phone: 801-364-4800 Fax 801-321-6703

E-Mail: dnnna.hse@am.dynonobel.com www.dynonobel.com

SDS #: 1020

Date: 07/20/2020

Supersedes: 09/10/2018

Product Identifier

Product Name: Superprill

Formula: NH₄NO₃

Other Means of Identification

Synonyms: Superprill™, Prilled Ammonium Nitrate, Industrial Grade LoDAN, Ammonium Nitrate, Industrial Grade HiDAN, Ammonium Nitrate, Agricultural Grade

Intended Use of the Product

Industrial applications

Emergency Telephone Number

FOR 24 HOUR EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300

CANUTEC (CANADA) 613-996-6666

SECTION 2 – HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Ox. Sol. 3

H272

Eye Irrit. 2A

H319

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H272 - May intensify fire; oxidizer
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking
P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing, incompatible materials
P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles, organic material, clothing, incompatible materials
P260 - Do not breathe fume, dust.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use water only on AN fires.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to local, regional, national,

Safety Data Sheet

territorial, provincial, and international regulations*

*Do not perform hot work on contaminated equipment.

Other Hazards

Other Hazards: Aquatic Acute 3 H402

H402 – Harmful to aquatic life

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Ingredient Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonium nitrate	(CAS No) 6484-52-2	98 - 100	Ox. Sol. 3, H272 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: If symptoms occur, go into fresh air and ventilate suspected area. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water followed by rinsing with water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Irritation to eyes, skin and respiratory tract.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract, sneezing, coughing, burning sensation of throat with constricting sensation of the larynx and difficulty breathing.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If ingested, may cause methemoglobinemia – emergency response should treat appropriately, such as by intravenous administration of methylene blue.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Evacuate the area for 1 mile if ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire. Only water shall be used on ammonium nitrate fires. Dry chemical, foams, steam and smothering devices are not effective and can lead to possible explosion of the ammonium nitrate. General extinguishers may be used on fires **not involving the ammonium nitrate** such as conveyors, electrical equipment, tires, bearings, general plant equipment or the like when only minimal amounts of ammonium nitrate are present. For large fires use unmanned monitor nozzles if available.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or regular foam.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture In intense fires, the ammonium nitrate can melt and detonate from confinement or strong shocks. Evacuation of at least 1 mile is recommended if the ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire.

Fire Hazard: May intensify fire; oxidizer. Will accelerate the burning of other combustibles, resulting in more rapid spread of fire.

Explosion Hazard: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and

Safety Data Sheet

injuries. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Reactivity: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. May accelerate the burning of other combustible materials. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautions for Firefighting: Evacuate the area for 1 mile if ammonium nitrate is involved in a fire. Only fires which are in the initial or beginning stage or those involving minimal amounts of ammonium nitrate in a manufacturing setting or in an area where ammonium nitrate is stored or in vehicles transporting ammonium nitrate should be attacked using manual fire extinguishing methods (fire extinguishers, hose streams, etc.) that require a human operator. If a fire in an area where ammonium nitrate is stored or in vehicles transporting ammonium nitrate progresses beyond the incipient stage or involves the ammonium nitrate, evacuation is required. Fire fighters downwind from a fire should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Fire fighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves and rubber boots.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Nitrogen oxides. Toxic fumes are released. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Ammonia.

Additional Information: If a fire has not reached the ammonium nitrate, cool the ammonium nitrate or container thereof to prevent the fire from reaching it. Ammonium nitrate does not burn by itself and thus needs to be kept separate from combustible materials. Ammonium nitrate is an oxidizer and will significantly increase the burning rate of combustible materials.

When in confinement and in the presence of a strong detonation sources the material can explode when subject to sudden shock, pressure, or high temperatures. Avoid temperatures above 210 C (410 F) which may cause thermal decomposition or explosion, especially in confined or poorly ventilated spaces.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections: Refer to section 9 for flammability properties. Not flammable.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Avoid getting in eyes or on skin. Keep away from combustible material.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Use a broom for small spills do not mix with other materials.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Collect spillage for possible reuse. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material in a fire situation may be an explosive situation. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

Safety Data Sheet

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations 29 CFR 1910.109(i).

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/Store away from combustible materials, ignition sources, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. halogens (F, Cl, Br, I). Chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. Organic materials. Combustible materials.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment: Approved safety glasses. Gloves. If insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective clothing when appropriate as indicated by air monitoring or if engineering controls are insufficient.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Approved safety glasses

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Colorless to off-white prills
Odor	: Odorless
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)	: Not available
Melting Point	: 170 °C (337°F)
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: 177 - 210 °C Decomposition (350 - 410°F)
Flash Point	: Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: Not available

Safety Data Sheet

Specific Gravity	: 1.72 - 1.00 (Poured bulk density)
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: 192 g/100 ml @ 20 °C (68 °F); 118 g/100 ml @ 0 °C (32 °F)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable. (inorganic)
Viscosity	: Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	: Not sensitive to mechanical impact. May be sensitive to supersonic explosively driven projectile impacts.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	: Not sensitive to static discharge.

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. May accelerate the burning of other combustible materials. Smothering, contact with organic material, or combustible material may cause an explosive situation.

Chemical Stability: May intensify fire; oxidizer.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Extremely high temperatures. Overheating. Open flame. Combustible materials. Sources of ignition. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Halogens. Chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Nitrogen oxides. Toxic vapors. Ammonia. Nitric acid

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects – Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

LD50 Oral Rat	2217 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 88.8 mg/l/4h

ATE CLP (oral)	2217.000 mg/kg body weight

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Safety Data Sheet

Toxicity Not classified	
Persistence and Degradability	
Superprill	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
Bioaccumulative Potential	
Superprill	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	-3.1 (at 25 °C)
Mobility in Soil Not available	
Other Adverse Effects	
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.	

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Collect spillage for possible reuse. Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Clean up even minor leaks or spills if possible without unnecessary risk.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% total combustible material, including any organic substance, calculated as carbon to the exclusion of any other added substance

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Label Codes : 5.1

Packing Group : III

ERG Number : 140



14.2 In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Packing Group : III

Label Codes : 5.1

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-H

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-Q



14.3 In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE

Packing Group : III

Identification Number : UN1942

Hazard Class : 5

Label Codes : 5.1

ERG Code (IATA) : 5L



Safety Data Sheet

14.4 In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2 per cent combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance

Packing Group : III

Hazard Class : 5.1

Identification Number : UN1942

Label Codes : 5.1



SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Superprill

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

Superprill

WHMIS Classification : Class C - Oxidizing Material
 Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects



Ammonium nitrate (6484-52-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification : Class C - Oxidizing Material
 Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 07/20/2020

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

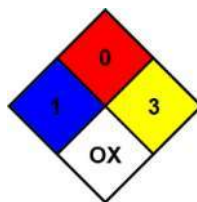
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidizing solids Category 3
H272	May intensify fire; oxidizer

Safety Data Sheet

H319

Causes serious eye irritation

- NFPA Health Hazard** : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.
- NFPA Fire Hazard** : 0 - Materials that will not burn.
- NFPA Reactivity** : 3 - Capable of detonation or explosive reaction, but requires a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation, or reacts explosively with water.
- NFPA Specific Hazard** : OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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Dyno Nobel SDS



SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015/17)

SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) 32891

Number H18
Substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Hydraulic Fluid

Uses advised against Do not use for any purpose other than the one for which it is intended.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier TOTAL CANADA INC.
220, LAFLEUR
LASALLE, QUEBEC
H8R 4C9
Tel: (514) 595-7579
Fax: (514) 595-5950

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 1-800-463-3955
Company Phone Number +1 866 928 0789 (24h/24, 7d/7)
+1 215 207 0061 (24h/24, 7d/7)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

The product is not classified as hazardous according to WHMIS

Label elements

The product is not classified as hazardous according to WHMIS

Hazard Statements

None



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

Other information**Physical-Chemical Properties**

Contaminated surfaces will be extremely slippery.

Environmental properties

The product may form an oil film on the water surface that may stop the oxygen exchange.
Should not be released into the environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Mixture****Chemical nature**

The product is made from synthetic base oils.

Chemical Name	EC-No	CAS-No	Weight %
Benzenepropanoicacid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C 7-C9 branched alkyl ester	406-040-9	125643-61-0	1-<2.5

Additional information

Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**First aid measures for different exposure routes****General advice**

IN CASE OF SERIOUS OR PERSISTENT CONDITIONS, CALL A DOCTOR OR
EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and
continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Skin contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated
clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. High pressure jets may
cause skin damage. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not
breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an
unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Protection of First-aiders

First aider needs to protect himself. See Section 8 for more detail. Do not use
mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial
respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper
respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

Skin contact	Not classified based on available data. High pressure injection of the products under the skin may have very serious consequences even though no symptom or injury may be apparent.
Eye contact	Not classified based on available data.
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Ingestion	Not classified based on available data. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms	No information available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

<u>Suitable Extinguishing Media</u>	Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). ABC powder. Foam. Water spray or fog.
<u>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</u>	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
<u>Special Hazard</u>	Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentration. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x).
<u>Explosion Data</u>	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	None.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Evacuate non-essential personnel.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Information	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Contaminated surfaces will be extremely slippery. Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.
Other information	See Section 12 for additional information.

Environmental precautions



SDS # : 32891

BIOHYDRAN TMP 46

Date of the previous version: not applicable

Revision Date: 2018-04-06

Version 1

General Information

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment

Dike to collect large liquid spills. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials.

Methods for cleaning up

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation. In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

For personal protection see section 8. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Prevention of fire and explosion

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene measures

Ensure the application of strict rules of hygiene by the personnel exposed to the risk of contact with the product. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Do not use abrasives, solvents or fuels. Do not dry hands with rags that have been contaminated with product. Do not put product contaminated rags into workwear pockets.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage conditions

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep in a bonded area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep preferably in the original container. Otherwise reproduce all indication of the regulation label on the new container. Do not remove the hazard labels of the containers (even if they are empty). Design the installations in order to avoid accidental emissions of product (due to seal breakage, for example) onto hot casings or electrical contacts. Store at room temperature. Protect from moisture.

Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits

Mineral oil mist:
USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m³, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m³, STEL 10 mg/m³, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m³ (highly refined). .



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Legend See section 16

Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General Information

Protective engineering solutions should be implemented and in use before personal protective equipment is considered. The personal protective equipment (PPE) recommendations apply to the product ITSELF. In case of mixtures or formulations, it is suggested that you contact the relevant PPE suppliers.

Eye/face protection

If splashes are likely to occur, wear safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Protective shoes or boots.

Hand Protection

Hydrocarbon-proof gloves: Fluorinated rubber. Nitrile rubber. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Respiratory protection

None under normal use conditions. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Respirator with combination filter for vapor/particulate. Warning ! filters have a limited use duration. The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

limpid

Color

yellow

Physical State @20°C

liquid

Odor

Characteristic

Odor Threshold

No information available



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<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>Method</u>
pH		Not applicable	
Melting point/range		Not applicable	
Boiling point/boiling range		No information available	
Flash point	300 °C 572 °F		ASTM D92 ASTM D92.
Evaporation rate		No information available	
Flammability Limits in Air		No information available	
upper		No information available	
Lower		No information available	
Vapor Pressure		No information available	
Vapor density		No information available	
Relative density	0.906 - 0.926	@ 15 °C	ASTM D4052
Density	906 - 926 kg/m ³	@ 15 °C	ASTM D4052
Water solubility		Insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents		No information available	
logPow		No information available	
Autoignition temperature		No information available	
Decomposition temperature		No information available	
Viscosity, kinematic	43.7 - 50.50 mm ² /s 9.3 mm ² /s	@ 40 °C @ 100 °C	ASTM D445 ASTM D445
Explosive properties	Not explosive		
Oxidizing Properties	Not applicable		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No information available		
<u>Other information</u>			
Freezing Point		No information available	
Pour point	-42 °C		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>	None under normal processing.
<u>Chemical stability</u>	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
<u>Possibility of hazardous reactions</u>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<u>Conditions to avoid</u>	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from heat and sparks.
<u>Incompatible materials</u>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>	Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. Nitrogen oxides (NO _x).



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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Symptoms	No information available.
Skin contact	Not classified based on available data. High pressure injection of the products under the skin may have very serious consequences even though no symptom or injury may be apparent.
Eye contact	Not classified based on available data.
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
Ingestion	Not classified based on available data. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Acute toxicity - Product Information**

Oral	Not classified based on available data
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity	
Dermal	Not classified based on available data
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity	
Inhalation	Not classified based on available data
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	268.40 mg/l
0 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity	

Acute toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Benzenepropanoicacid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	LD50 rat > 2000 mg/kg (Rat - OECD 401)	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat - OECD 402)	

Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified based on available data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified based on available data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified based on available data.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available data.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified based on available data.

Reproductive toxicity	Not classified based on available data.
Target Organ Effects (STOT)	None known.



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STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available data.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified based on available data.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity****Acute aquatic toxicity - Product Information**

No information available

Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to microorganisms
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	EC50 (72 h) > 3 mg/l Scenedesmus (OECD 201)	LC50 (96 h) > 74 mg/l Brachydanio rerio (OECD 203)	EC50 (24 h) > 100 mg/l Daphnia magna (OECD 202)	

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Product Information

No information available

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0		NOEC (21d) ≤ 0.01 mg/l Daphnia magna semi static (OECD 211)		

Effects on terrestrial organisms No information available.**Persistence and degradability**

No information available



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Bioaccumulative potential**Product Information** No information available.**logPow** No information available**Component Information**

Chemical Name	log Pow
Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis (1,1-dimethyl-ethyl)-4-hydroxy-C7-C9 branched alkyl ester 125643-61-0	9.2

Mobility**Soil** Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility**Air** Loss by evaporation is limited**Water** The product is insoluble and floats on water**Other adverse effects****General Information** No information available**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****Waste treatment**

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable national environmental laws and regulations. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. Other Regulatory Status: No Canadian federal standard; however, for general discharge guidance, federal installations limited to 15 mg/L for total oil and grease. Provincial criteria are likely and should be requested when notifying provincial authorities.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**TDG** Not regulated**DOT** Not regulated**MEX** Not regulated



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ICAO/IATA Not regulatedIMDG/IMO Not regulatedADR/RID Not regulatedADN Not regulated**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015/17) and the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains all the information required by the HPR

International Inventories

All the substances contained in this product are listed or exempted from listing in the following inventories:
Canada (DSL/NDL)

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Instability 0	Special hazards -
<u>HMIS</u>	Health Hazard 0	Flammability 1	Physical Hazard 0	Personal protection X

Revision Date: 2018-04-06
Revision Note: Initial Release

Abbreviations, acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

bw = body weight

bw/day = body weight/day

EC x = Effect Concentration associated with x% response

GLP = Good Laboratory Practice

IARC = International Agency for Research of Cancer

LC50 = 50% Lethal concentration - Concentration of a chemical in air or a chemical in water which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals

LD50 = 50% Lethal Dose - Chemical amount, given at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals

LL = Lethal Loading

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level

NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level

OECD = Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

UVCB = Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological material

NTP = National Toxicology Program

Section 8



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TWA - Time Weight Average

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limits

+	Sensitizer
C:	Carcinogen
Ceiling:	Ceiling Limit Value

*	Skin designation
R:	Toxic to reproduction

This safety data sheet serves to complete but not to replace the technical product sheets. The information contained herein is given in good faith and is accurate to the best of knowledge at the date indicated above. It is understood by the user that any use of the product for purposes other than those for which it was designed entails potential risk. The information given herein in no way dispenses the user from knowing and applying all provisions regulating his activity. The user bears sole liability for the precautions required when using the product. The regulatory texts indicated herein are intended to aid the user to fulfil his obligations. This list is not to be considered complete and exhaustive. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that he is subject to no other obligations than those mentioned.

End of the Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 Product and Company Identification

Chemical Product Name: High Temperature Thread Lubricant
Product Description: Thread lubricant
CAS Number: Mixture of 64742-54-7, 7782-42-5, 7429-90-5, and trade secret
Synonyms: HTL4
Recommended Use(s): Thread lubricant for various industrial applications
Company Information: Eaton's Crouse-Hinds Business
P.O. Box 4999
Syracuse, NY 13221-4999
USA
Telephone: (315) 477-7000
Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Section 2 Hazards Identification

OSHA HCS Status: This product is a hazardous chemical, as defined by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.1200.
Hazards identified are based on hazards of the ingredients. This product has not been fully tested.

Relevant Route of Exposure/Target Organs: Eyes, dermal, gastrointestinal tract

OSHA/GHS Signal Word and Hazard Statements:

WARNING: Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

OSHA/GHS Classification and Pictograms:

Skin irritation	Category 2
Eye irritation	Category 2B
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3



OSHA/GHS Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid breathing fumes. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

GHS Hazard and Precautionary Statement Codes: See Section 16.

Section 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS #	%
Distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-54-7	50 – 60
Proprietary ingredient NTTSRN 80100362-5013P	Trade secret	15 – 20
Proprietary ingredient NJTSRN 80100362-5012P	Trade secret	15 – 20
Aluminum powder RTECS: BD0330000	7429-90-5	1 – 5
Graphite powder	7782-42-5	1 – 5

Additional Information: The highly refined petroleum distillate in this preparation, CAS# 64742-54-7, contains < 3% (w/w) DMSO extract, according to IP346, "Determination of polycyclic aromatics in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions — Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method."

Section 4 First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Holding eyelids away from the eyeballs, flush eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Do not rub. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain appropriate medical attention.

Ingestion: No harmful effects are expected from ingestion of small quantities. Do not induce vomiting. If gastric disturbance occurs, seek medical attention.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects: Causes eye and skin irritation. May damage gastrointestinal tract if ingested.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed: Get medical attention immediately if product comes into contact with skin or eyes, or if it is inhaled or ingested.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Fight like a fuel oil fire. Cool exposed containers with water spray. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool to prevent vapor pressure build-up.

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam

Protective Equipment: Firefighters should wear a NIOSH-approved, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full turnout gear.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards: None known

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, trace metal oxides.

Section 6 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Protection: Wear protective equipment appropriate for the level of exposure.

Spill Procedures: Isolate the hazard and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not walk through or otherwise scatter spilled material. Stop flow of spilled material. Scrape, wipe, or mop up or absorb with diatomaceous earth or other inert material.

Environmental Precautions and Cleanup Methods: Spills may cause slippery floors. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Precautions: Spills may cause slippery floors. Proper footwear required. Remove contaminated clothing and laundry before re-use. Wash hands with soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking. Discard contaminated leather gloves and shoes.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated area. Keep containers well closed. Avoid storage near open flame or other ignition sources.

Section 8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls/Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation used in combination with general ventilation as necessary to control air contaminants to at or below acceptable exposure guidelines.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or protective goggles. Wear safety goggles that meet ANSI Z87 standards and/or are tested and approved under appropriate government standards.

Respiratory Protection: Under normal working conditions with airborne exposures below acceptable exposure guidelines, none required. For airborne exposures above acceptable limits, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

Skin Protection: Use neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves to prevent skin contact. Use chemical splash apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing.

Component	CAS #	OSHA/PEL	ACGIH/TLV
Distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-54-7	5 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ (STEL)	5 mg/m ³
Proprietary ingredient NTTSRN 80100362-5013P	Trade secret	N/E	N/E
Proprietary ingredient NJTSRN 80100362-5012P	Trade secret	N/E	N/E
Aluminum powder RTECS: BD0330000	7429-90-5	N/E	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Graphite powder	7782-42-5	2.5 mg/m ³	2.0 mg/m ³

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Color: Soft aluminum

Physical form: Paste

Odor: Petroleum odor

Odor Characteristics: NA

Odor Threshold: NA

pH (undiluted): NA

Flash Point: 420°F (250°C) **Method:** ASTM D92 COC

Flammability (solid, gas): NA

Boiling Point: NE

Evaporation Rate: NA

Melting Point: NA

Lower Explosive Limit: NE

Upper Explosive Limit: NE

Vapor Pressure: NA

Vapor Density: NA

Specific Gravity: 1.1

Solubility: Insoluble in water

Auto-ignition Temperature: NE

Decomposition Temperature: NE

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Oxidizing Properties: None known for product.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Incompatibilities: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.

Conditions to avoid: Do not heat above flash point. Do not weld.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity and immediate effects: No data is available for this material.

Oral LD50 (rat): No data is available for this material.

Inhalation LC50 (rat): No data is available for this material.

Dermal LD50: No data is available for this material.

Delayed and chronic effects: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis or sensitization in some individuals.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains petroleum-based grease. For mineral oil mists, the ACGIH has proposed a "suspect carcinogen" designation and lowering the TLV to 0.2 mg/m³.

IARC: No

NTP: No

OSHA: No

Mutagenicity: No data is available for this material.

Reproductive toxicity: No data is available for this material.

Sensitization: No data is available for this material.

Signs and symptoms of overexposure:

If Inhaled: Fumes produced at high temperatures may cause irritation and coughing.

If on Skin: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause minor irritation and inflammation.

If in Eyes: May cause minor irritation.

If Ingested: May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog pores of skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Existing conditions aggravated by exposure: May aggravate existing skin disorders. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog pores of skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Section 12 Ecological Information

This product is not expected to have an adverse effect on the environment. Avoid exposure to environment whenever possible.

Toxicity to fish: NE

Ecotoxicological Information: NE

Chemical Fate Information: NE

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Recycle, reclaim, or dispose of contents/container to an approved landfill in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations. Do not discard into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods. As sold, this product is not known to be regulated under RCRA regulations. Disposal of unused portions of this product and process waste containing this product should be done only after careful consideration of all federal, local, and state laws.

Section 14 Transportation Information

Highway Shipments (DOT): Not classified as a hazardous material per DOT regulations.

Air Shipments (IATA): Not classified as a dangerous good per IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

Ocean Shipment (IMDG): Not classified as a dangerous good per IMDG Code.

Section 15 Regulatory Information

TSCA Inventory Status: All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Immediate (acute) and delayed (chronic) hazards

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following ingredients subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical

CAS Number

% By Weight

Aluminum (only if dust or fume)

7429-90-5

1 – 5

CERCLA RQ: This product does not contain ingredients subject to the report requirements of SARA 304 (CERCLA) and 302 (EHS).

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Canadian Regulations: All components of this product are included in the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or the Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL).

WHMIS Classification: D2B

Section 16 Other Information

Revision Number: 2

Revision Date: 04/09/2015

Explanation of Health Hazard Statements:

P261 Avoid breathing fumes.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep containers tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Abbreviations

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	US Code of Federal Regulations
HSIS	Australia Hazardous Substance Information System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LD50	Lethal dose to 50% of exposed laboratory animals
NA	Not Applicable
NE	Not Established
NIOSH	US National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
NOEC	No observed effect concentration
NTP	US National Toxicology Program
OSHA	US Occupational Safety Health Administration
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
RQ	Reportable quantity
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHMIS	Canada Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

DISCLAIMER

The information in this MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET should be provided to all who will use, handle, store, transport, or otherwise be exposed to this material. This information has been prepared for the guidance of plant engineering, operations, and management, and for persons working with or handling this material. Eaton Crouse-Hinds believes this information to be reliable and up-to-date as of the date of publication, but makes no warranty that it is.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON



000003000857

Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON

Product code : PD4ASCBE, PD4ASP20, PD4ASICT, PD4ASIBC,
PD4ASDRM, PD4ASDCT, PD4ASC16, PD4AS, PD4ASBLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for
emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : An all season, synthetic, transmission, hydraulic, wet brake
fluid and final drive fluid intended for use where Caterpillar
TO-4 quality oils are recommended.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than
or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or con-
firmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	50 - 70
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	30 - 50

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON



000003000857

Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Mineral oil		1 - 5
zinc bis[bis(tetrapropylphenyl)] bis(hydrogen dithiophosphate)	11059-65-7	1 - 5
phenol, dodecyl-, branched	121158-58-5	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO™ TO-4+ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON

000003000857



Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum),	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL

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C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified				
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : No odour or slight petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -48 °C (-54 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 222 °C (432 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.86 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available

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Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	55.8 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		10.7 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ecx - Concentration associated with x% response; Elx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO TM TO-4⁺ SYNTHETIC ALL SEASON



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Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/03
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M

Synonyms : RDL 3887

Product code : ATFD3MCBLK, ATFD3MP5R, ATFD3MP20, ATFD3MICT, ATFD3MIBC, ATFD3MDRR, ATFD3MDRM, ATFD3MDCT, ATFD3MC12, ATFD3M, ATFD3MBLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automatic transmission fluid for most North American automobiles and for off-highway torque converters requiring C-4 type transmission fluid. It is also suitable as a hydraulic fluid and as a top-up in power steering systems. Not to be used in conditions where aerosols could be generated.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30,	72623-86-0	50 - 70

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hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-55-8	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Methacrylate copolymer		1 - 5
Ethanol, 2,2'-iminobis-, N-tallow alkyl derivs.	61791-44-4	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water
for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing
and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized
skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,
for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-
cian or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms
and effects, both acute and
delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-
cumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing
media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-
fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

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- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-55-8	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Filter type	:	organic vapour filter
Hand protection Material	:	neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).
Remarks	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eye protection	:	Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	viscous liquid
Colour	:	dark red
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-54 °C (-65 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	195 °C (383 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	213 °C (415 °F)

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Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8502 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	34.1 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) 7.4 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation

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Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

- Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available
- Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: No data available
- Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

- Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

- Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

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Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.

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Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions
of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Ja-

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PETRO-CANADA ATF D3M



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pan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/18
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

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ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ENDURATEX^{TM/MC} EP 150

Product code : ENT150CBE, ENT150P5R, ENT150IBC, ENT150P20, ENT150DRR, ENT150DRM, ENT150DCT, ENT150, ENT150BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : ENDURATEX EP oils are heavy duty extreme pressure gear oils for use in enclosed industrial gear drives operating under normal, heavy, or shock loading conditions. They are also recommended for lubricating plain or anti-friction bearings running under heavy or shock loading conditions.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	70 - 90
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	20 - 40
Mineral oil		1 - 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

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Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

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Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	viscous liquid
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-33 °C (-27 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	269 °C (516 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.882 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	150.0 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		15.0 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, hydrocarbons, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, methacrylate monomers, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

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Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

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IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
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For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-

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800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax:
1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/17
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

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CA / EN



ATF +4®

Mopar(FCA US LLC Service & Customer Care Division)

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Catalogue number: 30

Version No: 4.6

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Issue Date: 24/04/2018

Print Date: 24/04/2018

L.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	ATF +4®
Synonyms	68218058AA, 68218058AB, 68218058AC, 68218058CA, 68218058CB, 68218058CC, 68218054AA, 68218054AB, 68218054CA, 68218054CB, 68218057AA, 68218057AB, 68218057CA, 68218057CB, 68218056AA, 68218056AB, 68218059AA, 68218059AB, 68102000AA, 68102000CA, 68044406PA, 68044406PB, 68233492AA, 68233493AA, 68218056AD, 68218057AC, 68218057CC
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Mopar(FCA US LLC Service & Customer Care Division)
Address	26311 Lawrence Avenue, Center Line Michigan 48015 United States
Telephone	1-800-846-6727
Fax	Not Available
Website	Not Available
Email	moparsds@fcagroup.com

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMTREC
Emergency telephone numbers	+1 703-741-5970
Other emergency telephone numbers	248-512-8002

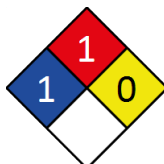
SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max
Flammability	0	
Toxicity	1	
Body Contact	1	
Reactivity	0	
Chronic	0	

0 = Minimum
1 = Low
2 = Moderate
3 = High
4 = Extreme



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable

SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

Hazard statement(s)

Continued...

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-55-8.	50-60	<u>paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)</u>
64742-54-7.	20-30	<u>paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)</u>
75975-85-8	0.1-0.9	Calcium alkaryl sulphonate
67124-09-8	0.25--2.4	Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide
84819-41-0	0.1-0.9	<u>Borated Ester</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES**Description of first aid measures**

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: - Wash out immediately with fresh running water. - Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. - Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. - Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: - Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. - Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). - Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. - Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. - If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. - Observe the patient carefully. - Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. - Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. - Seek medical advice. - Avoid giving milk or oils. - Avoid giving alcohol. - If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

for salicylate intoxication:

- Pending gastric lavage, use emetics such as syrup of Ipecac or delay gastric emptying and absorption by swallowing a slurry of activated charcoal. **Do not give ipecac after charcoal.**
- Gastric lavage with water or perhaps sodium bicarbonate solution (3%-5%). Mild alkali delays salicylate absorption from the stomach and perhaps slightly from the duodenum.
- Saline catharsis with sodium or magnesium sulfate (15-30 gm in water).
- Take an immediate blood sample for an appraisal of the patient's acid-base status. A pH determination on an anaerobic sample of arterial blood is best. An analysis of the plasma salicylate

- ▶ concentration should be made at the same time. Laboratory controls are almost essential for the proper management of severe salicylism.
- ▶ In the presence of an established acidosis, alkali therapy is essential, but at least in an adult, alkali should be withheld until its need is demonstrated by chemical analysis. The intensity of treatment depends on the intensity of acidosis. In the presence of vomiting, intravenous sodium bicarbonate is the most satisfactory of all alkali therapy.
- ▶ Correct dehydration and hypoglycaemia (if present) by the intravenous administration of glucose in water or in isotonic saline. The administration of glucose may also serve to remedy ketosis which is often seen in poisoned children.
- ▶ Even in patients without hypoglycaemia, infusions of glucose adequate to produce distinct hyperglycaemia are recommended to prevent glucose depletion in the brain. This recommendation is based on impressive experimental data in animals.
- ▶ Renal function should be supported by correcting dehydration and incipient shock. Overhydration is not justified. An alkaline urine should be maintained by the administration of alkali if necessary with care to prevent a severe systemic alkalosis. As long as urine remains alkaline (pH above 7.5), administration of an osmotic diuretic such as mannitol or perhaps THAM is useful, but one must be careful to avoid hypokalaemia. Supplements of potassium chloride should be included in parenteral fluids.
- ▶ Small doses of barbiturates, diazepam, paraldehyde, or perhaps other sedatives (but probably not morphine) may be required to suppress extreme restlessness and convulsions.
- ▶ For hyperpyrexia, use sponge baths.

The presence of petechiae or other signs of haemorrhagic tendency calls for a large Vitamin K dose and perhaps ascorbic acid. Minor transfusions may be necessary since bleeding in salicylism is not always due to a prothrombin effect.

- ▶ Haemodialysis and haemoperfusion have proved useful in salicylate poisoning, as have peritoneal dialysis and exchange transfusions, but alkaline diuretic therapy is probably sufficient except in fulminating cases.

[GOSSELIN, et.al.: *Clinical Toxicology of Commercial Products*]

The mechanism of the toxic effect involves metabolic acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, hypoglycaemia, and potassium depletion. Salicylate poisoning is characterised by extreme acid-base disturbances, electrolyte disturbances and decreased levels of consciousness. There are differences between acute and chronic toxicity and a varying clinical picture which is dependent on the age of the patient and their kidney function. The major feature of poisoning is metabolic acidosis due to 'uncoupling of oxidative phosphorylation' which produces an increased metabolic rate, increased oxygen consumption, increased formation of carbon dioxide, increased heat production and increased utilisation of glucose. Direct stimulation of the respiratory centre leads to hyperventilation and respiratory alkalosis. This leads to compensatory increased renal excretion of bicarbonate which contributes to the metabolic acidosis which may coexist or develop subsequently. Hypoglycaemia may occur as a result of increased glucose demand, increased rates of tissue glycolysis, and impaired rate of glucose synthesis. **NOTE:** Tissue glucose levels may be lower than plasma levels. Hyperglycaemia may occur due to increased glycogenolysis. Potassium depletion occurs as a result of increased renal excretion as well as intracellular movement of potassium.

Salicylates competitively inhibit vitamin K dependent synthesis of factors II, VII, IX, X and in addition, may produce a mild dose dependent hepatitis. Salicylates are bound to albumin. The extent of protein binding is concentration dependent (and falls with higher blood levels). This, and the effects of acidosis, decreasing ionisation, means that the volume of distribution increases markedly in overdose as does CNS penetration. The extent of protein binding (50-80%) and the rate of metabolism are concentration dependent. Hepatic clearance has zero order kinetics and thus the therapeutic half-life of 2-4.5 hours but the half-life in overdose is 18-36 hours. Renal excretion is the most important route in overdose. Thus when the salicylate concentrations are in the toxic range there is increased tissue distribution and impaired clearance of the drug.

HyperTox 3.0 <https://www.ozemail.com.au/ouad/SALI0001.HTA>

Treat symptomatically.

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

- ▶ Heavy and persistent skin contamination over many years may lead to dysplastic changes. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.
- ▶ In general, emesis induction is unnecessary with high viscosity, low volatility products, i.e. most oils and greases.
- ▶ High pressure accidental injection through the skin should be assessed for possible incision, irrigation and/or debridement.

NOTE: Injuries may not seem serious at first, but within a few hours tissue may become swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Product may be forced through considerable distances along tissue planes.

For acute or short term repeated exposures to xylene:

- ▶ Gastro-intestinal absorption is significant with ingestions. For ingestions exceeding 1-2 ml (xylene)/kg, intubation and lavage with cuffed endotracheal tube is recommended. The use of charcoal and cathartics is equivocal.
- ▶ Pulmonary absorption is rapid with about 60-65% retained at rest.
- ▶ Primary threat to life from ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- ▶ Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO₂ < 50 mm Hg or pCO₂ > 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- ▶ Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- ▶ A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- ▶ Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice.

BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDEX - BEI

These represent the determinants observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker exposed at the Exposure Standard (ES or TLV):

Determinant	Index	Sampling Time	Comments
Methylhippu-ric acids in urine	1.5 gm/gm creatinine 2 mg/min	End of shift Last 4 hrs of shift	

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ▶ Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.
- ▶ Water spray or fog - Large fires only.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. ▶ Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.

	▶ DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. ▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. ▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	▶ Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. ▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. ▶ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). ▶ May emit acrid smoke. ▶ Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO₂) sulfur oxides (SO_x) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. CARE: Water in contact with hot liquid may cause foaming and a steam explosion with wide scattering of hot oil and possible severe burns. Foaming may cause overflow of containers and may result in possible fire.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Slippery when spilt. ▶ Remove all ignition sources. ▶ Clean up all spills immediately. ▶ Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment. ▶ Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite. ▶ Wipe up. ▶ Place in a suitable, labelled container for waste disposal.									
Major Spills	Chemical Class: aromatic hydrocarbons For release onto land: recommended sorbents listed in order of priority.									
	<table><tr><th>SORBENT TYPE</th><th>RANK</th><th>APPLICATION</th><th>COLLECTION</th><th>LIMITATIONS</th></tr></table>					SORBENT TYPE	RANK	APPLICATION	COLLECTION	LIMITATIONS
	SORBENT TYPE	RANK	APPLICATION	COLLECTION	LIMITATIONS					
	LAND SPILL - SMALL									
	Feathers - pillow		1	throw	pitchfork	DGC, RT				
	cross-linked polymer - particulate		2	shovel	shovel	R,W,SS				
	cross-linked polymer- pillow		2	throw	pitchfork	R, DGC, RT				
	sorbent clay - particulate		3	shovel	shovel	R, I, P,				
	treated clay/ treated natural organic - particulate		3	shovel	shovel	R, I				
	wood fibre - pillow		4	throw	pitchfork	R, P, DGC, RT				
	LAND SPILL - MEDIUM									
	cross-linked polymer -particulate		1	blower	skiploader	R, W, SS				
	treated clay/ treated natural organic - particulate		2	blower	skiploader	R, I				
	sorbent clay - particulate		3	blower	skiploader	R, I, P				
	polypropylene - particulate		3	blower	skiploader	W, SS, DGC				
feathers - pillow		3	throw	skiploader	DGC, RT					
expanded mineral - particulate		4	blower	skiploader	R, I, W, P, DGC					
Legend DGC: Not effective where ground cover is dense R: Not reusable I: Not incinerable P: Effectiveness reduced when rainy RT:Not effective where terrain is rugged SS: Not for use within environmentally sensitive sites W: Effectiveness reduced when windy Reference: Sorbents for Liquid Hazardous Substance Cleanup and Control; R.W Melvold et al: Pollution Technology Review No. 150: Noyes Data Corporation 1988 Slippery when spilt. Moderate hazard. ▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Increase ventilation. ▶ Stop leak if safe to do so.										

Continued...

- ▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- ▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.
- ▶ Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite.
- ▶ Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.
- ▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.
- ▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	The conductivity of this material may make it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10 000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid. ▶ Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. ▶ Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. ▶ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. ▶ Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. ▶ Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (<=1 m/sec until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then <= 7 m/sec). ▶ Avoid splash filling. ▶ Do NOT use compressed air for filling discharging or handling operations. ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area. ▶ Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. ▶ DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked. ▶ Avoid smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Avoid contact with incompatible materials. ▶ When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. ▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. ▶ Avoid physical damage to containers. ▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. ▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. ▶ Use good occupational work practice. ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS. ▶ Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions. ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	▶ Store in original containers. ▶ Keep containers securely sealed. ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. ▶ Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks. ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	▶ Metal can or drum ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Xylenes: ▶ may ignite or explode in contact with strong oxidisers, 1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin, uranium fluoride ▶ attack some plastics, rubber and coatings ▶ may generate electrostatic charges on flow or agitation due to low conductivity. ▶ Vigorous reactions, sometimes amounting to explosions, can result from the contact between aromatic rings and strong oxidising agents. ▶ Aromatics can react exothermically with bases and with diazo compounds. For alkyl aromatics: The alkyl side chain of aromatic rings can undergo oxidation by several mechanisms. The most common and dominant one is the attack by oxidation at benzylic carbon as the intermediate formed is stabilised by resonance structure of the ring. ▶ Following reaction with oxygen and under the influence of sunlight, a hydroperoxide at the alpha-position to the aromatic ring, is the primary oxidation product formed (provided a hydrogen atom is initially available at this position) - this product is often short-lived but may be stable dependent on the nature of the aromatic substitution; a secondary C-H bond is more easily attacked than a primary C-H bond whilst a tertiary C-H bond is even more susceptible to attack by oxygen ▶ Monoalkylbenzenes may subsequently form monocarboxylic acids; alkyl naphthalenes mainly produce the corresponding naphthalene carboxylic acids. ▶ Oxidation in the presence of transition metal salts not only accelerates but also selectively decomposes the hydroperoxides. ▶ Hock-rearrangement by the influence of strong acids converts the hydroperoxides to hemiacetals. Peresters formed from the hydroperoxides undergo Criegee rearrangement easily. ▶ Alkali metals accelerate the oxidation while CO₂ as co-oxidant enhances the selectivity. ▶ Microwave conditions give improved yields of the oxidation products. ▶ Photo-oxidation products may occur following reaction with hydroxyl radicals and NO_x - these may be components of photochemical smogs. Oxidation of Alkylaromatics: T.S.S Rao and Shubhra Awasthi: E-Journal of Chemistry Vol 4, No. 1, pp 1-13 January 2007 CARE: Water in contact with heated material may cause foaming or a steam explosion with possible severe burns from wide scattering of hot material. Resultant overflow of containers may result in fire.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Continued...

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Heavy mineral oil mist, Paraffin oil mist, White mineral oil mist	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Poorly and mildly refined	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Heavy mineral oil mist, Paraffin oil mist, White mineral oil mist	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Pure, highly and severely refined	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids - Poorly and mildly refined	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: URT irr
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1	paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	Oil mist, mineral	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
ATF +4®	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	2500 mg/m3	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	2500 mg/m3	Not Available
Calcium alkaryl sulphonate	Not Available	Not Available
Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide	Not Available	Not Available
Borated Ester	Not Available	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

IFRA Prohibited Fragrance Substance

The International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Standards form the basis for the globally accepted and recognized risk management system for the safe use of fragrance ingredients and are part of the IFRA Code of Practice. This is the self-regulating system of the industry, based on risk assessments carried out by an independent Expert Panel

32pah

For aniline:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.58-10 ppm (detection)

Threshold odour concentration, 50% recognition is >0.1 ppm, identification at 1 ppm.

NOTE: Detector tubes for aniline, measuring in excess of 0.5 ppm are commercially available.

Increased levels of methaemoglobin are detected in the blood of animals exposed at 5 ppm and following skin exposure by humans. The TLV-TWA is thought to provide protection against the significant risk of systemic effects.

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=0.91 (ANILINE)

for tributyl phosphate:

An irritant of eyes, skin and mucous membranes in experimental animals, weak cholinesterase inhibitor with narcotic properties. The recommended value for TLV-TWA is identical to that of triphenyl phosphate measured as ppm. Exposure at or below this limit is thought to protect workers against the significant risk of anaesthetic effects and skin and eye irritation.

For diphenylamine:

Odour Threshold Value: 0.022-0.025 ppm (recognition)

The TLV has been derived from ingestion studies due to lack of inhalation data. The lowest daily dose that produced no-adverse toxicological effects in female rats was 0.025% dietary diphenylamine fed over 226 days. The no-effect inhalation dose for a 70 kg worker with a respiratory exchange of 10 m3 during an 8 hour workday and 100% absorption was estimated to be 83 mg/m3. The TLV-TWA is thought to be protective against the significant risk of liver, kidney, cardiovascular, haematological and other systemic effects

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=0.91 (diphenylamine)

for xylenes:

IDLH Level: 900 ppm

Odour Threshold Value: 20 ppm (detection), 40 ppm (recognition)

NOTE: Detector tubes for o-xylene, measuring in excess of 10 ppm, are available commercially. (m-xylene and p-xylene give almost the same response).

Xylene vapour is an irritant to the eyes, mucous membranes and skin and causes narcosis at high concentrations. Exposure to doses sufficiently high to produce intoxication and unconsciousness also produces transient liver and kidney toxicity. Neurologic impairment is NOT evident amongst volunteers inhaling up to 400 ppm though complaints of ocular and upper respiratory tract irritation occur at 200 ppm for 3 to 5 minutes.

Exposure to xylene at or below the recommended TLV-TWA and STEL is thought to minimise the risk of irritant effects and to produce neither significant narcosis or chronic injury. An earlier skin notation was deleted because percutaneous absorption is gradual and protracted and does not substantially contribute to the dose received by inhalation.

Odour Safety Factor(OSF)

OSF=4 (XYLENE)

NOTE M: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.005% w/w benzo[a]pyrene (EINECS No 200-028-5). This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Annex IV.

European Union (EU) List of harmonised classification and labelling hazardous substances, Table 3.1, Annex VI, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) - up to the latest ATP

NOTE L: The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

European Union (EU) List of harmonised classification and labelling hazardous substances, Table 3.1, Annex VI, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) - up to the latest ATP

Exposure controls

Continued...

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.

Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying 'escape' velocities which, in turn, determine the 'capture velocities' of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:
solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air)	0.25-0.5 m/s (50-100 f/min)
aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation)	0.5-1 m/s (100-200 f/min.)
direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min)
grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range
1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents
2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only	2: Contaminants of high toxicity
3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use
4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood - local control only

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

Personal protection**Eye and face protection**

- ▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
- ▶ Chemical goggles.
- ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59]. [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:

- frequency and duration of contact,
- chemical resistance of glove material,
- glove thickness and
- dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).

- When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.

- When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.

- Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement and this should be taken into account when considering gloves for long-term use.
- Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

	- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of. - Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	- Overalls. - P.V.C. apron. - Barrier cream. - Skin cleansing cream. - Eye wash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

'Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

ATF +4®

Material	CPI
PE/EVAL/PE	A
PVA	A
TEFLON	A
BUTYL	C
BUTYL/NEOPRENE	C
HYPALON	C
NAT+NEOPR+NITRILE	C
NATURAL RUBBER	C
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	C
NEOPRENE	C
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	C
NITRILE	C
NITRILE+PVC	C
PVC	C
PVDC/PE/PVDC	C
SARANEX-23	C
VITON	C
VITON/NEOPRENE	C

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Respiratory protection

Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content. The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.851
Odour	Slight hydrocarbon	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	>6
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	>320
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Applicable	Viscosity (cSt)	35.13 @ 40°C 7.71 @ 100°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>280	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	184	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available

Upper Explosive Limit (%)	10	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	1	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	<0.0005	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Negligible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	- Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. - Product is considered stable. - Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce either adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following inhalation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse systemic effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination and vertigo. High inhaled concentrations of mixed hydrocarbons may produce narcosis characterised by nausea, vomiting and lightheadedness. Inhalation of aerosols may produce severe pulmonary oedema, pneumonitis and pulmonary haemorrhage. Inhalation of petroleum hydrocarbons consisting substantially of low molecular weight species (typically C2-C12) may produce irritation of mucous membranes, incoordination, giddiness, nausea, vertigo, confusion, headache, appetite loss, drowsiness, tremors and anaesthetic stupor. Massive exposures may produce central nervous system depression with sudden collapse and deep coma; fatalities have been recorded. Irritation of the brain and/or apnoeic anoxia may produce convulsions. Although recovery following overexposure is generally complete, cerebral micro-haemorrhage of focal post-inflammatory scarring may produce epileptiform seizures some months after the exposure. Pulmonary episodes may include chemical pneumonitis with oedema and haemorrhage. The lighter hydrocarbons may produce kidney and neurotoxic effects. Pulmonary irritancy increases with carbon chain length for paraffins and olefins. Alkenes produce pulmonary oedema at high concentrations. Liquid paraffins may produce anaesthesia and depressant actions leading to weakness, dizziness, slow and shallow respiration, unconsciousness, convulsions and death. C5-7 paraffins may also produce polyneuropathy. Aromatic hydrocarbons accumulate in lipid rich tissues (typically the brain, spinal cord and peripheral nerves) and may produce functional impairment manifested by nonspecific symptoms such as nausea, weakness, fatigue and vertigo; severe exposures may produce inebriation or unconsciousness. Many of the petroleum hydrocarbons are cardiac sensitisers and may cause ventricular fibrillations. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include nonspecific discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal. Inhalation of oil droplets/ aerosols may cause discomfort and may produce chemical pneumonitis. Headache, fatigue, lassitude, irritability and gastrointestinal disturbances (e.g., nausea, anorexia and flatulence) are the most common symptoms of xylene overexposure. Injury to the heart, liver, kidneys and nervous system has also been noted amongst workers. Transient memory loss, renal impairment, temporary confusion and some evidence of disturbance of liver function was reported in three workers overcome by gross exposure to xylene (10000 ppm). One worker died and autopsy revealed pulmonary congestion, oedema and focal alveolar haemorrhage. Volunteers inhaling xylene at 100 ppm for 5 to 6 hours showed changes in manual coordination reaction time and slight ataxia. Tolerance developed during the workweek but was lost over the weekend. Physical exercise may antagonise this effect. Xylene body burden in humans exposed to 100 or 200 ppm xylene in air depends on the amount of body fat with 4% to 8% of total absorbed xylene accumulating in adipose tissue. Xylene is a central nervous system depressant. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include nonspecific discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Large oral doses of salicylates may cause mild burning pain in the throat, stomach and usually prompt vomiting. Several hours may elapse before the development of deep and rapid breathing, lassitude, anorexia, nausea, vomiting, thirst and occasional diarrhoea. Common derivatives of salicylic acid produce substantially the same toxic syndrome, ('salicylism'). Major signs and symptoms arise from stimulation and terminal depression of the central nervous system. Stimulation produces vomiting, hyperpnea (abnormal increase in rate and depth of respiration), headache, tinnitus (ringing in the ears) confusion, bizarre behaviour or mania, generalised convulsions. Death is due to respiratory failure or cardiovascular collapse. Severe sensory disturbances such as deafness and dimness of vision are common. Less common features include sweating, skin eruptions, gastrointestinal and other hemorrhages, renal failure and pancreatitis. A tendency to bleed may be manifest by blood in the vomitus (haematemesis), bloody stools (melena) or purplish-red spots (petechiae) on the skin. Many of the toxic effects detailed here are due to or aggravated by severe disturbance of acid-base balance with the chief cause being prolonged hyperventilation from central stimulation. An assessment of acute salicylate intoxication based on dose suggests; 500 mg/kg: Potentially lethal Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result. Signs and symptoms of chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficult breathing, and bluish coloured skin (cyanosis). Ingestion of petroleum hydrocarbons may produce irritation of the pharynx, oesophagus, stomach and small intestine with oedema and mucosal ulceration resulting; symptoms include a burning sensation in the mouth and throat. Large amounts may produce narcosis with nausea and vomiting, weakness or dizziness, slow and shallow respiration, swelling of the abdomen, unconsciousness and convulsions. Myocardial injury may produce arrhythmias, ventricular fibrillation and electrocardiographic changes. Central nervous system depression may also occur. Light aromatic hydrocarbons produce a warm, sharp, tingling sensation on contact with taste buds and may anaesthetise the tongue. Aspiration into the lungs may produce coughing, gagging and a chemical pneumonitis with pulmonary oedema and haemorrhage.

Skin Contact	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis. The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives . The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.								
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Petroleum hydrocarbons may produce pain after direct contact with the eyes. Slight, but transient disturbances of the corneal epithelium may also result. The aromatic fraction may produce irritation and lachrymation.								
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course. Repeated or prolonged exposure to mixed hydrocarbons may produce narcosis with dizziness, weakness, irritability, concentration and/or memory loss, tremor in the fingers and tongue, vertigo, olfactory disorders, constriction of visual field, paraesthesias of the extremities, weight loss and anaemia and degenerative changes in the liver and kidney. Chronic exposure by petroleum workers, to the lighter hydrocarbons, has been associated with visual disturbances, damage to the central nervous system, peripheral neuropathies (including numbness and paraesthesias), psychological and neurophysiological deficits, bone marrow toxicities (including hypoplasia possibly due to benzene) and hepatic and renal involvement. Chronic dermal exposure to petroleum hydrocarbons may result in defatting which produces localised dermatoses. Surface cracking and erosion may also increase susceptibility to infection by microorganisms. One epidemiological study of petroleum refinery workers has reported elevations in standard mortality ratios for skin cancer along with a dose-response relationship indicating an association between routine workplace exposure to petroleum or one of its constituents and skin cancer, particularly melanoma. Other studies have been unable to confirm this finding. Animal studies: No deaths or treatment related signs of toxicity were observed in rats exposed to light alkylate naphtha (paraffinic hydrocarbons) at concentrations of 668, 2220 and 6646 ppm for 6 hrs/day, 5 days/wk for 13 weeks. Increased liver weights and kidney toxicity (male rats) was observed in high dose animals. Exposure to pregnant rats at concentrations of 137, 3425 and 6850 ppm did not adversely affect reproduction or cause maternal or foetal toxicity. Lifetime skin painting studies in mice with similar naphthas have shown weak or no carcinogenic activity following prolonged and repeated exposure. Similar naphthas/distillates, when tested at nonirritating dose levels, did not show any significant carcinogenic activity indicating that this tumorigenic response is likely related to chronic irritation and not to dose. The mutagenic potential of naphthas has been reported to be largely negative in a variety of mutagenicity tests. The exact relationship between these results and human health is not known. Some components of this product have been shown to produce a species specific, sex hormonal dependent kidney lesion in male rats from repeated oral or inhalation exposure. Subsequent research has shown that the kidney damage develops via the formation of an alpha-2u-globulin, a mechanism unique to the male rat. Humans do not form alpha-2u-globulin, therefore, the kidney effects resulting from this mechanism are not relevant in human Mild chronic salicylate intoxication, or 'salicylism', may occur after repeated exposures to large doses. Symptoms include dizziness, tinnitus, deafness, sweating, nausea and vomiting, headache and mental confusion. Symptoms of more severe intoxication include hyperventilation, fever, restlessness, ketosis, and respiratory alkalosis and metabolic acidosis. Depression of the central nervous system may lead to coma, cardiovascular collapse and respiratory failure. Chronic exposure to the salicylates (o-hydroxybenzoates) may produce metabolic and central system disturbances or damage to the kidneys. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, eye problems or impaired kidney function may be more susceptible to the effects of these substances. Certain individuals (atopics), notably asthmatics, exhibit significant hyper- sensitivity to salicylic acid derivatives. Reactions include urticaria and other skin eruptions, rhinitis and severe (even fatal) bronchospasm and dyspnea. Chronic exposure to the p-hydroxybenzoates (parabens) is associated with hypersensitivity reactions following application of these to the skin. Hypersensitivity reactions have also been reported following parenteral or oral administration. Cross-sensitivity occurs between the p-hydroxybenzoates Hypersensitivity reactions may include by acute bronchospasm, hives (urticaria), deep dermal wheals (angioneurotic oedema), running nose (rhinitis) and blurred vision. Anaphylactic shock and skin rash (non- thrombocytopenic purpura) may also occur. Any individual may be predisposed to such anti-body mediated reaction if other chemical agents have caused prior sensitisation (cross-sensitivity). Prolonged or repeated contact with xylenes may cause defatting dermatitis with drying and cracking. Chronic inhalation of xylenes has been associated with central nervous system effects, loss of appetite, nausea, ringing in the ears, irritability, thirst anaemia, mucosal bleeding, enlarged liver and hyperplasia. Exposure may produce kidney and liver damage. In chronic occupational exposure, xylene (usually mix ed with other solvents) has produced irreversible damage to the central nervous system and ototoxicity (damages hearing and increases sensitivity to noise), probably due to neurotoxic mechanisms. Industrial workers exposed to xylene with a maximum level of ethyl benzene of 0.06 mg/l (14 ppm) reported headaches and irritability and tired quickly. Functional nervous system disturbances were found in some workers employed for over 7 years whilst other workers had enlarged livers. Xylene has been classed as a developmental toxin in some jurisdictions. Small excess risks of spontaneous abortion and congenital malformations were reported amongst women exposed to xylene in the first trimester of pregnancy. In all cases, however, the women were also been exposed to other substances. Evaluation of workers chronically exposed to xylene has demonstrated lack of genotoxicity. Exposure to xylene has been associated with increased risks of haemopoietic malignancies but, again, simultaneous exposure to other substances (including benzene) complicates the picture. A long-term gavage study to mixed xylenes (containing 17% ethyl benzene) found no evidence of carcinogenic activity in rats and mice of either sex.								
ATF +4®	<table> <tr> <th>TOXICITY</th><th>IRRITATION</th></tr> <tr> <td>Not Available</td><td>Not Available</td></tr> </table>	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	Not Available	Not Available				
TOXICITY	IRRITATION								
Not Available	Not Available								
paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	<table> <tr> <th>TOXICITY</th><th>IRRITATION</th></tr> <tr> <td>Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1]</td><td>Not Available</td></tr> <tr> <td>Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l4 h^[1]</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1]</td><td></td></tr> </table>	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l4 h ^[1]		Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	
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TOXICITY	IRRITATION								
Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available								
Inhalation (rat) LC50: >3.9 mg/l4 h ^[1]									

	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	
Borated Ester	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available

Legend: 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. * Q8 MSDS
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	The materials included in the Lubricating Base Oils category are related from both process and physical-chemical perspectives; The potential toxicity of a specific distillate base oil is inversely related to the severity or extent of processing the oil has undergone, since: - The adverse effects of these materials are associated with undesirable components, and - The levels of the undesirable components are inversely related to the degree of processing; - Distillate base oils receiving the same degree or extent of processing will have similar toxicities; - The potential toxicity of <i>residual base oils</i> is independent of the degree of processing the oil receives. - The reproductive and developmental toxicity of the distillate base oils is inversely related to the degree of processing. The degree of refining influences the carcinogenic potential of the oils. Whereas mild acid / earth refining processes are inadequate to substantially reduce the carcinogenic potential of lubricant base oils, hydrotreatment and / or solvent extraction methods can yield oils with no carcinogenic potential. Unrefined and mildly refined distillate base oils contain the highest levels of undesirable components, have the largest variation of hydrocarbon molecules and have shown the highest potential carcinogenic and mutagenic activities. Highly and severely refined distillate base oils are produced from unrefined and mildly refined oils by removing or transforming undesirable components. In comparison to unrefined and mildly refined base oils, the highly and severely refined distillate base oils have a smaller range of hydrocarbon molecules and have demonstrated very low mammalian toxicity. Mutagenicity and carcinogenicity testing of residual oils has been negative, supporting the belief that these materials lack biologically active components or the components are largely non-bioavailable due to their molecular size. Toxicity testing has consistently shown that lubricating base oils have low acute toxicities. Numerous tests have shown that a lubricating base oil's mutagenic and carcinogenic potential correlates with its 3-7 ring polycyclic aromatic compound (PAC) content, and the level of DMSO extractables (e.g. IP346 assay), both characteristics that are directly related to the degree/conditions of processing Repeat dose toxicity: Oral NOAEL for heavy paraffinic distillate aromatic extract could not be identified and is less than 125 mg/kg/day when administered orally. Inhalation The NOAEL for lung changes associated with oil deposition in the lungs was 220 mg/m3. As no systemic toxicity was observed, the overall NOAEL for systemic effects was > 980 mg/m3. Dermal In a 90 day subchronic dermal study, the administration of Light paraffinic distillate solvent extract had an adverse effect on survivability, body weights, organ weights (particularly the liver and thymus), and variety of haematology and serum chemistry parameters in exposed animals. Histopathological changes which were treatment-related were most prominent in the adrenals, bone marrow, kidneys, liver, lymph nodes, skin, stomach, and thymus. Based on the results of this study, the NOAEL for the test material is less than 30 mg/kg/day. Toxicity to reproduction: Mineral oil (a white mineral oil) caused no reproductive or developmental toxicity with 1 mL/kg/day (i.e., 1000 mg/kg/day) in an OECD 421 guideline study, but did cause mild to moderate skin irritation. Therefore, the reproductive/developmental NOAEL for this study is ~1000 mg/kg/day and no LOAEL was determined. Developmental toxicity, teratogenicity: Heavy paraffinic distillate furfural extract produced maternal, reproductive and foetal toxicity. Maternal toxicity was exhibited as vaginal discharge (dose-related), body weight decrease, reduction in thymus weight and increase in liver weight (125 mg/kg/day and higher) and aberrant haematology and serum chemistry (125 and/or 500 mg/kg/day). Evidence of potential reproductive effects was shown by an increased number of dams with resorptions and intrauterine death. Distillate aromatic extract (DAE) was developmentally toxic regardless of exposure duration as indicated by increased resorptions and decreased foetal body weights. Furthermore, when exposures were increased to 1000 mg/kg/day and given only during gestation days 10 through 12, cleft palate and ossification delays were observed. Cleft palate was considered to indicate a potential teratogenic effect of DAE. The following Oil Industry Note (OIN) has been applied: OIN 8 - The classifications as a reproductive toxicant category 2; H361d (Suspected of damaging the unborn child) and specific target organ toxicant category 1; H372 (Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure) need not apply if the substance is not classified as carcinogenic Toxicokinetics of lubricant base oils has been examined in rodents. Absorption of other lubricant base oils across the small intestine is related to carbon chain length; hydrocarbons with smaller chain length are more readily absorbed than hydrocarbons with a longer chain length. The majority of an oral dose of mineral hydrocarbon is not absorbed and is excreted unchanged in the faeces. Distribution of mineral hydrocarbons following absorption has been observed in liver, fat, kidney, brain and spleen. Excretion of absorbed mineral hydrocarbons occurs via the faeces and urine. Based on the pharmacokinetic parameters and disposition profiles, the data indicate inherent strain differences in the total systemic exposure (~4 fold greater systemic dose in F344 vs SD rats), rate of metabolism, and hepatic and lymph node retention of C26H52, which may be associated with the different strain sensitivities to the formation of liver granulomas and MLN histiocytosis.
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	Highly and Severely Refined Distillate Base Oils Acute toxicity: Multiple studies of the acute toxicity of highly & severely refined base oils have been reported. Irrespective of the crude source or the method or extent of processing, the oral LD50s have been observed to be >5 g/kg (bw) and the dermal LD50s have ranged from >2 to >5g/kg (bw). The LC50 for inhalation toxicity ranged from 2.18 mg/l to > 4 mg/l. When tested for skin and eye irritation, the materials have been reported as "non-irritating" to "moderately irritating" Testing in guinea pigs for sensitization has been negative Repeat dose toxicity: Several studies have been conducted with these oils. The weight of evidence from all available data on highly & severely refined base oils support the presumption that a distillate base oil's toxicity is inversely related to the degree of processing it receives. Adverse effects have been reported with even the most severely refined white oils - these appear to depend on animal species and/ or the peculiarities of the study. - The granulomatous lesions induced by the oral administration of white oils are essentially foreign body responses. The lesions occur only in rats, of which the Fischer 344 strain is particularly sensitive, - The testicular effects seen in rabbits after dermal administration of a highly to severely refined base oil were unique to a single study and may have been related to stress induced by skin irritation, and - The accumulation of foamy macrophages in the alveolar spaces of rats exposed repeatedly via inhalation to high levels of highly to severely refined base oils is not unique to these oils, but would be seen after exposure to many water insoluble materials. Reproductive and developmental toxicity: A highly refined base oil was used as the vehicle control in a one-generation reproduction study. The study was conducted according to the OECD Test Guideline 421. There was no effect on fertility and mating indices in either males or females. At necropsy, there were no consistent findings and organ weights and histopathology were considered normal by the study's authors. A single generation study in which a white mineral oil (a food/ drug grade severely refined base oil) was used as a vehicle control is reported. Two separate groups of pregnant rats were administered 5 mL/kg (bw)/day of the base oil via gavage, on days 6 through 19 of gestation. In one of the two base oil dose groups, three malformed fetuses were found among three litters The study authors considered these malformations to be minor and within the

	normal ranges for the strain of rat. Genotoxicity: <i>In vitro</i> (mutagenicity): Several studies have reported the results of testing different base oils for mutagenicity using a modified Ames assay. Base oils with no or low concentrations of 3-7 ring PACs had low mutagenicity indices. <i>In vivo</i> (chromosomal aberrations): A total of seven base stocks were tested in male and female Sprague-Dawley rats using a bone marrow cytogenetics assay. The test materials were administered via gavage at dose levels ranging from 500 to 5000 mg/kg (bw). Dosing occurred for either a single day or for five consecutive days. None of the base oils produced a significant increase in aberrant cells. Carcinogenicity: Highly & severely refined base oils are not carcinogens, when given either orally or dermally.
PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE) & PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)	The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3: NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.

Acute Toxicity	☐	Carcinogenicity	☐
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	☐	Reproductivity	☐
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	☐	STOT - Single Exposure	☐
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	☐	STOT - Repeated Exposure	☐
Mutagenicity	☐	Aspiration Hazard	☐

Legend: ✗ – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification
✓ – Data available to make classification
☐ – Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

ATF +4®	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe)	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe)	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	EC50	48	Crustacea	>1000mg/L	1
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1000mg/L	1
	NOEC	504	Crustacea	>1mg/L	1
Borated Ester	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE	SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

Within an aromatic series, acute toxicity increases with increasing alkyl substitution on the aromatic nucleus. For example, there is an increase in toxicity as alkylation of the naphthalene structure increases. The order of most toxic to least in a study using grass shrimp (*Palaemonetes pugio*) and brown shrimp (*Penaeus aztecus*) was dimethylnaphthalenes > methylnaphthalenes > naphthalenes.

Studies conclude that the toxicity of an oil appears to be a function of its di-aromatic and tri-aromatic hydrocarbons, which includes three-ring hydrocarbons such as phenanthrene.

The heavier (4-, 5-, and 6-ring) PAHs are more persistent than the lighter (2- and 3-ring) PAHs and tend to have greater carcinogenic and other chronic impact potential. PAHs in general are more frequently associated with chronic risks. These risks include cancer and often are the result of exposures to complex mixtures of chronic-risk aromatics (such as PAHs, alkyl PAHs, benzenes, and alkyl benzenes), rather than exposures to low levels of a single compound.

Anthracene is a phototoxic PAH. UV light greatly increases the toxicity of anthracene to bluegill sunfish. . Benchmarks developed in the absence of UV light may be under-protective, and biological resources in strong sunlight are at more risk than those that are not.

For xylenes :

log Koc : 2.05-3.08

Koc : 25.4-204

Half-life (hr) air : 0.24-42

Half-life (hr) H2O surface water : 24-672

Half-life (hr) H2O ground : 336-8640

Half-life (hr) soil : 52-672

Henry's Pa m3 /mol: 637-879

Henry's atm m3 /mol: 7.68E-03

BOD 5 if unstated: 1.4,1%

COD : 2.56,13%

ThOD : 3.125

BCF : 23

log BCF : 1.17-2.41

Continued...

Environmental Fate

Terrestrial fate: Measured Koc values of 166 and 182, indicate that 3-xylene is expected to have moderate mobility in soil. Volatilisation of p-xylene is expected to be important from moist soil surfaces given a measured Henry's Law constant of 7.18×10^{-3} atm-cu m/mole. The potential for volatilisation of 3-xylene from dry soil surfaces may exist based on a measured vapor pressure of 8.29 mm Hg. p-Xylene may be degraded during its passage through soil. The extent of the degradation is expected to depend on its concentration, residence time in the soil, the nature of the soil, and whether resident microbial populations have been acclimated. p-Xylene, present in soil samples contaminated with jet fuel, was completely degraded aerobically within 5 days. In aquifer studies under anaerobic conditions, p-xylene was degraded, usually within several weeks, with the production of 3-methylbenzylfumaric acid, 3-methylbenzylsuccinic acid, 3-methylbenzoate, and 3-methylbenzaldehyde as metabolites.

Aquatic fate: Koc values indicate that p-xylene may adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water. p-Xylene is expected to volatilise from water surfaces based on the measured Henry's Law constant. Estimated volatilisation half-lives for a model river and model lake are 3 hours and 4 days, respectively. BCF values of 14.8, 23.4, and 6, measured in goldfish, eels, and clams, respectively, indicate that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. p-Xylene in water with added humic substances was 50% degraded following 3 hours irradiation suggesting that indirect photooxidation in the presence of humic acids may play an important role in the abiotic degradation of p-xylene. Although p-xylene is biodegradable and has been observed to degrade in pond water, there are insufficient data to assess the rate of this process in surface waters. p-Xylene has been observed to degrade in anaerobic and aerobic groundwater in several studies; however, it is known to persist for many years in groundwater, at least at sites where the concentration might have been quite high.

Atmospheric fate:

Most xylenes released to the environment will occur in the atmosphere and volatilisation is the dominant environmental fate process. In the ambient atmosphere, xylenes are expected to exist solely in the vapour phase. Xylenes are degraded in the atmosphere primarily by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals, with an estimated atmospheric lifetime of about 0.5 to 2 days. Xylenes' susceptibility to photochemical oxidation in the troposphere is to the extent that they may contribute to photochemical smog formation.

According to a model of gas/particle partitioning of semivolatile organic compounds in the atmosphere and from its vapour pressure, p-xylene, is expected to exist solely as a vapour in the ambient atmosphere. Vapour-phase p-xylene is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be about 16 hours. A half-life of 1.0 hr in summer and 10 hr in winter was measured for the reaction of p-xylene with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals. p-Xylene has a moderately high photochemical reactivity under smog conditions, higher than the other xylene isomers, with loss rates varying from 9-42% per hr. The photooxidation of p-xylene results in the production of carbon monoxide, formaldehyde, glyoxal, methylglyoxal, 3-methylbenzylnitrate, m-tolualdehyde, 4-nitro-3-xylene, 5-nitro-3-xylene, 2,6-dimethyl-p-benzoquinone, 2,4-dimethylphenol, 6-nitro-2,4-dimethylphenol, 2,6-dimethylphenol, and 4-nitro-2,6-dimethylphenol.

Ecotoxicity:

for xylenes

Fish LC50 (96 h) Pimephales promelas 13.4 mg/l; Oncorhynchus mykiss 8.05 mg/l; Lepomis macrochirus 16.1 mg/l (all flow through values); Pimephales promelas 26.7 (static)

Daphnia EC50 948 h): 3.83 mg/l

Photobacterium phosphoreum EC50 (24 h): 0.0084 mg/l

Gammarus lacustris LC50 (48 h): 0.6 mg/l

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste treatment methods**

Product / Packaging disposal	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked. A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate: ▶ Reduction ▶ Reuse ▶ Recycling ▶ Disposal (if all else fails) This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate. ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains. ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first. ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority. ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. ▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal. ▶ Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site. ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code**

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture****PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, LIGHT, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)(64742-55-8.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE, HEAVY, HYDROTREATED (SEVERE)(64742-54-7.) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

US - Alaska Limits for Air Contaminants

US - California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - Hawaii Air Contaminant Limits

US - Idaho - Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Michigan Exposure Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)

US - Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-1)

US - Pennsylvania - Hazardous Substance List

US - Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits For Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Final Rule Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air Contaminants

US - Washington Permissible exposure limits of air contaminants

US - Wyoming Toxic and Hazardous Substances Table Z1 Limits for Air Contaminants

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) - Carcinogens

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 14th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) - Table Z1

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

BORATED ESTER(NOT AVAILABLE) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Not Applicable

Federal Regulations**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)****SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES**

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

Continued...

None Reported

State Regulations**US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm

US - CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - CARCINOGENS & REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (CRT): LISTED SUBSTANCE

Soots, tars, and mineral oils (untreated and mildly treated oils and used engine oils) Listed

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (paraffinic distillate, heavy, hydrotreated (severe); paraffinic distillate, light, hydrotreated (severe))
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	24/04/2018
Initial Date	24/04/2018

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
PC – STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.
IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
OSF: Odour Safety Factor
NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
TLV: Threshold Limit Value
LOD: Limit Of Detection
OTV: Odour Threshold Value
BCF: BioConcentration Factors
BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

000003000532



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

Product code : PXL1P17, PXL1KGL, PXL1DRL, PXL1, PXL1C30

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : PRECISION XL EP greases are high performance, long life, EP greases designed for trouble-free lubrication of a wide range of automotive and industrial equipment.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	30 - 50
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	20 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil —	64742-65-0	10 - 20

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unspecified

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	5 mg/m ³	CA QC OEL

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		(Mist)		
		STEVE (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEVE (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Stringy, smooth, semi-solid.

Colour : green

Odour : Mild grease like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -12 °C (10 °F)
Base Fluid Blend

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 291 °C (556 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup
Base Fluid Blend

Fire Point : 315 °C (599 °F)
Base Fluid Blend

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.8867 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	221.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend
		18.8 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, KOx, SbOx, sulfides, alkyl mercaptans, diphenylamine, alkenes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

**Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;
Baseoil — unspecified:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

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PRECISION^{TM/MC} XL EP1

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY

000003000889



Version 5.0

Revision Date 2021/02/24

Print Date 2021/02/24

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY

Product code : PSMCBG, PSMBLK, PSMKGL, PSMDRL, PSM, PSMC30

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada

Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : PRECISION SYNTHETIC MOLY is a synthetic, high performance, all season EP grease with long life and improved low temperature properties where shock loading conditions are encountered.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	68411-46-1	1 - 5
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-53-6	1 - 5

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PRECISION™ SYNTHETIC MOLY

000003000889



Version 5.0

Revision Date 2021/02/24

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Amines, C12-14-alkyl, C6-10-alkyl phosphates	68603-55-4	1 - 5
Phenol, isobutyleneated, phosphate (3:1)	68937-40-6	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
lithium 12-hydroxystearate	7620-77-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particu-	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

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		late matter)		
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	TWA (Total)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA AB OEL
		TWA (Respirable)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Respirable)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	3 mg/m3 (Molybdenum)	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-53-6	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection

Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

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Eye protection	:	Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.
Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Protective measures	:	Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Buttery, smooth, semi-solid
Colour	:	grey
Odour	:	Mild grease like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-54 °C (-65 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	187 °C (369 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup Base Fluid Blend
Fire Point	:	203 °C (397 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available

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Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8992 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	129.8 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend
		15.6 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, acids, alkalis and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, KOx, SbOx, MoOx, alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, diphenylamine, alkenes, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

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Components:

molybdenum disulphide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

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Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/24
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : PRODURO^{TM/MC} TO-4⁺ 30

Product code : PD430CBE, PD430P5R, PD430P20, PD430ICT, PD430IBC, PD430DRR, PD430DRM, PD430DCT, PD430, PD430BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Multipurpose transmission, hydraulic, wet brake and final drive fluids intended for use where Caterpillar TO-4 quality oils are recommended.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	64742-54-7	60 - 100

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heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	70 - 90
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	20 - 30
Mineral oil		1 - 5
zinc bis[bis(tetrapropylphenyl)] bis(hydrogen dithiophosphate)	11059-65-7	1 - 2.5
phenol, dodecyl-, branched	121158-58-5	0.25 - 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), sulphur oxides (SO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), hydrogen sulphide

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(H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

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cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : Hydrocarbon.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -27 °C (-17 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 259 °C (498 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.873 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)

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Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	88.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
		11.01 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release CO _x , SO _x , PO _x , H ₂ S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

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exemption.

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	:	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	:	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	:	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	:	8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	:	15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWA EV	:	Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	:	Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-

Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds

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Petro-Canada Lubricants is a HollyFrontier brand

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODURO^{TM/MC} TO-4⁺ 30

000003000494



Version 3.2

Revision Date 2021/03/03

Print Date 2021/03/03

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Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285

Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/03
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

Section 1. Chemical product and supplier identification

Trade name	H-Go -45 °C Windshield Washer
Synonymous	Wiper fluid, washer fluid
Recommended use	Enables clear windshield of salt, dirt, insects and dust, as well as snow in the winter.
Supplier	Harnois Groupe pétrolier 80, Route 158 Saint-Thomas, QC, J0K 3L0 Canada Tel: (800) 363-2712
	
Emergencies	CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

Product classification	• Flammable liquids – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Oral – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Dermal – Category 3 • Acute toxicity – Inhalation – Category 3 • Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 • Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure – Category 1

WHMIS pictograms



Warning

DANGER

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour (H225)
- Toxic if swallowed (H301)
- Toxic in contact with skin (H311)
- Toxic if inhaled (H331)
- Causes serious eye irritation (H319)
- Causes damage to organs (eyes) if swallowed (H370)
- May cause damage to organs (H371)
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness (H336)

Danger

NOTE!

Very toxic substance having immediate and serious effects.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Precautionary

Precaution: Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Also avoid inhalation and ingestion. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and sources of ignition. Do not smoke, etc.

Intervention : SKIN CONTACT Immediately rinse the skin thoroughly and wash with mild soap. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. EYE CONTACT Check whether the victim is wearing contact lenses and remove them if necessary. Rinse immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. INHALATION Move the affected person outside. If the person is not breathing, breathing irregularly or is in respiratory arrest, a qualified person must perform artificial respiration or give oxygen. INGESTION Communicate IMMEDIATELY with a poison center, an emergency center or a physician. DO NOT make the person VOMIT.

Potential acute effects on health

Eyes	Eye irritant. Avoid contact with eyes.
Skin	Very hazardous in the event of contact with the skin as it absorbs the liquid.
Inhalation	Hazardous in the event of inhalation.
Ingestion	Extremely hazardous in the event of ingestion; immediate medical assistance is necessary.

Potential chronic effects on health

Chronic effects	Contains a substance likely to damage the target organ, according to data obtained on animals.
Carcinogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Teratogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.

Over-exposure — signs/symptoms

Inhalation	This liquid is very toxic when it is breathed into the lungs and this may cause very serious inflammation.
Ingestion	First symptoms of lack of coordination and dizziness may occur after ingestion of this product. This may be followed by headaches and even blindness and permanent neurological disorders.
Skin	Harmful symptoms may also include the following: skin irritation and redness.
Eyes	Harmful symptoms may also include the following: burning, stinging, irritation and redness of the eyes.



Material Safety Data Sheet

See Toxicological Information (section 11)

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>% by weight</u>
Methanol	67-56-1	45 – 55%
Isopropanol	67-63-0	< 4%

According to supplier's current knowledge, and in applicable concentrations, this product does not contain any additional ingredients considered hazardous to health or the environment and, consequently, that should be disclosed in this section.

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition (concentration) has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4. First aid measures

Contact with the eyes	Check whether the victim is wearing contact lenses and remove them if necessary. Rinse immediately with running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Consult a physician immediately.
Skin contact	In the event of contact, immediately rinse the skin thoroughly and wash with mild soap. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If the irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-using.
Inhalation	Move the affected person outside. If the person is not breathing, breathing irregularly or is in respiratory arrest, a qualified person must perform artificial respiration or give oxygen. Loosen any tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Obtain medical care immediately.
Ingestion	Communicate IMMEDIATELY with a poison center, an emergency center or a physician. DO NOT make the person VOMIT.
Rescuer protection	Do not take any steps involving personal risk or if you have not received adequate training.
Note to the attending physician	All signs/symptoms involving the target organs mentioned in this data sheet may worsen in the event of over-exposure.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Product flammability	Flammable
Extinguishing media	Use an extinguishing agent appropriate for the surrounding fires.
Combustion products	No specific data.
Firefighting apparatus and methods	Flammable liquid, soluble liquid or dispersed in water. - Small fire: Use DRY chemical powder. - Large fire: Use an alcohol foam, water fog or steam. Cool the containers with a water jet to avoid overpressure, spontaneous combustion or explosion.
Special personal protective equipment for the designated firefighting personnel	Firefighters must carry adequate protective equipment, as well as a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) equipped with a full positive pressure mask.
Note on fire Hazard	High fire hazard.
Note on the risks of explosion	Risk of the product exploding when subjected to mechanical shock: N/A Risk of the product exploding when subjected to electrical discharges: N/A

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Individual precautions	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid the dispersion of spilled product, and its runoff and any contact with the soil, inland waterways, drains and sewers. Alert the competent authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, inland waterways, soil or air).

Cleaning methods

Minor spill	Smaller spills can be collected or absorbed using a suitable absorbent material. Finish the cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface. Product must be disposed of in accordance with local, regional or national legislation.
Major spill	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from any source of ignition. Stop the leak if this does not present any risk. Absorb with soil, sand or another dry non-combustible matter. Notify the local authorities. Note: See Section 1 for information relating to emergencies and see Section 13 for waste disposal.



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Section 7. Handling and storage

Maintenance

Eating, drinking and smoking are prohibited in places where this product is handled, stored or processed. Employees should at all times wash their hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Before entering areas where food is eaten, it is imperative to remove any contaminated clothing and any personal protective equipment (PPE). Avoid any contact with the eyes, skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing the vapors or mist. Use only if ventilation is adequate. Ground this product's container.

Storage

Flammable materials should at all times be kept in a cabinet or a separate secure room. Keep away from any source of heat and ignition. Keep the container tightly closed. Store according to local regulations. Keep the product in the original container in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, away from incompatible substances. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point below than 37 °C / 100 °F. Do not store the containers without labels.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Technical measures

This product must be handled and used in closed containers and equipment. Good overall ventilation is necessary for its use.

Health measures

After handling chemicals, carefully wash your hands, forearms and face before eating, smoking, or going to the toilet and once your work is finished. Use suitable techniques to remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Make certain that eye-wash stations and decontamination showers are installed close to work stations.

Individual protection

Eyes

Tight safety goggles to prevent chemical splashing or a face-protecting mask.

Respiratory

Carry a protective respiratory apparatus equipped with an air purifier or with air supply, adjusted perfectly and in conformity with current legislation, if risk assessment recommends it. The choice of protective respiratory apparatus must be based on the expected or known exposure levels.

Hands

Chemical-resistant rubber gloves must be worn.

Skin

Overalls or an apron are necessary to minimize contact.

Personal protective equipment (PPE)
(Icons)



Product name

Exposure limits

H-Go -45 °C Windshield Washer

Check with local authorities to obtain the acceptable limits of exposure.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical and Chemical Properties	Results
Physical state	Liquid
Color	Purple
Odor	Alcohol (weak)
Flash point	25 to 30 °C / 77 to 86 °F (closed cup)
Inflammability	NA
Lower flammability or explosive limit	NA
Upper flammability or explosive limit	NA
Spontaneous combustion temperature	NA
pH	8 to 11
Boiling point at 760 mmHg	NA
Freezing point	Weighted average water: -40 to -45 °C / -40 to -49 °F
Relative density	0.90 - 0.97 at 20 °C
Vapor pressure	< 12.8 kPa (< 96 mmHg)
Vapour density (air = 1)	< 1.11
Solubility in water	Readily soluble in cold and hot water.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Percentage of volatility	NA
Evaporation rate	NA
Sharing coefficient – n-octanol/water	NA
Decomposition temperature	NA
Viscosity	NA

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Product stability and reactivity	The product is stable.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat. Open flames, sparks, static discharge, heat and other ignition sources.
Risk of dangerous reactions	None known
Incompatibility with different substances	Mildly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalines.
Hazardous decomposition products	Very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; very toxic, flammable formaldehyde. Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous decomposition product should appear.
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous polymerization will occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Name of the product or ingredient</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Dose</u>	<u>Exposure</u>
Methanol	Oral LD50	Rat	Acute: 5,600 mg/kg	-----
	Cutaneous LD50	Rabbit	Acute: 15,800 mg/kg	-----
	LC50 vapor	Cat	Acute: 41,151.4 ppm	4 hours

Potential acute effects on health

Inhalation	Hazardous in the event of inhalation. The vapors are moderately irritating to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	A single exposure to high levels can have immediate and serious effects on health.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Skin contact	Hazardous in the event of contact with the skin since the skin absorbs the liquid.
Contact with the eyes	Eye irritant.
Chronic effects	Contains a substance likely to damage the target organ, according to data obtained on animals.
Carcinogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Mutagenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Teratogenic effects	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Effects on fertility	Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Effects on the environment	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Ecotoxicity in an aquatic environment	No known major effect or critical hazard.
Biodegradability	Not available.
Miscellaneous harmful effects	Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	Check with the managers of the local sewerage systems and federal, provincial and municipal bodies to determine the most appropriate means of disposing of the product.

Check with the local or regional authorities.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and to Section 8: MONITORING EXPOSURE AND INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION for any additional information on handling and on protection of personnel.



Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 14. Transport information

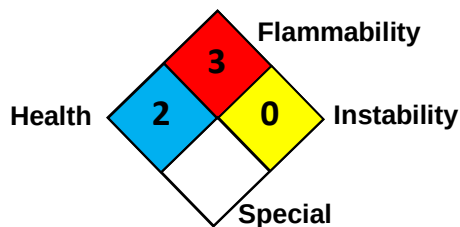
Regulatory information	UN number	Correct shipping name	Category	Packing group	Label	Other information
DOT Classification	UN 1987	Alcohols, N.O.S. (methanol)	3 Flammable liquid	III	-----	In containers of 5 litres (5 kg) or less, this product is classified as "Consumer goods" under DOT regulations.
TDG Classification	UN 1987 Guide 127	Alcohols, N.O.S. (methanol)	3 Flammable liquid	III	-----	In containers of 5 L or less, this product conforms to the requirements of exemption under the terms of the special provisions of regulations on hazardous materials transport, 1.17 Limited Quantities Exemption.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States HCS Classification	Not regulated.
International regulations	Not regulated.
Canadian inventory	This product and/or all its components appear on the DSL (Domestic Substances List of Canada)
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	This product and/or all its components appear on the list of inventory of the TSCA.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (United States), NFPA Index





Material Safety Data Sheet

Hazardous Materials Systems
Identification, HMIS Index

Health	2
Flammability	3
Physical hazards	0
Personal Protection	B

Information to be put on the label

DANGER

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour (H225)
- Toxic if swallowed (H301)
- Causes serious eye irritation (H319)
- May damage fertility or the unborn child (H360)
- May cause damage to organs (H371)
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness (H336)

Issue date

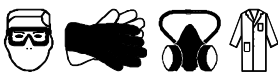
26.01.2017

Notice

To our knowledge, the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate at the date of its publication. The supplier mentioned above cannot assume any liability whatsoever in regard to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. This information is provided indicatively with regard to safety and applies only to the product and the uses indicated in the present Material Safety Data Sheet. This information does not necessarily apply to this product if it is associated with one or more other products, or if it is used for other purposes than those described here. The user is solely responsible for the final decision as to the appropriate use of any product. All products may present unknown hazards and must be used with care. Although certain hazards are described in this document, we cannot guarantee that there are no other hazards.



Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS (U.S.A.)	Rating	Protective Clothing	DOT (pictograms)
 Fire Hazard Health Reactivity Specific hazard	Health Hazard (2*) Fire Hazard (1) Reactivity (0) Personal Protection (H)	0 Insignificant 1 Slight 2 Moderate 3 High 4 Extreme		

Section I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	ANTIFREEZE	Code	W269
Synonym	Universal Antifreeze, Radiator Antifreeze, Diesel Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Antifreeze-Coolant, Petro-Canada Heavy Duty Antifreeze-Coolant, Pre-Mix Antifreeze, Petro-Canada Premium Radiator Antifreeze.	DSL	On the DSL.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	TSCA	On TSCA list.
Material Uses	Used as an engine antifreeze coolant.	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients

			Exposure Limits (ACGIH)		
Name	CAS #	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
1) Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	≥55	Not established	Not established	100 mg/m ³ (aerosol)
2) Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate	1330-43-4	≤5	1 mg/m ³	Not established	Not established
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable				
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.				

Section III. Hazards Identification.

Potential Health Effects	Contact can cause slight irritation of skin, eyes and respiratory tract. Extremely dangerous in case of ingestion. For more information, refer to Section 11.

Section IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.
Note to Physician	Not available

Section V. Fire-fighting Measures

Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Flammable Limits	Lower: 3.2%, Upper: 15.3%
Flash Points	Closed Cup: 116°C (Tagliabue) Open Cup: 116°C (Cleveland)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	413°C
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Combustible in presence of open flames and sparks.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not a product presenting risks of explosion.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemicals, CO ₂ , water spray or foam. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. DO NOT use water jet.		

Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

Material Release or Spill	Small spill or leak: Dilute with water and mop up or absorb with an inert DRY material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Large spill or leak: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal. Dispose of in accordance with regional regulations.

Section VII. Handling and Storage

Handling	Avoid contamination with reactive substances. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.
Storage	Keep container dry. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.
Personal Protection -	<i>The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.</i>
Eyes	Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State and Appearance	Clear viscous liquid.	Viscosity	Not available
Colour	Green.	Pour Point	Not available
Odour	Odourless.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	129 to 197°C (264 to 387°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	1.115 to 1.145 (Water = 1)	Oil / Water Dist. Coeff.	Not available
Vapour Density	2.1 (Air=1).	Ionicity (in water)	Not available
Vapour Pressure	0.06 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility	0% (w/w)	Solubility	Soluble in water, methanol and diethyl ether.

Section X. Stability and Reactivity

Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids and alkalis.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section XI. Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry	Eye contact and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	LD50: 4700 mg/kg (oral/rat). [Ethylene Glycol] LD50: 9530 mg/kg (dermal/rabbit). [Ethylene Glycol]
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects	
Dermal Route:	Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant).
Inhalation Route:	Slightly hazardous in case of inhalation (lung irritant). Can cause nausea, headaches and vomiting.
Oral Route:	Extremely dangerous in case of ingestion.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Slightly hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant).
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Not available
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Not available
Mutagenic:	Not available

Reproductive Toxicity:	Not available
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	Fetotoxic and teratogenic in mice at levels below maternal toxicity.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A4: not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Not available
Other Considerations	The substance may be toxic to kidneys and liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section XII. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistence/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.		

Section XIII. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal	Preferred waste management priorities are: (1) recycle or reprocess; (2) incineration with energy recovery; (3) disposal at licensed waste disposal facility. Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section XIV. Transport Information

DOT Classification	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.

Section XV. Regulatory Information

Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List). All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. Please contact Product Safety for more information.		
DSD/DPD (EEC)	Not evaluated.	WHMIS (Canada)	D-2A
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	TDG (Canada) (Pictograms)	

Section XVI. Other Information

References	Available upon request. * Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark		
Glossary	ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials (BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency		

FDA - Food and Drug Administration
FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
HCS - Hazardous Communication System
HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

USP - United States Pharmacopoeia
WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

For Copy of MSDS

Western Canada, telephone: 403-296-4158; fax: 403-296-6551
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

Prepared by Product Safety - TAR on 7/3/2001.

Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TRAXON™ SYNTHETIC 75W-90

000003000860



Version 2.4

Revision Date 2021/02/23

Print Date 2021/02/23

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : TRAXON™ SYNTHETIC 75W-90

Product code : TRSY759K60, TRSY759P20, TRSY759IBC, TRSY759DRR, TRSY759DRM, TRSY759DCT, TRSY759, TRSY759BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : This product is a multipurpose automotive synthetic hypoid gear lubricant, suitable for use in the coldest environments and moderate load service in passenger cars, trucks and off-highway vehicles.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	30 - 50
Mineral oil		5 - 10
Polysulfides, di-tert-Bu	68937-96-2	1 - 5

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Phosphoric acid esters/amine salt		1 - 5
2-(2-heptadec-8-enyl-2-imidazolin-1-yl)ethanol	95-38-5	0.1 - 1

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), sulphur oxides (SO_x), hydrogen sulphide (H₂S), alkyl mercaptans, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL

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		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : amber

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

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Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-48 °C (-54 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	202 °C (396 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8584 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	96.7 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) 15.5 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	:	No data available

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Incompatible materials	:	Reactive with oxidising agents and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	May release COx, SOx, POx, H2S, alkyl mercaptans, methacrylate monomers, sulfides, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks	:	No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

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Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA AB OEL	: Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	: Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	: Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-borne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	: 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA	: 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL	: 15-minute occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA	: 8-hour time weighted average
CA QC OEL / TWAEV	: Time-weighted average exposure value
CA QC OEL / STEV	: Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in

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Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/02/23
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Version 2.3

Revision Date 2021/03/01

Print Date 2021/03/01

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : VULTREX™ DRILL ROD HEAVY
Product code : VULDRODDRL, VULDRODP17, VULDROD

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : This product is recommended for the lubrication of diamond drill rods.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Disposal:
Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

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IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
barium salts	68201-19-4	30 - 50
Asphaltic resin		1 - 5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
In the event of a known, or potential, high pressure injection injury, worker should obtain immediate medical evaluation.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	No information available.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), sulphur oxides (SO _x), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Further information	:	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions. Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	None known.
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Use only with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers.

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To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Paste of long fibred texture.

Colour : Green-Brown

Odour : Mild grease like.

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Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-15 °C (5 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	257 °C (495 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup Base Fluid Blend
Fire Point	:	283 °C (541 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.9430 kg/l (15 °C) Base Fluid Blend
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	162.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Base Fluid Blend 14.8 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F) Base Fluid Blend
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: No data available
Incompatible materials	: Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release CO _x , NO _x , SO _x , alkenes, diphenylamine, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: Remarks: No data available

Components:

barium salts:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): 500 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): 11 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks	: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks	: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

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Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.

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Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions
of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
IECSC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
EINECS	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErC_x - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -

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No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARDEE^{TM/MC} 100

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Version 3.1

Revision Date 2021/03/01

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ARDEE^{TM/MC} 100

Product code : RDE100IBC, RDE100P20, RDE100DRM, RDE100DCT,
RDE100, RDE100BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for
emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Ardee oils are designed for use in lubricating pneumatic rock
drill equipment and other air-operated machinery.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Effects on or via lactation

GHS label elements

Hazard statements : May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than
or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or con-
firmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	60 - 80
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	20 - 30
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	10 - 20
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	10 - 20
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	63449-39-8	1 - 2.5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	No information available.
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), phosphorus oxides (PO _x), sulphur compounds (H ₂ S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
Further information	:	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions. Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	None known.
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Use only with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not ingest. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store in original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

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Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL

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		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

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Colour	:	dark brown
Odour	:	Mild petroleum oil like.
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Pour point	:	-33 °C (-27 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	233 °C (451 °F) Method: Cleveland open cup
Fire Point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability	:	Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	0.8856 kg/l (15 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	96.4 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) 11.5 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)
Explosive properties	:	Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: No data available
Incompatible materials	: Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, halogens and halogenated compounds.
Hazardous decomposition products	: May release CO _x , NO _x , SO _x , PO _x , H ₂ S, metal oxides, hydrocarbons, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure	: Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

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Components:

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified :

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Fish): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l
plants Exposure time: 72 h

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.
Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
- TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
- CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
- CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
- ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
- CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
- CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit
- CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
- CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value
- CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); Er_{Cx} - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC₅₀ - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC₅₀ - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Con-

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trol Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ARDEE^{TM/MC} 68
Product code : RDE68BLK, RDE68P20, RDE68DRM, RDE68, RDE68DCT

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc.
2310 Lakeshore Road West
Mississauga ON L5J 1K2
Canada
Telephone : 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;
Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Ardee oils are designed for use in lubricating pneumatic rock drill equipment and other air-operated machinery.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Effects on or via lactation

GHS label elements

Hazard statements : May cause harm to breast-fed children.
Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
Obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	70 - 90
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	20 - 30
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	20 - 30
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	5 - 10
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	5 - 10
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	1 - 5
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro	63449-39-8	1 - 2.5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Seek medical advice.
- In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Seek medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : First aider needs to protect himself.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances.
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cumstances and the surrounding environment.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No information available.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂), nitrogen oxides (NO_x), phosphorus oxides (PO_x), sulphur compounds (H₂S), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.
- Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
- Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Non-sparking tools should be used.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Contact the proper local authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on protection against fire and explosion : None known.
- Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Use only with adequate ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Do not ingest.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Keep container closed when not in use.
- Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

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Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-62-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-70-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent deasphalted; Baseoil — unspecified	64741-95-3	TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

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		able particulate matter)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection
Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : dark brown

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Pour point : -42 °C (-44 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : 231 °C (448 °F)
Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated before ignition will occur.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.8779 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n- : No data available

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octanol/water

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 71.7 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)
9.9 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, reducing agents, halogens and halogenated compounds.

Hazardous decomposition products : May release COx, NOx, SOx, POx, H2S, metal oxides, hydrocarbons, asphyxiants, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Eye contact
Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: No data available

Components:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

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STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Components:

Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed; Baseoil — unspecified :

Toxicity to fish : EC50 (Fish): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

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Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal.
Send to a licensed waste management company.
Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

National Regulations

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit

CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); Ec_x - Concentration associated with x% response; El_x - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Ja-

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pan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds
Western Canada, telephone: 1-800-661-1199; fax: 1-800-378-4518
Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-268-5850; fax: 1-800-201-6285
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 1-800-576-1686; fax: 1-800-201-6285
For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/03/01
Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

CA / EN

Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF)

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier	Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF)
Other Means of Identification	55-124AIR, 55-124C, 55-125AIR, 55-125BTG, 55-125H2B, 55-125MER, 55-126AIR, 55-126C, 55-126MER, 55-126STPDES, 55-129AIR, 55-129AIR-1000, 55-129AIR-1250, 55-129AIR-RPV, 55-129H2B, 55-129H2B-1000, 55-129H2B-1000T, 55-129H2B-RPV, 55-129H2B-RPV-T, 55-129H2B-R-RET, 55-129H2B-RSV, 55-129H2B-RSV-T, 55-129H2B-T, 55-129OLD-1000, 55-129OPW-1250, BULK-DEF, 55-125VW, 55-125FORD, 55-125BTGEXP, 55-125CHN, 55-125GM, 55-129FLT, 55-129CHN, 55-129FLT-1000, 55-125FLT, 55-129CHN-1000, 55-129IBP, 55-129IBP-1250, 55-126IBP, 55-129RC, 55-129BLU, 55-129BLU-1000, 55-129RC-1000, 55-125RC, 55-129TRP-1000, 55-125C, 55-125TRP, 55-125, 55-125BLU, 55-125CNH, 55-126, 55-126BLU, 55-126IBP, 55-129AIR-R, 55-129CNH-1000, 55-129IBP, 55-129IBP-1250, 55-129OLD-1250, 55-129OWCB-1250, 55-125TUX, 55-129TRP, 55-125RK, 55-125h2b-tray, 55-126H2BH96, 55-126TRP, 55-126VW, 55-126BTGX80, 55-126DYNX96, 55-126CNH, 55-126FLT, 55-126FORD, 55-126RC, 55-126GM, 55-126H2B, 55-126BTG, 55-126DYN, 55-125AIRX48, 55-124H2BH52, 55-126H2BX96, 55-126CHN
Recommended Use	Please refer to Product label.
Restrictions on Use	None known.
Manufacturer/Supplier Identifier	Recochem Inc., 850 Montee de Liesse, Montreal, QC, H4T 1P4, Compliance and Regulatory Department, 905-878-5544, www.recochem.com
Other Contact Information	Yara North America Inc., The following product codes are packaged by Recochem Inc. in Canada for Yara North America Inc: 55-124AIR, 55-125AIR, 55-126AIR, 55-129AIR, 55-129AIR-1000, 55-129AIR-1250, 55-129AIR-RPV, 55-129AIR-R - 100 North Tampa St. Suite 3200, Tampa, Florida, 33602, United States, 1-877-810-4333, www.air1def.com
Emergency Phone No.	CANUTEC, 613-996-6666, 24 Hours
SDS No.	1519

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Skin irritation - Category 3; Eye irritation - Category 2B; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

Label Elements



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement(s):

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.
H320 Causes eye irritation.

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H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapours, spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Other Hazards

Not applicable.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names
Urea	57-13-6	15-40		
Free Ammonia	7664-41-7	0.1-1		

Notes

Use of Generic SDS:

If the concentration or actual concentration range of an ingredient of a particular hazardous product in the series is different from the concentration or actual concentration range disclosed for the rest of the series, either the concentration or the actual concentration range must be indicated beside that ingredient under item 3 (Composition/Information on ingredients) of the SDS. Furthermore, if any other specific information element(s) (such as flash point, numerical measure of toxicity, etc.) for a particular hazardous product in the series differs from that of the other products in the series (without affecting the classification), the information element relevant to that hazardous product must be disclosed on the SDS with an indication to which hazardous product each relates.

Source: Health Canada - Technical Guidance on the Requirements of the Hazardous Products Act and the Hazardous Products Regulations WHMIS 2015 Supplier Requirements - pg 117

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move to fresh air. Call a Poison Centre or doctor if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact

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Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing if necessary. Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice or attention. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned. Clean clothing, shoes and leather goods.

Eye Contact

Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves if necessary. Quickly and gently blot or brush chemical off the face. Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice or attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

First-aid Comments

Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Target Organs

Eyes, respiratory system, skin.

Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Dermatitis.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Not combustible. Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Does not burn. This product presents no unusual hazards in a fire situation. Closed containers may rupture violently when heated releasing contents.

In a fire, the following hazardous materials may be generated: very toxic carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; corrosive, oxidizing nitrogen oxides.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Review Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) for important information on responding to leaks/spills.

See Skin Protection in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection) for advice on suitable chemical protective materials.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

No special precautions are necessary. Use the personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental Precautions

Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any waterway.

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Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid generating vapours or mists.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Not available.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

The hazard potential of this product is relatively low. General ventilation is usually adequate. For large scale use of this product: use local exhaust ventilation, if general ventilation is not adequate to control amount in the air.

Individual Protection Measures

Eye/Face Protection

Not required but it is good practice to wear safety glasses or chemical safety goggles.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots.
Suitable materials are: nitrile rubber.

Respiratory Protection

Not normally required if product is used as directed.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Odour	Ammonia-like
Odour Threshold	Not available
pH	9 - 10 (100% solution)
Melting Point/Freezing Point	-11.5 °C (11.3 °F) (melting); -11.5 °C (11.3 °F) (freezing)
Initial Boiling Point/Range	100 °C (212 °F)
Flash Point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limit	Not applicable (upper); Not applicable (lower)
Vapour Pressure	Not available
Vapour Density (air = 1)	Not available

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Relative Density (water = 1)	1
Solubility	Very soluble (more than 50 g/100 mL) in water; Not available (in other liquids)
Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	Not available
Viscosity	1.4 mm ² /s at 20 °C (kinematic); 1.4 mPa.s at 20 °C (dynamic)
Other Information	
Physical State	Liquid
Molecular Weight	Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None known.

Chemical Stability

Normally stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None known.

Conditions to Avoid

Contamination. High temperatures. Water, moisture or humidity. Temperatures above 135.0 °C (275.0 °F)

Incompatible Materials

Reacts explosively with: strong oxidizing agents (e.g. perchloric acid).

Not corrosive to metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation; skin contact; eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Urea		8471 mg/kg (rat)	> 21000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Free Ammonia	2000 ppm (rat) (4-hour exposure)	Not applicable	Not applicable

LC50: Not applicable.

LD50 (oral): Not applicable.

LD50 (dermal): Not applicable.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Human experience shows very mild irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Human experience shows very mild irritation.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

May be harmful At high concentrations based on human experience. Nose and throat irritation.

Skin Absorption

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Not harmful based on human experience.

Ingestion

Not harmful based on animal tests.

Aspiration Hazard

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

May cause Following skin contact: dermatitis.

May cause If inhaled: at high concentrations irritation of the respiratory system. May cause respiratory tract injury.

Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitization

No information was located. No information was located.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Urea	Not Listed	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed
Free Ammonia	Not Listed	Not designated	Not Listed	Not Listed

Not a carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

Does not cause harm to the unborn child.

Sexual Function and Fertility

Does not cause effects on sexual function or fertility.

Effects on or via Lactation

No information was located.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not mutagenic.

Interactive Effects

No information was located.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50 Fish	EC50 Crustacea	ErC50 Aquatic Plants	ErC50 Algae
Urea	Not available	Not available		
Free Ammonia	Not available	Not available		

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Chemical Name	NOEC Fish	EC50 Fish	NOEC Crustacea	EC50 Crustacea
Urea	Not available		Not available	
Free Ammonia	Not available		Not available	

Persistence and Degradability

No information was located.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No information was located.

Mobility in Soil

No information was located.

Other Adverse Effects

There is no information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations. Not regulated under US DOT Regulations.

Environmental Hazards Not applicable

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

Proof of Dangerous Goods Classification

Date of Classification January 09, 2017

Classification Not Regulated

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

USA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8(b)

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Custom Regulatory 1

Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008 General Conformity Certification

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this MSDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product container.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Prepared By Compliance and Regulatory Department

Phone No. 905-878-5544

Date of Preparation June 09, 2017

Date of Last Revision January 21, 2020

Revision Indicators The following SDS content was changed on January 16, 2018:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

Product Identifier: Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) - Ver. 1

SDS No.: 1519

Date of Preparation: June 09, 2017

Date of Last Revision: January 21, 2020

Page 07 of 08

The following SDS content was changed on August 01, 2019:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Contact Information;
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE; Precautions for Safe Handling.

The following SDS content was changed on January 21, 2020:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

The following SDS content was changed on January 31, 2020:
SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION; Other Means of Identification.

References

CHEMINFO database. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS).

Additional Information

We are committed to uphold the Industry Consumer Ingredient Communication Voluntary Initiative.

Please send us your request by visiting our website at www.recochem.com.

Ingredients present (intentionally added ingredients) at a concentration of greater than one percent (1%) shall be listed in descending order of predominance. Ingredients present at a concentration of not more than one percent shall be listed but may be disclosed without respect to order of predominance.

Disclaimer

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Product Identifier: Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) - Ver. 1
Date of Preparation: June 09, 2017
Date of Last Revision: January 21, 2020

SDS No.: 1519

Page 08 of 08

Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: METHYL HYDRATE
Product Code: H545
Other Name(s): not applicable
Distributed By: not applicable
Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use: not available

Date of Revision: January 22, 2021

Manufactured By: Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd.
2310 - 80th Avenue NW
Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T6P 1N2
www.ostrem.com

Phone: 780-440-1911
In Case of Emergency Only, Phone
CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Mixture: Acute Toxicity, Oral - Category 3
Acute Toxicity, Dermal - Category 3
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation - Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 1
Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Label Elements:

Hazard Pictogram(s):



Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statement(s): Toxic if swallowed.
Toxic if in contact with skin.
Toxic if inhaled.
Causes damage to organs (eyes and central nervous system).
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Do not breathe fumes or vapours.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison centre or physician.
Rinse mouth.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Call a poison centre or physician if you feel unwell.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison centre or physician.
If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre or physician.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Physical/health hazards not otherwise classified:
not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Safety Data Sheet

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Conc.</u>	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>Common Names</u>
methanol	80 - 100%	67-56-1	methyl alcohol

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Necessary Measures:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison centre or physician.

Rinse mouth.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Call a poison centre or physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison centre or physician.

If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre or physician.

Most important symptoms, both acute and delayed:

Toxic if swallowed.

Toxic if in contact with skin.

Toxic if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs (eyes and central nervous system).

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

not applicable

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical (e.g.: hazardous combustion products):

May liberate carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

As for surrounding fire. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear appropriate protective equipment. See section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways or low areas.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Small spills: soak up with inert absorbent material and scoop into containers. Large spills: prevent contamination of waterways. Dike and pump into suitable containers. Clean up residual with absorbent material, place in appropriate container and flush with water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Do not breathe fumes or vapours.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Keep out of reach of children. Store in a cool, dry area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Safety Data Sheet

Control parameters - Exposure limits:

Ingredient:

methanol

Limit:

ACGIH TWA: 200 ppm

STEL: 250 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Respiratory protection:

If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator.

Other protection:

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state, colour etc.):	colourless liquid
Odour:	a pungent alcohol odour
Odour threshold:	not available
pH:	not applicable
Melting/Freezing point:	not available
Initial boiling point and range:	not available
Flash point:	12 C
Evaporation rate:	not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	not available
Vapour pressure:	not available
Vapour density:	not available
Relative density (specific gravity):	0.798
Solubility(ies):	complete
Partition co-efficient: n-octanol/water:	not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	not available
Decomposition temperature:	not available
Viscosity:	not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

This material is considered to be non-reactive under normal use conditions.

Chemical stability:

Stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

not available

Conditions to avoid (e.g.: static discharge, shock or vibration):

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products:

not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation:	Toxic if inhaled.
Ingestion:	Toxic if swallowed.
Eye contact:	May cause eye irritation.
Skin contact:	Toxic if in contact with skin.
Skin absorption:	not available

POTENTIAL CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS

not applicable

Safety Data Sheet

Inhalation: not available
Ingestion: not available
Eye contact: not available
Skin contact: not available
Skin absorption: not available

Mutagenicity: not available
Carcinogenicity: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Reproductive toxicity: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Sensitization of product: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure: This information, if applicable, can be found in Section 2.

Toxicological Data:

Ingredient:
methanol

Data:

Oral LD50: 100 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalation LC50: 5 mg/L (rat)
Dermal LD50: 300 mg/kg (rabbit)

Other Toxicological Information on Ingredients:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): not available
Persistence and degradability: not available
Bioaccumulative potential: not available
Mobility in soil: not available
Other adverse effects: not available
Ecological Information on Ingredients: not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal: Disposal of all waste must be done according to local, provincial and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG classification: UN 1230; METHANOL; CLASS 3 (6.1); PG II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

16. PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared by: Technical Services Department, Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd., Ph.: 780-440-1911
Date of Preparation: January 22, 2021
Date of Revision: January 22, 2021

This Safety Data Sheet may not be changed or altered in any way without the express knowledge and permission of Ostrem Chemical Co. Ltd.

End of Document



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC

Product name: UCAR™ Aircraft Deicing Fluid XL 54 SAE
AMS1424/1 Type I

Issue Date: 01/14/2020

Print Date: 01/15/2020

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: UCAR™ Aircraft Deicing Fluid XL 54 SAE AMS1424/1 Type I

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Aircraft deicing fluid. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC
#2400, 215 - 2ND STREET S.W.
CALGARY AB T2P 1M4
CANADA

Customer Information Number:

800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact (transportation emergencies only): 1-800-424-9300

Local Emergency Contact (transportation emergencies only): 1-800-424-9300

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 1-989-636-4400

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) as implemented under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS 2015).

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Oral

Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: **WARNING!**

Hazards

Harmful if swallowed.

May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice and/or attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and/or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration (w/w)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	54.0%
Water	7732-18-5	45.6%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Immediately flush skin with water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather items such as shoes should be disposed of properly. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. If person is fully conscious give 1 cup or 8 ounces (240 ml) of water. If medical advice is delayed and if an adult has swallowed several ounces of chemical, then give 3-4 ounces (1/3-1/2 Cup) (90-120 ml) of hard liquor such as 80 proof whiskey. For children, give proportionally less liquor at a dose of 0.3 ounce (1 1/2 tsp.) (8 ml) liquor for each 10 pounds of body weight, or 2 ml per kg body weight [e.g., 1.2 ounce (2 1/3 tbsp.) for a 40 pound child or 36 ml for an 18 kg child].

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If several ounces (60 - 100 ml) of ethylene glycol have been ingested, early administration of ethanol may counter the toxic effects (metabolic acidosis, renal damage). Consider hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis & thiamine 100 mg plus pyridoxine 50 mg intravenously every 6 hours. If ethanol is used, a therapeutically effective blood concentration in the range of 100 - 150 mg/dl may be achieved by a rapid loading dose followed by a continuous intravenous infusion. Consult standard literature for details of treatment. 4-Methyl pyrazole (Antizol®) is an effective blocker of alcohol dehydrogenase and should be used in the treatment of ethylene glycol (EG), di- or triethylene glycol (DEG, TEG), ethylene glycol butyl ether (EGBE), or methanol intoxication if available. Fomepizole protocol (Brent, J. et al., New England Journal of Medicine, Feb. 8, 2001, 344:6, p. 424-9): loading dose 15 mg/kg intravenously, follow by bolus dose of 10 mg/kg every 12 hours; after 48 hours, increase bolus dose to 15 mg/kg every 12 hours. Continue fomepizole until serum methanol, EG, DEG, TEG or EGBE are undetectable. The signs and symptoms of poisoning include anion gap metabolic acidosis, CNS depression, renal tubular injury, and possible late stage cranial nerve involvement. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. In severe poisoning, respiratory support with mechanical ventilation and positive end expiratory pressure may be required. Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam..

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Under fire conditions some components of this product may decompose. The smoke may contain unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds..

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn..

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry.. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.. To extinguish combustible residues of this product use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam..

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).. If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance..

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Cat litter. Sawdust. Vermiculite. Zorb-all®. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Dike area to contain spill. Recover spilled material if possible. Contain spilled material if possible. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.

Conditions for safe storage: Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices. Additional storage and handling information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Storage stability

Shelf life: Use within 24 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Ethylene glycol	ACGIH	TWA Vapour	25 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL Vapour	50 ppm
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	ACGIH	STEL Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only	10 mg/m3
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen		
	Dow IHG	TWA	50 mg/m3
	Dow IHG	STEL	100 mg/m3
	CA AB OEL	(c)	100 mg/m3
	Further information: 3: Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required		
	CA BC OEL	TWA particulate	10 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	STEL particulate	20 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	C aerosol	100 mg/m3
	CA BC OEL	C Vapour	50 ppm
	CA QC OEL	C Vapour and mist	127 mg/m3 50 ppm
	Further information: RP: A substance which may not be recirculated in accordance with section 108		

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed. If hands are cut or scratched, use gloves chemically resistant to this material even for brief exposures. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA").
NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as faceshield, boots, apron, or full-body suit will depend on the task. When handling hot material, protect skin from thermal burns as well as from skin absorption.

Respiratory protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When airborne exposure guidelines and/or comfort levels may be exceeded, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Orange
Odor	Sweet
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	7.0 - 8.0 <i>Literature</i>
Melting point/range	Not applicable to liquids
Freezing point	-43 °C <i>Literature</i>
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	109.8 °C <i>Literature</i>
Flash point	closed cup <i>Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93</i> No flash
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	< 0.5 <i>Estimated.</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable to liquids
Flammability (liquids)	Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Upper explosion limit	No test data available

Vapor Pressure	11 mmHg at 20 °C <i>Literature</i>
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	1.0 <i>Literature</i>
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.073 at 20 °C / 20 °C <i>Literature</i>
Water solubility	at 20 °C <i>Literature</i> completely soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No test data available
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	9.3 cSt at 0 °C <i>Calculated.</i>
Explosive properties	No test data available
Oxidizing properties	No test data available
Molecular weight	No data available
Molecular formula	Not Applicable (mixture)

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to:. Aldehydes.. Ethers.. Alcohols.. Organic acids..

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

Oral toxicity is expected to be moderate in humans due to ethylene glycol even though tests with animals show a lower degree of toxicity. Ingestion of quantities (approximately 65 mL (2

oz.) for diethylene glycol or 100 mL (3 oz.) for ethylene glycol) has caused death in humans. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Lethal Dose, Human, adult, 100 ml Estimated.

In humans, expected to be moderately toxic if swallowed even though oral toxicity was low when tested in animals. Ingestion of quantities (approximately 65 mL (2 oz.) for diethylene glycol or 100 mL (3 oz.) for ethylene glycol) has caused death in humans. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure.

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Repeated skin exposure to large quantities may result in absorption of harmful amounts. Massive contact with damaged skin or of material sufficiently hot to burn skin may result in absorption of potentially lethal amounts.

Based on information for component(s):

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

LD50, Rabbit, > 10,600 mg/kg

LD50, Mouse, male and female, > 3,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. With good ventilation, single exposure is not expected to cause adverse effects. If material is heated or areas are poorly ventilated, vapor/mist may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation and symptoms such as headache and nausea.

For Ethylene glycol:

LC50, Rat, male and female, 6 Hour, dust/mist, > 2.5 mg/l

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

LC50, Rat, male and female, 6 Hour, dust/mist, > 2.5 mg/l

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on information for component(s):

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.
Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.
Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on information for component(s):
May cause slight eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.
Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

May cause slight eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.
Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

Sensitization

Based on information for component(s):
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on information for component(s):

Observations in humans include:

Nystagmus (involuntary eye movement).

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Observations in humans include:

Nystagmus (involuntary eye movement).

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Kidney.

Liver.

Carcinogenicity

Ethylene glycol did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Ethylene glycol did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies.

Teratogenicity

Based on animal studies, ingestion of very large amounts of ethylene glycol appears to be the major and possibly only route of exposure to produce birth defects. Exposures by inhalation or skin contact, the primary routes of occupational exposure, had minimal effect on the fetus, in animal studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Based on animal studies, ingestion of very large amounts of ethylene glycol appears to be the major and possibly only route of exposure to produce birth defects. Exposures by inhalation or skin contact, the primary routes of occupational exposure, had minimal effect on the fetus, in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Ingestion of large amounts of ethylene glycol has been shown to interfere with reproduction in animals.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

Ingestion of large amounts of ethylene glycol has been shown to interfere with reproduction in animals.

Mutagenicity

Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

Information for components:

Ethylene glycol

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

For this family of materials:

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis
(LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Persistence and degradability

Ethylene glycol

Biodegradability: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

10-day Window: Pass

Biodegradation: 90 - 100 %

Exposure time: 10 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 90 %

Exposure time: 1 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.29 mg/mg

Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylene glycol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): -1.36 Measured

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 10 *Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe)

Mobility in soil

Ethylene glycol

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

Partition coefficient (Koc): 1 Estimated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Reclaimer. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Transport in bulk
according to Annex I or II
of MARPOL 73/78 and the
IBC or IGC Code

Not regulated for transport
Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Product Literature

Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability
1	0	0

Revision

Identification Number: 178604 / A208 / Issue Date: 01/14/2020 / Version: 11.0

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

(c)	ceiling occupational exposure limit
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
C	ceiling limit
CA AB OEL	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
CA BC OEL	Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No

Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW CHEMICAL CANADA ULC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

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