



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Material name	PROPANE- LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS
Version #	01
Issue date	07-19-2012
Revision date	-
Supersedes date	-
CAS #	Mixture
Product code	127
Product use	Various.
Synonym(s)	Unstented Propane * Stented Propane * HD-5 Propane * Standard Propane
Manufacturer information	
Manufacturer	Consumers' Co-operative Refineries Limited
Address	P.O. Box 260; 9th Avenue North Regina, SK S4P 3A1 Canada (306) 721-5353
Telephone	
Supplier	Federated Co-operatives Limited
Address	P.O. Box 1050, 401 - 22nd Street East Saskatoon SK S7K 3M9 Canada (306) 244-3447
Telephone	
24 Hour Emergency	(613) 996-6666 - Canutec
Telephone	

2. Hazards Identification

Physical state	Gas.
Appearance	Colorless liquefied gas.
Emergency overview	DANGER Extremely flammable gas. High pressure gas. Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing. Contact with liquefied gas might cause frostbites, in some cases with tissue damage. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Static accumulating flammable materials can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite material and vapor may cause flash fire (or explosion).
OSHA regulatory status	This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.
Potential health effects	
Routes of exposure	Inhalation. Eyes. Skin.
Eyes	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").
Skin	Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").
Inhalation	Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Nasal and respiratory tract irritation, central nervous system effects including excitation, euphoria, contracted eye pupils, dizziness, drowsiness, blurred vision, fatigue, nausea, headache, loss of reflexes, tremors, convulsions, seizures, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest and sudden death could occur as a result of long term and/or high concentration exposure to vapors. May also cause anemia and irregular heart rhythm.
Ingestion	This material is a gas under normal atmospheric conditions and ingestion is unlikely.
Target organs	Respiratory tract. Eyes. Central nervous system.
Chronic effects	May cause central nervous system effects. Components have been shown to be weak cardiac sensitizers which can result in cardiac arrhythmia and ventricular fibrillation.
Potential environmental effects	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS #	Percent
Propane	74-98-6	100
Ethanethiol	75-08-1	0.005

4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Wash frost-bitten areas with plenty of water. Do not remove clothing. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Ingestion is not a typical route of exposure for gases or liquefied gases.

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties

Extremely flammable gas. Gas forms mixtures with air which can catch fire and burn with explosive violence. Vapors are heavier than air and invisible mixture spreads easily and may accumulate in low or confined areas, travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fog, or foam.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Self-contained breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Do not extinguish fires unless gas flow can be stopped safely; explosive re-ignition may occur. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus. Stop flow of material. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and to protect personnel effecting shutoff. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect personnel attempting to stop leak. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions

Evacuate the area promptly. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sanitary sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.

Methods for cleaning up

Ventilate well, stop flow of gas or liquid if possible. Immediately contact emergency personnel.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Do not breathe gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Storage

Store in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Protect cylinders from damage.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

Engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection

Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection

Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	Colorless liquefied gas.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Compressed liquefied gas.
Color	Colorless
Odor	Boiling cabbage if stench.
Odor threshold	4800 ppm
pH	Not available.
Vapor pressure	1034.1 - 1241 kPa
Vapor density	1.6
Boiling point	-43.6 °F (-42 °C)
Melting point/Freezing point	-292 °F (-180 °C) / -302.6 °F (-185.89 °C)
Solubility (water)	6.5 % v/v (20 °C)
Specific gravity	0.58
Flash point	-150 °F (-101.1 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume	9.5 %

Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume	2.2 %
Auto-ignition temperature	809.6 °F (432 °C)
VOC	100 %
Evaporation rate	> 1 (Ether (anhydrous)=1)
Molecular weight	44.11 g/mol
Molecular formula	C3-H8
Other data	
Critical temperature	205.9 °F (96.6 °C)

10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.
Conditions to avoid	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode.
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	None known.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological data

Components	Species	Test Results
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 1442.847 mg/l, 15 Minutes
Sensitization	Not available.	
Acute effects	Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen below safe breathing levels. Exposure to rapidly expanding gas or vaporizing liquid may cause frostbite ("cold burn").	
Chronic effects	May cause central nervous system effects.	

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity	Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability	Not available.
Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Not available.
Partition coefficient	
Propane	2.36

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F
Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Empty containers may contain product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty. This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Return the empty cylinder to the supplier.

14. Transport Information

DOT

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number	UN1978
Proper shipping name	Propane
Hazard class	2.1

Additional information:

Special provisions	19, T50
Packaging exceptions	306

Packaging non bulk	304
Packaging bulk	314, 315
Reportable quantity	100

IATA

UN number	UN1978
UN proper shipping name	Propane
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
ERG code	10L

IMDG

UN number	UN1978
UN proper shipping name	PROPANE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
EmS No.	F-D, S-U

TDG

Proper shipping name	PROPANE
Hazard class	2.1
UN number	UN1978
Marine pollutant	No

15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

Propane: 100

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No
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Section 302 extremely hazardous substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)	Yes
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Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370)	Yes
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Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130)	Hazardous substance
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Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (21 CFR 1308.11-15)	Not controlled
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Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS status	Controlled
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WHMIS classification	A - Compressed Gas B1 - Flammable Gases
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WHMIS labeling



Inventory status

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

State regulations

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed.

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 500 LBS

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

16. Other Information

Further information

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

HMIS® ratings

Health: 1
Flammability: 4
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings

Health: 1
Flammability: 4
Instability: 0

Disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.